

new/usr/src/cmd/rtc/rtc.c

1

```
*****
8528 Sat Feb 10 09:35:49 2018
new/usr/src/cmd/rtc/rtc.c
8980 BIOS clock is sometimes one hour fast
Reviewed by: Toomas Soome <tsoome@me.com>
Reviewed by: C Fraire <cfraire@me.com>
*****

1 /*
2  * CDDL HEADER START
3  *
4  * The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5  * Common Development and Distribution License, Version 1.0 only
6  * (the "License"). You may not use this file except in compliance
7  * with the License.
8  *
9  * You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
10 * or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
11 * See the License for the specific language governing permissions
12 * and limitations under the License.
13 *
14 * When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
15 * file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
16 * If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
17 * fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
18 * information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
19 *
20 * CDDL HEADER END
21 */
22 /*
23  * Copyright 2018 Gary Mills
24  * Copyright 2004 Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.
25  * Use is subject to license terms.
26 */

27 #pragma ident      "%Z%%M% %I%      %E% SMI"

28 #include <stdio.h>
29 #include <stdlib.h>
30 #include <unistd.h>
31 #include <sys/types.h>
32 #include <sys/sysi86.h>
33 #include <errno.h>
34 #include <time.h>
35 #include <string.h>
36 #include <sys/stat.h>

38 /* RTC modes */
39 #define M_UNSET 0 /* Mode never set */
40 #define M_VAR 1 /* Tracks local time including DST */
41 #define M_UTC 2 /* Clock runs in UTC */
42 #define M_STD 3 /* Clock runs in local standard time */

44 static char *progname;
45 static char *zonefile = "/etc/rtc_config";
46 static FILE *zonefp;
47 static char zone_info[256];
48 static char zone_lag[256];
49 static char tz[256] = "TZ=";
50 static char *utc_zone = "UTC";
51 int debug = 0;
52 int rtc_mode = M_UNSET;
53 int lag;
54 int errors_ok = 0; /* allow "rtc no-args" to be quiet when not configured */
55 static time_t clock_val;
56 static char zone_comment[] =
57     "#\n"
```

new/usr/src/cmd/rtc/rtc.c

2

```
58     "# This file (%s) contains information used to manage the\n"
59     "# x86 real time clock hardware. The hardware is kept in\n"
60     "# the machine's local time for compatibility with other x86\n"
61     "# operating systems. This file is read by the kernel at\n"
62     "# boot time. It is set and updated by the /usr/sbin/rtc\n"
63     "# command. The 'zone_info' field designates the local\n"
64     "# time zone. The 'zone_lag' field indicates the number\n"
65     "# of seconds between local time and Greenwich Mean Time.\n"
66     "#\n";

68 /*
69  * Open the configuration file and extract the
70  * zone_info and the zone_lag. Return 0 if successful.
71  */
72 int
73 open_zonefile()
74 {
75     char b[256], *s;
76     int lag_hrs;

78     if ((zonefp = fopen(zonefile, "r")) == NULL) {
79         if (errors_ok == 0)
80             (void) fprintf(stderr,
81                 "%s: cannot open %s: errno = %d\n",
82                 progname, zonefile, errno);
83         return (1);
84     }

86     for (;;) {
87         if ((s = fgets(b, sizeof (b), zonefp)) == NULL)
88             break;
89         if ((s = strchr(s, 'z')) == NULL)
90             continue;
91         if (strncmp(s, "zone_info", 9) == 0) {
92             s += 9;
93             while (*s != 0 && *s != '=')
94                 s++;
95             if (*s == '=') {
96                 s++;
97                 while (*s != 0 && (*s == ' ' || *s == '\t'))
98                     s++;
99                 (void) strncpy(zone_info, s,
100                     sizeof (zone_info));
101                 s = zone_info;
102                 while (*s != 0 && *s != '\n')
103                     s++;
104                 if (*s == '\n')
105                     *s = 0;
106             }
107         } else if (strncmp(s, "zone_lag", 8) == 0) {
108             s += 8;
109             while (*s != 0 && *s != '=')
110                 s++;
111             if (*s == '=') {
112                 s++;
113                 while (*s != 0 && (*s == ' ' || *s == '\t'))
114                     s++;
115                 (void) strncpy(zone_lag, s, sizeof (zone_lag));
116                 s = zone_lag;
117                 while (*s != 0 && *s != '\n')
118                     s++;
119                 if (*s == '\n')
120                     *s = 0;
121             }
122         }
123     }
}
```

```

124     lag = atoi(zone_lag);
125     lag_hrs = lag / 3600;
126     if (zone_info[0] == 0) {
127         (void) fprintf(stderr, "%s: zone_info field is invalid\n",
128             progname);
129         zone_info[0] = 0;
130         zone_lag[0] = 0;
131         return (1);
132     }
133     if (zone_lag[0] == 0) {
134         (void) fprintf(stderr, "%s: zone_lag field is invalid\n",
135             progname);
136         zone_lag[0] = 0;
137         return (1);
138     }
139     if ((lag_hrs < -24) || (lag_hrs > 24)) {
140         (void) fprintf(stderr, "%s: a GMT lag of %d is out of range\n",
141             progname, lag_hrs);
142         zone_info[0] = 0;
143         zone_lag[0] = 0;
144         return (1);
145     }
146     if (debug)
147         (void) fprintf(stderr, "zone_info = %s,   zone_lag = %s\n",
148             zone_info, zone_lag);
149     if (debug)
150         (void) fprintf(stderr, "lag (decimal) is %d\n", lag);
152     (void) fclose(zonefp);
153     zonefp = NULL;
154     return (0);
155 }

```

unchanged_portion_omitted

```

166 int
167 get_local(char *z)
168 long
169 set_zone(char *zone_string)
170 {
171     struct tm *tm;
172     long current_lag;
173
174     (void) umask(0022);
175     if ((zonefp = fopen(zonefile, "w")) == NULL) {
176         (void) fprintf(stderr, "%s: cannot open %s: errno = %d\n",
177             progname, zonefile, errno);
178         return (0);
179     }
180
181     tz[3] = 0;
182     (void) strncat(tz, z, 253);
183     (void) strncat(tz, zone_string, 253);
184     if (debug)
185         (void) fprintf(stderr, "Time Zone string is '%s'\n", tz);
186
187     (void) putenv(tz);
188     if (debug)
189         (void) system("env | grep TZ");
190
191     (void) time(&clock_val);
192
193     tm = localtime(&clock_val);
194     return (tm->tm_isdst);
195 }
196 long

```

```

187 set_zone(char *zone_string)
188 {
189     int isdst;
190     long current_lag;
191
192     (void) umask(0022);
193     if ((zonefp = fopen(zonefile, "w")) == NULL) {
194         (void) fprintf(stderr, "%s: cannot open %s: errno = %d\n",
195             progname, zonefile, errno);
196         return (0);
197     }
198
199     switch (rtc_mode) {
200     case M_VAR:
201         isdst = get_local(zone_string);
202         current_lag = isdst ? altzone : timezone;
203         break;
204     case M_STD:
205         isdst = get_local(zone_string);
206         current_lag = timezone;
207         break;
208     default: /* Includes M_UTC */
209         isdst = 0;
210         current_lag = 0;
211         zone_string = utc_zone;
212         break;
213     }
214     current_lag = tm->tm_isdst ? altzone : timezone;
215     if (debug)
216         (void) printf("%s DST.   Lag is %ld.\n", isdst ? "Is" :
217             "Is NOT", current_lag);
218     (void) printf("%s DST.   Lag is %ld.\n", tm->tm_isdst ? "Is" :
219         "Is NOT", tm->tm_isdst ? altzone : timezone);
220
221     (void) fprintf(zonefp, zone_comment, zonefile);
222     (void) fprintf(zonefp, "zone_info=%s\n", zone_string);
223     (void) fprintf(zonefp, "zone_lag=%ld\n", current_lag);
224     (void) fprintf(zonefp, "zone_lag=%ld\n",
225         tm->tm_isdst ? altzone : timezone);
226     (void) fclose(zonefp);
227     zonefp = NULL;
228     return (current_lag);
229 }
230
231 void
232 correct_rtc_and_lag()
233 {
234     int isdst;
235     struct tm *tm;
236     long kernels_lag;
237     long current_lag;
238
239     if (open_zonefile())
240         return;
241
242     switch (rtc_mode) {
243     case M_VAR:
244         isdst = get_local(zone_info);
245         current_lag = isdst ? altzone : timezone;
246         break;
247     case M_STD:
248         (void) get_local(zone_info);
249         current_lag = timezone;
250         break;
251     default: /* Includes M_UTC */
252         current_lag = 0;
253     }
254 }

```

```

247         break;
248     }
249     tz[3] = 0;
250     (void) strncat(tz, zone_info, 253);
251     if (debug)
252         (void) fprintf(stderr, "Time Zone string is '%s'\n", tz);
253
254     (void) putenv(tz);
255     if (debug)
256         (void) system("env | grep TZ");
257
258     (void) time(&clock_val);
259     tm = localtime(&clock_val);
260     current_lag = tm->tm_isdst ? altzone : timezone;
261
262     if (current_lag != lag) { /* if file is wrong */
263         if (debug)
264             (void) fprintf(stderr, "correcting file\n");
265             (void) fprintf(stderr, "correcting file");
266             (void) set_zone(zone_info); /* then rewrite file */
267     }
268
269     (void) sysi86(GMRTL, &kernels_lag);
270     if (current_lag != kernels_lag) {
271         if (debug)
272             (void) fprintf(stderr, "correcting kernel's lag\n");
273             (void) fprintf(stderr, "correcting kernel's lag");
274             (void) sysi86(SGMTL, current_lag); /* correct the lag */
275             (void) sysi86(WTODC); /* set the rtc to */
276                                     /* new local time */
277     }
278 }
279
280 unchanged_portion_omitted
281
282 void
283 usage()
284 {
285     static char Usage[] = "Usage:\n\
286 rtc [-w] [-s|-u|-v] [-c] [-z time_zone] [-?]\n";
287     (void) fprintf(stderr, Usage);
288 }
289
290 void
291 verbose_usage()
292 {
293     static char Usage1[] = "\
294 Options:\n\
295 -w\t\tDoes nothing.\n\
296 -s\t\tRTC runs in local standard time.\n\
297 -u\t\tRTC runs in UTC time.\n\
298 -v\t\tRTC tracks local time (with cron command).\n\
299 -c\t\tCheck and correct for daylight savings time rollover.\n\
300 -z [zone]\tRecord the zone info in the config file.\n";
301     (void) fprintf(stderr, Usage1);
302 }
303
304 void
305 set_default()
306 {
307     switch (rtc_mode) {
308     default: /* Includes M_UNSET */
309         rtc_mode = M_VAR;
310         break;

```

```

316     case M_VAR:
317         /* FALLTHROUGH */
318     case M_UTC:
319         /* FALLTHROUGH */
320     case M_STD:
321         break;
322     }
323 }
324
325 void
326 check_mode(int letter, int mode)
327 {
328     if (rtc_mode == M_UNSET || rtc_mode == mode) {
329         rtc_mode = mode;
330         return;
331     }
332     (void) fprintf(stderr, "%s: option -%c conflicts with other options\n",
333 progname, letter);
334     exit(1);
335 }
336
337 int
338 main(int argc, char *argv[])
339 {
340     int c;
341     int cflg = 0;
342     char *zone_name = NULL;
343
344     progname = argv[0];
345
346     if (argc == 1) {
347         errors_ok = 1;
348         display_zone_string();
349         exit(0);
350     }
351
352     while ((c = getopt(argc, argv, "suwvzc:d")) != EOF) {
353         while ((c = getopt(argc, argv, "cz:d")) != EOF) {
354             switch (c) {
355             case 'c':
356                 cflg++;
357                 correct_rtc_and_lag();
358                 continue;
359             case 'z':
360                 zone_name = optarg;
361                 initialize_zone(optarg);
362                 continue;
363             case 'd':
364                 debug = 1;
365                 continue;
366             case 's': /* standard: RTC runs local standard time */
367                 check_mode(c, M_STD);
368                 continue;
369             case 'u': /* utc: RTC runs UTC time */
370                 check_mode(c, M_UTC);
371                 continue;
372             case 'v': /* varies: RTC tracks local time */
373                 check_mode(c, M_VAR);
374                 continue;
375             case 'w': /* Does nothing */
376                 continue;
377             case '?':
378                 verbose_usage();
379                 exit(0);
380                 return (0);

```

```
378         default:
379             usage();
380             exit(1);
381         }
382     }
383     set_default();
384     if (zone_name != NULL)
385         initialize_zone(zone_name);
386     if (cflg > 0)
387         correct_rtc_and_lag();
388     exit(0);
389     /*LINTED*/
390 }
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_
```

new/usr/src/man/man1m/rtc.1m

1

3796 Sat Feb 10 09:35:49 2018
new/usr/src/man/man1m/rtc.1m
8980 BIOS clock is sometimes one hour fast
Reviewed by: Toomas Soome <tsoome@me.com>
Reviewed by: C Fraire <cfraire@me.com>

```
1 .\"
2 .\" This file and its contents are supplied under the terms of the
3 .\" Common Development and Distribution License (\"CDDL\"), version 1.0.
4 .\" You may only use this file in accordance with the terms of version
5 .\" 1.0 of the CDDL.
6 .\"
7 .\" A full copy of the text of the CDDL should have accompanied this
8 .\" source. A copy of the CDDL is also available via the Internet at
9 .\" http://www.illumos.org/license/CDDL.
10 .\"
11 .\"
12 .\" Copyright 2018 Gary Mills
13 .\" te
14 .\" Copyright (c) 2003, Sun Microsystems, Inc. All Rights Reserved.
15 .Dd January 31, 2018
16 .Dt RTC 1M
17 .Os
18 .Sh NAME
19 .Nm rtc
20 .Nd provide all real-time clock and UTC-lag management
21 .Sh SYNOPSIS
22 .Nm
23 .Op Fl csuvw
24 .Op Fl z Ar zone-name
25 .Sh DESCRIPTION
26 The Real Time Clock (RTC) is the hardware device on x86 computers that maintains
27 the date and time.
28 The RTC is battery-powered, so that it keeps running when the computer is shut
29 down.
30 It can be set from the BIOS and also from the operating system running on the
31 computer.
32 The RTC has no setting for the time zone or for Daylight Saving Time (DST).
33 It relies on the operating system for these facilities and for automatic changes
34 between standard time and DST.
35 .Pp
36 On x86 systems, the
37 .Nm
38 command reconciles the difference in the way that time is established between
39 UNIX and Windows systems.
40 The internal clock on UNIX systems utilizes Universal Coordinated Time (UTC)
41 while Windows systems usually expect the RTC to run in local time, including DST
42 changes.
43 .Pp
44 Without arguments,
45 .Nm
46 displays the currently configured time zone string for the RTC.
47 The currently configured time zone string is based on what was last recorded by
48 .Nm Fl z Ar zone-name .
49 .Pp
50 The
51 .Nm
52 command is not normally run from a shell prompt; it is generally invoked by the
53 system.
54 Commands such as
55 .Xr date 1
56 and
57 .Xr rdate 1M ,
58 which are used to set the time on a system, invoke
```

new/usr/src/man/man1m/rtc.1m

2

```
59 .Nm Fl c
60 to ensure that daylight savings time (DST) is corrected for properly.
61 .Sh OPTIONS
62 .Bl -tag -width Ds
63 .It Fl c
64 This option checks for DST and makes corrections to the RTC if necessary.
65 It is normally run once a day by a
66 .Xr cron 1M
67 job.
68 .Pp
69 If there is no RTC time zone or
70 .Pa /etc/rtc_config
71 file, this option will do nothing.
72 .It Fl s
73 This option specifies that the RTC runs in local standard time all year round.
74 It is incompatible with Windows, but is convenient if only one operating system
75 is to be run on the computer.
76 The
77 .Xr cron 1M
78 command is not necessary, and should not be run.
79 .It Fl u
80 This option specifies that the RTC runs in UTC time.
81 As a side effect, it sets the time zone in
82 .Pa /etc/rtc_config
83 to UTC.
84 Windows can operate in UTC time, but requires a registry change to do so.
85 The
86 .Xr cron 1M
87 command is not necessary.
88 .It Fl v
89 This option specifies that the RTC tracks local time, including DST changes.
90 This is the default.
91 It accomodates Windows with no changes.
92 The
93 .Xr cron 1M
94 command is necessary to change the RTC when DST is in effect.
95 .It Fl w
96 This option does nothing.
97 It is present for compatibility with Solaris 11.
98 .It Fl z Ar zone-name
99 .\" The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the Common Development
100 .\" You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE or http:
101 .\" When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each file and in
102 .TH RTC 1M \"Oct 3, 2003\"
103 .SH NAME
104 rtc \- provide all real-time clock and GMT-lag management
105 .SH SYNOPSIS
106 .LP
107 .nf
108 \fB/usr/sbin/rtc\fR [\fB-c\fR] [\fB-z\fR \fIzone-name\fR]
109 .fi
110
111 .SH DESCRIPTION
112 .sp
113 .LP
114 On x86 systems, the \fBrtc\fR command reconciles the difference in the way that
115 time is established between UNIX and MS-DOS systems. UNIX systems utilize
116 Greenwich Mean Time (\fBGMT\fR), while \fBMS-DOS\fR systems utilize local time.
117 .sp
118 .LP
119 Without arguments, \fBrtc\fR displays the currently configured time zone
120 string. The currently configured time zone string is based on what was last
121 recorded by \fBrtc\fR [\fB-z\fR \fIzone-name\fR].
122 .sp
123 .LP
124 The \fBrtc\fR command is not normally run from a shell prompt; it is generally
```

```

29 invoked by the system. Commands such as \fBdate\fR(1) and \fBrddate\fR(1M),
30 which are used to set the time on a system, invoke \fB/usr/sbin/rtc\fR \fB-c\fR
31 to ensure that daylight savings time (\fBDST\fR) is corrected for properly.
32 .SH OPTIONS
33 .sp
34 .ne 2
35 .na
36 \fB\fB\fB-c\fR\fR
37 .ad
38 .RS 16n
39 This option checks for \fBDST\fR and makes corrections if necessary. It is
40 normally run once a day by a \fBcron\fR job.
41 .sp
42 If there is no \fBRTC\fR time zone or \fB/etc/rtc_config\fR file, this option
43 will do nothing.
44 .RE

46 .sp
47 .ne 2
48 .na
49 \fB\fB\fB-z\fR\fR \fB \fR\fR\fRzone-name\fR\fR
50 .ad
51 .RS 16n
52 This option, which is normally run by the system at software installation time,
53 is used to specify the time zone in which the RTC is to be maintained.
54 It updates the configuration file
55 \fB/etc/rtc_config
56 with the name of the specified zone and the current UTC lag for that zone.
57 If there is an existing
58 \fB/etc/rtc_config
59 file, this command will update it.
60 If not, this command will create it.
61 .EL
62 .SH FILES
63 .Bl -tag -width "/etc/rtc_config"
64 .It Pa \fB/etc/rtc_config
65 The data file used to record the time zone and UTC lag.
66 This file is completely managed by
67 the kernel.
68 .Nm .
69 At boot time, the kernel reads the UTC lag from this file, and uses it to set
70 the system time.
71 .EL
72 .Sh ARCHITECTURE
73 .Sy x86
74 .Sh SEE ALSO
75 .Xr date 1 ,
76 .Xr cron 1M ,
77 .Xr rdate 1M ,
78 .Xr attributes 5
79 is used to specify the time zone in which the \fBRTC\fR is to be maintained. It
80 updates the configuration file \fB/etc/rtc_config\fR with the name of the
81 specified zone and the current \fBGMT\fR lag for that zone. If there is an
82 existing \fBrtc_config\fR file, this command will update it. If not, this
83 command will create it.
84 .RE

60 .SH FILES
61 .sp
62 .ne 2
63 .na
64 \fB\fB\fB/etc/rtc_config\fR\fR
65 .ad
66 .RS 19n
67 The data file used to record the time zone and \fBGMT\fR lag. This file is
68 completely managed by \fB/usr/sbin/rtc\fR, and it is read by the kernel.
69 .RE

```

```

71 .SH ATTRIBUTES
72 .sp
73 .LP
74 See \fBattributes\fR(5) for descriptions of the following attributes:
75 .sp

77 .sp
78 .TS
79 box;
80 c | c
81 l | l .
82 ATTRIBUTE TYPE    ATTRIBUTE VALUE
83 _
84 Architecture      x86
85 .TE

87 .SH SEE ALSO
88 .sp
89 .LP
90 \fBdate\fR(1), \fBrddate\fR(1M), \fBattributes\fR(5)

```