

```

*****
13618 Wed Apr 1 15:56:56 2015
new/usr/src/lib/Makefile
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #

22 # Copyright 2011 Nexenta Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.
23 # Copyright (c) 1989, 2010, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 # Copyright (c) 2012 by Delphix. All rights reserved.
25 # Copyright (c) 2012, Joyent, Inc. All rights reserved.
26 # Copyright (c) 2013 Gary Mills
27 # Copyright 2014 Garrett D'Amore <garrett@damore.org>
28 # Copyright (c) 2015 Gary Mills

30 include ../Makefile.master

32 # Note that libcurses installs commands along with its library.
33 # This is a minor bug which probably should be fixed.
34 # Note also that a few extra libraries are kept in cmd source.
35 #
36 # Certain libraries are linked with, hence depend on, other libraries.
37 #
38 # Although we have historically used .WAIT to express dependencies, it
39 # reduces the amount of parallelism and thus lengthens the time it
40 # takes to build the libraries. Thus, we now require that any new
41 # libraries explicitly call out their dependencies. Eventually, all
42 # the library dependencies will be called out explicitly. See
43 # "Library interdependencies" near the end of this file.
44 #
45 # Aside from explicit dependencies (and legacy .WAITs), all libraries
46 # are built in parallel.
47 #
48 .PARALLEL:

50 SUBDIRS= \
51     common .WAIT \
52     ../cmd/sgs/libconv .WAIT \
53     ../cmd/sgs/libdl .WAIT

55 SUBDIRS += \
56     libc .WAIT \
57     ../cmd/sgs/libelf .WAIT \
58     c_synonyms \
59     libmd \
60     libmd5

```

```

61     librsn \
62     libmp .WAIT \
63     libnsl \
64     libsecdb .WAIT \
65     librpcsvc \
66     libsocket .WAIT \
67     libsctp \
68     libsip \
69     libcommutil \
70     libresolv \
71     libresolv2 .WAIT \
72     libw .WAIT \
73     libintl .WAIT \
74     ../cmd/sgs/librtld_db \
75     libaio \
76     libast \
77     libdll \
78     libcmd \
79     libshell \
80     libsum \
81     librt \
82     libadm \
83     libctf \
84     libdtrace \
85     libdtrace_jni \
86     libcurses \
87     libtermcap \
88     libgen \
89     libgss \
90     libpam \
91     libuuid \
92     libthread \
93     libpthread .WAIT \
94     libslp \
95     libbsdmalloc \
96     libdoor \
97     libdevinfo \
98     libdladm \
99     libdlpi \
100    libeti \
101    libcrypt \
102    libdns_sd \
103    libefi \
104    libfstyp \
105    libwanboot \
106    libwanbootutil \
107    libcryptoutil \
108    libinetutil \
109    libipadm \
110    libipd \
111    libipmp \
112    libiscsit \
113    libkmf \
114    libkstat \
115    libkvm \
116    liblm \
117    libmalloc \
118    libmapmalloc \
119    libmtmalloc \
120    libnls \
121    libnwm \
122    libsmbios \
123    libtecla \
124    libumem \
125    libnvpair .WAIT \
126    libexacct \

```

new/usr/src/lib/Makefile

```

127     libsas1      \
128     libldap5     \
129     libslldap    .WAIT \
130     libbsm       \
131     libsys       \
132     libsysevent  \
133     libnisdb     \
134     libpool      \
135     libpp        \
136     libproc      \
137     libproject   \
138     libsendfile  \
139     nametoaddr   \
140     ncad_addr    \
141     hbaapi       \
142     smhba        \
143     sun_fc       \
144     sun_sas      \
145     gss_mechs/mech_krb5 .WAIT \
146     libkrb5      .WAIT \
147     krb5         .WAIT \
148     libsmbfs     \
149     libfcoe      \
150     libsrpt      \
151     libstmf      \
152     libstmfproxy \
153     libnsctl     \
154     libunistat   \
155     libdscfg     \
156     librbc       \
157     libinstzones \
158     libpkg       \
159     libpcidb     \
160     libml        \
161     libm         \
162     libmvec      \

165 SUBDIRS += \
166     passwdutil  \
167     pam_modules \
168     crypt_modules \
169     libadt_jni   \
170     abi         \
171     auditd_plugins \
172     libvolmgt   \
173     libdevice   \
174     libdevvid   \
175     libc_db     \
176     libndmp     \
177     libsec      \
178     libtnfprobe \
179     libtnf      \
180     libtnfctl   \
181     libdhcpagent \
182     libdhcputil \
183     libxnet     \
184     libipsecutil \
185     nsswitch    \
186     print       \
187     libuutil    \
188     libscf      \
189     libinetsvc  \
190     librestart  \
191     libsched    \
192     libelfsign  \

```

3

new/usr/src/lib/Makefile

```

193     pkcs11      .WAIT \
194     libpctx     .WAIT \
195     libcpc       \
196     getloginx   \
197     watchmalloc \
198     extendedFILE \
199     madv         \
200     mpss        \
201     libdisasm   \
202     libwrap     \
203     libxcurses  \
204     libxcurses2 \
205     libbrand    .WAIT \
206     libzonecfg  \
207     libzoneinfo \
208     libzonestat \
209     libtsnet    \
210     libtsol     \
211     gss_mechs/mech_spnego \
212     gss_mechs/mech_dummy \
213     gss_mechs/mech_dh \
214     rpcsec_gss  \
215     libraidcfg .WAIT \
216     librcm     .WAIT \
217     libcfgadm  .WAIT \
218     libpicl    .WAIT \
219     libpicltree .WAIT \
220     raidcfg_plugins \
221     cfgadm_plugins \
222     libmail    \
223     lvm        \
224     libsmmedia \
225     libipp     \
226     libdiskmgt \
227     liblgrp   \
228     libfsmgt  \
229     fm        \
230     libavl    \
231     libcmdutils \
232     libcontract \
233     ../cmd/sendmail/libmilter \
234     sasl_plugins \
235     udapl     \
236     libzpool  \
237     libzfs_core \
238     libzfs    \
239     libbe     \
240     pylibbe   \
241     libzfs_jni \
242     pyzfs     \
243     pysolaris \
244     libmapid  \
245     brand     \
246     policykit \
247     hal       \
248     libshare  \
249     libsqlite \
250     libidmap  \
251     libadutils \
252     libipmi   \
253     libexacct/demo \
254     libvrrpadm \
255     libvscan  \
256     libgrubmgmt \
257     smbssrv   \
258     libilb    \

```

4

new/usr/src/lib/Makefile

5

```

259     scsi          \
260     libima        \
261     libsun_ima   \
262     mpapi         \
263     librstp      \
264     libreparse   \
265     libhotplug   \
266     libfruutils  .WAIT  \
267     libfru       \
268     zlib        \
269     ${$(MACH)_SUBDIRS}

271 i386_SUBDIRS= \
272     libfdisk     \
273     libsaveargs

275 sparc_SUBDIRS= .WAIT \
276     efcodes     \
277     libds       \
278     libdscp     \
279     libprtdiag .WAIT  \
280     libprtdiag_psr \
281     libpri      \
282     librsc      \
283     storage     \
284     libpcp      \
285     libtsalarm  \
286     libvl2n

288 FM_sparc_DEPLIBS= libpri

290 fm: \
291     libexacct   \
292     libipmi     \
293     libzfs      \
294     scsi        \
295     ${FM_${MACH}_DEPLIBS}

297 #
298 # Create a special version of $(SUBDIRS) with no .WAIT's, for use with the
299 # clean and clobber targets (for more information, see those targets, below).
300 #
301 NOWAIT_SUBDIRS= $(SUBDIRS:.WAIT=)

303 DCSSUBDIRS = \
304     lvm

306 MSGSUBDIRS= \
307     abi          \
308     auditd_plugins \
309     brand        \
310     cfgadm_plugins \
311     gss_mechs/mech_dh \
312     gss_mechs/mech_krb5 \
313     krb5         \
314     libast       \
315     libbsm       \
316     libc         \
317     libcfgadm    \
318     libcmd       \
319     libcontract  \
320     libcurses    \
321     libdhcputil \
322     libipsecutil \
323     libdiskmgt  \
324     libldadm     \

```

new/usr/src/lib/Makefile

6

```

325     libdll       \
326     libgrubmgmt \
327     libgss       \
328     libidmap     \
329     libipmp      \
330     libilb       \
331     libinetutil  \
332     libinstzones \
333     libipadm     \
334     libnsl       \
335     libnwam      \
336     libpam       \
337     libpicl      \
338     libpool      \
339     libpkg       \
340     libpp        \
341     libscf       \
342     libsas1      \
343     libldap5     \
344     libsecdb     \
345     libshare     \
346     libshell     \
347     libslldap   \
348     libslp       \
349     libsmbfs     \
350     libsmmedia   \
351     libsum       \
352     libtsol      \
353     libutil      \
354     libvrrpadm  \
355     libvscan     \
356     libwanboot   \
357     libwanbootutil \
358     libzfs       \
359     libzonecfg   \
360     lvm          \
361     madv         \
362     mpss         \
363     pam_modules  \
364     pyzfs        \
365     pysolaris    \
366     rpcsec_gss   \
367     libreparse   \
368     MSGSUBDIRS += \
369     ${$(MACH)_MSGSUBDIRS}

371 sparc_MSGSUBDIRS= \
372     libprtdiag \
373     libprtdiag_psr

375 i386_MSGSUBDIRS= libfdisk

377 HDRSUBDIRS= \
378     auditd_plugins \
379     libast          \
380     libbrand       \
381     libbsm         \
382     libc           \
383     libcmd         \
384     libcmdutils    \
385     libcommputil   \
386     libcontract    \
387     libpcp         \
388     libctf         \
389     libcurses      \
390     libtermcap     \

```

new/usr/src/lib/Makefile

```

391 libcryptoutil \
392 libdevice \
393 libdevvid \
394 libdevinfo \
395 libdiskmgt \
396 libdladm \
397 libdll \
398 libdlpi \
399 libdhcpagent \
400 libdhcputil \
401 libdisasm \
402 libdns_sd \
403 libdscfg \
404 libdtrace \
405 libdtrace_jni \
406 libelfsign \
407 libeti \
408 libfru \
409 libfstyp \
410 libgen \
411 libipadm \
412 libipd \
413 libipseutil \
414 libinetsvc \
415 libinetutil \
416 libinstzones \
417 libipmi \
418 libipmp \
419 libipp \
420 libiscsit \
421 libkstat \
422 libkvm \
423 libmail \
424 libmd \
425 libmtmalloc \
426 libndmp \
427 libnvpair \
428 libnsctl \
429 libnsl \
430 libnwam \
431 libpam \
432 libpcidb \
433 libpctx \
434 libpicl \
435 libpicltree \
436 libpool \
437 libpp \
438 libproc \
439 libraidcfg \
440 librcm \
441 librdc \
442 libscf \
443 libsip \
444 libsbios \
445 librestart \
446 librpcsvc \
447 librsn \
448 librstp \
449 libsas1 \
450 libsec \
451 libshell \
452 libslp \
453 libsmmedia \
454 libsocket \
455 libsqlite \
456 libfcoe \

```

7

new/usr/src/lib/Makefile

```

457 libsrpt \
458 libstmf \
459 libstmfproxy \
460 libsum \
461 libsysevent \
462 libtecla \
463 libtnf \
464 libtnfctl \
465 libtnfprobe \
466 libtsnet \
467 libtsol \
468 libvrrpadm \
469 libvolmgt \
470 libumem \
471 libunistat \
472 libuutil \
473 libwanboot \
474 libwanbootutil \
475 libwrap \
476 libxcurses2 \
477 libzfs \
478 libzfs_core \
479 libzfs_jni \
480 libzoneinfo \
481 libzonestat \
482 hal \
483 policykit \
484 lvm \
485 pkcs11 \
486 passwdutil \
487 ../cmd/sendmail/libmilter \
488 fm \
489 udapl \
490 libmapid \
491 libkrb5 \
492 libsmbfs \
493 libshare \
494 libidmap \
495 libvscan \
496 libgrubmgt \
497 smbsrv \
498 libilb \
499 scsi \
500 hbaapi \
501 smhba \
502 libima \
503 libsun_ima \
504 mpapi \
505 librepase \
506 zlib \
507 $(MACH)_HDRSUBDIRS

509 i386_HDRSUBDIRS= \
510 libfdisk \
511 libsaveargs

513 sparc_HDRSUBDIRS= \
514 libds \
515 libdscp \
516 libpri \
517 libv12n \
518 storage

520 all := TARGET= all
521 check := TARGET= check
522 clean := TARGET= clean

```

8

```

523 clobber := TARGET= clobber
524 install := TARGET= install
525 install_h := TARGET= install_h
526 lint := TARGET= lint
527 _dc := TARGET= _dc
528 _msg := TARGET= _msg

530 .KEEP_STATE:

532 #
533 # For the all and install targets, we clearly must respect library
534 # dependencies so that the libraries link correctly. However, for
535 # the remaining targets (check, clean, clobber, install_h, lint, _dc
536 # and _msg), libraries do not have any dependencies on one another
537 # and thus respecting dependencies just slows down the build.
538 # As such, for these rules, we use pattern replacement to explicitly
539 # avoid triggering the dependency information. Note that for clean,
540 # clobber and lint, we must use $(NOWAIT_SUBDIRS) rather than
541 # $(SUBDIRS), to prevent '.WAIT' from expanding to '.WAIT-nodepend'.
542 #

544 all: $(SUBDIRS)

546 install: $(SUBDIRS) .WAIT install_extra

548 # extra libraries kept in other source areas
549 install_extra:
550 @cd ../cmd/sgs; pwd; $(MAKE) install_lib
551 @pwd

553 clean clobber lint: $(NOWAIT_SUBDIRS:%=%-nodepend)

555 install_h check: $(HDRSUBDIRS:%=%-nodepend)

557 _msg: $(MSGSUBDIRS:%=%-nodepend) .WAIT _dc

559 _dc: $(DCSUBDIRS:%=%-nodepend)

561 #
562 # Library interdependencies are called out explicitly here
563 #
564 auditd_plugins: libbsm libnsl libsecdb
565 gss_mechs/mech_krb5: libgss libnsl libsocket libresolv pkcs11
566 libadt_jni: libbsm
567 libast: libsocket libm
568 libadutils: libldap5 libresolv libsocket libnsl
569 nsswitch: libadutils libidmap
570 libbe: libzfs
571 libbsm: libtsol
572 libcmd: libsum libast libsocket libnsl
573 libcmdutils: libavl
574 libcontract: libnvpair
575 libdevid: libdevinfo
576 libdevinfo: libnvpair libsec
577 libdhcpagent: libsocket libdhcputil libuuid libdplpi libcontract
578 libdhcputil: libnsl libgen libinetutil libdplpi
579 libdladm: libdevinfo libinetutil libsocket libscf librcm libnvpair \
580 libexacct libnsl libkstat libcurses
581 libdll: libast
582 libdplpi: libinetutil libdladm
583 libds: libsysevent
584 libdscfg: libnsctl libunistat libsocket libnsl
585 libdtrace: libproc libgen libctf
586 libdtrace_jni: libuutil libdtrace
587 libefi: libuuid
588 libfstyp: libnvpair

```

```

589 libelfsign: libcryptoutil libkmf
590 libidmap: libadutils libldap5 libavl libsldap libuutil
591 libipadm: libnsl libinetutil libsocket libdplpi libnvpair libdhcpagent \
592 libdladm libsecdb
593 libiscsit: libc libnvpair libstmf libuuid libnsl
594 libkmf: libcryptoutil pkcs11
595 libm: libc
596 libml: libc libm
597 libmvec: libc libm
598 libnsl: libmd5
599 libmapid: libresolv
600 librdr: libsocket libnsl libnsctl libunistat libdscfg
601 libuuid: libdplpi
602 libinetutil: libsocket
603 libipsecutil: libtecla libsocket
604 libinstzones: libzonecfg libcontract
605 libpkg: libwanboot libscf libadm
606 libnwm: libscf
607 libsecdb: libnsl
608 libsasl: libgss libsocket pkcs11 libmd
609 sasl_plugins: pkcs11 libgss libsocket libsasl
610 libscf: libsocket
611 libshell: libast libcmd libdll libsocket libsecdb libm
612 libsip: libmd5
613 libsmbs: libcmdutils libsocket libnsl libkrb5
614 libsocket: libnsl
615 libstmfproxy: libstmf libsocket libnsl libpthread
616 libsum: libast
617 libsysevent: libsecdb
618 libldap5: libsasl libsocket libnsl libmd
619 libsldap: libldap5 libtsol libnsl libc libscf libresolv
620 libpool: libnvpair libexacct
621 libpp: libast
622 libzonecfg: libc libsocket libnsl libuuid libnvpair libsysevent libsec \
623 libbrand libpool libscf
624 libproc: ../cmd/sgs/librtld_db ../cmd/sgs/libelf libctf libsaveargs
625 libproject: libpool libproc libsecdb
626 libtermcap: libcurses
627 libtsnet: libnsl libtsol libsecdb
628 libwrap: libnsl libsocket
629 libwanboot: libnvpair libresolv libnsl libsocket libdevinfo libinetutil \
630 libdhcputil
631 libwanbootutil: libnsl
632 pam_modules: libproject passwdutil smbsrv
633 libscf: libuutil libmd libgen libsmbios libnsl
634 libnetsvc: libscf
635 librestart: libuutil libscf
636 libsaveargs: libdisasm
637 ../cmd/sgs/libdl: ../cmd/sgs/libconv
638 ../cmd/sgs/libelf: ../cmd/sgs/libconv
639 pkcs11: libcryptoutil
640 print: libldap5
641 udapl/udapl_tavor: udapl/libdat
642 libzfs: libdevid libgen libnvpair libuutil \
643 libadm libavl libefi libidmap libmd libzfs_core libm
644 libzfs_core: libnvpair
645 libzfs_jni: libdiskmgt libnvpair libzfs
646 libzpool: libavl libumem libnvpair libcmdutils zlib
647 libzpool: libavl libumem libnvpair libcmdutils
648 brand: libc libsocket
649 libshare: libscf libzfs libuuid libfsmgt libsecdb libumem libsmbs
650 libexacct/demo: libexacct libproject libsocket libnsl
651 libtsalarm: libpcp
652 smbsrv: libsocket libnsl libmd libxnet libpthread librt \
653 libshare libidmap pkcs11 libsqlite libcryptoutil \

```

```
654          libreparse libcmdutils
655 libv12n:      libds libuuid
656 libvrrpadm:  libsocket libdladm libscf
657 libvscan:    libscf
658 libfru:      libfruutils
659 scsi:        libnvpair libfru
660 mpapi:       libpthread libdevinfo libsysevent libnvpair
661 sun_fc:      libdevinfo libsysevent libnvpair
662 libsun_ima:  libdevinfo libsysevent libnsl
663 sun_sas:     libdevinfo libsysevent libnvpair libkstat libdevid
664 libgrubmgmt: libdevinfo libzfs libfstyp
665 pylibbe:    libbe libzfs
666 pyzfs:      libnvpair libzfs
667 pysolaris:  libsec libidmap
668 libreparse: libnvpair
669 libhotplug: libnvpair
670 cfgadm_plugins: libhotplug
671 libilb:     libsocket
672 libipmi:    libm
673 libprtdiag: libm
674 libsqlite:  libm
675 libstmf:    libm
676 libvscan:   libm

679 $(INTEL_BUILD)libdiskmgt:libfdisk

681 #
682 # The reason this rule checks for the existence of the
683 # Makefile is that some of the directories do not exist
684 # in certain situations (e.g., exportable source builds,
685 # OpenSolaris).
686 #
687 $(SUBDIRS): FRC
688     @if [ -f $@/Makefile ]; then \
689         cd $@; pwd; $(MAKE) $(TARGET); \
690     else \
691         true; \
692     fi

694 $(SUBDIRS:%=%-nodepend):
695     @if [ -f $(@:%-nodepend=)/Makefile ]; then \
696         cd $(@:%-nodepend=); pwd; $(MAKE) $(TARGET); \
697     else \
698         true; \
699     fi

701 FRC:
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/Makefile

1

875 Wed Apr 1 15:56:56 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # This file and its contents are supplied under the terms of the
3 # Common Development and Distribution License ("CDDL"), version 1.0.
4 # You may only use this file in accordance with the terms of version
5 # 1.0 of the CDDL.
6 #
7 # A full copy of the text of the CDDL should have accompanied this
8 # source. A copy of the CDDL is also available via the Internet at
9 # http://www.illumos.org/license/CDDL.
10 #
```

```
12 #
13 # Copyright 2015 Gary Mills
14 #
```

```
16 include ../Makefile.lib
```

```
18 HDRS =          zconf.h zlib.h
19 HDRDIR =        common
20 SUBDIRS =       $(MACH)
21 $(BUILD64)SUBDIRS += $(MACH64)
```

```
23 all :=          TARGET = all
24 clean :=        TARGET = clean
25 clobber :=      TARGET = clobber
26 install :=      TARGET = install
27 lint :=         TARGET = lint
```

```
29 .KEEP_STATE:
```

```
31 all clean clobber install lint: $(SUBDIRS)
```

```
33 install_h:      $(ROTHDRS)
```

```
35 # Don't check 3rd party code
36 check:
```

```
38 $(SUBDIRS): FRC
39     @cd $@; pwd; $(MAKE) $(TARGET)
```

```
41 FRC:
```

```
43 include ../Makefile.targ
```

```

*****
4442 Wed Apr 1 15:56:56 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/Makefile-Oracle
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 #
22 #
23 # Copyright (c) 2011, 2015, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 #
25 #
26 include ../../make-rules/shared-macros.mk
27 #
28 COMPONENT_NAME=      zlib
29 COMPONENT_VERSION=   1.2.8
30 COMPONENT_PROJECT_URL= http://www.zlib.net/
31 COMPONENT_SRC=       $(COMPONENT_NAME)-$(COMPONENT_VERSION)
32 COMPONENT_ARCHIVE=   $(COMPONENT_SRC).tar.gz
33 COMPONENT_ARCHIVE_HASH= \
34     sha256:36658cb768a54c1d4dec43c3116c27ed893e88b02ecfcb44f2166f9c0b7f2a0d
35 COMPONENT_ARCHIVE_URL= http://downloads.sourceforge.net/project/libpng/zlib/$(C
36 COMPONENT_BUGDB=     library/libz
37 #
38 TPNO=                17611
39 #
40 include $(WS_MAKE_RULES)/prep.mk
41 include $(WS_MAKE_RULES)/configure.mk
42 include $(WS_MAKE_RULES)/ips.mk
43 include $(WS_MAKE_RULES)/lint-libraries.mk
44 #
45 #
46 # We want to build hardware specific versions of the longest_match()
47 # function into our shared library that has been hand optimised to use
48 # some machine architecture specific instructions. Currently, we are doing
49 # it for the T4 architecture, but later other architectures may be added.
50 # This is done by taking advantage of the Solaris 11 linker-editor
51 # "Symbol Capabilities" feature. Refer to the section "Creating a Family
52 # of Symbol Capabilities Functions", under "Identifying Capability
53 # Requirements" in the "Linker and Libraries Guide"
54 # (http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E19963-01/html/819-0690/chapter2-13.html#giskh).
55 CAP_OBJS_sparcv7 += ../../capabilities/sun4v/sparcv7/symcap.o
56 CAP_OBJS_sparcv9 += ../../capabilities/sun4v/sparcv9/symcap.o
57 $(BUILD_DIR)/%.built: CAP_OBJS=$(CAP_OBJS_*)
58 #
59 # Zlib won't build without cloning. We need also to get rid of default
60 # Makefile and get our own version of zconf.h to avoid interactions

```

```

61 # between 32 and 64 bit builds.
62 # Also, the x86 architecture does not require alignment for multi-byte
63 # loads, so we can define UNALIGNED_OK for x86
64 ifeq ($(MACH), i386)
65 COMPONENT_PRE_CONFIGURE_ACTION = ( \
66     $(CLONEY) $(SOURCE_DIR) $(@D); \
67     $(RM) $(@D)/Makefile $(@D)/zconf.h; \
68     $(CP) $(SOURCE_DIR)/zconf.h $(@D) )
69 CFLAGS_EXTRA = -DUNALIGNED_OK -DORIG_LONGEST_MATCH_GLOBAL
70 PIC_OBJA=
71 else
72 COMPONENT_PRE_CONFIGURE_ACTION = ( \
73     $(CLONEY) $(SOURCE_DIR) $(@D); \
74     $(RM) $(@D)/Makefile $(@D)/zconf.h; \
75     $(CP) $(SOURCE_DIR)/zconf.h $(@D) )
76 CFLAGS_EXTRA = -DORIG_LONGEST_MATCH_GLOBAL -xinline=%auto,no%longest_match
77 PIC_OBJA=$(CAP_OBJS)
78 endif
79 #
80 # Avoid *.lo.bc from Parfait analyze (see also parfait.patch).
81 PARFAIT += -X *.lo.bc
82 #
83 CFLAGS += $(CC_PIC)
84 #
85 CFLAGS += $(CFLAGS_EXTRA)
86 #
87 # We need to reset configure options here because zlib is confused with
88 # CC and CFLAGS definitions as configure parameters.
89 CONFIGURE_OPTIONS = --shared
90 CONFIGURE_OPTIONS += --prefix=/usr
91 CONFIGURE_OPTIONS += $(CONFIGURE_OPTIONS.$(BITS))
92 CONFIGURE_OPTIONS.64 += --libdir=/usr/lib/$(MACH64)
93 #
94 CONFIGURE_ENV += CC="$(CC)"
95 CONFIGURE_ENV += CFLAGS="$(CFLAGS) -xalias_level=basic -xdepend"
96 CONFIGURE_ENV += LD_SHARED="$(CC) $(CFLAGS) -G"
97 #
98 # This LD_SHARED definitions is forced to get all required options plus
99 # mapfile for result linking. While the one used with configure is just
100 # to allow Zlib detect capability of creating shared libraries.
101 COMPONENT_BUILD_ARGS = LD_SHARED="$(CC) $(CFLAGS) -G -h libz.so.1 $(LD_OPTIONS_SO
102 #
103 $(BUILD_DIR)/sparc%/.built: COMPONENT_PRE_BUILD_ACTION = ( \
104     cd capabilities; \
105     $(ENV) SUBDIRS="sun4v" BUILD_ARCH=$* CC=$(CC) $(GMAKE) build )
106 #
107 COMPONENT_TEST_TARGETS = test
108 #
109 configure:      $(CONFIGURE_32_and_64)
110 #
111 build:          $(BUILD_32_and_64)
112 #
113 install:       $(INSTALL_32_and_64)
114 #
115 test:         $(TEST_32_and_64)
116 #
117 clean:        $(RM) -r $(BUILD_DIR) $(PROTO_DIR) capabilities/*/*/*.o capabilities/*/$
118 #
119 #
120 #
121 REQUIRED_PACKAGES += system/library

```



```

*****
1946 Wed Apr 1 15:56:56 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/Makefile.com
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 #
2 # This file and its contents are supplied under the terms of the
3 # Common Development and Distribution License ("CDDL"), version 1.0.
4 # You may only use this file in accordance with the terms of version
5 # 1.0 of the CDDL.
6 #
7 # A full copy of the text of the CDDL should have accompanied this
8 # source. A copy of the CDDL is also available via the Internet at
9 # http://www.illumos.org/license/CDDL.
10 #
11 #
12 #
13 # Copyright 2015 Gary Mills
14 #
15 #
16 LIBRARY =      libz.a
17 VERS = .1
18 OBJZ =  adler32.o crc32.o deflate.o infback.o inffast.o inflate.o \
19         infrees.o trees.o zutil.o
20 OBJG =  compress.o uncompress.o gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o gzwrite.o
21 OBJECTS =      $(OBJZ) $(OBJG)
22 #
23 include .././Makefile.lib
24 #
25 # install this library in the root filesystem
26 include .././Makefile.rootfs
27 #
28 LIBS =          $(DYNLIB) $(LINTLIB)
29 #
30 SRCDIR =        ../common
31 #
32 $(LINTLIB):=    SRCS = $(SRCDIR)/$(LINTSRC)
33 LDLIBS +=      -lc
34 #
35 C99MODE =       $(C99_ENABLE)
36 #
37 CFLAGS +=      -mt $(CCVERBOSE)
38 CPPFLAGS +=    -DORIG_LONGEST_MATCH_GLOBAL '-D_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE=1'
39 CPPFLAGS +=    -I$(SRCDIR)
40 #
41 COPTFLAG =     -_cc=-x04 -_gcc=-03
42 COPTFLAG64 =   -_cc=-x04 -_gcc=-03
43 #
44 # Can be removed when BUILD.SO is corrected in lib/Makefile.lib
45 BUILD.SO =     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ $(GSHARED) $(DYNFLAGS) \
46               $(PICS) $(EXTPICS) $(LDLIBS)
47 #
48 ULDIR =        $(ROOT)/usr/lib
49 ULDIR64 =      $(ROOT)/usr/lib/$(MACH64)
50 #
51 USRLINKS =     $(ULDIR)/libz.so \
52               $(ULDIR)/libz.so.1 \
53               $(ULDIR)/llib-lz.ln
54 USRLINKS64 =   $(ULDIR64)/libz.so \
55               $(ULDIR64)/libz.so.1 \
56               $(ULDIR64)/llib-lz.ln
57 #
58 $(ULDIR)/libz.so := LINKSRC = ./libz.so.1
59 $(ULDIR)/libz.so.1 := LINKSRC = ../../lib/libz.so.1
60 $(ULDIR)/llib-lz.ln := LINKSRC = ../../lib/llib-lz.ln

```

```

61 $(ULDIR64)/libz.so := LINKSRC = libz.so.1
62 $(ULDIR64)/libz.so.1 := LINKSRC = ../../lib/$(MACH64)/libz.so.1
63 $(ULDIR64)/llib-lz.ln := LINKSRC = ../../lib/$(MACH64)/llib-lz.ln
64 #
65 $(USRLINKS):
66   $(RM) $@; $(SYMLINK) $(LINKSRC) $@
67 $(USRLINKS64):
68   $(RM) $@; $(SYMLINK) $(LINKSRC) $@
69 #
70 .KEEP_STATE:
71 #
72 all: $(LIBS)
73 #
74 lint: lintcheck
75 #
76 include .././Makefile.targ

```

2961 Wed Apr 1 15:56:57 2015
 new/usr/src/lib/zlib/README.FIRST
 5470 libz should be part of illumos
 1002 Integrate zlib

1 Creation of the zlib source for illumos

4 This source was derived from the Oracle userland version of zlib.
 5 Their userland distribution is documented at:

7 <https://java.net/projects/solaris-userland>

9 Use this command to obtain it:

11 \$ hg clone <https://hg.java.net/hg/solaris-userland-gate> userland-gate

13 It includes adaptations for all opensource software that's included
 14 with Oracle Solaris, along with download procedures and build
 15 procedures. It will download and build zlib-1.2.8.tar.gz in the
 16 components/zlib directory.

18 Begin by building the userland version of zlib. I had to modify some
 19 of the userland files to accomodate the older versions of python,
 20 perl, and ld on illumos distributions. The different location of the
 21 compilers also had to be accomodated. For the userland build on
 22 SPARC, I also had to omit Oracle's T4 capability enhancements because
 23 they used compiler options that were not available on illumos
 24 distributions, specifically these:

26 -xarch=sparc4 -xtarget=T4 -xchip=T4

28 Once the userland build is complete, record the compiler options so
 29 they can be transferred to the illumos build.

31 The location for illumos is usr/src/lib/zlib . Makefiles follow the
 32 model described in usr/src/lib/README.Makefiles . At the top level of
 33 the new subdirectory, both Makefile and Makefile.com are required. In
 34 the ISA-dependant locations (amd64 i386 sparc sparcv9), only Makefile
 35 is required. All of the zlib source goes in the 'common' directory.

37 Most of the files from the zlib userland directory are copied to the
 38 new location. 'capabilities' is copied, but used only for reference.
 39 'llib-lz' becomes a symlink target. 'Makefile' is renamed and used
 40 only for reference. 'mapfile' is also a symlink target. 'patches' is
 41 copied, but 'parfait.patch' is moved to the new 'unused-patches'
 42 directory. 'zlib-1.2.8' is moved to 'common'. This source has already
 43 been patched by the userland build. 'zlib.3.sunman' is
 44 used only for reference. 'zlib.license' becomes a symlink target.
 45 'zlib.p5m', the manifest, is renamed and used for reference.

47 The 'build' directory and the file 'zlib-1.2.8.tar.gz' are not used
 48 and don't need to be copied. None of the Oracle or zlib Makefiles
 49 are used, except for reference. The following files, symlinks, or
 50 directories are newly created in the new illumos location:

52 unused-patches THIRDPARTYLICENSE THIRDPARTYLICENSE.descrip
 53 amd64 common i386 sparc sparcv9
 54 common/llib-lz common/mapfile-vers

56 The new Makefiles list all the object files, suppress the header
 57 check, add the necessary compile options, and create usr symlinks in
 58 the prototype area.

60 The zlib man pages are installed by an addition to the Makefile in

61 usr/src/man/man3 . Rather than copy the man page source to this
 62 location, a symlink pointing to common/zlib.3 is created here.

64 A new manifest, library-zlib.mf, is created in usr/src/pkg/manifests
 65 to build the IPS package from files in the prototype area.

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/THIRDPARTYLICENSE

1

964 Wed Apr 1 15:56:57 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/THIRDPARTYLICENSE

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

2 Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

4 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
5 warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
6 arising from the use of this software.

8 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
9 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
10 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

- 12 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
13 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
14 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
15 appreciated but is not required.
- 16 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
17 misrepresented as being the original software.
- 18 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

20 Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
21 jloup@zip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/THIRDPARTYLICENSE.descrip

1

5 Wed Apr 1 15:56:57 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/THIRDPARTYLICENSE.descrip

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 ZLIB

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/amd64/Makefile

1

576 Wed Apr 1 15:56:57 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/amd64/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 #

2 # This file and its contents are supplied under the terms of the
3 # Common Development and Distribution License ("CDDL"), version 1.0.
4 # You may only use this file in accordance with the terms of version
5 # 1.0 of the CDDL.

6 #

7 # A full copy of the text of the CDDL should have accompanied this
8 # source. A copy of the CDDL is also available via the Internet at
9 # <http://www.illumos.org/license/CDDL>.

10 #

12 #

13 # Copyright 2015 Gary Mills

14 #

17 include ../Makefile.com

18 include ../../Makefile.lib.64

20 CPPFLAGS += -DUNALIGNED_OK

22 install: all \$(ROOTLIBS64) \$(ROOTLINKS64) \$(USRLINKS64)

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/Makefile

1

1058 Wed Apr 1 15:56:57 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 #
22 #
23 # Copyright (c) 2012, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 #
25 #
26 all:          TARGET= all
27 clean:        TARGET= clean
28 clobber:      TARGET= clobber
29 build:        TARGET= build
30 #
31 all clean clobber build:          $(SUBDIRS)
32 #
33 $(SUBDIRS):    FRC
34               @cd $@; pwd; $(MAKE) $(TARGET)
35 #
36 FRC:
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/Makefile.com

1

1061 Wed Apr 1 15:56:57 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/Makefile.com

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 #
22 #
23 # Copyright (c) 2012, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 #
25 #
26 MAPFILE-CAP = ../mapfile-cap
27 MAPOPT-CAP = $(MAPFILE-CAP:%=-M%)
28 #
29 OBJCAP = objcap.o
30 SYMCAP = symcap.o
31 #
32 CLOBBERFILES += $(OBJCAP) $(SYMCAP)
33 #
34 C99MODE = -xc99=%all
35 C99LMODE = -Xc99=%all
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/Makefile.targ

1

1263 Wed Apr 1 15:56:57 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/Makefile.targ

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 #
22 #
23 # Copyright (c) 2012, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 #
25 #
26 # Combine all HW specific objects into one relocatable object.
27 # Assign any capabilities to this object, and define the interface.
28 #
29 objcap.o:      $(HW_SPEC_OBJECTS) $(MAPFILE-CAP)
30               $(LD) -r -o $@ $(MAPOPT-CAP) -Breduce $(HW_SPEC_OBJECTS)
31 #
32 # Convert the combined object capabilities object into a symbol capabilities
33 # object.
34 #
35 symcap.o:      $(OBJCAP)
36               $(LD) -r -o $@ -z symbolcap $(OBJCAP)
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/Makefile

1

1071 Wed Apr 1 15:56:57 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 #
22 #
23 # Copyright (c) 2012, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 #
25 #
26 all:          TARGET= all
27 clean:        TARGET= clean
28 clobber:      TARGET= clobber
29 build:        TARGET= build
30 #
31 all clean clobber build:          $(BUILD_ARCH)
32 #
33 lint:
34 #
35 $(BUILD_ARCH):  FRC
36                 @cd $@; pwd; $(MAKE) $(TARGET)
37 #
38 FRC:
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/Makefile.com

1

994 Wed Apr 1 15:56:58 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/Makefile.com

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 #
22 #
23 # Copyright (c) 2012, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 #
25 #
26 PLATFORM = sun4v
27 #
28 # Redefine the objects required for this capabilities group.
29 HW_SPEC_OBJECTS = longest_match_t4.o
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/Makefile.targ

1

979 Wed Apr 1 15:56:58 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/Makefile.targ

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 #
22 #
23 # Copyright (c) 2012, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 #
25 #
26 AS = /usr/bin/as
27 #
28 longest_match_t4.o: longest_match_t4.s
29 $(AS) $(ASFLAGS) -o $@ longest_match_t4.s
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/mapfile-cap

1

1009 Wed Apr 1 15:56:58 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/mapfile-cap

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 # CDDL HEADER START
2 #
3 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
4 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
5 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
6 #
7 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
8 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
9 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
10 # and limitations under the License.
11 #
12 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
13 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
14 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
15 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
16 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
17 #
18 # CDDL HEADER END
19 #
20 #
21 #
22 # Copyright (c) 2012, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
23 #
24 #
25 $mapfile_version 2
26 #
27 CAPABILITY sun4v {
28     MACHINE = sun4v;
29     HW += CBCOND;
30 };
31 #
32 SYMBOL_SCOPE {
33     global:
34         longest_match;
35     local:
36         *;
37 };
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/sparcv7/Makefile

1

1320 Wed Apr 1 15:56:58 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/sparcv7/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 #
22 #
23 # Copyright (c) 2012, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 #
25 #
26 include      ../Makefile.com
27 include      ../../Makefile.com
28 #
29 CFLAGS += -xarch=sparc4 -xtarget=T4 -xchip=T4 -xO5
30 CPPFLAGS += -D__sparc
31 ASFLAGS = -m32 -K PIC -xarch=sparc4
32 #
33 include      ../Makefile.targ
34 include      ../../Makefile.targ
35 #
36 DEFLATE_C=../.././././build/$(BUILD_ARCH)/deflate.c
37 #
38 longest_match_t4.s: $(DEFLATE_C)
39 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -DLONGEST_MATCH_ONLY -DORIG_LONGEST_MATCH_GLOBAL -S -o $
40 #
41 all build:    $(SYMCAP)
42 #
43 clean:
44 $(RM) *.o *.s
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/sparcv9/Makefile

1

1116 Wed Apr 1 15:56:58 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/sparcv9/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 #
22 #
23 # Copyright (c) 2012, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 #
25 #
26 include      ../Makefile.com
27 include      ../../Makefile.com
28 #
29 CFLAGS +=    -m64 -xarch=sparc
30 CPPFLAGS +=  -D_sparc
31 ASFLAGS =    -m64 -K PIC -xarch=sparc4
32 #
33 include      ../Makefile.targ
34 include      ../../Makefile.targ
35 #
36 all build:   $(SYMCAP)
37 #
38 clean:
39             $(RM) *.o
```

```
*****
6985 Wed Apr 1 15:56:58 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/capabilities/sun4v/sparcv9/longest_match_t4.s
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
```

```
1 !
2 ! This file was generated by a compiler that is currently not part of the CBE
3 ! (as the CBE compiler does not generate code for the T4 architecture), and
4 ! then it was modified by hand to remove some unnecessary instructions that
5 ! the compiler generated and the main loop's branches was rearranged for
6 ! fewer taken branches on the most frequent code path. These modifications
7 ! were made in 7 steps. In each step, a few lines were removed from and added
8 ! to the compiler generated code to produce an equivalent binary. The lines
9 ! that were removed in step <i> are marked by "!<i>" at the beginning of the
10 ! line, the lines added in this step are marked by the same added at the end of
11 ! the line. In other words, let C_i mean the code, after step <i> (C_0 is
12 ! the original, compiler generated code, C_7 is the code in this file)
13 ! To reproduce C_i (0 <= i < 7) first take C_<i+1>, remove the lines that
14 ! end in !<i+1>, and then remove the !<i+1> string from the beginning of those
15 ! lines that start with it. Comparing C_i and C_<i+1> is a simple task, as
16 ! only a few lines have changed.
17 ! If a compiler (e.g. the Oracle Studio 12.3) becomes part of the CBE and
18 ! it will be able to generate as efficient code as in this file the
19 ! longest_match.o file can simply be comp[iled from longest_match.c .
20 !
```

```
22 .section ".text",#alloc,#execinstr,#progbits
23 .file "deflate-t4.c"
```

```
25 .section ".bss",#alloc,#write,#nobits
```

```
27 Bbss.bss:
```

```
29 .section ".data",#alloc,#write,#progbits
```

```
31 Ddata.data:
```

```
33 .section ".rodata",#alloc,#progbits
```

```
34 !
35 ! CONSTANT POOL
36 !
```

```
38 Drodadata.rodata:
```

```
40 .section ".picdata",#alloc,#write
```

```
42 Dpicdata.picdata:
```

```
44 .section ".tbss",#alloc,#write,#tls,#nobits
```

```
46 Ttbss.bss:
```

```
48 .section ".tdata",#alloc,#write,#tls,#progbits
```

```
50 Ttdata.data:
```

```
52 .section ".rodata1",#alloc,#progbits
```

```
53 .align 8
```

```
54 !
```

```
55 ! CONSTANT POOL
```

```
56 !
```

```
58 .L95:
59 .ascii "invalid distance too far back\000"
60 .align 8
```

```
61 !
62 ! CONSTANT POOL
63 !
```

```
65 .L147:
66 .ascii "invalid distance code\000"
67 .align 8
```

```
68 !
69 ! CONSTANT POOL
70 !
```

```
72 .L153:
73 .ascii "invalid literal/length code\000"
```

```
75 .section ".text",#alloc,#execinstr,#progbits
76 /* 000000 0 */ .align 4
77 ! FILE deflate-t4.c
```

```
79 ! 1 !#include <sun_prefetch.h>
80 ! 2 !#include "deflate.h"
81 ! 3 !#define NIL 0
82 ! 5 !uint longest_match(s, cur_match)
83 ! 6 ! deflate_state *s;
84 ! 7 ! IPpos cur_match; /* curren
85 ! 8 !{
```

```
87 !
88 ! SUBROUTINE longest_match
89 !
```

```
90 ! OFFSET SOURCE LINE LABEL INSTRUCTION
```

```
92 .global longest_match
```

```
93
```

```
95 longest_match:
```

```
97 .L900000112:
98 save %sp, -0xb0, %sp
99 ld [%i0 + 0x4c], %i4 !7
100 ldn [%i0 + 0x60], %i5 !7
101 and %i1, %i4, %i2 !7
102 prefetch [%i5 + %i2], #n_reads !7
103 !7 ld [%i0 + 0x9c], %i4
104 ld [%i0 + 0x9c], %i1 !7
105 ld [%i0 + 0x44], %i6
106 clr %g4
107 ldn [%i0 + 0x50], %g1
108 ld [%i0 + 0xa8], %i2
109 ld [%i0 + 0xac], %g5
110 ld [%i0 + 0xc0], %o0
111 !5 srl %i4, 0x0, %i5
112 ld [%i0 + 0xbc], %i7
113 add %i6, -0x106, %i3
114 !5 add %g1, %i5, %i4
115 !7 add %g1, %i4, %i4 !5
116 add %g1, %i1, %i4 !7
117 !7 cwbleu %i4, %i3, lm_0x38
118 cwbleu %i1, %i3, lm_0x38 !7
119 !7 sub %i4, %i3, %g4
120 sub %i1, %i3, %g4 !7
121
```

```
122 lm_0x38:
123 !7 ld [%i0 + 0x4c], %i4
124 !4 add %i2, -0x1, %i3
125 !7 ldn [%i0 + 0x60], %i5
126 !4 sra %i3, 0x0, %o2
```

```

127     add     %i2, -0x1, %o2      14
128     ldub   [%i4 + %o2], %o2
129 !3   sra    %i2, 0x0, %i6
130 !3   ldub   [%i4 + %i6], %o1
131     ldub   [%i4 + %i2], %o1    13
132     cmp    %i2, %i7
133     add    %i4, 0x102, %i7
134     ld     [%i0 + 0xa4], %i3
135     bcs,pn %icc, lm_0x6c
136     mov    0x102, %i3

138     srl    %g5, 0x2, %g5
139
140 lm_0x6c:
141     cmp    %o0, %i3
142 !6   srl    %i1, 0x0, %i10
143 !7   and    %i1, %i14, %i12    16
144     movgu  %icc, %i3, %o0
145
146 lm_0x78:
147 !6   and    %i1, %i14, %i12
148 !6   add    %i0, %g1, %o3
149     add    %i1, %g1, %o3      16
150 !3   ldub   [%o3 + %i6], %o5
151     ldub   [%o3 + %i2], %o5    13
152 !1   srl    %i2, 0x0, %o4
153 !1   sllx  %o4, 0x1, %i2
154     sllx  %i2, 0x1, %i2      11
155     add    %i2, %i5, %i1      11
156     prefetch [%i1 - 0x40], #n_reads 11
157     cwbe   %o5, %o1, lm_0x17c_neg

159 lm_0x17c:
160     lduh   [%i5 + %i2], %i1
161     cwbleu %i1, %g4, lm_0x190

163     addcc  %g5, -0x1, %g5
164     bne,pt %icc, lm_0x78
165 !6   srl    %i1, 0x0, %i10
166     and    %i1, %i14, %i12    16
167
168 lm_0x190:
169     cmp    %i2, %i3
170     movgu  %icc, %i3, %i2
171     return %i7 + 0x8
172     srl    %o2, 0x0, %o0

174 lm_0x17c_neg:
175 !3   add    %o3, %i6, %o7
176     add    %o3, %i2, %o7      13
177     ldub   [%o7 - 0x1], %i1
178     cwbne %i1, %o2, lm_0x17c

180 !6   ldub   [%g1 + %i0], %i5
181     ldub   [%g1 + %i1], %i5    16
182     ldub   [%i4], %o5
183     cwbne %i5, %o5, lm_0x17c

185     ldub   [%i4 + 0x1], %i1
186     ldub   [%o3 + 0x1], %o4
187     cwbne %o4, %i1, lm_0x17c

189     add    %o3, 0x2, %o3
190 !1   add    %i2, %i5, %i1
191     add    %i4, 0x2, %o4

```

```

193 lm_0xc0:
194     ldub   [%o4 + 0x1], %i0
195     add    %o4, 0x1, %o4
196     ldub   [%o3 + 0x1], %o7
197     cwbone %i0, %o7, lm_0x14c

199     ldub   [%o4 + 0x1], %i5
200     add    %o4, 0x1, %o4
201     ldub   [%o3 + 0x2], %o5
202     cwbone %i5, %o5, lm_0x14c

204     ldub   [%o4 + 0x1], %i0
205     add    %o4, 0x1, %o4
206     ldub   [%o3 + 0x3], %o7
207     cwbone %i0, %o7, lm_0x14c

209     ldub   [%o4 + 0x1], %i5
210     add    %o4, 0x1, %o4
211     ldub   [%o3 + 0x4], %o5
212     cwbone %i5, %o5, lm_0x14c

214     ldub   [%o4 + 0x1], %i0
215     add    %o4, 0x1, %o4
216     ldub   [%o3 + 0x5], %o7
217     cwbone %i0, %o7, lm_0x14c

219     ldub   [%o4 + 0x1], %i5
220     add    %o4, 0x1, %o4
221     ldub   [%o3 + 0x6], %o5
222     cwbone %i5, %o5, lm_0x14c

224     ldub   [%o4 + 0x1], %i0
225     add    %o4, 0x1, %o4
226     ldub   [%o3 + 0x7], %o7
227     cwbone %i0, %o7, lm_0x14c

229     ldub   [%o4 + 0x1], %i5
230     add    %o4, 0x1, %o4
231     ldub   [%o3 + 0x8], %o5
232     add    %o3, 0x8, %o3
233     cwbone %i5, %o5, lm_0x14c

235     nop
236     cxbcbs %o4, %i7, lm_0xc0
237
238 lm_0x14c:
239 !1   prefetch [%i1 - 0x40], #n_reads
240     sub    %i7, %o4, %i0
241     sub    %i3, %i0, %o7
242     cwble  %o7, %i2, lm_0x17c

244     st     %i1, [%i0 + 0xa0]
245     mov    %o7, %i2
246     cwbgc %o7, %o0, lm_0x190

248 !2   sra    %o7, 0x0, %i1
249 !3   sra    %o7, 0x0, %i16
250 !2   add    %i4, %i1, %i1
251     add    %i4, %o7, %i1      12
252 !2   ldub   [%i4 + %i1], %o1
253     ldub   [%i4 + %o7], %o1    12
254     ba     lm_0x17c
255     ldub   [%i1 - 0x1], %o2
256

258 /* 0x0220      0 */      .type longest_match,#function

```



```
259 /* 0x0220      0 */      .size  longest_match, (.-longest_match)
260
262      .L900000113:
264      .section      ".text",#alloc,#execinstr,#progbits
265 /* 000000      0 */      .align  8
266 /* 000000      */      .skip   24
267 /* 0x0018      */      .align  4
270      .L900000286:
272      .section      ".text",#alloc,#execinstr,#progbits
274 ! Begin Disassembling Ident
275      .ident  "cg: Sun Compiler Common 12.3 SunOS_sparc 2011/11/16"  ! (NO SO
276      .ident  "acomp: Sun C 5.12 SunOS_sparc 2011/11/16"          ! (/tmp/acomp.13
277      .ident  "irop: Sun Compiler Common 12.3 SunOS_sparc 2011/11/16"
278      .ident  "cg: Sun Compiler Common 12.3 SunOS_sparc 2011/11/16"  ! (NO SO
279 ! End Disassembling Ident
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.manpage.patched

1

```
*****  
0 Wed Apr 1 15:56:58 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.manpage.patched  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.parfait.patched

1

```
*****  
0 Wed Apr 1 15:56:58 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.parfait.patched  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.patched

1

```
*****  
0 Wed Apr 1 15:56:59 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.patched  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.perf.patched

1

```
*****  
  0 Wed Apr  1 15:56:59 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.perf.patched  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.prep

1

```
*****  
  0 Wed Apr  1 15:56:59 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.prep  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.unpacked

1

```
*****  
  0 Wed Apr  1 15:56:59 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/.unpacked  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

```

*****
 8098 Wed Apr 1 15:56:59 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/CMakeLists.txt
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 2.4.4)
2 set(CMAKE_ALLOW_LOOSE_LOOP_CONSTRUCTS ON)

4 project(zlib C)

6 set(VERSION "1.2.8")

8 option(ASM686 "Enable building i686 assembly implementation")
9 option(AMD64 "Enable building amd64 assembly implementation")

11 set(INSTALL_BIN_DIR "${CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX}/bin" CACHE PATH "Installation direc
12 set(INSTALL_LIB_DIR "${CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX}/lib" CACHE PATH "Installation direc
13 set(INSTALL_INC_DIR "${CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX}/include" CACHE PATH "Installation d
14 set(INSTALL_MAN_DIR "${CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX}/share/man" CACHE PATH "Installation
15 set(INSTALL_PKGCONFIG_DIR "${CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX}/share/pkgconfig" CACHE PATH "

17 include(CheckTypeSize)
18 include(CheckFunctionExists)
19 include(CheckIncludeFile)
20 include(CheckCSourceCompiles)
21 enable_testing()

23 check_include_file(sys/types.h HAVE_SYS_TYPES_H)
24 check_include_file(stdint.h HAVE_STDINT_H)
25 check_include_file(stddef.h HAVE_STDEF_H)

27 #
28 # Check to see if we have large file support
29 #
30 set(CMAKE_REQUIRED_DEFINITIONS -D_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE=1)
31 # We add these other definitions here because CheckTypeSize.cmake
32 # in CMake 2.4.x does not automatically do so and we want
33 # compatibility with CMake 2.4.x.
34 if(HAVE_SYS_TYPES_H)
35     list(APPEND CMAKE_REQUIRED_DEFINITIONS -DHAVE_SYS_TYPES_H)
36 endif()
37 if(HAVE_STDINT_H)
38     list(APPEND CMAKE_REQUIRED_DEFINITIONS -DHAVE_STDINT_H)
39 endif()
40 if(HAVE_STDEF_H)
41     list(APPEND CMAKE_REQUIRED_DEFINITIONS -DHAVE_STDEF_H)
42 endif()
43 check_type_size(off64_t OFF64_T)
44 if(HAVE_OFF64_T)
45     add_definitions(-D_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE=1)
46 endif()
47 set(CMAKE_REQUIRED_DEFINITIONS) # clear variable

49 #
50 # Check for fseeko
51 #
52 check_function_exists(fseeko HAVE_FSEEKO)
53 if(NOT HAVE_FSEEKO)
54     add_definitions(-DNO_FSEEKO)
55 endif()

57 #
58 # Check for unistd.h
59 #
60 check_include_file(unistd.h Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H)

```

```

62 if(MSVC)
63     set(CMAKE_DEBUG_POSTFIX "d")
64     add_definitions(-D_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECATED)
65     add_definitions(-D_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED)
66     include_directories(${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR})
67 endif()

69 if(NOT CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR STREQUAL CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR)
70     # If we're doing an out of source build and the user has a zconf.h
71     # in their source tree...
72     if(EXISTS ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/zconf.h)
73         message(STATUS "Renaming")
74         message(STATUS "    ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/zconf.h")
75         message(STATUS "to 'zconf.h.included' because this file is included with
76         message(STATUS "but CMake generates it automatically in the build direct
77         file(RENAME ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/zconf.h ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_D
78     endif()
79 endif()

81 set(ZLIB_PC ${CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR}/zlib.pc)
82 configure_file(${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/zlib.pc.cmakein
83     ${ZLIB_PC} @ONLY)
84 configure_file(${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/zconf.h.cmakein
85     ${CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR}/zconf.h @ONLY)
86 include_directories(${CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR} ${CMAKE_SOURCE_DIR})

89 #=====
90 # zlib
91 #=====

93 set(ZLIB_PUBLIC_HDRS
94     ${CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR}/zconf.h
95     zlib.h
96 )
97 set(ZLIB_PRIVATE_HDRS
98     crc32.h
99     deflate.h
100    gzguts.h
101    inffast.h
102    inffixed.h
103    inflate.h
104    inftrees.h
105    trees.h
106    zutil.h
107 )
108 set(ZLIB_SRCS
109     adler32.c
110     compress.c
111     crc32.c
112     deflate.c
113     gzclose.c
114     gzlib.c
115     gzread.c
116     gzwrite.c
117     inflate.c
118     inffast.c
119     inftrees.c
120     inffast.c
121     trees.c
122     uncompr.c
123     zutil.c
124 )

126 if(NOT MINGW)

```



```

127 set(ZLIB_DLL_SRCS
128     win32/zlib1.rc # If present will override custom build rule below.
129 )
130 endif()

132 if(CMAKE_COMPILER_IS_GNUCC)
133     if(ASM686)
134         set(ZLIB_ASMS contrib/asm686/match.S)
135     elseif (AMD64)
136         set(ZLIB_ASMS contrib/amd64/amd64-match.S)
137     endif ()

139     if(ZLIB_ASMS)
140         add_definitions(-DASMV)
141         set_source_files_properties(${ZLIB_ASMS} PROPERTIES LANGUAGE C C
142     endif()
143 endif()

145 if(MSVVC)
146     if(ASM686)
147         ENABLE_LANGUAGE(ASM_MASM)
148         set(ZLIB_ASMS
149             contrib/masmx86/inffas32.asm
150             contrib/masmx86/match686.asm
151         )
152     elseif (AMD64)
153         ENABLE_LANGUAGE(ASM_MASM)
154         set(ZLIB_ASMS
155             contrib/masmx64/gvmat64.asm
156             contrib/masmx64/inffasx64.asm
157         )
158     endif()

160     if(ZLIB_ASMS)
161         add_definitions(-DASMV -DASMINF)
162     endif()
163 endif()

165 # parse the full version number from zlib.h and include in ZLIB_FULL_VERSION
166 file(READ ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/zlib.h _zlib_h_contents)
167 string(REGEX REPLACE ".*#define[ \t]+ZLIB_VERSION[ \t]+\\"([0-9A-Za-z.]+)\\".*"
168     "\\1" ZLIB_FULL_VERSION ${_zlib_h_contents})

170 if(MINGW)
171     # This gets us DLL resource information when compiling on MingW.
172     if(NOT CMAKE_RC_COMPILER)
173         set(CMAKE_RC_COMPILER windres.exe)
174     endif()

176     add_custom_command(OUTPUT ${CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR}/zlib1rc.obj
177         COMMAND ${CMAKE_RC_COMPILER}
178             -D GCC_WINDRES
179             -I ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}
180             -I ${CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR}
181             -o ${CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR}/zlib1rc.obj
182             -i ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/win32/zlib1.rc)
183     set(ZLIB_DLL_SRCS ${CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR}/zlib1rc.obj)
184 endif(MINGW)

186 add_library(zlib SHARED ${ZLIB_SRCS} ${ZLIB_ASMS} ${ZLIB_DLL_SRCS} ${ZLIB_PUBLIC
187 add_library(zlibstatic STATIC ${ZLIB_SRCS} ${ZLIB_ASMS} ${ZLIB_PUBLIC_HDRS} ${ZL
188 set_target_properties(zlib PROPERTIES DEFINE_SYMBOL ZLIB_DLL)
189 set_target_properties(zlib PROPERTIES SOVERSION 1)

191 if(NOT CYGWIN)
192     # This property causes shared libraries on Linux to have the full version

```

```

193 # encoded into their final filename. We disable this on Cygwin because
194 # it causes cygz-${ZLIB_FULL_VERSION}.dll to be created when cygz.dll
195 # seems to be the default.
196 #
197 # This has no effect with MSVC, on that platform the version info for
198 # the DLL comes from the resource file win32/zlib1.rc
199 set_target_properties(zlib PROPERTIES VERSION ${ZLIB_FULL_VERSION})
200 endif()

202 if(UNIX)
203     # On unix-like platforms the library is almost always called libz
204     set_target_properties(zlib zlibstatic PROPERTIES OUTPUT_NAME z)
205     if(NOT APPLE)
206         set_target_properties(zlib PROPERTIES LINK_FLAGS "-Wl,--version-script,\"${
207     endif()
208 elseif(BUILD_SHARED_LIBS AND WIN32)
209     # Creates zlib1.dll when building shared library version
210     set_target_properties(zlib PROPERTIES SUFFIX "1.dll")
211 endif()

213 if(NOT SKIP_INSTALL_LIBRARIES AND NOT SKIP_INSTALL_ALL )
214     install(TARGETS zlib zlibstatic
215         RUNTIME DESTINATION "${INSTALL_BIN_DIR}"
216         ARCHIVE DESTINATION "${INSTALL_LIB_DIR}"
217         LIBRARY DESTINATION "${INSTALL_LIB_DIR}" )
218 endif()
219 if(NOT SKIP_INSTALL_HEADERS AND NOT SKIP_INSTALL_ALL )
220     install(FILES ${ZLIB_PUBLIC_HDRS} DESTINATION "${INSTALL_INC_DIR}")
221 endif()
222 if(NOT SKIP_INSTALL_FILES AND NOT SKIP_INSTALL_ALL )
223     install(FILES zlib.3 DESTINATION "${INSTALL_MAN_DIR}/man3")
224 endif()
225 if(NOT SKIP_INSTALL_FILES AND NOT SKIP_INSTALL_ALL )
226     install(FILES ${ZLIB_PC} DESTINATION "${INSTALL_PKGCONFIG_DIR}")
227 endif()

229 #=====
230 # Example binaries
231 #=====

233 add_executable(example test/example.c)
234 target_link_libraries(example zlib)
235 add_test(example example)

237 add_executable(minigzip test/minigzip.c)
238 target_link_libraries(minigzip zlib)

240 if(HAVE_OFF64_T)
241     add_executable(example64 test/example.c)
242     target_link_libraries(example64 zlib)
243     set_target_properties(example64 PROPERTIES COMPILE_FLAGS "-D_FILE_OFFSET_BIT
244     add_test(example64 example64)

246     add_executable(minigzip64 test/minigzip.c)
247     target_link_libraries(minigzip64 zlib)
248     set_target_properties(minigzip64 PROPERTIES COMPILE_FLAGS "-D_FILE_OFFSET_BI
249 endif()

```

```
*****
76402 Wed Apr 1 15:57:00 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/ChangeLog
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
```

2 ChangeLog file for zlib

```
4 Changes in 1.2.8 (28 Apr 2013)
5 - Update contrib/minizip/iowin32.c for Windows RT [Vollant]
6 - Do not force Z_CONST for C++
7 - Clean up contrib/vstudio [Ro`$]
8 - Correct spelling error in zlib.h
9 - Fix mixed line endings in contrib/vstudio

11 Changes in 1.2.7.3 (13 Apr 2013)
12 - Fix version numbers and DLL names in contrib/vstudio/*/zlib.rc

14 Changes in 1.2.7.2 (13 Apr 2013)
15 - Change check for a four-byte type back to hexadecimal
16 - Fix typo in win32/Makefile.msc
17 - Add casts in gzwrite.c for pointer differences

19 Changes in 1.2.7.1 (24 Mar 2013)
20 - Replace use of unsafe string functions with snprintf if available
21 - Avoid including stddef.h on Windows for Z_SOLO compile [Niessink]
22 - Fix gzgetc undefine when Z_PREFIX set [Turk]
23 - Eliminate use of mktemp in Makefile (not always available)
24 - Fix bug in 'F' mode for gzopen()
25 - Add inflateGetDictionary() function
26 - Correct comment in deflate.h
27 - Use _snprintf for snprintf in Microsoft C
28 - On Darwin, only use /usr/bin/libtool if libtool is not Apple
29 - Delete "--version" file if created by "ar --version" [Richard G.]
30 - Fix configure check for veracity of compiler error return codes
31 - Fix CMake compilation of static lib for MSVC2010 x64
32 - Remove unused variable in infback9.c
33 - Fix argument checks in gzlog_compress() and gzlog_write()
34 - Clean up the usage of z_const and respect const usage within zlib
35 - Clean up examples/gzlog.[ch] comparisons of different types
36 - Avoid shift equal to bits in type (caused endless loop)
37 - Fix uninitialized value bug in gzputc() introduced by const patches
38 - Fix memory allocation error in examples/zran.c [Nor]
39 - Fix bug where gzopen(), gzclose() would write an empty file
40 - Fix bug in gzclose() when gzwrite() runs out of memory
41 - Check for input buffer malloc failure in examples/gzappend.c
42 - Add note to contrib/blast to use binary mode in stdio
43 - Fix comparisons of differently signed integers in contrib/blast
44 - Check for invalid code length codes in contrib/puff
45 - Fix serious but very rare decompression bug in inftrees.c
46 - Update inflateBack() comments, since inflate() can be faster
47 - Use underscored I/O function names for WINAPI_FAMILY
48 - Add _tr_flush_bits to the external symbols prefixed by --zprefix
49 - Add contrib/vstudio/vc10 pre-build step for static only
50 - Quote --version-script argument in CMakeLists.txt
51 - Don't specify --version-script on Apple platforms in CMakeLists.txt
52 - Fix casting error in contrib/testzlib/testzlib.c
53 - Fix types in contrib/minizip to match result of get_crc_table()
54 - Simplify contrib/vstudio/vc10 with 'd' suffix
55 - Add TOP support to win32/Makefile.msc
56 - Support i686 and amd64 assembler builds in CMakeLists.txt
57 - Fix typos in the use of _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE in zconf.h
58 - Add vc11 and vc12 build files to contrib/vstudio
59 - Add gzvprintf() as an undocumented function in zlib
60 - Fix configure for Sun shell
```

```
61 - Remove runtime check in configure for four-byte integer type
62 - Add casts and consts to ease user conversion to C++
63 - Add man pages for minizip and miniunzip
64 - In Makefile uninstall, don't rm if preceding cd fails
65 - Do not return Z_BUF_ERROR if deflateParam() has nothing to write

67 Changes in 1.2.7 (2 May 2012)
68 - Replace use of memmove() with a simple copy for portability
69 - Test for existence of strerror
70 - Restore gzgetc_ for backward compatibility with 1.2.6
71 - Fix build with non-GNU make on Solaris
72 - Require gcc 4.0 or later on Mac OS X to use the hidden attribute
73 - Include unistd.h for Watcom C
74 - Use _WATCOMC_ instead of _WATCOM__
75 - Do not use the visibility attribute if NO_VIZ defined
76 - Improve the detection of no hidden visibility attribute
77 - Avoid using __int64 for gcc or solo compilation
78 - Cast to char * in gzprintf to avoid warnings [Zinser]
79 - Fix make_vms.com for VAX [Zinser]
80 - Don't use library or built-in byte swaps
81 - Simplify test and use of gcc hidden attribute
82 - Fix bug in gzclose_w() when gzwrite() fails to allocate memory
83 - Add "x" (O_EXCL) and "e" (O_CLOEXEC) modes support to gzopen()
84 - Fix bug in test/minigzip.c for configure --solo
85 - Fix contrib/vstudio project link errors [Mohanathas]
86 - Add ability to choose the builder in make_vms.com [Schweda]
87 - Add DESTDIR support to mingw32 win32/Makefile.gcc
88 - Fix comments in win32/Makefile.gcc for proper usage
89 - Allow overriding the default install locations for cmake
90 - Generate and install the pkg-config file with cmake
91 - Build both a static and a shared version of zlib with cmake
92 - Include version symbols for cmake builds
93 - If using cmake with MSVC, add the source directory to the includes
94 - Remove unneeded EXTRA_CFLAGS from win32/Makefile.gcc [Truta]
95 - Move obsolete emx makefile to old [Truta]
96 - Allow the use of -Wundef when compiling or using zlib
97 - Avoid the use of the -u option with mktemp
98 - Improve inflate() documentation on the use of Z_FINISH
99 - Recognize clang as gcc
100 - Add gzopen_w() in Windows for wide character path names
101 - Rename zconf.h in CMakeLists.txt to move it out of the way
102 - Add source directory in CMakeLists.txt for building examples
103 - Look in build directory for zlib.pc in CMakeLists.txt
104 - Remove gzflags from zlibvc.def in vc9 and vc10
105 - Fix contrib/minizip compilation in the MinGW environment
106 - Update ./configure for Solaris, support --64 [Mooney]
107 - Remove -R. from Solaris shared build (possible security issue)
108 - Avoid race condition for parallel make (-j) running example
109 - Fix type mismatch between get_crc_table() and crc_table
110 - Fix parsing of version with "-" in CMakeLists.txt [Snider, Ziegler]
111 - Fix the path to zlib.map in CMakeLists.txt
112 - Force the native libtool in Mac OS X to avoid GNU libtool [Beebe]
113 - Add instructions to win32/Makefile.gcc for shared install [Torri]

115 Changes in 1.2.6.1 (12 Feb 2012)
116 - Avoid the use of the Objective-C reserved name "id"
117 - Include io.h in gzguts.h for Microsoft compilers
118 - Fix problem with ./configure --prefix and gzgetc macro
119 - Include gz_header definition when compiling zlib solo
120 - Put gzflags() functionality back in zutil.c
121 - Avoid library header include in crc32.c for Z_SOLO
122 - Use name in GCC_CLASSIC as C compiler for coverage testing, if set
123 - Minor cleanup in contrib/minizip/zip.c [Vollant]
124 - Update make_vms.com [Zinser]
125 - Remove unnecessary gzgetc_ function
126 - Use optimized byte swap operations for Microsoft and GNU [Snyder]
```

127 - Fix minor typo in zlib.h comments [Rzesniowiecki]

129 Changes in 1.2.6 (29 Jan 2012)

130 - Update the Pascal interface in contrib/pascal

131 - Fix function numbers for gzgetc_ in zlibvc.def files

132 - Fix configure.ac for contrib/minizip [Schiffer]

133 - Fix large-entry detection in minizip on 64-bit systems [Schiffer]

134 - Have ./configure use the compiler return code for error indication

135 - Fix CMakeLists.txt for cross compilation [McClure]

136 - Fix contrib/minizip/zip.c for 64-bit architectures [Dalsnes]

137 - Fix compilation of contrib/minizip on FreeBSD [Marquez]

138 - Correct suggested usages in win32/Makefile.msc [Shachar, Horvath]

139 - Include io.h for Turbo C / Borland C on all platforms [Truta]

140 - Make version explicit in contrib/minizip/configure.ac [Bosmans]

141 - Avoid warning for no encryption in contrib/minizip/zip.c [Vollant]

142 - Minor cleanup up contrib/minizip/unzip.c [Vollant]

143 - Fix bug when compiling minizip with C++ [Vollant]

144 - Protect for long name and extra fields in contrib/minizip [Vollant]

145 - Avoid some warnings in contrib/minizip [Vollant]

146 - Add -I../.. -L../.. to CFLAGS for minizip and miniunzip

147 - Add missing libs to minizip linker command

148 - Add support for VPATH builds in contrib/minizip

149 - Add an --enable-demos option to contrib/minizip/configure

150 - Add the generation of configure.log by ./configure

151 - Exit when required parameters not provided to win32/Makefile.gcc

152 - Have gzputc return the character written instead of the argument

153 - Use the -m option on ldconfig for BSD systems [Tobias]

154 - Correct in zlib.map when deflateResetKeep was added

156 Changes in 1.2.5.3 (15 Jan 2012)

157 - Restore gzgetc function for binary compatibility

158 - Do not use _lseeki64 under Borland C++ [Truta]

159 - Update win32/Makefile.msc to build test/*.c [Truta]

160 - Remove old/visualc6 given CMakefile and other alternatives

161 - Update AS400 build files and documentation [Monnerat]

162 - Update win32/Makefile.gcc to build test/*.c [Truta]

163 - Permit stronger flushes after Z_BLOCK flushes

164 - Avoid extraneous empty blocks when doing empty flushes

165 - Permit Z_NULL arguments to deflatePending

166 - Allow deflatePrime() to insert bits in the middle of a stream

167 - Remove second empty static block for Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH

168 - Write out all of the available bits when using Z_BLOCK

169 - Insert the first two strings in the hash table after a flush

171 Changes in 1.2.5.2 (17 Dec 2011)

172 - fix ld error: unable to find version dependency 'ZLIB_1.2.5'

173 - use relative symlinks for shared libs

174 - Avoid searching past window for Z_RLE strategy

175 - Assure that high-water mark initialization is always applied in deflate

176 - Add assertions to fill_window() in deflate.c to match comments

177 - Update python link in README

178 - Correct spelling error in gzread.c

179 - Fix bug in gzgets() for a concatenated empty gzip stream

180 - Correct error in comment for gz_make()

181 - Change gzread() and related to ignore junk after gzip streams

182 - Allow gzread() and related to continue after gzclearerr()

183 - Allow gzrewind() and gzseek() after a premature end-of-file

184 - Simplify gzseek() now that raw after gzip is ignored

185 - Change gzgetc() to a macro for speed (~40% speedup in testing)

186 - Fix gzclose() to return the actual error last encountered

187 - Always add large file support for windows

188 - Include zconf.h for windows large file support

189 - Include zconf.h.cmakein for windows large file support

190 - Update zconf.h.cmakein on make distclean

191 - Merge vestigial vsnprintf determination from zutil.h to gzguts.h

192 - Clarify how gzopen() appends in zlib.h comments

193 - Correct documentation of gzdirect() since junk at end now ignored

194 - Add a transparent write mode to gzopen() when 'T' is in the mode

195 - Update python link in zlib man page

196 - Get infixed.h and MAKEFIXED result to match

197 - Add a ./config --solo option to make zlib subset with no library use

198 - Add undocumented inflateResetKeep() function for CAB file decoding

199 - Add --cover option to ./configure for gcc coverage testing

200 - Add #define ZLIB_CONST option to use const in the z_stream interface

201 - Add comment to gzdup() in zlib.h to use dup() when using fileno()

202 - Note behavior of uncompress() to provide as much data as it can

203 - Add files in contrib/minizip to aid in building libminizip

204 - Split off AR options in Makefile.in and configure

205 - Change ON macro to Z_ARG to avoid application conflicts

206 - Facilitate compilation with Borland C++ for pragmas and vsnprintf

207 - Include io.h for Turbo C / Borland C++

208 - Move example.c and minigzip.c to test/

209 - Simplify incomplete code table filling in inflate_table()

210 - Remove code from inflate.c and infback.c that is impossible to execute

211 - Test the inflate code with full coverage

212 - Allow deflateSetDictionary, inflateSetDictionary at any time (in raw)

213 - Add deflateResetKeep and fix inflateResetKeep to retain dictionary

214 - Fix gzwrite.c to accommodate reduced memory zlib compilation

215 - Have inflate() with Z_FINISH avoid the allocation of a window

216 - Do not set strm->adler when doing raw inflate

217 - Fix gzeof() to behave just like feof() when read is not past end of file

218 - Fix bug in gzread.c when end-of-file is reached

219 - Avoid use of Z_BUF_ERROR in gz* functions except for premature EOF

220 - Document gzread() capability to read concurrently written files

221 - Remove hard-coding of resource compiler in CMakeLists.txt [Blammo]

223 Changes in 1.2.5.1 (10 Sep 2011)

224 - Update FAQ entry on shared builds (#13)

225 - Avoid symbolic argument to chmod in Makefile.in

226 - Fix bug and add consts in contrib/puff [Oberhumer]

227 - Update contrib/puff/zeros.raw test file to have all block types

228 - Add full coverage test for puff in contrib/puff/Makefile

229 - Fix static-only-build install in Makefile.in

230 - Fix bug in unGetCurrentFileInfo() in contrib/minizip [Kuno]

231 - Add libz.a dependency to shared in Makefile.in for parallel builds

232 - Spell out "number" (instead of "nb") in zlib.h for total_in, total_out

233 - Replace \$(...) with `...' in configure for non-bash sh [Bowler]

234 - Add darwin* to Darwin* and solaris* to SunOS\ 5* in configure [Groffen]

235 - Add solaris* to Linux* in configure to allow gcc use [Groffen]

236 - Add *bsd* to Linux* case in configure [Bar-Lev]

237 - Add inffast.obj to dependencies in win32/Makefile.msc

238 - Correct spelling error in deflate.h [Kohler]

239 - Change libz.dll.a again to libz.dll.a (!) in win32/Makefile.gcc

240 - Add test to configure for GNU C looking for gcc in output of \$cc -v

241 - Add zlib.pc generation to win32/Makefile.gcc [Weigelt]

242 - Fix bug in zlib.h for _FILE_OFFSET_BITS set and _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE not

243 - Add comment in zlib.h that adler32_combine with len2 < 0 makes no sense

244 - Make NO_DIVIDE option in adler32.c much faster (thanks to John Reiser)

245 - Make stronger test in zconf.h to include unistd.h for LFS

246 - Apply Darwin patches for 64-bit file offsets to contrib/minizip [Slack]

247 - Fix zlib.h LFS support when Z_PREFIX used

248 - Add updated as400 support (removed from old) [Monnerat]

249 - Avoid deflate sensitivity to volatile input data

250 - Avoid division in adler32_combine for NO_DIVIDE

251 - Clarify the use of Z_FINISH with deflateBound() amount of space

252 - Set binary for output file in puff.c

253 - Use u4 type for crc_table to avoid conversion warnings

254 - Apply casts in zlib.h to avoid conversion warnings

255 - Add OF to prototypes for adler32_combine_ and crc32_combine_ [Miller]

256 - Improve inflateSync() documentation to note indeterminacy

257 - Add deflatePending() function to return the amount of pending output

258 - Correct the spelling of "specification" in FAQ [Randers-Pehrson]

```

259 - Add a check in configure for stdarg.h, use for gzprintf()
260 - Check that pointers fit in ints when gzprintf() compiled old style
261 - Add dummy name before $(SHAREDLIBV) in Makefile [Bar-Lev, Bowler]
262 - Delete line in configure that adds -L. libz.a to LDFLAGS [Weigelt]
263 - Add debug records in assembler code [Londer]
264 - Update RFC references to use http://tools.ietf.org/html/... [Li]
265 - Add --archs option, use of libtool to configure for Mac OS X [Borstel]

267 Changes in 1.2.5 (19 Apr 2010)
268 - Disable visibility attribute in win32/Makefile.gcc [Bar-Lev]
269 - Default to libdir as sharedlibdir in configure [Nieder]
270 - Update copyright dates on modified source files
271 - Update trees.c to be able to generate modified trees.h
272 - Exit configure for MinGW, suggesting win32/Makefile.gcc
273 - Check for NULL path in gz_open [Homurlu]

275 Changes in 1.2.4.5 (18 Apr 2010)
276 - Set sharedlibdir in configure [Torok]
277 - Set LDFLAGS in Makefile.in [Bar-Lev]
278 - Avoid mkdir objs race condition in Makefile.in [Bowler]
279 - Add ZLIB_INTERNAL in front of internal inter-module functions and arrays
280 - Define ZLIB_INTERNAL to hide internal functions and arrays for GNU C
281 - Don't use hidden attribute when it is a warning generator (e.g. Solaris)

283 Changes in 1.2.4.4 (18 Apr 2010)
284 - Fix CROSS_PREFIX executable testing, CHOST extract, mingw* [Torok]
285 - Undefine _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE in zconf.h if it is zero, but not if empty
286 - Try to use bash or ksh regardless of functionality of /bin/sh
287 - Fix configure incompatibility with NetBSD sh
288 - Remove attempt to run under bash or ksh since have better NetBSD fix
289 - Fix win32/Makefile.gcc for MinGW [Bar-Lev]
290 - Add diagnostic messages when using CROSS_PREFIX in configure
291 - Added --sharedlibdir option to configure [Weigelt]
292 - Use hidden visibility attribute when available [Fryssinger]

294 Changes in 1.2.4.3 (10 Apr 2010)
295 - Only use CROSS_PREFIX in configure for ar and ranlib if they exist
296 - Use CROSS_PREFIX for nm [Bar-Lev]
297 - Assume _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE defined is equivalent to true
298 - Avoid use of undefined symbols in #if with && and ||
299 - Make *64 prototypes in gzguts.h consistent with functions
300 - Add -shared load option for MinGW in configure [Bowler]
301 - Move z_off64_t to public interface, use instead of off64_t
302 - Remove ! from shell test in configure (not portable to Solaris)
303 - Change +0 macro tests to -0 for possibly increased portability

305 Changes in 1.2.4.2 (9 Apr 2010)
306 - Add consistent carriage returns to readme.txt's in masmx86 and masmx64
307 - Really provide prototypes for *64 functions when building without LFS
308 - Only define unlink() in minigzip.c if unistd.h not included
309 - Update README to point to contrib/vstudio project files
310 - Move projects/vc6 to old/ and remove projects/
311 - Include stdlib.h in minigzip.c for setmode() definition under WinCE
312 - Clean up assembler builds in win32/Makefile.msc [Rowe]
313 - Include sys/types.h for Microsoft for off_t definition
314 - Fix memory leak on error in gz_open()
315 - Symbolize nm as $NM in configure [Weigelt]
316 - Use TEST_LDSHARED instead of LDSHARED to link test programs [Weigelt]
317 - Add +0 to _FILE_OFFSET_BITS and _LFS64_LARGEFILE in case not defined
318 - Fix bug in gzEOF() to take into account unused input data
319 - Avoid initialization of structures with variables in puff.c
320 - Updated win32/README-WIN32.txt [Rowe]

322 Changes in 1.2.4.1 (28 Mar 2010)
323 - Remove the use of [a-z] constructs for sed in configure [gentoo 310225]
324 - Remove $(SHAREDLIB) from LIBS in Makefile.in [Creech]

```

```

325 - Restore "for debugging" comment on sprintf() in gzlib.c
326 - Remove fdopen for MVS from gzguts.h
327 - Put new README-WIN32.txt in win32 [Rowe]
328 - Add check for shell to configure and invoke another shell if needed
329 - Fix big fat stinking bug in gzseek() on uncompressed files
330 - Remove vestigial F_OPEN64 define in zutil.h
331 - Set and check the value of _LARGEFILE_SOURCE and _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
332 - Avoid errors on non-LFS systems when applications define LFS macros
333 - Set EXE to ".exe" in configure for MINGW [Kahle]
334 - Match crc32() in crc32.c exactly to the prototype in zlib.h [Sherrill]
335 - Add prefix for cross-compilation in win32/makefile.gcc [Bar-Lev]
336 - Add DLL install in win32/makefile.gcc [Bar-Lev]
337 - Allow Linux* or linux* from uname in configure [Bar-Lev]
338 - Allow ldconfig to be redefined in configure and Makefile.in [Bar-Lev]
339 - Add cross-compilation prefixes to configure [Bar-Lev]
340 - Match type exactly in gz_load() invocation in gzread.c
341 - Match type exactly of zcalloc() in zutil.c to zlib.h alloc_func
342 - Provide prototypes for *64 functions when building zlib without LFS
343 - Don't use -lc when linking shared library on MinGW
344 - Remove errno.h check in configure and vestigial errno code in zutil.h

346 Changes in 1.2.4 (14 Mar 2010)
347 - Fix VER3 extraction in configure for no fourth subversion
348 - Update zlib.3, add docs to Makefile.in to make .pdf out of it
349 - Add zlib.3.pdf to distribution
350 - Don't set error code in gzerror() if passed pointer is NULL
351 - Apply destination directory fixes to CMakeLists.txt [Lowman]
352 - Move #cmakedefine's to a new zconf.in.cmakein
353 - Restore zconf.h for builds that don't use configure or cmake
354 - Add distclean to dummy Makefile for convenience
355 - Update and improve INDEX, README, and FAQ
356 - Update CMakeLists.txt for the return of zconf.h [Lowman]
357 - Update contrib/vstudio/vc9 and vc10 [Vollant]
358 - Change libz.dll.a back to libzdll.a in win32/Makefile.gcc
359 - Apply license and readme changes to contrib/asm686 [Raiter]
360 - Check file name lengths and add -c option in minigzip.c [Li]
361 - Update contrib/amd64 and contrib/masmx86/ [Vollant]
362 - Avoid use of "eof" parameter in trees.c to not shadow library variable
363 - Update make_vms.com for removal of zlibdefs.h [Zinser]
364 - Update assembler code and vstudio projects in contrib [Vollant]
365 - Remove outdated assembler code contrib/masm686 and contrib/asm586
366 - Remove old vc7 and vc8 from contrib/vstudio
367 - Update win32/Makefile.msc, add ZLIB_VER_SUBREVISION [Rowe]
368 - Fix memory leaks in gzclose_r() and gzclose_w(), file leak in gz_open()
369 - Add contrib/gcc_gvmt64 for longest_match and inflate_fast [Vollant]
370 - Remove *64 functions from win32/zlib.def (they're not 64-bit yet)
371 - Fix bug in void-returning vsprintf() case in gzwrite.c
372 - Fix name change from inflate.h in contrib/inflate86/inffas86.c
373 - Check if temporary file exists before removing in make_vms.com [Zinser]
374 - Fix make install and uninstall for --static option
375 - Fix usage of _MSC_VER in gzguts.h and zutil.h [Truta]
376 - Update readme.txt in contrib/masmx64 and masmx86 to assemble

378 Changes in 1.2.3.9 (21 Feb 2010)
379 - Expunge gzio.c
380 - Move as400 build information to old
381 - Fix updates in contrib/minizip and contrib/vstudio
382 - Add const to vsnprintf test in configure to avoid warnings [Weigelt]
383 - Delete zconf.h (made by configure) [Weigelt]
384 - Change zconf.in.h to zconf.h.in per convention [Weigelt]
385 - Check for NULL buf in gzgets()
386 - Return empty string for gzgets() with len == 1 (like fgets())
387 - Fix description of gzgets() in zlib.h for end-of-file, NULL return
388 - Update minizip to 1.1 [Vollant]
389 - Avoid MSVC loss of data warnings in gzread.c, gzwrite.c
390 - Note in zlib.h that gzerror() should be used to distinguish from EOF

```

```

391 - Remove use of snprintf() from gzlib.c
392 - Fix bug in gzseek()
393 - Update contrib/vstudio, adding vc9 and vc10 [Kuno, Vollant]
394 - Fix zconf.h generation in CMakeLists.txt [Lowman]
395 - Improve comments in zconf.h where modified by configure

397 Changes in 1.2.3.8 (13 Feb 2010)
398 - Clean up text files (tabs, trailing whitespace, etc.) [Oberhumer]
399 - Use z_off64_t in gz_zero() and gz_skip() to match state->skip
400 - Avoid comparison problem when sizeof(int) == sizeof(z_off64_t)
401 - Revert to Makefile.in from 1.2.3.6 (live with the clutter)
402 - Fix missing error return in gzflush(), add zlib.h note
403 - Add *64 functions to zlib.map [Levin]
404 - Fix signed/unsigned comparison in gz_comp()
405 - Use SFLAGS when testing shared linking in configure
406 - Add --64 option to ./configure to use -m64 with gcc
407 - Fix ./configure --help to correctly name options
408 - Have make fail if a test fails [Levin]
409 - Avoid buffer overrun in contrib/masmx64/gvmtat64.asm [Simpson]
410 - Remove assembler object files from contrib

412 Changes in 1.2.3.7 (24 Jan 2010)
413 - Always gzopen() with O_LARGEFILE if available
414 - Fix gzdirect() to work immediately after gzopen() or gzopen()
415 - Make gzdirect() more precise when the state changes while reading
416 - Improve zlib.h documentation in many places
417 - Catch memory allocation failure in gz_open()
418 - Complete close operation if seek forward in gzclose_w() fails
419 - Return Z_ERRNO from gzclose_r() if close() fails
420 - Return Z_STREAM_ERROR instead of EOF for gzclose() being passed NULL
421 - Return zero for gzwrite() errors to match zlib.h description
422 - Return -1 on gzputs() error to match zlib.h description
423 - Add zconf.in.h to allow recovery from configure modification [Weigelt]
424 - Fix static library permissions in Makefile.in [Weigelt]
425 - Avoid warnings in configure tests that hide functionality [Weigelt]
426 - Add *BSD and DragonFly to Linux case in configure [gentoo 123571]
427 - Change libz.dll.a to libz.dll.a in win32/Makefile.gcc [gentoo 288212]
428 - Avoid access of uninitialized data for first inflateReset2 call [Gomes]
429 - Keep object files in subdirectories to reduce the clutter somewhat
430 - Remove default Makefile and zlibdefs.h, add dummy Makefile
431 - Add new external functions to Z_PREFIX, remove duplicates, z_z_ -> z_
432 - Remove zlibdefs.h completely -- modify zconf.h instead

434 Changes in 1.2.3.6 (17 Jan 2010)
435 - Avoid void * arithmetic in gzread.c and gzwrite.c
436 - Make compilers happier with const char * for gz_error message
437 - Avoid unused parameter warning in inflate.c
438 - Avoid signed-unsigned comparison warning in inflate.c
439 - Indent #pragma's for traditional C
440 - Fix usage of strwinerror() in glib.c, change to gz_strwinerror()
441 - Correct email address in configure for system options
442 - Update make_vms.com and add make_vms.com to contrib/minizip [Zinser]
443 - Update zlib.map [Brown]
444 - Fix Makefile.in for Solaris 10 make of example64 and minizip64 [Torok]
445 - Apply various fixes to CMakeLists.txt [Lowman]
446 - Add checks on len in gzread() and gzwrite()
447 - Add error message for no more room for gzungetc()
448 - Remove zlib version check in gzwrite()
449 - Defer compression of gzprintf() result until need to
450 - Use snprintf() in gzopen() if available
451 - Remove USE_MMAP configuration determination (only used by minigzip)
452 - Remove examples/pigz.c (available separately)
453 - Update examples/gun.c to 1.6

455 Changes in 1.2.3.5 (8 Jan 2010)
456 - Add space after #if in zutil.h for some compilers

```

```

457 - Fix relatively harmless bug in deflate_fast() [Exarevsky]
458 - Fix same problem in deflate_slow()
459 - Add $(SHAREDLIBV) to LIBS in Makefile.in [Brown]
460 - Add deflate_rle() for faster Z_RLE strategy run-length encoding
461 - Add deflate_huff() for faster Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY encoding
462 - Change name of "write" variable in infast.c to avoid library collisions
463 - Fix premature EOF from gzread() in gzio.c [Brown]
464 - Use zlib header window size if windowBits is 0 in inflateInit2()
465 - Remove compressBound() call in deflate.c to avoid linking compress.o
466 - Replace use of errno in gz* with functions, support WinCE [Alves]
467 - Provide alternative to perror() in minigzip.c for WinCE [Alves]
468 - Don't use _vsnprintf on later versions of MSVC [Lowman]
469 - Add CMake build script and input file [Lowman]
470 - Update contrib/minizip to 1.1 [Svensson, Vollant]
471 - Moved nintendods directory from contrib to .
472 - Replace gzio.c with a new set of routines with the same functionality
473 - Add gzbuffer(), gzoffset(), gzclose_r(), gzclose_w() as part of above
474 - Update contrib/minizip to 1.1b
475 - Change gzEOF() to return 0 on error instead of -1 to agree with zlib.h

477 Changes in 1.2.3.4 (21 Dec 2009)
478 - Use old school .SUFFIXES in Makefile.in for FreeBSD compatibility
479 - Update comments in configure and Makefile.in for default --shared
480 - Fix test -z's in configure [Marquess]
481 - Build examplesh and minigzipsh when not testing
482 - Change NULL's to Z_NULL's in deflate.c and in comments in zlib.h
483 - Import LDFLAGS from the environment in configure
484 - Fix configure to populate SFLAGS with discovered CFLAGS options
485 - Adapt make_vms.com to the new Makefile.in [Zinser]
486 - Add libzansi script for C++ compilation [Marquess]
487 - Add _FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 test to make test (when applicable)
488 - Add AMD64 assembler code for longest match to contrib [Teterin]
489 - Include options from $SFLAGS when doing $LD$SHARED
490 - Simplify 64-bit file support by introducing z_off64_t type
491 - Make shared object files in objs directory to work around old Sun cc
492 - Use only three-part version number for Darwin shared compiles
493 - Add rc option to ar in Makefile.in for when ./configure not run
494 - Add -WI,-rpath,. to LD$SHARED for OSF 1 V4*
495 - Set LD_LIBRARY_PATH for SGI IRIX shared compile
496 - Protect against _FILE_OFFSET_BITS being defined when compiling zlib
497 - Rename Makefile.in targets allstatic to static and allshared to shared
498 - Fix static and shared Makefile.in targets to be independent
499 - Correct error return bug in gz_open() by setting state [Brown]
500 - Put spaces before ;;'s in configure for better sh compatibility
501 - Add pigz.c (parallel implementation of gzip) to examples/
502 - Correct constant in crc32.c to UL [Leventhal]
503 - Reject negative lengths in crc32_combine()
504 - Add inflateReset2() function to work like inflateEnd()/inflateInit2()
505 - Include sys/types.h for _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE [Brown]
506 - Correct typo in doc/algorithm.txt [Janik]
507 - Fix bug in Adler32_combine() [Zhu]
508 - Catch missing-end-of-block-code error in all inflates and in puff
509 - Assures that random input to inflate eventually results in an error
510 - Added enough.c (calculation of ENOUGH for infrees.h) to examples/
511 - Update ENOUGH and its usage to reflect discovered bounds
512 - Fix gzerror() error report on empty input file [Brown]
513 - Add ush casts in trees.c to avoid pedantic runtime errors
514 - Fix typo in zlib.h uncompress() description [Reiss]
515 - Correct inflate() comments with regard to automatic header detection
516 - Remove deprecation comment on Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH (it stays)
517 - Put new version of gzlog (2.0) in examples with interruption recovery
518 - Add puff compile option to permit invalid distance-too-far streams
519 - Add puff TEST command options, ability to read piped input
520 - Prototype the *64 functions in zlib.h when _FILE_OFFSET_BITS == 64, but
521 - _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE not defined
522 - Fix Z_FULL_FLUSH to truly erase the past by resetting s->strstart

```

523 - Fix deflateSetDictionary() to use all 32K for output consistency
 524 - Remove extraneous #define MIN_LOOKAHEAD in deflate.c (in deflate.h)
 525 - Clear bytes after deflate lookahead to avoid use of uninitialized data
 526 - Change a limit in infrees.c to be more transparent to Coverity Prevent
 527 - Update win32/zlib.def with exported symbols from zlib.h
 528 - Correct spelling errors in zlib.h [Willem, Sobrado]
 529 - Allow Z_BLOCK for deflate() to force a new block
 530 - Allow negative bits in inflatePrime() to delete existing bit buffer
 531 - Add Z_TREES flush option to inflate() to return at end of trees
 532 - Add inflateMark() to return current state information for random access
 533 - Add Makefile for NintendoDS to contrib [Costa]
 534 - Add -w in configure compile tests to avoid spurious warnings [Beucler]
 535 - Fix typos in zlib.h comments for deflateSetDictionary()
 536 - Fix EOF detection in transparent gzread() [Maier]

538 Changes in 1.2.3.3 (2 October 2006)

539 - Make --shared the default for configure, add a --static option
 540 - Add compile option to permit invalid distance-too-far streams
 541 - Add inflateUndermine() function which is required to enable above
 542 - Remove use of "this" variable name for C++ compatibility [Marquess]
 543 - Add testing of shared library in make test, if shared library built
 544 - Use ftello() and fseeko() if available instead of ftell() and fseek()
 545 - Provide two versions of all functions that use the z_off_t type for
 546 binary compatibility -- a normal version and a 64-bit offset version,
 547 per the Large File Support Extension when _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE is
 548 defined; use the 64-bit versions by default when _FILE_OFFSET_BITS
 549 is defined to be 64
 550 - Add a --uname= option to configure to perhaps help with cross-compiling

552 Changes in 1.2.3.2 (3 September 2006)

553 - Turn off silly Borland warnings [Hay]
 554 - Use off64_t and define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE when present
 555 - Fix missing dependency on inffixed.h in Makefile.in
 556 - Rig configure --shared to build both shared and static [Teredesai, Truta]
 557 - Remove zconf.in.h and instead create a new zlibdefs.h file
 558 - Fix contrib/minizip/unzip.c non-encrypted after encrypted [Vollant]
 559 - Add treebuild.xml (see <http://treebuild.metux.de/>) [Weigelt]

561 Changes in 1.2.3.1 (16 August 2006)

562 - Add watcom directory with OpenWatcom make files [Daniel]
 563 - Remove #undef of FAR in zconf.in.h for MVS [Fedtke]
 564 - Update make_vms.com [Zinser]
 565 - Use -fPIC for shared build in configure [Teredesai, Nicholson]
 566 - Use only major version number for libz.so on IRIX and OSF1 [Reinholdtsen]
 567 - Use fdopen() (not _fdopen()) for Interix in zutil.h [B ck]
 568 - Add some FAQ entries about the contrib directory
 569 - Update the MVS question in the FAQ
 570 - Avoid extraneous reads after EOF in gzio.c [Brown]
 571 - Correct spelling of "successfully" in gzio.c [Randers-Pehrson]
 572 - Add comments to zlib.h about gzerror() usage [Brown]
 573 - Set extra flags in gzip header in gzopen() like deflate() does
 574 - Make configure options more compatible with double-dash conventions
 575 [Weigelt]
 576 - Clean up compilation under Solaris SunStudio cc [Rowe, Reinholdtsen]
 577 - Fix uninstall target in Makefile.in [Truta]
 578 - Add pkgconfig support [Weigelt]
 579 - Use \$(DESTDIR) macro in Makefile.in [Reinholdtsen, Weigelt]
 580 - Replace set_data_type() with a more accurate detect_data_type() in
 581 trees.c, according to the txtvsbin.txt document [Truta]
 582 - Swap the order of #include <stdio.h> and #include "zlib.h" in
 583 gzio.c, example.c and minizip.c [Truta]
 584 - Shut up annoying VS2005 warnings about standard C deprecation [Rowe,
 585 Truta] (where?)
 586 - Fix target "clean" from win32/Makefile.bor [Truta]
 587 - Create .pdb and .manifest files in win32/makefile.msc [Ziegler, Rowe]
 588 - Update zlib www home address in win32/DLL_FAQ.txt [Truta]

589 - Update contrib/masmx86/inffas32.asm for VS2005 [Vollant, Van Wassenhove]
 590 - Enable browse info in the "Debug" and "ASM Debug" configurations in
 591 the Visual C++ 6 project, and set (non-ASM) "Debug" as default [Truta]
 592 - Add pkgconfig support [Weigelt]
 593 - Add ZLIB_VER_MAJOR, ZLIB_VER_MINOR and ZLIB_VER_REVISION in zlib.h,
 594 for use in win32/zlib1.rc [Polushin, Rowe, Truta]
 595 - Add a document that explains the new text detection scheme to
 596 doc/txtvsbin.txt [Truta]
 597 - Add rfc1950.txt, rfc1951.txt and rfc1952.txt to doc/ [Truta]
 598 - Move algorithm.txt into doc/ [Truta]
 599 - Synchronize FAQ with website
 600 - Fix compressBound(), was low for some pathological cases [Fearnley]
 601 - Take into account wrapper variations in deflateBound()
 602 - Set examples/zpipe.c input and output to binary mode for Windows
 603 - Update examples/zlib_how.html with new zpipe.c (also web site)
 604 - Fix some warnings in examples/gzlog.c and examples/zran.c (it seems
 605 that gcc became pickier in 4.0)
 606 - Add zlib.map for Linux: "All symbols from zlib-1.1.4 remain
 607 un-versioned, the patch adds versioning only for symbols introduced in
 608 zlib-1.2.0 or later. It also declares as local those symbols which are
 609 not designed to be exported." [Levin]
 610 - Update Z_PREFIX list in zconf.in.h, add --zprefix option to configure
 611 - Do not initialize global static by default in trees.c, add a response
 612 NO_INIT_GLOBAL_POINTERS to initialize them if needed [Marquess]
 613 - Don't use strerror() in gzio.c under WinCE [Yakimov]
 614 - Don't use errno.h in zutil.h under WinCE [Yakimov]
 615 - Move arguments for AR to its usage to allow replacing ar [Marot]
 616 - Add HAVE_VISIBILITY_PRAGMA in zconf.in.h for Mozilla [Randers-Pehrson]
 617 - Improve inflateInit() and inflateInit2() documentation
 618 - Fix structure size comment in inflate.h
 619 - Change configure help option from --h* to --help [Santos]

621 Changes in 1.2.3 (18 July 2005)

622 - Apply security vulnerability fixes to contrib/infbck9 as well
 623 - Clean up some text files (carriage returns, trailing space)
 624 - Update testzlib, vstudio, masmx64, and masmx86 in contrib [Vollant]

626 Changes in 1.2.2.4 (11 July 2005)

627 - Add inflatePrime() function for starting inflation at bit boundary
 628 - Avoid some Visual C warnings in deflate.c
 629 - Avoid more silly Visual C warnings in inflate.c and infrees.c for 64-bit
 630 compile
 631 - Fix some spelling errors in comments [Betts]
 632 - Correct inflateInit2() error return documentation in zlib.h
 633 - Add zran.c example of compressed data random access to examples
 634 directory, shows use of inflatePrime()
 635 - Fix cast for assignments to strm->state in inflate.c and infback.c
 636 - Fix zlibCompileFlags() in zutil.c to use lL for long shifts [Oberhumer]
 637 - Move declarations of gf2 functions to right place in crc32.c [Oberhumer]
 638 - Add cast in trees.c t avoid a warning [Oberhumer]
 639 - Avoid some warnings in fitblk.c, gun.c, gzjoin.c in examples [Oberhumer]
 640 - Update make_vms.com [Zinser]
 641 - Initialize state->write in inflateReset() since copied in inflate_fast()
 642 - Be more strict on incomplete code sets in inflate_table() and increase
 643 ENOUGH and MAXD -- this repairs a possible security vulnerability for
 644 invalid inflate input. Thanks to Tavis Ormandy and Markus Oberhumer for
 645 discovering the vulnerability and providing test cases.
 646 - Add ia64 support to configure for HP-UX [Smith]
 647 - Add error return to gzread() for format or i/o error [Levin]
 648 - Use malloc.h for OS/2 [Necasek]

650 Changes in 1.2.2.3 (27 May 2005)

651 - Replace lU constants in inflate.c and infrees.c for 64-bit compile
 652 - Typecast fread() return values in gzio.c [Vollant]
 653 - Remove trailing space in minizip.c outmode (VC++ can't deal with it)
 654 - Fix crc check bug in gzread() after gzungetc() [Heiner]

655 - Add the deflateTune() function to adjust internal compression parameters
 656 - Add a fast gzip decompressor, gun.c, to examples (use of inflateBack)
 657 - Remove an incorrect assertion in examples/zpipe.c
 658 - Add C++ wrapper in infback9.h [Donais]
 659 - Fix bug in inflateCopy() when decoding fixed codes
 660 - Note in zlib.h how much deflateSetDictionary() actually uses
 661 - Remove USE_DICT_HEAD in deflate.c (would mess up inflate if used)
 662 - Add _WIN32_WCE to define WIN32 in zconf.in.h [Spencer]
 663 - Don't include stderr.h or errno.h for _WIN32_WCE in zutil.h [Spencer]
 664 - Add gzdirect() function to indicate transparent reads
 665 - Update contrib/minizip [Vollant]
 666 - Fix compilation of deflate.c when both ASMV and FASTEST [Oberhumer]
 667 - Add casts in crc32.c to avoid warnings [Oberhumer]
 668 - Add contrib/masmx64 [Vollant]
 669 - Update contrib/asm586, asm686, masmx86, testzlib, vstudio [Vollant]

671 Changes in 1.2.2.2 (30 December 2004)

672 - Replace structure assignments in deflate.c and inflate.c with zmemcpy to
 673 avoid implicit memcpy calls (portability for no-library compilation)
 674 - Increase sprintf() buffer size in gzdupen() to allow for large numbers
 675 - Add INFLATE_STRICT to check distances against zlib header
 676 - Improve WinCE errno handling and comments [Chang]
 677 - Remove comment about no gzip header processing in FAQ
 678 - Add Z_FIXED strategy option to deflateInit2() to force fixed trees
 679 - Add updated make_vms.com [Coghlan], update README
 680 - Create a new "examples" directory, move gzappend.c there, add zpipe.c,
 681 fitblk.c, gzlog.[ch], gzjoin.c, and zlib_how.html.
 682 - Add FAQ entry and comments in deflate.c on uninitialized memory access
 683 - Add Solaris 9 make options in configure [Gilbert]
 684 - Allow strerror() usage in gzio.c for STDC
 685 - Fix DecompressBuf in contrib/delphi/ZLib.pas [ManChesTer]
 686 - Update contrib/masmx86/inffas32.asm and gymat32.asm [Vollant]
 687 - Use z_off_t for adler32_combine() and crc32_combine() lengths
 688 - Make adler32() much faster for small len
 689 - Use OS_CODE in deflate() default gzip header

691 Changes in 1.2.2.1 (31 October 2004)

692 - Allow inflateSetDictionary() call for raw inflate
 693 - Fix inflate header crc check bug for file names and comments
 694 - Add deflateSetHeader() and gz_header structure for custom gzip headers
 695 - Add inflateGetHeader() to retrieve gzip headers
 696 - Add crc32_combine() and adler32_combine() functions
 697 - Add alloc_func, free_func, in_func, out_func to Z_PREFIX list
 698 - Use zstream consistently in zlib.h (inflate_back functions)
 699 - Remove GUNZIP condition from definition of inflate_mode in inflate.h
 700 and in contrib/inflate86/inffast.S [Truta, Anderson]
 701 - Add support for AMD64 in contrib/inflate86/inffas86.c [Anderson]
 702 - Update projects/README.projects and projects/visualc6 [Truta]
 703 - Update win32/DLL_FAQ.txt [Truta]
 704 - Avoid warning under NO_GZCOMPRESS in gzio.c; fix typo [Truta]
 705 - Deprecate Z_ASCII; use Z_TEXT instead [Truta]
 706 - Use a new algorithm for setting strm->data_type in trees.c [Truta]
 707 - Do not define an exit() prototype in zutil.c unless DEBUG defined
 708 - Remove prototype of exit() from zutil.c, example.c, minizip.c [Truta]
 709 - Add comment in zlib.h for Z_NO_FLUSH parameter to deflate()
 710 - Fix Darwin build version identification [Peterson]

712 Changes in 1.2.2 (3 October 2004)

713 - Update zlib.h comments on gzip in-memory processing
 714 - Set adler to 1 in inflateReset() to support Java test suite [Wallis]
 715 - Add contrib/dotzlib [Ravn]
 716 - Update win32/DLL_FAQ.txt [Truta]
 717 - Update contrib/minizip [Vollant]
 718 - Move contrib/visual-basic.txt to old/ [Truta]
 719 - Fix assembler builds in projects/visualc6/ [Truta]

721 Changes in 1.2.1.2 (9 September 2004)

722 - Update INDEX file
 723 - Fix trees.c to update strm->data_type (no one ever noticed!)
 724 - Fix bug in error case in inflate.c, infback.c, and infback9.c [Brown]
 725 - Add "volatile" to crc table flag declaration (for DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE)
 726 - Add limited multitasking protection to DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE
 727 - Add NO_vsnprintf for VMS in zutil.h [Mozilla]
 728 - Don't declare strerror() under VMS [Mozilla]
 729 - Add comment to DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE to use get_crc_table() to initialize
 730 - Update contrib/ada [Anisimkov]
 731 - Update contrib/minizip [Vollant]
 732 - Fix configure to not hardcode directories for Darwin [Peterson]
 733 - Fix gzio.c to not return error on empty files [Brown]
 734 - Fix indentation; update version in contrib/delphi/ZLib.pas and
 735 contrib/pascal/zlibpas.pas [Truta]
 736 - Update mkasm.bat in contrib/masmx86 [Truta]
 737 - Update contrib/untgz [Truta]
 738 - Add projects/README.projects [Truta]
 739 - Add project for MS Visual C++ 6.0 in projects/visualc6 [Cadieux, Truta]
 740 - Update win32/DLL_FAQ.txt [Truta]
 741 - Update list of Z_PREFIX symbols in zconf.h [Randers-Pehrson, Truta]
 742 - Remove an unnecessary assignment to curr in inftrees.c [Truta]
 743 - Add OS/2 to exe builds in configure [Poltorak]
 744 - Remove err dummy parameter in zlib.h [Kientzle]

746 Changes in 1.2.1.1 (9 January 2004)

747 - Update email address in README
 748 - Several FAQ updates
 749 - Fix a big fat bug in inftrees.c that prevented decoding valid
 750 dynamic blocks with only literals and no distance codes --
 751 Thanks to "Hot Emu" for the bug report and sample file
 752 - Add a note to puff.c on no distance codes case.

754 Changes in 1.2.1 (17 November 2003)

755 - Remove a tab in contrib/gzappend/gzappend.c
 756 - Update some interfaces in contrib for new zlib functions
 757 - Update zlib version number in some contrib entries
 758 - Add Windows CE definition for ptrdiff_t in zutil.h [Mai, Truta]
 759 - Support shared libraries on Hurd and KFreeBSD [Brown]
 760 - Fix error in NO_DIVIDE option of adler32.c

762 Changes in 1.2.0.8 (4 November 2003)

763 - Update version in contrib/delphi/ZLib.pas and contrib/pascal/zlibpas.pas
 764 - Add experimental NO_DIVIDE #define in adler32.c
 765 - Possibly faster on some processors (let me know if it is)
 766 - Correct Z_BLOCK to not return on first inflate call if no wrap
 767 - Fix strm->data_type on inflate() return to correctly indicate EOB
 768 - Add deflatePrime() function for appending in the middle of a byte
 769 - Add contrib/gzappend for an example of appending to a stream
 770 - Update win32/DLL_FAQ.txt [Truta]
 771 - Delete Turbo C comment in README [Truta]
 772 - Improve some indentation in zconf.h [Truta]
 773 - Fix infinite loop on bad input in configure script [Church]
 774 - Fix gzeof() for concatenated gzip files [Johnson]
 775 - Add example to contrib/visual-basic.txt [Michael B.]
 776 - Add -p to mkdir's in Makefile.in [vda]
 777 - Fix configure to properly detect presence or lack of printf functions
 778 - Add AS400 support [Monnerat]
 779 - Add a little Cygwin support [Wilson]

781 Changes in 1.2.0.7 (21 September 2003)

782 - Correct some debug formats in contrib/infback9
 783 - Cast a type in a debug statement in trees.c
 784 - Change search and replace delimiter in configure from % to # [Beebe]
 785 - Update contrib/untgz to 0.2 with various fixes [Truta]
 786 - Add build support for Amiga [Nikl]

787 - Remove some directories in old that have been updated to 1.2
788 - Add dylib building for Mac OS X in configure and Makefile.in
789 - Remove old distribution stuff from Makefile
790 - Update README to point to DLL_FAQ.txt, and add comment on Mac OS X
791 - Update links in README

793 Changes in 1.2.0.6 (13 September 2003)
794 - Minor FAQ updates
795 - Update contrib/minizip to 1.00 [Vollant]
796 - Remove test of gz functions in example.c when GZ_COMPRESS defined [Truta]
797 - Add Z_BLOCK flush option to return from inflate at block boundary
798 - Add contrib/inffast9 with deflate64 decoding (unsupported)
799 - For MVS define NO_vsnprintf and undefine FAR [van Burik]
800 - Add pragma for fdopen on MVS [van Burik]

802 Changes in 1.2.0.5 (8 September 2003)
803 - Add OF to inflateBackEnd() declaration in zlib.h
804 - Remember start when using gzopen in the middle of a file
805 - Use internal off_t counters in gz* functions to properly handle seeks
806 - Perform more rigorous check for distance-too-far in inffast.c
807 - Add Z_BLOCK flush option to return from inflate at block boundary
808 - Set strm->data_type on return from inflate
809 - Indicate bits unused, if at block boundary, and if in last block
810 - Replace size_t with ptrdiff_t in crc32.c, and check for correct size
811 - Add condition so old NO_DEFLATE define still works for compatibility
812 - FAQ update regarding the Windows DLL [Truta]
813 - INDEX update: add qnx entry, remove aix entry [Truta]
814 - Install zlib.3 into mandir [Wilson]
815 - Move contrib/zlib_dll_FAQ.txt to win32/DLL_FAQ.txt; update [Truta]
816 - Adapt the zlib interface to the new DLL convention guidelines [Truta]
817 - Introduce ZLIB_WINAPI macro to allow the export of functions using
818 the WINAPI calling convention, for Visual Basic [Vollant, Truta]
819 - Update msdos and win32 scripts and makefiles [Truta]
820 - Export symbols by name, not by ordinal, in win32/zlib.def [Truta]
821 - Add contrib/ada [Anisimkov]
822 - Move asm files from contrib/vstudio/vc70_32 to contrib/asm386 [Truta]
823 - Rename contrib/asm386 to contrib/masmx86 [Truta, Vollant]
824 - Add contrib/masm686 [Truta]
825 - Fix offsets in contrib/inflate86 and contrib/masmx86/inffas32.asm
826 [Truta, Vollant]
827 - Update contrib/delphi; rename to contrib/pascal; add example [Truta]
828 - Remove contrib/delphi2; add a new contrib/delphi [Truta]
829 - Avoid inclusion of the nonstandard <memory.h> in contrib/iostream,
830 and fix some method prototypes [Truta]
831 - Fix the ZCR_SEED2 constant to avoid warnings in contrib/minizip
832 [Truta]
833 - Avoid the use of backslash (\) in contrib/minizip [Vollant]
834 - Fix file time handling in contrib/untgz; update makefiles [Truta]
835 - Update contrib/vstudio/vc70_32 to comply with the new DLL guidelines
836 [Vollant]
837 - Remove contrib/vstudio/vc15_16 [Vollant]
838 - Rename contrib/vstudio/vc70_32 to contrib/vstudio/vc7 [Truta]
839 - Update README.contrib [Truta]
840 - Invert the assignment order of match_head and s->prev[...] in
841 INSERT_STRING [Truta]
842 - Compare TOO_FAR with 32767 instead of 32768, to avoid 16-bit warnings
843 [Truta]
844 - Compare function pointers with 0, not with NULL or Z_NULL [Truta]
845 - Fix prototype of syncsearch in inflate.c [Truta]
846 - Introduce ASMINF macro to be enabled when using an ASM implementation
847 of inflate_fast [Truta]
848 - Change NO_DEFLATE to NO_GZCOMPRESS [Truta]
849 - Modify test_gzio in example.c to take a single file name as a
850 parameter [Truta]
851 - Exit the example.c program if gzopen fails [Truta]
852 - Add type casts around strlen in example.c [Truta]

853 - Remove casting to sizeof in minigzip.c; give a proper type
854 to the variable compared with SUFFIX_LEN [Truta]
855 - Update definitions of STDC and STDC99 in zconf.h [Truta]
856 - Synchronize zconf.h with the new Windows DLL interface [Truta]
857 - Use SYS16BIT instead of __32BIT__ to distinguish between
858 16- and 32-bit platforms [Truta]
859 - Use far memory allocators in small 16-bit memory models for
860 Turbo C [Truta]
861 - Add info about the use of ASMV, ASMINF and ZLIB_WINAPI in
862 zlibCompileFlags [Truta]
863 - Cygwin has vsnprintf [Wilson]
864 - In Windows16, OS_CODE is 0, as in MSDOS [Truta]
865 - In Cygwin, OS_CODE is 3 (Unix), not 11 (Windows32) [Wilson]

867 Changes in 1.2.0.4 (10 August 2003)
868 - Minor FAQ updates
869 - Be more strict when checking inflateInit2's windowBits parameter
870 - Change NO_GUNZIP compile option to NO_GZIP to cover deflate as well
871 - Add gzip wrapper option to deflateInit2 using windowBits
872 - Add updated QNX rule in configure and qnx directory [Bonnefoy]
873 - Make inflate distance-too-far checks more rigorous
874 - Clean up FAR usage in inflate
875 - Add casting to sizeof() in gzio.c and minigzip.c

877 Changes in 1.2.0.3 (19 July 2003)
878 - Fix silly error in gzungetc() implementation [Vollant]
879 - Update contrib/minizip and contrib/vstudio [Vollant]
880 - Fix printf format in example.c
881 - Correct cdecl support in zconf.in.h [Anisimkov]
882 - Minor FAQ updates

884 Changes in 1.2.0.2 (13 July 2003)
885 - Add ZLIB_VERNUM in zlib.h for numerical preprocessor comparisons
886 - Attempt to avoid warnings in crc32.c for pointer-int conversion
887 - Add AIX to configure, remove aix directory [Bakker]
888 - Add some casts to minigzip.c
889 - Improve checking after insecure sprintf() or vsprintf() calls
890 - Remove #elif's from crc32.c
891 - Change leave label to inf_leave in inflate.c and inffast.c to avoid
892 library conflicts
893 - Remove inflate gzip decoding by default--only enable gzip decoding by
894 special request for stricter backward compatibility
895 - Add zlibCompileFlags() function to return compilation information
896 - More typecasting in deflate.c to avoid warnings
897 - Remove leading underscore from _Capital #defines [Truta]
898 - Fix configure to link shared library when testing
899 - Add some Windows CE target adjustments [Mai]
900 - Remove #define ZLIB_DLL in zconf.h [Vollant]
901 - Add zlib.3 [Rodgers]
902 - Update RFC URL in deflate.c and algorithm.txt [Mai]
903 - Add zlib_dll_FAQ.txt to contrib [Truta]
904 - Add UL to some constants [Truta]
905 - Update minizip and vstudio [Vollant]
906 - Remove vestigial NEED_DUMMY_RETURN from zconf.in.h
907 - Expand use of NO_DUMMY_DECL to avoid all dummy structures
908 - Added iostream3 to contrib [Schwardt]
909 - Replace rewind() with fseek() for WinCE [Truta]
910 - Improve setting of zlib format compression level flags
911 - Report 0 for huffman and rle strategies and for level == 0 or 1
912 - Report 2 only for level == 6
913 - Only deal with 64K limit when necessary at compile time [Truta]
914 - Allow TOO_FAR check to be turned off at compile time [Truta]
915 - Add gzclearerr() function [Souza]
916 - Add gzungetc() function

918 Changes in 1.2.0.1 (17 March 2003)

919 - Add Z_RLE strategy for run-length encoding [Truta]
 920 - When Z_RLE requested, restrict matches to distance one
 921 - Update zlib.h, minigzip.c, gzopen(), gzclose() for Z_RLE
 922 - Correct FASTEST compilation to allow level == 0
 923 - Clean up what gets compiled for FASTEST
 924 - Incorporate changes to zconf.in.h [Vollant]
 925 - Refine detection of Turbo C need for dummy returns
 926 - Refine ZLIB_DLL compilation
 927 - Include additional header file on VMS for off_t typedef
 928 - Try to use _vsprintf where it supplants vsprintf [Vollant]
 929 - Add some casts in inffast.c
 930 - Enhance comments in zlib.h on what happens if gzprintf() tries to
 931 write more than 4095 bytes before compression
 932 - Remove unused state from inflateBackEnd()
 933 - Remove exit(0) from minigzip.c, example.c
 934 - Get rid of all those darn tabs
 935 - Add "check" target to Makefile.in that does the same thing as "test"
 936 - Add "mostlyclean" and "maintainer-clean" targets to Makefile.in
 937 - Update contrib/inflate86 [Anderson]
 938 - Update contrib/testzlib, contrib/vstudio, contrib/minizip [Vollant]
 939 - Add msdos and win32 directories with makefiles [Truta]
 940 - More additions and improvements to the FAQ

942 Changes in 1.2.0 (9 March 2003)

943 - New and improved inflate code
 944 - About 20% faster
 945 - Does not allocate 32K window unless and until needed
 946 - Automatically detects and decompresses gzip streams
 947 - Raw inflate no longer needs an extra dummy byte at end
 948 - Added inflateBack functions using a callback interface--even faster
 949 than inflate, useful for file utilities (gzip, zip)
 950 - Added inflateCopy() function to record state for random access on
 951 externally generated deflate streams (e.g. in gzip files)
 952 - More readable code (I hope)
 953 - New and improved crc32()
 954 - About 50% faster, thanks to suggestions from Rodney Brown
 955 - Add deflateBound() and compressBound() functions
 956 - Fix memory leak in deflateInit2()
 957 - Permit setting dictionary for raw deflate (for parallel deflate)
 958 - Fix const declaration for gzwrite()
 959 - Check for some malloc() failures in gzio.c
 960 - Fix bug in gzopen() on single-byte file 0x1f
 961 - Fix bug in gzread() on concatenated file with 0x1f at end of buffer
 962 and next buffer doesn't start with 0x8b
 963 - Fix uncompress() to return Z_DATA_ERROR on truncated input
 964 - Free memory at end of example.c
 965 - Remove MAX #define in trees.c (conflicted with some libraries)
 966 - Fix static const's in deflate.c, gzio.c, and zutil.[ch]
 967 - Declare malloc() and free() in gzio.c if STDC not defined
 968 - Use malloc() instead of calloc() in zutil.c if int big enough
 969 - Define STDC for AIX
 970 - Add aix/ with approach for compiling shared library on AIX
 971 - Add HP-UX support for shared libraries in configure
 972 - Add OpenUNIX support for shared libraries in configure
 973 - Use \$cc instead of gcc to build shared library
 974 - Make prefix directory if needed when installing
 975 - Correct Macintosh avoidance of typedef Byte in zconf.h
 976 - Correct Turbo C memory allocation when under Linux
 977 - Use libz.a instead of -lz in Makefile (assume use of compiled library)
 978 - Update configure to check for sprintf or vsprintf functions and their
 979 return value, warn during make if using an insecure function
 980 - Fix configure problem with compile-time knowledge of HAVE_UNISTD_H that
 981 is lost when library is used--resolution is to build new zconf.h
 982 - Documentation improvements (in zlib.h):
 983 - Document raw deflate and inflate
 984 - Update RFCs URL

985 - Point out that zlib and gzip formats are different
 986 - Note that Z_BUF_ERROR is not fatal
 987 - Document string limit for gzprintf() and possible buffer overflow
 988 - Note requirement on avail_out when flushing
 989 - Note permitted values of flush parameter of inflate()
 990 - Add some FAQs (and even answers) to the FAQ
 991 - Add contrib/inflate86/ for x86 faster inflate
 992 - Add contrib/blast/ for PKWare Data Compression Library decompression
 993 - Add contrib/puff/ simple inflate for deflate format description

995 Changes in 1.1.4 (11 March 2002)

996 - ZFREE was repeated on same allocation on some error conditions.
 997 This creates a security problem described in
 998 <http://www.zlib.org/advisory-2002-03-11.txt>
 999 - Returned incorrect error (Z_MEM_ERROR) on some invalid data
 1000 - Avoid accesses before window for invalid distances with inflate window
 1001 less than 32K.
 1002 - force windowBits > 8 to avoid a bug in the encoder for a window size
 1003 of 256 bytes. (A complete fix will be available in 1.1.5).

1005 Changes in 1.1.3 (9 July 1998)

1006 - fix "an inflate input buffer bug that shows up on rare but persistent
 1007 occasions" (Mark)
 1008 - fix gzread and gztell for concatenated .gz files (Didier Le Botlan)
 1009 - fix gzseek(..., SEEK_SET) in write mode
 1010 - fix crc check after a gzseek (Frank Faubert)
 1011 - fix minizip when the last entry in a zip file is itself a zip file
 1012 (J Lillge)
 1013 - add contrib/asm586 and contrib/asm686 (Brian Raiter)
 1014 See <http://www.muppetlabs.com/~breadbox/software/assembly.html>
 1015 - add support for Delphi 3 in contrib/delphi (Bob Dellaca)
 1016 - add support for C++Builder 3 and Delphi 3 in contrib/delphi2 (Davide Moretti)
 1017 - do not exit prematurely in untgz if 0 at start of block (Magnus Holmgren)
 1018 - use macro EXTERN instead of extern to support DLL for BeOS (Sander Stoks)
 1019 - added a FAQ file

1021 - Support gzclose on Mac with Metrowerks (Jason Linhart)
 1022 - Do not redefine Byte on Mac (Brad Pettit & Jason Linhart)
 1023 - define SEEK_END too if SEEK_SET is not defined (Albert Chin-A-Young)
 1024 - avoid some warnings with Borland C (Tom Tanner)
 1025 - fix a problem in contrib/minizip/zip.c for 16-bit MSDOS (Gilles Vollant)
 1026 - emulate utime() for WIN32 in contrib/untgz (Gilles Vollant)
 1027 - allow several arguments to configure (Tim Mooney, Frodo Looijaard)
 1028 - use libdir and includedir in Makefile.in (Tim Mooney)
 1029 - support shared libraries on OS/2 (Tim Mooney)
 1030 - remove so_locations in "make clean" (Tim Mooney)
 1031 - fix maketree.c compilation error (Glenn, Mark)
 1032 - Python interface to zlib now in Python 1.5 (Jeremy Hylton)
 1033 - new Makefile.riscos (Rich Walker)
 1034 - initialize static descriptors in trees.c for embedded targets (Nick Smith)
 1035 - use "foo-gz" in example.c for RISCOS and VMS (Nick Smith)
 1036 - add the OS/2 files in Makefile.in too (Andrew Zabolotny)
 1037 - fix fdopen and halloc macros for Microsoft C 6.0 (Tom Lane)
 1038 - fix maketree.c to allow clean compilation of infixed.h (Mark)
 1039 - fix parameter check in deflateCopy (Gunter Nikl)
 1040 - cleanup trees.c, use compressed_len only in debug mode (Christian Spieler)
 1041 - Many portability patches by Christian Spieler:
 1042 . zutil.c, zutil.h: added "const" for zmem*
 1043 . Make_vms.com: fixed some typos
 1044 . Make_vms.com: msdos/Makefile.*: removed zutil.h from some dependency lists
 1045 . msdos/Makefile.msc: remove "default rtl link library" info from obj files
 1046 . msdos/Makefile.*: use model-dependent name for the built zlib library
 1047 . msdos/Makefile.emx, nt/Makefile.emx, nt/Makefile.gcc:
 1048 new makefiles, for emx (DOS/OS2), emx&rsxnt and mingw32 (Windows 9x / NT)
 1049 - use define instead of typedef for Bytef also for MSC small/medium (Tom Lane)
 1050 - replace __far with _far for better portability (Christian Spieler, Tom Lane)

1051 - fix test for errno.h in configure (Tim Newsham)

1053 Changes in 1.1.2 (19 March 98)

1054 - added contrib/minizip, mini zip and unzip based on zlib (Gilles Vollant)

1055 - See <http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/unzip.html>

1056 - preinitialize the inflate tables for fixed codes, to make the code

1057 completely thread safe (Mark)

1058 - some simplifications and slight speed-up to the inflate code (Mark)

1059 - fix gzeof on non-compressed files (Allan Schrum)

1060 - add -stdl option in configure for OSF1 to fix gzprintf (Martin Mokrejs)

1061 - use default value of 4K for Z_BUF_SIZE for 16-bit MSDOS (Tim Wegner + Glenn)

1062 - added os2/Makefile.def and os2/zlib.def (Andrew Zabolotny)

1063 - add shared lib support for UNIX_SV4.2MP (MATSUURA Takanori)

1064 - do not wrap extern "C" around system includes (Tom Lane)

1065 - mention zlib binding for TCL in README (Andreas Kupries)

1066 - added amiga/Makefile.pup for Amiga powerUP SAS/C PPC (Andreas Kleinert)

1067 - allow "make install prefix=..." even after configure (Glenn Randers-Pehrson)

1068 - allow "configure --prefix \$HOME" (Tim Mooney)

1069 - remove warnings in example.c and gzio.c (Glenn Randers-Pehrson)

1070 - move Makefile.sas to amiga/Makefile.sas

1072 Changes in 1.1.1 (27 Feb 98)

1073 - fix macros _tr_tally_* in deflate.h for debug mode (Glenn Randers-Pehrson)

1074 - remove block truncation heuristic which had very marginal effect for zlib

1075 (smaller lit_bufsize than in gzip 1.2.4) and degraded a little the

1076 compression ratio on some files. This also allows inlining _tr_tally for

1077 matches in deflate_slow.

1078 - added msdos/Makefile.w32 for WIN32 Microsoft Visual C++ (Bob Frazier)

1080 Changes in 1.1.0 (24 Feb 98)

1081 - do not return STREAM_END prematurely in inflate (John Bowler)

1082 - revert to the zlib 1.0.8 inflate to avoid the gcc 2.8.0 bug (Jeremy Buhler)

1083 - compile with -DFASTEST to get compression code optimized for speed only

1084 - in minigzip, try mmap'ing the input file first (Miguel Albrecht)

1085 - increase size of I/O buffers in minigzip.c and gzio.c (not a big gain

1086 on Sun but significant on HP)

1088 - add a pointer to experimental unzip library in README (Gilles Vollant)

1089 - initialize variable gcc in configure (Chris Herborth)

1091 Changes in 1.0.9 (17 Feb 1998)

1092 - added gzputs and gzgets functions

1093 - do not clear eof flag in gzseek (Mark Diekhans)

1094 - fix gzseek for files in transparent mode (Mark Diekhans)

1095 - do not assume that vsprintf returns the number of bytes written (Jens Krinke)

1096 - replace EXPORT with ZEXPORT to avoid conflict with other programs

1097 - added compress2 in zconf.h, zlib.def, zlib.dnt

1098 - new asm code from Gilles Vollant in contrib/asm386

1099 - simplify the inflate code (Mark):

1100 . Replace ZALLOC's in huft_build() with single ZALLOC in inflate_blocks_new()

1101 . ZALLOC the length list in inflate_trees_fixed() instead of using stack

1102 . ZALLOC the value area for huft_build() instead of using stack

1103 . Simplify Z_FINISH check in inflate()

1105 - Avoid gcc 2.8.0 comparison bug a little differently than zlib 1.0.8

1106 - in infrees.c, avoid cc -O bug on HP (Farshid Elahi)

1107 - in zconf.h move the ZLIB_DLL stuff earlier to avoid problems with

1108 the declaration of FAR (Gilles Vollant)

1109 - install libz.so* with mode 755 (executable) instead of 644 (Marc Lehmann)

1110 - read_buf parameter of type Bytef* instead of charf*

1111 - zmempcy parameters are of type Bytef*, not charf* (Joseph Strout)

1112 - do not redeclare unlink in minigzip.c for WIN32 (John Bowler)

1113 - fix check for presence of directories in "make install" (Ian Willis)

1115 Changes in 1.0.8 (27 Jan 1998)

1116 - fixed offsets in contrib/asm386/gvmat32.asm (Gilles Vollant)

1117 - fix gzgetc and gzputc for big endian systems (Markus Oberhumer)

1118 - added compress2() to allow setting the compression level

1119 - include sys/types.h to get off_t on some systems (Marc Lehmann & QingLong)

1120 - use constant arrays for the static trees in trees.c instead of computing

1121 them at run time (thanks to Ken Raeburn for this suggestion). To create

1122 trees.h, compile with GEN_TREES_H and run "make test".

1123 - check return code of example in "make test" and display result

1124 - pass minigzip command line options to file_compress

1125 - simplifying code of inflateSync to avoid gcc 2.8 bug

1127 - support CC="gcc -Wall" in configure -s (QingLong)

1128 - avoid a flush caused by ftell in gzopen for write mode (Ken Raeburn)

1129 - fix test for shared library support to avoid compiler warnings

1130 - zlib.lib -> zlib.dll in msdos/zlib.rc (Gilles Vollant)

1131 - check for TARGET_OS_MAC in addition to MACOS (Brad Pettit)

1132 - do not use fdopen for Metrowerks on Mac (Brad Pettit)

1133 - add checks for gzputc and gzgetc in example.c

1134 - avoid warnings in gzio.c and deflate.c (Andreas Kleinert)

1135 - use const for the CRC table (Ken Raeburn)

1136 - fixed "make uninstall" for shared libraries

1137 - use Tracev instead of Trace in infblock.c

1138 - in example.c use correct compressed length for test_sync

1139 - suppress +vnocompatwarnings in configure for HPUX (not always supported)

1141 Changes in 1.0.7 (20 Jan 1998)

1142 - fix gzseek which was broken in write mode

1143 - return error for gzseek to negative absolute position

1144 - fix configure for Linux (Chun-Chung Chen)

1145 - increase stack space for MSC (Tim Wegner)

1146 - get_crc_table and inflateSyncPoint are EXPORTed (Gilles Vollant)

1147 - define EXPORTVA for gzprintf (Gilles Vollant)

1148 - added man page zlib.3 (Rick Rodgers)

1149 - for contrib/utgz, fix makedir() and improve Makefile

1151 - check gzseek in write mode in example.c

1152 - allocate extra buffer for seeks only if gzseek is actually called

1153 - avoid signed/unsigned comparisons (Tim Wegner, Gilles Vollant)

1154 - add inflateSyncPoint in zconf.h

1155 - fix list of exported functions in nt/zlib.dnt and msdos/zlib.def

1157 Changes in 1.0.6 (19 Jan 1998)

1158 - add functions gzprintf, gzputc, gzgetc, gztell, gzeof, gzseek, gzrewind and

1159 gzsetparams (thanks to Roland Giersig and Kevin Ruland for some of this code)

1160 - Fix a deflate bug occurring only with compression level 0 (thanks to

1161 Andy Buckler for finding this one).

1162 - In minigzip, pass transparently also the first byte for .Z files.

1163 - return Z_BUF_ERROR instead of Z_OK if output buffer full in uncompress()

1164 - check Z_FINISH in inflate (thanks to Marc Schluper)

1165 - Implement deflateCopy (thanks to Adam Costello)

1166 - make static libraries by default in configure, add --shared option.

1167 - move MSDOS or Windows specific files to directory msdos

1168 - suppress the notion of partial flush to simplify the interface

1169 (but the symbol Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH is kept for compatibility with 1.0.4)

1170 - suppress history buffer provided by application to simplify the interface

1171 (this feature was not implemented anyway in 1.0.4)

1172 - next_in and avail_in must be initialized before calling inflateInit or

1173 inflateInit2

1174 - add EXPORT in all exported functions (for Windows DLL)

1175 - added Makefile.nt (thanks to Stephen Williams)

1176 - added the unsupported "contrib" directory:

1177 contrib/asm386/ by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>

1178 386 asm code replacing longest_match().

1179 contrib/iostream/ by Kevin Ruland <kevin@rodin.wustl.edu>

1180 A C++ I/O streams interface to the zlib gz* functions

1181 contrib/iostream2/ by Tyge L^,vset <Tyge.Lovset@cmr.no>

1182 Another C++ I/O streams interface

1183 contrib/untgz/ by "Pedro A. Aranda Guti\irrez" <paag@tid.es>
 1184 A very simple tar.gz file extractor using zlib
 1185 contrib/visual-basic.txt by Carlos Rios <c_rios@sonda.cl>
 1186 How to use compress(), uncompress() and the gz* functions from VB.
 1187 - pass params -f (filtered data), -h (huffman only), -1 to -9 (compression
 1188 level) in minigzip (thanks to Tom Lane)

1190 - use const for rommable constants in deflate
 1191 - added test for gzseek and gztell in example.c
 1192 - add undocumented function inflateSyncPoint() (hack for Paul Mackerras)
 1193 - add undocumented function zError to convert error code to string
 1194 (for Tim Smithers)
 1195 - Allow compilation of gzio with -DNO_DEFLATE to avoid the compression code.
 1196 - Use default memcpy for Symantec MSDOS compiler.
 1197 - Add EXPORT keyword for check_func (needed for Windows DLL)
 1198 - add current directory to LD_LIBRARY_PATH for "make test"
 1199 - create also a link for libz.so.1
 1200 - added support for FUJITSU UXP/DS (thanks to Toshiaki Nomura)
 1201 - use \$(SHAREDLIB) instead of libz.so in Makefile.in (for HPUX)
 1202 - added -soname for Linux in configure (Chun-Chung Chen,
 1203 assign numbers to the exported functions in zlib.def (for Windows DLL)
 1204 - add advice in zlib.h for best usage of deflateSetDictionary
 1205 - work around compiler bug on Atari (cast Z_NULL in call of s->checkfn)
 1206 - allow compilation with ANSI keywords only enabled for TurboC in large model
 1207 - avoid "versionString"[0] (Borland bug)
 1208 - add NEED_DUMMY_RETURN for Borland
 1209 - use variable z_verbose for tracing in debug mode (L. Peter Deutsch).
 1210 - allow compilation with CC
 1211 - defined STDC for OS/2 (David Charlap)
 1212 - limit external names to 8 chars for MVS (Thomas Lund)
 1213 - in minigzip.c, use static buffers only for 16-bit systems
 1214 - fix suffix check for "minigzip -d foo.gz"
 1215 - do not return an error for the 2nd of two consecutive gzflush() (Felix Lee)
 1216 - use fdopen instead of fopen for MSC >= 6.0 (Thomas Fanslau)
 1217 - added makelcc.bat for lcc-win32 (Tom St Denis)
 1218 - in Makefile.dj2, use copy and del instead of install and rm (Frank Donahoe)
 1219 - Avoid expanded \$Id\$. Use "rcs -kb" or "cvs admin -kb" to avoid Id expansion.
 1220 - check for unistd.h in configure (for off_t)
 1221 - remove useless check parameter in inflate_blocks_free
 1222 - avoid useless assignment of s->check to itself in inflate_blocks_new
 1223 - do not flush twice in gzclose (thanks to Ken Raeburn)
 1224 - rename FOPEN as F_OPEN to avoid clash with /usr/include/sys/file.h
 1225 - use NO_ERRNO_H instead of enumeration of operating systems with errno.h
 1226 - work around buggy fclose on pipes for HP/UX
 1227 - support zlib DLL with BORLAND C++ 5.0 (thanks to Glenn Randers-Pehrson)
 1228 - fix configure if CC is already equal to gcc

1230 Changes in 1.0.5 (3 Jan 98)
 1231 - Fix inflate to terminate gracefully when fed corrupted or invalid data
 1232 - Use const for rommable constants in inflate
 1233 - Eliminate memory leaks on error conditions in inflate
 1234 - Removed some vestigial code in inflate
 1235 - Update web address in README

1237 Changes in 1.0.4 (24 Jul 96)
 1238 - In very rare conditions, deflate(s, Z_FINISH) could fail to produce an EOF
 1239 bit, so the decompressor could decompress all the correct data but went
 1240 on to attempt decompressing extra garbage data. This affected minigzip too.
 1241 - zlibVersion and gzerror return const char* (needed for DLL)
 1242 - port to RISCOS (no fdopen, no multiple dots, no unlink, no fileno)
 1243 - use z_error only for DEBUG (avoid problem with DLLs)

1245 Changes in 1.0.3 (2 Jul 96)
 1246 - use z_stream instead of z_stream *, which is now a far pointer in MSDOS
 1247 small and medium models; this makes the library incompatible with previous
 1248 versions for these models. (No effect in large model or on other systems.)

1249 - return OK instead of BUF_ERROR if previous deflate call returned with
 1250 avail_out as zero but there is nothing to do
 1251 - added memcmp for non STDC compilers
 1252 - define NO_DUMMY_DECL for more Mac compilers (.h files merged incorrectly)
 1253 - define __32BIT__ if __386__ or i386 is defined (pb. with Watcom and SCO)
 1254 - better check for 16-bit mode MSC (avoids problem with Symantec)

1256 Changes in 1.0.2 (23 May 96)
 1257 - added Windows DLL support
 1258 - added a function zlibVersion (for the DLL support)
 1259 - fixed declarations using Bytef in infutil.c (pb with MSDOS medium model)
 1260 - Bytef is define's instead of typedef'd only for Borland C
 1261 - avoid reading uninitialized memory in example.c
 1262 - mention in README that the zlib format is now RFC1950
 1263 - updated Makefile.dj2
 1264 - added algorithm.doc

1266 Changes in 1.0.1 (20 May 96) [1.0 skipped to avoid confusion]
 1267 - fix array overlay in deflate.c which sometimes caused bad compressed data
 1268 - fix inflate bug with empty stored block
 1269 - fix MSDOS medium model which was broken in 0.99
 1270 - fix deflateParams() which could generated bad compressed data.
 1271 - Bytef is define'd instead of typedef'ed (work around Borland bug)
 1272 - added an INDEX file
 1273 - new makefiles for DJGPP (Makefile.dj2), 32-bit Borland (Makefile.b32),
 1274 Watcom (Makefile.wat), Amiga SAS/C (Makefile.sas)
 1275 - speed up adler32 for modern machines without auto-increment
 1276 - added -ansi for IRIX in configure
 1277 - static_init_done in trees.c is an int
 1278 - define unlink as delete for VMS
 1279 - fix configure for QNX
 1280 - add configure branch for SCO and HP/UX
 1281 - avoid many warnings (unused variables, dead assignments, etc...)
 1282 - no fdopen for BeOS
 1283 - fix the Watcom fix for 32 bit mode (define FAR as empty)
 1284 - removed redefinition of Byte for MKWERKS
 1285 - work around an MKWERKS bug (incorrect merge of all .h files)

1287 Changes in 0.99 (27 Jan 96)
 1288 - allow preset dictionary shared between compressor and decompressor
 1289 - allow compression level 0 (no compression)
 1290 - add deflateParams in zlib.h: allow dynamic change of compression level
 1291 and compression strategy.
 1292 - test large buffers and deflateParams in example.c
 1293 - add optional "configure" to build zlib as a shared library
 1294 - suppress Makefile.qnx, use configure instead
 1295 - fixed deflate for 64-bit systems (detected on Cray)
 1296 - fixed inflate_blocks for 64-bit systems (detected on Alpha)
 1297 - declare Z_DEFLATED in zlib.h (possible parameter for deflateInit2)
 1298 - always return Z_BUF_ERROR when deflate() has nothing to do
 1299 - deflateInit and inflateInit are now macros to allow version checking
 1300 - prefix all global functions and types with z_ with -DZ_PREFIX
 1301 - make fallocc completely reentrant (infrees.c)
 1302 - fixed very unlikely race condition in ct_static_init
 1303 - free in reverse order of allocation to help memory manager
 1304 - use zlib-1.0/* instead of zlib/* inside the tar.gz
 1305 - make zlib warning-free with "gcc -O3 -Wall -Wwrite-strings -Wpointer-arith
 1306 -Wconversion -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes"
 1307 - allow gzread on concatenated .gz files
 1308 - deflateEnd now returns Z_DATA_ERROR if it was premature
 1309 - deflate is finally (?) fully deterministic (no matches beyond end of input)
 1310 - Document Z_SYNC_FLUSH
 1311 - add uninstall in Makefile
 1312 - Check for __cplusplus in zlib.h
 1313 - Better test in ct_align for partial flush
 1314 - avoid harmless warnings for Borland C++

1315 - initialize hash_head in deflate.c
 1316 - avoid warning on fdopen (gzio.c) for HP cc -Aa
 1317 - include stdlib.h for STDC compilers
 1318 - include errno.h for Cray
 1319 - ignore error if ranlib doesn't exist
 1320 - call ranlib twice for NeXTSTEP
 1321 - use exec_prefix instead of prefix for libz.a
 1322 - renamed ct_* as _tr_* to avoid conflict with applications
 1323 - clear z->msg in inflateInit2 before any error return
 1324 - initialize opaque in example.c, gzio.c, deflate.c and inflate.c
 1325 - fixed typo in zconf.h (__GNUC__ => __GNUCC__)
 1326 - check for WIN32 in zconf.h and zutil.c (avoid farmalloc in 32-bit mode)
 1327 - fix typo in Make_vms.com (f\$trnlm -> f\$getsyi)
 1328 - in fcalloc, normalize pointer if size > 65520 bytes
 1329 - don't use special fcalloc for 32 bit Borland C++
 1330 - use STDC instead of __G032__ to avoid redeclaring exit, calloc, etc...
 1331 - use Z_BINARY instead of BINARY
 1332 - document that gzclose after gzdopen will close the file
 1333 - allow "a" as mode in gzopen.
 1334 - fix error checking in gzread
 1335 - allow skipping .gz extra-field on pipes
 1336 - added reference to Perl interface in README
 1337 - put the crc table in FAR data (I dislike more and more the medium model :)
 1338 - added get_crc_table
 1339 - added a dimension to all arrays (Borland C can't count).
 1340 - workaround Borland C bug in declaration of inflate_codes_new & inflate_fast
 1341 - guard against multiple inclusion of *.h (for precompiled header on Mac)
 1342 - Watcom C pretends to be Microsoft C small model even in 32 bit mode.
 1343 - don't use unsized arrays to avoid silly warnings by Visual C++:
 1344 warning C4746: 'inflate_mask' : unsized array treated as '__far'
 1345 (what's wrong with far data in far model?).
 1346 - define enum out of inflate_blocks_state to allow compilation with C++

1348 Changes in 0.95 (16 Aug 95)
 1349 - fix MSDOS small and medium model (now easier to adapt to any compiler)
 1350 - inlined send_bits
 1351 - fix the final (:-) bug for deflate with flush (output was correct but
 1352 not completely flushed in rare occasions).
 1353 - default window size is same for compression and decompression
 1354 (it's now sufficient to set MAX_WBITS in zconf.h).
 1355 - voidp -> voidpf and voidnp -> voidp (for consistency with other
 1356 typedefs and because voidnp was not near in large model).

1358 Changes in 0.94 (13 Aug 95)
 1359 - support MSDOS medium model
 1360 - fix deflate with flush (could sometimes generate bad output)
 1361 - fix deflateReset (zlib header was incorrectly suppressed)
 1362 - added support for VMS
 1363 - allow a compression level in gzopen()
 1364 - gzflush now calls fflush
 1365 - For deflate with flush, flush even if no more input is provided.
 1366 - rename libgz.a as libz.a
 1367 - avoid complex expression in infcodes.c triggering Turbo C bug
 1368 - work around a problem with gcc on Alpha (in INSERT_STRING)
 1369 - don't use inline functions (problem with some gcc versions)
 1370 - allow renaming of Byte, uInt, etc... with #define.
 1371 - avoid warning about (unused) pointer before start of array in deflate.c
 1372 - avoid various warnings in gzio.c, example.c, infblock.c, Adler32.c, zutil.c
 1373 - avoid reserved word 'new' in trees.c

1375 Changes in 0.93 (25 June 95)
 1376 - temporarily disable inline functions
 1377 - make deflate deterministic
 1378 - give enough lookahead for PARTIAL_FLUSH
 1379 - Set binary mode for stdin/stdout in minigzip.c for OS/2
 1380 - don't even use signed char in inflate (not portable enough)

1381 - fix inflate memory leak for segmented architectures

1383 Changes in 0.92 (3 May 95)
 1384 - don't assume that char is signed (problem on SGI)
 1385 - Clear bit buffer when starting a stored block
 1386 - no memcpy on Pyramid
 1387 - suppressed infstest.c
 1388 - optimized fill_window, put longest_match inline for gcc
 1389 - optimized inflate on stored blocks.
 1390 - untabify all sources to simplify patches

1392 Changes in 0.91 (2 May 95)
 1393 - Default MEM_LEVEL is 8 (not 9 for Unix) as documented in zlib.h
 1394 - Document the memory requirements in zconf.h
 1395 - added "make install"
 1396 - fix sync search logic in inflateSync
 1397 - deflate(Z_FULL_FLUSH) now works even if output buffer too short
 1398 - after inflateSync, don't scare people with just "lo world"
 1399 - added support for DJGPP

1401 Changes in 0.9 (1 May 95)
 1402 - don't assume that zalloc clears the allocated memory (the TurboC bug
 1403 was Mark's bug after all :)
 1404 - let again gzread copy uncompressed data unchanged (was working in 0.71)
 1405 - deflate(Z_FULL_FLUSH), inflateReset and inflateSync are now fully implemented
 1406 - added a test of inflateSync in example.c
 1407 - moved MAX_WBITS to zconf.h because users might want to change that.
 1408 - document explicitly that zalloc(64K) on MSDOS must return a normalized
 1409 pointer (zero offset)
 1410 - added Makefiles for Microsoft C, Turbo C, Borland C++
 1411 - faster crc32()

1413 Changes in 0.8 (29 April 95)
 1414 - added fast inflate (inffast.c)
 1415 - deflate(Z_FINISH) now returns Z_STREAM_END when done. Warning: this
 1416 is incompatible with previous versions of zlib which returned Z_OK.
 1417 - work around a TurboC compiler bug (bad code for b << 0, see infutil.h)
 1418 (actually that was not a compiler bug, see 0.81 above)
 1419 - gzread no longer reads one extra byte in certain cases
 1420 - In gzio destroy(), don't reference a freed structure
 1421 - avoid many warnings for MSDOS
 1422 - avoid the ERROR symbol which is used by MS Windows

1424 Changes in 0.71 (14 April 95)
 1425 - Fixed more MSDOS compilation problems :(There is still a bug with
 1426 TurboC large model.

1428 Changes in 0.7 (14 April 95)
 1429 - Added full inflate support.
 1430 - Simplified the crc32() interface. The pre- and post-conditioning
 1431 (one's complement) is now done inside crc32(). WARNING: this is
 1432 incompatible with previous versions; see zlib.h for the new usage.

1434 Changes in 0.61 (12 April 95)
 1435 - workaround for a bug in TurboC. example and minigzip now work on MSDOS.

1437 Changes in 0.6 (11 April 95)
 1438 - added minigzip.c
 1439 - added gzdopen to reopen a file descriptor as gzFile
 1440 - added transparent reading of non-gzipped files in gzread.
 1441 - fixed bug in gzread (don't read crc as data)
 1442 - fixed bug in destroy (gzio.c) (don't return Z_STREAM_END for gzclose).
 1443 - don't allocate big arrays in the stack (for MSDOS)
 1444 - fix some MSDOS compilation problems

1446 Changes in 0.5:

```
1447 - do real compression in deflate.c. Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH is supported but
1448   not yet Z_FULL_FLUSH.
1449 - support decompression but only in a single step (forced Z_FINISH)
1450 - added opaque object for zalloc and zfree.
1451 - added deflateReset and inflateReset
1452 - added a variable zlib_version for consistency checking.
1453 - renamed the 'filter' parameter of deflateInit2 as 'strategy'.
1454   Added Z_FILTERED and Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY constants.

1456 Changes in 0.4:
1457 - avoid "zip" everywhere, use zlib instead of ziplib.
1458 - suppress Z_BLOCK_FLUSH, interpret Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH as block flush
1459   if compression method == 8.
1460 - added Adler32 and CRC32
1461 - renamed deflateOptions as deflateInit2, call one or the other but not both
1462 - added the method parameter for deflateInit2.
1463 - added inflateInit2
1464 - simplified considerably deflateInit and inflateInit by not supporting
1465   user-provided history buffer. This is supported only in deflateInit2
1466   and inflateInit2.

1468 Changes in 0.3:
1469 - prefix all macro names with Z_
1470 - use Z_FINISH instead of deflateEnd to finish compression.
1471 - added Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY
1472 - added gzerror()
```

```
*****
16573 Wed Apr 1 15:57:00 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/FAQ
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
```

2 Frequently Asked Questions about zlib

5 If your question is not there, please check the zlib home page
6 <http://zlib.net/> which may have more recent information.
7 The latest zlib FAQ is at http://zlib.net/zlib_faq.html

10 1. Is zlib Y2K-compliant?

12 Yes. zlib doesn't handle dates.

14 2. Where can I get a Windows DLL version?

16 The zlib sources can be compiled without change to produce a DLL. See the
17 file win32/DLL_FAQ.txt in the zlib distribution. Pointers to the
18 precompiled DLL are found in the zlib web site at <http://zlib.net/>.

20 3. Where can I get a Visual Basic interface to zlib?

22 See
23 * <http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/>
24 * win32/DLL_FAQ.txt in the zlib distribution

26 4. compress() returns Z_BUF_ERROR.

28 Make sure that before the call of compress(), the length of the compressed
29 buffer is equal to the available size of the compressed buffer and not
30 zero. For Visual Basic, check that this parameter is passed by reference
31 ("as any"), not by value ("as long").

33 5. deflate() or inflate() returns Z_BUF_ERROR.

35 Before making the call, make sure that avail_in and avail_out are not zero.
36 When setting the parameter flush equal to Z_FINISH, also make sure that
37 avail_out is big enough to allow processing all pending input. Note that a
38 Z_BUF_ERROR is not fatal--another call to deflate() or inflate() can be
39 made with more input or output space. A Z_BUF_ERROR may in fact be
40 unavoidable depending on how the functions are used, since it is not
41 possible to tell whether or not there is more output pending when
42 strm.avail_out returns with zero. See http://zlib.net/zlib_how.html for a
43 heavily annotated example.

45 6. Where's the zlib documentation (man pages, etc.)?

47 It's in zlib.h. Examples of zlib usage are in the files test/example.c
48 and test/minigzip.c, with more in examples/.

50 7. Why don't you use GNU autoconf or libtool or ...?

52 Because we would like to keep zlib as a very small and simple package.
53 zlib is rather portable and doesn't need much configuration.

55 8. I found a bug in zlib.

57 Most of the time, such problems are due to an incorrect usage of zlib.
58 Please try to reproduce the problem with a small program and send the
59 corresponding source to us at zlib@gzip.org. Do not send multi-megabyte
60 data files without prior agreement.

62 9. Why do I get "undefined reference to gzputc"?

64 If "make test" produces something like

```
66     example.o(.text+0x154): undefined reference to `gzputc'
```

68 check that you don't have old files libz.* in /usr/lib, /usr/local/lib or
69 /usr/X11R6/lib. Remove any old versions, then do "make install".

71 10. I need a Delphi interface to zlib.

73 See the contrib/delphi directory in the zlib distribution.

75 11. Can zlib handle .zip archives?

77 Not by itself, no. See the directory contrib/minizip in the zlib
78 distribution.

80 12. Can zlib handle .Z files?

82 No, sorry. You have to spawn an uncompress or gunzip subprocess, or adapt
83 the code of uncompress on your own.

85 13. How can I make a Unix shared library?

87 By default a shared (and a static) library is built for Unix. So:

```
89 make distclean
90 ./configure
91 make
```

93 14. How do I install a shared zlib library on Unix?

95 After the above, then:

```
97 make install
```

99 However, many flavors of Unix come with a shared zlib already installed.
100 Before going to the trouble of compiling a shared version of zlib and
101 trying to install it, you may want to check if it's already there! If you
102 can #include <zlib.h>, it's there. The -lz option will probably link to
103 it. You can check the version at the top of zlib.h or with the
104 ZLIB_VERSION symbol defined in zlib.h.

106 15. I have a question about OttoPDF.

108 We are not the authors of OttoPDF. The real author is on the OttoPDF web
109 site: Joel Hainley, jhainley@myndkryme.com.

111 16. Can zlib decode Flate data in an Adobe PDF file?

113 Yes. See <http://www.pdflib.com/>. To modify PDF forms, see
114 <http://sourceforge.net/projects/acroformtool/>.

116 17. Why am I getting this "register_frame_info not found" error on Solaris?

118 After installing zlib 1.1.4 on Solaris 2.6, running applications using zlib
119 generates an error such as:

```
121 ld.so.1: rpm: fatal: relocation error: file /usr/local/lib/libz.so:
122 symbol __register_frame_info: referenced symbol not found
```

124 The symbol __register_frame_info is not part of zlib, it is generated by
125 the C compiler (cc or gcc). You must recompile applications using zlib
126 which have this problem. This problem is specific to Solaris. See

127 <http://www.sunfreeware.com> for Solaris versions of zlib and applications
128 using zlib.

130 18. Why does gzip give an error on a file I make with compress/deflate?

132 The compress and deflate functions produce data in the zlib format, which
133 is different and incompatible with the gzip format. The gz* functions in
134 zlib on the other hand use the gzip format. Both the zlib and gzip formats
135 use the same compressed data format internally, but have different headers
136 and trailers around the compressed data.

138 19. Ok, so why are there two different formats?

140 The gzip format was designed to retain the directory information about a
141 single file, such as the name and last modification date. The zlib format
142 on the other hand was designed for in-memory and communication channel
143 applications, and has a much more compact header and trailer and uses a
144 faster integrity check than gzip.

146 20. Well that's nice, but how do I make a gzip file in memory?

148 You can request that deflate write the gzip format instead of the zlib
149 format using deflateInit2(). You can also request that inflate decode the
150 gzip format using inflateInit2(). Read zlib.h for more details.

152 21. Is zlib thread-safe?

154 Yes. However any library routines that zlib uses and any application-
155 provided memory allocation routines must also be thread-safe. zlib's gz*
156 functions use stdio library routines, and most of zlib's functions use the
157 library memory allocation routines by default. zlib's *Init* functions
158 allow for the application to provide custom memory allocation routines.

160 Of course, you should only operate on any given zlib or gzip stream from a
161 single thread at a time.

163 22. Can I use zlib in my commercial application?

165 Yes. Please read the license in zlib.h.

167 23. Is zlib under the GNU license?

169 No. Please read the license in zlib.h.

171 24. The license says that altered source versions must be "plainly marked". So
172 what exactly do I need to do to meet that requirement?

174 You need to change the ZLIB_VERSION and ZLIB_VERNUM #defines in zlib.h. In
175 particular, the final version number needs to be changed to "f", and an
176 identification string should be appended to ZLIB_VERSION. Version numbers
177 x.x.x.f are reserved for modifications to zlib by others than the zlib
178 maintainers. For example, if the version of the base zlib you are altering
179 is "1.2.3.4", then in zlib.h you should change ZLIB_VERNUM to 0x123f, and
180 ZLIB_VERSION to something like "1.2.3.f-zachary-mods-v3". You can also
181 update the version strings in deflate.c and infrees.c.

183 For altered source distributions, you should also note the origin and
184 nature of the changes in zlib.h, as well as in ChangeLog and README, along
185 with the dates of the alterations. The origin should include at least your
186 name (or your company's name), and an email address to contact for help or
187 issues with the library.

189 Note that distributing a compiled zlib library along with zlib.h and
190 zconf.h is also a source distribution, and so you should change
191 ZLIB_VERSION and ZLIB_VERNUM and note the origin and nature of the changes
192 in zlib.h as you would for a full source distribution.

194 25. Will zlib work on a big-endian or little-endian architecture, and can I
195 exchange compressed data between them?

197 Yes and yes.

199 26. Will zlib work on a 64-bit machine?

201 Yes. It has been tested on 64-bit machines, and has no dependence on any
202 data types being limited to 32-bits in length. If you have any
203 difficulties, please provide a complete problem report to zlib@gzip.org

205 27. Will zlib decompress data from the PKWare Data Compression Library?

207 No. The PKWare DCL uses a completely different compressed data format than
208 does PKZIP and zlib. However, you can look in zlib's contrib/blast
209 directory for a possible solution to your problem.

211 28. Can I access data randomly in a compressed stream?

213 No, not without some preparation. If when compressing you periodically use
214 Z_FULL_FLUSH, carefully write all the pending data at those points, and
215 keep an index of those locations, then you can start decompression at those
216 points. You have to be careful to not use Z_FULL_FLUSH too often, since it
217 can significantly degrade compression. Alternatively, you can scan a
218 deflate stream once to generate an index, and then use that index for
219 random access. See examples/zran.c .

221 29. Does zlib work on MVS, OS/390, CICS, etc.?

223 It has in the past, but we have not heard of any recent evidence. There
224 were working ports of zlib 1.1.4 to MVS, but those links no longer work.
225 If you know of recent, successful applications of zlib on these operating
226 systems, please let us know. Thanks.

228 30. Is there some simpler, easier to read version of inflate I can look at to
229 understand the deflate format?

231 First off, you should read RFC 1951. Second, yes. Look in zlib's
232 contrib/puff directory.

234 31. Does zlib infringe on any patents?

236 As far as we know, no. In fact, that was originally the whole point behind
237 zlib. Look here for some more information:

239 <http://www.gzip.org/#faq11>

241 32. Can zlib work with greater than 4 GB of data?

243 Yes. inflate() and deflate() will process any amount of data correctly.
244 Each call of inflate() or deflate() is limited to input and output chunks
245 of the maximum value that can be stored in the compiler's "unsigned int"
246 type, but there is no limit to the number of chunks. Note however that the
247 strm.total_in and strm.total_out counters may be limited to 4 GB. These
248 counters are provided as a convenience and are not used internally by
249 inflate() or deflate(). The application can easily set up its own counters
250 updated after each call of inflate() or deflate() to count beyond 4 GB.
251 compress() and uncompress() may be limited to 4 GB, since they operate in a
252 single call. gzseek() and gztell() may be limited to 4 GB depending on how
253 zlib is compiled. See the zlibCompileFlags() function in zlib.h.

255 The word "may" appears several times above since there is a 4 GB limit only
256 if the compiler's "long" type is 32 bits. If the compiler's "long" type is
257 64 bits, then the limit is 16 exabytes.

259 33. Does zlib have any security vulnerabilities?

261 The only one that we are aware of is potentially in gzprintf(). If zlib is
 262 compiled to use sprintf() or vsprintf(), then there is no protection
 263 against a buffer overflow of an 8K string space (or other value as set by
 264 gzbuffer()), other than the caller of gzprintf() assuring that the output
 265 will not exceed 8K. On the other hand, if zlib is compiled to use
 266 sprintf() or vsprintf(), which should normally be the case, then there is
 267 no vulnerability. The ./configure script will display warnings if an
 268 insecure variation of sprintf() will be used by gzprintf(). Also the
 269 zlibCompileFlags() function will return information on what variant of
 270 sprintf() is used by gzprintf().

272 If you don't have sprintf() or vsprintf() and would like one, you can
 273 find a portable implementation here:

275 <http://www.ijs.si/software/sprintf/>

277 Note that you should be using the most recent version of zlib. Versions
 278 1.1.3 and before were subject to a double-free vulnerability, and versions
 279 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 were subject to an access exception when decompressing
 280 invalid compressed data.

282 34. Is there a Java version of zlib?

284 Probably what you want is to use zlib in Java. zlib is already included
 285 as part of the Java SDK in the java.util.zip package. If you really want
 286 a version of zlib written in the Java language, look on the zlib home
 287 page for links: <http://zlib.net/> .

289 35. I get this or that compiler or source-code scanner warning when I crank it up to maximally-pedantic. Can't you guys write proper code?

292 Many years ago, we gave up attempting to avoid warnings on every compiler
 293 in the universe. It just got to be a waste of time, and some compilers
 294 were downright silly as well as contradicted each other. So now, we simply
 295 make sure that the code always works.

297 36. Valgrind (or some similar memory access checker) says that deflate is performing a conditional jump that depends on an uninitialized value. Isn't that a bug?

301 No. That is intentional for performance reasons, and the output of deflate
 302 is not affected. This only started showing up recently since zlib 1.2.x
 303 uses malloc() by default for allocations, whereas earlier versions used
 304 calloc(), which zeros out the allocated memory. Even though the code was
 305 correct, versions 1.2.4 and later was changed to not stimulate these
 306 checkers.

308 37. Will zlib read the (insert any ancient or arcane format here) compressed data format?

311 Probably not. Look in the comp.compression FAQ for pointers to various
 312 formats and associated software.

314 38. How can I encrypt/decrypt zip files with zlib?

316 zlib doesn't support encryption. The original PKZIP encryption is very
 317 weak and can be broken with freely available programs. To get strong
 318 encryption, use GnuPG, <http://www.gnupg.org/> , which already includes zlib
 319 compression. For PKZIP compatible "encryption", look at
 320 <http://www.info-zip.org/>

322 39. What's the difference between the "gzip" and "deflate" HTTP 1.1 encodings?

324 "gzip" is the gzip format, and "deflate" is the zlib format. They should

325 probably have called the second one "zlib" instead to avoid confusion with
 326 the raw deflate compressed data format. While the HTTP 1.1 RFC 2616
 327 correctly points to the zlib specification in RFC 1950 for the "deflate"
 328 transfer encoding, there have been reports of servers and browsers that
 329 incorrectly produce or expect raw deflate data per the deflate
 330 specification in RFC 1951, most notably Microsoft. So even though the
 331 "deflate" transfer encoding using the zlib format would be the more
 332 efficient approach (and in fact exactly what the zlib format was designed
 333 for), using the "gzip" transfer encoding is probably more reliable due to
 334 an unfortunate choice of name on the part of the HTTP 1.1 authors.

336 Bottom line: use the gzip format for HTTP 1.1 encoding.

338 40. Does zlib support the new "Deflate64" format introduced by PKWare?

340 No. PKWare has apparently decided to keep that format proprietary, since
 341 they have not documented it as they have previous compression formats. In
 342 any case, the compression improvements are so modest compared to other more
 343 modern approaches, that it's not worth the effort to implement.

345 41. I'm having a problem with the zip functions in zlib, can you help?

347 There are no zip functions in zlib. You are probably using minizip by
 348 Giles Vollant, which is found in the contrib directory of zlib. It is not
 349 part of zlib. In fact none of the stuff in contrib is part of zlib. The
 350 files in there are not supported by the zlib authors. You need to contact
 351 the authors of the respective contribution for help.

353 42. The match.asm code in contrib is under the GNU General Public License. Since it's part of zlib, doesn't that mean that all of zlib falls under the GNU GPL?

357 No. The files in contrib are not part of zlib. They were contributed by
 358 other authors and are provided as a convenience to the user within the zlib
 359 distribution. Each item in contrib has its own license.

361 43. Is zlib subject to export controls? What is its ECCN?

363 zlib is not subject to export controls, and so is classified as EAR99.

365 44. Can you please sign these lengthy legal documents and fax them back to us so that we can use your software in our product?

368 No. Go away. Shoo.


```

*****
1988 Wed Apr 1 15:57:00 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/INDEX
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 CMakeLists.txt  cmake build file
2 ChangeLog       history of changes
3 FAQ             Frequently Asked Questions about zlib
4 INDEX          this file
5 Makefile        dummy Makefile that tells you to ./configure
6 Makefile.in     template for Unix Makefile
7 README         guess what
8 configure       configure script for Unix
9 make_vms.com    makefile for VMS
10 test/example.c  zlib usages examples for build testing
11 test/minigzip.c minimal gzip-like functionality for build testing
12 test/infcover.c inf*.c code coverage for build coverage testing
13 treebuild.xml  XML description of source file dependencies
14 zconf.h.cmakein zconf.h template for cmake
15 zconf.h.in     zconf.h template for configure
16 zlib.3         Man page for zlib
17 zlib.3.pdf     Man page in PDF format
18 zlib.map       Linux symbol information
19 zlib.pc.in     Template for pkg-config descriptor
20 zlib.pc.cmakein zlib.pc template for cmake
21 zlib2ansi      perl script to convert source files for C++ compilation

23 amiga/         makefiles for Amiga SAS C
24 as400/         makefiles for AS/400
25 doc/           documentation for formats and algorithms
26 msdos/         makefiles for MSDOS
27 nintendods/    makefile for Nintendo DS
28 old/           makefiles for various architectures and zlib documentation
29               files that have not yet been updated for zlib 1.2.x
30 qnx/           makefiles for QNX
31 watcom/        makefiles for OpenWatcom
32 win32/         makefiles for Windows

34               zlib public header files (required for library use):
35 zconf.h
36 zlib.h

38               private source files used to build the zlib library:
39 adler32.c
40 compress.c
41 crc32.c
42 crc32.h
43 deflate.c
44 deflate.h
45 gzclose.c
46 gzguts.h
47 gzlib.c
48 gzread.c
49 gzwrite.c
50 inffback.c
51 inffast.c
52 inffast.h
53 inffixed.h
54 inflate.c
55 inflate.h
56 inftrees.c
57 inftrees.h
58 trees.c
59 trees.h
60 uncompr.c

```

```

61 zutil.c
62 zutil.h

64               source files for sample programs
65 See examples/README.examples

67               unsupported contributions by third parties
68 See contrib/README.contrib

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/Makefile

1

100 Wed Apr 1 15:57:00 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 all:

2 -@echo "Please use ./configure first. Thank you."

4 distclean:

5 make -f Makefile.in distclean

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/Makefile.in

1

```
*****
9043 Wed Apr 1 15:57:00 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/Makefile.in
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib
2 # Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler
3 # For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

5 # To compile and test, type:
6 # ./configure; make test
7 # Normally configure builds both a static and a shared library.
8 # If you want to build just a static library, use: ./configure --static

10 # To use the asm code, type:
11 # cp contrib/asm?86/match.S ./match.S
12 # make LOC=-DASMV OBJA=match.o

14 # To install /usr/local/lib/libz.* and /usr/local/include/zlib.h, type:
15 # make install
16 # To install in $HOME instead of /usr/local, use:
17 # make install prefix=$HOME

19 CC=cc

21 CFLAGS=-O
22 #CFLAGS=-O -DMAX_WBITS=14 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7
23 #CFLAGS=-g -DDEBUG
24 #CFLAGS=-O3 -Wall -Wwrite-strings -Wpointer-arith -Wconversion \
25 # -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes

27 SFLAGS=-O
28 LDFLAGS=
29 TEST_LDFLAGS=-L. libz.a
30 LDSHARED=$(CC)
31 CPP=$(CC) -E

33 STATICLIB=libz.a
34 SHAREDLIB=libz.so
35 SHAREDLIBV=libz.so.1.2.8
36 SHAREDLIBM=libz.so.1
37 LIBS=$(STATICLIB) $(SHAREDLIBV)

39 AR=ar
40 ARFLAGS=rc
41 RANLIB=ranlib
42 LDCONFIG=ldconfig
43 LDSHAREDLIBC=-lc
44 TAR=tar
45 SHELL=/bin/sh
46 EXE=

48 prefix = /usr/local
49 exec_prefix = ${prefix}
50 libdir = ${exec_prefix}/lib
51 sharedlibdir = ${libdir}
52 includedir = ${prefix}/include
53 mandir = ${prefix}/share/man
54 man3dir = ${mandir}/man3
55 pkgconfigdir = ${libdir}/pkgconfig

57 OBJZ = adler32.o crc32.o deflate.o inffast.o inflate.o inftrees.o tree
58 OBJG = compress.o uncompress.o gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o gzwrite.o
59 OBJC = $(OBJZ) $(OBJG)
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/Makefile.in

2

```
61 PIC_OBJZ = adler32.lo crc32.lo deflate.lo inffast.lo inflate.lo inftre
62 PIC_OBJG = compress.lo uncompress.lo gzclose.lo gzlib.lo gzread.lo gzw
63 PIC_OBJC = $(PIC_OBJZ) $(PIC_OBJG)

65 # to use the asm code: make OBJA=match.o, PIC_OBJA=match.lo
66 OBJA =
67 PIC_OBJA =

69 OBJS = $(OBJC) $(OBJA)

71 PIC_OBJJS = $(PIC_OBJC) $(PIC_OBJA)

73 all: static shared

75 static: example$(EXE) minigzip$(EXE)

77 shared: examplesh$(EXE) minigzipsh$(EXE)

79 all64: example64$(EXE) minigzip64$(EXE)

81 check: test

83 test: all teststatic testshared

85 teststatic: static
86 @TMPST=tmpst_$$; \
87 if echo hello world | ./minigzip | ./minigzip -d && ./example $$TMPST ;
88 echo ' *** zlib test OK ***'; \
89 else \
90 echo ' *** zlib test FAILED ***'; false; \
91 fi; \
92 rm -f $$TMPST

94 testshared: shared
95 @LD_LIBRARY_PATH='pwd':$(LD_LIBRARY_PATH) ; export LD_LIBRARY_PATH; \
96 LD_LIBRARYN32_PATH='pwd':$(LD_LIBRARYN32_PATH) ; export LD_LIBRARYN32_PA
97 DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH='pwd':$(DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH) ; export DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH;
98 SHLIB_PATH='pwd':$(SHLIB_PATH) ; export SHLIB_PATH; \
99 TMPSH=tmpsh_$$; \
100 if echo hello world | ./minigzipsh | ./minigzipsh -d && ./examplesh $$TM
101 echo ' *** zlib shared test OK ***'; \
102 else \
103 echo ' *** zlib shared test FAILED ***'; false; \
104 fi; \
105 rm -f $$TMPSH

107 test64: all64
108 @TMP64=tmp64_$$; \
109 if echo hello world | ./minigzip64 | ./minigzip64 -d && ./example64 $$TM
110 echo ' *** zlib 64-bit test OK ***'; \
111 else \
112 echo ' *** zlib 64-bit test FAILED ***'; false; \
113 fi; \
114 rm -f $$TMP64

116 infcover.o: test/infcover.c zlib.h zconf.h
117 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -c -o $@ test/infcover.c

119 infcover: infcover.o libz.a
120 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ infcover.o libz.a

122 cover: infcover
123 rm -f *.gcda
124 ./infcover
125 gcov inf*.c
```

```

127 libz.a: $(OBJS)
128   $(AR) $(ARFLAGS) $@ $(OBJS)
129   -@ ($(RANLIB) $@ || true) >/dev/null 2>&1

131 match.o: match.S
132   $(CPP) match.S > _match.s
133   $(CC) -c _match.s
134   mv _match.o match.o
135   rm -f _match.s

137 match.lo: match.S
138   $(CPP) match.S > _match.s
139   $(CC) -c -fPIC _match.s
140   mv _match.o match.lo
141   rm -f _match.s

143 example.o: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h
144   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -c -o $@ test/example.c

146 minigzip.o: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h
147   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -c -o $@ test/minigzip.c

149 example64.o: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h
150   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -c -o $@ test/example.c

152 minigzip64.o: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h
153   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -c -o $@ test/minigzip.c

155 .SUFFIXES: .lo

157 .c.lo:
158   -@mkdir objs 2>/dev/null || test -d objs
159   $(CC) $(SFLAGS) -DPIC -c -o objs/$*.o $<
160   -@mv objs/$*.o $@
161   -@if [ -f objs/$*.o.bc ]; then mv objs/$*.o.bc $@.bc; fi

163 placebo $(SHAREDLIBV): $(PIC_OBJS) libz.a
164   $(LD) $(SFLAGS) -o $@ $(PIC_OBJS) $(LD) $(LDFLAGS)
165   rm -f $(SHAREDLIB) $(SHAREDLIBM)
166   ln -s $@ $(SHAREDLIB)
167   ln -s $@ $(SHAREDLIBM)
168   -@rmdir objs

170 example$(EXE): example.o $(STATICLIB)
171   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ example.o $(TEST_LDFLAGS)

173 minigzip$(EXE): minigzip.o $(STATICLIB)
174   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ minigzip.o $(TEST_LDFLAGS)

176 examplesh$(EXE): example.o $(SHAREDLIBV)
177   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ example.o -L. $(SHAREDLIBV)

179 minigzipsh$(EXE): minigzip.o $(SHAREDLIBV)
180   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ minigzip.o -L. $(SHAREDLIBV)

182 example64$(EXE): example64.o $(STATICLIB)
183   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ example64.o $(TEST_LDFLAGS)

185 minigzip64$(EXE): minigzip64.o $(STATICLIB)
186   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ minigzip64.o $(TEST_LDFLAGS)

188 install-libs: $(LIBS)
189   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$(exec_prefix) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$(exec_
190   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$(libdir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$(libdi
191   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$(sharedlibdir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$(share
192   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$(man3dir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$(man3d

```

```

193   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$(pkgconfigdir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$(pkgco
194   cp $(STATICLIB) $(DESTDIR)$(libdir)
195   chmod 644 $(DESTDIR)$(libdir)/$(STATICLIB)
196   -@ ($(RANLIB) $(DESTDIR)$(libdir)/libz.a || true) >/dev/null 2>&1
197   -@if test -n "$(SHAREDLIBV)"; then \
198     cp $(SHAREDLIBV) $(DESTDIR)$(sharedlibdir); \
199     echo "cp $(SHAREDLIBV) $(DESTDIR)$(sharedlibdir)"; \
200     chmod 755 $(DESTDIR)$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIBV); \
201     echo "chmod 755 $(DESTDIR)$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIBV)"; \
202     rm -f $(DESTDIR)$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIB) $(DESTDIR)$(sharedlibdir)
203     ln -s $(SHAREDLIBV) $(DESTDIR)$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIB); \
204     ln -s $(SHAREDLIBV) $(DESTDIR)$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIBM); \
205     ($(LDCONFIG) || true) >/dev/null 2>&1; \
206   fi
207   cp zlib.3 $(DESTDIR)$(man3dir)
208   chmod 644 $(DESTDIR)$(man3dir)/zlib.3
209   cp zlib.pc $(DESTDIR)$(pkgconfigdir)
210   chmod 644 $(DESTDIR)$(pkgconfigdir)/zlib.pc
211   # The ranlib in install is needed on NEXTSTEP which checks file times
212   # ldconfig is for Linux

214 install: install-libs
215   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$(includedir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$(inclu
216   cp zlib.h zconf.h $(DESTDIR)$(includedir)
217   chmod 644 $(DESTDIR)$(includedir)/zlib.h $(DESTDIR)$(includedir)/zconf.h

219 uninstall:
220   cd $(DESTDIR)$(includedir) && rm -f zlib.h zconf.h
221   cd $(DESTDIR)$(libdir) && rm -f libz.a; \
222   if test -n "$(SHAREDLIBV)" -a -f $(SHAREDLIBV); then \
223     rm -f $(SHAREDLIBV) $(SHAREDLIB) $(SHAREDLIBM); \
224   fi
225   cd $(DESTDIR)$(man3dir) && rm -f zlib.3
226   cd $(DESTDIR)$(pkgconfigdir) && rm -f zlib.pc

228 docs: zlib.3.pdf

230 zlib.3.pdf: zlib.3
231   groff -mandoc -f H -T ps zlib.3 | ps2pdf - zlib.3.pdf

233 zconf.h.cmakein: zconf.h.in
234   -@ TEMPFILE=zconfh_$$; \
235   echo "#define ZCONF_H/ a\\\\\\\\n#cmakedefine Z_PREFIX\\\\\\\\n#cmakedefine Z
236   sed -f $$TEMPFILE zconf.h.in > zconf.h.cmakein && \
237   touch -r zconf.h.in zconf.h.cmakein && \
238   rm $$TEMPFILE

240 zconf: zconf.h.in
241   cp -p zconf.h.in zconf.h

243 mostlyclean: clean
244 clean:
245   rm -f *.o *.lo *- \
246   example$(EXE) minigzip$(EXE) examplesh$(EXE) minigzipsh$(EXE) \
247   example64$(EXE) minigzip64$(EXE) \
248   infcover \
249   libz.* foo.gz so_locations \
250   _match.s maketree contrib/infback9/*.o
251   rm -rf objs
252   rm -f *.gcda *.gcno *.gcov
253   rm -f contrib/infback9/*.gcda contrib/infback9/*.gcno contrib/infback9/*

255 maintainer-clean: distclean
256 distclean: clean zconf zconf.h.cmakein docs
257   rm -f Makefile zlib.pc configure.log
258   -@rm -f .DS_Store

```

```
259 -@printf 'all:\n\t-@echo "Please use ./configure first. Thank you."\n'
260 -@printf '\ndistclean:\n\tmake -f Makefile.in distclean\n' >> Makefile
261 -@touch -r Makefile.in Makefile

263 tags:
264     etags *. [ch]

266 depend:
267     makedepend -- $(CFLAGS) -- *. [ch]

269 # DO NOT DELETE THIS LINE -- make depend depends on it.

271 Adler32.o zutil.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
272 gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o gzwrite.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
273 compress.o example.o minigzip.o uncompress.o: zlib.h zconf.h
274 crc32.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h
275 deflate.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
276 inffast.o inflate.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h inffi
277 inffast.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
278 inftrees.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
279 trees.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h trees.h

281 Adler32.lo zutil.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
282 gzclose.lo gzlib.lo gzread.lo gzwrite.lo: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
283 compress.lo example.lo minigzip.lo uncompress.lo: zlib.h zconf.h
284 crc32.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h
285 deflate.lo: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
286 inffast.lo inflate.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h inf
287 inffast.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
288 inftrees.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
289 trees.lo: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h trees.h
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/Makefile.in.-1-

1

```
*****
8985 Wed Apr 1 15:57:00 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/Makefile.in.-1-
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib
2 # Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler
3 # For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

5 # To compile and test, type:
6 # ./configure; make test
7 # Normally configure builds both a static and a shared library.
8 # If you want to build just a static library, use: ./configure --static

10 # To use the asm code, type:
11 # cp contrib/asm?86/match.S ./match.S
12 # make LOC=-DASMV OBJA=match.o

14 # To install /usr/local/lib/libz.* and /usr/local/include/zlib.h, type:
15 # make install
16 # To install in $HOME instead of /usr/local, use:
17 # make install prefix=$HOME

19 CC=cc

21 CFLAGS=-O
22 #CFLAGS=-O -DMAX_WBITS=14 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7
23 #CFLAGS=-g -DDEBUG
24 #CFLAGS=-O3 -Wall -Wwrite-strings -Wpointer-arith -Wconversion \
25 # -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes

27 SFLAGS=-O
28 LDFLAGS=
29 TEST_LDFLAGS=-L. libz.a
30 LDSHARED=$(CC)
31 CPP=$(CC) -E

33 STATICLIB=libz.a
34 SHAREDLIB=libz.so
35 SHAREDLIBV=libz.so.1.2.8
36 SHAREDLIBM=libz.so.1
37 LIBS=$(STATICLIB) $(SHAREDLIBV)

39 AR=ar
40 ARFLAGS=rc
41 RANLIB=ranlib
42 LDCONFIG=ldconfig
43 LDSHAREDLIBC=-lc
44 TAR=tar
45 SHELL=/bin/sh
46 EXE=

48 prefix = /usr/local
49 exec_prefix = ${prefix}
50 libdir = ${exec_prefix}/lib
51 sharedlibdir = ${libdir}
52 includedir = ${prefix}/include
53 mandir = ${prefix}/share/man
54 man3dir = ${mandir}/man3
55 pkgconfigdir = ${libdir}/pkgconfig

57 OBJZ = adler32.o crc32.o deflate.o inffast.o inflate.o inftrees.o tree
58 OBJG = compress.o uncompress.o gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o gzwrite.o
59 OBJC = $(OBJZ) $(OBJG)
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/Makefile.in.-1-

2

```
61 PIC_OBJZ = adler32.lo crc32.lo deflate.lo inffast.lo inflate.lo inftre
62 PIC_OBJG = compress.lo uncompress.lo gzclose.lo gzlib.lo gzread.lo gzw
63 PIC_OBJC = $(PIC_OBJZ) $(PIC_OBJG)

65 # to use the asm code: make OBJA=match.o, PIC_OBJA=match.lo
66 OBJA =
67 PIC_OBJA =

69 OBJS = $(OBJC) $(OBJA)

71 PIC_OBJG = $(PIC_OBJC) $(PIC_OBJA)

73 all: static shared

75 static: example$(EXE) minigzip$(EXE)

77 shared: examplesh$(EXE) minigzipsh$(EXE)

79 all64: example64$(EXE) minigzip64$(EXE)

81 check: test

83 test: all teststatic testshared

85 teststatic: static
86 @TMPST=tmpst_$$; \
87 if echo hello world | ./minigzip | ./minigzip -d && ./example $$TMPST ;
88 echo ' *** zlib test OK ***'; \
89 else \
90 echo ' *** zlib test FAILED ***'; false; \
91 fi; \
92 rm -f $$TMPST

94 testshared: shared
95 @LD_LIBRARY_PATH='pwd':$(LD_LIBRARY_PATH) ; export LD_LIBRARY_PATH; \
96 LD_LIBRARYN32_PATH='pwd':$(LD_LIBRARYN32_PATH) ; export LD_LIBRARYN32_PA
97 DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH='pwd':$(DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH) ; export DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH;
98 SHLIB_PATH='pwd':$(SHLIB_PATH) ; export SHLIB_PATH; \
99 TMPSH=tmpsh_$$; \
100 if echo hello world | ./minigzipsh | ./minigzipsh -d && ./examplesh $$TM
101 echo ' *** zlib shared test OK ***'; \
102 else \
103 echo ' *** zlib shared test FAILED ***'; false; \
104 fi; \
105 rm -f $$TMPSH

107 test64: all64
108 @TMP64=tmp64_$$; \
109 if echo hello world | ./minigzip64 | ./minigzip64 -d && ./example64 $$TM
110 echo ' *** zlib 64-bit test OK ***'; \
111 else \
112 echo ' *** zlib 64-bit test FAILED ***'; false; \
113 fi; \
114 rm -f $$TMP64

116 infcover.o: test/infcover.c zlib.h zconf.h
117 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -c -o $@ test/infcover.c

119 infcover: infcover.o libz.a
120 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ infcover.o libz.a

122 cover: infcover
123 rm -f *.gcda
124 ./infcover
125 gcov inf*.c
```

```

127 libz.a: $(OBJS)
128   $(AR) $(ARFLAGS) $@ $(OBJS)
129   -@ ($(RANLIB) $@ || true) >/dev/null 2>&1

131 match.o: match.S
132   $(CPP) match.S > _match.s
133   $(CC) -c _match.s
134   mv _match.o match.o
135   rm -f _match.s

137 match.lo: match.S
138   $(CPP) match.S > _match.s
139   $(CC) -c -fPIC _match.s
140   mv _match.o match.lo
141   rm -f _match.s

143 example.o: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h
144   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -c -o $@ test/example.c

146 minigzip.o: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h
147   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -c -o $@ test/minigzip.c

149 example64.o: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h
150   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -c -o $@ test/example.c

152 minigzip64.o: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h
153   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -c -o $@ test/minigzip.c

155 .SUFFIXES: .lo

157 .c.lo:
158   -@mkdir objs 2>/dev/null || test -d objs
159   $(CC) $(SFLAGS) -DPIC -c -o objs/$*.o $<
160   -@mv objs/$*.o $@

162 placebo $(SHAREDLIB): $(PIC_OBJS) libz.a
163   $(LD) $(SFLAGS) -o $@ $(PIC_OBJS) $(LD) $(LDFLAGS)
164   rm -f $(SHAREDLIB) $(SHAREDLIBM)
165   ln -s $@ $(SHAREDLIB)
166   ln -s $@ $(SHAREDLIBM)
167   -@rmdir objs

169 example$(EXE): example.o $(STATICLIB)
170   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ example.o $(TEST_LDFLAGS)

172 minigzip$(EXE): minigzip.o $(STATICLIB)
173   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ minigzip.o $(TEST_LDFLAGS)

175 examplesh$(EXE): example.o $(SHAREDLIB)
176   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ example.o -L. $(SHAREDLIB)

178 minigzipsh$(EXE): minigzip.o $(SHAREDLIB)
179   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ minigzip.o -L. $(SHAREDLIB)

181 example64$(EXE): example64.o $(STATICLIB)
182   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ example64.o $(TEST_LDFLAGS)

184 minigzip64$(EXE): minigzip64.o $(STATICLIB)
185   $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ minigzip64.o $(TEST_LDFLAGS)

187 install-libs: $(LIBS)
188   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$$(exec_prefix) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$$(exec_
189   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$$(libdir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$$(libdi
190   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$$(sharedlibdir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$$(share
191   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$$(man3dir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$$(man3d
192   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$$(pkgconfigdir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$$(pkgco

```

```

193   cp $(STATICLIB) $(DESTDIR)$$(libdir)
194   chmod 644 $(DESTDIR)$$(libdir)/$(STATICLIB)
195   -@($(RANLIB) $(DESTDIR)$$(libdir)/libz.a || true) >/dev/null 2>&1
196   -@if test -n "$(SHAREDLIB)"; then \
197     cp $(SHAREDLIB) $(DESTDIR)$$(sharedlibdir); \
198     echo "cp $(SHAREDLIB) $(DESTDIR)$$(sharedlibdir)"; \
199     chmod 755 $(DESTDIR)$$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIB); \
200     echo "chmod 755 $(DESTDIR)$$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIB)"; \
201     rm -f $(DESTDIR)$$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIB) $(DESTDIR)$$(sharedlibdir)
202     ln -s $(SHAREDLIB) $(DESTDIR)$$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIB); \
203     ln -s $(SHAREDLIB) $(DESTDIR)$$(sharedlibdir)/$(SHAREDLIBM); \
204     ($(LDCONFIG) || true) >/dev/null 2>&1; \
205     fi
206   cp zlib.3 $(DESTDIR)$$(man3dir)
207   chmod 644 $(DESTDIR)$$(man3dir)/zlib.3
208   cp zlib.pc $(DESTDIR)$$(pkgconfigdir)
209   chmod 644 $(DESTDIR)$$(pkgconfigdir)/zlib.pc
210   # The ranlib in install is needed on NeXTSTEP which checks file times
211   # ldconfig is for Linux

213 install: install-libs
214   -@if [ ! -d $(DESTDIR)$$(includedir) ]; then mkdir -p $(DESTDIR)$$(inclu
215   cp zlib.h zconf.h $(DESTDIR)$$(includedir)
216   chmod 644 $(DESTDIR)$$(includedir)/zlib.h $(DESTDIR)$$(includedir)/zconf.h

218 uninstall:
219   cd $(DESTDIR)$$(includedir) && rm -f zlib.h zconf.h
220   cd $(DESTDIR)$$(libdir) && rm -f libz.a; \
221   if test -n "$(SHAREDLIB)" -a -f $(SHAREDLIB); then \
222     rm -f $(SHAREDLIB) $(SHAREDLIBM); \
223   fi
224   cd $(DESTDIR)$$(man3dir) && rm -f zlib.3
225   cd $(DESTDIR)$$(pkgconfigdir) && rm -f zlib.pc

227 docs: zlib.3.pdf

229 zlib.3.pdf: zlib.3
230   groff -mandoc -f H -T ps zlib.3 | ps2pdf - zlib.3.pdf

232 zconf.h.cmakein: zconf.h.in
233   -@ TEMPFILE=zconf.h$$$; \
234   echo "#define ZCONF_H/ a\\\\\\n#cmakedefine Z_PREFIX\\\\\\n#cmakedefine Z
235   sed -f $$TEMPFILE zconf.h.in > zconf.h.cmakein && \
236   touch -r zconf.h.in zconf.h.cmakein && \
237   rm $$TEMPFILE

239 zconf: zconf.h.in
240   cp -p zconf.h.in zconf.h

242 mostlyclean: clean
243 clean:
244   rm -f *.o *.lo *- \
245   example$(EXE) minigzip$(EXE) examplesh$(EXE) minigzipsh$(EXE) \
246   example64$(EXE) minigzip64$(EXE) \
247   infcover \
248   libz.* foo.gz so_locations \
249   _match.s maketree contrib/infback9/*.o
250   rm -rf objs
251   rm -f *.gda *.gcno *.gcov
252   rm -f contrib/infback9/*.gda contrib/infback9/*.gcno contrib/infback9/*

254 maintainer-clean: distclean
255 distclean: clean zconf zconf.h.cmakein docs
256   rm -f Makefile zlib.pc configure.log
257   -@rm -f .DS_Store
258   -@printf 'all:\n\t-@echo "Please use ./configure first. Thank you.\n'

```

```
259  -@printf '\ndistclean:\n\tmake -f Makefile.in distclean\n' >> Makefile
260  -@touch -r Makefile.in Makefile

262 tags:
263     etags *. [ch]

265 depend:
266     makedepend -- $(CFLAGS) -- *. [ch]

268 # DO NOT DELETE THIS LINE -- make depend depends on it.

270 adler32.o zutil.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
271 gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o gzwrite.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
272 compress.o example.o minigzip.o uncompr.o: zlib.h zconf.h
273 crc32.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h
274 deflate.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
275 infback.o inflate.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h inffi
276 inffast.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
277 inftrees.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
278 trees.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h trees.h

280 adler32.lo zutil.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
281 gzclose.lo gzlib.lo gzread.lo gzwrite.lo: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
282 compress.lo example.lo minigzip.lo uncompr.lo: zlib.h zconf.h
283 crc32.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h
284 deflate.lo: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
285 infback.lo inflate.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h inf
286 inffast.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
287 inftrees.lo: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
288 trees.lo: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h trees.h
```

5185 Wed Apr 1 15:57:00 2015
 new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/README
 5470 libz should be part of illumos
 1002 Integrate zlib

1 ZLIB DATA COMPRESSION LIBRARY

3 zlib 1.2.8 is a general purpose data compression library. All the code is
 4 thread safe. The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs
 5 (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files
 6 <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950> (zlib format), [rfc1951](http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1951) (deflate format) and
 7 [rfc1952](http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1952) (gzip format).

9 All functions of the compression library are documented in the file `zlib.h`
 10 (volunteer to write man pages welcome, contact zlib@gzip.org). A usage example
 11 of the library is given in the file `test/example.c` which also tests that
 12 the library is working correctly. Another example is given in the file
 13 `test/minigzip.c`. The compression library itself is composed of all source
 14 files in the root directory.

16 To compile all files and run the test program, follow the instructions given at
 17 the top of `Makefile.in`. In short `./configure; make test`, and if that goes
 18 well, `"make install"` should work for most flavors of Unix. For Windows, use
 19 one of the special makefiles in `win32/` or `contrib/vstudio/`. For VMS, use
 20 `make_vms.com`.

22 Questions about zlib should be sent to [<zlib@gzip.org>](mailto:zlib@gzip.org), or to Gilles Vollant
 23 [<info@winimage.com>](mailto:info@winimage.com) for the Windows DLL version. The zlib home page is
 24 <http://zlib.net/>. Before reporting a problem, please check this site to
 25 verify that you have the latest version of zlib; otherwise get the latest
 26 version and check whether the problem still exists or not.

28 PLEASE read the zlib FAQ http://zlib.net/zlib_faq.html before asking for help.

30 Mark Nelson [<markn@ieee.org>](mailto:markn@ieee.org) wrote an article about zlib for the Jan. 1997
 31 issue of Dr. Dobbs's Journal; a copy of the article is available at
 32 <http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/>.

34 The changes made in version 1.2.8 are documented in the file `ChangeLog`.

36 Unsupported third party contributions are provided in directory `contrib/`.

38 zlib is available in Java using the `java.util.zip` package, documented at
 39 <http://java.sun.com/developer/technicalArticles/Programming/compression/>.

41 A Perl interface to zlib written by Paul Marquess [<pmqs@cpan.org>](mailto:pmqs@cpan.org) is available
 42 at CPAN (Comprehensive Perl Archive Network) sites, including
 43 <http://search.cpan.org/~pmqs/IO-Compress-Zlib/>.

45 A Python interface to zlib written by A.M. Kuchling [<amk@amk.ca>](mailto:amk@amk.ca) is
 46 available in Python 1.5 and later versions, see
 47 <http://docs.python.org/library/zlib.html>.

49 zlib is built into tcl: <http://wiki.tcl.tk/4610>.

51 An experimental package to read and write files in .zip format, written on top
 52 of zlib by Gilles Vollant [<info@winimage.com>](mailto:info@winimage.com), is available in the
 53 `contrib/minizip` directory of zlib.

56 Notes for some targets:

58 - For Windows DLL versions, please see `win32/DLL_FAQ.txt`

60 - For 64-bit Irix, `deflate.c` must be compiled without any optimization. With

61 -O, one libpng test fails. The test works in 32 bit mode (with the `-n32`
 62 compiler flag). The compiler bug has been reported to SGI.

64 - zlib doesn't work with gcc 2.6.3 on a DEC 3000/300LX under OSF/1 2.1 it works
 65 when compiled with cc.

67 - On Digital Unix 4.0D (formerly OSF/1) on AlphaServer, the cc option `-std1` is
 68 necessary to get `gzprintf` working correctly. This is done by `configure`.

70 - zlib doesn't work on HP-UX 9.05 with some versions of `/bin/cc`. It works with
 71 other compilers. Use `"make test"` to check your compiler.

73 - `gzdopen` is not supported on RISCOS or BEOS.

75 - For PalmOs, see <http://palmzlib.sourceforge.net/>

78 Acknowledgments:

80 The deflate format used by zlib was defined by Phil Katz. The deflate and
 81 zlib specifications were written by L. Peter Deutsch. Thanks to all the
 82 people who reported problems and suggested various improvements in zlib; they
 83 are too numerous to cite here.

85 Copyright notice:

87 (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

89 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
 90 warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
 91 arising from the use of this software.

93 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
 94 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
 95 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

- 97 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
 98 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
 99 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
 100 appreciated but is not required.
- 101 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
 102 misrepresented as being the original software.
- 103 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

105 Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
 106 jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

108 If you use the zlib library in a product, we would appreciate *not* receiving
 109 lengthy legal documents to sign. The sources are provided for free but without
 110 warranty of any kind. The library has been entirely written by Jean-loup
 111 Gailly and Mark Adler; it does not include third-party code.

113 If you redistribute modified sources, we would appreciate that you include in
 114 the file `ChangeLog` history information documenting your changes. Please read
 115 the FAQ for more information on the distribution of modified source versions.

```

*****
4968 Wed Apr 1 15:57:01 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/adler32.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* Adler-32 checksum of a data stream
2 * Copyright (C) 1995-2011 Mark Adler
3 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4 */

6 /* @(#) $Id$ */

8 #include "zutil.h"

10 #define local static

12 local uLong Adler32_combine_OF((uLong Adler1, uLong Adler2, z_off64_t Len2));

14 #define BASE 65521 /* largest prime smaller than 65536 */
15 #define NMAX 5552
16 /* NMAX is the largest n such that 255n(n+1)/2 + (n+1)(BASE-1) <= 2^32-1 */

18 #define DO1(buf,i) {adler += (buf)[i]; sum2 += adler;}
19 #define DO2(buf,i) DO1(buf,i); DO1(buf,i+1);
20 #define DO4(buf,i) DO2(buf,i); DO2(buf,i+2);
21 #define DO8(buf,i) DO4(buf,i); DO4(buf,i+4);
22 #define DO16(buf) DO8(buf,0); DO8(buf,8);

24 /* use NO_DIVIDE if your processor does not do division in hardware --
25 try it both ways to see which is faster */
26 #ifdef NO_DIVIDE
27 /* note that this assumes BASE is 65521, where 65536 % 65521 == 15
28 (thank you to John Reiser for pointing this out) */
29 #define CHOP(a) \
30 do { \
31 unsigned long tmp = a >> 16; \
32 a &= 0xffffUL; \
33 a += (tmp << 4) - tmp; \
34 } while (0)
35 #define MOD28(a) \
36 do { \
37 CHOP(a); \
38 if (a >= BASE) a -= BASE; \
39 } while (0)
40 #define MOD(a) \
41 do { \
42 CHOP(a); \
43 MOD28(a); \
44 } while (0)
45 #define MOD63(a) \
46 do { /* this assumes a is not negative */ \
47 z_off64_t tmp = a >> 32; \
48 a &= 0xffffffffL; \
49 a += (tmp << 8) - (tmp << 5) + tmp; \
50 tmp = a >> 16; \
51 a &= 0xffffL; \
52 a += (tmp << 4) - tmp; \
53 tmp = a >> 16; \
54 a &= 0xffffL; \
55 a += (tmp << 4) - tmp; \
56 if (a >= BASE) a -= BASE; \
57 } while (0)
58 #else
59 #define MOD(a) a %= BASE
60 #define MOD28(a) a %= BASE

```

```

61 # define MOD63(a) a %= BASE
62 #endif

64 /* ===== */
65 uLong ZEXPORT Adler32(adler, buf, len)
66 uLong adler;
67 const Bytef *buf;
68 uInt len;
69 {
70 unsigned long sum2;
71 unsigned n;

73 /* split Adler-32 into component sums */
74 sum2 = (adler >> 16) & 0xffff;
75 adler &= 0xffff;

77 /* in case user likes doing a byte at a time, keep it fast */
78 if (len == 1) {
79 adler += buf[0];
80 if (adler >= BASE)
81 adler -= BASE;
82 sum2 += adler;
83 if (sum2 >= BASE)
84 sum2 -= BASE;
85 return adler | (sum2 << 16);
86 }

88 /* initial Adler-32 value (deferred check for len == 1 speed) */
89 if (buf == Z_NULL)
90 return 1L;

92 /* in case short lengths are provided, keep it somewhat fast */
93 if (len < 16) {
94 while (len-- > 0) {
95 adler += *buf++;
96 sum2 += adler;
97 }
98 if (adler >= BASE)
99 adler -= BASE;
100 MOD28(sum2); /* only added so many BASE's */
101 return adler | (sum2 << 16);
102 }

104 /* do length NMAX blocks -- requires just one modulo operation */
105 while (len >= NMAX) {
106 len -= NMAX;
107 n = NMAX / 16; /* NMAX is divisible by 16 */
108 do {
109 DO16(buf); /* 16 sums unrolled */
110 buf += 16;
111 } while (--n > 0);
112 MOD(adler);
113 MOD(sum2);
114 }

116 /* do remaining bytes (less than NMAX, still just one modulo) */
117 if (len) { /* avoid modulus if none remaining */
118 while (len >= 16) {
119 len -= 16;
120 DO16(buf);
121 buf += 16;
122 }
123 while (len-- > 0) {
124 adler += *buf++;
125 sum2 += adler;
126 }

```

```
127     MOD(adler);
128     MOD(sum2);
129 }

131 /* return recombined sums */
132 return Adler | (sum2 << 16);
133 }

135 /* ===== */
136 local uLong Adler32_combine_(Adler1, Adler2, len2)
137     uLong Adler1;
138     uLong Adler2;
139     z_off64_t len2;
140 {
141     unsigned long sum1;
142     unsigned long sum2;
143     unsigned rem;

145     /* for negative len, return invalid Adler32 as a clue for debugging */
146     if (len2 < 0)
147         return 0xffffffffUL;

149     /* the derivation of this formula is left as an exercise for the reader */
150     MOD63(len2); /* assumes len2 >= 0 */
151     rem = (unsigned)len2;
152     sum1 = Adler1 & 0xffff;
153     sum2 = rem * sum1;
154     MOD(sum2);
155     sum1 += (Adler2 & 0xffff) + BASE - 1;
156     sum2 += ((Adler1 >> 16) & 0xffff) + ((Adler2 >> 16) & 0xffff) + BASE - rem;
157     if (sum1 >= BASE) sum1 -= BASE;
158     if (sum2 >= BASE) sum2 -= BASE;
159     if (sum2 >= (BASE << 1)) sum2 -= (BASE << 1);
160     if (sum1 >= BASE) sum1 -= BASE;
161     return Adler | (sum2 << 16);
162 }

164 /* ===== */
165 uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine(Adler1, Adler2, len2)
166     uLong Adler1;
167     uLong Adler2;
168     z_off_t len2;
169 {
170     return Adler32_combine_(Adler1, Adler2, len2);
171 }

173 uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine64(Adler1, Adler2, len2)
174     uLong Adler1;
175     uLong Adler2;
176     z_off64_t len2;
177 {
178     return Adler32_combine_(Adler1, Adler2, len2);
179 }
```

```

*****
1981 Wed Apr 1 15:57:01 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/amiga/Makefile.pup
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Amiga powerUP (TM) Makefile
2 # makefile for libpng and SAS C V6.58/7.00 PPC compiler
3 # Copyright (C) 1998 by Andreas R. Kleinert

5 LIBNAME = libzip.a

7 CC      = scppc
8 CFLAGS  = NOSTKCHK NOSINT OPTIMIZE OPTGO OPTPEEP OPTINLOCAL OPTINL \
9          OPTLOOP OPTRDEP=8 OPTDEP=8 OPTCOMP=8 NOVER
10 AR      = ppc-amigaos-ar cr
11 RANLIB  = ppc-amigaos-ranlib
12 LD      = ppc-amigaos-ld -r
13 LDFLAGS = -o
14 LDLIBS = LIB:scppc.a LIB:end.o
15 RM      = delete quiet

17 OBJS = adler32.o compress.o crc32.o gzcclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o gzwrite.o \
18        uncompr.o deflate.o trees.o zutil.o inflate.o infback.o infrees.o infas

20 TEST_OBJS = example.o minigzip.o

22 all: example minigzip

24 check: test
25 test: all
26     example
27     echo hello world | minigzip | minigzip -d

29 $(LIBNAME): $(OBJS)
30     $(AR) $@ $(OBJS)
31     -$(RANLIB) $@

33 example: example.o $(LIBNAME)
34     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) $@ LIB:c_ppc.o $@.o $(LIBNAME) $(LDLIBS)

36 minigzip: minigzip.o $(LIBNAME)
37     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) $@ LIB:c_ppc.o $@.o $(LIBNAME) $(LDLIBS)

39 mostlyclean: clean
40 clean:
41     $(RM) *.o example minigzip $(LIBNAME) foo.gz

43 zip:
44     zip -ul9 zlib README ChangeLog Makefile Make?????.??? Makefile.?? \
45     descrip.mms *.*[ch]

47 tgz:
48     cd ..; tar cfz zlib/zlib.tgz zlib/README zlib/ChangeLog zlib/Makefile \
49     zlib/Make?????.??? zlib/Makefile.?? zlib/descrip.mms zlib/*.[ch]

51 # DO NOT DELETE THIS LINE -- make depend depends on it.

53 adler32.o: zlib.h zconf.h
54 compress.o: zlib.h zconf.h
55 crc32.o: crc32.h zlib.h zconf.h
56 deflate.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
57 example.o: zlib.h zconf.h
58 gzcclose.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
59 gzlib.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
60 gzread.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

```

```

61 gzwrite.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
62 inffast.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
63 inflate.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
64 infback.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
65 infrees.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infrees.h
66 minigzip.o: zlib.h zconf.h
67 trees.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h trees.h
68 uncompr.o: zlib.h zconf.h
69 zutil.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

```

```

*****
1847 Wed Apr 1 15:57:01 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/amiga/Makefile.sas
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # SMakefile for zlib
2 # Modified from the standard UNIX Makefile Copyright Jean-loup Gailly
3 # Osmo Ahvenlampi <Osmo.Ahvenlampi@hut.fi>
4 # Amiga, SAS/C 6.56 & Smake

6 CC=sc
7 CFLAGS=OPT
8 #CFLAGS=OPT CPU=68030
9 #CFLAGS=DEBUG=LINE
10 LDFLAGS=LIB z.lib

12 SCOPTIONS=OPTSCHED OPTINLINE OPTALIAS OPTTIME OPTINLOCAL STRMERGE \
13 NOICONS PARMS=BOTH NOSTACKCHECK UTILLIB NOVERSION ERRORREXX \
14 DEF=POSTINC

16 OBJS = adler32.o compress.o crc32.o gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o gzwrite.o \
17 uncompr.o deflate.o trees.o zutil.o inflate.o infback.o inftrees.o infas

19 TEST_OBJS = example.o minigzip.o

21 all: SCOPTIONS example minigzip

23 check: test
24 test: all
25     example
26     echo hello world | minigzip | minigzip -d

28 install: z.lib
29     copy clone zlib.h zconf.h INCLUDE:
30     copy clone z.lib LIB:

32 z.lib: $(OBJS)
33     oml z.lib r $(OBJS)

35 example: example.o z.lib
36     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) LINK TO @$@ example.o $(LDFLAGS)

38 minigzip: minigzip.o z.lib
39     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) LINK TO @$@ minigzip.o $(LDFLAGS)

41 mostlyclean: clean
42 clean:
43     -delete force quiet example minigzip *.o z.lib foo.gz *.lnk SCOPTIONS

45 SCOPTIONS: Makefile.sas
46     copy to @$@ <from <
47 $(SCOPTIONS)
48 <

50 # DO NOT DELETE THIS LINE -- make depend depends on it.

52 adler32.o: zlib.h zconf.h
53 compress.o: zlib.h zconf.h
54 crc32.o: crc32.h zlib.h zconf.h
55 deflate.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
56 example.o: zlib.h zconf.h
57 gzclose.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
58 gzlib.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
59 gzread.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
60 gzwrite.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

```

```

61 inffast.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
62 inflate.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
63 infback.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
64 inftrees.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
65 minigzip.o: zlib.h zconf.h
66 trees.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h trees.h
67 uncompr.o: zlib.h zconf.h
68 zutil.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

```

```

*****
      8485 Wed Apr  1 15:57:01 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/as400/bndsrc
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1  STRPGMEXP PGMLVL(*CURRENT) SIGNATURE('ZLIB')

3  /*****
4  /*      Version 1.1.3 entry points.      */
5  /*****

7  /*****
8  /*      *MODULE      ADLER32      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
9  /*****

11  EXPORT SYMBOL("adler32")

13  /*****
14  /*      *MODULE      COMPRESS      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
15  /*****

17  EXPORT SYMBOL("compress")
18  EXPORT SYMBOL("compress2")

20  /*****
21  /*      *MODULE      CRC32      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
22  /*****

24  EXPORT SYMBOL("crc32")
25  EXPORT SYMBOL("get_crc_table")

27  /*****
28  /*      *MODULE      DEFLATE      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
29  /*****

31  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflate")
32  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflateEnd")
33  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflateSetDictionary")
34  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflateCopy")
35  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflateReset")
36  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflateParams")
37  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflatePrime")
38  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflateInit_")
39  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflateInit2_")

41  /*****
42  /*      *MODULE      GZIO      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
43  /*****

45  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzopen")
46  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzdopen")
47  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzsetparams")
48  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzread")
49  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzwrite")
50  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzprintf")
51  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzputs")
52  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzgets")
53  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzputc")
54  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzgetc")
55  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzflush")
56  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzseek")
57  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzrewind")
58  EXPORT SYMBOL("gztell")
59  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzeof")
60  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzclose")

```

```

61  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzerror")

63  /*****
64  /*      *MODULE      INFLATE      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
65  /*****

67  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflate")
68  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateEnd")
69  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateSetDictionary")
70  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateSync")
71  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateReset")
72  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateInit_")
73  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateInit2_")
74  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateSyncPoint")

76  /*****
77  /*      *MODULE      UNCOMPR      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
78  /*****

80  EXPORT SYMBOL("uncompress")

82  /*****
83  /*      *MODULE      ZUTIL      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
84  /*****

86  EXPORT SYMBOL("zlibVersion")
87  EXPORT SYMBOL("zError")

89  /*****
90  /*      Version 1.2.1 additional entry points.      */
91  /*****

93  /*****
94  /*      *MODULE      COMPRESS      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
95  /*****

97  EXPORT SYMBOL("compressBound")

99  /*****
100 /*      *MODULE      DEFLATE      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
101 /*****

103  EXPORT SYMBOL("deflateBound")

105  /*****
106 /*      *MODULE      GZIO      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
107 /*****

109  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzungetc")
110  EXPORT SYMBOL("gzclearerr")

112  /*****
113 /*      *MODULE      INFBACK      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
114 /*****

116  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateBack")
117  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateBackEnd")
118  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateBackInit_")

120  /*****
121 /*      *MODULE      INFLATE      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
122 /*****

124  EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateCopy")

126  /*****

```

```

127 /* *MODULE      ZUTIL      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
128 /*****
130   EXPORT SYMBOL("zlibCompileFlags")

132 /*****
133 /*   Version 1.2.5 additional entry points.
134 /*****

136 /*****
137 /* *MODULE      ADLER32     ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
138 /*****

140   EXPORT SYMBOL("adler32_combine")
141   EXPORT SYMBOL("adler32_combine64")

143 /*****
144 /* *MODULE      CRC32      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
145 /*****

147   EXPORT SYMBOL("crc32_combine")
148   EXPORT SYMBOL("crc32_combine64")

150 /*****
151 /* *MODULE      GZLIB      ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
152 /*****

154   EXPORT SYMBOL("gzbuffer")
155   EXPORT SYMBOL("gzoffset")
156   EXPORT SYMBOL("gzoffset64")
157   EXPORT SYMBOL("gzopen64")
158   EXPORT SYMBOL("gzseek64")
159   EXPORT SYMBOL("gtell64")

161 /*****
162 /* *MODULE      GZREAD     ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
163 /*****

165   EXPORT SYMBOL("gzclose_r")

167 /*****
168 /* *MODULE      GZWRITE    ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
169 /*****

171   EXPORT SYMBOL("gzclose_w")

173 /*****
174 /* *MODULE      INFLATE    ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
175 /*****

177   EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateMark")
178   EXPORT SYMBOL("inflatePrime")
179   EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateReset2")
180   EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateUndermine")

182 /*****
183 /*   Version 1.2.6 additional entry points.
184 /*****

186 /*****
187 /* *MODULE      DEFLATE    ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
188 /*****

190   EXPORT SYMBOL("deflateResetKeep")
191   EXPORT SYMBOL("deflatePending")

```

```

193 /*****
194 /* *MODULE      GZWRITE    ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
195 /*****

197   EXPORT SYMBOL("gzgetc_")

199 /*****
200 /* *MODULE      INFLATE    ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
201 /*****

203   EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateResetKeep")

205 /*****
206 /*   Version 1.2.8 additional entry points.
207 /*****

209 /*****
210 /* *MODULE      INFLATE    ZLIB      01/02/01  00:15:09      */
211 /*****

213   EXPORT SYMBOL("inflateGetDictionary")

215   ENDPGMEXP

```

```

*****
5291 Wed Apr 1 15:57:01 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/as400/compile.clp
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*****
2 /*
3 /* ZLIB
4 /*
5 /* Compile sources into modules and link them into a service program.
6 /*
7 /*****
9 PGM
11 /* Configuration adjustable parameters. */
13 DCL VAR(&SRCLIB) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(10) +
14 VALUE('ZLIB') /* Source librar
15 DCL VAR(&SRCFILE) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(10) +
16 VALUE('SOURCES') /* Source member
17 DCL VAR(&CTLFILE) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(10) +
18 VALUE('TOOLS') /* Control membe
20 DCL VAR(&MODLIB) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(10) +
21 VALUE('ZLIB') /* Module librar
23 DCL VAR(&SRVLIB) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(10) +
24 VALUE('LGPL') /* Service progr
26 DCL VAR(&CFLAGS) TYPE(*CHAR) +
27 VALUE('OPTIMIZE(40)') /* Compile optio
29 DCL VAR(&TGTRLS) TYPE(*CHAR) +
30 VALUE('V5R3M0') /* Target releas
33 /* Working storage. */
35 DCL VAR(&CMDLEN) TYPE(*DEC) LEN(15 5) VALUE(300) /* Comma
36 DCL VAR(&CMD) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(512)
37 DCL VAR(&FIXDCMD) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(512)
40 /* Compile sources into modules. */
42 CHGVAR VAR(&FIXDCMD) VALUE('CRTCMD' *BCAT &CFLAGS *BCAT +
43 'SYSIFCOPT('IFS64IO)' *BCAT +
44 'DEFINE('' LARGEFILE64_SOURCE'' *BCAT +
45 '' _LFS64_LARGEFILE=1'' ) TGTRLS(' *TCAT &TGTRLS *TCAT +
46 ') SRCFILE(' *TCAT &SRCLIB *TCAT '/' *TCAT +
47 &SRCFILE *TCAT ') MODULE(' *TCAT &MODLIB *TCAT '/')
50 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'ADLER32')
51 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
53 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'COMPRESS')
54 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
56 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'CRC32')
57 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
59 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'DEFLATE')
60 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)

```

```

62 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'GZCLOSE')
63 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
65 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'GZLIB')
66 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
68 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'GZREAD')
69 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
71 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'GZWRITE')
72 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
74 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'INFBACK')
75 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
77 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'INFFAST')
78 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
80 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'INFLATE')
81 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
83 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'INFTREES')
84 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
86 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'TREES')
87 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
89 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'UNCOMPR')
90 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
92 CHGVAR VAR(&CMD) VALUE(&FIXDCMD *TCAT 'ZUTIL')
93 CALL PGM(QCMDEXC) PARM(&CMD &CMDLEN)
96 /* Link modules into a service program. */
98 CRTSRVPGM SRVPGM(&SRVLIB/ZLIB) +
99 MODULE(&MODLIB/ADLER32 &MODLIB/COMPRESS +
100 &MODLIB/CRC32 &MODLIB/DEFLATE +
101 &MODLIB/GZCLOSE &MODLIB/GZLIB +
102 &MODLIB/GZREAD &MODLIB/GZWRITE +
103 &MODLIB/INFBACK &MODLIB/INFFAST +
104 &MODLIB/INFLATE &MODLIB/INFTREES +
105 &MODLIB/TREES &MODLIB/UNCOMPR +
106 &MODLIB/ZUTIL) +
107 SRCFILE(&SRCLIB/&CTLFILE) SRCMBR(BNDSRC) +
108 TEXT('ZLIB 1.2.8') TGTRLS(&TGTRLS)
110 ENDPGM

```

4991 Wed Apr 1 15:57:01 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/as400/readme.txt
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib

1 ZLIB version 1.2.8 for AS400 installation instructions
3 I) From an AS400 *SAVF file:
5 1) Unpacking archive to an AS400 save file
7 On the AS400:
9 _ Create the ZLIB AS400 library:
11 CRTLIB LIB(ZLIB) TYPE(*PROD) TEXT('ZLIB compression API library')
13 _ Create a work save file, for example:
15 CRTSAVF FILE(ZLIB/ZLIBSAVF)
17 On a PC connected to the target AS400:
19 _ Unpack the save file image to a PC file "ZLIBSAVF"
20 _ Upload this file into the save file on the AS400, for example
21 using ftp in BINARY mode.
24 2) Populating the ZLIB AS400 source library
26 On the AS400:
28 _ Extract the saved objects into the ZLIB AS400 library using:
30 RSTOBJ OBJ(*ALL) SAVLIB(ZLIB) DEV(*SAVF) SAVF(ZLIB/ZLIBSAVF) RSTLIB(ZLIB)
33 3) Customize installation:
35 _ Edit CL member ZLIB/TOOLS(COMPILE) and change parameters if needed,
36 according to the comments.
38 _ Compile this member with:
40 CRTCLPGM PGM(ZLIB/COMPILE) SRCFILE(ZLIB/TOOLS) SRCMBR(COMPILE)
43 4) Compile and generate the service program:
45 _ This can now be done by executing:
47 CALL PGM(ZLIB/COMPILE)
51 II) From the original source distribution:
53 1) On the AS400, create the source library:
55 CRTLIB LIB(ZLIB) TYPE(*PROD) TEXT('ZLIB compression API library')
57 2) Create the source files:
59 CRTSRCPF FILE(ZLIB/SOURCES) RCDLEN(112) TEXT('ZLIB library modules')
60 CRTSRCPF FILE(ZLIB/H) RCDLEN(112) TEXT('ZLIB library includes')

61 CRTSRCPF FILE(ZLIB/TOOLS) RCDLEN(112) TEXT('ZLIB library control utili
63 3) From the machine hosting the distribution files, upload them (with
64 FTP in text mode, for example) according to the following table:
66 Original AS400 AS400 AS400 AS400
67 file file member type description
68 SOURCES Original ZLIB C subprogram sources
69 adler32.c ADLER32 C ZLIB - Compute the Adler-32 checksum of a
70 compress.c COMPRESS C ZLIB - Compress a memory buffer
71 crc32.c CRC32 C ZLIB - Compute the CRC-32 of a data strea
72 deflate.c DEFLATE C ZLIB - Compress data using the deflation
73 gzclose.c GZCLOSE C ZLIB - Close .gz files
74 gzlib.c GZLIB C ZLIB - Miscellaneous .gz files IO support
75 gzread.c GZREAD C ZLIB - Read .gz files
76 gzwrite.c GZWRITE C ZLIB - Write .gz files
77 infback.c INFBACK C ZLIB - Inflate using a callback interface
78 inffast.c INFFAST C ZLIB - Fast proc. literals & length/dista
79 inflate.c INFLATE C ZLIB - Interface to inflate modules
80 inftrees.c INF TREES C ZLIB - Generate Huffman trees for efficie
81 trees.c TREES C ZLIB - Output deflated data using Huffman
82 uncompr.c UNCOMPR C ZLIB - Decompress a memory buffer
83 zutil.c ZUTIL C ZLIB - Target dependent utility functions
84 H Original ZLIB C and ILE/RPG include files
85 crc32.h CRC32 C ZLIB - CRC32 tables
86 deflate.h DEFLATE C ZLIB - Internal compression state
87 gzguts.h GZGUTS C ZLIB - Definitions for the gzclose module
88 inffast.h INFFAST C ZLIB - Header to use inffast.c
89 inffixed.h INFFIXED C ZLIB - Table for decoding fixed codes
90 inflate.h INFLATE C ZLIB - Internal inflate state definitions
91 inftrees.h INF TREES C ZLIB - Header to use inftrees.c
92 trees.h TREES C ZLIB - Created automatically with -DGEN_T
93 zconf.h ZCONF C ZLIB - Compression library configuration
94 zlib.h ZLIB C ZLIB - Compression library C user interfa
95 as400/zlib.inc ZLIB.INC RPGLE ZLIB - Compression library ILE RPG user i
96 zutil.h ZUTIL C ZLIB - Internal interface and configurati
97 TOOLS Building source software & AS/400 README
98 as400/bndsrc BNDSRC Entry point exportation list
99 as400/compile.clp COMPILE CLP Compile sources & generate service progra
100 as400/readme.txt README TXT Installation instructions
102 4) Continue as in I)3).
107 Notes: For AS400 ILE RPG programmers, a /copy member defining the ZLIB
108 API prototypes for ILE RPG can be found in ZLIB/H(ZLIB.INC).
109 Please read comments in this member for more information.
111 Remember that most foreign textual data are ASCII coded: this
112 implementation does not handle conversion from/to ASCII, so
113 text data code conversions must be done explicitly.
115 Mainly for the reason above, always open zipped files in binary mode.

```

*****
27886 Wed Apr 1 15:57:01 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/as400/zlib.inc
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1  * ZLIB.INC - Interface to the general purpose compression library
2  *
3  * ILE RPG400 version by Patrick Monnerat, DATASPHERE.
4  * Version 1.2.8
5  *
6  *
7  * WARNING:
8  *   Procedures inflateInit(), inflateInit2(), deflateInit(),
9  *   deflateInit2() and inflateBackInit() need to be called with
10 *   two additional arguments:
11 *   the package version string and the stream control structure.
12 *   size. This is needed because RPG lacks some macro feature.
13 *   Call these procedures as:
14 *       inflateInit(...: ZLIB_VERSION: %size(z_stream))
15 *
16 /if not defined(ZLIB_H_)
17 /define ZLIB_H_
18 *
19 *****
20 * Constants
21 *****
22 *
23 * Versioning information.
24 *
25 D ZLIB_VERSION      C          '1.2.8'
26 D ZLIB_VERNUM      C          X'1280'
27 D ZLIB_VER_MAJOR   C           1
28 D ZLIB_VER_MINOR   C           2
29 D ZLIB_VER_REVISION...
30 D                   C           8
31 D ZLIB_VER_SUBREVISION...
32 D                   C           0
33 *
34 * Other equates.
35 *
36 D Z_NO_FLUSH       C           0
37 D Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH...
38 D                   C           1
39 D Z_SYNC_FLUSH     C           2
40 D Z_FULL_FLUSH     C           3
41 D Z_FINISH         C           4
42 D Z_BLOCK          C           5
43 D Z_TREES          C           6
44 *
45 D Z_OK              C           0
46 D Z_STREAM_END     C           1
47 D Z_NEED_DICT      C           2
48 D Z_ERRNO          C          -1
49 D Z_STREAM_ERROR   C          -2
50 D Z_DATA_ERROR     C          -3
51 D Z_MEM_ERROR      C          -4
52 D Z_BUF_ERROR      C          -5
53 DZ_VERSION_ERROR   C          -6
54 *
55 D Z_NO_COMPRESSION...
56 D                   C           0
57 D Z_BEST_SPEED     C           1
58 D Z_BEST_COMPRESSION...
59 D                   C           9
60 D Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION...

```

```

61 D                   C          -1
62 *
63 D Z_FILTERED       C           1
64 D Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY   C           2
65 D Z_RLE            C           3
66 D Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY...
67 D                   C           0
68 *
69 D Z_BINARY         C           0
70 D Z_ASCII          C           1
71 D Z_UNKNOWN        C           2
72 *
73 D Z_DEFLATED       C           8
74 *
75 D Z_NULL           C           0
76 *
77 *****
78 * Types
79 *****
80 *
81 D z_stream         S           *
82 D gzFile           S           *
83 D z_off_t          S          10i 0
84 D z_off64_t       S          20i 0
85 *
86 *****
87 * Structures
88 *****
89 *
90 * The GZIP encode/decode stream support structure.
91 *
92 D z_stream         DS          align based(z_stream)
93 D zs_next_in      *
94 D zs_avail_in     10U 0
95 D zs_total_in     10U 0
96 D zs_next_out     *
97 D zs_avail_out    10U 0
98 D zs_total_out    10U 0
99 D zs_msg          *
100 D zs_state        *
101 D zs_zalloc       *      procptr
102 D zs_free         *      procptr
103 D zs_opaque       *
104 D zs_data_type    10i 0
105 D zs_adler        10u 0
106 D                 10U 0
107 D                 10U 0
108 *
109 *****
110 * Utility function prototypes
111 *****
112 *
113 D compress         PR          10I 0 extproc('compress')
114 D dest             65535      options(*varsize)
115 D destLen          10U 0
116 D source           65535      const options(*varsize)
117 D sourceLen        10u 0 value
118 *
119 D compress2        PR          10I 0 extproc('compress2')
120 D dest             65535      options(*varsize)
121 D destLen          10U 0
122 D source           65535      const options(*varsize)
123 D sourceLen        10U 0 value
124 D level            10I 0 value
125 *
126 D compressBound    PR          10U 0 extproc('compressBound')

```

```

127 D sourceLen          10U 0 value
128 *
129 D uncompress         PR          10I 0 extproc('uncompress')
130 D dest               65535 options(*varsize)
131 D destLen            10U 0
132 D source              65535 const options(*varsize)
133 D sourceLen           10U 0 value
134 *
135 /if not defined(LARGE_FILES)
136 D gzopen              PR          extproc('gzopen')
137 D                    like(gzFile)
138 D path                *          value options(*string)
139 D mode                *          value options(*string)
140 /else
141 D gzopen              PR          extproc('gzopen64')
142 D                    like(gzFile)
143 D path                *          value options(*string)
144 D mode                *          value options(*string)
145 *
146 D gzopen64           PR          extproc('gzopen64')
147 D                    like(gzFile)
148 D path                *          value options(*string)
149 D mode                *          value options(*string)
150 /endif
151 *
152 D gzfdopen           PR          extproc('gzfdopen')
153 D                    like(gzFile)
154 D fd                  10I 0 value
155 D mode                *          value options(*string)
156 *
157 D gzbuffer            PR          10I 0 extproc('gzbuffer')
158 D file                value like(gzFile)
159 D size                10U 0 value
160 *
161 D gzsetparams        PR          10I 0 extproc('gzsetparams')
162 D file                value like(gzFile)
163 D level               10I 0 value
164 D strategy            10I 0 value
165 *
166 D gzread              PR          10I 0 extproc('gzread')
167 D file                value like(gzFile)
168 D buf                 65535 options(*varsize)
169 D len                 10u 0 value
170 *
171 D gzwrite            PR          10I 0 extproc('gzwrite')
172 D file                value like(gzFile)
173 D buf                 65535 const options(*varsize)
174 D len                 10u 0 value
175 *
176 D gzputs              PR          10I 0 extproc('gzputs')
177 D file                value like(gzFile)
178 D s                   *          value options(*string)
179 *
180 D gzgets              PR          *          extproc('gzgets')
181 D file                value like(gzFile)
182 D buf                 65535 options(*varsize)
183 D len                 10i 0 value
184 *
185 D gzputc              PR          10i 0 extproc('gzputc')
186 D file                value like(gzFile)
187 D c                   10I 0 value
188 *
189 D gzgetc              PR          10i 0 extproc('gzgetc')
190 D file                value like(gzFile)
191 *
192 D gzgetc_             PR          10i 0 extproc('gzgetc_')

```

```

193 D file                value like(gzFile)
194 *
195 D gzungetc           PR          10i 0 extproc('gzungetc')
196 D c                   10I 0 value
197 D file                value like(gzFile)
198 *
199 D gzflush             PR          10i 0 extproc('gzflush')
200 D file                value like(gzFile)
201 D flush              10I 0 value
202 *
203 /if not defined(LARGE_FILES)
204 D gzseek              PR          extproc('gzseek')
205 D                    like(z_off_t)
206 D file                value like(gzFile)
207 D offset              value like(z_off_t)
208 D whence              10i 0 value
209 /else
210 D gzseek              PR          extproc('gzseek64')
211 D                    like(z_off_t)
212 D file                value like(gzFile)
213 D offset              value like(z_off_t)
214 D whence              10i 0 value
215 *
216 D gzseek64           PR          extproc('gzseek64')
217 D                    like(z_off64_t)
218 D file                value like(gzFile)
219 D offset              value like(z_off64_t)
220 D whence              10i 0 value
221 /endif
222 *
223 D gzrewind           PR          10i 0 extproc('gzrewind')
224 D file                value like(gzFile)
225 *
226 /if not defined(LARGE_FILES)
227 D gztell              PR          extproc('gztell')
228 D                    like(z_off_t)
229 D file                value like(gzFile)
230 /else
231 D gztell              PR          extproc('gztell64')
232 D                    like(z_off_t)
233 D file                value like(gzFile)
234 *
235 D gztell64           PR          extproc('gztell64')
236 D                    like(z_off64_t)
237 D file                value like(gzFile)
238 /endif
239 *
240 /if not defined(LARGE_FILES)
241 D gzoffset           PR          extproc('gzoffset')
242 D                    like(z_off_t)
243 D file                value like(gzFile)
244 /else
245 D gzoffset           PR          extproc('gzoffset64')
246 D                    like(z_off_t)
247 D file                value like(gzFile)
248 *
249 D gzoffset64        PR          extproc('gzoffset64')
250 D                    like(z_off64_t)
251 D file                value like(gzFile)
252 /endif
253 *
254 D gzeof              PR          10i 0 extproc('gzeof')
255 D file                value like(gzFile)
256 *
257 D gzclose_r          PR          10i 0 extproc('gzclose_r')
258 D file                value like(gzFile)

```

```

259 *
260 D gzclose_w      PR          10i 0 extproc('gzclose_w')
261 D file           value like(gzFile)
262 *
263 D gzclose        PR          10i 0 extproc('gzclose')
264 D file           value like(gzFile)
265 *
266 D gzerror        PR          *    extproc('gzerror')
267 D file           value like(gzFile)
268 D errnum         10I 0
269 *
270 D gzclearerr     PR          extproc('gzclearerr')
271 D file           value like(gzFile)
272 *
273 *****
274 *                Basic function prototypes
275 *****
276 *
277 D zlibVersion    PR          *    extproc('zlibVersion')
278 *
279 D deflateInit    PR          10I 0 extproc('deflateInit_')
280 D strm           like(z_stream)
281 D level          10I 0 value
282 D version        *    value options(*string)
283 D stream_size    10i 0 value
284 *
285 D deflate        PR          10I 0 extproc('deflate')
286 D strm           like(z_stream)
287 D flush         10I 0 value
288 *
289 D deflateEnd     PR          10I 0 extproc('deflateEnd')
290 D strm           like(z_stream)
291 *
292 D inflateInit    PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateInit_')
293 D strm           like(z_stream)
294 D version        *    value options(*string)
295 D stream_size    10i 0 value
296 *
297 D inflate        PR          10I 0 extproc('inflate')
298 D strm           like(z_stream)
299 D flush         10I 0 value
300 *
301 D inflateEnd     PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateEnd')
302 D strm           like(z_stream)
303 *
304 *****
305 *                Advanced function prototypes
306 *****
307 *
308 D deflateInit2    PR          10I 0 extproc('deflateInit2_')
309 D strm           like(z_stream)
310 D level          10I 0 value
311 D method         10I 0 value
312 D windowBits     10I 0 value
313 D memLevel       10I 0 value
314 D strategy       10I 0 value
315 D version        *    value options(*string)
316 D stream_size    10i 0 value
317 *
318 D deflateSetDictionary...
319 D               PR          10I 0 extproc('deflateSetDictionary')
320 D strm           like(z_stream)
321 D dictionary     65535 const options(*varsize)
322 D dictLength     10U 0 value
323 *
324 D deflateCopy     PR          10I 0 extproc('deflateCopy')

```

```

325 D dest           like(z_stream)
326 D source         like(z_stream)
327 *
328 D deflateReset    PR          10I 0 extproc('deflateReset')
329 D strm           like(z_stream)
330 *
331 D deflateParams   PR          10I 0 extproc('deflateParams')
332 D strm           like(z_stream)
333 D level          10I 0 value
334 D strategy       10I 0 value
335 *
336 D deflateBound    PR          10U 0 extproc('deflateBound')
337 D strm           like(z_stream)
338 D sourcelen      10U 0 value
339 *
340 D deflatePending  PR          10I 0 extproc('deflatePending')
341 D strm           like(z_stream)
342 D pending        10U 0
343 D bits           10I 0
344 *
345 D deflatePrime    PR          10I 0 extproc('deflatePrime')
346 D strm           like(z_stream)
347 D bits           10I 0 value
348 D value          10I 0 value
349 *
350 D inflateInit2    PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateInit2_')
351 D strm           like(z_stream)
352 D windowBits     10I 0 value
353 D version        *    value options(*string)
354 D stream_size    10i 0 value
355 *
356 D inflateSetDictionary...
357 D               PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateSetDictionary')
358 D strm           like(z_stream)
359 D dictionary     65535 const options(*varsize)
360 D dictLength     10U 0 value
361 *
362 D inflateGetDictionary...
363 D               PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateGetDictionary')
364 D strm           like(z_stream)
365 D dictionary     65535 options(*varsize)
366 D dictLength     10U 0
367 *
368 D inflateSync     PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateSync')
369 D strm           like(z_stream)
370 *
371 D inflateCopy     PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateCopy')
372 D dest           like(z_stream)
373 D source         like(z_stream)
374 *
375 D inflateReset    PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateReset')
376 D strm           like(z_stream)
377 *
378 D inflateReset2   PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateReset2')
379 D strm           like(z_stream)
380 D windowBits     10I 0 value
381 *
382 D inflatePrime    PR          10I 0 extproc('inflatePrime')
383 D strm           like(z_stream)
384 D bits           10I 0 value
385 D value          10I 0 value
386 *
387 D inflateMark     PR          10I 0 extproc('inflateMark')
388 D strm           like(z_stream)
389 *
390 D inflateBackInit...

```



```

*****
2529 Wed Apr 1 15:57:01 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/compress.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* compress.c -- compress a memory buffer
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2005 Jean-loup Gailly.
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* @(#) $Id$ */

8 #define ZLIB_INTERNAL
9 #include "zlib.h"

11 /* =====
12  Compresses the source buffer into the destination buffer. The level
13  parameter has the same meaning as in deflateInit. sourceLen is the byte
14  length of the source buffer. Upon entry, destLen is the total size of the
15  destination buffer, which must be at least 0.1% larger than sourceLen plus
16  12 bytes. Upon exit, destLen is the actual size of the compressed buffer.

18  compress2 returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
19  memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough room in the output buffer,
20  Z_STREAM_ERROR if the level parameter is invalid.
21  */
22 int ZEXPORT compress2 (dest, destLen, source, sourceLen, level)
23     Bytef *dest;
24     uLongf *destLen;
25     const Bytef *source;
26     uLong sourceLen;
27     int level;
28 {
29     z_stream stream;
30     int err;

32     stream.next_in = (z_const Bytef *)source;
33     stream.avail_in = (uInt)sourceLen;
34 #ifdef MAXSEG_64K
35     /* Check for source > 64K on 16-bit machine: */
36     if ((uLong)stream.avail_in != sourceLen) return Z_BUF_ERROR;
37 #endif
38     stream.next_out = dest;
39     stream.avail_out = (uInt)*destLen;
40     if ((uLong)stream.avail_out != *destLen) return Z_BUF_ERROR;

42     stream.zalloc = (alloc_func)0;
43     stream.zfree = (free_func)0;
44     stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

46     err = deflateInit(&stream, level);
47     if (err != Z_OK) return err;

49     err = deflate(&stream, Z_FINISH);
50     if (err != Z_STREAM_END) {
51         deflateEnd(&stream);
52         return err == Z_OK ? Z_BUF_ERROR : err;
53     }
54     *destLen = stream.total_out;

56     err = deflateEnd(&stream);
57     return err;
58 }

60 /* =====

```

```

61  */
62 int ZEXPORT compress (dest, destLen, source, sourceLen)
63     Bytef *dest;
64     uLongf *destLen;
65     const Bytef *source;
66     uLong sourceLen;
67 {
68     return compress2(dest, destLen, source, sourceLen, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION);
69 }

71 /* =====
72  If the default memLevel or windowBits for deflateInit() is changed, then
73  this function needs to be updated.
74  */
75 uLong ZEXPORT compressBound (sourceLen)
76     uLong sourceLen;
77 {
78     return sourceLen + (sourceLen >> 12) + (sourceLen >> 14) +
79         (sourceLen >> 25) + 13;
80 }

```

```

*****
26082 Wed Apr 1 15:57:02 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/configure
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 #!/bin/sh
2 # configure script for zlib.
3 #
4 # Normally configure builds both a static and a shared library.
5 # If you want to build just a static library, use: ./configure --static
6 #
7 # To impose specific compiler or flags or install directory, use for example:
8 #   prefix=$HOME CC=cc CFLAGS="-O4" ./configure
9 # or for csh/tcsh users:
10 #   (setenv prefix $HOME; setenv CC cc; setenv CFLAGS "-O4"; ./configure)
11 #
12 # Incorrect settings of CC or CFLAGS may prevent creating a shared library.
13 # If you have problems, try without defining CC and CFLAGS before reporting
14 # an error.
15 #
16 # start off configure.log
17 echo ----- >> configure.log
18 echo $0 $* >> configure.log
19 date >> configure.log
20 #
21 # set command prefix for cross-compilation
22 if [ -n "${CHOST}" ]; then
23     uname="`echo "${CHOST}" | sed -e 's/^[^-]*-([^-]*)$/\1/' -e 's/^[^-]*-[^-]*$/'`"
24     CROSS_PREFIX="${CHOST}-"
25 fi
26 #
27 # destination name for static library
28 STATICLIB=libz.a
29 #
30 # extract zlib version numbers from zlib.h
31 VER=`sed -n -e '/VERSION "/s/.*"\(.*\)"/\1/p' < zlib.h`
32 VER3=`sed -n -e '/VERSION "/s/.*"\([0-9]*\)\.[0-9]*\.[0-9]*\)/\1/p' < zlib.h`
33 VER2=`sed -n -e '/VERSION "/s/.*"\([0-9]*\)\.[0-9]*\)\.\)/\1/p' < zlib.h`
34 VER1=`sed -n -e '/VERSION "/s/.*"\([0-9]*\)\)\.\)/\1/p' < zlib.h`
35 #
36 # establish commands for library building
37 if "${CROSS_PREFIX}ar" --version >/dev/null 2>/dev/null || test $? -lt 126; then
38     AR=${AR-"${CROSS_PREFIX}ar"}
39     test -n "${CROSS_PREFIX}" && echo Using ${AR} | tee -a configure.log
40 else
41     AR=${AR-"ar"}
42     test -n "${CROSS_PREFIX}" && echo Using ${AR} | tee -a configure.log
43 fi
44 ARFLAGS=${ARFLAGS-"rc"}
45 if "${CROSS_PREFIX}ranlib" --version >/dev/null 2>/dev/null || test $? -lt 126;
46     RANLIB=${RANLIB-"${CROSS_PREFIX}ranlib"}
47     test -n "${CROSS_PREFIX}" && echo Using ${RANLIB} | tee -a configure.log
48 else
49     RANLIB=${RANLIB-"ranlib"}
50 fi
51 if "${CROSS_PREFIX}nm" --version >/dev/null 2>/dev/null || test $? -lt 126; then
52     NM=${NM-"${CROSS_PREFIX}nm"}
53     test -n "${CROSS_PREFIX}" && echo Using ${NM} | tee -a configure.log
54 else
55     NM=${NM-"nm"}
56 fi
57 #
58 # set defaults before processing command line options
59 LDCONFIG=${LDCONFIG-"ldconfig"}
60 LDSHAREDLIBC=${LDSHAREDLIBC--lc}

```

```

61 ARCHS=
62 prefix=${prefix-/usr/local}
63 exec_prefix=${exec_prefix-${prefix}}
64 libdir=${libdir-${exec_prefix}/lib}
65 sharedlibdir=${sharedlibdir-${libdir}}
66 includedir=${includedir-${prefix}/include}
67 mandir=${mandir-${prefix}/share/man}
68 shared_ext='.so'
69 shared=1
70 solo=0
71 cover=0
72 zprefix=0
73 zconst=0
74 build64=0
75 gcc=0
76 old_cc="$CC"
77 old_cflags="$CFLAGS"
78 OBJC='${OBJZ} ${OBJG}'
79 PIC_OBJC='${PIC_OBJZ} ${PIC_OBJG}'
80 #
81 # leave this script, optionally in a bad way
82 leave()
83 {
84     if test "$*" != "0"; then
85         echo "*** $0 aborting." | tee -a configure.log
86     fi
87     rm -f $test.[co] $test $test$shared_ext $test.gcno ./--version
88     echo ----- >> configure.log
89     echo >> configure.log
90     echo >> configure.log
91     exit $1
92 }
93 #
94 # process command line options
95 while test $# -ge 1
96 do
97     case "$1" in
98         -h | --help)
99             echo 'usage:' | tee -a configure.log
100             echo ' configure [--const] [--zprefix] [--prefix=PREFIX] [--eprefix=EXPR'
101             echo '      [--static] [--64] [--libdir=LIBDIR] [--sharedlibdir=LIBDIR]' | t
102             echo '      [--includedir=INCLUDEDIR] [--archs="-arch i386 -arch x86_64"]' | t
103             exit 0 ;;
104         -p=* | --prefix=*) prefix='echo $1 | sed 's/.*/\1/'; shift ;;
105         -e=* | --eprefix=*) exec_prefix='echo $1 | sed 's/.*/\1/'; shift ;;
106         -l=* | --libdir=*) libdir='echo $1 | sed 's/.*/\1/'; shift ;;
107         --sharedlibdir=*) sharedlibdir='echo $1 | sed 's/.*/\1/'; shift ;;
108         -i=* | --includedir=*) includedir='echo $1 | sed 's/.*/\1/'; shift ;;
109         -u=* | --uname=*) uname='echo $1 | sed 's/.*/\1/'; shift ;;
110         -p* | --zprefix) zprefix="$2"; shift; shift ;;
111         -e* | --eprefix) exec_prefix="$2"; shift; shift ;;
112         -l* | --libdir) libdir="$2"; shift; shift ;;
113         -i* | --includedir) includedir="$2"; shift; shift ;;
114         -s* | --shared | --enable-shared) shared=1; shift ;;
115         -t | --static) shared=0; shift ;;
116         --solo) solo=1; shift ;;
117         --cover) cover=1; shift ;;
118         -z* | --zprefix) zprefix=1; shift ;;
119         -6* | --64) build64=1; shift ;;
120         -a=* | --archs=*) ARCHS='echo $1 | sed 's/.*/\1/'; shift ;;
121         --sysconfdir=*) echo "ignored option: --sysconfdir" | tee -a configure.log;
122         --localstatedir=*) echo "ignored option: --localstatedir" | tee -a configure
123         -c* | --const) zconst=1; shift ;;
124         *)
125             echo "unknown option: $1" | tee -a configure.log
126             echo "$0 --help for help" | tee -a configure.log

```

```

127     leave 1;;
128     esac
129 done

131 # temporary file name
132 test=ztest$$

134 # put arguments in log, also put test file in log if used in arguments
135 show()
136 {
137     case "$*" in
138         *$test.c*)
139             echo === $test.c === >> configure.log
140             cat $test.c >> configure.log
141             echo === >> configure.log;;
142     esac
143     echo $* >> configure.log
144 }

146 # check for gcc vs. cc and set compile and link flags based on the system identi
147 cat > $test.c <<EOF
148 extern int getchar();
149 int hello() {return getchar();}
150 EOF

152 test -z "$CC" && echo Checking for ${CROSS_PREFIX}gcc... | tee -a configure.log
153 cc=${CC-${CROSS_PREFIX}gcc}
154 cflags=${CFLAGS--O3}
155 # to force the asm version use: CFLAGS="-O3 -DASMV" ./configure
156 case "$cc" in
157     *gcc*) gcc=1 ;;
158     *clang*) gcc=1 ;;
159 esac
160 case '$cc -v 2>&1' in
161     *gcc*) gcc=1 ;;
162 esac

164 show $cc -c $test.c
165 if test "$gcc" -eq 1 && ($cc -c $test.c) >> configure.log 2>&1; then
166     echo ... using gcc >> configure.log
167     CC="$cc"
168     CFLAGS="${CFLAGS--O3} ${ARCHS}"
169     SFLAGS="${CFLAGS--O3} -fPIC"
170     LDFLAGS="${LDFLAGS} ${ARCHS}"
171     if test $build64 -eq 1; then
172         CFLAGS="${CFLAGS} -m64"
173         SFLAGS="${SFLAGS} -m64"
174     fi
175     if test "${ZLIBGCCWARN}" = "YES"; then
176         if test "$zconst" -eq 1; then
177             CFLAGS="${CFLAGS} -Wall -Wextra -Wcast-qual -pedantic -DZLIB_CONST"
178         else
179             CFLAGS="${CFLAGS} -Wall -Wextra -pedantic"
180         fi
181     fi
182     if test -z "$uname"; then
183         uname='(uname -s || echo unknown) 2>/dev/null'
184     fi
185     case "$uname" in
186         Linux* | linux* | GNU | GNU/* | solaris*)
187             LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"$cc -shared -Wl,-soname,libz.so.1,--version-script,
188             *BSD | *bsd* | DragonFly)
189                 LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"$cc -shared -Wl,-soname,libz.so.1,--version-script,
190                 LD_CONFIG="ldconfig -m" ;;
191         CYGWIN* | Cygwin* | cygwin* | OS/2*)
192             EXE='.exe' ;;

```

```

193     MINGW* | mingw*)
194     # temporary bypass
195     rm -f $test.[co] $test $test$shared_ext
196     echo "Please use win32/Makefile.gcc instead." | tee -a configure.log
197     leave 1
198     LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"$cc -shared"}
199     LD_SHARED_LIBC=""
200     EXE='.exe' ;;
201     QNX*) # This is for QNX6. I suppose that the QNX rule below is for QNX2,QNX4
202         # (alain.bonnefoyc@icbt.com)
203         LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"$cc -shared -Wl,-hlibz.so.1"} ;;
204     HP-UX*)
205         LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"$cc -shared $SFLAGS"}
206         case `(uname -m || echo unknown) 2>/dev/null` in
207             ia64)
208                 shared_ext='.so'
209                 SHARED_LIB='libz.so' ;;
210             *)
211                 shared_ext='.sl'
212                 SHARED_LIB='libz.sl' ;;
213         esac ;;
214     Darwin* | darwin*)
215         shared_ext='.dylib'
216         SHARED_LIB=libz$shared_ext
217         SHARED_LIBV=libz.$VER1$shared_ext
218         SHARED_LIBM=libz.$VER1$shared_ext
219         LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"$cc -dynamiclib -install_name $libdir/$SHARED_L
220         if libtool -V 2>&1 | grep Apple >/dev/null; then
221             AR="libtool"
222         else
223             AR="/usr/bin/libtool"
224         fi
225         ARFLAGS="-o" ;;
226     *)
227         LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"$cc -shared"} ;;
228     else
229     # find system name and corresponding cc options
230     CC=${CC-cc}
231     gcc=0
232     echo ... using $CC >> configure.log
233     if test -z "$uname"; then
234         uname='(uname -sr || echo unknown) 2>/dev/null'
235     fi
236     case "$uname" in
237         HP-UX*)
238             SFLAGS=${CFLAGS--O +z}
239             CFLAGS=${CFLAGS--O}
240             LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"ld -b +vnocompatwarnings"}
241             LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"ld -b"}
242             case `(uname -m || echo unknown) 2>/dev/null` in
243                 ia64)
244                     shared_ext='.so'
245                     SHARED_LIB='libz.so' ;;
246                 *)
247                     shared_ext='.sl'
248                     SHARED_LIB='libz.sl' ;;
249             esac ;;
250         IRIX*)
251             SFLAGS=${CFLAGS--ansi -O2 -rpath .}
252             CFLAGS=${CFLAGS--ansi -O2}
253             LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"cc -shared -Wl,-soname,libz.so.1"} ;;
254         OSF1\ v4*)
255             SFLAGS=${CFLAGS--O -std1}
256             CFLAGS=${CFLAGS--O -std1}
257             LDFLAGS=${LDFLAGS} -Wl,-rpath,.
258             LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"cc -shared -Wl,-soname,libz.so -Wl,-msym -Wl,
259             OSF1*)
260                 SFLAGS=${CFLAGS--O -std1}
261                 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS--O -std1}
262                 LD_SHARED=${LD_SHARED-"cc -shared -Wl,-soname,libz.so.1"} ;;

```



```

259 QNX*) SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-4 -O"}
260 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-4 -O"}
261 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"cc"}
262 RANLIB=${RANLIB-"true"}
263 AR="cc"
264 ARFLAGS="-A" ;;
265 SCO_SV\ 3.2*) SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O3 -dy -KPIC "}
266 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O3"}
267 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"cc -dy -KPIC -G"} ;;
268 SunOS\ 5* | solaris*)
269 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"cc -G -h libz$shared_ext.$VER1"}
270 SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-fast -KPIC"}
271 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-fast"}
272 if test $build64 -eq 1; then
273 # old versions of SunPRO/Workshop/Studio don't support -m64,
274 # but newer ones do. Check for it.
275 flag64=`$CC -flags | egrep -- '^-m64'`
276 if test x"$flag64" != x""; then
277 CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -m64"
278 SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -m64"
279 else
280 case `(uname -m || echo unknown) 2>/dev/null` in
281 i86*)
282 SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -xarch=amd64"
283 CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -xarch=amd64" ;;
284 *)
285 SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -xarch=v9"
286 CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -xarch=v9" ;;
287 esac
288 fi
289 fi
290 ;;
291 SunOS\ 4*) SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O2 -PIC"}
292 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O2"}
293 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"ld"} ;;
294 SunStudio\ 9*) SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-fast -xcode=pic32 -xtarget=ultra3 -xarch=v9b"}
295 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-fast -xtarget=ultra3 -xarch=v9b"}
296 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"cc -xarch=v9b"} ;;
297 UNIX_System_V\ 4.2.0)
298 SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-KPIC -O"}
299 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O"}
300 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"cc -G"} ;;
301 UNIX_SV\ 4.2MP)
302 SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-Kconform_pic -O"}
303 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O"}
304 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"cc -G"} ;;
305 OpenUNIX\ 5)
306 SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-KPIC -O"}
307 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O"}
308 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"cc -G"} ;;
309 AIX*) # Courtesy of dbakker@arrayasolutions.com
310 SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O -qmaxmem=8192"}
311 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O -qmaxmem=8192"}
312 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"xlc -G"} ;;
313 # send working options for other systems to zlib@gzip.org
314 *) SFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O"}
315 CFLAGS=${CFLAGS-"-O"}
316 LDSHARED=${LDSHARED-"cc -shared"} ;;
317 esac
318 fi

320 # destination names for shared library if not defined above
321 SHAREDLIB=${SHAREDLIB-"libz$shared_ext"}
322 SHAREDLIBV=${SHAREDLIBV-"libz$shared_ext.$VER"}
323 SHAREDLIBM=${SHAREDLIBM-"libz$shared_ext.$VER1"}

```

```

325 echo >> configure.log

327 # define functions for testing compiler and library characteristics and logging

329 cat > $test.c <<EOF
330 #error error
331 EOF
332 if ($CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c) 2>/dev/null; then
333 try()
334 {
335 show $*
336 test "`( $* ) 2>&1 | tee -a configure.log`" = ""
337 }
338 echo - using any output from compiler to indicate an error >> configure.log
339 else
340 try()
341 {
342 show $*
343 ( $* ) >> configure.log 2>&1
344 ret=$?
345 if test $ret -ne 0; then
346 echo "(exit code \"$ret\")" >> configure.log
347 fi
348 return $ret
349 }
350 fi

352 tryboth()
353 {
354 show $*
355 got=`( $* ) 2>&1`
356 ret=$?
357 printf %s "$got" >> configure.log
358 if test $ret -ne 0; then
359 return $ret
360 fi
361 test "$got" = ""
362 }

364 cat > $test.c << EOF
365 int foo() { return 0; }
366 EOF
367 echo "Checking for obsessive-compulsive compiler options..." >> configure.log
368 if try $CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c; then
369 :
370 else
371 echo "Compiler error reporting is too harsh for $0 (perhaps remove -Werror)."

```

```

391 else
392     echo 'No shared library support; try without defining CC and CFLAGS' | tee -
393     shared=0;
394 fi
395 fi
396 if test $shared -eq 0; then
397     LD_SHARED="$CC"
398     ALL="static"
399     TEST="all teststatic"
400     SHARED_LIB=""
401     SHARED_LIBV=""
402     SHARED_LIBM=""
403     echo Building static library $STATIC_LIB version $VER with $CC. | tee -a config
404 else
405     ALL="static shared"
406     TEST="all teststatic testshared"
407 fi

409 # check for underscores in external names for use by assembler code
410 CPP=${CPP-"$CC -E"}
411 case $CFLAGS in
412     *ASMV*)
413         echo >> configure.log
414         show "$NM $test.o | grep _hello"
415         if test "`NM $test.o | grep _hello`" = ""; then
416             CPP="$CPP -DNO_UNDERLINE"
417             echo Checking for underline in external names... No. | tee -a configure.lo
418         else
419             echo Checking for underline in external names... Yes. | tee -a configure.l
420         fi ;;
421 esac

423 echo >> configure.log

425 # check for large file support, and if none, check for fseeko()
426 cat > $test.c <<EOF
427 #include <sys/types.h>
428 off64_t dummy = 0;
429 EOF
430 if try $CC -c $CFLAGS -D_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE=1 $test.c; then
431     CFLAGS="${CFLAGS} -D_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE=1"
432     SFLAGS="${SFLAGS} -D_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE=1"
433     ALL="${ALL} all64"
434     TEST="${TEST} test64"
435     echo "Checking for off64_t... Yes." | tee -a configure.log
436     echo "Checking for fseeko... Yes." | tee -a configure.log
437 else
438     echo "Checking for off64_t... No." | tee -a configure.log
439     echo >> configure.log
440     cat > $test.c <<EOF
441 #include <stdio.h>
442 int main(void) {
443     fseeko(NULL, 0, 0);
444     return 0;
445 }
446 EOF
447 if try $CC $CFLAGS -o $test $test.c; then
448     echo "Checking for fseeko... Yes." | tee -a configure.log
449 else
450     CFLAGS="${CFLAGS} -DNO_FSEEKO"
451     SFLAGS="${SFLAGS} -DNO_FSEEKO"
452     echo "Checking for fseeko... No." | tee -a configure.log
453 fi
454 fi

456 echo >> configure.log

```

```

458 # check for strerror() for use by gz* functions
459 cat > $test.c <<EOF
460 #include <string.h>
461 #include <errno.h>
462 int main() { return strlen(strerror(errno)); }
463 EOF
464 if try $CC $CFLAGS -o $test $test.c; then
465     echo "Checking for strerror... Yes." | tee -a configure.log
466 else
467     CFLAGS="${CFLAGS} -DNO_STRERROR"
468     SFLAGS="${SFLAGS} -DNO_STRERROR"
469     echo "Checking for strerror... No." | tee -a configure.log
470 fi

472 # copy clean zconf.h for subsequent edits
473 cp -p zconf.h.in zconf.h

475 echo >> configure.log

477 # check for unistd.h and save result in zconf.h
478 cat > $test.c <<EOF
479 #include <unistd.h>
480 int main() { return 0; }
481 EOF
482 if try $CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c; then
483     sed < zconf.h "/^#ifndef HAVE_UNISTD_H.* may be/s/def HAVE_UNISTD_H(.*) may b
484     mv zconf.temp.h zconf.h
485     echo "Checking for unistd.h... Yes." | tee -a configure.log
486 else
487     echo "Checking for unistd.h... No." | tee -a configure.log
488 fi

490 echo >> configure.log

492 # check for stdarg.h and save result in zconf.h
493 cat > $test.c <<EOF
494 #include <stdarg.h>
495 int main() { return 0; }
496 EOF
497 if try $CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c; then
498     sed < zconf.h "/^#ifndef HAVE_STDARG_H.* may be/s/def HAVE_STDARG_H(.*) may b
499     mv zconf.temp.h zconf.h
500     echo "Checking for stdarg.h... Yes." | tee -a configure.log
501 else
502     echo "Checking for stdarg.h... No." | tee -a configure.log
503 fi

505 # if the z_ prefix was requested, save that in zconf.h
506 if test $zprefix -eq 1; then
507     sed < zconf.h "/#ifndef Z_PREFIX.* may be/s/def Z_PREFIX(.*) may be/ 1\1 was/
508     mv zconf.temp.h zconf.h
509     echo >> configure.log
510     echo "Using z_ prefix on all symbols." | tee -a configure.log
511 fi

513 # if --solo compilation was requested, save that in zconf.h and remove gz stuff
514 if test $solo -eq 1; then
515     sed '/#define ZCONF_H/a\
516 #define Z_SOLO

518 ' < zconf.h > zconf.temp.h
519 mv zconf.temp.h zconf.h
520 OBJC='$(OBJZ)'
521 PIC_OBJC='$(PIC_OBJZ)'
522 fi

```

```

524 # if code coverage testing was requested, use older gcc if defined, e.g. "gcc-4.
525 if test $cover -eq 1; then
526   CFLAGS="${CFLAGS} -fprofile-arcs -ftest-coverage"
527   if test -n "$GCC_CLASSIC"; then
528     CC=$GCC_CLASSIC
529   fi
530 fi

532 echo >> configure.log

534 # conduct a series of tests to resolve eight possible cases of using "vs" or "s"
535 # (using stdarg or not), with or without "n" (proving size of buffer), and with
536 # return value. The most secure result is vsnprintf() with a return value. snp
537 # return value is secure as well, but then gzprintf() will be limited to 20 argu
538 cat > $test.c <<EOF
539 #include <stdio.h>
540 #include <stdarg.h>
541 #include "zconf.h"
542 int main()
543 {
544 #ifndef STDC
545   choke me
546 #endif
547   return 0;
548 }
549 EOF
550 if try $CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c; then
551   echo "Checking whether to use vs[n]printf() or s[n]printf()... using vs[n]prin

553   echo >> configure.log
554   cat > $test.c <<EOF
555 #include <stdio.h>
556 #include <stdarg.h>
557 int mytest(const char *fmt, ...)
558 {
559   char buf[20];
560   va_list ap;
561   va_start(ap, fmt);
562   vsnprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), fmt, ap);
563   va_end(ap);
564   return 0;
565 }
566 int main()
567 {
568   return (mytest("Hello%d\n", 1));
569 }
570 EOF
571 if try $CC $CFLAGS -o $test $test.c; then
572   echo "Checking for vsnprintf() in stdio.h... Yes." | tee -a configure.log

574   echo >> configure.log
575   cat >$test.c <<EOF
576 #include <stdio.h>
577 #include <stdarg.h>
578 int mytest(const char *fmt, ...)
579 {
580   int n;
581   char buf[20];
582   va_list ap;
583   va_start(ap, fmt);
584   n = vsnprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), fmt, ap);
585   va_end(ap);
586   return n;
587 }
588 int main()

```

```

589 {
590   return (mytest("Hello%d\n", 1));
591 }
592 EOF

594 if try $CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c; then
595   echo "Checking for return value of vsnprintf()... Yes." | tee -a configure
596 else
597   CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -DHAS_vsnprintf_void"
598   SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -DHAS_vsnprintf_void"
599   echo "Checking for return value of vsnprintf()... No." | tee -a configure.
600   echo " WARNING: apparently vsnprintf() does not return a value. zlib" | t
601   echo " can build but will be open to possible string-format security" | t
602   echo " vulnerabilities." | tee -a configure.log
603   fi
604 else
605   CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -DNO_vsnprintf"
606   SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -DNO_vsnprintf"
607   echo "Checking for vsnprintf() in stdio.h... No." | tee -a configure.log
608   echo " WARNING: vsnprintf() not found, falling back to vsprintf(). zlib" |
609   echo " can build but will be open to possible buffer-overflow security" | t
610   echo " vulnerabilities." | tee -a configure.log

612   echo >> configure.log
613   cat >$test.c <<EOF
614 #include <stdio.h>
615 #include <stdarg.h>
616 int mytest(const char *fmt, ...)
617 {
618   int n;
619   char buf[20];
620   va_list ap;
621   va_start(ap, fmt);
622   n = vsprintf(buf, fmt, ap);
623   va_end(ap);
624   return n;
625 }
626 int main()
627 {
628   return (mytest("Hello%d\n", 1));
629 }
630 EOF

632 if try $CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c; then
633   echo "Checking for return value of vsprintf()... Yes." | tee -a configure.
634 else
635   CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -DHAS_vsprintf_void"
636   SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -DHAS_vsprintf_void"
637   echo "Checking for return value of vsprintf()... No." | tee -a configure.l
638   echo " WARNING: apparently vsprintf() does not return a value. zlib" | te
639   echo " can build but will be open to possible string-format security" | t
640   echo " vulnerabilities." | tee -a configure.log
641   fi
642 fi
643 else
644   echo "Checking whether to use vs[n]printf() or s[n]printf()... using s[n]print

646   echo >> configure.log
647   cat >$test.c <<EOF
648 #include <stdio.h>
649 int mytest()
650 {
651   char buf[20];
652   snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%s", "foo");
653   return 0;
654 }

```

```

655 int main()
656 {
657     return (mytest());
658 }
659 EOF

661 if try $CC $CFLAGS -o $test $test.c; then
662     echo "Checking for snprintf() in stdio.h... Yes." | tee -a configure.log

664     echo >> configure.log
665     cat >$test.c <<EOF
666 #include <stdio.h>
667 int mytest()
668 {
669     char buf[20];
670     return snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%s", "foo");
671 }
672 int main()
673 {
674     return (mytest());
675 }
676 EOF

678 if try $CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c; then
679     echo "Checking for return value of snprintf()... Yes." | tee -a configure.
680 else
681     CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -DHAS_snprintf_void"
682     SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -DHAS_snprintf_void"
683     echo "Checking for return value of snprintf()... No." | tee -a configure.l
684     echo " WARNING: apparently snprintf() does not return a value. zlib" | te
685     echo " can build but will be open to possible string-format security" | t
686     echo " vulnerabilities." | tee -a configure.log
687 fi
688 else
689     CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -DNO_snprintf"
690     SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -DNO_snprintf"
691     echo "Checking for snprintf() in stdio.h... No." | tee -a configure.log
692     echo " WARNING: snprintf() not found, falling back to sprintf(). zlib" | te
693     echo " can build but will be open to possible buffer-overflow security" | t
694     echo " vulnerabilities." | tee -a configure.log

696     echo >> configure.log
697     cat >$test.c <<EOF
698 #include <stdio.h>
699 int mytest()
700 {
701     char buf[20];
702     return sprintf(buf, "%s", "foo");
703 }
704 int main()
705 {
706     return (mytest());
707 }
708 EOF

710 if try $CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c; then
711     echo "Checking for return value of sprintf()... Yes." | tee -a configure.l
712 else
713     CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -DHAS_sprintf_void"
714     SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -DHAS_sprintf_void"
715     echo "Checking for return value of sprintf()... No." | tee -a configure.lo
716     echo " WARNING: apparently sprintf() does not return a value. zlib" | tee
717     echo " can build but will be open to possible string-format security" | t
718     echo " vulnerabilities." | tee -a configure.log
719 fi
720 fi

```

```

721 fi

723 # see if we can hide zlib internal symbols that are linked between separate sour
724 if test "$gcc" -eq 1; then
725     echo >> configure.log
726     cat > $test.c <<EOF
727 #define ZLIB_INTERNAL __attribute__((visibility ("hidden")))
728 int ZLIB_INTERNAL foo;
729 int main()
730 {
731     return 0;
732 }
733 EOF
734 if tryboth $CC -c $CFLAGS $test.c; then
735     CFLAGS="$CFLAGS -DHAVE_HIDDEN"
736     SFLAGS="$SFLAGS -DHAVE_HIDDEN"
737     echo "Checking for attribute(visibility) support... Yes." | tee -a configure
738 else
739     echo "Checking for attribute(visibility) support... No." | tee -a configure.
740 fi
741 fi

743 # show the results in the log
744 echo >> configure.log
745 echo ALL = $ALL >> configure.log
746 echo AR = $AR >> configure.log
747 echo ARFLAGS = $ARFLAGS >> configure.log
748 echo CC = $CC >> configure.log
749 echo CFLAGS = $CFLAGS >> configure.log
750 echo CPP = $CPP >> configure.log
751 echo EXE = $EXE >> configure.log
752 echo LDCONFIG = $LDCONFIG >> configure.log
753 echo LDFLAGS = $LDFLAGS >> configure.log
754 echo LDSSHARED = $LDSSHARED >> configure.log
755 echo LDSSHAREDLIBC = $LDSSHAREDLIBC >> configure.log
756 echo OBJC = $OBJC >> configure.log
757 echo PIC_OBJC = $PIC_OBJC >> configure.log
758 echo RANLIB = $RANLIB >> configure.log
759 echo SFLAGS = $SFLAGS >> configure.log
760 echo SHAREDLIB = $SHAREDLIB >> configure.log
761 echo SHAREDLIBM = $SHAREDLIBM >> configure.log
762 echo SHAREDLIBV = $SHAREDLIBV >> configure.log
763 echo STATICLIB = $STATICLIB >> configure.log
764 echo TEST = $TEST >> configure.log
765 echo VER = $VER >> configure.log
766 echo Z_U4 = $Z_U4 >> configure.log
767 echo exec_prefix = $exec_prefix >> configure.log
768 echo includedir = $includedir >> configure.log
769 echo libdir = $libdir >> configure.log
770 echo mandir = $mandir >> configure.log
771 echo prefix = $prefix >> configure.log
772 echo sharedlibdir = $sharedlibdir >> configure.log
773 echo uname = $uname >> configure.log

775 # update Makefile with the configure results
776 sed < Makefile.in "
777 /^CC */s#.*#=$CC#
778 /^CFLAGS */s#.*#=$CFLAGS#
779 /^SFLAGS */s#.*#=$SFLAGS#
780 /^LDFLAGS */s#.*#=$LDFLAGS#
781 /^LDSSHARED */s#.*#=$LDSSHARED#
782 /^CPP */s#.*#=$CPP#
783 /^STATICLIB */s#.*#=$STATICLIB#
784 /^SHAREDLIB */s#.*#=$SHAREDLIB#
785 /^SHAREDLIBV */s#.*#=$SHAREDLIBV#
786 /^SHAREDLIBM */s#.*#=$SHAREDLIBM#

```

```
787 /^AR *=/s#=. *#=$AR#
788 /^ARFLAGS *=/s#=. *#=$ARFLAGS#
789 /^RANLIB *=/s#=. *#=$RANLIB#
790 /^LDCONFIG *=/s#=. *#=$LDCONFIG#
791 /^LDSHAREDLIBC *=/s#=. *#=$LDSHAREDLIBC#
792 /^EXE *=/s#=. *#=$EXE#
793 /^prefix *=/s#=. *#=$prefix#
794 /^exec_prefix *=/s#=. *#=$exec_prefix#
795 /^libdir *=/s#=. *#=$libdir#
796 /^sharedlibdir *=/s#=. *#=$sharedlibdir#
797 /^includedir *=/s#=. *#=$includedir#
798 /^mandir *=/s#=. *#=$mandir#
799 /^OBJC *=/s#=. *#=$OBJC#
800 /^PIC_OBJC *=/s#=. *#=$PIC_OBJC#
801 /^all: */s#:. *#:$ALL#
802 /^test: */s#:. *#:$TEST#
803 " > Makefile

805 # create zlib.pc with the configure results
806 sed < zlib.pc.in "
807 /^CC *=/s#=. *#=$CC#
808 /^CFLAGS *=/s#=. *#=$CFLAGS#
809 /^CPP *=/s#=. *#=$CPP#
810 /^LDSHARED *=/s#=. *#=$LDSHARED#
811 /^STATICLIB *=/s#=. *#=$STATICLIB#
812 /^SHAREDLIB *=/s#=. *#=$SHAREDLIB#
813 /^SHAREDLIBV *=/s#=. *#=$SHAREDLIBV#
814 /^SHAREDLIBM *=/s#=. *#=$SHAREDLIBM#
815 /^AR *=/s#=. *#=$AR#
816 /^ARFLAGS *=/s#=. *#=$ARFLAGS#
817 /^RANLIB *=/s#=. *#=$RANLIB#
818 /^EXE *=/s#=. *#=$EXE#
819 /^prefix *=/s#=. *#=$prefix#
820 /^exec_prefix *=/s#=. *#=$exec_prefix#
821 /^libdir *=/s#=. *#=$libdir#
822 /^sharedlibdir *=/s#=. *#=$sharedlibdir#
823 /^includedir *=/s#=. *#=$includedir#
824 /^mandir *=/s#=. *#=$mandir#
825 /^LDFLAGS *=/s#=. *#=$LDFLAGS#
826 " | sed -e "
827 s/\@VERSION\@/\$VER/g;
828 " > zlib.pc

830 # done
831 leave 0
```

3183 Wed Apr 1 15:57:02 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/README.contrib
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib

1 All files under this contrib directory are UNSUPPORTED. There were
2 provided by users of zlib and were not tested by the authors of zlib.
3 Use at your own risk. Please contact the authors of the contributions
4 for help about these, not the zlib authors. Thanks.

7 ada/ by Dmitriy Anisimkov <anisimkov@yahoo.com>
8 Support for Ada
9 See http://zlib-ada.sourceforge.net/

11 amd64/ by Mikhail Teterin <mi@ALDAN.algebra.com>
12 asm code for AMD64
13 See patch at http://www.freebsd.org/cgi/query-pr.cgi?pr=bin/96393

15 asm686/ by Brian Raiter <breadbox@muppetlabs.com>
16 asm code for Pentium and PPro/PII, using the AT&T (GNU as) syntax
17 See http://www.muppetlabs.com/~breadbox/software/assembly.html

19 blast/ by Mark Adler <madler@alumni.caltech.edu>
20 Decompressor for output of PKWare Data Compression Library (DCL)

22 delphi/ by Cosmin Truta <cosmint@cs.ubbcluj.ro>
23 Support for Delphi and C++ Builder

25 dotzlib/ by Henrik Ravn <henrik@ravn.com>
26 Support for Microsoft .Net and Visual C++ .Net

28 gcc_gvmat64/by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>
29 GCC Version of x86 64-bit (AMD64 and Intel EM64t) code for x64
30 assembler to replace longest_match() and inflate_fast()

32 infback9/ by Mark Adler <madler@alumni.caltech.edu>
33 Unsupported diffs to infback to decode the deflate64 format

35 inflate86/ by Chris Anderson <christop@charm.net>
36 Tuned x86 gcc asm code to replace inflate_fast()

38 iostream/ by Kevin Ruland <kevin@rodin.wustl.edu>
39 A C++ I/O streams interface to the zlib gz* functions

41 iostream2/ by Tyge L^,vset <Tyge.Lovset@cmr.no>
42 Another C++ I/O streams interface

44 iostream3/ by Ludwig Schwardt <schwardt@sun.ac.za>
45 and Kevin Ruland <kevin@rodin.wustl.edu>
46 Yet another C++ I/O streams interface

48 masmx64/ by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>
49 x86 64-bit (AMD64 and Intel EM64t) code for x64 assembler to
50 replace longest_match() and inflate_fast(), also masm x86
51 64-bits translation of Chris Anderson inflate_fast()

53 masmx86/ by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>
54 x86 asm code to replace longest_match() and inflate_fast(),
55 for Visual C++ and MASM (32 bits).
56 Based on Brian Raiter (asm686) and Chris Anderson (inflate86)

58 minizip/ by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>
59 Mini zip and unzip based on zlib
60 Includes Zip64 support by Mathias Svensson <mathias@result42.com>

61 See http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/unzip.html

63 pascal/ by Bob Dellaca <bobdl@extra.co.nz> et al.
64 Support for Pascal

66 puff/ by Mark Adler <madler@alumni.caltech.edu>
67 Small, low memory usage inflate. Also serves to provide an
68 unambiguous description of the deflate format.

70 testzlib/ by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>
71 Example of the use of zlib

73 utgz/ by Pedro A. Aranda Gutierrez <paag@tid.es>
74 A very simple tar.gz file extractor using zlib

76 vstudio/ by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>
77 Building a minizip-enhanced zlib with Microsoft Visual Studio
78 Includes vc11 from kreuzerkrieg and vc12 from davispuh

```

*****
3717 Wed Apr 1 15:57:02 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/buffer_demo.adb
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 -- ZLib for Ada thick binding. --
3 -- --
4 -- Copyright (C) 2002-2004 Dmitriy Anisimkov --
5 -- --
6 -- Open source license information is in the zlib.ads file. --
7 -----
8 --
9 -- $Id: buffer_demo.adb,v 1.3 2004/09/06 06:55:35 vagul Exp $

11 -- This demo program provided by Dr Steve Sangwine <sjs@essex.ac.uk>
12 --
13 -- Demonstration of a problem with Zlib-Ada (already fixed) when a buffer
14 -- of exactly the correct size is used for decompressed data, and the last
15 -- few bytes passed in to Zlib are checksum bytes.

17 -- This program compresses a string of text, and then decompresses the
18 -- compressed text into a buffer of the same size as the original text.

20 with Ada.Streams; use Ada.Streams;
21 with Ada.Text_IO;

23 with ZLib; use ZLib;

25 procedure Buffer_Demo is
26   EOL : Character renames ASCII.LF;
27   Text : constant String
28     := "Four score and seven years ago our fathers brought forth," & EOL &
29        "upon this continent, a new nation, conceived in liberty," & EOL &
30        "and dedicated to the proposition that 'all men are created equal'.";
31
32   Source : Stream_Element_Array (1 .. Text'Length);
33   for Source'Address use Text'Address;

35 begin
36   Ada.Text_IO.Put (Text);
37   Ada.Text_IO.New_Line;
38   Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line
39     ("Uncompressed size : " & Positive'Image (Text'Length) & " bytes");

41   declare
42     Compressed_Data : Stream_Element_Array (1 .. Text'Length);
43     L : Stream_Element_Offset;
44   begin
45     Compress : declare
46       Compressor : Filter_Type;
47       I : Stream_Element_Offset;
48     begin
49       Deflate_Init (Compressor);

51       -- Compress the whole of T at once.

53       Translate (Compressor, Source, I, Compressed_Data, L, Finish);
54       pragma Assert (I = Source'Last);

56       Close (Compressor);

58       Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line
59         ("Compressed size : "
60          & Stream_Element_Offset'Image (L) & " bytes");

```

```

61   end Compress;

63   -- Now we decompress the data, passing short blocks of data to Zlib
64   -- (because this demonstrates the problem - the last block passed will
65   -- contain checksum information and there will be no output, only a
66   -- check inside Zlib that the checksum is correct).

68   Decompress : declare
69     Decompressor : Filter_Type;

71     Uncompressed_Data : Stream_Element_Array (1 .. Text'Length);

73     Block_Size : constant := 4;
74     -- This makes sure that the last block contains
75     -- only Adler checksum data.

77     P : Stream_Element_Offset := Compressed_Data'First - 1;
78     O : Stream_Element_Offset;
79   begin
80     Inflate_Init (Decompressor);

82     loop
83       Translate
84         (Decompressor,
85          Compressed_Data
86           (P + 1 .. Stream_Element_Offset'Min (P + Block_Size, L)),
87          P,
88          Uncompressed_Data
89           (Total_Out (Decompressor) + 1 .. Uncompressed_Data'Last),
90          O,
91          No_Flush);

93       Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line
94         ("Total in : " & Count'Image (Total_In (Decompressor)) &
95          ", out : " & Count'Image (Total_Out (Decompressor)));

97       exit when P = L;
98     end loop;

100     Ada.Text_IO.New_Line;
101     Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line
102       ("Decompressed text matches original text : "
103        & Boolean'Image (Uncompressed_Data = Source));
104   end Decompress;
105   end;
106 end Buffer_Demo;

```

```

*****
4467 Wed Apr 1 15:57:02 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/mtest.adb
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 -- ZLib for Ada thick binding. --
3 -- --
4 -- Copyright (C) 2002-2003 Dmitriy Anisimkov --
5 -- --
6 -- Open source license information is in the zlib.ads file. --
7 -----
8 -- Continuous test for ZLib multithreading. If the test would fail
9 -- we should provide thread safe allocation routines for the Z_Stream.
10 --
11 -- $Id: mtest.adb,v 1.4 2004/07/23 07:49:54 vagul Exp $

13 with ZLib;
14 with Ada.Streams;
15 with Ada.Numerics.Discrete_Random;
16 with Ada.Text_IO;
17 with Ada.Exceptions;
18 with Ada.Task_Identification;

20 procedure MTest is
21   use Ada.Streams;
22   use ZLib;

24   Stop : Boolean := False;

26   pragma Atomic (Stop);

28   subtype Visible_Symbols is Stream_Element range 16#20# .. 16#7E#;

30   package Random_Elements is
31     new Ada.Numerics.Discrete_Random (Visible_Symbols);

33   task type Test_Task;

35   task body Test_Task is
36     Buffer : Stream_Element_Array (1 .. 100_000);
37     Gen : Random_Elements.Generator;

39     Buffer_First : Stream_Element_Offset;
40     Compare_First : Stream_Element_Offset;

42     Deflate : Filter_Type;
43     Inflate : Filter_Type;

45     procedure Further (Item : in Stream_Element_Array);

47     procedure Read_Buffer
48       (Item : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
49        Last : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset);

51     -----
52     -- Further --
53     -----

55     procedure Further (Item : in Stream_Element_Array) is

57       procedure Compare (Item : in Stream_Element_Array);

59       -----
60       -- Compare --

```

```

61 -----
63   procedure Compare (Item : in Stream_Element_Array) is
64     Next_First : Stream_Element_Offset := Compare_First + Item'Length;
65   begin
66     if Buffer (Compare_First .. Next_First - 1) /= Item then
67       raise Program_Error;
68     end if;

70     Compare_First := Next_First;
71   end Compare;

73   procedure Compare_Write is new ZLib.Write (Write => Compare);
74   begin
75     Compare_Write (Inflate, Item, No_Flush);
76   end Further;

78 -----
79 -- Read_Buffer --
80 -----

82   procedure Read_Buffer
83     (Item : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
84      Last : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset)
85   is
86     Buff_Diff : Stream_Element_Offset := Buffer'Last - Buffer_First;
87     Next_First : Stream_Element_Offset;
88   begin
89     if Item'Length <= Buff_Diff then
90       Last := Item'Last;

92       Next_First := Buffer_First + Item'Length;

94       Item := Buffer (Buffer_First .. Next_First - 1);

96       Buffer_First := Next_First;
97     else
98       Last := Item'First + Buff_Diff;
99       Item (Item'First .. Last) := Buffer (Buffer_First .. Buffer'Last);
100      Buffer_First := Buffer'Last + 1;
101    end if;
102  end Read_Buffer;

104   procedure Translate is new Generic_Translate
105     (Data_In => Read_Buffer,
106      Data_Out => Further);

108   begin
109     Random_Elements.Reset (Gen);

111     Buffer := (others => 20);

113     Main : loop
114       for J in Buffer'Range loop
115         Buffer (J) := Random_Elements.Random (Gen);

117         Deflate_Init (Deflate);
118         Inflate_Init (Inflate);

120         Buffer_First := Buffer'First;
121         Compare_First := Buffer'First;

123         Translate (Deflate);

125         if Compare_First /= Buffer'Last + 1 then
126           raise Program_Error;

```



```
127         end if;
129         Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line
130           (Ada.Task_Identification.Image
131            (Ada.Task_Identification.Current_Task)
132             & Stream_Element_Offset'Image (J)
133             & ZLib.Count'Image (Total_Out (Deflate)));
135         Close (Deflate);
136         Close (Inflate);
138         exit Main when Stop;
139       end loop;
140     end loop Main;
141   exception
142     when E : others =>
143       Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line (Ada.Exceptions.Exception_Information (E));
144       Stop := True;
145   end Test_Task;
147   Test : array (1 .. 4) of Test_Task;
149   pragma Unreferenced (Test);
151   Dummy : Character;
153 begin
154   Ada.Text_IO.Get_Immediate (Dummy);
155   Stop := True;
156 end MTest;
```

```

*****
4248 Wed Apr 1 15:57:02 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/read.adb
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 -- ZLib for Ada thick binding. --
3 -- --
4 -- Copyright (C) 2002-2003 Dmitriy Anisimkov --
5 -- --
6 -- Open source license information is in the zlib.ads file. --
7 -----

9 -- $Id: read.adb,v 1.8 2004/05/31 10:53:40 vagul Exp $

11 -- Test/demo program for the generic read interface.

13 with Ada.Numerics.Discrete_Random;
14 with Ada.Streams;
15 with Ada.Text_IO;

17 with ZLib;

19 procedure Read is

21   use Ada.Streams;

23   -----
24   -- Test configuration parameters --
25   -----

27   File_Size   : Stream_Element_Offset := 100_000;

29   Continuous  : constant Boolean      := False;
30   -- If this constant is True, the test would be repeated again and again,
31   -- with increment File_Size for every iteration.

33   Header      : constant ZLib.Header_Type := ZLib.Default;
34   -- Do not use Header other than Default in ZLib versions 1.1.4 and older.

36   Init_Random : constant := 8;
37   -- We are using the same random sequence, in case of we catch bug,
38   -- so we would be able to reproduce it.

40   -- End --

42   Pack_Size : Stream_Element_Offset;
43   Offset    : Stream_Element_Offset;

45   Filter      : ZLib.Filter_Type;

47   subtype Visible_Symbols
48     is Stream_Element range 16#20# .. 16#7E#;

50   package Random_Elements is new
51     Ada.Numerics.Discrete_Random (Visible_Symbols);

53   Gen : Random_Elements.Generator;
54   Period : constant Stream_Element_Offset := 200;
55   -- Period constant variable for random generator not to be very random.
56   -- Bigger period, harder random.

58   Read_Buffer : Stream_Element_Array (1 .. 2048);
59   Read_First  : Stream_Element_Offset;
60   Read_Last   : Stream_Element_Offset;

```

```

62 procedure Reset;

64 procedure Read
65   (Item : out Stream_Element_Array;
66    Last : out Stream_Element_Offset);
67 -- this procedure is for generic instantiation of
68 -- ZLib.Read
69 -- reading data from the File_In.

71 procedure Read is new ZLib.Read
72   (Read,
73    Read_Buffer,
74    Rest_First => Read_First,
75    Rest_Last  => Read_Last);

77 -----
78 -- Read --
79 -----

81 procedure Read
82   (Item : out Stream_Element_Array;
83    Last : out Stream_Element_Offset) is
84 begin
85   Last := Stream_Element_Offset'Min
86     (Item'Last,
87      Item'First + File_Size - Offset);

89   for J in Item'First .. Last loop
90     if J < Item'First + Period then
91       Item (J) := Random_Elements.Random (Gen);
92     else
93       Item (J) := Item (J - Period);
94     end if;

96     Offset := Offset + 1;
97   end loop;
98 end Read;

100 -----
101 -- Reset --
102 -----

104 procedure Reset is
105 begin
106   Random_Elements.Reset (Gen, Init_Random);
107   Pack_Size := 0;
108   Offset := 1;
109   Read_First := Read_Buffer'Last + 1;
110   Read_Last := Read_Buffer'Last;
111 end Reset;

113 begin
114   Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line ("ZLib " & ZLib.Version);

116   loop
117     for Level in ZLib.Compression_Level'Range loop

119       Ada.Text_IO.Put ("Level ="
120         & ZLib.Compression_Level'Image (Level));

122       -- Deflate using generic instantiation.

124       ZLib.Deflate_Init
125         (Filter,
126          Level,

```

```
127         Header => Header);
129     Reset;
131     Ada.Text_IO.Put
132     (Stream_Element_Offset'Image (File_Size) & " ->");
134     loop
135     declare
136         Buffer : Stream_Element_Array (1 .. 1024);
137         Last   : Stream_Element_Offset;
138     begin
139         Read (Filter, Buffer, Last);
141         Pack_Size := Pack_Size + Last - Buffer'First + 1;
143         exit when Last < Buffer'Last;
144     end;
145 end loop;
147     Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line (Stream_Element_Offset'Image (Pack_Size));
149     ZLib.Close (Filter);
150 end loop;
152 exit when not Continuous;
154     File_Size := File_Size + 1;
155 end loop;
156 end Read;
```

2178 Wed Apr 1 15:57:02 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/readme.txt
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib

1 ZLib for Ada thick binding (ZLib.Ada)
2 Release 1.3

4 ZLib.Ada is a thick binding interface to the popular ZLib data
5 compression library, available at <http://www.gzip.org/zlib/>.
6 It provides Ada-style access to the ZLib C library.

9 Here are the main changes since ZLib.Ada 1.2:

- 11 - Attention: ZLib.Read generic routine have a initialization requirement
12 for Read_Last parameter now. It is a bit incompatibile with previous version,
13 but extends functionality, we could use new parameters Allow_Read_Some and
14 Flush now.
- 16 - Added Is_Open routines to ZLib and ZLib.Streams packages.
- 18 - Add pragma Assert to check Stream_Element is 8 bit.
- 20 - Fix extraction to buffer with exact known decompressed size. Error reported by
21 Steve Sangwine.
- 23 - Fix definition of ULong (changed to unsigned_long), fix regression on 64 bits
24 computers. Patch provided by Pascal Obry.
- 26 - Add Status_Error exception definition.
- 28 - Add pragma Assertion that Ada.Streams.Stream_Element size is 8 bit.

31 How to build ZLib.Ada under GNAT

33 You should have the ZLib library already build on your computer, before
34 building ZLib.Ada. Make the directory of ZLib.Ada sources current and
35 issue the command:

37 gnatmake test -largz -L<directory where libz.a is> -lz

39 Or use the GNAT project file build for GNAT 3.15 or later:

41 gnatmake -Pzlib.gpr -L<directory where libz.a is>

44 How to build ZLib.Ada under Aonix ObjectAda for Win32 7.2.2

- 46 1. Make a project with all *.ads and *.adb files from the distribution.
- 47 2. Build the libz.a library from the ZLib C sources.
- 48 3. Rename libz.a to z.lib.
- 49 4. Add the library z.lib to the project.
- 50 5. Add the libc.lib library from the ObjectAda distribution to the project.
- 51 6. Build the executable using test.adb as a main procedure.

54 How to use ZLib.Ada

56 The source files test.adb and read.adb are small demo programs that show
57 the main functionality of ZLib.Ada.

59 The routines from the package specifications are commented.

62 Homepage: <http://zlib-ada.sourceforge.net/>

63 Author: Dmitriy Anisimkov <anisimkov@yahoo.com>

65 Contributors: Pascal Obry <pascal@obry.org>, Steve Sangwine <sjs@essex.ac.uk>

```

*****
13180 Wed Apr 1 15:57:02 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/test.adb
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 -- ZLib for Ada thick binding. --
3 -- --
4 -- Copyright (C) 2002-2003 Dmitriy Anisimkov --
5 -- --
6 -- Open source license information is in the zlib.ads file. --
7 -----

9 -- $Id: test.adb,v 1.17 2003/08/12 12:13:30 vagul Exp $

11 -- The program has a few aims.
12 -- 1. Test ZLib.Ada95 thick binding functionality.
13 -- 2. Show the example of use main functionality of the ZLib.Ada95 binding.
14 -- 3. Build this program automatically compile all ZLib.Ada95 packages under
15 -- GNAT Ada95 compiler.

17 with ZLib.Streams;
18 with Ada.Streams.Stream_IO;
19 with Ada.Numerics.Discrete_Random;

21 with Ada.Text_IO;

23 with Ada.Calendar;

25 procedure Test is

27   use Ada.Streams;
28   use Stream_IO;

30   -----
31   -- Test configuration parameters --
32   -----

34   File_Size : Count := 100_000;
35   Continuous : constant Boolean := False;

37   Header : constant ZLib.Header_Type := ZLib.Default;
38   -- ZLib.None;
39   -- ZLib.Auto;
40   -- ZLib.GZip;
41   -- Do not use Header other than Default in ZLib versions 1.1.4
42   -- and older.

44   Strategy : constant ZLib.Strategy_Type := ZLib.Default_Strategy;
45   Init_Random : constant := 10;

47   -- End --

49   In_File_Name : constant String := "testzlib.in";
50   -- Name of the input file

52   Z_File_Name : constant String := "testzlib.zlb";
53   -- Name of the compressed file.

55   Out_File_Name : constant String := "testzlib.out";
56   -- Name of the decompressed file.

58   File_In : File_Type;
59   File_Out : File_Type;
60   File_Back : File_Type;

```

```

61   File_Z : ZLib.Streams.Stream_Type;

63   Filter : ZLib.Filter_Type;

65   Time_Stamp : Ada.Calendar.Time;

67   procedure Generate_File;
68   -- Generate file of spetsified size with some random data.
69   -- The random data is repeatable, for the good compression.

71   procedure Compare_Streams
72   (Left, Right : in out Root_Stream_Type'Class);
73   -- The procedure comparing data in 2 streams.
74   -- It is for compare data before and after compression/decompression.

76   procedure Compare_Files (Left, Right : String);
77   -- Compare files. Based on the Compare_Streams.

79   procedure Copy_Streams
80   (Source, Target : in out Root_Stream_Type'Class;
81   Buffer_Size : in Stream_Element_Offset := 1024);
82   -- Copying data from one stream to another. It is for test stream
83   -- interface of the library.

85   procedure Data_In
86   (Item : out Stream_Element_Array;
87   Last : out Stream_Element_Offset);
88   -- this procedure is for generic instantiation of
89   -- ZLib.Generic_Translate.
90   -- reading data from the File_In.

92   procedure Data_Out (Item : in Stream_Element_Array);
93   -- this procedure is for generic instantiation of
94   -- ZLib.Generic_Translate.
95   -- writing data to the File_Out.

97   procedure Stamp;
98   -- Store the timestamp to the local variable.

100  procedure Print_Statistic (Msg : String; Data_Size : ZLib.Count);
101  -- Print the time statistic with the message.

103  procedure Translate is new ZLib.Generic_Translate
104  (Data_In => Data_In,
105  Data_Out => Data_Out);
106  -- This procedure is moving data from File_In to File_Out
107  -- with compression or decompression, depend on initialization of
108  -- Filter parameter.

110  -----
111  -- Compare_Files --
112  -----

114  procedure Compare_Files (Left, Right : String) is
115  Left_File, Right_File : File_Type;
116  begin
117  Open (Left_File, In_File, Left);
118  Open (Right_File, In_File, Right);
119  Compare_Streams (Stream (Left_File).all, Stream (Right_File).all);
120  Close (Left_File);
121  Close (Right_File);
122  end Compare_Files;

124  -----
125  -- Compare_Streams --
126  -----

```

```

128 procedure Compare_Streams
129 (Left, Right : in out Ada.Streams.Root_Stream_Type'Class)
130 is
131   Left_Buffer, Right_Buffer : Stream_Element_Array (0 .. 16#FFF#);
132   Left_Last, Right_Last : Stream_Element_Offset;
133 begin
134   loop
135     Read (Left, Left_Buffer, Left_Last);
136     Read (Right, Right_Buffer, Right_Last);
137
138     if Left_Last /= Right_Last then
139       Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line ("Compare error : "
140         & Stream_Element_Offset'Image (Left_Last)
141         & " /= "
142         & Stream_Element_Offset'Image (Right_Last));
143
144       raise Constraint_Error;
145
146     elsif Left_Buffer (0 .. Left_Last)
147       /= Right_Buffer (0 .. Right_Last)
148     then
149       Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line ("ERROR: IN and OUT files is not equal.");
150       raise Constraint_Error;
151
152     end if;
153
154     exit when Left_Last < Left_Buffer'Last;
155   end loop;
156 end Compare_Streams;
157
158 -----
159 -- Copy_Streams --
160 -----
161
162 procedure Copy_Streams
163 (Source, Target : in out Ada.Streams.Root_Stream_Type'Class;
164  Buffer_Size : in Stream_Element_Offset := 1024)
165 is
166   Buffer : Stream_Element_Array (1 .. Buffer_Size);
167   Last : Stream_Element_Offset;
168 begin
169   loop
170     Read (Source, Buffer, Last);
171     Write (Target, Buffer (1 .. Last));
172
173     exit when Last < Buffer'Last;
174   end loop;
175 end Copy_Streams;
176
177 -----
178 -- Data_In --
179 -----
180
181 procedure Data_In
182 (Item : out Stream_Element_Array;
183  Last : out Stream_Element_Offset) is
184 begin
185   Read (File_In, Item, Last);
186 end Data_In;
187
188 -----
189 -- Data_Out --
190 -----
191
192 procedure Data_Out (Item : in Stream_Element_Array) is

```

```

193 begin
194   Write (File_Out, Item);
195 end Data_Out;
196
197 -----
198 -- Generate_File --
199 -----
200
201 procedure Generate_File is
202   subtype Visible_Symbols is Stream_Element range 16#20# .. 16#7E#;
203
204   package Random_Elements is
205     new Ada.Numerics.Discrete_Random (Visible_Symbols);
206
207   Gen : Random_Elements.Generator;
208   Buffer : Stream_Element_Array := (1 .. 77 => 16#20#) & 10;
209
210   Buffer_Count : constant Count := File_Size / Buffer'Length;
211   -- Number of same buffers in the packet.
212
213   Density : constant Count := 30; -- from 0 to Buffer'Length - 2;
214
215   procedure Fill_Buffer (J, D : in Count);
216   -- Change the part of the buffer.
217
218   -----
219   -- Fill_Buffer --
220   -----
221
222   procedure Fill_Buffer (J, D : in Count) is
223   begin
224     for K in 0 .. D loop
225       Buffer
226         (Stream_Element_Offset ((J + K) mod (Buffer'Length - 1) + 1))
227         := Random_Elements.Random (Gen);
228     end loop;
229   end Fill_Buffer;
230
231 begin
232   Random_Elements.Reset (Gen, Init_Random);
233
234   Create (File_In, Out_File, In_File_Name);
235
236   Fill_Buffer (1, Buffer'Length - 2);
237
238   for J in 1 .. Buffer_Count loop
239     Write (File_In, Buffer);
240
241     Fill_Buffer (J, Density);
242   end loop;
243
244   -- fill remain size.
245
246   Write
247     (File_In,
248      Buffer
249        (1 .. Stream_Element_Offset
250         (File_Size - Buffer'Length * Buffer_Count)));
251
252   Flush (File_In);
253   Close (File_In);
254 end Generate_File;
255
256 -----
257 -- Print_Statistic --
258 -----

```

```

259 -----
261 procedure Print_Statistic (Msg : String; Data_Size : ZLib.Count) is
262   use Ada.Calendar;
263   use Ada.Text_IO;
265   package Count_IO is new Integer_IO (ZLib.Count);
267   Curr_Dur : Duration := Clock - Time_Stamp;
268   begin
269     Put (Msg);
271     Set_Col (20);
272     Ada.Text_IO.Put ("size =");
274     Count_IO.Put
275       (Data_Size,
276        Width => Stream_IO.Count'Image (File_Size)'Length);
278     Put_Line (" duration =" & Duration'Image (Curr_Dur));
279   end Print_Statistic;
281 -----
282 -- Stamp --
283 -----
285 procedure Stamp is
286   begin
287     Time_Stamp := Ada.Calendar.Clock;
288   end Stamp;
290 begin
291   Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line ("ZLib " & ZLib.Version);
293   loop
294     Generate_File;
296     for Level in ZLib.Compression_Level'Range loop
298       Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line ("Level ="
299         & ZLib.Compression_Level'Image (Level));
301       -- Test generic interface.
302       Open (File_In, In_File, In_File_Name);
303       Create (File_Out, Out_File, Z_File_Name);
305       Stamp;
307       -- Deflate using generic instantiation.
309       ZLib.Deflate_Init
310         (Filter => Filter,
311          Level => Level,
312          Strategy => Strategy,
313          Header => Header);
315       Translate (Filter);
316       Print_Statistic ("Generic compress", ZLib.Total_Out (Filter));
317       ZLib.Close (Filter);
319       Close (File_In);
320       Close (File_Out);
322       Open (File_In, In_File, Z_File_Name);
323       Create (File_Out, Out_File, Out_File_Name);

```

```

325     Stamp;
327     -- Inflate using generic instantiation.
329     ZLib.Inflate_Init (Filter, Header => Header);
331     Translate (Filter);
332     Print_Statistic ("Generic decompress", ZLib.Total_Out (Filter));
334     ZLib.Close (Filter);
336     Close (File_In);
337     Close (File_Out);
339     Compare_Files (In_File_Name, Out_File_Name);
341     -- Test stream interface.
343     -- Compress to the back stream.
345     Open (File_In, In_File, In_File_Name);
346     Create (File_Back, Out_File, Z_File_Name);
348     Stamp;
350     ZLib.Streams.Create
351       (Stream      => File_Z,
352        Mode        => ZLib.Streams.Out_Stream,
353        Back        => ZLib.Streams.Stream_Access
354          (Stream (File_Back)),
355        Back_Compressed => True,
356        Level         => Level,
357        Strategy      => Strategy,
358        Header        => Header);
360     Copy_Streams
361       (Source => Stream (File_In).all,
362        Target => File_Z);
364     -- Flushing internal buffers to the back stream.
366     ZLib.Streams.Flush (File_Z, ZLib.Finish);
368     Print_Statistic ("Write compress",
369       ZLib.Streams.Write_Total_Out (File_Z));
371     ZLib.Streams.Close (File_Z);
373     Close (File_In);
374     Close (File_Back);
376     -- Compare reading from original file and from
377     -- decompression stream.
379     Open (File_In, In_File, In_File_Name);
380     Open (File_Back, In_File, Z_File_Name);
382     ZLib.Streams.Create
383       (Stream      => File_Z,
384        Mode        => ZLib.Streams.In_Stream,
385        Back        => ZLib.Streams.Stream_Access
386          (Stream (File_Back)),
387        Back_Compressed => True,
388        Header        => Header);
390     Stamp;

```

```

391     Compare_Streams (Stream (File_In).all, File_Z);
393     Print_Statistic ("Read decompress",
394                   ZLib.Streams.Read_Total_Out (File_Z));
396     ZLib.Streams.Close (File_Z);
397     Close (File_In);
398     Close (File_Back);
400     -- Compress by reading from compression stream.
402     Open (File_Back, In_File, In_File_Name);
403     Create (File_Out, Out_File, Z_File_Name);
405     ZLib.Streams.Create
406     (Stream      => File_Z,
407      Mode        => ZLib.Streams.In_Stream,
408      Back        => ZLib.Streams.Stream_Access
409                (Stream (File_Back)),
410      Back_Compressed => False,
411      Level        => Level,
412      Strategy     => Strategy,
413      Header       => Header);
415     Stamp;
416     Copy_Streams
417     (Source => File_Z,
418      Target => Stream (File_Out).all);
420     Print_Statistic ("Read compress",
421                   ZLib.Streams.Read_Total_Out (File_Z));
423     ZLib.Streams.Close (File_Z);
425     Close (File_Out);
426     Close (File_Back);
428     -- Decompress to decompression stream.
430     Open (File_In, In_File, Z_File_Name);
431     Create (File_Back, Out_File, Out_File_Name);
433     ZLib.Streams.Create
434     (Stream      => File_Z,
435      Mode        => ZLib.Streams.Out_Stream,
436      Back        => ZLib.Streams.Stream_Access
437                (Stream (File_Back)),
438      Back_Compressed => False,
439      Header       => Header);
441     Stamp;
443     Copy_Streams
444     (Source => Stream (File_In).all,
445      Target => File_Z);
447     Print_Statistic ("Write decompress",
448                   ZLib.Streams.Write_Total_Out (File_Z));
450     ZLib.Streams.Close (File_Z);
451     Close (File_In);
452     Close (File_Back);
454     Compare_Files (In_File_Name, Out_File_Name);
455 end loop;

```

```

457     Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line (Count'Image (File_Size) & " Ok.");
459     exit when not Continuous;
461     File_Size := File_Size + 1;
462     end loop;
463 end Test;

```



```

*****
5996 Wed Apr 1 15:57:03 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/zlib-streams.adb
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 -- ZLib for Ada thick binding. --
3 -- --
4 -- Copyright (C) 2002-2003 Dmitriy Anisimkov --
5 -- --
6 -- Open source license information is in the zlib.ads file. --
7 -----
9 -- $Id: zlib-streams.adb,v 1.10 2004/05/31 10:53:40 vagul Exp $

11 with Ada.Unchecked_Deallocation;

13 package body ZLib.Streams is

15 -----
16 -- Close --
17 -----

19 procedure Close (Stream : in out Stream_Type) is
20   procedure Free is new Ada.Unchecked_Deallocation
21     (Stream_Element_Array, Buffer_Access);
22   begin
23     if Stream.Mode = Out_Stream or Stream.Mode = Duplex then
24       -- We should flush the data written by the writer.

26       Flush (Stream, Finish);

28       Close (Stream.Writer);
29     end if;

31     if Stream.Mode = In_Stream or Stream.Mode = Duplex then
32       Close (Stream.Reader);
33       Free (Stream.Buffer);
34     end if;
35   end Close;

37 -----
38 -- Create --
39 -----

41 procedure Create
42   (Stream      : out Stream_Type;
43    Mode        : in  Stream_Mode;
44    Back        : in  Stream_Access;
45    Back_Compressed : in Boolean;
46    Level       : in  Compression_Level := Default_Compression;
47    Strategy    : in  Strategy_Type := Default_Strategy;
48    Header      : in  Header_Type := Default;
49    Read_Buffer_Size : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset
50                      := Default_Buffer_Size;
51    Write_Buffer_Size : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset
52                      := Default_Buffer_Size)
53   is

55     subtype Buffer_Subtype is Stream_Element_Array (1 .. Read_Buffer_Size);

57     procedure Init_Filter
58       (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
59        Compress : in Boolean);

```

```

61 -----
62 -- Init_Filter --
63 -----

65 procedure Init_Filter
66   (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
67    Compress : in Boolean) is
68   begin
69     if Compress then
70       Deflate_Init
71         (Filter, Level, Strategy, Header => Header);
72     else
73       Inflate_Init (Filter, Header => Header);
74     end if;
75   end Init_Filter;

77   begin
78     Stream.Back := Back;
79     Stream.Mode := Mode;

81     if Mode = Out_Stream or Mode = Duplex then
82       Init_Filter (Stream.Writer, Back_Compressed);
83       Stream.Buffer_Size := Write_Buffer_Size;
84     else
85       Stream.Buffer_Size := 0;
86     end if;

88     if Mode = In_Stream or Mode = Duplex then
89       Init_Filter (Stream.Reader, not Back_Compressed);

91       Stream.Buffer := new Buffer_Subtype;
92       Stream.Rest_First := Stream.Buffer'Last + 1;
93       Stream.Rest_Last := Stream.Buffer'Last;
94     end if;
95   end Create;

97 -----
98 -- Flush --
99 -----

101 procedure Flush
102   (Stream : in out Stream_Type;
103    Mode : in Flush_Mode := Sync_Flush)
104   is
105     Buffer : Stream_Element_Array (1 .. Stream.Buffer_Size);
106     Last : Stream_Element_Offset;
107   begin
108     loop
109       Flush (Stream.Writer, Buffer, Last, Mode);

111       Ada.Streams.Write (Stream.Back.all, Buffer (1 .. Last));

113       exit when Last < Buffer'Last;
114     end loop;
115   end Flush;

117 -----
118 -- Is_Open --
119 -----

121 function Is_Open (Stream : Stream_Type) return Boolean is
122   begin
123     return Is_Open (Stream.Reader) or else Is_Open (Stream.Writer);
124   end Is_Open;

126 -----

```

```

127 -- Read --
128 -----

130 procedure Read
131 (Stream : in out Stream_Type;
132  Item   : out Stream_Element_Array;
133  Last   : out Stream_Element_Offset)
134 is
135
136     procedure Read
137       (Item : out Stream_Element_Array;
138        Last : out Stream_Element_Offset);
139
140     -----
141     -- Read --
142     -----
143
144     procedure Read
145       (Item : out Stream_Element_Array;
146        Last : out Stream_Element_Offset) is
147     begin
148       Ada.Streams.Read (Stream.Back.all, Item, Last);
149     end Read;
150
151     procedure Read is new ZLib.Read
152       (Read    => Read,
153        Buffer  => Stream.Buffer.all,
154        Rest_First => Stream.Rest_First,
155        Rest_Last  => Stream.Rest_Last);
156
157 begin
158   Read (Stream.Reader, Item, Last);
159 end Read;
160
161 -----
162 -- Read_Total_In --
163 -----
164
165 function Read_Total_In (Stream : in Stream_Type) return Count is
166 begin
167   return Total_In (Stream.Reader);
168 end Read_Total_In;
169
170 -----
171 -- Read_Total_Out --
172 -----
173
174 function Read_Total_Out (Stream : in Stream_Type) return Count is
175 begin
176   return Total_Out (Stream.Reader);
177 end Read_Total_Out;
178
179 -----
180 -- Write --
181 -----
182
183 procedure Write
184 (Stream : in out Stream_Type;
185  Item   : in Stream_Element_Array)
186 is
187
188     procedure Write (Item : in Stream_Element_Array);
189
190     -----
191     -- Write --
192     -----

```

```

194     procedure Write (Item : in Stream_Element_Array) is
195     begin
196       Ada.Streams.Write (Stream.Back.all, Item);
197     end Write;
198
199     procedure Write is new ZLib.Write
200       (Write    => Write,
201        Buffer_Size => Stream.Buffer_Size);
202
203 begin
204   Write (Stream.Writer, Item, No_Flush);
205 end Write;
206
207 -----
208 -- Write_Total_In --
209 -----
210
211 function Write_Total_In (Stream : in Stream_Type) return Count is
212 begin
213   return Total_In (Stream.Writer);
214 end Write_Total_In;
215
216 -----
217 -- Write_Total_Out --
218 -----
219
220 function Write_Total_Out (Stream : in Stream_Type) return Count is
221 begin
222   return Total_Out (Stream.Writer);
223 end Write_Total_Out;
224
225 end ZLib.Streams;

```

```

*****
4330 Wed Apr 1 15:57:03 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/zlib-streams.ads
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 -- ZLib for Ada thick binding. --
3 -- --
4 -- Copyright (C) 2002-2003 Dmitriy Anisimkov --
5 -- --
6 -- Open source license information is in the zlib.ads file. --
7 -----
9 -- $Id: zlib-streams.ads,v 1.12 2004/05/31 10:53:40 vagul Exp $

11 package ZLib.Streams is
13   type Stream_Mode is (In_Stream, Out_Stream, Duplex);
15   type Stream_Access is access all Ada.Streams.Root_Stream_Type'Class;
17   type Stream_Type is
18     new Ada.Streams.Root_Stream_Type with private;
20   procedure Read
21     (Stream : in out Stream_Type;
22      Item   : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
23      Last   : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset);
25   procedure Write
26     (Stream : in out Stream_Type;
27      Item   : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array);
29   procedure Flush
30     (Stream : in out Stream_Type;
31      Mode   : in Flush_Mode := Sync_Flush);
32   -- Flush the written data to the back stream,
33   -- all data placed to the compressor is flushing to the Back stream.
34   -- Should not be used until necessary, because it is decreasing
35   -- compression.
37   function Read_Total_In (Stream : in Stream_Type) return Count;
38   pragma Inline (Read_Total_In);
39   -- Return total number of bytes read from back stream so far.
41   function Read_Total_Out (Stream : in Stream_Type) return Count;
42   pragma Inline (Read_Total_Out);
43   -- Return total number of bytes read so far.
45   function Write_Total_In (Stream : in Stream_Type) return Count;
46   pragma Inline (Write_Total_In);
47   -- Return total number of bytes written so far.
49   function Write_Total_Out (Stream : in Stream_Type) return Count;
50   pragma Inline (Write_Total_Out);
51   -- Return total number of bytes written to the back stream.
53   procedure Create
54     (Stream      : out Stream_Type;
55      Mode        : in Stream_Mode;
56      Back        : in Stream_Access;
57      Back_Compressed : in Boolean;
58      Level       : in Compression_Level := Default_Compression;
59      Strategy    : in Strategy_Type := Default_Strategy;
60      Header      : in Header_Type := Default;

```

```

61   Read_Buffer_Size : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset
62                       := Default_Buffer_Size;
63   Write_Buffer_Size : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset
64                       := Default_Buffer_Size);
65   -- Create the Compression/Decompression stream.
66   -- If mode is In_Stream then Write operation is disabled.
67   -- If mode is Out_Stream then Read operation is disabled.
69   -- If Back_Compressed is true then
70   -- Data written to the Stream is compressing to the Back stream
71   -- and data read from the Stream is decompressed data from the Back stream.
73   -- If Back_Compressed is false then
74   -- Data written to the Stream is decompressing to the Back stream
75   -- and data read from the Stream is compressed data from the Back stream.
77   -- !!! When the Need_Header is False ZLib-Ada is using undocumented
78   -- ZLib 1.1.4 functionality to do not create/wait for ZLib headers.
80   function Is_Open (Stream : Stream_Type) return Boolean;
82   procedure Close (Stream : in out Stream_Type);
84 private
86   use Ada.Streams;
88   type Buffer_Access is access all Stream_Element_Array;
90   type Stream_Type
91     is new Root_Stream_Type with
92     record
93       Mode      : Stream_Mode;
95       Buffer     : Buffer_Access;
96       Rest_First : Stream_Element_Offset;
97       Rest_Last  : Stream_Element_Offset;
98       -- Buffer for Read operation.
99       -- We need to have this buffer in the record
100      -- because not all read data from back stream
101      -- could be processed during the read operation.
103      Buffer_Size : Stream_Element_Offset;
104      -- Buffer size for write operation.
105      -- We do not need to have this buffer
106      -- in the record because all data could be
107      -- processed in the write operation.
109      Back      : Stream_Access;
110      Reader    : Filter_Type;
111      Writer    : Filter_Type;
112      end record;
114 end ZLib.Streams;

```

```

*****
3329 Wed Apr 1 15:57:03 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/zlib-thin.adb
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 -- ZLib for Ada thick binding. --
3 -- --
4 -- Copyright (C) 2002-2003 Dmitriy Anisimkov --
5 -- --
6 -- Open source license information is in the zlib.ads file. --
7 -----

9 -- $Id: zlib-thin.adb,v 1.8 2003/12/14 18:27:31 vagul Exp $

11 package body ZLib.Thin is

13     ZLIB_VERSION : constant Chars_Ptr := zlibVersion;

15     Z_Stream_Size : constant Int := Z_Stream'Size / System.Storage_Unit;

17     -----
18     -- Avail_In --
19     -----

21     function Avail_In (Strm : in Z_Stream) return UInt is
22     begin
23         return Strm.Avail_In;
24     end Avail_In;

26     -----
27     -- Avail_Out --
28     -----

30     function Avail_Out (Strm : in Z_Stream) return UInt is
31     begin
32         return Strm.Avail_Out;
33     end Avail_Out;

35     -----
36     -- Deflate_Init --
37     -----

39     function Deflate_Init
40     (strm      : Z_Stream;
41      level    : Int;
42      method   : Int;
43      windowBits : Int;
44      memLevel : Int;
45      strategy : Int)
46     return Int is
47     begin
48         return deflateInit2
49         (strm,
50          level,
51          method,
52          windowBits,
53          memLevel,
54          strategy,
55          ZLIB_VERSION,
56          Z_Stream_Size);
57     end Deflate_Init;

59     -----
60     -- Inflate_Init --

```

```

61 -----
63     function Inflate_Init (strm : Z_Stream; windowBits : Int) return Int is
64     begin
65         return inflateInit2 (strm, windowBits, ZLIB_VERSION, Z_Stream_Size);
66     end Inflate_Init;

68     -----
69     -- Last_Error_Message --
70     -----

72     function Last_Error_Message (Strm : in Z_Stream) return String is
73     use Interfaces.C.Strings;
74     begin
75         if Strm.msg = Null_Ptr then
76             return "";
77         else
78             return Value (Strm.msg);
79         end if;
80     end Last_Error_Message;

82     -----
83     -- Set_In --
84     -----

86     procedure Set_In
87     (Strm : in out Z_Stream;
88      Buffer : in Voidp;
89      Size : in UInt) is
90     begin
91         Strm.Next_In := Buffer;
92         Strm.Avail_In := Size;
93     end Set_In;

95     -----
96     -- Set_Mem_Func --
97     -----

99     procedure Set_Mem_Func
100     (Strm : in out Z_Stream;
101      Opaque : in Voidp;
102      Alloc : in alloc_func;
103      Free : in free_func) is
104     begin
105         Strm.opaque := Opaque;
106         Strm.zalloc := Alloc;
107         Strm.zfree := Free;
108     end Set_Mem_Func;

110     -----
111     -- Set_Out --
112     -----

114     procedure Set_Out
115     (Strm : in out Z_Stream;
116      Buffer : in Voidp;
117      Size : in UInt) is
118     begin
119         Strm.Next_Out := Buffer;
120         Strm.Avail_Out := Size;
121     end Set_Out;

123     -----
124     -- Total_In --
125     -----

```

```
127 function Total_In (Strm : in Z_Stream) return ULong is
128 begin
129     return Strm.Total_In;
130 end Total_In;
```

```
132 -----
133 -- Total_Out --
134 -----
```

```
136 function Total_Out (Strm : in Z_Stream) return ULong is
137 begin
138     return Strm.Total_Out;
139 end Total_Out;
```

```
141 end ZLib.Thin;
```

```

*****
15819 Wed Apr 1 15:57:03 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/zlib-thin.ads
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 -- ZLib for Ada thick binding. --
3 -- --
4 -- Copyright (C) 2002-2003 Dmitriy Anisimkov --
5 -- --
6 -- Open source license information is in the zlib.ads file. --
7 -----

9 -- $Id: zlib-thin.ads,v 1.11 2004/07/23 06:33:11 vagul Exp $

11 with Interfaces.C.Strings;

13 with System;

15 private package ZLib.Thin is

17 -- From zconf.h

19 MAX_MEM_LEVEL : constant := 9; -- zconf.h:105
20 -- -- zconf.h:105
21 MAX_WBITS : constant := 15; -- zconf.h:115
22 -- 32K LZ77 window --
23 -- zconf.h:115
24 SEEK_SET : constant := 8#0000#; -- zconf.h:244
25 -- Seek from beginning of file. --
26 -- zconf.h:244
27 SEEK_CUR : constant := 1; -- zconf.h:245
28 -- Seek from current position. --
29 -- zconf.h:245
30 SEEK_END : constant := 2; -- zconf.h:246
31 -- Set file pointer to EOF plus "offset" --
32 -- zconf.h:246

34 type Byte is new Interfaces.C.unsigned_char; -- 8 bits
35 -- zconf.h:214
36 type UInt is new Interfaces.C.unsigned; -- 16 bits or more
37 -- zconf.h:216
38 type Int is new Interfaces.C.int;

40 type ULong is new Interfaces.C.unsigned_long; -- 32 bits or more
41 -- zconf.h:217
42 subtype Chars_Ptr is Interfaces.C.Strings.chars_ptr;

44 type ULong_Access is access ULong;
45 type Int_Access is access Int;

47 subtype Voidp is System.Address; -- zconf.h:232

49 subtype Byte_Access is Voidp;

51 Nul : constant Voidp := System.Null_Address;
52 -- end from zconf

54 Z_NO_FLUSH : constant := 8#0000#; -- zlib.h:125
55 -- -- zlib.h:125
56 Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH : constant := 1; -- zlib.h:126
57 -- will be removed, use --
58 -- Z_SYNC_FLUSH instead --
59 -- -- zlib.h:126
60 Z_SYNC_FLUSH : constant := 2; -- zlib.h:127

```

```

61 -- -- zlib.h:127
62 Z_FULL_FLUSH : constant := 3; -- -- zlib.h:128
63 -- -- zlib.h:128
64 Z_FINISH : constant := 4; -- -- zlib.h:129
65 -- -- zlib.h:129
66 Z_OK : constant := 8#0000#; -- -- zlib.h:132
67 -- -- zlib.h:132
68 Z_STREAM_END : constant := 1; -- -- zlib.h:133
69 -- -- zlib.h:133
70 Z_NEED_DICT : constant := 2; -- -- zlib.h:134
71 -- -- zlib.h:134
72 Z_ERRNO : constant := -1; -- -- zlib.h:135
73 -- -- zlib.h:135
74 Z_STREAM_ERROR : constant := -2; -- -- zlib.h:136
75 -- -- zlib.h:136
76 Z_DATA_ERROR : constant := -3; -- -- zlib.h:137
77 -- -- zlib.h:137
78 Z_MEM_ERROR : constant := -4; -- -- zlib.h:138
79 -- -- zlib.h:138
80 Z_BUF_ERROR : constant := -5; -- -- zlib.h:139
81 -- -- zlib.h:139
82 Z_VERSION_ERROR : constant := -6; -- -- zlib.h:140
83 -- -- zlib.h:140
84 Z_NO_COMPRESSION : constant := 8#0000#; -- -- zlib.h:145
85 -- -- zlib.h:145
86 Z_BEST_SPEED : constant := 1; -- -- zlib.h:146
87 -- -- zlib.h:146
88 Z_BEST_COMPRESSION : constant := 9; -- -- zlib.h:147
89 -- -- zlib.h:147
90 Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION : constant := -1; -- -- zlib.h:148
91 -- -- zlib.h:148
92 Z_FILTERED : constant := 1; -- -- zlib.h:151
93 -- -- zlib.h:151
94 Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY : constant := 2; -- -- zlib.h:152
95 -- -- zlib.h:152
96 Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY : constant := 8#0000#; -- -- zlib.h:153
97 -- -- zlib.h:153
98 Z_BINARY : constant := 8#0000#; -- -- zlib.h:156
99 -- -- zlib.h:156
100 Z_ASCII : constant := 1; -- -- zlib.h:157
101 -- -- zlib.h:157
102 Z_UNKNOWN : constant := 2; -- -- zlib.h:158
103 -- -- zlib.h:158
104 Z_DEFLATED : constant := 8; -- -- zlib.h:161
105 -- -- zlib.h:161
106 Z_NULL : constant := 8#0000#; -- -- zlib.h:164
107 -- for initializing zalloc, zfree, opaque --
108 -- -- zlib.h:164
109 type gzFile is new Voidp; -- -- zlib.h:646

111 type Z_Stream is private;

113 type Z_Streamp is access all Z_Stream; -- -- zlib.h:89

115 type alloc_func is access function
116 (Opaque : Voidp;
117 Items : UInt;
118 Size : UInt)
119 return Voidp; -- -- zlib.h:63

121 type free_func is access procedure (opaque : Voidp; address : Voidp);

123 function zlibVersion return Chars_Ptr;

125 function Deflate (strm : Z_Streamp; flush : Int) return Int;

```

```

127 function DeflateEnd (strm : Z_Stream) return Int;
129 function Inflate (strm : Z_Stream; flush : Int) return Int;
131 function InflateEnd (strm : Z_Stream) return Int;
133 function deflateSetDictionary
134   (strm      : Z_Stream;
135    dictionary : Byte_Access;
136    dictLength : UInt)
137   return      Int;
139 function deflateCopy (dest : Z_Stream; source : Z_Stream) return Int;
140 --   zlib.h:478
142 function deflateReset (strm : Z_Stream) return Int; --   zlib.h:495
144 function deflateParams
145   (strm      : Z_Stream;
146    level     : Int;
147    strategy  : Int)
148   return      Int; --   zlib.h:506
150 function inflateSetDictionary
151   (strm      : Z_Stream;
152    dictionary : Byte_Access;
153    dictLength : UInt)
154   return      Int; --   zlib.h:548
156 function inflateSync (strm : Z_Stream) return Int; --   zlib.h:565
158 function inflateReset (strm : Z_Stream) return Int; --   zlib.h:580
160 function compress
161   (dest      : Byte_Access;
162    destLen   : ULong_Access;
163    source    : Byte_Access;
164    sourceLen : ULong)
165   return      Int; --   zlib.h:601
167 function compress2
168   (dest      : Byte_Access;
169    destLen   : ULong_Access;
170    source    : Byte_Access;
171    sourceLen : ULong;
172    level     : Int)
173   return      Int; --   zlib.h:615
175 function uncompress
176   (dest      : Byte_Access;
177    destLen   : ULong_Access;
178    source    : Byte_Access;
179    sourceLen : ULong)
180   return      Int;
182 function gzopen (path : Chars_Ptr; mode : Chars_Ptr) return gzFile;
184 function gzopen (fd : Int; mode : Chars_Ptr) return gzFile;
186 function gzsetparams
187   (file      : gzFile;
188    level     : Int;
189    strategy  : Int)
190   return      Int;
192 function gzread

```

```

193   (file : gzFile;
194    buf  : Voidp;
195    len  : UInt)
196   return Int;
198 function gzwrite
199   (file : in gzFile;
200    buf  : in Voidp;
201    len  : in UInt)
202   return Int;
204 function gzprintf (file : in gzFile; format : in Chars_Ptr) return Int;
206 function gzputs (file : in gzFile; s : in Chars_Ptr) return Int;
208 function gzgets
209   (file : gzFile;
210    buf  : Chars_Ptr;
211    len  : Int)
212   return Chars_Ptr;
214 function gzputc (file : gzFile; char : Int) return Int;
216 function gzgetc (file : gzFile) return Int;
218 function gzflush (file : gzFile; flush : Int) return Int;
220 function gzseek
221   (file      : gzFile;
222    offset    : Int;
223    whence    : Int)
224   return      Int;
226 function gzrewind (file : gzFile) return Int;
228 function gztell (file : gzFile) return Int;
230 function gzeof (file : gzFile) return Int;
232 function gzclose (file : gzFile) return Int;
234 function gzerror (file : gzFile; errnum : Int_Access) return Chars_Ptr;
236 function adler32
237   (adler : ULong;
238    buf   : Byte_Access;
239    len   : UInt)
240   return ULong;
242 function crc32
243   (crc : ULong;
244    buf : Byte_Access;
245    len : UInt)
246   return ULong;
248 function deflateInit
249   (strm      : Z_Stream;
250    level     : Int;
251    version   : Chars_Ptr;
252    stream_size : Int)
253   return      Int;
255 function deflateInit2
256   (strm      : Z_Stream;
257    level     : Int;
258    method    : Int;

```

```

259     windowBits : Int;
260     memLevel    : Int;
261     strategy    : Int;
262     version     : Chars_Ptr;
263     stream_size : Int)
264     return      Int;

266     function Deflate_Init
267     (strm      : Z_Stream;
268      level    : Int;
269      method   : Int;
270      windowBits : Int;
271      memLevel : Int;
272      strategy : Int)
273     return      Int;
274     pragma Inline (Deflate_Init);

276     function inflateInit
277     (strm      : Z_Stream;
278      version   : Chars_Ptr;
279      stream_size : Int)
280     return      Int;

282     function inflateInit2
283     (strm      : in Z_Stream;
284      windowBits : in Int;
285      version   : in Chars_Ptr;
286      stream_size : in Int)
287     return      Int;

289     function inflateBackInit
290     (strm      : in Z_Stream;
291      windowBits : in Int;
292      window    : in Byte_Access;
293      version   : in Chars_Ptr;
294      stream_size : in Int)
295     return      Int;
296     -- Size of window have to be 2**windowBits.

298     function Inflate_Init (strm : Z_Stream; windowBits : Int) return Int;
299     pragma Inline (Inflate_Init);

301     function zError (err : Int) return Chars_Ptr;

303     function inflateSyncPoint (z : Z_Stream) return Int;

305     function get_crc_table return ULong_Access;

307     -- Interface to the available fields of the z_stream structure.
308     -- The application must update next_in and avail_in when avail_in has
309     -- dropped to zero. It must update next_out and avail_out when avail_out
310     -- has dropped to zero. The application must initialize zalloc, zfree and
311     -- opaque before calling the init function.

313     procedure Set_In
314     (Strm : in out Z_Stream;
315      Buffer : in Voidp;
316      Size : in UInt);
317     pragma Inline (Set_In);

319     procedure Set_Out
320     (Strm : in out Z_Stream;
321      Buffer : in Voidp;
322      Size : in UInt);
323     pragma Inline (Set_Out);

```

```

325     procedure Set_Mem_Func
326     (Strm : in out Z_Stream;
327      Opaque : in Voidp;
328      Alloc : in alloc_func;
329      Free : in free_func);
330     pragma Inline (Set_Mem_Func);

332     function Last_Error_Message (Strm : in Z_Stream) return String;
333     pragma Inline (Last_Error_Message);

335     function Avail_Out (Strm : in Z_Stream) return UInt;
336     pragma Inline (Avail_Out);

338     function Avail_In (Strm : in Z_Stream) return UInt;
339     pragma Inline (Avail_In);

341     function Total_In (Strm : in Z_Stream) return ULong;
342     pragma Inline (Total_In);

344     function Total_Out (Strm : in Z_Stream) return ULong;
345     pragma Inline (Total_Out);

347     function inflateCopy
348     (dest : in Z_Stream;
349      Source : in Z_Stream)
350     return Int;

352     function compressBound (Source_Len : in ULong) return ULong;

354     function deflateBound
355     (Strm : in Z_Stream;
356      Source_Len : in ULong)
357     return ULong;

359     function gzungetc (C : in Int; File : in gzFile) return Int;

361     function zlibCompileFlags return ULong;

363     private

365     type Z_Stream is record -- zlib.h:68
366         Next_In : Voidp := Nul; -- next input byte
367         Avail_In : UInt := 0; -- number of bytes available at next_in
368         Total_In : ULong := 0; -- total nb of input bytes read so far
369         Next_Out : Voidp := Nul; -- next output byte should be put there
370         Avail_Out : UInt := 0; -- remaining free space at next_out
371         Total_Out : ULong := 0; -- total nb of bytes output so far
372         msg : Chars_Ptr; -- last error message, NULL if no error
373         state : Voidp; -- not visible by applications
374         zalloc : alloc_func := null; -- used to allocate the internal state
375         zfree : free_func := null; -- used to free the internal state
376         opaque : Voidp; -- private data object passed to
377         -- zalloc and zfree
378         data_type : Int; -- best guess about the data type:
379         -- ascii or binary
380         adler : ULong; -- adler32 value of the uncompressed
381         -- data
382         reserved : ULong; -- reserved for future use
383     end record;

385     pragma Convention (C, Z_Stream);

387     pragma Import (C, zlibVersion, "zlibVersion");
388     pragma Import (C, Deflate, "deflate");
389     pragma Import (C, DeflateEnd, "deflateEnd");
390     pragma Import (C, Inflate, "inflate");

```



```
391 pragma Import (C, InflateEnd, "inflateEnd");
392 pragma Import (C, deflateSetDictionary, "deflateSetDictionary");
393 pragma Import (C, deflateCopy, "deflateCopy");
394 pragma Import (C, deflateReset, "deflateReset");
395 pragma Import (C, deflateParams, "deflateParams");
396 pragma Import (C, inflateSetDictionary, "inflateSetDictionary");
397 pragma Import (C, inflateSync, "inflateSync");
398 pragma Import (C, inflateReset, "inflateReset");
399 pragma Import (C, compress, "compress");
400 pragma Import (C, compress2, "compress2");
401 pragma Import (C, uncompress, "uncompress");
402 pragma Import (C, gzopen, "gzopen");
403 pragma Import (C, gzdopen, "gzdopen");
404 pragma Import (C, gzsetparams, "gzsetparams");
405 pragma Import (C, gzread, "gzread");
406 pragma Import (C, gzwrite, "gzwrite");
407 pragma Import (C, gzprintf, "gzprintf");
408 pragma Import (C, gzputs, "gzputs");
409 pragma Import (C, gzgets, "gzgets");
410 pragma Import (C, gzputc, "gzputc");
411 pragma Import (C, gzgetc, "gzgetc");
412 pragma Import (C, gzflush, "gzflush");
413 pragma Import (C, gzseek, "gzseek");
414 pragma Import (C, gzrewind, "gzrewind");
415 pragma Import (C, gztell, "gztell");
416 pragma Import (C, gzEOF, "gzEOF");
417 pragma Import (C, gzclose, "gzclose");
418 pragma Import (C, gzerror, "gzerror");
419 pragma Import (C, adler32, "adler32");
420 pragma Import (C, crc32, "crc32");
421 pragma Import (C, deflateInit, "deflateInit_");
422 pragma Import (C, inflateInit, "inflateInit_");
423 pragma Import (C, deflateInit2, "deflateInit2_");
424 pragma Import (C, inflateInit2, "inflateInit2_");
425 pragma Import (C, zError, "zError");
426 pragma Import (C, inflateSyncPoint, "inflateSyncPoint");
427 pragma Import (C, get_crc_table, "get_crc_table");

429 -- since zlib 1.2.0:

431 pragma Import (C, inflateCopy, "inflateCopy");
432 pragma Import (C, compressBound, "compressBound");
433 pragma Import (C, deflateBound, "deflateBound");
434 pragma Import (C, gzungetc, "gzungetc");
435 pragma Import (C, zlibCompileFlags, "zlibCompileFlags");

437 pragma Import (C, inflateBackInit, "inflateBackInit_");

439 -- I stopped binding the inflateBack routines, because realize that
440 -- it does not support zlib and gzip headers for now, and have no
441 -- symmetric deflateBack routines.
442 -- ZLib-Ada is symmetric regarding deflate/inflate data transformation
443 -- and has a similar generic callback interface for the
444 -- deflate/inflate transformation based on the regular Deflate/Inflate
445 -- routines.

447 -- pragma Import (C, inflateBack, "inflateBack");
448 -- pragma Import (C, inflateBackEnd, "inflateBackEnd");

450 end ZLib.Thin;
```

```

*****
20400 Wed Apr 1 15:57:03 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/zlib.adb
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 -- ZLib for Ada thick binding. --
3 -- --
4 -- Copyright (C) 2002-2004 Dmitry Anisimkov --
5 -- --
6 -- Open source license information is in the zlib.ads file. --
7 -----

9 -- $Id: zlib.adb,v 1.31 2004/09/06 06:53:19 vagul Exp $

11 with Ada.Exceptions;
12 with Ada.Unchecked_Conversion;
13 with Ada.Unchecked_Deallocation;

15 with Interfaces.C.Strings;

17 with ZLib.Thin;

19 package body ZLib is

21   use type Thin.Int;

23   type Z_Stream is new Thin.Z_Stream;

25   type Return_Code_Enum is
26     (OK,
27      STREAM_END,
28      NEED_DICT,
29      ERRNO,
30      STREAM_ERROR,
31      DATA_ERROR,
32      MEM_ERROR,
33      BUF_ERROR,
34      VERSION_ERROR);

36   type Flate_Step_Function is access
37     function (Strm : in Thin.Z_Stream; Flush : in Thin.Int) return Thin.Int;
38   pragma Convention (C, Flate_Step_Function);

40   type Flate_End_Function is access
41     function (Ctrm : in Thin.Z_Stream) return Thin.Int;
42   pragma Convention (C, Flate_End_Function);

44   type Flate_Type is record
45     Step : Flate_Step_Function;
46     Done : Flate_End_Function;
47   end record;

49   subtype Footer_Array is Stream_Element_Array (1 .. 8);

51   Simple_GZip_Header : constant Stream_Element_Array (1 .. 10)
52     := (16#1f#, 16#8b#, -- Magic header
53        16#08#, -- Z_DEFLATED
54        16#00#, -- Flags
55        16#00#, 16#00#, 16#00#, 16#00#, -- Time
56        16#00#, -- XFlags
57        16#03# -- OS code
58     );
59   -- The simplest gzip header is not for informational, but just for
60   -- gzip format compatibility.

```

```

61 -- Note that some code below is using assumption
62 -- Simple_GZip_Header'Last > Footer_Array'Last, so do not make
63 -- Simple_GZip_Header'Last <= Footer_Array'Last.

65   Return_Code : constant array (Thin.Int range <>) of Return_Code_Enum
66     := (0 => OK,
67         1 => STREAM_END,
68         2 => NEED_DICT,
69         -1 => ERRNO,
70         -2 => STREAM_ERROR,
71         -3 => DATA_ERROR,
72         -4 => MEM_ERROR,
73         -5 => BUF_ERROR,
74         -6 => VERSION_ERROR);

76   Flate : constant array (Boolean) of Flate_Type
77     := (True => (Step => Thin.Deflate'Access,
78                Done => Thin.DeflateEnd'Access),
79         False => (Step => Thin.Inflate'Access,
80                  Done => Thin.InflateEnd'Access));

82   Flush_Finish : constant array (Boolean) of Flush_Mode
83     := (True => Finish, False => No_Flush);

85   procedure Raise_Error (Stream : in Z_Stream);
86   pragma Inline (Raise_Error);

88   procedure Raise_Error (Message : in String);
89   pragma Inline (Raise_Error);

91   procedure Check_Error (Stream : in Z_Stream; Code : in Thin.Int);

93   procedure Free is new Ada.Unchecked_Deallocation
94     (Z_Stream, Z_Stream_Access);

96   function To_Thin_Access is new Ada.Unchecked_Conversion
97     (Z_Stream_Access, Thin.Z_Stream);

99   procedure Translate_GZip
100     (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
101      In_Data : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
102      In_Last : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
103      Out_Data : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
104      Out_Last : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
105      Flush : in Flush_Mode);
106   -- Separate translate routine for make gzip header.

108   procedure Translate_Auto
109     (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
110      In_Data : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
111      In_Last : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
112      Out_Data : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
113      Out_Last : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
114      Flush : in Flush_Mode);
115   -- translate routine without additional headers.

117   -----
118   -- Check_Error --
119   -----

121   procedure Check_Error (Stream : in Z_Stream; Code : in Thin.Int) is
122     use type Thin.Int;
123   begin
124     if Code /= Thin.Z_OK then
125       Raise_Error
126         (Return_Code_Enum'Image (Return_Code (Code)))

```

```

127         & ": " & Last_Error_Message (Stream));
128     end if;
129 end Check_Error;

131 -----
132 -- Close --
133 -----

135 procedure Close
136   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
137    Ignore_Error : in Boolean := False)
138 is
139   Code : Thin.Int;
140 begin
141   if not Ignore_Error and then not Is_Open (Filter) then
142     raise Status_Error;
143   end if;

145   Code := Flate (Filter.Compression).Done (To_Thin_Access (Filter.Strm));

147   if Ignore_Error or else Code = Thin.Z_OK then
148     Free (Filter.Strm);
149   else
150     declare
151       Error_Message : constant String
152         := Last_Error_Message (Filter.Strm.all);
153     begin
154       Free (Filter.Strm);
155       Ada.Exceptions.Raise_Exception
156         (ZLib_Error'Identity,
157          Return_Code_Enum'Image (Return_Code (Code))
158          & ": " & Error_Message);
159     end;
160   end if;
161 end Close;

163 -----
164 -- CRC32 --
165 -----

167 function CRC32
168   (CRC : in Unsigned_32;
169    Data : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array)
170 return Unsigned_32
171 is
172   use Thin;
173 begin
174   return Unsigned_32 (crc32 (ULong (CRC),
175                             Data'Address,
176                             Data'Length));
177 end CRC32;

179 procedure CRC32
180   (CRC : in out Unsigned_32;
181    Data : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array) is
182 begin
183   CRC := CRC32 (CRC, Data);
184 end CRC32;

186 -----
187 -- Deflate_Init --
188 -----

190 procedure Deflate_Init
191   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
192    Level       : in Compression_Level := Default_Compression;

```

```

193   Strategy      : in Strategy_Type := Default_Strategy;
194   Method        : in Compression_Method := Deflated;
195   Window_Bits   : in Window_Bits_Type := Default_Window_Bits;
196   Memory_Level  : in Memory_Level_Type := Default_Memory_Level;
197   Header        : in Header_Type := Default)
198 is
199   use type Thin.Int;
200   Win_Bits : Thin.Int := Thin.Int (Window_Bits);
201 begin
202   if Is_Open (Filter) then
203     raise Status_Error;
204   end if;

206   -- We allow ZLib to make header only in case of default header type.
207   -- Otherwise we would either do header by ourselves, or do not do
208   -- header at all.

210   if Header = None or else Header = GZip then
211     Win_Bits := -Win_Bits;
212   end if;

214   -- For the GZip CRC calculation and make headers.

216   if Header = GZip then
217     Filter.CRC := 0;
218     Filter.Offset := Simple_GZip_Header'First;
219   else
220     Filter.Offset := Simple_GZip_Header'Last + 1;
221   end if;

223   Filter.Strm := new Z_Stream;
224   Filter.Compression := True;
225   Filter.Stream_End := False;
226   Filter.Header := Header;

228   if Thin.Deflate_Init
229     (To_Thin_Access (Filter.Strm),
230     Level => Thin.Int (Level),
231     method => Thin.Int (Method),
232     windowBits => Win_Bits,
233     memLevel => Thin.Int (Memory_Level),
234     strategy => Thin.Int (Strategy)) /= Thin.Z_OK
235   then
236     Raise_Error (Filter.Strm.all);
237   end if;
238 end Deflate_Init;

240 -----
241 -- Flush --
242 -----

244 procedure Flush
245   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
246    Out_Data    : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
247    Out_Last    : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
248    Flush       : in Flush_Mode)
249 is
250   No_Data : Stream_Element_Array := (1 .. 0 => 0);
251   Last    : Stream_Element_Offset;
252 begin
253   Translate (Filter, No_Data, Last, Out_Data, Out_Last, Flush);
254 end Flush;

256 -----
257 -- Generic Translate --
258 -----

```

```

260 procedure Generic_Translate
261   (Filter      : in out ZLib.Filter_Type;
262    In_Buffer_Size : in Integer := Default_Buffer_Size;
263    Out_Buffer_Size : in Integer := Default_Buffer_Size)
264 is
265   In_Buffer  : Stream_Element_Array
266     (1 .. Stream_Element_Offset (In_Buffer_Size));
267   Out_Buffer : Stream_Element_Array
268     (1 .. Stream_Element_Offset (Out_Buffer_Size));
269   Last      : Stream_Element_Offset;
270   In_Last   : Stream_Element_Offset;
271   In_First  : Stream_Element_Offset;
272   Out_Last  : Stream_Element_Offset;
273 begin
274   Main : loop
275     Data_In (In_Buffer, Last);
276
277     In_First := In_Buffer'First;
278
279     loop
280       Translate
281         (Filter => Filter,
282          In_Data => In_Buffer (In_First .. Last),
283          In_Last => In_Last,
284          Out_Data => Out_Buffer,
285          Out_Last => Out_Last,
286          Flush => Flush_Finish (Last < In_Buffer'First));
287
288       if Out_Buffer'First <= Out_Last then
289         Data_Out (Out_Buffer (Out_Buffer'First .. Out_Last));
290       end if;
291
292       exit Main when Stream_End (Filter);
293
294       -- The end of in buffer.
295
296       exit when In_Last = Last;
297
298       In_First := In_Last + 1;
299     end loop;
300   end loop Main;
301
302 end Generic_Translate;
303
304 -----
305 -- Inflate_Init --
306 -----
307
308 procedure Inflate_Init
309   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
310    Window_Bits : in Window_Bits_Type := Default_Window_Bits;
311    Header      : in Header_Type := Default)
312 is
313   use type Thin.Int;
314   Win_Bits : Thin.Int := Thin.Int (Window_Bits);
315
316   procedure Check_Version;
317   -- Check the latest header types compatibility.
318
319   procedure Check_Version is
320   begin
321     if Version <= "1.1.4" then
322       Raise_Error
323         ("Inflate header type " & Header_Type'Image (Header)
324          & " incompatible with ZLib version " & Version);

```

```

325     end if;
326   end Check_Version;
327
328 begin
329   if Is_Open (Filter) then
330     raise Status_Error;
331   end if;
332
333   case Header is
334   when None =>
335     Check_Version;
336
337     -- Inflate data without headers determined
338     -- by negative Win_Bits.
339
340     Win_Bits := -Win_Bits;
341   when GZip =>
342     Check_Version;
343
344     -- Inflate gzip data defined by flag 16.
345
346     Win_Bits := Win_Bits + 16;
347   when Auto =>
348     Check_Version;
349
350     -- Inflate with automatic detection
351     -- of gzip or native header defined by flag 32.
352
353     Win_Bits := Win_Bits + 32;
354   when Default => null;
355   end case;
356
357   Filter.Strm := new Z_Stream;
358   Filter.Compression := False;
359   Filter.Stream_End := False;
360   Filter.Header := Header;
361
362   if Thin.Inflate_Init
363     (To_Thin_Access (Filter.Strm), Win_Bits) /= Thin.Z_OK
364   then
365     Raise_Error (Filter.Strm.all);
366   end if;
367 end Inflate_Init;
368
369 -----
370 -- Is_Open --
371 -----
372
373 function Is_Open (Filter : in Filter_Type) return Boolean is
374 begin
375   return Filter.Strm /= null;
376 end Is_Open;
377
378 -----
379 -- Raise_Error --
380 -----
381
382 procedure Raise_Error (Message : in String) is
383 begin
384   Ada.Exceptions.Raise_Exception (ZLib_Error'Identity, Message);
385 end Raise_Error;
386
387 procedure Raise_Error (Stream : in Z_Stream) is
388 begin
389   Raise_Error (Last_Error_Message (Stream));
390 end Raise_Error;

```

```

392 -----
393 -- Read --
394 -----

396 procedure Read
397   (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
398    Item   : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
399    Last   : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
400    Flush  : in   Flush_Mode := No_Flush)
401 is
402   In_Last   : Stream_Element_Offset;
403   Item_First : Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset := Item'First;
404   V_Flush   : Flush_Mode := Flush;

406 begin
407   pragma Assert (Rest_First in Buffer'First .. Buffer'Last + 1);
408   pragma Assert (Rest_Last in Buffer'First - 1 .. Buffer'Last);

410   loop
411     if Rest_Last = Buffer'First - 1 then
412       V_Flush := Finish;

414     elsif Rest_First > Rest_Last then
415       Read (Buffer, Rest_Last);
416       Rest_First := Buffer'First;

418     if Rest_Last < Buffer'First then
419       V_Flush := Finish;
420     end if;
421   end if;

423   Translate
424     (Filter => Filter,
425     In_Data => Buffer (Rest_First .. Rest_Last),
426     In_Last => In_Last,
427     Out_Data => Item (Item_First .. Item'Last),
428     Out_Last => Last,
429     Flush   => V_Flush);

431   Rest_First := In_Last + 1;

433   exit when Stream_End (Filter)
434   or else Last = Item'Last
435   or else (Last >= Item'First and then Allow_Read_Some);

437   Item_First := Last + 1;
438 end loop;
439 end Read;

441 -----
442 -- Stream_End --
443 -----

445 function Stream_End (Filter : in Filter_Type) return Boolean is
446 begin
447   if Filter.Header = GZip and Filter.Compression then
448     return Filter.Stream_End
449     and then Filter.Offset = Footer_Array'Last + 1;
450   else
451     return Filter.Stream_End;
452   end if;
453 end Stream_End;

455 -----
456 -- Total_In --

```

```

457 -----

459 function Total_In (Filter : in Filter_Type) return Count is
460 begin
461   return Count (Thin.Total_In (To_Thin_Access (Filter.Strm).all));
462 end Total_In;

464 -----
465 -- Total_Out --
466 -----

468 function Total_Out (Filter : in Filter_Type) return Count is
469 begin
470   return Count (Thin.Total_Out (To_Thin_Access (Filter.Strm).all));
471 end Total_Out;

473 -----
474 -- Translate --
475 -----

477 procedure Translate
478   (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
479    In_Data : in   Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
480    In_Last : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
481    Out_Data : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
482    Out_Last : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
483    Flush    : in   Flush_Mode) is
484 begin
485   if Filter.Header = GZip and then Filter.Compression then
486     Translate_GZip
487       (Filter => Filter,
488        In_Data => In_Data,
489        In_Last => In_Last,
490        Out_Data => Out_Data,
491        Out_Last => Out_Last,
492        Flush   => Flush);
493   else
494     Translate_Auto
495       (Filter => Filter,
496        In_Data => In_Data,
497        In_Last => In_Last,
498        Out_Data => Out_Data,
499        Out_Last => Out_Last,
500        Flush   => Flush);
501   end if;
502 end Translate;

504 -----
505 -- Translate_Auto --
506 -----

508 procedure Translate_Auto
509   (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
510    In_Data : in   Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
511    In_Last : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
512    Out_Data : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
513    Out_Last : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
514    Flush    : in   Flush_Mode)
515 is
516   use type Thin.Int;
517   Code : Thin.Int;

519 begin
520   if not Is_Open (Filter) then
521     raise Status_Error;
522   end if;

```

```

524     if Out_Data'Length = 0 and then In_Data'Length = 0 then
525         raise Constraint_Error;
526     end if;

528     Set_Out (Filter.Strm.all, Out_Data'Address, Out_Data'Length);
529     Set_In  (Filter.Strm.all, In_Data'Address, In_Data'Length);

531     Code := Flate (Filter.Compression).Step
532         (To_Thin_Access (Filter.Strm),
533          Thin.Int (Flush));

535     if Code = Thin.Z_STREAM_END then
536         Filter.Stream_End := True;
537     else
538         Check_Error (Filter.Strm.all, Code);
539     end if;

541     In_Last := In_Data'Last
542         - Stream_Element_Offset (Avail_In (Filter.Strm.all));
543     Out_Last := Out_Data'Last
544         - Stream_Element_Offset (Avail_Out (Filter.Strm.all));
545     end Translate_Auto;

547     -----
548     -- Translate_GZip --
549     -----

551     procedure Translate_GZip
552     (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
553      In_Data : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
554      In_Last : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
555      Out_Data : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
556      Out_Last : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
557      Flush : in Flush_Mode)
558     is
559     Out_First : Stream_Element_Offset;

561     procedure Add_Data (Data : in Stream_Element_Array);
562     -- Add data to stream from the Filter.Offset till necessary,
563     -- used for add gzip headr/footer.

565     procedure Put_32
566     (Item : in out Stream_Element_Array;
567      Data : in Unsigned_32);
568     pragma Inline (Put_32);

570     -----
571     -- Add_Data --
572     -----

574     procedure Add_Data (Data : in Stream_Element_Array) is
575     Data_First : Stream_Element_Offset renames Filter.Offset;
576     Data_Last : Stream_Element_Offset;
577     Data_Len : Stream_Element_Offset; -- -1
578     Out_Len : Stream_Element_Offset; -- -1
579     begin
580     Out_First := Out_Last + 1;

582     if Data_First > Data'Last then
583         return;
584     end if;

586     Data_Len := Data'Last - Data_First;
587     Out_Len := Out_Data'Last - Out_First;

```

```

589     if Data_Len <= Out_Len then
590         Out_Last := Out_First + Data_Len;
591         Data_Last := Data'Last;
592     else
593         Out_Last := Out_Data'Last;
594         Data_Last := Data_First + Out_Len;
595     end if;

597     Out_Data (Out_First .. Out_Last) := Data (Data_First .. Data_Last);

599     Data_First := Data_Last + 1;
600     Out_First := Out_Last + 1;
601     end Add_Data;

603     -----
604     -- Put_32 --
605     -----

607     procedure Put_32
608     (Item : in out Stream_Element_Array;
609      Data : in Unsigned_32)
610     is
611     D : Unsigned_32 := Data;
612     begin
613     for J in Item'First .. Item'First + 3 loop
614         Item (J) := Stream_Element (D and 16#FF#);
615         D := Shift_Right (D, 8);
616     end loop;
617     end Put_32;

619     begin
620     Out_Last := Out_Data'First - 1;

622     if not Filter.Stream_End then
623         Add_Data (Simple_GZip_Header);

625         Translate_Auto
626         (Filter => Filter,
627          In_Data => In_Data,
628          In_Last => In_Last,
629          Out_Data => Out_Data (Out_First .. Out_Data'Last),
630          Out_Last => Out_Last,
631          Flush => Flush);

633         CRC32 (Filter.CRC, In_Data (In_Data'First .. In_Last));
634     end if;

636     if Filter.Stream_End and then Out_Last <= Out_Data'Last then
637         -- This detection method would work only when
638         -- Simple_GZip_Header'Last > Footer_Array'Last

640     if Filter.Offset = Simple_GZip_Header'Last + 1 then
641         Filter.Offset := Footer_Array'First;
642     end if;

644     declare
645     Footer : Footer_Array;
646     begin
647     Put_32 (Footer, Filter.CRC);
648     Put_32 (Footer (Footer'First + 4 .. Footer'Last),
649            Unsigned_32 (Total_In (Filter)));
650     Add_Data (Footer);
651     end;
652     end if;
653     end Translate_GZip;

```

```
655 -----
656 -- Version --
657 -----

659 function Version return String is
660 begin
661   return Interfaces.C.Strings.Value (Thin.zlibVersion);
662 end Version;

664 -----
665 -- Write --
666 -----

668 procedure Write
669   (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
670    Item   : in   Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
671    Flush  : in   Flush_Mode := No_Flush)
672 is
673   Buffer   : Stream_Element_Array (1 .. Buffer_Size);
674   In_Last : Stream_Element_Offset;
675   Out_Last : Stream_Element_Offset;
676   In_First : Stream_Element_Offset := Item'First;
677 begin
678   if Item'Length = 0 and Flush = No_Flush then
679     return;
680   end if;

682   loop
683     Translate
684       (Filter => Filter,
685        In_Data => Item (In_First .. Item'Last),
686        In_Last => In_Last,
687        Out_Data => Buffer,
688        Out_Last => Out_Last,
689        Flush => Flush);

691     if Out_Last >= Buffer'First then
692       Write (Buffer (1 .. Out_Last));
693     end if;

695     exit when In_Last = Item'Last or Stream_End (Filter);

697     In_First := In_Last + 1;
698   end loop;
699 end Write;

701 end ZLib;
```

```

*****
13594 Wed Apr 1 15:57:03 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/zlib.ads
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 -----
2 --                               ZLib for Ada thick binding.                               --
3 --                               --
4 --                               Copyright (C) 2002-2004 Dmitry Anisimkov                --
5 --                               --
6 -- This library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify                --
7 -- it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by                --
8 -- the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at              --
9 -- your option) any later version.                                                    --
10 -- --
11 -- This library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but                 --
12 -- WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of                         --
13 -- MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU                   --
14 -- General Public License for more details.                                           --
15 -- --
16 -- You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License                  --
17 -- along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation,           --
18 -- Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.                   --
19 -- --
20 -- As a special exception, if other files instantiate generics from this              --
21 -- unit, or you link this unit with other files to produce an executable,            --
22 -- this unit does not by itself cause the resulting executable to be                 --
23 -- covered by the GNU General Public License. This exception does not                 --
24 -- however invalidate any other reasons why the executable file might be             --
25 -- covered by the GNU Public License.                                                 --
26 -----

28 -- $Id: zlib.ads,v 1.26 2004/09/06 06:53:19 vagul Exp $

30 with Ada.Streams;

32 with Interfaces;

34 package ZLib is

36   ZLib_Error   : exception;
37   Status_Error : exception;

39   type Compression_Level is new Integer range -1 .. 9;

41   type Flush_Mode is private;

43   type Compression_Method is private;

45   type Window_Bits_Type is new Integer range 8 .. 15;

47   type Memory_Level_Type is new Integer range 1 .. 9;

49   type Unsigned_32 is new Interfaces.Unsigned_32;

51   type Strategy_Type is private;

53   type Header_Type is (None, Auto, Default, GZip);
54   -- Header type usage have a some limitation for inflate.
55   -- See comment for Inflate_Init.

57   subtype Count is Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Count;

59   Default_Memory_Level : constant Memory_Level_Type := 8;
60   Default_Window_Bits  : constant Window_Bits_Type := 15;

```

```

62 -----
63 -- Compression method constants --
64 -----

66 Deflated : constant Compression_Method;
67 -- Only one method allowed in this ZLib version

69 -----
70 -- Compression level constants --
71 -----

73 No_Compression      : constant Compression_Level := 0;
74 Best_Speed          : constant Compression_Level := 1;
75 Best_Compression    : constant Compression_Level := 9;
76 Default_Compression : constant Compression_Level := -1;

78 -----
79 -- Flush mode constants --
80 -----

82 No_Flush           : constant Flush_Mode;
83 -- Regular way for compression, no flush

85 Partial_Flush     : constant Flush_Mode;
86 -- Will be removed, use Z_SYNC_FLUSH instead

88 Sync_Flush        : constant Flush_Mode;
89 -- All pending output is flushed to the output buffer and the output
90 -- is aligned on a byte boundary, so that the decompressor can get all
91 -- input data available so far. (In particular avail_in is zero after the
92 -- call if enough output space has been provided before the call.)
93 -- Flushing may degrade compression for some compression algorithms and so
94 -- it should be used only when necessary.

96 Block_Flush       : constant Flush_Mode;
97 -- Z_BLOCK requests that inflate() stop
98 -- if and when it get to the next deflate block boundary. When decoding the
99 -- zlib or gzip format, this will cause inflate() to return immediately
100 -- after the header and before the first block. When doing a raw inflate,
101 -- inflate() will go ahead and process the first block, and will return
102 -- when it gets to the end of that block, or when it runs out of data.

104 Full_Flush        : constant Flush_Mode;
105 -- All output is flushed as with SYNC_FLUSH, and the compression state
106 -- is reset so that decompression can restart from this point if previous
107 -- compressed data has been damaged or if random access is desired. Using
108 -- Full_Flush too often can seriously degrade the compression.

110 Finish            : constant Flush_Mode;
111 -- Just for tell the compressor that input data is complete.

113 -----
114 -- Compression strategy constants --
115 -----

117 -- RLE strategy could be used only in version 1.2.0 and later.

119 Filtered          : constant Strategy_Type;
120 Huffman_Only      : constant Strategy_Type;
121 RLE                : constant Strategy_Type;
122 Default_Strategy  : constant Strategy_Type;

124 Default_Buffer_Size : constant := 4096;

126 type Filter_Type is tagged limited private;

```



```

127 -- The filter is for compression and for decompression.
128 -- The usage of the type is depend of its initialization.

130 function Version return String;
131 pragma Inline (Version);
132 -- Return string representation of the ZLib version.

134 procedure Deflate_Init
135   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
136    Level       : in   Compression_Level := Default_Compression;
137    Strategy    : in   Strategy_Type    := Default_Strategy;
138    Method      : in   Compression_Method := Deflated;
139    Window_Bits : in   Window_Bits_Type := Default_Window_Bits;
140    Memory_Level : in   Memory_Level_Type := Default_Memory_Level;
141    Header      : in   Header_Type      := Default);
142 -- Compressor initialization.
143 -- When Header parameter is Auto or Default, then default zlib header
144 -- would be provided for compressed data.
145 -- When Header is GZip, then gzip header would be set instead of
146 -- default header.
147 -- When Header is None, no header would be set for compressed data.

149 procedure Inflate_Init
150   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
151    Window_Bits : in   Window_Bits_Type := Default_Window_Bits;
152    Header      : in   Header_Type      := Default);
153 -- Decompressor initialization.
154 -- Default header type mean that ZLib default header is expecting in the
155 -- input compressed stream.
156 -- Header type None mean that no header is expecting in the input stream.
157 -- GZip header type mean that GZip header is expecting in the
158 -- input compressed stream.
159 -- Auto header type mean that header type (GZip or Native) would be
160 -- detected automatically in the input stream.
161 -- Note that header types parameter values None, GZip and Auto are
162 -- supported for inflate routine only in ZLib versions 1.2.0.2 and later.
163 -- Deflate_Init is supporting all header types.

165 function Is_Open (Filter : in Filter_Type) return Boolean;
166 pragma Inline (Is_Open);
167 -- Is the filter opened for compression or decompression.

169 procedure Close
170   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
171    Ignore_Error : in   Boolean := False);
172 -- Closing the compression or decompressor.
173 -- If stream is closing before the complete and Ignore_Error is False,
174 -- The exception would be raised.

176 generic
177   with procedure Data_In
178     (Item : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
179      Last : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset);
180   with procedure Data_Out
181     (Item : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array);
182   procedure Generic_Translate
183     (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
184      In_Buffer_Size : in   Integer := Default_Buffer_Size;
185      Out_Buffer_Size : in   Integer := Default_Buffer_Size);
186 -- Compress/decompress data fetch from Data_In routine and pass the result
187 -- to the Data_Out routine. User should provide Data_In and Data_Out
188 -- for compression/decompression data flow.
189 -- Compression or decompression depend on Filter initialization.

191 function Total_In (Filter : in Filter_Type) return Count;
192 pragma Inline (Total_In);

```

```

193 -- Returns total number of input bytes read so far

195 function Total_Out (Filter : in Filter_Type) return Count;
196 pragma Inline (Total_Out);
197 -- Returns total number of bytes output so far

199 function CRC32
200   (CRC      : in Unsigned_32;
201    Data     : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array)
202   return Unsigned_32;
203 pragma Inline (CRC32);
204 -- Compute CRC32, it could be necessary for make gzip format

206 procedure CRC32
207   (CRC : in out Unsigned_32;
208    Data : in   Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array);
209 pragma Inline (CRC32);
210 -- Compute CRC32, it could be necessary for make gzip format

212 -----
213 -- Below is more complex low level routines. --
214 -----

216 procedure Translate
217   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
218    In_Data     : in   Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
219    In_Last     : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
220    Out_Data    : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
221    Out_Last    : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
222    Flush       : in   Flush_Mode);
223 -- Compress/decompress the In_Data buffer and place the result into
224 -- Out_Data. In_Last is the index of last element from In_Data accepted by
225 -- the Filter. Out_Last is the last element of the received data from
226 -- Filter. To tell the filter that incoming data are complete put the
227 -- Flush parameter to Finish.

229 function Stream_End (Filter : in Filter_Type) return Boolean;
230 pragma Inline (Stream_End);
231 -- Return the true when the stream is complete.

233 procedure Flush
234   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
235    Out_Data    : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
236    Out_Last    : out  Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
237    Flush       : in   Flush_Mode);
238 pragma Inline (Flush);
239 -- Flushing the data from the compressor.

241 generic
242   with procedure Write
243     (Item : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array);
244 -- User should provide this routine for accept
245 -- compressed/decompressed data.

247   Buffer_Size : in Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset
248     := Default_Buffer_Size;
249 -- Buffer size for Write user routine.

251 procedure Write
252   (Filter      : in out Filter_Type;
253    Item        : in   Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
254    Flush       : in   Flush_Mode := No_Flush);
255 -- Compress/Decompress data from Item to the generic parameter procedure
256 -- Write. Output buffer size could be set in Buffer_Size generic parameter.

258 generic

```

```

259     with procedure Read
260         (Item : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
261          Last  : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset);
262     -- User should provide data for compression/decompression
263     -- thru this routine.

265     Buffer : in out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
266     -- Buffer for keep remaining data from the previous
267     -- back read.

269     Rest_First, Rest_Last : in out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
270     -- Rest_First have to be initialized to Buffer'Last + 1
271     -- Rest_Last have to be initialized to Buffer'Last
272     -- before usage.

274     Allow_Read_Some : in Boolean := False;
275     -- Is it allowed to return Last < Item'Last before end of data.

277     procedure Read
278         (Filter : in out Filter_Type;
279          Item   : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Array;
280          Last   : out Ada.Streams.Stream_Element_Offset;
281          Flush  : in Flush_Mode := No_Flush);
282     -- Compress/Decompress data from generic parameter procedure Read to the
283     -- Item. User should provide Buffer and initialized Rest_First, Rest_Last
284     -- indicators. If Allow_Read_Some is True, Read routines could return
285     -- Last < Item'Last only at end of stream.

287 private

289     use Ada.Streams;

291     pragma Assert (Ada.Streams.Stream_Element'Size = 8);
292     pragma Assert (Ada.Streams.Stream_Element'Modulus = 2**8);

294     type Flush_Mode is new Integer range 0 .. 5;

296     type Compression_Method is new Integer range 8 .. 8;

298     type Strategy_Type is new Integer range 0 .. 3;

300     No_Flush      : constant Flush_Mode := 0;
301     Partial_Flush : constant Flush_Mode := 1;
302     Sync_Flush   : constant Flush_Mode := 2;
303     Full_Flush   : constant Flush_Mode := 3;
304     Finish       : constant Flush_Mode := 4;
305     Block_Flush  : constant Flush_Mode := 5;

307     Filtered      : constant Strategy_Type := 1;
308     Huffman_Only  : constant Strategy_Type := 2;
309     RLE           : constant Strategy_Type := 3;
310     Default_Strategy : constant Strategy_Type := 0;

312     Deflated : constant Compression_Method := 8;

314     type Z_Stream;

316     type Z_Stream_Access is access all Z_Stream;

318     type Filter_Type is tagged limited record
319         Strm      : Z_Stream_Access;
320         Compression : Boolean;
321         Stream_End : Boolean;
322         Header    : Header_Type;
323         CRC       : Unsigned_32;
324         Offset    : Stream_Element_Offset;

```

```

325         -- Offset for gzip header/footer output.
326     end record;

328 end ZLib;

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/zlib.gpr

1

511 Wed Apr 1 15:57:03 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/ada/zlib.gpr

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 project Zlib is

```
3   for Languages use ("Ada");
4   for Source_Dirs use (".");
5   for Object_Dir use ".";
6   for Main use ("test.adb", "mtest.adb", "read.adb", "buffer_demo");
```

```
8   package Compiler is
9     for Default_Switches ("ada") use ("-gnatwcfilopru", "-gnatVcdfimorst", "-g
10  end Compiler;
```

```
12  package Linker is
13    for Default_Switches ("ada") use ("-lz");
14  end Linker;
```

```
16  package Builder is
17    for Default_Switches ("ada") use ("-s", "-gnatQ");
18  end Builder;
```

20 end Zlib;

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/amd64/amd64-match.S

1

```
*****
12418 Wed Apr 1 15:57:03 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/amd64/amd64-match.S
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * match.S -- optimized version of longest_match()
3  * based on the similar work by Gilles Vollant, and Brian Raiter, written 1998
4  *
5  * This is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it
6  * under the terms of the BSD License. Use by owners of Che Guevarra
7  * paraferalia is prohibited, where possible, and highly discouraged
8  * elsewhere.
9  */

11 #ifndef NO_UNDERLINE
12 #   define match_init      _match_init
13 #   define longest_match   _longest_match
14 #endif

16 #define scanend          ebx
17 #define scanendw         bx
18 #define chainlenwmask   edx /* high word: current chain len low word: s->wmask *
19 #define curmatch         rsi
20 #define curmatchd        esi
21 #define windowbestlen   r8
22 #define scanalign       r9
23 #define scanalignd      r9d
24 #define window          r10
25 #define bestlen         r11
26 #define bestlend        r11d
27 #define scanstart       r12d
28 #define scanstartw      r12w
29 #define scan            r13
30 #define nicematch        r14d
31 #define limit            r15
32 #define limitd           r15d
33 #define prev             rcx

35 /*
36  * The 258 is a "magic number, not a parameter -- changing it
37  * breaks the hell loose
38  */
39 #define MAX_MATCH        (258)
40 #define MIN_MATCH        (3)
41 #define MIN_LOOKAHEAD    (MAX_MATCH + MIN_MATCH + 1)
42 #define MAX_MATCH_8      ((MAX_MATCH + 7) & ~7)

44 /* stack frame offsets */
45 #define LocalVarsSize    (112)
46 #define _chainlenwmask   ( 8-LocalVarsSize){%rsp)
47 #define _windowbestlen   (16-LocalVarsSize){%rsp)
48 #define save_r14         (24-LocalVarsSize){%rsp)
49 #define save_rsi         (32-LocalVarsSize){%rsp)
50 #define save_rbx         (40-LocalVarsSize){%rsp)
51 #define save_r12         (56-LocalVarsSize){%rsp)
52 #define save_r13         (64-LocalVarsSize){%rsp)
53 #define save_r15         (80-LocalVarsSize){%rsp)

56 .globl match_init, longest_match

58 /*
59  * On AMD64 the first argument of a function (in our case -- the pointer to
60  * deflate_state structure) is passed in %rdi, hence our offsets below are
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/amd64/amd64-match.S

2

```
61  * all off of that.
62  */

64 /* you can check the structure offset by running

66 #include <stdlib.h>
67 #include <stdio.h>
68 #include "deflate.h"

70 void print_depl()
71 {
72     deflate_state ds;
73     deflate_state *s=&ds;
74     printf("size pointer=%u\n", (int)sizeof(void*));

76     printf("#define dsWSize          (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->w_size))-((ch
77     printf("#define dsWMask          (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->w_mask))-((ch
78     printf("#define dsWindow        (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->window))-((ch
79     printf("#define dsPrev           (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->prev))-((char
80     printf("#define dsMatchLen       (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->match_length)
81     printf("#define dsPrevMatch      (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->prev_match))-
82     printf("#define dsStrStart        (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->strstart))-((
83     printf("#define dsMatchStart     (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->match_start))-
84     printf("#define dsLookahead      (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->lookahead))-((
85     printf("#define dsPrevLen        (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->prev_length))
86     printf("#define dsMaxChainLen    (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->max_chain_len
87     printf("#define dsGoodMatch      (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->good_match))-
88     printf("#define dsNiceMatch      (%3u){%rdi}\n", (int)((char*)&(s->nice_match))-
89 }

91 */

94 /*
95  * to compile for XCode 3.2 on MacOSX x86_64
96  * - run "gcc -g -c -DXCODE_MAC_X64_STRUCTURE amd64-match.S"
97  */

100 #ifndef CURRENT_LINK_XCODE_MAC_X64_STRUCTURE
101 #define dsWSize          ( 68){%rdi)
102 #define dsWMask          ( 76){%rdi)
103 #define dsWindow        ( 80){%rdi)
104 #define dsPrev           ( 96){%rdi)
105 #define dsMatchLen       (144){%rdi)
106 #define dsPrevMatch      (148){%rdi)
107 #define dsStrStart       (156){%rdi)
108 #define dsMatchStart     (160){%rdi)
109 #define dsLookahead      (164){%rdi)
110 #define dsPrevLen        (168){%rdi)
111 #define dsMaxChainLen    (172){%rdi)
112 #define dsGoodMatch      (188){%rdi)
113 #define dsNiceMatch      (192){%rdi)

115 #else

117 #ifndef STRUCT_OFFSET
118 #   define STRUCT_OFFSET (0)
119 #endif

122 #define dsWSize          ( 56 + STRUCT_OFFSET){%rdi)
123 #define dsWMask          ( 64 + STRUCT_OFFSET){%rdi)
124 #define dsWindow        ( 72 + STRUCT_OFFSET){%rdi)
125 #define dsPrev           ( 88 + STRUCT_OFFSET){%rdi)
126 #define dsMatchLen       (136 + STRUCT_OFFSET){%rdi)
```

```

127 #define dsPrevMatch      (140 + STRUCT_OFFSET)(%rdi)
128 #define dsStrStart      (148 + STRUCT_OFFSET)(%rdi)
129 #define dsMatchStart    (152 + STRUCT_OFFSET)(%rdi)
130 #define dsLookahead     (156 + STRUCT_OFFSET)(%rdi)
131 #define dsPrevLen       (160 + STRUCT_OFFSET)(%rdi)
132 #define dsMaxChainLen   (164 + STRUCT_OFFSET)(%rdi)
133 #define dsGoodMatch     (180 + STRUCT_OFFSET)(%rdi)
134 #define dsNiceMatch     (184 + STRUCT_OFFSET)(%rdi)
136 #endif

141 .text

143 /* uInt longest_match(deflate_state *deflatestate, IPos curmatch) */

145 longest_match:
146 /*
147  * Retrieve the function arguments. %curmatch will hold cur_match
148  * throughout the entire function (passed via rsi on amd64).
149  * rdi will hold the pointer to the deflate_state (first arg on amd64)
150  */
151         mov     %rsi, save_rsi
152         mov     %rbx, save_rbx
153         mov     %r12, save_r12
154         mov     %r13, save_r13
155         mov     %r14, save_r14
156         mov     %r15, save_r15

158 /* uInt wmask = s->w_mask; */
159 /* unsigned chain_length = s->max_chain_length; */
160 /* if (s->prev_length >= s->good_match) { */
161 /*     chain_length >>= 2; */
162 /* } */

164         movl   dsPrevLen, %eax
165         movl   dsGoodMatch, %ebx
166         cmpl   %ebx, %eax
167         movl   dsWMask, %eax
168         movl   dsMaxChainLen, %chainlenwmask
169         jl    LastMatchGood
170         shrl   $2, %chainlenwmask
171 LastMatchGood:

173 /* chainlen is decremented once beforehand so that the function can */
174 /* use the sign flag instead of the zero flag for the exit test. */
175 /* It is then shifted into the high word, to make room for the wmask */
176 /* value, which it will always accompany. */

178         decl   %chainlenwmask
179         shll   $16, %chainlenwmask
180         orl   %eax, %chainlenwmask

182 /* if ((uInt)nice_match > s->lookahead) nice_match = s->lookahead; */

184         movl   dsNiceMatch, %eax
185         movl   dsLookahead, %ebx
186         cmpl   %eax, %ebx
187         jl    LookaheadLess
188         movl   %eax, %ebx
189 LookaheadLess: movl   %ebx, %nicematch

191 /* register Bytef *scan = s->window + s->strstart; */

```

```

193         mov     dsWindow, %window
194         movl   dsStrStart, %limitd
195         lea   (%limit, %window), %scan

197 /* Determine how many bytes the scan ptr is off from being */
198 /* dword-aligned. */

200         mov     %scan, %scanalign
201         negl   %scanalignd
202         andl   $3, %scanalignd

204 /* IPos limit = s->strstart > (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) ? */
205 /*     s->strstart - (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) : NIL; */

207         movl   dsWSize, %eax
208         subl   $MIN_LOOKAHEAD, %eax
209         xorl   %ecx, %ecx
210         subl   %eax, %limitd
211         cmovng %ecx, %limitd

213 /* int best_len = s->prev_length; */

215         movl   dsPrevLen, %bestlend

217 /* Store the sum of s->window + best_len in %windowbestlen locally, and in memor

219         lea   (%window, %bestlen), %windowbestlen
220         mov   %windowbestlen, %windowbestlen

222 /* register ush scan_start = *(ushf*)scan; */
223 /* register ush scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1); */
224 /* Posf *prev = s->prev; */

226         movzwl (%scan), %scanstart
227         movzwl -1(%scan, %bestlen), %scanend
228         mov   dsPrev, %prev

230 /* Jump into the main loop. */

232         movl   %chainlenwmask, _chainlenwmask
233         jmp   LoopEntry

235 .balign 16

237 /* do {
238  *     match = s->window + cur_match;
239  *     if (*(ushf*)(match+best_len-1) != scan_end ||
240  *         *(ushf*)match != scan_start) continue;
241  *     [...]
242  * } while ((cur_match = prev[cur_match & wmask]) > limit
243  *         && --chain_length != 0);
244  *
245  * Here is the inner loop of the function. The function will spend the
246  * majority of its time in this loop, and majority of that time will
247  * be spent in the first ten instructions.
248  */
249 LookupLoop:
250         andl   %chainlenwmask, %curmatchd
251         movzwl (%prev, %curmatch, 2), %curmatchd
252         cmpl   %limitd, %curmatchd
253         jbe   LeaveNow
254         subl   $0x00010000, %chainlenwmask
255         js    LeaveNow
256 LoopEntry: cmpw   -1(%windowbestlen, %curmatch), %scanendw
257         jne   LookupLoop
258         cmpw   %scanstartw, (%window, %curmatch)

```

```

259             jne     LookupLoop

261 /* Store the current value of chainlen.          */
262             movl   %chainlenwmask, _chainlenwmask

264 /* %scan is the string under scrutiny, and %prev to the string we
265 /* are hoping to match it up with. In actuality, %esi and %edi are
266 /* both pointed (MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign) bytes ahead, and %edx is
267 /* initialized to -(MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign).

269             mov    $(-MAX_MATCH_8), %rdx
270             lea   (%curmatch, %window), %windowbestlen
271             lea   MAX_MATCH_8(%windowbestlen, %scanalign), %windowbestlen
272             lea   MAX_MATCH_8(%scan, %scanalign), %prev

274 /* the prefetching below makes very little difference... */
275             prefetchtl (%windowbestlen, %rdx)
276             prefetchtl (%prev, %rdx)

278 /*
279 * Test the strings for equality, 8 bytes at a time. At the end,
280 * adjust %rdx so that it is offset to the exact byte that mismatched.
281 *
282 * It should be confessed that this loop usually does not represent
283 * much of the total running time. Replacing it with a more
284 * straightforward "rep cmpsb" would not drastically degrade
285 * performance -- unrolling it, for example, makes no difference.
286 */

288 #undef USE_SSE /* works, but is 6-7% slower, than non-SSE... */

290 LoopCmps:
291 #ifdef USE_SSE
292             /* Preload the SSE registers */
293             movdqu (%windowbestlen, %rdx), %xmm1
294             movdqu (%prev, %rdx), %xmm2
295             pcmpeqb %xmm2, %xmm1
296             movdqu 16(%windowbestlen, %rdx), %xmm3
297             movdqu 16(%prev, %rdx), %xmm4
298             pcmpeqb %xmm4, %xmm3
299             movdqu 32(%windowbestlen, %rdx), %xmm5
300             movdqu 32(%prev, %rdx), %xmm6
301             pcmpeqb %xmm6, %xmm5
302             movdqu 48(%windowbestlen, %rdx), %xmm7
303             movdqu 48(%prev, %rdx), %xmm8
304             pcmpeqb %xmm8, %xmm7

306             /* Check the comparisons' results */
307             pmovmskb %xmm1, %rax
308             notw   %ax
309             bsfw  %ax, %ax
310             jnz   LeaveLoopCmps

312             /* this is the only iteration of the loop with a possibility of
313             incremented rdx by 0x108 (each loop iteration add 16*4 = 0x40
314             and (0x40*4)+8=0x108 */
315             add   $8, %rdx
316             jz   LenMaximum
317             add   $8, %rdx

319
320             pmovmskb %xmm3, %rax
321             notw   %ax
322             bsfw  %ax, %ax
323             jnz   LeaveLoopCmps
324

```

```

325
326             add    $16, %rdx

329
330             pmovmskb %xmm5, %rax
331             notw   %ax
332             bsfw  %ax, %ax
333             jnz   LeaveLoopCmps
334             add    $16, %rdx

337
338             pmovmskb %xmm7, %rax
339             notw   %ax
340             bsfw  %ax, %ax
341             jnz   LeaveLoopCmps
342             add    $16, %rdx
343
344             jmp    LoopCmps
345 LeaveLoopCmps:
346 #else
347             mov    (%windowbestlen, %rdx), %rax
348             xor    (%prev, %rdx), %rax
349             jnz   LeaveLoopCmps
350
351             mov    8(%windowbestlen, %rdx), %rax
352             xor    8(%prev, %rdx), %rax
353             jnz   LeaveLoopCmps8

355             mov    16(%windowbestlen, %rdx), %rax
356             xor    16(%prev, %rdx), %rax
357             jnz   LeaveLoopCmps16
358
359             add    $24, %rdx
360             jnz   LoopCmps
361             jmp   LenMaximum
362 #         if 0
363 /*
364 * This three-liner is tantalizingly simple, but bsf is a slow instruction,
365 * and the complicated alternative down below is quite a bit faster. Sad...
366 */

368 LeaveLoopCmps: bsf    %rax, %rax /* find the first non-zero bit */
369                shrl  $3, %eax /* divide by 8 to get the byte */
370                add   %rax, %rdx

371 #         else
372 LeaveLoopCmps16:
373                add   $8, %rdx
374 LeaveLoopCmps8:
375                add   $8, %rdx
376 LeaveLoopCmps: testl  $0xFFFFFFFF, %eax /* Check the first 4 bytes */
377                jnz   Check16
378                add   $4, %rdx
379                shr   $32, %rax
380 Check16:       testw  $0xFFFF, %ax
381                jnz   LenLower
382                add   $2, %rdx
383                shrl  $16, %eax
384 LenLower:     subb  $1, %al
385                adc   $0, %rdx

386 #         endif
387 #endif

389 /* Calculate the length of the match. If it is longer than MAX_MATCH,
390 /* then automatically accept it as the best possible match and leave.

```

```
392         lea    (%prev, %rdx), %rax
393         sub    %scan, %rax
394         cmpl  $MAX_MATCH, %eax
395         jge    LenMaximum

397 /* If the length of the match is not longer than the best match we
398 /* have so far, then forget it and return to the lookup loop. */

400         cmpl  %bestlend, %eax
401         jg    LongerMatch
402         mov   _windowbestlen, %windowbestlen
403         mov   dsPrev, %prev
404         movl  _chainlenwmask, %edx
405         jmp   LookupLoop

407 /*      s->match_start = cur_match;
408 /*      best_len = len;
409 /*      if (len >= nice_match) break;
410 /*      scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1); */

412 LongerMatch:
413         movl  %eax, %bestlend
414         movl  %curmatchd, dsMatchStart
415         cmpl  %nicematch, %eax
416         jge   LeaveNow

418         lea  (%window, %bestlen), %windowbestlen
419         mov  %windowbestlen, _windowbestlen

421         movzwl -1(%scan, %rax), %scanend
422         mov   dsPrev, %prev
423         movl  _chainlenwmask, %chainlenwmask
424         jmp   LookupLoop

426 /* Accept the current string, with the maximum possible length. */

428 LenMaximum:
429         movl  $MAX_MATCH, %bestlend
430         movl  %curmatchd, dsMatchStart

432 /* if ((uInt)best_len <= s->lookahead) return (uInt)best_len;
433 /* return s->lookahead; */

435 LeaveNow:
436         movl  dsLookahead, %eax
437         cmpl  %eax, %bestlend
438         cmovngl %bestlend, %eax
439 LookaheadRet:

441 /* Restore the registers and return from whence we came.

443         mov   save_rsi, %rsi
444         mov   save_rbx, %rbx
445         mov   save_r12, %r12
446         mov   save_r13, %r13
447         mov   save_r14, %r14
448         mov   save_r15, %r15

450         ret

452 match_init:  ret
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/asm686/README.686

1

1622 Wed Apr 1 15:57:04 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/asm686/README.686

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 This is a patched version of zlib, modified to use
2 Pentium-Pro-optimized assembly code in the deflation algorithm. The
3 files changed/added by this patch are:

5 README.686
6 match.S

8 The speedup that this patch provides varies, depending on whether the
9 compiler used to build the original version of zlib falls afoul of the
10 PPro's speed traps. My own tests show a speedup of around 10-20% at
11 the default compression level, and 20-30% using -9, against a version
12 compiled using gcc 2.7.2.3. Your mileage may vary.

14 Note that this code has been tailored for the PPro/PII in particular,
15 and will not perform particularly well on a Pentium.

17 If you are using an assembler other than GNU as, you will have to
18 translate match.S to use your assembler's syntax. (Have fun.)

20 Brian Raiter
21 breadbox@muppetlabs.com
22 April, 1998

25 Added for zlib 1.1.3:

27 The patches come from
28 <http://www.muppetlabs.com/~breadbox/software/assembly.html>

30 To compile zlib with this asm file, copy match.S to the zlib directory
31 then do:

33 CFLAGS="-O3 -DASMV" ./configure
34 make OBJA=match.o

37 Update:

39 I've been ignoring these assembly routines for years, believing that
40 gcc's generated code had caught up with it sometime around gcc 2.95
41 and the major rearchitecting of the Pentium 4. However, I recently
42 learned that, despite what I believed, this code still has some life
43 in it. On the Pentium 4 and AMD64 chips, it continues to run about 8%
44 faster than the code produced by gcc 4.1.

46 In acknowledgement of its continuing usefulness, I've altered the
47 license to match that of the rest of zlib. Share and Enjoy!

49 Brian Raiter
50 breadbox@muppetlabs.com
51 April, 2007


```

*****
10365 Wed Apr 1 15:57:04 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/asm686/match.S
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* match.S -- x86 assembly version of the zlib longest_match() function.
2  * Optimized for the Intel 686 chips (PPro and later).
3  *
4  * Copyright (C) 1998, 2007 Brian Raiter <breadbox@muppetlabs.com>
5  *
6  * This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
7  * warranty. In no event will the author be held liable for any damages
8  * arising from the use of this software.
9  *
10 * Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
11 * including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
12 * freely, subject to the following restrictions:
13 *
14 * 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
15 * claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
16 * in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
17 * appreciated but is not required.
18 * 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
19 * misrepresented as being the original software.
20 * 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.
21 */

23 #ifndef NO_UNDERLINE
24 #define match_init      _match_init
25 #define longest_match   _longest_match
26 #endif

28 #define MAX_MATCH      (258)
29 #define MIN_MATCH      (3)
30 #define MIN_LOOKAHEAD  (MAX_MATCH + MIN_MATCH + 1)
31 #define MAX_MATCH_8    ((MAX_MATCH + 7) & ~7)

33 /* stack frame offsets */

35 #define chainlenwmask  0      /* high word: current chain len */
36                          /* low word: s->wmask */
37 #define window         4      /* local copy of s->window */
38 #define windowbestlen  8      /* s->window + bestlen */
39 #define scanstart      16     /* first two bytes of string */
40 #define scanend        12     /* last two bytes of string */
41 #define scanalign      20     /* dword-misalignment of string */
42 #define nicematch      24     /* a good enough match size */
43 #define bestlen        28     /* size of best match so far */
44 #define scan           32     /* ptr to string wanting match */

46 #define LocalVarsSize  (36)
47 /* saved ebx          36 */
48 /* saved edi          40 */
49 /* saved esi          44 */
50 /* saved ebp          48 */
51 /* return address     52 */
52 #define deflatestate   56     /* the function arguments */
53 #define curmatch       60

55 /* All the +zlib1222add offsets are due to the addition of fields
56  * in zlib in the deflate_state structure since the asm code was first written
57  * (if you compile with zlib 1.0.4 or older, use "zlib1222add equ (-4)").
58  * (if you compile with zlib between 1.0.5 and 1.2.2.1, use "zlib1222add equ 0")
59  * if you compile with zlib 1.2.2.2 or later , use "zlib1222add equ 8").
60 */

```

```

62 #define zlib1222add    (8)

64 #define dsWSize        (36+zlib1222add)
65 #define dsWMask        (44+zlib1222add)
66 #define dsWindow       (48+zlib1222add)
67 #define dsPrev          (56+zlib1222add)
68 #define dsMatchLen     (88+zlib1222add)
69 #define dsPrevMatch    (92+zlib1222add)
70 #define dsStrStart     (100+zlib1222add)
71 #define dsMatchStart   (104+zlib1222add)
72 #define dsLookahead    (108+zlib1222add)
73 #define dsPrevLen      (112+zlib1222add)
74 #define dsMaxChainLen  (116+zlib1222add)
75 #define dsGoodMatch    (132+zlib1222add)
76 #define dsNiceMatch    (136+zlib1222add)

79 .file "match.S"

81 .globl match_init, longest_match

83 .text

85 /* uInt longest_match(deflate_state *deflatestate, IPos curmatch) */
86 .cfi_sections .debug_frame

88 longest_match:

90 .cfi_startproc
91 /* Save registers that the compiler may be using, and adjust %esp to */
92 /* make room for our stack frame. */

94          pushl   %ebp
95          .cfi_def_cfa_offset 8
96          .cfi_offset ebp, -8
97          pushl   %edi
98          .cfi_def_cfa_offset 12
99          pushl   %esi
100         .cfi_def_cfa_offset 16
101         pushl   %ebx
102         .cfi_def_cfa_offset 20
103         subl    $LocalVarsSize, %esp
104         .cfi_def_cfa_offset LocalVarsSize+20

106 /* Retrieve the function arguments. %ecx will hold cur_match */
107 /* throughout the entire function. %edx will hold the pointer to the */
108 /* deflate_state structure during the function's setup (before */
109 /* entering the main loop). */

111         movl    deflatestate(%esp), %edx
112         movl    curmatch(%esp), %ecx

114 /* uInt wmask = s->w_mask; */
115 /* unsigned chain_length = s->max_chain_length; */
116 /* if (s->prev_length >= s->good_match) { */
117 /*     chain_length >>= 2; */
118 /* } */

119
120         movl    dsPrevLen(%edx), %eax
121         movl    dsGoodMatch(%edx), %ebx
122         cmpl   %ebx, %eax
123         movl    dsWMask(%edx), %eax
124         movl    dsMaxChainLen(%edx), %ebx
125         jle    LastMatchGood
126         shr    $2, %ebx

```

```

127 LastMatchGood:
129 /* chainlen is decremented once beforehand so that the function can */
130 /* use the sign flag instead of the zero flag for the exit test. */
131 /* It is then shifted into the high word, to make room for the wmask */
132 /* value, which it will always accompany. */
134         decl    %ebx
135         shll   $16, %ebx
136         orl    %eax, %ebx
137         movl   %ebx, chainlenwmask(%esp)
139 /* if ((uInt)nice_match > s->lookahead) nice_match = s->lookahead; */
141         movl   dsNiceMatch(%edx), %eax
142         movl   dsLookahead(%edx), %ebx
143         cmpl   %eax, %ebx
144         jl    LookaheadLess
145         movl   %eax, %ebx
146 LookaheadLess: movl   %ebx, nicematch(%esp)
148 /* register Bytef *scan = s->window + s->strstart; */
150         movl   dsWindow(%edx), %esi
151         movl   %esi, window(%esp)
152         movl   dsStrStart(%edx), %ebp
153         lea   (%esi,%ebp), %edi
154         movl   %edi, scan(%esp)
156 /* Determine how many bytes the scan ptr is off from being */
157 /* dword-aligned. */
159         movl   %edi, %eax
160         negl   %eax
161         andl   $3, %eax
162         movl   %eax, scanalign(%esp)
164 /* IPos limit = s->strstart > (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) ? */
165 /*     s->strstart - (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) : NIL; */
167         movl   dsWSize(%edx), %eax
168         subl   $MIN_LOOKAHEAD, %eax
169         subl   %eax, %ebp
170         jg    LimitPositive
171         xorl   %ebp, %ebp
172 LimitPositive:
174 /* int best_len = s->prev_length; */
176         movl   dsPrevLen(%edx), %eax
177         movl   %eax, bestlen(%esp)
179 /* Store the sum of s->window + best_len in %esi locally, and in %esi. */
181         addl   %eax, %esi
182         movl   %esi, windowbestlen(%esp)
184 /* register ush scan_start = *(ushf*)scan; */
185 /* register ush scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1); */
186 /* Posf *prev = s->prev; */
188         movzwl (%edi), %ebx
189         movl   %ebx, scanstart(%esp)
190         movzwl -1(%edi,%eax), %ebx
191         movl   %ebx, scanend(%esp)
192         movl   dsPrev(%edx), %edi

```

```

194 /* Jump into the main loop. */
196         movl   chainlenwmask(%esp), %edx
197         jmp    LoopEntry
199 .balign 16
201 /* do {
202 *     match = s->window + cur_match;
203 *     if (*(ushf*)(match+best_len-1) != scan_end ||
204 *     *(ushf*)match != scan_start) continue;
205 *     [...]
206 * } while ((cur_match = prev[cur_match & wmask]) > limit
207 *     && --chain_length != 0);
208 *
209 * Here is the inner loop of the function. The function will spend the
210 * majority of its time in this loop, and majority of that time will
211 * be spent in the first ten instructions.
212 *
213 * Within this loop:
214 * %ebx = scanend
215 * %ecx = curmatch
216 * %edx = chainlenwmask - i.e., ((chainlen << 16) | wmask)
217 * %esi = windowbestlen - i.e., (window + bestlen)
218 * %edi = prev
219 * %ebp = limit
220 */
221 LookupLoop:
222         andl   %edx, %ecx
223         movzwl (%edi,%ecx,2), %ecx
224         cmpl   %ebp, %ecx
225         jbe   LeaveNow
226         subl   $0x00010000, %edx
227         js    LeaveNow
228 LoopEntry: movzwl -1(%esi,%ecx), %eax
229         cmpl   %ebx, %eax
230         jnz   LookupLoop
231         movl   window(%esp), %eax
232         movzwl (%eax,%ecx), %eax
233         cmpl   scanstart(%esp), %eax
234         jnz   LookupLoop
236 /* Store the current value of chainlen. */
238         movl   %edx, chainlenwmask(%esp)
240 /* Point %edi to the string under scrutiny, and %esi to the string we */
241 /* are hoping to match it up with. In actuality, %esi and %edi are */
242 /* both pointed (MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign) bytes ahead, and %edx is */
243 /* initialized to -(MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign). */
245         movl   window(%esp), %esi
246         movl   scan(%esp), %edi
247         addl   %ecx, %esi
248         movl   scanalign(%esp), %eax
249         movl   $(-MAX_MATCH_8), %edx
250         lea   MAX_MATCH_8(%edi,%eax), %edi
251         lea   MAX_MATCH_8(%esi,%eax), %esi
253 /* Test the strings for equality, 8 bytes at a time. At the end,
254 * adjust %edx so that it is offset to the exact byte that mismatched.
255 *
256 * We already know at this point that the first three bytes of the
257 * strings match each other, and they can be safely passed over before
258 * starting the compare loop. So what this code does is skip over 0-3

```

```

259 * bytes, as much as necessary in order to dword-align the %edi
260 * pointer. (%esi will still be misaligned three times out of four.)
261 *
262 * It should be confessed that this loop usually does not represent
263 * much of the total running time. Replacing it with a more
264 * straightforward "rep cmpsb" would not drastically degrade
265 * performance.
266 */
267 LoopCmps:
268     movl    (%esi,%edx), %eax
269     xorl    (%edi,%edx), %eax
270     jnz    LeaveLoopCmps
271     movl    4(%esi,%edx), %eax
272     xorl    4(%edi,%edx), %eax
273     jnz    LeaveLoopCmps4
274     addl    $8, %edx
275     jnz    LoopCmps
276     jmp    LenMaximum
277 LeaveLoopCmps4: addl    $4, %edx
278 LeaveLoopCmps: testl   $0x0000FFFF, %eax
279                jnz    LenLower
280                addl   $2, %edx
281                shr   $16, %eax
282 LenLower:     subb   $1, %al
283                adcl   $0, %edx

285 /* Calculate the length of the match. If it is longer than MAX_MATCH, */
286 /* then automatically accept it as the best possible match and leave. */

288     lea    (%edi,%edx), %eax
289     movl   scan(%esp), %edi
290     subl   %edi, %eax
291     cmpl   $MAX_MATCH, %eax
292     jge   LenMaximum

294 /* If the length of the match is not longer than the best match we */
295 /* have so far, then forget it and return to the lookup loop. */

297     movl   deflatestate(%esp), %edx
298     movl   bestlen(%esp), %ebx
299     cmpl   %ebx, %eax
300     jg    LongerMatch
301     movl   windowbestlen(%esp), %esi
302     movl   dsPrev(%edx), %edi
303     movl   scanend(%esp), %ebx
304     movl   chainlenwmask(%esp), %edx
305     jmp   LookupLoop

307 /*     s->match_start = cur_match; */
308 /*     best_len = len; */
309 /*     if (len >= nice_match) break; */
310 /*     scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1); */

312 LongerMatch:  movl   nicematch(%esp), %ebx
313                movl   %eax, bestlen(%esp)
314                movl   %ecx, dsMatchStart(%edx)
315                cmpl   %ebx, %eax
316                jge   LeaveNow
317                movl   window(%esp), %esi
318                addl   %eax, %esi
319                movl   %esi, windowbestlen(%esp)
320                movzwl -1(%edi,%eax), %ebx
321                movl   dsPrev(%edx), %edi
322                movl   %ebx, scanend(%esp)
323                movl   chainlenwmask(%esp), %edx
324                jmp   LookupLoop

```

```

326 /* Accept the current string, with the maximum possible length. */

328 LenMaximum:  movl   deflatestate(%esp), %edx
329                movl   $MAX_MATCH, bestlen(%esp)
330                movl   %ecx, dsMatchStart(%edx)

332 /* if ((uInt)best_len <= s->lookahead) return (uInt)best_len; */
333 /* return s->lookahead; */

335 LeaveNow:
336     movl   deflatestate(%esp), %edx
337     movl   bestlen(%esp), %ebx
338     movl   dsLookahead(%edx), %eax
339     cmpl   %eax, %ebx
340     jg    LookaheadRet
341     movl   %ebx, %eax
342 LookaheadRet:

344 /* Restore the stack and return from whence we came. */

346     addl   $LocalVarsSize, %esp
347     .cfi_def_cfa_offset 20
348     popl   %ebx
349     .cfi_def_cfa_offset 16
350     popl   %esi
351     .cfi_def_cfa_offset 12
352     popl   %edi
353     .cfi_def_cfa_offset 8
354     popl   %ebp
355     .cfi_def_cfa_offset 4
356 .cfi_endproc
357 match_init:  ret

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/Makefile

1

127 Wed Apr 1 15:57:04 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 blast: blast.c blast.h

2 cc -DTEST -o blast blast.c

4 test: blast

5 blast < test.pk | cmp - test.txt

7 clean:

8 rm -f blast blast.o

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/README

1

74 Wed Apr 1 15:57:05 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/README

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 Read blast.h for purpose and usage.

3 Mark Adler

4 madler@alumni.caltech.edu

```

*****
17572 Wed Apr 1 15:57:05 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/blast.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* blast.c
2  * Copyright (C) 2003, 2012 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in blast.h
4  * version 1.2, 24 Oct 2012
5  *
6  * blast.c decompresses data compressed by the PKWare Compression Library.
7  * This function provides functionality similar to the explode() function of
8  * the PKWare library, hence the name "blast".
9  *
10 * This decompressor is based on the excellent format description provided by
11 * Ben Rudiak-Gould in comp.compression on August 13, 2001. Interestingly, the
12 * example Ben provided in the post is incorrect. The distance 110001 should
13 * instead be 111000. When corrected, the example byte stream becomes:
14 *
15 *    00 04 82 24 25 8f 80 7f
16 *
17 * which decompresses to "AIAIAIAIAIAIA" (without the quotes).
18 */

20 /*
21  * Change history:
22  *
23  * 1.0 12 Feb 2003 - First version
24  * 1.1 16 Feb 2003 - Fixed distance check for > 4 GB uncompressed data
25  * 1.2 24 Oct 2012 - Add note about using binary mode in stdio
26  *
27  */

29 #include <setjmp.h>          /* for setjmp(), longjmp(), and jmp_buf */
30 #include "blast.h"         /* prototype for blast() */

32 #define local static       /* for local function definitions */
33 #define MAXBITS 13        /* maximum code length */
34 #define MAXWIN 4096       /* maximum window size */

36 /* input and output state */
37 struct state {
38     /* input state */
39     blast_in infun;        /* input function provided by user */
40     void *inhow;          /* opaque information passed to infun() */
41     unsigned char *in;    /* next input location */
42     unsigned left;        /* available input at in */
43     int bitbuf;          /* bit buffer */
44     int bitcnt;          /* number of bits in bit buffer */

46     /* input limit error return state for bits() and decode() */
47     jmp_buf env;

49     /* output state */
50     blast_out outfun;     /* output function provided by user */
51     void *outhow;        /* opaque information passed to outfun() */
52     unsigned next;       /* index of next write location in out[] */
53     int first;           /* true to check distances (for first 4K) */
54     unsigned char out[MAXWIN]; /* output buffer and sliding window */
55 };

57 /*
58  * Return need bits from the input stream. This always leaves less than
59  * eight bits in the buffer. bits() works properly for need == 0.
60  */

```

```

61  * Format notes:
62  *
63  * - Bits are stored in bytes from the least significant bit to the most
64  *   significant bit. Therefore bits are dropped from the bottom of the bit
65  *   buffer, using shift right, and new bytes are appended to the top of the
66  *   bit buffer, using shift left.
67  */
68 local int bits(struct state *s, int need)
69 {
70     int val;                /* bit accumulator */

72     /* load at least need bits into val */
73     val = s->bitbuf;
74     while (s->bitcnt < need) {
75         if (s->left == 0) {
76             s->left = s->infun(s->inhow, &(s->in));
77             if (s->left == 0) longjmp(s->env, 1); /* out of input */
78         }
79         val |= (int)((s->in)++) << s->bitcnt; /* load eight bits */
80         s->left--;
81         s->bitcnt += 8;
82     }

84     /* drop need bits and update buffer, always zero to seven bits left */
85     s->bitbuf = val >> need;
86     s->bitcnt -= need;

88     /* return need bits, zeroing the bits above that */
89     return val & ((1 << need) - 1);
90 }

92 /*
93  * Huffman code decoding tables. count[1..MAXBITS] is the number of symbols of
94  * each length, which for a canonical code are stepped through in order.
95  * symbol[] are the symbol values in canonical order, where the number of
96  * entries is the sum of the counts in count[]. The decoding process can be
97  * seen in the function decode() below.
98  */
99 struct huffman {
100     short *count;          /* number of symbols of each length */
101     short *symbol;        /* canonically ordered symbols */
102 };

104 /*
105  * Decode a code from the stream s using huffman table h. Return the symbol or
106  * a negative value if there is an error. If all of the lengths are zero, i.e.
107  * an empty code, or if the code is incomplete and an invalid code is received,
108  * then -9 is returned after reading MAXBITS bits.
109  */
110 * Format notes:
111 *
112 * - The codes as stored in the compressed data are bit-reversed relative to
113 *   a simple integer ordering of codes of the same lengths. Hence below the
114 *   bits are pulled from the compressed data one at a time and used to
115 *   build the code value reversed from what is in the stream in order to
116 *   permit simple integer comparisons for decoding.
117 *
118 * - The first code for the shortest length is all ones. Subsequent codes of
119 *   the same length are simply integer decrements of the previous code. When
120 *   moving up a length, a one bit is appended to the code. For a complete
121 *   code, the last code of the longest length will be all zeros. To support
122 *   this ordering, the bits pulled during decoding are inverted to apply the
123 *   more "natural" ordering starting with all zeros and incrementing.
124  */
125 local int decode(struct state *s, struct huffman *h)
126 {

```

```

127 int len;          /* current number of bits in code */
128 int code;        /* len bits being decoded */
129 int first;       /* first code of length len */
130 int count;       /* number of codes of length len */
131 int index;       /* index of first code of length len in symbol table */
132 int bitbuf;      /* bits from stream */
133 int left;        /* bits left in next or left to process */
134 short *next;     /* next number of codes */

136 bitbuf = s->bitbuf;
137 left = s->bitcnt;
138 code = first = index = 0;
139 len = 1;
140 next = h->count + 1;
141 while (1) {
142     while (left-- > 0) {
143         code |= (bitbuf & 1) ^ 1; /* invert code */
144         bitbuf >>= 1;
145         count = *next++;
146         if (code < first + count) { /* if length len, return symbol */
147             s->bitbuf = bitbuf;
148             s->bitcnt = (s->bitcnt - len) & 7;
149             return h->symbol[index + (code - first)];
150         }
151         index += count; /* else update for next length */
152         first += count;
153         first <<= 1;
154         code <<= 1;
155         len++;
156     }
157     left = (MAXBITS+1) - len;
158     if (left == 0) break;
159     if (s->left == 0) {
160         s->left = s->infun(s->inhow, &(s->in));
161         if (s->left == 0) longjmp(s->env, 1); /* out of input */
162     }
163     bitbuf = *(s->in)++;
164     s->left--;
165     if (left > 8) left = 8;
166 }
167 return -9; /* ran out of codes */
168 }

170 /*
171 * Given a list of repeated code lengths rep[0..n-1], where each byte is a
172 * count (high four bits + 1) and a code length (low four bits), generate the
173 * list of code lengths. This compaction reduces the size of the object code.
174 * Then given the list of code lengths length[0..n-1] representing a canonical
175 * Huffman code for n symbols, construct the tables required to decode those
176 * codes. Those tables are the number of codes of each length, and the symbols
177 * sorted by length, retaining their original order within each length. The
178 * return value is zero for a complete code set, negative for an over-
179 * subscribed code set, and positive for an incomplete code set. The tables
180 * can be used if the return value is zero or positive, but they cannot be used
181 * if the return value is negative. If the return value is zero, it is not
182 * possible for decode() using that table to return an error--any stream of
183 * enough bits will resolve to a symbol. If the return value is positive, then
184 * it is possible for decode() using that table to return an error for received
185 * codes past the end of the incomplete lengths.
186 */
187 local int construct(struct huffman *h, const unsigned char *rep, int n)
188 {
189     int symbol; /* current symbol when stepping through length[] */
190     int len; /* current length when stepping through h->count[] */
191     int left; /* number of possible codes left of current length */
192     short offs[MAXBITS+1]; /* offsets in symbol table for each length */

```

```

193     short length[256]; /* code lengths */

195     /* convert compact repeat counts into symbol bit length list */
196     symbol = 0;
197     do {
198         len = *rep++;
199         left = (len >> 4) + 1;
200         len &= 15;
201         do {
202             length[symbol++] = len;
203         } while (--left);
204     } while (--n);
205     n = symbol;

207     /* count number of codes of each length */
208     for (len = 0; len <= MAXBITS; len++)
209         h->count[len] = 0;
210     for (symbol = 0; symbol < n; symbol++)
211         (h->count[length[symbol]])++; /* assumes lengths are within bounds */
212     if (h->count[0] == n) /* no codes! */
213         return 0; /* complete, but decode() will fail */

215     /* check for an over-subscribed or incomplete set of lengths */
216     left = 1; /* one possible code of zero length */
217     for (len = 1; len <= MAXBITS; len++) {
218         left <<= 1; /* one more bit, double codes left */
219         left -= h->count[len]; /* deduct count from possible codes */
220         if (left < 0) return left; /* over-subscribed--return negative */
221     } /* left > 0 means incomplete */

223     /* generate offsets into symbol table for each length for sorting */
224     offs[1] = 0;
225     for (len = 1; len < MAXBITS; len++)
226         offs[len + 1] = offs[len] + h->count[len];

228     /*
229     * put symbols in table sorted by length, by symbol order within each
230     * length
231     */
232     for (symbol = 0; symbol < n; symbol++)
233         if (length[symbol] != 0)
234             h->symbol[offs[length[symbol]]++] = symbol;

236     /* return zero for complete set, positive for incomplete set */
237     return left;
238 }

240 /*
241 * Decode PKWare Compression Library stream.
242 *
243 * Format notes:
244 *
245 * - First byte is 0 if literals are uncoded or 1 if they are coded. Second
246 *   byte is 4, 5, or 6 for the number of extra bits in the distance code.
247 * - This is the base-2 logarithm of the dictionary size minus six.
248 *
249 * - Compressed data is a combination of literals and length/distance pairs
250 *   terminated by an end code. Literals are either Huffman coded or
251 *   uncoded bytes. A length/distance pair is a coded length followed by a
252 *   coded distance to represent a string that occurs earlier in the
253 *   uncompressed data that occurs again at the current location.
254 *
255 * - A bit preceding a literal or length/distance pair indicates which comes
256 *   next, 0 for literals, 1 for length/distance.
257 *
258 * - If literals are uncoded, then the next eight bits are the literal, in the

```

```

259 * normal bit order in th stream, i.e. no bit-reversal is needed. Similarly,
260 * no bit reversal is needed for either the length extra bits or the distance
261 * extra bits.
262 *
263 * - Literal bytes are simply written to the output. A length/distance pair is
264 * an instruction to copy previously uncompressed bytes to the output. The
265 * copy is from distance bytes back in the output stream, copying for length
266 * bytes.
267 *
268 * - Distances pointing before the beginning of the output data are not
269 * permitted.
270 *
271 * - Overlapped copies, where the length is greater than the distance, are
272 * allowed and common. For example, a distance of one and a length of 518
273 * simply copies the last byte 518 times. A distance of four and a length of
274 * twelve copies the last four bytes three times. A simple forward copy
275 * ignoring whether the length is greater than the distance or not implements
276 * this correctly.
277 */
278 local int decomp(struct state *s)
279 {
280     int lit;          /* true if literals are coded */
281     int dict;        /* log2(dictionary size) - 6 */
282     int symbol;      /* decoded symbol, extra bits for distance */
283     int len;         /* length for copy */
284     unsigned dist;   /* distance for copy */
285     int copy;        /* copy counter */
286     unsigned char *from, *to; /* copy pointers */
287     static int virgin = 1; /* build tables once */
288     static short litcnt[MAXBITS+1], litsym[256]; /* litcode memory */
289     static short lenct[MAXBITS+1], lensym[16]; /* lencode memory */
290     static short distcnt[MAXBITS+1], distsym[64]; /* distcode memory */
291     static struct huffman litcode = {litcnt, litsym}; /* length code */
292     static struct huffman lencode = {lenct, lensym}; /* length code */
293     static struct huffman distcode = {distcnt, distsym}; /* distance code */
294     /* bit lengths of literal codes */
295     static const unsigned char litlen[] = {
296     11, 124, 8, 7, 28, 7, 188, 13, 76, 4, 10, 8, 12, 10, 12, 10, 8, 23, 8,
297     9, 7, 6, 7, 8, 7, 6, 55, 8, 23, 24, 12, 11, 7, 9, 11, 12, 6, 7, 22, 5,
298     7, 24, 6, 11, 9, 6, 7, 22, 7, 11, 38, 7, 9, 8, 25, 11, 8, 11, 9, 12,
299     8, 12, 5, 38, 5, 38, 5, 11, 7, 5, 6, 21, 6, 10, 53, 8, 7, 24, 10, 27,
300     44, 253, 253, 253, 252, 252, 252, 13, 12, 45, 12, 45, 12, 61, 12, 45,
301     44, 173};
302     /* bit lengths of length codes 0..15 */
303     static const unsigned char lenlen[] = {2, 35, 36, 53, 38, 23};
304     /* bit lengths of distance codes 0..63 */
305     static const unsigned char distlen[] = {2, 20, 53, 230, 247, 151, 248};
306     static const short base[16] = { /* base for length codes */
307     3, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 16, 24, 40, 72, 136, 264};
308     static const char extra[16] = { /* extra bits for length codes */
309     0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};

311     /* set up decoding tables (once--might not be thread-safe) */
312     if (virgin) {
313         construct(&litcode, litlen, sizeof(litlen));
314         construct(&lencode, lenlen, sizeof(lenlen));
315         construct(&distcode, distlen, sizeof(distlen));
316         virgin = 0;
317     }

319     /* read header */
320     lit = bits(s, 8);
321     if (lit > 1) return -1;
322     dict = bits(s, 8);
323     if (dict < 4 || dict > 6) return -2;

```

```

325     /* decode literals and length/distance pairs */
326     do {
327         if (bits(s, 1)) {
328             /* get length */
329             symbol = decode(s, &lencode);
330             len = base[symbol] + bits(s, extra[symbol]);
331             if (len == 519) break; /* end code */

333             /* get distance */
334             symbol = len == 2 ? 2 : dict;
335             dist = decode(s, &distcode) << symbol;
336             dist += bits(s, symbol);
337             dist++;
338             if (s->first && dist > s->next)
339                 return -3; /* distance too far back */

341             /* copy length bytes from distance bytes back */
342             do {
343                 to = s->out + s->next;
344                 from = to - dist;
345                 copy = MAXWIN;
346                 if (s->next < dist) {
347                     from += copy;
348                     copy = dist;
349                 }
350                 copy -= s->next;
351                 if (copy > len) copy = len;
352                 len -= copy;
353                 s->next += copy;
354                 do {
355                     *to++ = *from++;
356                 } while (--copy);
357                 if (s->next == MAXWIN) {
358                     if (s->outfun(s->outhow, s->out, s->next)) return 1;
359                     s->next = 0;
360                     s->first = 0;
361                 }
362             } while (len != 0);
363         }
364         else {
365             /* get literal and write it */
366             symbol = lit ? decode(s, &litcode) : bits(s, 8);
367             s->out[s->next++] = symbol;
368             if (s->next == MAXWIN) {
369                 if (s->outfun(s->outhow, s->out, s->next)) return 1;
370                 s->next = 0;
371                 s->first = 0;
372             }
373         }
374     } while (1);
375     return 0;
376 }

378 /* See comments in blast.h */
379 int blast(blast_in infun, void *inhow, blast_out outfun, void *outhow)
380 {
381     struct state s; /* input/output state */
382     int err; /* return value */

384     /* initialize input state */
385     s.infun = infun;
386     s.inhow = inhow;
387     s.left = 0;
388     s.bitbuf = 0;
389     s.bitcnt = 0;

```



```
391  /* initialize output state */
392  s.outfun = outfun;
393  s.outhow = outhow;
394  s.next = 0;
395  s.first = 1;

397  /* return if bits() or decode() tries to read past available input */
398  if (setjmp(s.env) != 0) /* if came back here via longjmp(), */
399      err = 2;           /* then skip decomp(), return error */
400  else
401      err = decomp(&s); /* decompress */

403  /* write any leftover output and update the error code if needed */
404  if (err != 1 && s.next && s.outfun(s.outhow, s.out, s.next) && err == 0)
405      err = 1;
406  return err;
407 }

409 #ifdef TEST
410 /* Example of how to use blast() */
411 #include <stdio.h>
412 #include <stdlib.h>

414 #define CHUNK 16384

416 local unsigned inf(void *how, unsigned char **buf)
417 {
418     static unsigned char hold[CHUNK];

420     *buf = hold;
421     return fread(hold, 1, CHUNK, (FILE *)how);
422 }

424 local int outf(void *how, unsigned char *buf, unsigned len)
425 {
426     return fwrite(buf, 1, len, (FILE *)how) != len;
427 }

429 /* Decompress a PKWare Compression Library stream from stdin to stdout */
430 int main(void)
431 {
432     int ret, n;

434     /* decompress to stdout */
435     ret = blast(inf, stdin, outf, stdout);
436     if (ret != 0) fprintf(stderr, "blast error: %d\n", ret);

438     /* see if there are any leftover bytes */
439     n = 0;
440     while (getchar() != EOF) n++;
441     if (n) fprintf(stderr, "blast warning: %d unused bytes of input\n", n);

443     /* return blast() error code */
444     return ret;
445 }
446 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/blast.h

1

```
*****
3433 Wed Apr 1 15:57:05 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/blast.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* blast.h -- interface for blast.c
2 Copyright (C) 2003, 2012 Mark Adler
3 version 1.2, 24 Oct 2012

5 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
6 warranty. In no event will the author be held liable for any damages
7 arising from the use of this software.

9 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
10 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
11 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

13 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
14 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
15 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
16 appreciated but is not required.
17 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
18 misrepresented as being the original software.
19 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

21 Mark Adler madler@alummi.caltech.edu
22 */

25 /*
26 * blast() decompresses the PKWare Data Compression Library (DCL) compressed
27 * format. It provides the same functionality as the explode() function in
28 * that library. (Note: PKWare overused the "implode" verb, and the format
29 * used by their library implode() function is completely different and
30 * incompatible with the implode compression method supported by PKZIP.)
31 *
32 * The binary mode for stdio functions should be used to assure that the
33 * compressed data is not corrupted when read or written. For example:
34 * fopen(..., "rb") and fopen(..., "wb").
35 */

38 typedef unsigned (*blast_in)(void *how, unsigned char **buf);
39 typedef int (*blast_out)(void *how, unsigned char *buf, unsigned len);
40 /* Definitions for input/output functions passed to blast(). See below for
41 * what the provided functions need to do.
42 */

45 int blast(blast_in infun, void *inhow, blast_out outfun, void *outhow);
46 /* Decompress input to output using the provided infun() and outfun() calls.
47 * On success, the return value of blast() is zero. If there is an error in
48 * the source data, i.e. it is not in the proper format, then a negative value
49 * is returned. If there is not enough input available or there is not enough
50 * output space, then a positive error is returned.
51 *
52 * The input function is invoked: len = infun(how, &buf), where buf is set by
53 * infun() to point to the input buffer, and infun() returns the number of
54 * available bytes there. If infun() returns zero, then blast() returns with
55 * an input error. (blast() only asks for input if it needs it.) inhow is for
56 * use by the application to pass an input descriptor to infun(), if desired.
57 *
58 * The output function is invoked: err = outfun(how, buf, len), where the bytes
59 * to be written are buf[0..len-1]. If err is not zero, then blast() returns
60 * with an output error. outfun() is always called with len <= 4096. outhow
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/blast.h

2

```
61 * is for use by the application to pass an output descriptor to outfun(), if
62 * desired.
63 *
64 * The return codes are:
65 *
66 * 2: ran out of input before completing decompression
67 * 1: output error before completing decompression
68 * 0: successful decompression
69 * -1: literal flag not zero or one
70 * -2: dictionary size not in 4..6
71 * -3: distance is too far back
72 *
73 * At the bottom of blast.c is an example program that uses blast() that can be
74 * compiled to produce a command-line decompression filter by defining TEST.
75 */
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/test.pk

1

```
*****  
      8 Wed Apr  1 15:57:05 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/test.pk  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/test.txt

1

13 Wed Apr 1 15:57:05 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/blast/test.txt

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 AIAIAIAIAIAIA

```

*****
16412 Wed Apr 1 15:57:05 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/delphi/ZLib.pas
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 {*****}
2 {
3   Borland Delphi Supplemental Components
4   ZLIB Data Compression Interface Unit
5 }
6 {
7   Copyright (c) 1997,99 Borland Corporation
8 {*****}

10 { Updated for zlib 1.2.x by Cosmin Truta <cosmint@cs.ubbcluj.ro> }

12 unit ZLib;

14 interface

16 uses SysUtils, Classes;

18 type
19   TAlloc = function (AppData: Pointer; Items, Size: Integer): Pointer; cdecl;
20   TFree = procedure (AppData, Block: Pointer); cdecl;

22 // Internal structure. Ignore.
23 TZStreamRec = packed record
24   next_in: PChar; // next input byte
25   avail_in: Integer; // number of bytes available at next_in
26   total_in: Longint; // total nb of input bytes read so far

28   next_out: PChar; // next output byte should be put here
29   avail_out: Integer; // remaining free space at next_out
30   total_out: Longint; // total nb of bytes output so far

32   msg: PChar; // last error message, NULL if no error
33   internal: Pointer; // not visible by applications

35   zalloc: TAlloc; // used to allocate the internal state
36   zfree: TFree; // used to free the internal state
37   AppData: Pointer; // private data object passed to zalloc and zfree

39   data_type: Integer; // best guess about the data type: ascii or binary
40   adler: Longint; // Adler32 value of the uncompressed data
41   reserved: Longint; // reserved for future use
42 end;

44 // Abstract ancestor class
45 TCustomZlibStream = class(TStream)
46 private
47   FStrm: TStream;
48   FStrmPos: Integer;
49   FOnProgress: TNotifyEvent;
50   FZRec: TZStreamRec;
51   FBuffer: array [Word] of Char;
52 protected
53   procedure Progress(Sender: TObject); dynamic;
54   property OnProgress: TNotifyEvent read FOnProgress write FOnProgress;
55   constructor Create(Strm: TStream);
56 end;

58 { TCompressionStream compresses data on the fly as data is written to it, and
59 stores the compressed data to another stream.

```

```

61 TCompressionStream is write-only and strictly sequential. Reading from the
62 stream will raise an exception. Using Seek to move the stream pointer
63 will raise an exception.

65 Output data is cached internally, written to the output stream only when
66 the internal output buffer is full. All pending output data is flushed
67 when the stream is destroyed.

69 The Position property returns the number of uncompressed bytes of
70 data that have been written to the stream so far.

72 CompressionRate returns the on-the-fly percentage by which the original
73 data has been compressed: (1 - (CompressedBytes / UncompressedBytes)) * 100
74 If raw data size = 100 and compressed data size = 25, the CompressionRate
75 is 75%

77 The OnProgress event is called each time the output buffer is filled and
78 written to the output stream. This is useful for updating a progress
79 indicator when you are writing a large chunk of data to the compression
80 stream in a single call.}

83 TCompressionLevel = (clNone, clFastest, clDefault, clMax);

85 TCompressionStream = class(TCustomZlibStream)
86 private
87   function GetCompressionRate: Single;
88 public
89   constructor Create(CompressionLevel: TCompressionLevel; Dest: TStream);
90   destructor Destroy; override;
91   function Read(var Buffer; Count: Longint): Longint; override;
92   function Write(const Buffer; Count: Longint): Longint; override;
93   function Seek(Offset: Longint; Origin: Word): Longint; override;
94   property CompressionRate: Single read GetCompressionRate;
95   property OnProgress;
96 end;

98 { TDecompressionStream decompresses data on the fly as data is read from it.

100 Compressed data comes from a separate source stream. TDecompressionStream
101 is read-only and unidirectional; you can seek forward in the stream, but not
102 backwards. The special case of setting the stream position to zero is
103 allowed. Seeking forward decompresses data until the requested position in
104 the uncompressed data has been reached. Seeking backwards, seeking relative
105 to the end of the stream, requesting the size of the stream, and writing to
106 the stream will raise an exception.

108 The Position property returns the number of bytes of uncompressed data that
109 have been read from the stream so far.

111 The OnProgress event is called each time the internal input buffer of
112 compressed data is exhausted and the next block is read from the input stream.
113 This is useful for updating a progress indicator when you are reading a
114 large chunk of data from the decompression stream in a single call.}

116 TDecompressionStream = class(TCustomZlibStream)
117 public
118   constructor Create(Source: TStream);
119   destructor Destroy; override;
120   function Read(var Buffer; Count: Longint): Longint; override;
121   function Write(const Buffer; Count: Longint): Longint; override;
122   function Seek(Offset: Longint; Origin: Word): Longint; override;
123   property OnProgress;
124 end;

```

```

128 { CompressBuf compresses data, buffer to buffer, in one call.
129   In: InBuf = ptr to compressed data
130   InBytes = number of bytes in InBuf
131   Out: OutBuf = ptr to newly allocated buffer containing decompressed data
132   OutBytes = number of bytes in OutBuf }
133 procedure CompressBuf(const InBuf: Pointer; InBytes: Integer;
134   out OutBuf: Pointer; out OutBytes: Integer);

137 { DecompressBuf decompresses data, buffer to buffer, in one call.
138   In: InBuf = ptr to compressed data
139   InBytes = number of bytes in InBuf
140   OutEstimate = zero, or est. size of the decompressed data
141   Out: OutBuf = ptr to newly allocated buffer containing decompressed data
142   OutBytes = number of bytes in OutBuf }
143 procedure DecompressBuf(const InBuf: Pointer; InBytes: Integer;
144   OutEstimate: Integer; out OutBuf: Pointer; out OutBytes: Integer);

146 { DecompressToUserBuf decompresses data, buffer to buffer, in one call.
147   In: InBuf = ptr to compressed data
148   InBytes = number of bytes in InBuf
149   Out: OutBuf = ptr to user-allocated buffer to contain decompressed data
150   BufSize = number of bytes in OutBuf }
151 procedure DecompressToUserBuf(const InBuf: Pointer; InBytes: Integer;
152   const OutBuf: Pointer; BufSize: Integer);

154 const
155   zlib_version = '1.2.8';

157 type
158   EZlibError = class(Exception);
159   ECompressionError = class(EZlibError);
160   EDecompressionError = class(EZlibError);

162 implementation

164 uses ZLibConst;

166 const
167   Z_NO_FLUSH      = 0;
168   Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH = 1;
169   Z_SYNC_FLUSH    = 2;
170   Z_FULL_FLUSH    = 3;
171   Z_FINISH        = 4;

173   Z_OK            = 0;
174   Z_STREAM_END    = 1;
175   Z_NEED_DICT     = 2;
176   Z_ERRNO         = (-1);
177   Z_STREAM_ERROR  = (-2);
178   Z_DATA_ERROR    = (-3);
179   Z_MEM_ERROR     = (-4);
180   Z_BUF_ERROR     = (-5);
181   Z_VERSION_ERROR = (-6);

183   Z_NO_COMPRESSION      = 0;
184   Z_BEST_SPEED          = 1;
185   Z_BEST_COMPRESSION    = 9;
186   Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION = (-1);

188   Z_FILTERED          = 1;
189   Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY      = 2;
190   Z_RLE               = 3;
191   Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY  = 0;

```

```

193   Z_BINARY   = 0;
194   Z_ASCII    = 1;
195   Z_UNKNOWN  = 2;

197   Z_DEFLATED = 8;

200 {$L adler32.obj}
201 {$L compress.obj}
202 {$L crc32.obj}
203 {$L deflate.obj}
204 {$L infback.obj}
205 {$L inffast.obj}
206 {$L inflate.obj}
207 {$L inftrees.obj}
208 {$L trees.obj}
209 {$L uncompr.obj}
210 {$L zutil.obj}

212 procedure adler32; external;
213 procedure compressBound; external;
214 procedure crc32; external;
215 procedure deflateInit2_; external;
216 procedure deflateParams; external;

218 function _malloc(Size: Integer): Pointer; cdecl;
219 begin
220   Result := AllocMem(Size);
221 end;

223 procedure _free(Block: Pointer); cdecl;
224 begin
225   FreeMem(Block);
226 end;

228 procedure _memset(P: Pointer; B: Byte; count: Integer); cdecl;
229 begin
230   FillChar(P^, count, B);
231 end;

233 procedure _memcpy(dest, source: Pointer; count: Integer); cdecl;
234 begin
235   Move(source^, dest^, count);
236 end;

240 // deflate compresses data
241 function deflateInit_(var strm: TZStreamRec; level: Integer; version: PChar;
242   reysize: Integer): Integer; external;
243 function deflate(var strm: TZStreamRec; flush: Integer): Integer; external;
244 function deflateEnd(var strm: TZStreamRec): Integer; external;

246 // inflate decompresses data
247 function inflateInit_(var strm: TZStreamRec; version: PChar;
248   reysize: Integer): Integer; external;
249 function inflate(var strm: TZStreamRec; flush: Integer): Integer; external;
250 function inflateEnd(var strm: TZStreamRec): Integer; external;
251 function inflateReset(var strm: TZStreamRec): Integer; external;

254 function zlibAllocMem(AppData: Pointer; Items, Size: Integer): Pointer; cdecl;
255 begin
256   // GetMem(Result, Items*Size);
257   Result := AllocMem(Items * Size);
258 end;

```

```

260 procedure zlibFreeMem(AppData, Block: Pointer); cdecl;
261 begin
262   FreeMem(Block);
263 end;

265 {function zlibCheck(code: Integer): Integer;
266 begin
267   Result := code;
268   if code < 0 then
269     raise EZlibError.Create('error');    ///!
270 end;}

272 function CCheck(code: Integer): Integer;
273 begin
274   Result := code;
275   if code < 0 then
276     raise ECompressionError.Create('error'); ///!
277 end;

279 function DCheck(code: Integer): Integer;
280 begin
281   Result := code;
282   if code < 0 then
283     raise EDecompressionError.Create('error'); ///!
284 end;

286 procedure CompressBuf(const InBuf: Pointer; InBytes: Integer;
287                       out OutBuf: Pointer; out OutBytes: Integer);
288 var
289   strm: TZStreamRec;
290   P: Pointer;
291 begin
292   FillChar(strm, sizeof(strm), 0);
293   strm.zalloc := zlibAllocMem;
294   strm.zfree := zlibFreeMem;
295   OutBytes := ((InBytes + (InBytes div 10) + 12) + 255) and not 255;
296   GetMem(OutBuf, OutBytes);
297   try
298     strm.next_in := InBuf;
299     strm.avail_in := InBytes;
300     strm.next_out := OutBuf;
301     strm.avail_out := OutBytes;
302     CCheck(deflateInit_(strm, Z_BEST_COMPRESSION, zlib_version, sizeof(strm)));
303     try
304       while CCheck(deflate(strm, Z_FINISH)) <> Z_STREAM_END do
305         begin
306           P := OutBuf;
307           Inc(OutBytes, 256);
308           ReallocMem(OutBuf, OutBytes);
309           strm.next_out := PChar(Integer(OutBuf) + (Integer(strm.next_out) - Integer(OutBuf)));
310           strm.avail_out := 256;
311         end;
312       finally
313         CCheck(deflateEnd(strm));
314       end;
315       ReallocMem(OutBuf, strm.total_out);
316       OutBytes := strm.total_out;
317     except
318       FreeMem(OutBuf);
319       raise
320     end;
321 end;

324 procedure DecompressBuf(const InBuf: Pointer; InBytes: Integer;

```

```

325   OutEstimate: Integer; out OutBuf: Pointer; out OutBytes: Integer);
326 var
327   strm: TZStreamRec;
328   P: Pointer;
329   BufInc: Integer;
330 begin
331   FillChar(strm, sizeof(strm), 0);
332   strm.zalloc := zlibAllocMem;
333   strm.zfree := zlibFreeMem;
334   BufInc := (InBytes + 255) and not 255;
335   if OutEstimate = 0 then
336     OutBytes := BufInc
337   else
338     OutBytes := OutEstimate;
339   GetMem(OutBuf, OutBytes);
340   try
341     strm.next_in := InBuf;
342     strm.avail_in := InBytes;
343     strm.next_out := OutBuf;
344     strm.avail_out := OutBytes;
345     DCheck(inflateInit_(strm, zlib_version, sizeof(strm)));
346     try
347       while DCheck(inflate(strm, Z_NO_FLUSH)) <> Z_STREAM_END do
348         begin
349           P := OutBuf;
350           Inc(OutBytes, BufInc);
351           ReallocMem(OutBuf, OutBytes);
352           strm.next_out := PChar(Integer(OutBuf) + (Integer(strm.next_out) - Integer(OutBuf)));
353           strm.avail_out := BufInc;
354         end;
355       finally
356         DCheck(inflateEnd(strm));
357       end;
358       ReallocMem(OutBuf, strm.total_out);
359       OutBytes := strm.total_out;
360     except
361       FreeMem(OutBuf);
362       raise
363     end;
364 end;

366 procedure DecompressToUserBuf(const InBuf: Pointer; InBytes: Integer;
367                               const OutBuf: Pointer; BufSize: Integer);
368 var
369   strm: TZStreamRec;
370 begin
371   FillChar(strm, sizeof(strm), 0);
372   strm.zalloc := zlibAllocMem;
373   strm.zfree := zlibFreeMem;
374   strm.next_in := InBuf;
375   strm.avail_in := InBytes;
376   strm.next_out := OutBuf;
377   strm.avail_out := BufSize;
378   DCheck(inflateInit_(strm, zlib_version, sizeof(strm)));
379   try
380     if DCheck(inflate(strm, Z_FINISH)) <> Z_STREAM_END then
381       raise EZlibError.CreateRes(@sTargetBufferTooSmall);
382     finally
383       DCheck(inflateEnd(strm));
384     end;
385 end;

387 // TCustomZlibStream

389 constructor TCustomZlibStream.Create(Strm: TStream);
390 begin

```

```

391 inherited Create;
392 FStrm := Strm;
393 FStrmPos := Strm.Position;
394 FZRec.zalloc := zlibAllocMem;
395 FZRec.zfree := zlibFreeMem;
396 end;

398 procedure TCustomZLibStream.Progress(Sender: TObject);
399 begin
400   if Assigned(FOnProgress) then FOnProgress(Sender);
401 end;

404 // TCompressionStream

406 constructor TCompressionStream.Create(CompressionLevel: TCompressionLevel;
407   Dest: TStream);
408 const
409   Levels: array [TCompressionLevel] of ShortInt =
410     (Z_NO_COMPRESSION, Z_BEST_SPEED, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION, Z_BEST_COMPRESSION);
411 begin
412   inherited Create(Dest);
413   FZRec.next_out := FBuffer;
414   FZRec.avail_out := sizeof(FBuffer);
415   CCheck(deflateInit_(FZRec, Levels[CompressionLevel], zlib_version, sizeof(FZRe
416 end;

418 destructor TCompressionStream.Destroy;
419 begin
420   FZRec.next_in := nil;
421   FZRec.avail_in := 0;
422   try
423     if FStrm.Position <> FStrmPos then FStrm.Position := FStrmPos;
424     while (CCheck(deflate(FZRec, Z_FINISH)) <> Z_STREAM_END)
425       and (FZRec.avail_out = 0) do
426       begin
427         FStrm.WriteBuffer(FBuffer, sizeof(FBuffer));
428         FZRec.next_out := FBuffer;
429         FZRec.avail_out := sizeof(FBuffer);
430       end;
431     if FZRec.avail_out < sizeof(FBuffer) then
432       FStrm.WriteBuffer(FBuffer, sizeof(FBuffer) - FZRec.avail_out);
433   finally
434     deflateEnd(FZRec);
435   end;
436   inherited Destroy;
437 end;

439 function TCompressionStream.Read(var Buffer; Count: Longint): Longint;
440 begin
441   raise ECompressionError.CreateRes(@sInvalidStreamOp);
442 end;

444 function TCompressionStream.Write(const Buffer; Count: Longint): Longint;
445 begin
446   FZRec.next_in := @Buffer;
447   FZRec.avail_in := Count;
448   if FStrm.Position <> FStrmPos then FStrm.Position := FStrmPos;
449   while (FZRec.avail_in > 0) do
450   begin
451     CCheck(deflate(FZRec, 0));
452     if FZRec.avail_out = 0 then
453     begin
454       FStrm.WriteBuffer(FBuffer, sizeof(FBuffer));
455       FZRec.next_out := FBuffer;
456       FZRec.avail_out := sizeof(FBuffer);

```

```

457     FStrmPos := FStrm.Position;
458     Progress(Self);
459   end;
460 end;
461 Result := Count;
462 end;

464 function TCompressionStream.Seek(Offset: Longint; Origin: Word): Longint;
465 begin
466   if (Offset = 0) and (Origin = soFromCurrent) then
467     Result := FZRec.total_in
468   else
469     raise ECompressionError.CreateRes(@sInvalidStreamOp);
470 end;

472 function TCompressionStream.GetCompressionRate: Single;
473 begin
474   if FZRec.total_in = 0 then
475     Result := 0
476   else
477     Result := (1.0 - (FZRec.total_out / FZRec.total_in)) * 100.0;
478 end;

481 // TDecompressionStream

483 constructor TDecompressionStream.Create(Source: TStream);
484 begin
485   inherited Create(Source);
486   FZRec.next_in := FBuffer;
487   FZRec.avail_in := 0;
488   DCheck(inflateInit_(FZRec, zlib_version, sizeof(FZRec)));
489 end;

491 destructor TDecompressionStream.Destroy;
492 begin
493   FStrm.Seek(-FZRec.avail_in, 1);
494   inflateEnd(FZRec);
495   inherited Destroy;
496 end;

498 function TDecompressionStream.Read(var Buffer; Count: Longint): Longint;
499 begin
500   FZRec.next_out := @Buffer;
501   FZRec.avail_out := Count;
502   if FStrm.Position <> FStrmPos then FStrm.Position := FStrmPos;
503   while (FZRec.avail_out > 0) do
504   begin
505     if FZRec.avail_in = 0 then
506     begin
507       FZRec.avail_in := FStrm.Read(FBuffer, sizeof(FBuffer));
508       if FZRec.avail_in = 0 then
509       begin
510         Result := Count - FZRec.avail_out;
511         Exit;
512       end;
513       FZRec.next_in := FBuffer;
514       FStrmPos := FStrm.Position;
515       Progress(Self);
516     end;
517     CCheck(inflate(FZRec, 0));
518   end;
519   Result := Count;
520 end;

522 function TDecompressionStream.Write(const Buffer; Count: Longint): Longint;

```



```
523 begin
524   raise EDecompressionError.CreateRes(@sInvalidStreamOp);
525 end;

527 function TDecompressionStream.Seek(Offset: Longint; Origin: Word): Longint;
528 var
529   I: Integer;
530   Buf: array [0..4095] of Char;
531 begin
532   if (Offset = 0) and (Origin = soFromBeginning) then
533     begin
534       DCheck(inflateReset(FZRec));
535       FZRec.next_in := FBuffer;
536       FZRec.avail_in := 0;
537       FStrm.Position := 0;
538       FStrmPos := 0;
539     end
540   else if ( (Offset >= 0) and (Origin = soFromCurrent)) or
541           ( ((Offset - FZRec.total_out) > 0) and (Origin = soFromBeginning)) then
542     begin
543       if Origin = soFromBeginning then Dec(Offset, FZRec.total_out);
544       if Offset > 0 then
545         begin
546           for I := 1 to Offset div sizeof(Buf) do
547             ReadBuffer(Buf, sizeof(Buf));
548           ReadBuffer(Buf, Offset mod sizeof(Buf));
549         end;
550       end
551     else
552       raise EDecompressionError.CreateRes(@sInvalidStreamOp);
553     Result := FZRec.total_out;
554   end;

557 end.
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/delphi/ZLibConst.pas

1

186 Wed Apr 1 15:57:05 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/delphi/ZLibConst.pas

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 unit ZLibConst;

3 interface

5 resourcestring

6 sTargetBufferTooSmall = 'ZLib error: target buffer may be too small';

7 sInvalidStreamOp = 'Invalid stream operation';

9 implementation

11 end.

```

*****
2500 Wed Apr 1 15:57:05 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/delphi/readme.txt
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****

```

```

2 Overview
3 =====

```

```

5 This directory contains an update to the ZLib interface unit,
6 distributed by Borland as a Delphi supplemental component.

```

```

8 The original ZLib unit is Copyright (c) 1997,99 Borland Corp.,
9 and is based on zlib version 1.0.4. There are a series of bugs
10 and security problems associated with that old zlib version, and
11 we recommend the users to update their ZLib unit.

```

```

14 Summary of modifications
15 =====

```

```

17 - Improved makefile, adapted to zlib version 1.2.1.

```

```

19 - Some field types from TZStreamRec are changed from Integer to
20 Longint, for consistency with the zlib.h header, and for 64-bit
21 readiness.

```

```

23 - The zlib_version constant is updated.

```

```

25 - The new Z_RLE strategy has its corresponding symbolic constant.

```

```

27 - The allocation and deallocation functions and function types
28 (TAlloc, TFree, zlibAllocMem and zlibFreeMem) are now cdecl,
29 and _malloc and _free are added as C RTL stubs. As a result,
30 the original C sources of zlib can be compiled out of the box,
31 and linked to the ZLib unit.

```

```

34 Suggestions for improvements
35 =====

```

```

37 Currently, the ZLib unit provides only a limited wrapper around
38 the zlib library, and much of the original zlib functionality is
39 missing. Handling compressed file formats like ZIP/GZIP or PNG
40 cannot be implemented without having this functionality.
41 Applications that handle these formats are either using their own,
42 duplicated code, or not using the ZLib unit at all.

```

```

44 Here are a few suggestions:

```

```

46 - Checksum class wrappers around Adler32() and Crc32(), similar
47 to the Java classes that implement the java.util.zip.Checksum
48 interface.

```

```

50 - The ability to read and write raw deflate streams, without the
51 zlib stream header and trailer. Raw deflate streams are used
52 in the ZIP file format.

```

```

54 - The ability to read and write gzip streams, used in the GZIP
55 file format, and normally produced by the gzip program.

```

```

57 - The ability to select a different compression strategy, useful
58 to PNG and MNG image compression, and to multimedia compression
59 in general. Besides the compression level

```

```

61     TCompressionLevel = (clNone, clFastest, clDefault, clMax);
63     which, in fact, could have used the 'z' prefix and avoided
64     TColor-like symbols
66     TCompressionLevel = (zcNone, zcFastest, zcDefault, zcMax);
68     there could be a compression strategy
70     TCompressionStrategy = (zsDefault, zsFiltered, zsHuffmanOnly, zsRle);
72 - ZIP and GZIP stream handling via TStreams.

75 --
76 Cosmin Truta <cosmint@cs.ubbcluj.ro>

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/delphi/zlibd32.mak

1

2360 Wed Apr 1 15:57:06 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/delphi/zlibd32.mak

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 # Makefile for zlib

2 # For use with Delphi and C++ Builder under Win32

3 # Updated for zlib 1.2.x by Cosmin Truta

5 # ----- Borland C++ -----

7 # This project uses the Delphi (fastcall/register) calling convention:

8 LOC = -DZEXPORT=__fastcall -DEXPORTVA=__cdecl

10 CC = bcc32

11 LD = bcc32

12 AR = tlib

13 # do not use "-pr" in CFLAGS

14 CFLAGS = -a -d -k- -O2 \$(LOC)

15 LDFLAGS =

18 # variables

19 ZLIB_LIB = zlib.lib

21 OBJ1 = adler32.obj compress.obj crc32.obj deflate.obj gzclose.obj gzlib.obj gzre

22 OBJ2 = gzwrite.obj infback.obj inffast.obj inflate.obj inftrees.obj trees.obj un

23 OBJP1 = +adler32.obj+compress.obj+crc32.obj+deflate.obj+gzclose.obj+gzlib.obj+gz

24 OBJP2 = +gzwrite.obj+infback.obj+inffast.obj+inflate.obj+inftrees.obj+trees.obj+

27 # targets

28 all: \$(ZLIB_LIB) example.exe minigzip.exe

30 .c.obj:

31 \$(CC) -c \$(CFLAGS) *.c

33 adler32.obj: adler32.c zlib.h zconf.h

35 compress.obj: compress.c zlib.h zconf.h

37 crc32.obj: crc32.c zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h

39 deflate.obj: deflate.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

41 gzclose.obj: gzclose.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

43 gzlib.obj: gzlib.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

45 gzread.obj: gzread.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

47 gzwrite.obj: gzwrite.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

49 infback.obj: infback.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \

50 inffast.h inffixed.h

52 inffast.obj: inffast.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \

53 inffast.h

55 inflate.obj: inflate.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \

56 inffast.h inffixed.h

58 inftrees.obj: inftrees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h

60 trees.obj: trees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h deflate.h trees.h

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/delphi/zlibd32.mak

2

62 uncompr.obj: uncompr.c zlib.h zconf.h

64 zutil.obj: zutil.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

66 example.obj: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h

68 minigzip.obj: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h

71 # For the sake of the old Borland make,

72 # the command line is cut to fit in the MS-DOS 128 byte limit:

73 \$(ZLIB_LIB): \$(OBJ1) \$(OBJ2)

74 -del \$(ZLIB_LIB)

75 \$(AR) \$(ZLIB_LIB) \$(OBJP1)

76 \$(AR) \$(ZLIB_LIB) \$(OBJP2)

79 # testing

80 test: example.exe minigzip.exe

81 example

82 echo hello world | minigzip | minigzip -d

84 example.exe: example.obj \$(ZLIB_LIB)

85 \$(LD) \$(LDFLAGS) example.obj \$(ZLIB_LIB)

87 minigzip.exe: minigzip.obj \$(ZLIB_LIB)

88 \$(LD) \$(LDFLAGS) minigzip.obj \$(ZLIB_LIB)

91 # cleanup

92 clean:

93 -del *.obj

94 -del *.exe

95 -del *.lib

96 -del *.tds

97 -del zlib.bak

98 -del foo.gz

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib.build

1

1175 Wed Apr 1 15:57:06 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib.build

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
2  <project name="DotZLib" default="build" basedir="./DotZLib">
3    <description>A .Net wrapper library around ZLib1.dll</description>
4
5    <property name="nunit.location" value="c:/program files/NUnit V2.1/bin"
6    <property name="build.root" value="bin" />
7
8    <property name="debug" value="true" />
9    <property name="nunit" value="true" />
10
11   <property name="build.folder" value="${build.root}/debug/" if="${debug}"
12   <property name="build.folder" value="${build.root}/release/" unless="${d
13
14   <target name="clean" description="Remove all generated files">
15     <delete dir="${build.root}" failonerror="false" />
16   </target>
17
18   <target name="build" description="compiles the source code">
19
20     <mkdir dir="${build.folder}" />
21     <csc target="library" output="${build.folder}DotZLib.dll" debug=
22     <references basedir="${nunit.location}">
23       <includes if="${nunit}" name="nunit.framework.dl
24     </references>
25     <sources>
26       <includes name="*.cs" />
27       <excludes name="UnitTests.cs" unless="${nunit}"
28     </sources>
29     <arg value="/d:nunit" if="${nunit}" />
30   </csc>
31 </target>
32
33 </project>
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib.chm

1

```
*****  
72726 Wed Apr 1 15:57:06 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib.chm  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib.sln

1

907 Wed Apr 1 15:57:06 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib.sln

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 Microsoft Visual Studio Solution File, Format Version 8.00
2 Project("{FAE04EC0-301F-11D3-BF4B-00C04F79EFBC}") = "DotZLib", "DotZLib\DotZLib.
3     ProjectSection(ProjectDependencies) = postProject
4     EndProjectSection
5 EndProject
6 Global
7     GlobalSection(SolutionConfiguration) = preSolution
8         Debug = Debug
9         Release = Release
10    EndGlobalSection
11    GlobalSection(ProjectConfiguration) = postSolution
12        {BB1EE0B1-1808-46CB-B786-949D91117FC5}.Debug.ActiveCfg = Debug|.
13        {BB1EE0B1-1808-46CB-B786-949D91117FC5}.Debug.Build.0 = Debug|.NE
14        {BB1EE0B1-1808-46CB-B786-949D91117FC5}.Release.ActiveCfg = Relea
15        {BB1EE0B1-1808-46CB-B786-949D91117FC5}.Release.Build.0 = Release
16    EndGlobalSection
17    GlobalSection(ExtensibilityGlobals) = postSolution
18    EndGlobalSection
19    GlobalSection(ExtensibilityAddIns) = postSolution
20    EndGlobalSection
21 EndGlobal
```

2500 Wed Apr 1 15:57:06 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/AssemblyInfo.cs

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 using System.Reflection;
2 using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
3
4 //
5 // General Information about an assembly is controlled through the following
6 // set of attributes. Change these attribute values to modify the information
7 // associated with an assembly.
8 //
9 [assembly: AssemblyTitle("DotZLib")]
10 [assembly: AssemblyDescription(".Net bindings for ZLib compression dll 1.2.x")]
11 [assembly: AssemblyConfiguration("")]
12 [assembly: AssemblyCompany("Henrik Ravn")]
13 [assembly: AssemblyProduct("")]
14 [assembly: AssemblyCopyright("(c) 2004 by Henrik Ravn")]
15 [assembly: AssemblyTrademark("")]
16 [assembly: AssemblyCulture("")]
17
18 //
19 // Version information for an assembly consists of the following four values:
20 //
21 //      Major Version
22 //      Minor Version
23 //      Build Number
24 //      Revision
25 //
26 // You can specify all the values or you can default the Revision and Build Numb
27 // by using the '*' as shown below:
28
29 [assembly: AssemblyVersion("1.0.*")]
30
31 //
32 // In order to sign your assembly you must specify a key to use. Refer to the
33 // Microsoft .NET Framework documentation for more information on assembly signi
34 //
35 // Use the attributes below to control which key is used for signing.
36 //
37 // Notes:
38 // (*) If no key is specified, the assembly is not signed.
39 // (*) KeyName refers to a key that has been installed in the Crypto Service
40 // Provider (CSP) on your machine. KeyFile refers to a file which contains
41 // a key.
42 // (*) If the KeyFile and the KeyName values are both specified, the
43 // following processing occurs:
44 // (1) If the KeyName can be found in the CSP, that key is used.
45 // (2) If the KeyName does not exist and the KeyFile does exist, the key
46 // in the KeyFile is installed into the CSP and used.
47 // (*) In order to create a KeyFile, you can use the sn.exe (Strong Name) util
48 // When specifying the KeyFile, the location of the KeyFile should be
49 // relative to the project output directory which is
50 // %Project Directory%\obj\
```



```

*****
      8040 Wed Apr 1 15:57:06 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/ChecksumImpl.cs
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 //
2 // ' Copyright Henrik Ravn 2004
3 //
4 // Use, modification and distribution are subject to the Boost Software License,
5 // (See accompanying file LICENSE_1_0.txt or copy at http://www.boost.org/LICENS
6 //
7
8 using System;
9 using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
10 using System.Text;
11
12
13 namespace DotZLib
14 {
15     #region ChecksumGeneratorBase
16     /// <summary>
17     /// Implements the common functionality needed for all <see cref="ChecksumGe
18     /// </summary>
19     /// <example></example>
20     public abstract class ChecksumGeneratorBase : ChecksumGenerator
21     {
22         /// <summary>
23         /// The value of the current checksum
24         /// </summary>
25         protected uint _current;
26
27         /// <summary>
28         /// Initializes a new instance of the checksum generator base - the curr
29         /// set to zero
30         /// </summary>
31         public ChecksumGeneratorBase()
32         {
33             _current = 0;
34         }
35
36         /// <summary>
37         /// Initializes a new instance of the checksum generator basewith a spec
38         /// </summary>
39         /// <param name="initialValue">The value to set the current checksum to<
40         public ChecksumGeneratorBase(uint initialValue)
41         {
42             _current = initialValue;
43         }
44
45         /// <summary>
46         /// Resets the current checksum to zero
47         /// </summary>
48         public void Reset() { _current = 0; }
49
50         /// <summary>
51         /// Gets the current checksum value
52         /// </summary>
53         public uint Value { get { return _current; } }
54
55         /// <summary>
56         /// Updates the current checksum with part of an array of bytes
57         /// </summary>
58         /// <param name="data">The data to update the checksum with</param>
59         /// <param name="offset">Where in <c>data</c> to start updating</param>
60         /// <param name="count">The number of bytes from <c>data</c> to use</par

```

```

61     /// <exception cref="ArgumentException">The sum of offset and count is 1
62     /// <exception cref="NullReferenceException"><c>data</c> is a null refer
63     /// <exception cref="ArgumentOutOfRangeException">Offset or count is neg
64     /// <remarks>All the other <c>Update</c> methods are implmeneted in term
65     /// This is therefore the only method a derived class has to implement</
66     public abstract void Update(byte[] data, int offset, int count);
67
68     /// <summary>
69     /// Updates the current checksum with an array of bytes.
70     /// </summary>
71     /// <param name="data">The data to update the checksum with</param>
72     public void Update(byte[] data)
73     {
74         Update(data, 0, data.Length);
75     }
76
77     /// <summary>
78     /// Updates the current checksum with the data from a string
79     /// </summary>
80     /// <param name="data">The string to update the checksum with</param>
81     /// <remarks>The characters in the string are converted by the UTF-8 enc
82     public void Update(string data)
83     {
84         Update(Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(data));
85     }
86
87     /// <summary>
88     /// Updates the current checksum with the data from a string, using a sp
89     /// </summary>
90     /// <param name="data">The string to update the checksum with</param>
91     /// <param name="encoding">The encoding to use</param>
92     public void Update(string data, Encoding encoding)
93     {
94         Update(encoding.GetBytes(data));
95     }
96
97 }
98 #endregion
99
100 #region CRC32
101 /// <summary>
102 /// Implements a CRC32 checksum generator
103 /// </summary>
104 public sealed class CRC32Checksum : ChecksumGeneratorBase
105 {
106     #region DLL imports
107
108     [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
109     private static extern uint crc32(uint crc, int data, uint length);
110
111     #endregion
112
113     /// <summary>
114     /// Initializes a new instance of the CRC32 checksum generator
115     /// </summary>
116     public CRC32Checksum() : base() {}
117
118     /// <summary>
119     /// Initializes a new instance of the CRC32 checksum generator with a sp
120     /// </summary>
121     /// <param name="initialValue">The value to set the current checksum to<
122     public CRC32Checksum(uint initialValue) : base(initialValue) {}
123
124     /// <summary>
125     /// Updates the current checksum with part of an array of bytes
126     /// </summary>

```

```

127     /// <param name="data">The data to update the checksum with</param>
128     /// <param name="offset">Where in <c>data</c> to start updating</param>
129     /// <param name="count">The number of bytes from <c>data</c> to use</par
130     /// <exception cref="ArgumentException">The sum of offset and count is 1
131     /// <exception cref="NullReferenceException"><c>data</c> is a null refer
132     /// <exception cref="ArgumentOutOfRangeException">Offset or count is neg
133     public override void Update(byte[] data, int offset, int count)
134     {
135         if (offset < 0 || count < 0) throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException()
136         if ((offset+count) > data.Length) throw new ArgumentException();
137         GCHandle hData = GCHandle.Alloc(data, GCHandleType.Pinned);
138         try
139         {
140             _current = crc32(_current, hData.AddrOfPinnedObject().ToInt32()+
141             }
142             finally
143             {
144                 hData.Free();
145             }
146         }
147     }
148 }
149 #endregion
150
151 #region Adler
152 /// <summary>
153 /// Implements a checksum generator that computes the Adler checksum on data
154 /// </summary>
155 public sealed class AdlerChecksum : ChecksumGeneratorBase
156 {
157     #region DLL imports
158
159     [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
160     private static extern uint adler32(uint adler, int data, uint length);
161
162     #endregion
163
164     /// <summary>
165     /// Initializes a new instance of the Adler checksum generator
166     /// </summary>
167     public AdlerChecksum() : base() {}
168
169     /// <summary>
170     /// Initializes a new instance of the Adler checksum generator with a sp
171     /// </summary>
172     /// <param name="initialValue">The value to set the current checksum to<
173     public AdlerChecksum(uint initialValue) : base(initialValue) {}
174
175     /// <summary>
176     /// Updates the current checksum with part of an array of bytes
177     /// </summary>
178     /// <param name="data">The data to update the checksum with</param>
179     /// <param name="offset">Where in <c>data</c> to start updating</param>
180     /// <param name="count">The number of bytes from <c>data</c> to use</par
181     /// <exception cref="ArgumentException">The sum of offset and count is 1
182     /// <exception cref="NullReferenceException"><c>data</c> is a null refer
183     /// <exception cref="ArgumentOutOfRangeException">Offset or count is neg
184     public override void Update(byte[] data, int offset, int count)
185     {
186         if (offset < 0 || count < 0) throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException()
187         if ((offset+count) > data.Length) throw new ArgumentException();
188         GCHandle hData = GCHandle.Alloc(data, GCHandleType.Pinned);
189         try
190         {
191             _current = adler32(_current, hData.AddrOfPinnedObject().ToInt32(
192         }

```

```

193         finally
194         {
195             hData.Free();
196         }
197     }
198 }
199 #endregion
200
201 #endregion
202 }

```

```

*****
2246 Wed Apr 1 15:57:07 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/CircularBuffer.cs
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 //
2 // ' Copyright Henrik Ravn 2004
3 //
4 // Use, modification and distribution are subject to the Boost Software License,
5 // (See accompanying file LICENSE_1_0.txt or copy at http://www.boost.org/LICENS
6 //
7
8 using System;
9 using System.Diagnostics;
10
11 namespace DotZLib
12 {
13
14     /// <summary>
15     /// This class implements a circular buffer
16     /// </summary>
17     internal class CircularBuffer
18     {
19         #region Private data
20         private int _capacity;
21         private int _head;
22         private int _tail;
23         private int _size;
24         private byte[] _buffer;
25         #endregion
26
27         public CircularBuffer(int capacity)
28         {
29             Debug.Assert( capacity > 0 );
30             _buffer = new byte[capacity];
31             _capacity = capacity;
32             _head = 0;
33             _tail = 0;
34             _size = 0;
35         }
36
37         public int Size { get { return _size; } }
38
39         public int Put(byte[] source, int offset, int count)
40         {
41             Debug.Assert( count > 0 );
42             int trueCount = Math.Min(count, _capacity - Size);
43             for (int i = 0; i < trueCount; ++i)
44                 _buffer[( _tail+i ) % _capacity] = source[offset+i];
45             _tail += trueCount;
46             _tail %= _capacity;
47             _size += trueCount;
48             return trueCount;
49         }
50
51         public bool Put(byte b)
52         {
53             if (Size == _capacity) // no room
54                 return false;
55             _buffer[_tail++] = b;
56             _tail %= _capacity;
57             ++_size;
58             return true;
59         }
60

```

```

61         public int Get(byte[] destination, int offset, int count)
62         {
63             int trueCount = Math.Min(count, Size);
64             for (int i = 0; i < trueCount; ++i)
65                 destination[offset + i] = _buffer[( _head+i ) % _capacity];
66             _head += trueCount;
67             _head %= _capacity;
68             _size -= trueCount;
69             return trueCount;
70         }
71
72         public int Get()
73         {
74             if (Size == 0)
75                 return -1;
76
77             int result = (int)_buffer[_head++ % _capacity];
78             --_size;
79             return result;
80         }
81     }
82 }
83 }

```

```

*****
6335 Wed Apr 1 15:57:07 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/CodecBase.cs
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 //
2 // ' Copyright Henrik Ravn 2004
3 //
4 // Use, modification and distribution are subject to the Boost Software License,
5 // (See accompanying file LICENSE_1_0.txt or copy at http://www.boost.org/LICENS
6 //
7
8 using System;
9 using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
10
11 namespace DotZLib
12 {
13     /// <summary>
14     /// Implements the common functionality needed for all <see cref="Codec"
15     /// </summary>
16     public abstract class CodecBase : Codec, IDisposable
17     {
18
19         #region Data members
20
21         /// <summary>
22         /// Instance of the internal zlib buffer structure that is
23         /// passed to all functions in the zlib dll
24         /// </summary>
25         internal ZStream _zstream = new ZStream();
26
27         /// <summary>
28         /// True if the object instance has been disposed, false otherwise
29         /// </summary>
30         protected bool _isDisposed = false;
31
32         /// <summary>
33         /// The size of the internal buffers
34         /// </summary>
35         protected const int kBufferSize = 16384;
36
37         private byte[] _outBuffer = new byte[kBufferSize];
38         private byte[] _inBuffer = new byte[kBufferSize];
39
40         private GCHandle _hInput;
41         private GCHandle _hOutput;
42
43         private uint _checksum = 0;
44
45         #endregion
46
47         /// <summary>
48         /// Initializes a new instance of the <c>CodeBase</c> class.
49         /// </summary>
50         public CodecBase()
51         {
52             try
53             {
54                 _hInput = GCHandle.Alloc(_inBuffer, GCHandleType.Pinned);
55                 _hOutput = GCHandle.Alloc(_outBuffer, GCHandleType.Pinned);
56             }
57             catch (Exception)
58             {
59                 Cleanup(false);
60                 throw;

```

```

61     }
62 }
63
64 #region Codec Members
65
66 /// <summary>
67 /// Occurs when more processed data are available.
68 /// </summary>
69 public event DataAvailableHandler DataAvailable;
70
71 /// <summary>
72 /// Fires the <see cref="DataAvailable"/> event
73 /// </summary>
74 protected void OnDataAvailable()
75 {
76     if (_zstream.total_out > 0)
77     {
78         if (DataAvailable != null)
79             DataAvailable(_outBuffer, 0, (int)_zstream.total_out);
80         resetOutput();
81     }
82 }
83
84 /// <summary>
85 /// Adds more data to the codec to be processed.
86 /// </summary>
87 /// <param name="data">Byte array containing the data to be added to the
88 /// <remarks>Adding data may, or may not, raise the <c>DataAvailable</c>
89 public void Add(byte[] data)
90 {
91     Add(data, 0, data.Length);
92 }
93
94 /// <summary>
95 /// Adds more data to the codec to be processed.
96 /// </summary>
97 /// <param name="data">Byte array containing the data to be added to the
98 /// <param name="offset">The index of the first byte to add from <c>data
99 /// <param name="count">The number of bytes to add</param>
100 /// <remarks>Adding data may, or may not, raise the <c>DataAvailable</c>
101 /// <remarks>This must be implemented by a derived class</remarks>
102 public abstract void Add(byte[] data, int offset, int count);
103
104 /// <summary>
105 /// Finishes up any pending data that needs to be processed and handled.
106 /// </summary>
107 /// <remarks>This must be implemented by a derived class</remarks>
108 public abstract void Finish();
109
110 /// <summary>
111 /// Gets the checksum of the data that has been added so far
112 /// </summary>
113 public uint Checksum { get { return _checksum; } }
114
115 #endregion
116
117 #region Destructor & IDisposable stuff
118
119 /// <summary>
120 /// Destroys this instance
121 /// </summary>
122 ~CodecBase()
123 {
124     Cleanup(false);
125 }
126

```

```

127
128     /// <summary>
129     /// Releases any unmanaged resources and calls the <see cref="Cleanup()">
130     /// </summary>
131     public void Dispose()
132     {
133         Cleanup(true);
134     }
135
136     /// <summary>
137     /// Performs any codec specific cleanup
138     /// </summary>
139     /// <remarks>This must be implemented by a derived class</remarks>
140     protected abstract void Cleanup();
141
142     // performs the release of the handles and calls the dereived Cleanup()
143     private void Cleanup(bool isDisposing)
144     {
145         if (!_isDisposed)
146         {
147             Cleanup();
148             if (_hInput.IsAllocated)
149                 _hInput.Free();
150             if (_hOutput.IsAllocated)
151                 _hOutput.Free();
152
153             _isDisposed = true;
154         }
155     }
156
157     #endregion
158
159     #region Helper methods
160
161     /// <summary>
162     /// Copies a number of bytes to the internal codec buffer - ready for pr
163     /// </summary>
164     /// <param name="data">The byte array that contains the data to copy</pa
165     /// <param name="startIndex">The index of the first byte to copy</param>
166     /// <param name="count">The number of bytes to copy from <c>data</c></pa
167     protected void copyInput(byte[] data, int startIndex, int count)
168     {
169         Array.Copy(data, startIndex, _inBuffer, 0, count);
170         _zstream.next_in = _hInput.AddrOfPinnedObject();
171         _zstream.total_in = 0;
172         _zstream.avail_in = (uint)count;
173     }
174
175     /// <summary>
176     /// Resets the internal output buffers to a known state - ready for proc
177     /// </summary>
178     protected void resetOutput()
179     {
180         _zstream.total_out = 0;
181         _zstream.avail_out = kBufferSize;
182         _zstream.next_out = _hOutput.AddrOfPinnedObject();
183     }
184
185     /// <summary>
186     /// Updates the running checksum property
187     /// </summary>
188     /// <param name="newSum">The new checksum value</param>
189     protected void setChecksum(uint newSum)
190     {
191
192

```

```

193         _checksum = newSum;
194     }
195     #endregion
196
197 }
198 }

```

```

*****
3992 Wed Apr 1 15:57:07 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/Deflater.cs
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 //
2 // ' Copyright Henrik Ravn 2004
3 //
4 // Use, modification and distribution are subject to the Boost Software License,
5 // (See accompanying file LICENSE_1_0.txt or copy at http://www.boost.org/LICENS
6 //
7
8 using System;
9 using System.Diagnostics;
10 using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
11
12 namespace DotZLib
13 {
14
15     /// <summary>
16     /// Implements a data compressor, using the deflate algorithm in the ZLib dl
17     /// </summary>
18     public sealed class Deflater : CodecBase
19     {
20         #region Dll imports
21         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl, CharSet
22         private static extern int deflateInit_(ref ZStream sz, int level, string
23
24         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
25         private static extern int deflate(ref ZStream sz, int flush);
26
27         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
28         private static extern int deflateReset(ref ZStream sz);
29
30         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
31         private static extern int deflateEnd(ref ZStream sz);
32         #endregion
33
34         /// <summary>
35         /// Constructs a new instance of the <c>Deflater</c>
36         /// </summary>
37         /// <param name="level">The compression level to use for this <c>Deflate
38         public Deflater(CompressLevel level) : base()
39         {
40             int retval = deflateInit_(ref _zstream, (int)level, Info.Version, Mar
41             if (retval != 0)
42                 throw new ZLibException(retval, "Could not initialize deflater")
43
44             resetOutput();
45         }
46
47         /// <summary>
48         /// Adds more data to the codec to be processed.
49         /// </summary>
50         /// <param name="data">Byte array containing the data to be added to the
51         /// <param name="offset">The index of the first byte to add from <c>data
52         /// <param name="count">The number of bytes to add</param>
53         /// <remarks>Adding data may, or may not, raise the <c>DataAvailable</c>
54         public override void Add(byte[] data, int offset, int count)
55         {
56             if (data == null) throw new ArgumentNullException();
57             if (offset < 0 || count < 0) throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException();
58             if ((offset+count) > data.Length) throw new ArgumentException();
59
60             int total = count;

```

```

61         int inputIndex = offset;
62         int err = 0;
63
64         while (err >= 0 && inputIndex < total)
65         {
66             copyInput(data, inputIndex, Math.Min(total - inputIndex, kBuffer
67             while (err >= 0 && _zstream.avail_in > 0)
68             {
69                 err = deflate(ref _zstream, (int)FlushTypes.None);
70                 if (err == 0)
71                     while (_zstream.avail_out == 0)
72                     {
73                         OnDataAvailable();
74                         err = deflate(ref _zstream, (int)FlushTypes.None);
75                     }
76                 inputIndex += (int)_zstream.total_in;
77             }
78         }
79         setChecksum( _zstream.adler );
80     }
81
82     /// <summary>
83     /// Finishes up any pending data that needs to be processed and handled.
84     /// </summary>
85     /// </summary>
86     public override void Finish()
87     {
88         int err;
89         do
90         {
91             err = deflate(ref _zstream, (int)FlushTypes.Finish);
92             OnDataAvailable();
93         }
94         while (err == 0);
95         setChecksum( _zstream.adler );
96         deflateReset(ref _zstream);
97         resetOutput();
98     }
99
100     /// <summary>
101     /// Closes the internal zlib deflate stream
102     /// </summary>
103     protected override void Cleanup() { deflateEnd(ref _zstream); }
104
105 }
106 }

```

```

*****
9927 Wed Apr 1 15:57:07 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/DotZLib.cs
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 //
2 // ' Copyright Henrik Ravn 2004
3 //
4 // Use, modification and distribution are subject to the Boost Software License,
5 // (See accompanying file LICENSE_1_0.txt or copy at http://www.boost.org/LICENS
6 //
7
8 using System;
9 using System.IO;
10 using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
11 using System.Text;
12
13
14 namespace DotZLib
15 {
16
17     #region Internal types
18
19     /// <summary>
20     /// Defines constants for the various flush types used with zlib
21     /// </summary>
22     internal enum FlushTypes
23     {
24         None, Partial, Sync, Full, Finish, Block
25     }
26
27     #region ZStream structure
28     // internal mapping of the zlib zstream structure for marshalling
29     [StructLayoutAttribute(LayoutKind.Sequential, Pack=4, Size=0, CharSet=CharSe
30     internal struct ZStream
31     {
32         public IntPtr next_in;
33         public uint avail_in;
34         public uint total_in;
35
36         public IntPtr next_out;
37         public uint avail_out;
38         public uint total_out;
39
40         [MarshalAs(UnmanagedType.LPStr)]
41         string msg;
42         uint state;
43
44         uint zalloc;
45         uint zfree;
46         uint opaque;
47
48         int data_type;
49         public uint adler;
50         uint reserved;
51     }
52
53     #endregion
54
55     #endregion
56
57     #region Public enums
58     /// <summary>
59     /// Defines constants for the available compression levels in zlib
60     /// </summary>

```

```

61     public enum CompressLevel : int
62     {
63         /// <summary>
64         /// The default compression level with a reasonable compromise between c
65         /// </summary>
66         Default = -1,
67         /// <summary>
68         /// No compression at all. The data are passed straight through.
69         /// </summary>
70         None = 0,
71         /// <summary>
72         /// The maximum compression rate available.
73         /// </summary>
74         Best = 9,
75         /// <summary>
76         /// The fastest available compression level.
77         /// </summary>
78         Fastest = 1
79     }
80     #endregion
81
82     #region Exception classes
83     /// <summary>
84     /// The exception that is thrown when an error occurs on the zlib dll
85     /// </summary>
86     public class ZLibException : ApplicationException
87     {
88         /// <summary>
89         /// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="ZLibException"/> class
90         /// error message and error code
91         /// </summary>
92         /// <param name="errorCode">The zlib error code that caused the exceptio
93         /// <param name="msg">A message that (hopefully) describes the error</pa
94         public ZLibException(int errorCode, string msg) : base(String.Format("ZL
95         {
96         }
97
98         /// <summary>
99         /// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="ZLibException"/> class
100        /// error code
101        /// </summary>
102        /// <param name="errorCode">The zlib error code that caused the exceptio
103        public ZLibException(int errorCode) : base(String.Format("ZLib error {0}
104        {
105        }
106    }
107    #endregion
108
109    #region Interfaces
110
111    /// <summary>
112    /// Declares methods and properties that enables a running checksum to be ca
113    /// </summary>
114    public interface ChecksumGenerator
115    {
116        /// <summary>
117        /// Gets the current value of the checksum
118        /// </summary>
119        uint Value { get; }
120
121        /// <summary>
122        /// Clears the current checksum to 0
123        /// </summary>
124        void Reset();
125
126        /// <summary>

```

```

127     /// Updates the current checksum with an array of bytes
128     /// </summary>
129     /// <param name="data">The data to update the checksum with</param>
130     void Update(byte[] data);
131
132     /// <summary>
133     /// Updates the current checksum with part of an array of bytes
134     /// </summary>
135     /// <param name="data">The data to update the checksum with</param>
136     /// <param name="offset">Where in <c>data</c> to start updating</param>
137     /// <param name="count">The number of bytes from <c>data</c> to use</par
138     /// <exception cref="ArgumentOutOfRangeException">The sum of offset and count is 1
139     /// <exception cref="ArgumentNullException"><c>data</c> is a null refere
140     /// <exception cref="ArgumentOutOfRangeException">Offset or count is neg
141     void Update(byte[] data, int offset, int count);
142
143     /// <summary>
144     /// Updates the current checksum with the data from a string
145     /// </summary>
146     /// <param name="data">The string to update the checksum with</param>
147     /// <remarks>The characters in the string are converted by the UTF-8 enc
148     void Update(string data);
149
150     /// <summary>
151     /// Updates the current checksum with the data from a string, using a sp
152     /// </summary>
153     /// <param name="data">The string to update the checksum with</param>
154     /// <param name="encoding">The encoding to use</param>
155     void Update(string data, Encoding encoding);
156 }
157
158
159 /// <summary>
160 /// Represents the method that will be called from a codec when new data
161 /// are available.
162 /// </summary>
163 /// <paramref name="data">The byte array containing the processed data</para
164 /// <paramref name="startIndex">The index of the first processed byte in <c>
165 /// <paramref name="count">The number of processed bytes available</paramref
166 /// <remarks>On return from this method, the data may be overwritten, so gra
167 /// You cannot assume that startIndex will be zero.
168 /// </remarks>
169 public delegate void DataAvailableHandler(byte[] data, int startIndex, int c
170
171 /// <summary>
172 /// Declares methods and events for implementing compressors/decompressors
173 /// </summary>
174 public interface Codec
175 {
176     /// <summary>
177     /// Occurs when more processed data are available.
178     /// </summary>
179     event DataAvailableHandler DataAvailable;
180
181     /// <summary>
182     /// Adds more data to the codec to be processed.
183     /// </summary>
184     /// <param name="data">Byte array containing the data to be added to the
185     /// <remarks>Adding data may, or may not, raise the <c>DataAvailable</c>
186     void Add(byte[] data);
187
188     /// <summary>
189     /// Adds more data to the codec to be processed.
190     /// </summary>
191     /// <param name="data">Byte array containing the data to be added to the
192     /// <param name="offset">The index of the first byte to add from <c>data

```

```

193     /// <param name="count">The number of bytes to add</param>
194     /// <remarks>Adding data may, or may not, raise the <c>DataAvailable</c>
195     void Add(byte[] data, int offset, int count);
196
197     /// <summary>
198     /// Finishes up any pending data that needs to be processed and handled.
199     /// </summary>
200     void Finish();
201
202     /// <summary>
203     /// Gets the checksum of the data that has been added so far
204     /// </summary>
205     uint Checksum { get; }
206
207 }
208
209 #endregion
210
211 #region Classes
212 /// <summary>
213 /// Encapsulates general information about the ZLib library
214 /// </summary>
215 public class Info
216 {
217     #region DLL imports
218     [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
219     private static extern uint zlibCompileFlags();
220
221     [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
222     private static extern string zlibVersion();
223 #endregion
224
225     #region Private stuff
226     private uint _flags;
227
228     // helper function that unpacks a bitsize mask
229     private static int bitSize(uint bits)
230     {
231         switch (bits)
232         {
233             case 0: return 16;
234             case 1: return 32;
235             case 2: return 64;
236         }
237         return -1;
238     }
239 #endregion
240
241     /// <summary>
242     /// Constructs an instance of the <c>Info</c> class.
243     /// </summary>
244     public Info()
245     {
246         _flags = zlibCompileFlags();
247     }
248
249     /// <summary>
250     /// True if the library is compiled with debug info
251     /// </summary>
252     public bool HasDebugInfo { get { return 0 != (_flags & 0x100); } }
253
254     /// <summary>
255     /// True if the library is compiled with assembly optimizations
256     /// </summary>
257     public bool UsesAssemblyCode { get { return 0 != (_flags & 0x200); } }
258

```



```
259
260     /// <summary>
261     /// Gets the size of the unsigned int that was compiled into Zlib
262     /// </summary>
263     public int SizeOfUInt { get { return bitSize(_flags & 3); } }
264
265     /// <summary>
266     /// Gets the size of the unsigned long that was compiled into Zlib
267     /// </summary>
268     public int SizeOfULong { get { return bitSize((_flags >> 2) & 3); } }
269
270     /// <summary>
271     /// Gets the size of the pointers that were compiled into Zlib
272     /// </summary>
273     public int SizeOfPointer { get { return bitSize((_flags >> 4) & 3); } }
274
275     /// <summary>
276     /// Gets the size of the z_off_t type that was compiled into Zlib
277     /// </summary>
278     public int SizeOfOffset { get { return bitSize((_flags >> 6) & 3); } }
279
280     /// <summary>
281     /// Gets the version of ZLib as a string, e.g. "1.2.1"
282     /// </summary>
283     public static string Version { get { return zlibVersion(); } }
284 }
285
286 #endregion
287
288 }
```

5396 Wed Apr 1 15:57:07 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/DotZLib.csproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 <VisualStudioProject>
2   <CSHARP
3     ProjectType = "Local"
4     ProductVersion = "7.10.3077"
5     SchemaVersion = "2.0"
6     ProjectGuid = "{BB1EE0B1-1808-46CB-B786-949D91117FC5}"
7   >
8     <Build>
9       <Settings
10         ApplicationIcon = ""
11         AssemblyKeyContainerName = ""
12         AssemblyName = "DotZLib"
13         AssemblyOriginatorKeyFile = ""
14         DefaultClientScript = "JScript"
15         DefaultHTMLPageLayout = "Grid"
16         DefaultTargetSchema = "IE50"
17         DelaySign = "false"
18         OutputType = "Library"
19         PreBuildEvent = ""
20         PostBuildEvent = ""
21         RootNamespace = "DotZLib"
22         RunPostBuildEvent = "OnBuildSuccess"
23         StartupObject = ""
24       >
25         <Config
26           Name = "Debug"
27           AllowUnsafeBlocks = "false"
28           BaseAddress = "285212672"
29           CheckForOverflowUnderflow = "false"
30           ConfigurationOverrideFile = ""
31           DefineConstants = "DEBUG;TRACE"
32           DocumentationFile = "docs\DotZLib.xml"
33           DebugSymbols = "true"
34           FileAlignment = "4096"
35           IncrementalBuild = "false"
36           NoStdLib = "false"
37           NoWarn = "1591"
38           Optimize = "false"
39           OutputPath = "bin\Debug\"
40           RegisterForComInterop = "false"
41           RemoveIntegerChecks = "false"
42           TreatWarningsAsErrors = "false"
43           WarningLevel = "4"
44         />
45         <Config
46           Name = "Release"
47           AllowUnsafeBlocks = "false"
48           BaseAddress = "285212672"
49           CheckForOverflowUnderflow = "false"
50           ConfigurationOverrideFile = ""
51           DefineConstants = "TRACE"
52           DocumentationFile = "docs\DotZLib.xml"
53           DebugSymbols = "false"
54           FileAlignment = "4096"
55           IncrementalBuild = "false"
56           NoStdLib = "false"
57           NoWarn = ""
58           Optimize = "true"
59           OutputPath = "bin\Release\"
60           RegisterForComInterop = "false"
```

```
61     RemoveIntegerChecks = "false"
62     TreatWarningsAsErrors = "false"
63     WarningLevel = "4"
64   />
65 </Settings>
66 <References>
67   <Reference
68     Name = "System"
69     AssemblyName = "System"
70     HintPath = "C:\WINNT\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v1.1.4322\System
71   />
72   <Reference
73     Name = "System.Data"
74     AssemblyName = "System.Data"
75     HintPath = "C:\WINNT\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v1.1.4322\System
76   />
77   <Reference
78     Name = "System.XML"
79     AssemblyName = "System.Xml"
80     HintPath = "C:\WINNT\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v1.1.4322\System
81   />
82   <Reference
83     Name = "nunit.framework"
84     AssemblyName = "nunit.framework"
85     HintPath = "E:\apps\NUnit V2.1\bin\nunit.framework.dll"
86     AssemblyFolderKey = "hk\dn\nunit.framework"
87   />
88 </References>
89 </Build>
90 <Files>
91   <Include>
92     <File
93       RelPath = "AssemblyInfo.cs"
94       SubType = "Code"
95       BuildAction = "Compile"
96     />
97     <File
98       RelPath = "ChecksumImpl.cs"
99       SubType = "Code"
100      BuildAction = "Compile"
101    />
102    <File
103      RelPath = "CircularBuffer.cs"
104      SubType = "Code"
105      BuildAction = "Compile"
106    />
107    <File
108      RelPath = "CodecBase.cs"
109      SubType = "Code"
110      BuildAction = "Compile"
111    />
112    <File
113      RelPath = "Deflater.cs"
114      SubType = "Code"
115      BuildAction = "Compile"
116    />
117    <File
118      RelPath = "DotZLib.cs"
119      SubType = "Code"
120      BuildAction = "Compile"
121    />
122    <File
123      RelPath = "GZipStream.cs"
124      SubType = "Code"
125      BuildAction = "Compile"
126    />
```

```
127     <File
128         RelPath = "Inflater.cs"
129         SubType = "Code"
130         BuildAction = "Compile"
131     />
132     <File
133         RelPath = "UnitTests.cs"
134         SubType = "Code"
135         BuildAction = "Compile"
136     />
137 </Include>
138 </Files>
139 </CSHARP>
140 </VisualStudioProject>
141
```

```

*****
11162 Wed Apr 1 15:57:07 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/GZipStream.cs
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 //
2 // ' Copyright Henrik Ravn 2004
3 //
4 // Use, modification and distribution are subject to the Boost Software License,
5 // (See accompanying file LICENSE_1_0.txt or copy at http://www.boost.org/LICENS
6 //
7
8 using System;
9 using System.IO;
10 using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
11
12 namespace DotZLib
13 {
14     /// <summary>
15     /// Implements a compressed <see cref="Stream"/>, in GZip (.gz) format.
16     /// </summary>
17     public class GZipStream : Stream, IDisposable
18     {
19         #region Dll Imports
20         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl, CharSet
21         private static extern IntPtr gzopen(string name, string mode);
22
23         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
24         private static extern int gzclose(IntPtr gzFile);
25
26         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
27         private static extern int gzwrite(IntPtr gzFile, int data, int length);
28
29         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
30         private static extern int gzread(IntPtr gzFile, int data, int length);
31
32         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
33         private static extern int gzgetc(IntPtr gzFile);
34
35         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
36         private static extern int gzputc(IntPtr gzFile, int c);
37
38         #endregion
39
40         #region Private data
41         private IntPtr _gzFile;
42         private bool _isDisposed = false;
43         private bool _isWriting;
44         #endregion
45
46         #region Constructors
47         /// <summary>
48         /// Creates a new file as a writeable GZipStream
49         /// </summary>
50         /// <param name="fileName">The name of the compressed file to create</pa
51         /// <param name="level">The compression level to use when adding data</p
52         /// <exception cref="ZLibException">If an error occurred in the internal
53         public GZipStream(string fileName, CompressLevel level)
54         {
55             _isWriting = true;
56             _gzFile = gzopen(fileName, String.Format("wb{0}", (int)level));
57             if (_gzFile == IntPtr.Zero)
58                 throw new ZLibException(-1, "Could not open " + fileName);
59         }
60

```

```

61     /// <summary>
62     /// Opens an existing file as a readable GZipStream
63     /// </summary>
64     /// <param name="fileName">The name of the file to open</param>
65     /// <exception cref="ZLibException">If an error occurred in the internal
66     public GZipStream(string fileName)
67     {
68         _isWriting = false;
69         _gzFile = gzopen(fileName, "rb");
70         if (_gzFile == IntPtr.Zero)
71             throw new ZLibException(-1, "Could not open " + fileName);
72     }
73
74     #endregion
75
76     #region Access properties
77     /// <summary>
78     /// Returns true of this stream can be read from, false otherwise
79     /// </summary>
80     public override bool CanRead
81     {
82         get
83         {
84             return !_isWriting;
85         }
86     }
87
88     /// <summary>
89     /// Returns false.
90     /// </summary>
91     public override bool CanSeek
92     {
93         get
94         {
95             return false;
96         }
97     }
98
99     /// <summary>
100    /// Returns true if this tstream is writeable, false otherwise
101    /// </summary>
102    public override bool CanWrite
103    {
104        get
105        {
106            return _isWriting;
107        }
108    }
109
110    #endregion
111
112    #region Destructor & IDispose stuff
113
114    /// <summary>
115    /// Destroys this instance
116    /// </summary>
117    ~GZipStream()
118    {
119        cleanUp(false);
120    }
121
122    /// <summary>
123    /// Closes the external file handle
124    /// </summary>
125    public void Dispose()
126    {

```

```

127     cleanup(true);
128 }
129
130 // Does the actual closing of the file handle.
131 private void cleanup(bool isDisposing)
132 {
133     if (!_isDisposed)
134     {
135         gzclose(_gzFile);
136         _isDisposed = true;
137     }
138 }
139 #endregion
140
141 #region Basic reading and writing
142 /// <summary>
143 /// Attempts to read a number of bytes from the stream.
144 /// </summary>
145 /// <param name="buffer">The destination data buffer</param>
146 /// <param name="offset">The index of the first destination byte in <c>b</c>
147 /// <param name="count">The number of bytes requested</param>
148 /// <returns>The number of bytes read</returns>
149 /// <exception cref="ArgumentNullException">If <c>buffer</c> is null</ex>
150 /// <exception cref="ArgumentOutOfRangeException">If <c>count</c> or <c>
151 /// <exception cref="ArgumentException">If <c>offset</c> + <c>count</c>
152 /// <exception cref="NotSupportedException">If this stream is not readab</ex>
153 /// <exception cref="ObjectDisposedException">If this stream has been di</ex>
154 public override int Read(byte[] buffer, int offset, int count)
155 {
156     if (!CanRead) throw new NotSupportedException();
157     if (buffer == null) throw new ArgumentNullException();
158     if (offset < 0 || count < 0) throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException();
159     if ((offset+count) > buffer.Length) throw new ArgumentException();
160     if (_isDisposed) throw new ObjectDisposedException("GZipStream");
161
162     GCHandle h = GCHandle.Alloc(buffer, GCHandleType.Pinned);
163     int result;
164     try
165     {
166         result = gzread(_gzFile, h.AddrOfPinnedObject().ToInt32() + offs
167             if (result < 0)
168                 throw new IOException();
169     }
170     finally
171     {
172         h.Free();
173     }
174     return result;
175 }
176
177 /// <summary>
178 /// Attempts to read a single byte from the stream.
179 /// </summary>
180 /// <returns>The byte that was read, or -1 in case of error or End-Of-Fi</ex>
181 public override int ReadByte()
182 {
183     if (!CanRead) throw new NotSupportedException();
184     if (_isDisposed) throw new ObjectDisposedException("GZipStream");
185     return gzgetc(_gzFile);
186 }
187
188 /// <summary>
189 /// Writes a number of bytes to the stream
190 /// </summary>
191 /// <param name="buffer"></param>
192 /// <param name="offset"></param>

```

```

193     /// <param name="count"></param>
194     /// <exception cref="ArgumentNullException">If <c>buffer</c> is null</ex>
195     /// <exception cref="ArgumentOutOfRangeException">If <c>count</c> or <c>
196     /// <exception cref="ArgumentException">If <c>offset</c> + <c>count</c>
197     /// <exception cref="NotSupportedException">If this stream is not writea</ex>
198     /// <exception cref="ObjectDisposedException">If this stream has been di</ex>
199     public override void Write(byte[] buffer, int offset, int count)
200     {
201         if (!CanWrite) throw new NotSupportedException();
202         if (buffer == null) throw new ArgumentNullException();
203         if (offset < 0 || count < 0) throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException();
204         if ((offset+count) > buffer.Length) throw new ArgumentException();
205         if (_isDisposed) throw new ObjectDisposedException("GZipStream");
206
207         GCHandle h = GCHandle.Alloc(buffer, GCHandleType.Pinned);
208         try
209         {
210             int result = gzwrite(_gzFile, h.AddrOfPinnedObject().ToInt32() +
211                 if (result < 0)
212                     throw new IOException();
213         }
214         finally
215         {
216             h.Free();
217         }
218     }
219
220     /// <summary>
221     /// Writes a single byte to the stream
222     /// </summary>
223     /// <param name="value">The byte to add to the stream.</param>
224     /// <exception cref="NotSupportedException">If this stream is not writea</ex>
225     /// <exception cref="ObjectDisposedException">If this stream has been di</ex>
226     public override void WriteByte(byte value)
227     {
228         if (!CanWrite) throw new NotSupportedException();
229         if (_isDisposed) throw new ObjectDisposedException("GZipStream");
230
231         int result = gzputc(_gzFile, (int)value);
232         if (result < 0)
233             throw new IOException();
234     }
235 #endregion
236
237 #region Position & length stuff
238 /// <summary>
239 /// Not supported.
240 /// </summary>
241 /// <param name="value"></param>
242 /// <exception cref="NotSupportedException">Always thrown</exception>
243 public override void SetLength(long value)
244 {
245     throw new NotSupportedException();
246 }
247
248 /// <summary>
249 /// Not supported.
250 /// </summary>
251 /// <param name="offset"></param>
252 /// <param name="origin"></param>
253 /// <returns></returns>
254 /// <exception cref="NotSupportedException">Always thrown</exception>
255 public override long Seek(long offset, SeekOrigin origin)
256 {
257     throw new NotSupportedException();
258 }

```

```
259
260     /// <summary>
261     /// Flushes the <c>GZipStream</c>.
262     /// </summary>
263     /// <remarks>In this implementation, this method does nothing. This is b
264     /// flushing may degrade the achievable compression rates.</remarks>
265     public override void Flush()
266     {
267         // left empty on purpose
268     }
269
270     /// <summary>
271     /// Gets/sets the current position in the <c>GZipStream</c>. Not suppor
272     /// </summary>
273     /// <remarks>In this implementation this property is not supported</rema
274     /// <exception cref="NotSupportedException">Always thrown</exception>
275     public override long Position
276     {
277         get
278         {
279             throw new NotSupportedException();
280         }
281         set
282         {
283             throw new NotSupportedException();
284         }
285     }
286
287     /// <summary>
288     /// Gets the size of the stream. Not supported.
289     /// </summary>
290     /// <remarks>In this implementation this property is not supported</rema
291     /// <exception cref="NotSupportedException">Always thrown</exception>
292     public override long Length
293     {
294         get
295         {
296             throw new NotSupportedException();
297         }
298     }
299     #endregion
300 }
301 }
```

```

*****
3740 Wed Apr 1 15:57:07 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/Inflater.cs
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 //
2 // ' Copyright Henrik Ravn 2004
3 //
4 // Use, modification and distribution are subject to the Boost Software License,
5 // (See accompanying file LICENSE_1_0.txt or copy at http://www.boost.org/LICENS
6 //
7
8 using System;
9 using System.Diagnostics;
10 using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
11
12 namespace DotZLib
13 {
14
15     /// <summary>
16     /// Implements a data decompressor, using the inflate algorithm in the ZLib
17     /// </summary>
18     public class Inflater : CodecBase
19     {
20         #region Dll imports
21         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl, CharSet
22         private static extern int inflateInit_(ref ZStream sz, string vs, int si
23
24         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
25         private static extern int inflate(ref ZStream sz, int flush);
26
27         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
28         private static extern int inflateReset(ref ZStream sz);
29
30         [DllImport("ZLIB1.dll", CallingConvention=CallingConvention.Cdecl)]
31         private static extern int inflateEnd(ref ZStream sz);
32         #endregion
33
34         /// <summary>
35         /// Constructs a new instance of the <c>Inflater</c>
36         /// </summary>
37         public Inflater() : base()
38         {
39             int retval = inflateInit_(ref _zstream, Info.Version, Marshal.SizeOf(
40             if (retval != 0)
41                 throw new ZLibException(retval, "Could not initialize inflater")
42
43             resetOutput();
44         }
45
46
47         /// <summary>
48         /// Adds more data to the codec to be processed.
49         /// </summary>
50         /// <param name="data">Byte array containing the data to be added to the
51         /// <param name="offset">The index of the first byte to add from <c>data
52         /// <param name="count">The number of bytes to add</param>
53         /// <remarks>Adding data may, or may not, raise the <c>DataAvailable</c>
54         public override void Add(byte[] data, int offset, int count)
55         {
56             if (data == null) throw new ArgumentNullException();
57             if (offset < 0 || count < 0) throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException();
58             if ((offset+count) > data.Length) throw new ArgumentException();
59
60             int total = count;

```

```

61         int inputIndex = offset;
62         int err = 0;
63
64         while (err >= 0 && inputIndex < total)
65         {
66             copyInput(data, inputIndex, Math.Min(total - inputIndex, kBuffer
67             err = inflate(ref _zstream, (int)FlushTypes.None);
68             if (err == 0)
69                 while (_zstream.avail_out == 0)
70                 {
71                     OnDataAvailable();
72                     err = inflate(ref _zstream, (int)FlushTypes.None);
73                 }
74
75             inputIndex += (int)_zstream.total_in;
76         }
77         setChecksum( _zstream.adler );
78     }
79
80
81     /// <summary>
82     /// Finishes up any pending data that needs to be processed and handled.
83     /// </summary>
84     public override void Finish()
85     {
86         int err;
87         do
88         {
89             err = inflate(ref _zstream, (int)FlushTypes.Finish);
90             OnDataAvailable();
91         }
92         while (err == 0);
93         setChecksum( _zstream.adler );
94         inflateReset(ref _zstream);
95         resetOutput();
96     }
97
98     /// <summary>
99     /// Closes the internal zlib inflate stream
100     /// </summary>
101     protected override void Cleanup() { inflateEnd(ref _zstream); }
102
103
104 }
105 }

```

```

*****
7684 Wed Apr 1 15:57:07 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/DotZLib/UnitTests.cs
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 //
2 // ' Copyright Henrik Ravn 2004
3 //
4 // Use, modification and distribution are subject to the Boost Software License,
5 // (See accompanying file LICENSE_1_0.txt or copy at http://www.boost.org/LICENS
6 //
7
8 using System;
9 using System.Collections;
10 using System.IO;
11
12 // uncomment the define below to include unit tests
13 // #define nunit
14 #if nunit
15 using NUnit.Framework;
16
17 // Unit tests for the DotZLib class library
18 // -----
19 //
20 // Use this with NUnit 2 from http://www.nunit.org
21 //
22
23 namespace DotZLibTests
24 {
25     using DotZLib;
26
27     // helper methods
28     internal class Utils
29     {
30         public static bool byteArrEqual( byte[] lhs, byte[] rhs )
31         {
32             if (lhs.Length != rhs.Length)
33                 return false;
34             for (int i = lhs.Length-1; i >= 0; --i)
35                 if (lhs[i] != rhs[i])
36                     return false;
37             return true;
38         }
39     }
40
41     [TestFixture]
42     public class CircBufferTests
43     {
44         #region Circular buffer tests
45         [Test]
46         public void SinglePutGet()
47         {
48             CircularBuffer buf = new CircularBuffer(10);
49             Assert.AreEqual( 0, buf.Size );
50             Assert.AreEqual( -1, buf.Get() );
51
52             Assert.IsTrue(buf.Put( 1 ));
53             Assert.AreEqual( 1, buf.Size );
54             Assert.AreEqual( 1, buf.Get() );
55             Assert.AreEqual( 0, buf.Size );
56             Assert.AreEqual( -1, buf.Get() );
57         }
58     }
59 }
60

```

```

61     [Test]
62     public void BlockPutGet()
63     {
64         CircularBuffer buf = new CircularBuffer(10);
65         byte[] arr = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10};
66         Assert.AreEqual( 10, buf.Put(arr,0,10) );
67         Assert.AreEqual( 10, buf.Size );
68         Assert.IsFalse( buf.Put(11) );
69         Assert.AreEqual( 1, buf.Get() );
70         Assert.IsTrue( buf.Put(11) );
71
72         byte[] arr2 = (byte[])arr.Clone();
73         Assert.AreEqual( 9, buf.Get(arr2,1,9) );
74         Assert.IsTrue( Utils.byteArrEqual(arr,arr2) );
75     }
76
77     #endregion
78 }
79
80 [TestFixture]
81 public class ChecksumTests
82 {
83     #region CRC32 Tests
84     [Test]
85     public void CRC32_Null()
86     {
87         CRC32Checksum crc32 = new CRC32Checksum();
88         Assert.AreEqual( 0, crc32.Value );
89
90         crc32 = new CRC32Checksum(1);
91         Assert.AreEqual( 1, crc32.Value );
92
93         crc32 = new CRC32Checksum(556);
94         Assert.AreEqual( 556, crc32.Value );
95     }
96
97     [Test]
98     public void CRC32_Data()
99     {
100         CRC32Checksum crc32 = new CRC32Checksum();
101         byte[] data = { 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 };
102         crc32.Update(data);
103         Assert.AreEqual( 0x70e46888, crc32.Value );
104
105         crc32 = new CRC32Checksum();
106         crc32.Update("penguin");
107         Assert.AreEqual( 0x0e5c1a120, crc32.Value );
108
109         crc32 = new CRC32Checksum(1);
110         crc32.Update("penguin");
111         Assert.AreEqual(0x43b6aa94, crc32.Value);
112     }
113 }
114 #endregion
115
116 #region Adler tests
117
118 [Test]
119 public void Adler_Null()
120 {
121     AdlerChecksum adler = new AdlerChecksum();
122     Assert.AreEqual(0, adler.Value);
123
124     adler = new AdlerChecksum(1);
125     Assert.AreEqual( 1, adler.Value );
126

```



```

127     adler = new AdlerChecksum(556);
128     Assert.AreEqual( 556, adler.Value );
129 }
130
131 [Test]
132 public void Adler_Data()
133 {
134     AdlerChecksum adler = new AdlerChecksum(1);
135     byte[] data = { 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 };
136     adler.Update(data);
137     Assert.AreEqual( 0x5b001d, adler.Value );
138
139     adler = new AdlerChecksum();
140     adler.Update("penguin");
141     Assert.AreEqual(0x0bcf02f6, adler.Value );
142
143     adler = new AdlerChecksum(1);
144     adler.Update("penguin");
145     Assert.AreEqual(0x0bd602f7, adler.Value);
146 }
147 #endregion
148 }
149
150 [TestFixture]
151 public class InfoTests
152 {
153     #region Info tests
154     [Test]
155     public void Info_Version()
156     {
157         Info info = new Info();
158         Assert.AreEqual("1.2.8", Info.Version);
159         Assert.AreEqual(32, info.SizeOfUInt);
160         Assert.AreEqual(32, info.SizeOfULong);
161         Assert.AreEqual(32, info.SizeOfPointer);
162         Assert.AreEqual(32, info.SizeOfOffset);
163     }
164 #endregion
165 }
166
167 [TestFixture]
168 public class DeflateInflateTests
169 {
170     #region Deflate tests
171     [Test]
172     public void Deflate_Init()
173     {
174         using (Deflater def = new Deflater(CompressLevel.Default))
175         {
176         }
177     }
178
179     private ArrayList compressedData = new ArrayList();
180     private uint adler1;
181
182     private ArrayList uncompressedData = new ArrayList();
183     private uint adler2;
184
185     public void CDataAvail(byte[] data, int startIndex, int count)
186     {
187         for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i)
188             compressedData.Add(data[i+startIndex]);
189     }
190
191     [Test]

```

```

193     public void Deflate_Compress()
194     {
195         compressedData.Clear();
196
197         byte[] testData = new byte[35000];
198         for (int i = 0; i < testData.Length; ++i)
199             testData[i] = 5;
200
201         using (Deflater def = new Deflater((CompressLevel)5))
202         {
203             def.DataAvailable += new DataAvailableHandler(CDataAvail);
204             def.Add(testData);
205             def.Finish();
206             adler1 = def.Checksum;
207         }
208     }
209 #endregion
210
211 #region Inflate tests
212 [Test]
213 public void Inflate_Init()
214 {
215     using (Inflater inf = new Inflater())
216     {
217     }
218 }
219
220 private void DDataAvail(byte[] data, int startIndex, int count)
221 {
222     for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i)
223         uncompressedData.Add(data[i+startIndex]);
224 }
225
226 [Test]
227 public void Inflate_Expand()
228 {
229     uncompressedData.Clear();
230
231     using (Inflater inf = new Inflater())
232     {
233         inf.DataAvailable += new DataAvailableHandler(DDataAvail);
234         inf.Add((byte[])compressedData.ToArray(typeof(byte)));
235         inf.Finish();
236         adler2 = inf.Checksum;
237     }
238     Assert.AreEqual( adler1, adler2 );
239 }
240 #endregion
241 }
242
243 [TestFixture]
244 public class GZipStreamTests
245 {
246     #region GZipStream test
247     [Test]
248     public void GZipStream_WriteRead()
249     {
250         using (GZipStream gzOut = new GZipStream("gzstream.gz", CompressLeve
251         {
252             BinaryWriter writer = new BinaryWriter(gzOut);
253             writer.Write("hi there");
254             writer.Write(Math.PI);
255             writer.Write(42);
256         }
257
258     using (GZipStream gzIn = new GZipStream("gzstream.gz"))

```

```
259     {
260         BinaryReader reader = new BinaryReader(gzIn);
261         string s = reader.ReadString();
262         Assert.AreEqual("hi there",s);
263         double d = reader.ReadDouble();
264         Assert.AreEqual(Math.PI, d);
265         int i = reader.ReadInt32();
266         Assert.AreEqual(42,i);
267     }
268 }
269 #endregion
270 }
271 }
272 }
273 }
274 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/LICENSE_1_0.txt

1

1359 Wed Apr 1 15:57:08 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/LICENSE_1_0.txt

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 Boost Software License - Version 1.0 - August 17th, 2003

2

3 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person or organization
4 obtaining a copy of the software and accompanying documentation covered by
5 this license (the "Software") to use, reproduce, display, distribute,
6 execute, and transmit the Software, and to prepare derivative works of the
7 Software, and to permit third-parties to whom the Software is furnished to
8 do so, all subject to the following:

9

10 The copyright notices in the Software and this entire statement, including
11 the above license grant, this restriction and the following disclaimer,
12 must be included in all copies of the Software, in whole or in part, and
13 all derivative works of the Software, unless such copies or derivative
14 works are solely in the form of machine-executable object code generated by
15 a source language processor.

16

17 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
18 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
19 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, TITLE AND NON-INFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT
20 SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS OR ANYONE DISTRIBUTING THE SOFTWARE BE LIABLE
21 FOR ANY DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE,
22 ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER
23 DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/readme.txt

1

2358 Wed Apr 1 15:57:08 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/dotzlib/readme.txt

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 This directory contains a .Net wrapper class library for the ZLib1.dll

2
3 The wrapper includes support for inflating/deflating memory buffers,
4 .Net streaming wrappers for the gz streams part of zlib, and wrappers
5 for the checksum parts of zlib. See DotZLib/UnitTests.cs for examples.
6

7 Directory structure:

8 -----

9
10 LICENSE_1_0.txt - License file.
11 readme.txt - This file.
12 DotZLib.chm - Class library documentation
13 DotZLib.build - NAnt build file
14 DotZLib.sln - Microsoft Visual Studio 2003 solution file
15
16 DotZLib*.cs - Source files for the class library
17

18 Unit tests:

19 -----

20 The file DotZLib/UnitTests.cs contains unit tests for use with NUnit 2.1 or high
21 To include unit tests in the build, define nunit before building.
22

23

24

25 Build instructions:

26 -----

27 1. Using Visual Studio.Net 2003:
28 Open DotZLib.sln in VS.Net and build from there. Output file (DotZLib.dll)
29 will be found ./DotZLib/bin/release or ./DotZLib/bin/debug, depending on
30 you are building the release or debug version of the library. Check
31 DotZLib/UnitTests.cs for instructions on how to include unit tests in the
32 build.
33

34 2. Using NAnt:

35 Open a command prompt with access to the build environment and run nant
36 in the same directory as the DotZLib.build file.
37 You can define 2 properties on the nant command-line to control the build:
38 debug={true|false} to toggle between release/debug builds (default=true).
39 nunit={true|false} to include or esclude unit tests (default=true).
40 Also the target clean will remove binaries.
41 Output file (DotZLib.dll) will be found in either ./DotZLib/bin/release
42 or ./DotZLib/bin/debug, depending on whether you are building the release
43 or debug version of the library.
44

45 Examples:

46 nant -D:debug=false -D:nunit=false
47 will build a release mode version of the library without unit tests.
48 nant
49 will build a debug version of the library with unit tests
50 nant clean
51 will remove all previously built files.
52

53

54

55 -----

56 Copyright (c) Henrik Ravn 2004

57

58 Use, modification and distribution are subject to the Boost Software License, Ve

59 (See accompanying file LICENSE_1_0.txt or copy at http://www.boost.org/LICENSE_1

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/gcc_gvmat64/gvmat64.S

1

```
*****
16413 Wed Apr 1 15:57:08 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/gcc_gvmat64/gvmat64.S
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2 ;uInt longest_match_x64(
3 ; deflate_state *s,
4 ; IPos cur_match); // current match
5
6 ; gvmat64.S -- Asm portion of the optimized longest_match for 32 bits x86_64
7 ; (AMD64 on Athlon 64, Opteron, Phenom
8 ; and Intel EM64T on Pentium 4 with EM64T, Pentium D, Core 2 Duo, Core I5/I7
9 ; this file is translation from gvmat64.asm to GCC 4.x (for Linux, Mac XCode)
10 ; Copyright (C) 1995-2010 Jean-loup Gailly, Brian Raiter and Gilles Vollant.
11 ;
12 ; File written by Gilles Vollant, by converting to assembly the longest_match
13 ; from Jean-loup Gailly in deflate.c of zlib and infoZip zip.
14 ; and by taking inspiration on asm686 with masm, optimised assembly code
15 ; from Brian Raiter, written 1998
16 ;
17 ; This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
18 ; warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
19 ; arising from the use of this software.
20 ;
21 ; Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
22 ; including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
23 ; freely, subject to the following restrictions:
24 ;
25 ; 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
26 ; claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
27 ; in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
28 ; appreciated but is not required.
29 ; 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
30 ; misrepresented as being the original software
31 ; 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.
32 ;
33 ; http://www.zlib.net
34 ; http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll
35 ; http://www.muppetlabs.com/~breadbox/software/assembly.html
36 ;
37 ; to compile this file for zLib, I use option:
38 ; gcc -c -arch x86_64 gvmat64.S
39
40
41 ;uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
42 ; deflate_state *s;
43 ; IPos cur_match; // current match /
44 ;
45 ; with XCode for Mac, I had strange error with some jump on intel syntax
46 ; this is why BEFORE_JUMP and AFTER_JUMP are used
47 */
48
49
50 #define BEFORE_JUMP .att_syntax
51 #define AFTER_JUMP .intel_syntax noprefix
52
53 #ifndef NO_UNDERLINE
54 # define match_init _match_init
55 # define longest_match _longest_match
56 #endif
57
58 .intel_syntax noprefix
59
60 .globl match_init, longest_match
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/gcc_gvmat64/gvmat64.S

2

```
61 .text
62 longest_match:
63
64
65
66 #define LocalVarsSize 96
67 /*
68 ; register used : rax,rbx,rcx,rdx,rsi,rdi,r8,r9,r10,r11,r12
69 ; free register : r14,r15
70 ; register can be saved : rsp
71 */
72
73 #define chainlenwmask (rsp + 8 - LocalVarsSize)
74 #define nicematch (rsp + 16 - LocalVarsSize)
75
76 #define save_rdi (rsp + 24 - LocalVarsSize)
77 #define save_rsi (rsp + 32 - LocalVarsSize)
78 #define save_rbx (rsp + 40 - LocalVarsSize)
79 #define save_rbp (rsp + 48 - LocalVarsSize)
80 #define save_r12 (rsp + 56 - LocalVarsSize)
81 #define save_r13 (rsp + 64 - LocalVarsSize)
82 #define save_r14 (rsp + 72 - LocalVarsSize)
83 #define save_r15 (rsp + 80 - LocalVarsSize)
84
85
86 /*
87 ; all the +4 offsets are due to the addition of pending_buf_size (in zlib
88 ; in the deflate_state structure since the asm code was first written
89 ; (if you compile with zlib 1.0.4 or older, remove the +4).
90 ; Note : these value are good with a 8 bytes boundary pack structure
91 */
92
93 #define MAX_MATCH 258
94 #define MIN_MATCH 3
95 #define MIN_LOOKAHEAD (MAX_MATCH+MIN_MATCH+1)
96
97 /*
98 ;; Offsets for fields in the deflate_state structure. These numbers
99 ;; are calculated from the definition of deflate_state, with the
100 ;; assumption that the compiler will dword-align the fields. (Thus,
101 ;; changing the definition of deflate_state could easily cause this
102 ;; program to crash horribly, without so much as a warning at
103 ;; compile time. Sigh.)
104
105 ; all the +zlib1222add offsets are due to the addition of fields
106 ; in zlib in the deflate_state structure since the asm code was first written
107 ; (if you compile with zlib 1.0.4 or older, use "zlib1222add equ (-4)").
108 ; (if you compile with zlib between 1.0.5 and 1.2.2.1, use "zlib1222add equ 0")
109 ; if you compile with zlib 1.2.2.2 or later , use "zlib1222add equ 8").
110 */
111
112
113
114 /* you can check the structure offset by running
115
116 #include <stdlib.h>
117 #include <stdio.h>
118 #include "deflate.h"
119
120 void print_depl()
121 {
122 deflate_state ds;
123 deflate_state *s=&ds;
124 printf("size pointer=%u\n",(int)sizeof(void*));
125
126 printf("#define dsWSize %u\n",(int)(((char*)&(s->w_size))-((char*)s));
```

```

127 printf("#define dsWMask      %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->w_mask))-((char*)s));
128 printf("#define dsWindow     %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->window))-((char*)s));
129 printf("#define dsPrev       %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->prev))-((char*)s));
130 printf("#define dsMatchLen   %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->match_length))-((char*)s));
131 printf("#define dsPrevMatch  %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->prev_match))-((char*)s));
132 printf("#define dsStrStart   %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->strstart))-((char*)s));
133 printf("#define dsMatchStart %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->match_start))-((char*)s));
134 printf("#define dsLookahead  %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->lookahead))-((char*)s));
135 printf("#define dsPrevLen    %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->prev_length))-((char*)s));
136 printf("#define dsMaxChainLen %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->max_chain_length))-((char*)s));
137 printf("#define dsGoodMatch  %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->good_match))-((char*)s));
138 printf("#define dsNiceMatch  %u\n", (int)((char*)&(s->nice_match))-((char*)s));
139 }
140 */
141
142 #define dsWSize      68
143 #define dsWMask     76
144 #define dsWindow    80
145 #define dsPrev     96
146 #define dsMatchLen 144
147 #define dsPrevMatch 148
148 #define dsStrStart 156
149 #define dsMatchStart 160
150 #define dsLookahead 164
151 #define dsPrevLen  168
152 #define dsMaxChainLen 172
153 #define dsGoodMatch 188
154 #define dsNiceMatch 192
155
156 #define window_size [ rcx + dsWSize]
157 #define WMask       [ rcx + dsWMask]
158 #define window_ad  [ rcx + dsWindow]
159 #define prev_ad     [ rcx + dsPrev]
160 #define strstart   [ rcx + dsStrStart]
161 #define match_start [ rcx + dsMatchStart]
162 #define Lookahead  [ rcx + dsLookahead] //; 0fffffffh on infozip
163 #define prev_length [ rcx + dsPrevLen]
164 #define max_chain_length [ rcx + dsMaxChainLen]
165 #define good_match  [ rcx + dsGoodMatch]
166 #define nice_match  [ rcx + dsNiceMatch]
167
168 /*
169 ; windows:
170 ; parameter 1 in rcx(deflate state s), param 2 in rdx (cur match)
171
172 ; see http://weblogs.asp.net/oldnewthing/archive/2004/01/14/58579.aspx and
173 ; http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/en-us/kmarch/hh/kmarch/64bitAMD_8e951dd2-ee7
174 ;
175 ; All registers must be preserved across the call, except for
176 ; rax, rcx, rdx, r8, r9, r10, and r11, which are scratch.
177
178 ;
179 ; gcc on macosx-linux:
180 ; see http://www.x86-64.org/documentation/abi-0.99.pdf
181 ; param 1 in rdi, param 2 in rsi
182 ; rbx, rsp, rbp, r12 to r15 must be preserved
183
184 ;;; Save registers that the compiler may be using, and adjust esp to
185 ;;; make room for our stack frame.
186
187
188 ;;; Retrieve the function arguments. r8d will hold cur_match
189 ;;; throughout the entire function. edx will hold the pointer to the
190 ;;; deflate_state structure during the function's setup (before
191 ;;; entering the main loop.
192

```

```

193 ; ms: parameter 1 in rcx (deflate_state* s), param 2 in edx -> r8 (cur match)
194 ; mac: param 1 in rdi, param 2 rsi
195 ; this clear high 32 bits of r8, which can be garbage in both r8 and rdx
196 */
197     mov [save_rbx],rbx
198     mov [save_rbp],rbp
199
200
201     mov rcx,rdi
202
203     mov r8d,esi
204
205
206     mov [save_r12],r12
207     mov [save_r13],r13
208     mov [save_r14],r14
209     mov [save_r15],r15
210
211
212     ;;; uInt wmask = s->w_mask;
213     ;;; unsigned chain_length = s->max_chain_length;
214     ;;; if (s->prev_length >= s->good_match) {
215     ;;;     chain_length >>= 2;
216     ;;; }
217
218
219     mov edi, prev_length
220     mov esi, good_match
221     mov eax, WMask
222     mov ebx, max_chain_length
223     cmp edi, esi
224     jl  LastMatchGood
225     shr ebx, 2
226 LastMatchGood:
227
228     ;;; chainlen is decremented once beforehand so that the function can
229     ;;; use the sign flag instead of the zero flag for the exit test.
230     ;;; It is then shifted into the high word, to make room for the wmask
231     ;;; value, which it will always accompany.
232
233     dec ebx
234     shl ebx, 16
235     or  ebx, eax
236
237     ;;; on zlib only
238     ;;; if ((uInt)nice_match > s->lookahead) nice_match = s->lookahead;
239
240
241
242     mov eax, nice_match
243     mov [chainlenwmask], ebx
244     mov r10d, Lookahead
245     cmp r10d, eax
246     cmovnl r10d, eax
247     mov [nicematch],r10d
248
249
250
251     ;;; register Bytef *scan = s->window + s->strstart;
252     mov r10, window_ad
253     mov ebp, strstart
254     lea r13, [r10 + rbp]
255
256     ;;; Determine how many bytes the scan ptr is off from being
257     ;;; dword-aligned.
258

```

```

259     mov r9,r13
260     neg r13
261     and r13,3
262
263     ;;; IPos limit = s->strstart > (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) ?
264     ;;;     s->strstart - (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) : NIL;
265
266
267     mov eax, window_size
268     sub eax, MIN_LOOKAHEAD
269
270
271     xor edi,edi
272     sub ebp, eax
273
274     mov r11d, prev_length
275
276     cmovng ebp,edi
277
278     ;;; int best_len = s->prev_length;
279
280
281     ;;; Store the sum of s->window + best_len in esi locally, and in esi.
282
283     lea rsi,[r10+r11]
284
285     ;;; register ush scan_start = *(ushf*)scan;
286     ;;; register ush scan_end  = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1);
287     ;;; Posf *prev = s->prev;
288
289     movzx r12d,word ptr [r9]
290     movzx ebx, word ptr [r9 + r11 - 1]
291
292     mov rdi, prev_ad
293
294     ;;; Jump into the main loop.
295
296     mov edx, [chainlenwmask]
297
298     cmp bx,word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
299     jz LookupLoopIsZero
300
301
302
303 LookupLoop1:
304     and r8d, edx
305
306     movzx r8d, word ptr [rdi + r8*2]
307     cmp r8d, ebp
308     jbe LeaveNow
309
310
311
312     sub edx, 0x00010000
313     BEFORE_JMP
314     js LeaveNow
315     AFTER_JMP
316
317 LoopEntry1:
318     cmp bx,word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
319     BEFORE_JMP
320     jz LookupLoopIsZero
321     AFTER_JMP
322
323 LookupLoop2:
324     and r8d, edx

```

```

325
326     movzx r8d, word ptr [rdi + r8*2]
327     cmp r8d, ebp
328     BEFORE_JMP
329     jbe LeaveNow
330     AFTER_JMP
331     sub edx, 0x00010000
332     BEFORE_JMP
333     js LeaveNow
334     AFTER_JMP
335
336 LoopEntry2:
337     cmp bx,word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
338     BEFORE_JMP
339     jz LookupLoopIsZero
340     AFTER_JMP
341
342 LookupLoop4:
343     and r8d, edx
344
345     movzx r8d, word ptr [rdi + r8*2]
346     cmp r8d, ebp
347     BEFORE_JMP
348     jbe LeaveNow
349     AFTER_JMP
350     sub edx, 0x00010000
351     BEFORE_JMP
352     js LeaveNow
353     AFTER_JMP
354
355 LoopEntry4:
356
357     cmp bx,word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
358     BEFORE_JMP
359     jnz LookupLoop1
360     jmp LookupLoopIsZero
361     AFTER_JMP
362 /*
363 ;;; do {
364 ;;;     match = s->window + cur_match;
365 ;;;     if (*(ushf*)(match+best_len-1) != scan_end ||
366 ;;;         *(ushf*)match != scan_start) continue;
367 ;;;     [...]
368 ;;; } while ((cur_match = prev[cur_match & wmask]) > limit
369 ;;;         && --chain_length != 0);
370 ;;;
371 ;;; Here is the inner loop of the function. The function will spend the
372 ;;; majority of its time in this loop, and majority of that time will
373 ;;; be spent in the first ten instructions.
374 ;;;
375 ;;; Within this loop:
376 ;;; ebx = scanend
377 ;;; r8d = curmatch
378 ;;; edx = chainlenwmask - i.e., ((chainlen << 16) | wmask)
379 ;;; esi = windowbestlen - i.e., (window + bestlen)
380 ;;; edi = prev
381 ;;; ebp = limit
382 */
383 .balign 16
384 LookupLoop:
385     and r8d, edx
386
387     movzx r8d, word ptr [rdi + r8*2]
388     cmp r8d, ebp
389     BEFORE_JMP
390     jbe LeaveNow

```

```

391         AFTER_JMP
392     sub  edx, 0x00010000
393     BEFORE_JMP
394     js   LeaveNow
395     AFTER_JMP
396
397 LoopEntry:
398
399     cmp  bx,word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
400     BEFORE_JMP
401     jnz  LookupLoop1
402     AFTER_JMP
403 LookupLoopIsZero:
404     cmp  r12w, word ptr [r10 + r8]
405     BEFORE_JMP
406     jnz  LookupLoop1
407     AFTER_JMP
408
409
410     ;;;; Store the current value of chainlen.
411     mov  [chainlenwmask], edx
412     /*
413     ;;; Point edi to the string under scrutiny, and esi to the string we
414     ;;; are hoping to match it up with. In actuality, esi and edi are
415     ;;; both pointed (MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign) bytes ahead, and edx is
416     ;;; initialized to -(MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign).
417     */
418     lea  rsi,[r8+r10]
419     mov  rdx, 0xfffffffffff8 ;;; -(MAX_MATCH_8)
420     lea  rsi, [rsi + r13 + 0x0108] ;;;MAX_MATCH_8]
421     lea  rdi, [r9 + r13 + 0x0108] ;;;MAX_MATCH_8]
422
423     prefetchl [rsi+rdx]
424     prefetchl [rdi+rdx]
425
426     /*
427     ;;; Test the strings for equality, 8 bytes at a time. At the end,
428     ;;; adjust rdx so that it is offset to the exact byte that mismatched.
429     ;;;
430     ;;; We already know at this point that the first three bytes of the
431     ;;; strings match each other, and they can be safely passed over before
432     ;;; starting the compare loop. So what this code does is skip over 0-3
433     ;;; bytes, as much as necessary in order to dword-align the edi
434     ;;; pointer. (rsi will still be misaligned three times out of four.)
435     ;;;
436     ;;; It should be confessed that this loop usually does not represent
437     ;;; much of the total running time. Replacing it with a more
438     ;;; straightforward "rep cmpsb" would not drastically degrade
439     ;;; performance.
440     */
441
442 LoopCmps:
443     mov  rax, [rsi + rdx]
444     xor  rax, [rdi + rdx]
445     jnz  LeaveLoopCmps
446
447     mov  rax, [rsi + rdx + 8]
448     xor  rax, [rdi + rdx + 8]
449     jnz  LeaveLoopCmps8
450
451
452     mov  rax, [rsi + rdx + 8+8]
453     xor  rax, [rdi + rdx + 8+8]
454     jnz  LeaveLoopCmps16
455
456     add  rdx,8+8+8

```

```

457
458     BEFORE_JMP
459     jnz  LoopCmps
460     jmp  LenMaximum
461     AFTER_JMP
462
463 LeaveLoopCmps16: add rdx,8
464 LeaveLoopCmps8: add rdx,8
465 LeaveLoopCmps:
466
467     test eax, 0x0000FFFF
468     jnz  LenLower
469
470     test eax,0xffffffff
471
472     jnz  LenLower32
473
474     add  rdx,4
475     shr  rax,32
476     or  ax,ax
477     BEFORE_JMP
478     jnz  LenLower
479     AFTER_JMP
480
481 LenLower32:
482     shr  eax,16
483     add  rdx,2
484
485 LenLower:
486     sub  al, 1
487     adc  rdx, 0
488     ;;;; Calculate the length of the match. If it is longer than MAX_MATCH,
489     ;;;; then automatically accept it as the best possible match and leave.
490
491     lea  rax, [rdi + rdx]
492     sub  rax, r9
493     cmp  eax, MAX_MATCH
494     BEFORE_JMP
495     jge  LenMaximum
496     AFTER_JMP
497     /*
498     ;;; If the length of the match is not longer than the best match we
499     ;;; have so far, then forget it and return to the lookup loop.
500     ;;;////////////////////////////////////
501     */
502     cmp  eax, r11d
503     jg   LongerMatch
504
505     lea  rsi,[r10+r11]
506
507     mov  rdi, prev_ad
508     mov  edx, [chainlenwmask]
509     BEFORE_JMP
510     jmp  LookupLoop
511     AFTER_JMP
512     /*
513     ;;; s->match_start = cur_match;
514     ;;; best_len = len;
515     ;;; if (len >= nice_match) break;
516     ;;; scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1);
517     */
518 LongerMatch:
519     mov  r11d, eax
520     mov  match_start, r8d
521     cmp  eax, [nicematch]
522     BEFORE_JMP

```



```
523     jge LeaveNow
524         AFTER_JMP
525
526     lea rsi,[r10+rax]
527
528     movzx  ebx, word ptr [r9 + rax - 1]
529     mov rdi, prev_ad
530     mov edx, [chainlenwmask]
531         BEFORE_JMP
532     jmp LookupLoop
533         AFTER_JMP
534
535     ;;;; Accept the current string, with the maximum possible length.
536
537 LenMaximum:
538     mov r11d,MAX_MATCH
539     mov match_start, r8d
540
541     ;;;; if ((uInt)best_len <= s->lookahead) return (uInt)best_len;
542     ;;;; return s->lookahead;
543
544 LeaveNow:
545     mov eax, Lookahead
546     cmp r11d, eax
547     cmovng eax, r11d
548
549
550
551     ;;;; Restore the stack and return from whence we came.
552
553
554     //     mov rsi,[save_rsi]
555     //     mov rdi,[save_rdi]
556     mov rbx,[save_rbx]
557     mov rbp,[save_rbp]
558     mov r12,[save_r12]
559     mov r13,[save_r13]
560     mov r14,[save_r14]
561     mov r15,[save_r15]
562
563
564     ret 0
565     ;; please don't remove this string !
566     ;; Your can freely use gvmat64 in any free or commercial app
567     ;; but it is far better don't remove the string in the binary!
568     //  db    0dh,0ah,"asm686 with masm, optimised assembly code from Brian Raite
569
570
571 match_init:
572     ret 0
573
574
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/infbck9/README

1

51 Wed Apr 1 15:57:08 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/infbck9/README

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 See infbck9.h for what this is and how to use it.

```

*****
21629 Wed Apr 1 15:57:08 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/inflate9/inflate9.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inflate9.c -- inflate deflate64 data using a call-back interface
2 * Copyright (C) 1995-2008 Mark Adler
3 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4 */

6 #include "zutil.h"
7 #include "inflate9.h"
8 #include "inftree9.h"
9 #include "inflate9.h"

11 #define WSIZE 65536UL

13 /*
14  strm provides memory allocation functions in zalloc and zfree, or
15  Z_NULL to use the library memory allocation functions.

17  window is a user-supplied window and output buffer that is 64K bytes.
18 */
19 int ZEXPORT inflateBack9Init_(strm, window, version, stream_size)
20 z_stream FAR *strm;
21 unsigned char FAR *window;
22 const char *version;
23 int stream_size;
24 {
25     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

27     if (version == Z_NULL || version[0] != ZLIB_VERSION[0] ||
28         stream_size != (int)(sizeof(z_stream)))
29         return Z_VERSION_ERROR;
30     if (strm == Z_NULL || window == Z_NULL)
31         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
32     strm->msg = Z_NULL; /* in case we return an error */
33     if (strm->zalloc == (alloc_func)0) {
34         strm->zalloc = zcalloc;
35         strm->opaque = (voidpf)0;
36     }
37     if (strm->zfree == (free_func)0) strm->zfree = zcfree;
38     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)ZALLOC(strm, 1,
39                                               sizeof(struct inflate_state));
40     if (state == Z_NULL) return Z_MEM_ERROR;
41     Tracev((stderr, "inflate: allocated\n"));
42     strm->state = (voidpf)state;
43     state->window = window;
44     return Z_OK;
45 }

47 /*
48  Build and output length and distance decoding tables for fixed code
49  decoding.
50 */
51 #ifndef MAKEFIXED
52 #include <stdio.h>

54 void makefixed9(void)
55 {
56     unsigned sym, bits, low, size;
57     code *next, *lenfix, *distfix;
58     struct inflate_state state;
59     code fixed[544];

```

```

61     /* literal/length table */
62     sym = 0;
63     while (sym < 144) state.lens[sym++] = 8;
64     while (sym < 256) state.lens[sym++] = 9;
65     while (sym < 280) state.lens[sym++] = 7;
66     while (sym < 288) state.lens[sym++] = 8;
67     next = fixed;
68     lenfix = next;
69     bits = 9;
70     inflate_table9(LENS, state.lens, 288, &(next), &(bits), state.work);

72     /* distance table */
73     sym = 0;
74     while (sym < 32) state.lens[sym++] = 5;
75     distfix = next;
76     bits = 5;
77     inflate_table9(DISTS, state.lens, 32, &(next), &(bits), state.work);

79     /* write tables */
80     puts(" /* infix9.h -- table for decoding deflate64 fixed codes");
81     puts(" * Generated automatically by makefixed9().");
82     puts(" */");
83     puts("");
84     puts(" /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications.");
85     puts(" It is part of the implementation of this library and is");
86     puts(" subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.");
87     puts(" */");
88     puts("");
89     size = 1U << 9;
90     printf(" static const code lenfix[%u] = {", size);
91     low = 0;
92     for (;;) {
93         if ((low % 6) == 0) printf("\n ");
94         printf("{%u,%u,%d}", lenfix[low].op, lenfix[low].bits,
95             lenfix[low].val);
96         if (++low == size) break;
97         putchar(',');
98     }
99     puts("\n };");
100    size = 1U << 5;
101    printf("\n static const code distfix[%u] = {", size);
102    low = 0;
103    for (;;) {
104        if ((low % 5) == 0) printf("\n ");
105        printf("{%u,%u,%d}", distfix[low].op, distfix[low].bits,
106            distfix[low].val);
107        if (++low == size) break;
108        putchar(',');
109    }
110    puts("\n };");
111 }
112 #endif /* MAKEFIXED */

114 /* Macros for inflateBack(): */

116 /* Clear the input bit accumulator */
117 #define INITBITS() \
118     do { \
119         hold = 0; \
120         bits = 0; \
121     } while (0)

123 /* Assume that some input is available. If input is requested, but denied,
124 then return a Z_BUF_ERROR from inflateBack(). */
125 #define PULL() \
126     do { \

```

```

127     if (have == 0) { \
128         have = in(in_desc, &next); \
129         if (have == 0) { \
130             next = Z_NULL; \
131             ret = Z_BUF_ERROR; \
132             goto inf_leave; \
133         } \
134     } \
135 } while (0)

137 /* Get a byte of input into the bit accumulator, or return from inflateBack()
138 with an error if there is no input available. */
139 #define PULLBYTE() \
140 do { \
141     PULL(); \
142     have--; \
143     hold += (unsigned long)(*next++) << bits; \
144     bits += 8; \
145 } while (0)

147 /* Assure that there are at least n bits in the bit accumulator.  If there is
148 not enough available input to do that, then return from inflateBack() with
149 an error. */
150 #define NEEDBITS(n) \
151 do { \
152     while (bits < (unsigned)(n)) \
153         PULLBYTE(); \
154 } while (0)

156 /* Return the low n bits of the bit accumulator (n <= 16) */
157 #define BITS(n) \
158 ((unsigned)hold & ((1U << (n)) - 1))

160 /* Remove n bits from the bit accumulator */
161 #define DROPBITS(n) \
162 do { \
163     hold >>= (n); \
164     bits -= (unsigned)(n); \
165 } while (0)

167 /* Remove zero to seven bits as needed to go to a byte boundary */
168 #define BYTEBITS() \
169 do { \
170     hold >>= bits & 7; \
171     bits -= bits & 7; \
172 } while (0)

174 /* Assure that some output space is available, by writing out the window
175 if it's full.  If the write fails, return from inflateBack() with a
176 Z_BUF_ERROR. */
177 #define ROOM() \
178 do { \
179     if (left == 0) { \
180         put = window; \
181         left = WSIZE; \
182         wrap = 1; \
183         if (out(out_desc, put, (unsigned)left)) { \
184             ret = Z_BUF_ERROR; \
185             goto inf_leave; \
186         } \
187     } \
188 } while (0)

190 /*
191 strm provides the memory allocation functions and window buffer on input,
192 and provides information on the unused input on return.  For Z_DATA_ERROR

```

```

193 returns, strm will also provide an error message.

195 in() and out() are the call-back input and output functions.  When
196 inflateBack() needs more input, it calls in().  When inflateBack() has
197 filled the window with output, or when it completes with data in the
198 window, it calls out() to write out the data.  The application must not
199 change the provided input until in() is called again or inflateBack()
200 returns.  The application must not change the window/output buffer until
201 inflateBack() returns.

203 in() and out() are called with a descriptor parameter provided in the
204 inflateBack() call.  This parameter can be a structure that provides the
205 information required to do the read or write, as well as accumulated
206 information on the input and output such as totals and check values.

208 in() should return zero on failure.  out() should return non-zero on
209 failure.  If either in() or out() fails, than inflateBack() returns a
210 Z_BUF_ERROR.  strm->next_in can be checked for Z_NULL to see whether it
211 was in() or out() that caused in the error.  Otherwise, inflateBack()
212 returns Z_STREAM_END on success, Z_DATA_ERROR for an deflate format
213 error, or Z_MEM_ERROR if it could not allocate memory for the state.
214 inflateBack() can also return Z_STREAM_ERROR if the input parameters
215 are not correct, i.e. strm is Z_NULL or the state was not initialized.
216 */
217 int ZEXPORT inflateBack9(strm, in, in_desc, out, out_desc)
218     z_stream FAR *strm;
219     in_func in;
220     void FAR *in_desc;
221     out_func out;
222     void FAR *out_desc;
223 {
224     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
225     z_const unsigned char FAR *next; /* next input */
226     unsigned char FAR *put; /* next output */
227     unsigned have; /* available input */
228     unsigned long left; /* available output */
229     inflate_mode mode; /* current inflate mode */
230     int lastblock; /* true if processing last block */
231     int wrap; /* true if the window has wrapped */
232     unsigned char FAR *window; /* allocated sliding window, if needed */
233     unsigned long hold; /* bit buffer */
234     unsigned bits; /* bits in bit buffer */
235     unsigned extra; /* extra bits needed */
236     unsigned long length; /* literal or length of data to copy */
237     unsigned long offset; /* distance back to copy string from */
238     unsigned long copy; /* number of stored or match bytes to copy */
239     unsigned char FAR *from; /* where to copy match bytes from */
240     code const FAR *lencode; /* starting table for length/literal codes */
241     code const FAR *distcode; /* starting table for distance codes */
242     unsigned lenbits; /* index bits for lencode */
243     unsigned distbits; /* index bits for distcode */
244     code here; /* current decoding table entry */
245     code last; /* parent table entry */
246     unsigned len; /* length to copy for repeats, bits to drop */
247     int ret; /* return code */
248     static const unsigned short order[19] = /* permutation of code lengths */
249         {16, 17, 18, 0, 8, 7, 9, 6, 10, 5, 11, 4, 12, 3, 13, 2, 14, 1, 15};
250     #include "inffix9.h"

252     /* Check that the strm exists and that the state was initialized */
253     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL)
254         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
255     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;

257     /* Reset the state */
258     strm->msg = Z_NULL;

```

```

259 mode = TYPE;
260 lastblock = 0;
261 wrap = 0;
262 window = state->window;
263 next = strm->next_in;
264 have = next != Z_NULL ? strm->avail_in : 0;
265 hold = 0;
266 bits = 0;
267 put = window;
268 left = WSIZE;
269 lencode = Z_NULL;
270 distcode = Z_NULL;

272 /* Inflate until end of block marked as last */
273 for (;;)
274     switch (mode) {
275     case TYPE:
276         /* determine and dispatch block type */
277         if (lastblock) {
278             BYTEBITS();
279             mode = DONE;
280             break;
281         }
282         NEEDBITS(3);
283         lastblock = BITS(1);
284         DROPBITS(1);
285         switch (BITS(2)) {
286         case 0: /* stored block */
287             Tracev((stderr, "inflate: stored block%s\n",
288                  lastblock ? " (last)" : ""));
289             mode = STORED;
290             break;
291         case 1: /* fixed block */
292             lencode = lenfix;
293             lenbits = 9;
294             distcode = distfix;
295             distbits = 5;
296             Tracev((stderr, "inflate: fixed codes block%s\n",
297                  lastblock ? " (last)" : ""));
298             mode = LEN; /* decode codes */
299             break;
300         case 2: /* dynamic block */
301             Tracev((stderr, "inflate: dynamic codes block%s\n",
302                  lastblock ? " (last)" : ""));
303             mode = TABLE;
304             break;
305         case 3:
306             strm->msg = (char *)"invalid block type";
307             mode = BAD;
308         }
309         DROPBITS(2);
310         break;

312     case STORED:
313         /* get and verify stored block length */
314         BYTEBITS(); /* go to byte boundary */
315         NEEDBITS(32);
316         if ((hold & 0xffff) != ((hold >> 16) ^ 0xffff)) {
317             strm->msg = (char *)"invalid stored block lengths";
318             mode = BAD;
319             break;
320         }
321         length = (unsigned)hold & 0xffff;
322         Tracev((stderr, "inflate: stored length %lu\n",
323              length));
324         INITBITS();

```

```

326         /* copy stored block from input to output */
327         while (length != 0) {
328             copy = length;
329             PULL();
330             ROOM();
331             if (copy > have) copy = have;
332             if (copy > left) copy = left;
333             zmemcpy(put, next, copy);
334             have -= copy;
335             next += copy;
336             left -= copy;
337             put += copy;
338             length -= copy;
339         }
340         Tracev((stderr, "inflate: stored end\n"));
341         mode = TYPE;
342         break;

344     case TABLE:
345         /* get dynamic table entries descriptor */
346         NEEDBITS(14);
347         state->nlen = BITS(5) + 257;
348         DROPBITS(5);
349         state->ndist = BITS(5) + 1;
350         DROPBITS(5);
351         state->ncode = BITS(4) + 4;
352         DROPBITS(4);
353         if (state->nlen > 286) {
354             strm->msg = (char *)"too many length symbols";
355             mode = BAD;
356             break;
357         }
358         Tracev((stderr, "inflate: table sizes ok\n"));

360         /* get code length code lengths (not a typo) */
361         state->have = 0;
362         while (state->have < state->ncode) {
363             NEEDBITS(3);
364             state->lens[order[state->have++]] = (unsigned short)BITS(3);
365             DROPBITS(3);
366         }
367         while (state->have < 19)
368             state->lens[order[state->have++]] = 0;
369         state->next = state->codes;
370         lencode = (code const FAR *)(state->next);
371         lenbits = 7;
372         ret = inflate_table9(CODES, state->lens, 19, &(state->next),
373                            &(lenbits), state->work);
374         if (ret) {
375             strm->msg = (char *)"invalid code lengths set";
376             mode = BAD;
377             break;
378         }
379         Tracev((stderr, "inflate: code lengths ok\n"));

381         /* get length and distance code code lengths */
382         state->have = 0;
383         while (state->have < state->nlen + state->ndist) {
384             for (;;) {
385                 here = lencode[BITS(lenbits)];
386                 if ((unsigned)(here.bits) <= bits) break;
387                 PULLBYTE();
388             }
389             if (here.val < 16) {
390                 NEEDBITS(here.bits);

```

```

391         DROPBITS(here.bits);
392         state->lens[state->have++] = here.val;
393     }
394     else {
395         if (here.val == 16) {
396             NEEDBITS(here.bits + 2);
397             DROPBITS(here.bits);
398             if (state->have == 0) {
399                 strm->msg = (char *)"invalid bit length repeat";
400                 mode = BAD;
401                 break;
402             }
403             len = (unsigned)(state->lens[state->have - 1]);
404             copy = 3 + BITS(2);
405             DROPBITS(2);
406         }
407         else if (here.val == 17) {
408             NEEDBITS(here.bits + 3);
409             DROPBITS(here.bits);
410             len = 0;
411             copy = 3 + BITS(3);
412             DROPBITS(3);
413         }
414         else {
415             NEEDBITS(here.bits + 7);
416             DROPBITS(here.bits);
417             len = 0;
418             copy = 11 + BITS(7);
419             DROPBITS(7);
420         }
421         if (state->have + copy > state->nlen + state->ndist) {
422             strm->msg = (char *)"invalid bit length repeat";
423             mode = BAD;
424             break;
425         }
426         while (copy--)
427             state->lens[state->have++] = (unsigned short)len;
428     }
429 }
430
431 /* handle error breaks in while */
432 if (mode == BAD) break;
433
434 /* check for end-of-block code (better have one) */
435 if (state->lens[256] == 0) {
436     strm->msg = (char *)"invalid code -- missing end-of-block";
437     mode = BAD;
438     break;
439 }
440
441 /* build code tables -- note: do not change the lenbits or distbits
442 values here (9 and 6) without reading the comments in inftree9.h
443 concerning the ENOUGH constants, which depend on those values */
444 state->next = state->codes;
445 lencode = (code const FAR *) (state->next);
446 lenbits = 9;
447 ret = inflate_table9(LENS, state->lens, state->nlen,
448                    &(state->next), &(lenbits), state->work);
449 if (ret) {
450     strm->msg = (char *)"invalid literal/lengths set";
451     mode = BAD;
452     break;
453 }
454 distcode = (code const FAR *) (state->next);
455 distbits = 6;
456 ret = inflate_table9(DISTS, state->lens + state->nlen,

```

```

457         state->ndist, &(state->next), &(distbits),
458         state->work);
459     if (ret) {
460         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distances set";
461         mode = BAD;
462         break;
463     }
464     Tracev((stderr, "inflate:         codes ok\n"));
465     mode = LEN;
466
467 case LEN:
468     /* get a literal, length, or end-of-block code */
469     for (;;) {
470         here = lencode[BITS(lenbits)];
471         if ((unsigned)(here.bits) <= bits) break;
472         PULLBYTE();
473     }
474     if (here.op && (here.op & 0xf0) == 0) {
475         last = here;
476         for (;;) {
477             here = lencode[last.val +
478                    (BITS(last.bits + last.op) >> last.bits)];
479             if ((unsigned)(last.bits + here.bits) <= bits) break;
480             PULLBYTE();
481         }
482         DROPBITS(last.bits);
483     }
484     DROPBITS(here.bits);
485     length = (unsigned)here.val;
486
487     /* process literal */
488     if (here.op == 0) {
489         Tracev((stderr, here.val >= 0x20 && here.val < 0x7f ?
490                "inflate:         literal '%c'\n" :
491                "inflate:         literal 0x%02x\n", here.val));
492         ROOM();
493         *put++ = (unsigned char)(length);
494         left--;
495         mode = LEN;
496         break;
497     }
498
499     /* process end of block */
500     if (here.op & 32) {
501         Tracev((stderr, "inflate:         end of block\n"));
502         mode = TYPE;
503         break;
504     }
505
506     /* invalid code */
507     if (here.op & 64) {
508         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid literal/length code";
509         mode = BAD;
510         break;
511     }
512
513     /* length code -- get extra bits, if any */
514     extra = (unsigned)(here.op) & 31;
515     if (extra != 0) {
516         NEEDBITS(extra);
517         length += BITS(extra);
518         DROPBITS(extra);
519     }
520     Tracev((stderr, "inflate:         length %lu\n", length));
521
522     /* get distance code */

```

```

523     for (;;) {
524         here = distcode[BITS(distbits)];
525         if ((unsigned)(here.bits) <= bits) break;
526         PULLBYTE();
527     }
528     if ((here.op & 0xf0) == 0) {
529         last = here;
530         for (;;) {
531             here = distcode[last.val +
532                 (BITS(last.bits + last.op) >> last.bits)];
533             if ((unsigned)(last.bits + here.bits) <= bits) break;
534             PULLBYTE();
535         }
536         DROPBITS(last.bits);
537     }
538     DROPBITS(here.bits);
539     if (here.op & 64) {
540         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance code";
541         mode = BAD;
542         break;
543     }
544     offset = (unsigned)here.val;

546     /* get distance extra bits, if any */
547     extra = (unsigned)(here.op) & 15;
548     if (extra != 0) {
549         NEEDBITS(extra);
550         offset += BITS(extra);
551         DROPBITS(extra);
552     }
553     if (offset > WSIZE - (wrap ? 0: left)) {
554         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance too far back";
555         mode = BAD;
556         break;
557     }
558     Tracevv((stderr, "inflate:         distance %lu\n", offset));

560     /* copy match from window to output */
561     do {
562         ROOM();
563         copy = WSIZE - offset;
564         if (copy < left) {
565             from = put + copy;
566             copy = left - copy;
567         }
568         else {
569             from = put - offset;
570             copy = left;
571         }
572         if (copy > length) copy = length;
573         length -= copy;
574         left -= copy;
575         do {
576             *put++ = *from++;
577         } while (--copy);
578     } while (length != 0);
579     break;

581 case DONE:
582     /* inflate stream terminated properly -- write leftover output */
583     ret = Z_STREAM_END;
584     if (left < WSIZE) {
585         if (out(out_desc, window, (unsigned)(WSIZE - left)))
586             ret = Z_BUF_ERROR;
587     }
588     goto inf_leave;

```

```

590     case BAD:
591         ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
592         goto inf_leave;

594     default: /* can't happen, but makes compilers happy */
595         ret = Z_STREAM_ERROR;
596         goto inf_leave;
597     }

599     /* Return unused input */
600     inf_leave:
601         strm->next_in = next;
602         strm->avail_in = have;
603         return ret;
604 }

606 int ZEXPORT inflateBack9End(strm)
607     z_stream FAR *strm;
608 {
609     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL || strm->zfree == (free_func)0)
610         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
611     ZFREE(strm, strm->state);
612     strm->state = Z_NULL;
613     Tracev((stderr, "inflate: end\n"));
614     return Z_OK;
615 }

```

1594 Wed Apr 1 15:57:08 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/inflateBack9/inflateBack9.h

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 /* inflateBack9.h -- header for using inflateBack9 functions
2  * Copyright (C) 2003 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */
5
6 /*
7  * This header file and associated patches provide a decoder for PKWare's
8  * undocumented deflate64 compression method (method 9). Use with inflateBack9.c,
9  * inftree9.h, inftree9.c, and infix9.h. These patches are not supported.
10 * This should be compiled with zlib, since it uses zutil.h and zutil.o.
11 * This code has not yet been tested on 16-bit architectures. See the
12 * comments in zlib.h for inflateBack() usage. These functions are used
13 * identically, except that there is no windowBits parameter, and a 64K
14 * window must be provided. Also if int's are 16 bits, then a zero for
15 * the third parameter of the "out" function actually means 65536UL.
16 * zlib.h must be included before this header file.
17 */
18
19 #ifndef __cplusplus
20 extern "C" {
21 #endif
22
23 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBack9 OF((z_stream FAR *strm,
24                                     in_func in, void FAR *in_desc,
25                                     out_func out, void FAR *out_desc));
26 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBack9End OF((z_stream FAR *strm));
27 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBack9Init_ OF((z_stream FAR *strm,
28                                          unsigned char FAR *window,
29                                          const char *version,
30                                          int stream_size));
31 #define inflateBack9Init(strm, window) \
32     inflateBack9Init_((strm), (window), \
33     ZLIB_VERSION, sizeof(z_stream))
34
35 #ifdef __cplusplus
36 }
37 #endif
```



```

*****
6599 Wed Apr 1 15:57:08 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/inffix9/inffix9.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inffix9.h -- table for decoding deflate64 fixed codes
2 * Generated automatically by makefixed9().
3 */
5 /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications.
6 It is part of the implementation of this library and is
7 subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.
8 */
10 static const code lenfix[512] = {
11 {96,7,0},{0,8,80},{0,8,16},{132,8,115},{130,7,31},{0,8,112},
12 {0,8,48},{0,9,192},{128,7,10},{0,8,96},{0,8,32},{0,9,160},
13 {0,8,0},{0,8,128},{0,8,64},{0,9,224},{128,7,6},{0,8,88},
14 {0,8,24},{0,9,144},{131,7,59},{0,8,120},{0,8,56},{0,9,208},
15 {129,7,17},{0,8,104},{0,8,40},{0,9,176},{0,8,8},{0,8,136},
16 {0,8,72},{0,9,240},{128,7,4},{0,8,84},{0,8,20},{133,8,227},
17 {131,7,43},{0,8,116},{0,8,52},{0,9,200},{129,7,13},{0,8,100},
18 {0,8,36},{0,9,168},{0,8,4},{0,8,132},{0,8,68},{0,9,232},
19 {128,7,8},{0,8,92},{0,8,28},{0,9,152},{132,7,83},{0,8,124},
20 {0,8,60},{0,9,216},{130,7,23},{0,8,108},{0,8,44},{0,9,184},
21 {0,8,12},{0,8,140},{0,8,76},{0,9,248},{128,7,3},{0,8,82},
22 {0,8,18},{133,8,163},{131,7,35},{0,8,114},{0,8,50},{0,9,196},
23 {129,7,11},{0,8,98},{0,8,34},{0,9,164},{0,8,2},{0,8,130},
24 {0,8,66},{0,9,228},{128,7,7},{0,8,90},{0,8,26},{0,9,148},
25 {132,7,67},{0,8,122},{0,8,58},{0,9,212},{130,7,19},{0,8,106},
26 {0,8,42},{0,9,180},{0,8,10},{0,8,138},{0,8,74},{0,9,244},
27 {128,7,5},{0,8,86},{0,8,22},{65,8,0},{131,7,51},{0,8,118},
28 {0,8,54},{0,9,204},{129,7,15},{0,8,102},{0,8,38},{0,9,172},
29 {0,8,6},{0,8,134},{0,8,70},{0,9,236},{128,7,9},{0,8,94},
30 {0,8,30},{0,9,156},{132,7,99},{0,8,126},{0,8,62},{0,9,220},
31 {130,7,27},{0,8,110},{0,8,46},{0,9,188},{0,8,14},{0,8,142},
32 {0,8,78},{0,9,252},{96,7,0},{0,8,81},{0,8,17},{133,8,131},
33 {130,7,31},{0,8,113},{0,8,49},{0,9,194},{128,7,10},{0,8,97},
34 {0,8,33},{0,9,162},{0,8,1},{0,8,129},{0,8,65},{0,9,226},
35 {128,7,6},{0,8,89},{0,8,25},{0,9,146},{131,7,59},{0,8,121},
36 {0,8,57},{0,9,210},{129,7,17},{0,8,105},{0,8,41},{0,9,178},
37 {0,8,9},{0,8,137},{0,8,73},{0,9,242},{128,7,4},{0,8,85},
38 {0,8,21},{144,8,3},{131,7,43},{0,8,117},{0,8,53},{0,9,202},
39 {129,7,13},{0,8,101},{0,8,37},{0,9,170},{0,8,5},{0,8,133},
40 {0,8,69},{0,9,234},{128,7,8},{0,8,93},{0,8,29},{0,9,154},
41 {132,7,83},{0,8,125},{0,8,61},{0,9,218},{130,7,23},{0,8,109},
42 {0,8,45},{0,9,186},{0,8,13},{0,8,141},{0,8,77},{0,9,250},
43 {128,7,3},{0,8,83},{0,8,19},{133,8,195},{131,7,35},{0,8,115},
44 {0,8,51},{0,9,198},{129,7,11},{0,8,99},{0,8,35},{0,9,166},
45 {0,8,3},{0,8,131},{0,8,67},{0,9,230},{128,7,7},{0,8,91},
46 {0,8,27},{0,9,150},{132,7,67},{0,8,123},{0,8,59},{0,9,214},
47 {130,7,19},{0,8,107},{0,8,43},{0,9,182},{0,8,11},{0,8,139},
48 {0,8,75},{0,9,246},{128,7,5},{0,8,87},{0,8,23},{77,8,0},
49 {131,7,51},{0,8,119},{0,8,55},{0,9,206},{129,7,15},{0,8,103},
50 {0,8,39},{0,9,174},{0,8,7},{0,8,135},{0,8,71},{0,9,238},
51 {128,7,9},{0,8,95},{0,8,31},{0,9,158},{132,7,99},{0,8,127},
52 {0,8,63},{0,9,222},{130,7,27},{0,8,111},{0,8,47},{0,9,190},
53 {0,8,15},{0,8,143},{0,8,79},{0,9,254},{96,7,0},{0,8,80},
54 {0,8,16},{132,8,115},{130,7,31},{0,8,112},{0,8,48},{0,9,193},
55 {128,7,10},{0,8,96},{0,8,32},{0,9,161},{0,8,0},{0,8,128},
56 {0,8,64},{0,9,225},{128,7,6},{0,8,88},{0,8,24},{0,9,145},
57 {131,7,59},{0,8,120},{0,8,56},{0,9,209},{129,7,17},{0,8,104},
58 {0,8,40},{0,9,177},{0,8,8},{0,8,136},{0,8,72},{0,9,241},
59 {128,7,4},{0,8,84},{0,8,20},{133,8,227},{131,7,43},{0,8,116},
60 {0,8,52},{0,9,201},{129,7,13},{0,8,100},{0,8,36},{0,9,169},

```

```

61 {0,8,4},{0,8,132},{0,8,68},{0,9,233},{128,7,8},{0,8,92},
62 {0,8,28},{0,9,153},{132,7,83},{0,8,124},{0,8,60},{0,9,217},
63 {130,7,23},{0,8,108},{0,8,44},{0,9,185},{0,8,12},{0,8,140},
64 {0,8,76},{0,9,249},{128,7,3},{0,8,82},{0,8,18},{133,8,163},
65 {131,7,35},{0,8,114},{0,8,50},{0,9,197},{129,7,11},{0,8,98},
66 {0,8,34},{0,9,165},{0,8,2},{0,8,130},{0,8,66},{0,9,229},
67 {128,7,7},{0,8,90},{0,8,26},{0,9,149},{132,7,67},{0,8,122},
68 {0,8,58},{0,9,213},{130,7,19},{0,8,106},{0,8,42},{0,9,181},
69 {0,8,10},{0,8,138},{0,8,74},{0,9,245},{128,7,5},{0,8,86},
70 {0,8,22},{65,8,0},{131,7,51},{0,8,118},{0,8,54},{0,9,205},
71 {129,7,15},{0,8,102},{0,8,38},{0,9,173},{0,8,6},{0,8,134},
72 {0,8,70},{0,9,237},{128,7,9},{0,8,94},{0,8,30},{0,9,157},
73 {132,7,99},{0,8,126},{0,8,62},{0,9,221},{130,7,27},{0,8,110},
74 {0,8,46},{0,9,189},{0,8,14},{0,8,142},{0,8,78},{0,9,253},
75 {96,7,0},{0,8,81},{0,8,17},{133,8,131},{130,7,31},{0,8,113},
76 {0,8,49},{0,9,195},{128,7,10},{0,8,97},{0,8,33},{0,9,163},
77 {0,8,1},{0,8,129},{0,8,65},{0,9,227},{128,7,6},{0,8,89},
78 {0,8,25},{0,9,147},{131,7,59},{0,8,121},{0,8,57},{0,9,211},
79 {129,7,17},{0,8,105},{0,8,41},{0,9,179},{0,8,9},{0,8,137},
80 {0,8,73},{0,9,243},{128,7,4},{0,8,85},{0,8,21},{144,8,3},
81 {131,7,43},{0,8,117},{0,8,53},{0,9,203},{129,7,13},{0,8,101},
82 {0,8,37},{0,9,171},{0,8,5},{0,8,133},{0,8,69},{0,9,235},
83 {128,7,8},{0,8,93},{0,8,29},{0,9,155},{132,7,83},{0,8,125},
84 {0,8,61},{0,9,219},{130,7,23},{0,8,109},{0,8,45},{0,9,187},
85 {0,8,13},{0,8,141},{0,8,77},{0,9,251},{128,7,3},{0,8,83},
86 {0,8,19},{133,8,195},{131,7,35},{0,8,115},{0,8,51},{0,9,199},
87 {129,7,11},{0,8,99},{0,8,35},{0,9,167},{0,8,3},{0,8,131},
88 {0,8,67},{0,9,231},{128,7,7},{0,8,91},{0,8,27},{0,9,151},
89 {132,7,67},{0,8,123},{0,8,59},{0,9,215},{130,7,19},{0,8,107},
90 {0,8,43},{0,9,183},{0,8,11},{0,8,139},{0,8,75},{0,9,247},
91 {128,7,5},{0,8,87},{0,8,23},{77,8,0},{131,7,51},{0,8,119},
92 {0,8,55},{0,9,207},{129,7,15},{0,8,103},{0,8,39},{0,9,175},
93 {0,8,7},{0,8,135},{0,8,71},{0,9,239},{128,7,9},{0,8,95},
94 {0,8,31},{0,9,159},{132,7,99},{0,8,127},{0,8,63},{0,9,223},
95 {130,7,27},{0,8,111},{0,8,47},{0,9,191},{0,8,15},{0,8,143},
96 {0,8,79},{0,9,255}
97 };
99 static const code distfix[32] = {
100 {128,5,1},{135,5,257},{131,5,17},{139,5,4097},{129,5,5},
101 {137,5,1025},{133,5,65},{141,5,16385},{128,5,3},{136,5,513},
102 {132,5,33},{140,5,8193},{130,5,9},{138,5,2049},{134,5,129},
103 {142,5,32769},{128,5,2},{135,5,385},{131,5,25},{139,5,6145},
104 {129,5,7},{137,5,1537},{133,5,97},{141,5,24577},{128,5,4},
105 {136,5,769},{132,5,49},{140,5,12289},{130,5,13},{138,5,3073},
106 {134,5,193},{142,5,49153}
107 };

```

```
*****
1991 Wed Apr 1 15:57:08 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/inflate9/inflate9.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inflate9.h -- internal inflate state definition
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2003 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */
5
6 /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications. It is
7  part of the implementation of the compression library and is
8  subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.
9  */
10
11 /* Possible inflate modes between inflate() calls */
12 typedef enum {
13     TYPE,          /* i: waiting for type bits, including last-flag bit */
14     STORED,       /* i: waiting for stored size (length and complement) */
15     TABLE,       /* i: waiting for dynamic block table lengths */
16     LEN,          /* i: waiting for length/lit code */
17     DONE,         /* finished check, done -- remain here until reset */
18     BAD           /* got a data error -- remain here until reset */
19 } inflate_mode;
20
21 /*
22  State transitions between above modes -
23
24  (most modes can go to the BAD mode -- not shown for clarity)
25
26  Read deflate blocks:
27      TYPE -> STORED or TABLE or LEN or DONE
28      STORED -> TYPE
29      TABLE -> LENLENS -> CODELENS -> LEN
30  Read deflate codes:
31      LEN -> LEN or TYPE
32  */
33
34 /* state maintained between inflate() calls.  Approximately 7K bytes. */
35 struct inflate_state {
36     /* sliding window */
37     unsigned char FAR *window; /* allocated sliding window, if needed */
38     /* dynamic table building */
39     unsigned ncode; /* number of code length code lengths */
40     unsigned nlen; /* number of length code lengths */
41     unsigned ndist; /* number of distance code lengths */
42     unsigned have; /* number of code lengths in lens[] */
43     code FAR *next; /* next available space in codes[] */
44     unsigned short lens[320]; /* temporary storage for code lengths */
45     unsigned short work[288]; /* work area for code table building */
46     code codes[ENOUGH]; /* space for code tables */
47 };
```

```

*****
13404 Wed Apr 1 15:57:09 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/inflate9/inftree9.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inftree9.c -- generate Huffman trees for efficient decoding
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 #include "zutil.h"
7 #include "inftree9.h"

9 #define MAXBITS 15

11 const char inflate9_copyright[] =
12 " inflate9 1.2.8 Copyright 1995-2013 Mark Adler ";
13 /*
14  If you use the zlib library in a product, an acknowledgment is welcome
15  in the documentation of your product. If for some reason you cannot
16  include such an acknowledgment, I would appreciate that you keep this
17  copyright string in the executable of your product.
18  */

20 /*
21  Build a set of tables to decode the provided canonical Huffman code.
22  The code lengths are lens[0..codes-1]. The result starts at *table,
23  whose indices are 0..2^bits-1. work is a writable array of at least
24  lens shorts, which is used as a work area. type is the type of code
25  to be generated, CODES, LENS, or DISTS. On return, zero is success,
26  -1 is an invalid code, and +1 means that ENOUGH isn't enough. table
27  on return points to the next available entry's address. bits is the
28  requested root table index bits, and on return it is the actual root
29  table index bits. It will differ if the request is greater than the
30  longest code or if it is less than the shortest code.
31  */
32 int inflate_table9(type, lens, codes, table, bits, work)
33 codetype type;
34 unsigned short FAR *lens;
35 unsigned codes;
36 code FAR * FAR *table;
37 unsigned FAR *bits;
38 unsigned short FAR *work;
39 {
40     unsigned len;          /* a code's length in bits */
41     unsigned sym;          /* index of code symbols */
42     unsigned min, max;     /* minimum and maximum code lengths */
43     unsigned root;        /* number of index bits for root table */
44     unsigned curr;        /* number of index bits for current table */
45     unsigned drop;        /* code bits to drop for sub-table */
46     int left;             /* number of prefix codes available */
47     unsigned used;        /* code entries in table used */
48     unsigned huff;        /* Huffman code */
49     unsigned incr;        /* for incrementing code, index */
50     unsigned fill;        /* index for replicating entries */
51     unsigned low;         /* low bits for current root entry */
52     unsigned mask;        /* mask for low root bits */
53     code this;            /* table entry for duplication */
54     code FAR *next;       /* next available space in table */
55     const unsigned short FAR *base; /* base value table to use */
56     const unsigned short FAR *extra; /* extra bits table to use */
57     int end;              /* use base and extra for symbol > end */
58     unsigned short count[MAXBITS+1]; /* number of codes of each length */
59     unsigned short offs[MAXBITS+1]; /* offsets in table for each length */
60     static const unsigned short lbase[31] = { /* Length codes 257..285 base */

```

```

61     3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17,
62     19, 23, 27, 31, 35, 43, 51, 59, 67, 83, 99, 115,
63     131, 163, 195, 227, 3, 0, 0};
64     static const unsigned short lext[31] = { /* Length codes 257..285 extra */
65     128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 129, 129, 129, 129,
66     130, 130, 130, 130, 131, 131, 131, 131, 132, 132, 132, 132,
67     133, 133, 133, 133, 144, 72, 78};
68     static const unsigned short dbase[32] = { /* Distance codes 0..31 base */
69     1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 13, 17, 25, 33, 49,
70     65, 97, 129, 193, 257, 385, 513, 769, 1025, 1537, 2049, 3073,
71     4097, 6145, 8193, 12289, 16385, 24577, 32769, 49153};
72     static const unsigned short dext[32] = { /* Distance codes 0..31 extra */
73     128, 128, 128, 128, 129, 129, 130, 130, 131, 131, 132, 132,
74     133, 133, 134, 134, 135, 135, 136, 136, 137, 137, 138, 138,
75     139, 139, 140, 140, 141, 141, 142, 142};

77     /*
78     Process a set of code lengths to create a canonical Huffman code. The
79     code lengths are lens[0..codes-1]. Each length corresponds to the
80     symbols 0..codes-1. The Huffman code is generated by first sorting the
81     symbols by length from short to long, and retaining the symbol order
82     for codes with equal lengths. Then the code starts with all zero bits
83     for the first code of the shortest length, and the codes are integer
84     increments for the same length, and zeros are appended as the length
85     increases. For the deflate format, these bits are stored backwards
86     from their more natural integer increment ordering, and so when the
87     decoding tables are built in the large loop below, the integer codes
88     are incremented backwards.

90     This routine assumes, but does not check, that all of the entries in
91     lens[] are in the range 0..MAXBITS. The caller must assure this.
92     1..MAXBITS is interpreted as that code length. zero means that that
93     symbol does not occur in this code.

95     The codes are sorted by computing a count of codes for each length,
96     creating from that a table of starting indices for each length in the
97     sorted table, and then entering the symbols in order in the sorted
98     table. The sorted table is work[], with that space being provided by
99     the caller.

101    The length counts are used for other purposes as well, i.e. finding
102    the minimum and maximum length codes, determining if there are any
103    codes at all, checking for a valid set of lengths, and looking ahead
104    at length counts to determine sub-table sizes when building the
105    decoding tables.
106    */

108    /* accumulate lengths for codes (assumes lens[] all in 0..MAXBITS) */
109    for (len = 0; len <= MAXBITS; len++)
110        count[len] = 0;
111    for (sym = 0; sym < codes; sym++)
112        count[lens[sym]]++;

114    /* bound code lengths, force root to be within code lengths */
115    root = *bits;
116    for (max = MAXBITS; max >= 1; max--)
117        if (count[max] != 0) break;
118    if (root > max) root = max;
119    if (max == 0) return -1; /* no codes! */
120    for (min = 1; min <= MAXBITS; min++)
121        if (count[min] != 0) break;
122    if (root < min) root = min;

124    /* check for an over-subscribed or incomplete set of lengths */
125    left = 1;
126    for (len = 1; len <= MAXBITS; len++) {

```

```

127     left <= 1;
128     left -= count[len];
129     if (left < 0) return -1;          /* over-subscribed */
130 }
131 if (left > 0 && (type == CODES || max != 1))
132     return -1;                      /* incomplete set */

134 /* generate offsets into symbol table for each length for sorting */
135 offs[1] = 0;
136 for (len = 1; len < MAXBITS; len++)
137     offs[len + 1] = offs[len] + count[len];

139 /* sort symbols by length, by symbol order within each length */
140 for (sym = 0; sym < codes; sym++)
141     if (lens[sym] != 0) work[offs[lens[sym]]++] = (unsigned short)sym;

143 /*
144  * Create and fill in decoding tables. In this loop, the table being
145  * filled is at next and has curr index bits. The code being used is huff
146  * with length len. That code is converted to an index by dropping drop
147  * bits off of the bottom. For codes where len is less than drop + curr,
148  * those top drop + curr - len bits are incremented through all values to
149  * fill the table with replicated entries.

151  * root is the number of index bits for the root table. When len exceeds
152  * root, sub-tables are created pointed to by the root entry with an index
153  * of the low root bits of huff. This is saved in low to check for when a
154  * new sub-table should be started. drop is zero when the root table is
155  * being filled, and drop is root when sub-tables are being filled.

157  * When a new sub-table is needed, it is necessary to look ahead in the
158  * code lengths to determine what size sub-table is needed. The length
159  * counts are used for this, and so count[] is decremented as codes are
160  * entered in the tables.

162  * used keeps track of how many table entries have been allocated from the
163  * provided *table space. It is checked for LENS and DIST tables against
164  * the constants ENOUGH_LENS and ENOUGH_DISTs to guard against changes in
165  * the initial root table size constants. See the comments in inftree9.h
166  * for more information.

168  * sym increments through all symbols, and the loop terminates when
169  * all codes of length max, i.e. all codes, have been processed. This
170  * routine permits incomplete codes, so another loop after this one fills
171  * in the rest of the decoding tables with invalid code markers.
172  */

174 /* set up for code type */
175 switch (type) {
176 case CODES:
177     base = extra = work;          /* dummy value--not used */
178     end = 19;
179     break;
180 case LENS:
181     base = lbase;
182     base -= 257;
183     extra = lext;
184     extra -= 257;
185     end = 256;
186     break;
187 default:                          /* DISTs */
188     base = dbase;
189     extra = dext;
190     end = -1;
191 }

```

```

193 /* initialize state for loop */
194 huff = 0;                          /* starting code */
195 sym = 0;                            /* starting code symbol */
196 len = min;                          /* starting code length */
197 next = *table;                      /* current table to fill in */
198 curr = root;                        /* current table index bits */
199 drop = 0;                           /* current bits to drop from code for index */
200 low = (unsigned)(-1);               /* trigger new sub-table when len > root */
201 used = 1U << root;                 /* use root table entries */
202 mask = used - 1;                   /* mask for comparing low */

204 /* check available table space */
205 if ((type == LENS && used >= ENOUGH_LENS) ||
206     (type == DISTs && used >= ENOUGH_DISTs))
207     return 1;

209 /* process all codes and make table entries */
210 for (;;) {
211     /* create table entry */
212     this.bits = (unsigned char)(len - drop);
213     if ((int)(work[sym]) < end) {
214         this.op = (unsigned char)0;
215         this.val = work[sym];
216     }
217     else if ((int)(work[sym]) > end) {
218         this.op = (unsigned char)(extra[work[sym]]);
219         this.val = base[work[sym]];
220     }
221     else {
222         this.op = (unsigned char)(32 + 64);          /* end of block */
223         this.val = 0;
224     }

226     /* replicate for those indices with low len bits equal to huff */
227     incr = 1U << (len - drop);
228     fill = 1U << curr;
229     do {
230         fill -= incr;
231         next[(huff >> drop) + fill] = this;
232     } while (fill != 0);

234     /* backwards increment the len-bit code huff */
235     incr = 1U << (len - 1);
236     while (huff & incr)
237         incr >= 1;
238     if (incr != 0) {
239         huff &= incr - 1;
240         huff += incr;
241     }
242     else
243         huff = 0;

245     /* go to next symbol, update count, len */
246     sym++;
247     if (--(count[len]) == 0) {
248         if (len == max) break;
249         len = lens[work[sym]];
250     }

252     /* create new sub-table if needed */
253     if (len > root && (huff & mask) != low) {
254         /* if first time, transition to sub-tables */
255         if (drop == 0)
256             drop = root;

258         /* increment past last table */

```

```

259     next += 1U << curr;

261     /* determine length of next table */
262     curr = len - drop;
263     left = (int)(1 << curr);
264     while (curr + drop < max) {
265         left -= count[curr + drop];
266         if (left <= 0) break;
267         curr++;
268         left <<= 1;
269     }

271     /* check for enough space */
272     used += 1U << curr;
273     if ((type == LENS && used >= ENOUGH_LENS) ||
274         (type == DISTS && used >= ENOUGH_DISTS))
275         return 1;

277     /* point entry in root table to sub-table */
278     low = huff & mask;
279     (*table)[low].op = (unsigned char)curr;
280     (*table)[low].bits = (unsigned char)root;
281     (*table)[low].val = (unsigned short)(next - *table);
282 }
283 }

285 /*
286  Fill in rest of table for incomplete codes. This loop is similar to the
287  loop above in incrementing huff for table indices. It is assumed that
288  len is equal to curr + drop, so there is no loop needed to increment
289  through high index bits. When the current sub-table is filled, the loop
290  drops back to the root table to fill in any remaining entries there.
291  */
292 this.op = (unsigned char)64;          /* invalid code marker */
293 this.bits = (unsigned char)(len - drop);
294 this.val = (unsigned short)0;
295 while (huff != 0) {
296     /* when done with sub-table, drop back to root table */
297     if (drop != 0 && (huff & mask) != low) {
298         drop = 0;
299         len = root;
300         next = *table;
301         curr = root;
302         this.bits = (unsigned char)len;
303     }

305     /* put invalid code marker in table */
306     next[huff >> drop] = this;

308     /* backwards increment the len-bit code huff */
309     incr = 1U << (len - 1);
310     while (huff & incr)
311         incr >>= 1;
312     if (incr != 0) {
313         huff &= incr - 1;
314         huff += incr;
315     }
316     else
317         huff = 0;
318 }

320 /* set return parameters */
321 *table += used;
322 *bits = root;
323 return 0;
324 }

```

```
*****
```

```
2901 Wed Apr 1 15:57:09 2015
```

```
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/inflate/inftree9.h
```

```
5470 libz should be part of illumos
```

```
1002 Integrate zlib
```

```
*****
```

```
1 /* inftree9.h -- header to use inftree9.c
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2008 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications. It is
7  part of the implementation of the compression library and is
8  subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.
9  */

11 /* Structure for decoding tables. Each entry provides either the
12 information needed to do the operation requested by the code that
13 indexes that table entry, or it provides a pointer to another
14 table that indexes more bits of the code. op indicates whether
15 the entry is a pointer to another table, a literal, a length or
16 distance, an end-of-block, or an invalid code. For a table
17 pointer, the low four bits of op is the number of index bits of
18 that table. For a length or distance, the low four bits of op
19 is the number of extra bits to get after the code. bits is
20 the number of bits in this code or part of the code to drop off
21 of the bit buffer. val is the actual byte to output in the case
22 of a literal, the base length or distance, or the offset from
23 the current table to the next table. Each entry is four bytes. */
24 typedef struct {
25     unsigned char op;          /* operation, extra bits, table bits */
26     unsigned char bits;       /* bits in this part of the code */
27     unsigned short val;       /* offset in table or code value */
28 } code;

30 /* op values as set by inflate_table():
31 00000000 - literal
32 0000tttt - table link, tttt != 0 is the number of table index bits
33 100eeee - length or distance, eeee is the number of extra bits
34 01100000 - end of block
35 01000000 - invalid code
36 */

38 /* Maximum size of the dynamic table. The maximum number of code structures is
39 1446, which is the sum of 852 for literal/length codes and 594 for distance
40 codes. These values were found by exhaustive searches using the program
41 examples/enough.c found in the zlib distribution. The arguments to that
42 program are the number of symbols, the initial root table size, and the
43 maximum bit length of a code. "enough 286 9 15" for literal/length codes
44 returns returns 852, and "enough 32 6 15" for distance codes returns 594.
45 The initial root table size (9 or 6) is found in the fifth argument of the
46 inflate_table() calls in inflate.c. If the root table size is changed,
47 then these maximum sizes would be need to be recalculated and updated. */
48 #define ENOUGH_LENS 852
49 #define ENOUGH_DISTS 594
50 #define ENOUGH (ENOUGH_LENS+ENOUGH_DISTS)

52 /* Type of code to build for inflate_table9() */
53 typedef enum {
54     CODES,
55     LENS,
56     DISTS
57 } codetype;

59 extern int inflate_table9 OF((codetype type, unsigned short FAR *lens,
60                             unsigned codes, code FAR * FAR *table,
```

```
61 unsigned FAR *bits, unsigned short FAR *work));
```

```

*****
40608 Wed Apr 1 15:57:09 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/inflate86/inffas86.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inffas86.c is a hand tuned assembler version of
2 *
3 * inffast.c -- fast decoding
4 * Copyright (C) 1995-2003 Mark Adler
5 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
6 *
7 * Copyright (C) 2003 Chris Anderson <christop@charm.net>
8 * Please use the copyright conditions above.
9 *
10 * Dec-29-2003 -- I added AMD64 inflate asm support. This version is also
11 * slightly quicker on x86 systems because, instead of using rep movsb to copy
12 * data, it uses rep movsw, which moves data in 2-byte chunks instead of single
13 * bytes. I've tested the AMD64 code on a Fedora Core 1 + the x86_64 updates
14 * from http://fedora.linux.duke.edu/fc1_x86_64
15 * which is running on an Athlon 64 3000+ / Gigabyte GA-K8VT800M system with
16 * 1GB ram. The 64-bit version is about 4% faster than the 32-bit version,
17 * when decompressing mozilla-source-1.3.tar.gz.
18 *
19 * Mar-13-2003 -- Most of this is derived from inffast.S which is derived from
20 * the gcc -S output of zlib-1.2.0/inffast.c. Zlib-1.2.0 is in beta release at
21 * the moment. I have successfully compiled and tested this code with gcc2.96,
22 * gcc3.2, icc5.0, msvc6.0. It is very close to the speed of inffast.S
23 * compiled with gcc -DNO_MMX, but inffast.S is still faster on the P3 with MMX
24 * enabled. I will attempt to merge the MMX code into this version. Newer
25 * versions of this and inffast.S can be found at
26 * http://www.eetbeetee.com/zlib/ and http://www.charm.net/~christop/zlib/
27 */
28
29 #include "zutil.h"
30 #include "inftrees.h"
31 #include "inflate.h"
32 #include "inffast.h"
33
34 /* Mark Adler's comments from inffast.c: */
35
36 /*
37 Decode literal, length, and distance codes and write out the resulting
38 literal and match bytes until either not enough input or output is
39 available, an end-of-block is encountered, or a data error is encountered.
40 When large enough input and output buffers are supplied to inflate(), for
41 example, a 16K input buffer and a 64K output buffer, more than 95% of the
42 inflate execution time is spent in this routine.
43
44 Entry assumptions:
45
46     state->mode == LEN
47     strm->avail_in >= 6
48     strm->avail_out >= 258
49     start >= strm->avail_out
50     state->bits < 8
51
52 On return, state->mode is one of:
53
54     LEN -- ran out of enough output space or enough available input
55     TYPE -- reached end of block code, inflate() to interpret next block
56     BAD -- error in block data
57
58 Notes:
59
60 - The maximum input bits used by a length/distance pair is 15 bits for the

```

```

61     length code, 5 bits for the length extra, 15 bits for the distance code,
62     and 13 bits for the distance extra. This totals 48 bits, or six bytes.
63     Therefore if strm->avail_in >= 6, then there is enough input to avoid
64     checking for available input while decoding.
65
66 - The maximum bytes that a single length/distance pair can output is 258
67 bytes, which is the maximum length that can be coded. inflate_fast()
68 requires strm->avail_out >= 258 for each loop to avoid checking for
69 output space.
70 */
71 void inflate_fast(strm, start)
72 z_streamp strm;
73 unsigned start; /* inflate()'s starting value for strm->avail_out */
74 {
75     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
76     struct inffast_ar {
77         /* 64 32 x86 x86_64 */
78         /* ar offset register */
79         /* 0 0 */ void *esp; /* esp save */
80         /* 8 4 */ void *ebp; /* ebp save */
81         /* 16 8 */ unsigned char FAR *in; /* esi rsi local strm->next_in */
82         /* 24 12 */ unsigned char FAR *last; /* r9 while in < last */
83         /* 32 16 */ unsigned char FAR *out; /* edi rdi local strm->next_out */
84         /* 40 20 */ unsigned char FAR *beg; /* inflate()'s init next_out */
85         /* 48 24 */ unsigned char FAR *end; /* r10 while out < end */
86         /* 56 28 */ unsigned char FAR *window; /* size of window, wsize!=0 */
87         /* 64 32 */ code const FAR *lcode; /* ebp rbp local strm->lencode */
88         /* 72 36 */ code const FAR *dcode; /* r11 local strm->distcode */
89         /* 80 40 */ unsigned long hold; /* edx rdx local strm->hold */
90         /* 88 44 */ unsigned bits; /* ebx rbx local strm->bits */
91         /* 92 48 */ unsigned wsize; /* window size */
92         /* 96 52 */ unsigned write; /* window write index */
93         /*100 56 */ unsigned lmask; /* r12 mask for lcode */
94         /*104 60 */ unsigned dmask; /* r13 mask for dcode */
95         /*108 64 */ unsigned len; /* r14 match length */
96         /*112 68 */ unsigned dist; /* r15 match distance */
97         /*116 72 */ unsigned status; /* set when state chng */
98     } ar;
99
100 #if defined( __GNUC__ ) && defined( __amd64__ ) && ! defined( __i386__ )
101 #define PAD_AVAIL_IN 6
102 #define PAD_AVAIL_OUT 258
103 #else
104 #define PAD_AVAIL_IN 5
105 #define PAD_AVAIL_OUT 257
106 #endif
107
108 /* copy state to local variables */
109 state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
110 ar.in = strm->next_in;
111 ar.last = ar.in + (strm->avail_in - PAD_AVAIL_IN);
112 ar.out = strm->next_out;
113 ar.beg = ar.out - (start - strm->avail_out);
114 ar.end = ar.out + (strm->avail_out - PAD_AVAIL_OUT);
115 ar.wsize = state->wsize;
116 ar.write = state->wnext;
117 ar.window = state->window;
118 ar.hold = state->hold;
119 ar.bits = state->bits;
120 ar.lcode = state->lencode;
121 ar.dcode = state->distcode;
122 ar.lmask = (1U << state->lenbits) - 1;
123 ar.dmask = (1U << state->distbits) - 1;
124
125 /* decode literals and length/distances until end-of-block or not enough
126 input data or output space */

```

```

128 /* align in on 1/2 hold size boundary */
129 while (((unsigned long)(void *)ar.in & (sizeof(ar.hold) / 2 - 1)) != 0) {
130     ar.hold += (unsigned long)*ar.in++ << ar.bits;
131     ar.bits += 8;
132 }

134 #if defined( __GNUC__ ) && defined( __amd64__ ) && ! defined( __i386__ )
135     __asm__ __volatile__ (
136 "        leaq    %0, %%rax\n"
137 "        movq   %%rbp, 8(%%rax)\n"          /* save regs rbp and rsp */
138 "        movq   %%rsp, (%%rax)\n"
139 "        movq   %%rax, %%rsp\n"          /* make rsp point to &ar */
140 "        movq   16(%%rsp), %%rsi\n"        /* rsi = in */
141 "        movq   32(%%rsp), %%rdi\n"        /* rdi = out */
142 "        movq   24(%%rsp), %%r9\n"        /* r9 = last */
143 "        movq   48(%%rsp), %%r10\n"       /* r10 = end */
144 "        movq   64(%%rsp), %%rbp\n"       /* rbp = lcode */
145 "        movq   72(%%rsp), %%r11\n"       /* r11 = dcode */
146 "        movq   80(%%rsp), %%rdx\n"       /* rdx = hold */
147 "        movl   88(%%rsp), %%ebx\n"       /* ebx = bits */
148 "        movl   100(%%rsp), %%r12d\n"     /* r12d = lmask */
149 "        movl   104(%%rsp), %%r13d\n"     /* r13d = dmask */
150 "                                           /* r14d = len */
151 "                                           /* r15d = dist */
152 "        cld\n"
153 "        cmpq   %%rdi, %%r10\n"
154 "        je     .L_one_time\n"          /* if only one decode left */
155 "        cmpq   %%rsi, %%r9\n"
156 "        je     .L_one_time\n"
157 "        jmp    .L_do_loop\n"

159 ".L_one_time:\n"
160 "    movq   %%r12, %%r8\n"              /* r8 = lmask */
161 "    cmpb   $32, %%bl\n"
162 "    ja     .L_get_length_code_one_time\n"

164 "    lodsl\n"                          /* eax = *(uint *)in++ */
165 "    movb   %%bl, %%cl\n"              /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
166 "    addb   $32, %%bl\n"              /* bits += 32 */
167 "    shlq   %%cl, %%rax\n"
168 "    orq    %%rax, %%rdx\n"          /* hold |= *((uint *)in)++ << bits */
169 "    jmp    .L_get_length_code_one_time\n"

171 ".align 32,0x90\n"
172 ".L_while_test:\n"
173 "    cmpq   %%rdi, %%r10\n"
174 "    jbe    .L_break_loop\n"
175 "    cmpq   %%rsi, %%r9\n"
176 "    jbe    .L_break_loop\n"

178 ".L_do_loop:\n"
179 "    movq   %%r12, %%r8\n"              /* r8 = lmask */
180 "    cmpb   $32, %%bl\n"
181 "    ja     .L_get_length_code\n"      /* if (32 < bits) */

183 "    lodsl\n"                          /* eax = *(uint *)in++ */
184 "    movb   %%bl, %%cl\n"              /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
185 "    addb   $32, %%bl\n"              /* bits += 32 */
186 "    shlq   %%cl, %%rax\n"
187 "    orq    %%rax, %%rdx\n"          /* hold |= *((uint *)in)++ << bits */

189 ".L_get_length_code:\n"
190 "    andq   %%rdx, %%r8\n"              /* r8 &= hold */
191 "    movl   (%%rbp, %%r8, 4), %%eax\n" /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */

```

```

193 "        movb   %%ah, %%cl\n"          /* cl = this.bits */
194 "        subb   %%ah, %%bl\n"          /* bits -= this.bits */
195 "        shrq   %%cl, %%rdx\n"        /* hold >>= this.bits */

197 "        testb  %%al, %%al\n"
198 "        jnz    .L_test_for_length_base\n" /* if (op != 0) 45.7% */

200 "        movq   %%r12, %%r8\n"        /* r8 = lmask */
201 "        shrl   $16, %%eax\n"        /* output this.val char */
202 "        stosb\n"

204 ".L_get_length_code_one_time:\n"
205 "    andq   %%rdx, %%r8\n"          /* r8 &= hold */
206 "    movl   (%%rbp, %%r8, 4), %%eax\n" /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */

208 ".L_dolen:\n"
209 "    movb   %%ah, %%cl\n"          /* cl = this.bits */
210 "    subb   %%ah, %%bl\n"          /* bits -= this.bits */
211 "    shrq   %%cl, %%rdx\n"        /* hold >>= this.bits */

213 "    testb  %%al, %%al\n"
214 "    jnz    .L_test_for_length_base\n" /* if (op != 0) 45.7% */

216 "    shrl   $16, %%eax\n"          /* output this.val char */
217 "    stosb\n"
218 "    jmp    .L_while_test\n"

220 ".align 32,0x90\n"
221 ".L_test_for_length_base:\n"
222 "    movl   %%eax, %%r14d\n"        /* len = this */
223 "    shrl   $16, %%r14d\n"        /* len = this.val */
224 "    movb   %%al, %%cl\n"

226 "    testb  $16, %%al\n"
227 "    jz     .L_test_for_second_level_length\n" /* if ((op & 16) == 0) 8% */
228 "    andb   $15, %%cl\n"          /* op &= 15 */
229 "    jz     .L_decode_distance\n"    /* if (!op) */

231 ".L_add_bits_to_len:\n"
232 "    subb   %%cl, %%bl\n"
233 "    xorl   %%eax, %%eax\n"
234 "    incl   %%eax\n"
235 "    shll   %%cl, %%eax\n"
236 "    decl   %%eax\n"
237 "    andl   %%edx, %%eax\n"        /* eax &= hold */
238 "    shrq   %%cl, %%rdx\n"
239 "    addl   %%eax, %%r14d\n"        /* len += hold & mask[op] */

241 ".L_decode_distance:\n"
242 "    movq   %%r13, %%r8\n"          /* r8 = dmask */
243 "    cmpb   $32, %%bl\n"
244 "    ja     .L_get_distance_code\n"  /* if (32 < bits) */

246 "    lodsl\n"                          /* eax = *(uint *)in++ */
247 "    movb   %%bl, %%cl\n"          /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
248 "    addb   $32, %%bl\n"          /* bits += 32 */
249 "    shlq   %%cl, %%rax\n"
250 "    orq    %%rax, %%rdx\n"        /* hold |= *((uint *)in)++ << bits */

252 ".L_get_distance_code:\n"
253 "    andq   %%rdx, %%r8\n"          /* r8 &= hold */
254 "    movl   (%%r11, %%r8, 4), %%eax\n" /* eax = dcode[hold & dmask] */

256 ".L_dodist:\n"
257 "    movl   %%eax, %%r15d\n"        /* dist = this */
258 "    shrl   $16, %%r15d\n"        /* dist = this.val */

```



```

259 "    movb    %%ah, %%cl\n"
260 "    subb    %%ah, %%bl\n"           /* bits -= this.bits */
261 "    shrq   %%cl, %%rdx\n"         /* hold >= this.bits */
262 "    movb    %%al, %%cl\n"         /* cl = this.op */

264 "    testb   $16, %%al\n"          /* if ((op & 16) == 0) */
265 "    jz     .L_test_for_second_level_dist\n"
266 "    andb   $15, %%cl\n"          /* op &= 15 */
267 "    jz     .L_check_dist_one\n"

269 ".L_add_bits_to_dist:\n"
270 "    subb    %%cl, %%bl\n"
271 "    xorl    %%eax, %%eax\n"
272 "    incl    %%eax\n"
273 "    shll   %%cl, %%eax\n"
274 "    decl   %%eax\n"              /* (1 << op) - 1 */
275 "    andl   %%edx, %%eax\n"        /* eax &= hold */
276 "    shrq   %%cl, %%rdx\n"
277 "    addl   %%eax, %%r15d\n"       /* dist += hold & ((1 << op) - 1) */

279 ".L_check_window:\n"
280 "    movq   %%rsi, %%r8\n"         /* save in so from can use it's reg */
281 "    movq   %%rdi, %%rax\n"
282 "    subq   40(%%rsp), %%rax\n"    /* nbytes = out - beg */

284 "    cmpl   %%r15d, %%eax\n"
285 "    jb     .L_clip_window\n"     /* if (dist > nbytes) 4.2% */

287 "    movl   %%r14d, %%ecx\n"       /* ecx = len */
288 "    movq   %%rdi, %%rsi\n"
289 "    subq   %%r15, %%rsi\n"       /* from = out - dist */

291 "    sarl   %%ecx\n"
292 "    jnc   .L_copy_two\n"         /* if len % 2 == 0 */

294 "    rep   movsw\n"
295 "    movb  (%%rsi), %%al\n"
296 "    movb  %%al, (%%rdi)\n"
297 "    incq  %%rdi\n"

299 "    movq   %%r8, %%rsi\n"         /* move in back to %rsi, toss from */
300 "    jmp   .L_while_test\n"

302 ".L_copy_two:\n"
303 "    rep   movsw\n"
304 "    movq   %%r8, %%rsi\n"         /* move in back to %rsi, toss from */
305 "    jmp   .L_while_test\n"

307 ".align 32,0x90\n"
308 ".L_check_dist_one:\n"
309 "    cmpl   $1, %%r15d\n"         /* if dist 1, is a memset */
310 "    jne   .L_check_window\n"
311 "    cmpq   %%rdi, 40(%%rsp)\n"   /* if out == beg, outside window */
312 "    je    .L_check_window\n"

314 "    movl   %%r14d, %%ecx\n"       /* ecx = len */
315 "    movb  -1(%%rdi), %%al\n"
316 "    movb  %%al, %%ah\n"

318 "    sarl   %%ecx\n"
319 "    jnc   .L_set_two\n"
320 "    movb  %%al, (%%rdi)\n"
321 "    incq  %%rdi\n"

323 ".L_set_two:\n"
324 "    rep   stosw\n"

```

```

325 "    jmp   .L_while_test\n"

327 ".align 32,0x90\n"
328 ".L_test_for_second_level_length:\n"
329 "    testb   $64, %%al\n"
330 "    jnz    .L_test_for_end_of_block\n" /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

332 "    xorl    %%eax, %%eax\n"
333 "    incl    %%eax\n"
334 "    shll   %%cl, %%eax\n"
335 "    decl   %%eax\n"
336 "    andl   %%edx, %%eax\n"       /* eax &= hold */
337 "    addl   %%r14d, %%eax\n"      /* eax += len */
338 "    movl   (%%rbp, %%rax, 4), %%eax\n" /* eax = lcode[val+(hold&mask[op])] */
339 "    jmp   .L_dolen\n"

341 ".align 32,0x90\n"
342 ".L_test_for_second_level_dist:\n"
343 "    testb   $64, %%al\n"
344 "    jnz    .L_invalid_distance_code\n" /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

346 "    xorl    %%eax, %%eax\n"
347 "    incl    %%eax\n"
348 "    shll   %%cl, %%eax\n"
349 "    decl   %%eax\n"
350 "    andl   %%edx, %%eax\n"       /* eax &= hold */
351 "    addl   %%r15d, %%eax\n"      /* eax += dist */
352 "    movl   (%%r11, %%rax, 4), %%eax\n" /* eax = dcode[val+(hold&mask[op])] */
353 "    jmp   .L_dodist\n"

355 ".align 32,0x90\n"
356 ".L_clip_window:\n"
357 "    movl   %%eax, %%ecx\n"       /* ecx = nbytes */
358 "    movl   92(%%rsp), %%eax\n"   /* eax = wsize, prepare for dist cmp */
359 "    negl   %%ecx\n"             /* nbytes = -nbytes */

361 "    cmpl   %%r15d, %%eax\n"
362 "    jb     .L_invalid_distance_too_far\n" /* if (dist > wsize) */

364 "    addl   %%r15d, %%ecx\n"       /* nbytes = dist - nbytes */
365 "    cmpl   $0, 96(%%rsp)\n"
366 "    jne   .L_wrap_around_window\n" /* if (write != 0) */

368 "    movq   56(%%rsp), %%rsi\n"   /* from = window */
369 "    subl   %%ecx, %%eax\n"       /* eax -= nbytes */
370 "    addq   %%rax, %%rsi\n"       /* from += wsize - nbytes */

372 "    movl   %%r14d, %%eax\n"       /* eax = len */
373 "    cmpl   %%ecx, %%r14d\n"
374 "    jbe   .L_do_copy\n"         /* if (nbytes >= len) */

376 "    subl   %%ecx, %%eax\n"       /* eax -= nbytes */
377 "    rep   movsb\n"
378 "    movq   %%rdi, %%rsi\n"
379 "    subq   %%r15, %%rsi\n"       /* from = &out[ -dist ] */
380 "    jmp   .L_do_copy\n"

382 ".align 32,0x90\n"
383 ".L_wrap_around_window:\n"
384 "    movl   96(%%rsp), %%eax\n"   /* eax = write */
385 "    cmpl   %%eax, %%ecx\n"
386 "    jbe   .L_contiguous_in_window\n" /* if (write >= nbytes) */

388 "    movl   92(%%rsp), %%esi\n"   /* from = wsize */
389 "    addq   56(%%rsp), %%rsi\n"   /* from += window */
390 "    addq   %%rax, %%rsi\n"       /* from += write */

```

```

391 "    subq    %%rcx, %rsi\n"          /* from -= nbytes */
392 "    subl    %%eax, %ecx\n"        /* nbytes -= write */

394 "    movl    %r14d, %eax\n"        /* eax = len */
395 "    cmpl    %%ecx, %eax\n"
396 "    jbe     .L_do_copy\n"         /* if (nbytes >= len) */

398 "    subl    %%ecx, %eax\n"        /* len -= nbytes */
399 "    rep     movsb\n"
400 "    movq    56(%%rsp), %rsi\n"     /* from = window */
401 "    movl    96(%%rsp), %ecx\n"     /* nbytes = write */
402 "    cmpl    %%ecx, %eax\n"
403 "    jbe     .L_do_copy\n"         /* if (nbytes >= len) */

405 "    subl    %%ecx, %eax\n"        /* len -= nbytes */
406 "    rep     movsb\n"
407 "    movq    %rdi, %rsi\n"
408 "    subq    %r15, %rsi\n"         /* from = out - dist */
409 "    jmp     .L_do_copy\n"

411 ".align 32,0x90\n"
412 ".L_contiguous_in_window:\n"
413 "    movq    56(%%rsp), %rsi\n"     /* rsi = window */
414 "    addq    %rax, %rsi\n"
415 "    subq    %%rcx, %rsi\n"        /* from += write - nbytes */

417 "    movl    %r14d, %eax\n"        /* eax = len */
418 "    cmpl    %%ecx, %eax\n"
419 "    jbe     .L_do_copy\n"         /* if (nbytes >= len) */

421 "    subl    %%ecx, %eax\n"        /* len -= nbytes */
422 "    rep     movsb\n"
423 "    movq    %rdi, %rsi\n"
424 "    subq    %r15, %rsi\n"         /* from = out - dist */
425 "    jmp     .L_do_copy\n"         /* if (nbytes >= len) */

427 ".align 32,0x90\n"
428 ".L_do_copy:\n"
429 "    movl    %%eax, %ecx\n"         /* ecx = len */
430 "    rep     movsb\n"

432 "    movq    %r8, %rsi\n"          /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
433 "    jmp     .L_while_test\n"

435 ".L_test_for_end_of_block:\n"
436 "    testb   $32, %al\n"
437 "    jz      .L_invalid_literal_length_code\n"
438 "    movl    $1, 116(%%rsp)\n"
439 "    jmp     .L_break_loop_with_status\n"

441 ".L_invalid_literal_length_code:\n"
442 "    movl    $2, 116(%%rsp)\n"
443 "    jmp     .L_break_loop_with_status\n"

445 ".L_invalid_distance_code:\n"
446 "    movl    $3, 116(%%rsp)\n"
447 "    jmp     .L_break_loop_with_status\n"

449 ".L_invalid_distance_too_far:\n"
450 "    movl    $4, 116(%%rsp)\n"
451 "    jmp     .L_break_loop_with_status\n"

453 ".L_break_loop:\n"
454 "    movl    $0, 116(%%rsp)\n"

456 ".L_break_loop_with_status:\n"

```

```

457 /* put in, out, bits, and hold back into ar and pop esp */
458 "    movq    %rsi, 16(%%rsp)\n"    /* in */
459 "    movq    %rdi, 32(%%rsp)\n"    /* out */
460 "    movl    %ebx, 88(%%rsp)\n"    /* bits */
461 "    movq    %rdx, 80(%%rsp)\n"    /* hold */
462 "    movq    (%%rsp), %rax\n"      /* restore rbp and rsp */
463 "    movq    8(%%rsp), %rbp\n"
464 "    movq    %rax, %rsp\n"
465 "    :
466 "    : "m" (ar)
467 "    : "memory", "%rax", "%rbx", "%rcx", "%rdx", "%rsi", "%rdi",
468 "      "%r8", "%r9", "%r10", "%r11", "%r12", "%r13", "%r14", "%r15"
469 "    );
470 #elif ( defined( __GNUC__ ) || defined( __ICC ) ) && defined( __i386 )
471     __asm__ __volatile__ (
472 "        leal    %0, %eax\n"
473 "        movl    %%esp, (%eax)\n"    /* save esp, ebp */
474 "        movl    %%ebp, 4(%eax)\n"
475 "        movl    %%eax, %%esp\n"
476 "        movl    8(%%esp), %esi\n"    /* esi = in */
477 "        movl    16(%%esp), %edi\n"  /* edi = out */
478 "        movl    40(%%esp), %edx\n"  /* edx = hold */
479 "        movl    44(%%esp), %ebx\n"  /* ebx = bits */
480 "        movl    32(%%esp), %ebp\n"  /* ebp = lcode */

482 "        cld\n"
483 "        jmp     .L_do_loop\n"

485 ".align 32,0x90\n"
486 ".L_while_test:\n"
487 "    cmpl    %edi, 24(%%esp)\n"     /* out < end */
488 "    jbe     .L_break_loop\n"
489 "    cmpl    %esi, 12(%%esp)\n"     /* in < last */
490 "    jbe     .L_break_loop\n"

492 ".L_do_loop:\n"
493 "    cmpb    $15, %bl\n"
494 "    ja      .L_get_length_code\n"  /* if (15 < bits) */

496 "    xorl    %%eax, %eax\n"
497 "    lodsw\n"                       /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
498 "    movb    %bl, %cl\n"            /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
499 "    addb    $16, %bl\n"            /* bits += 16 */
500 "    shll    %cl, %eax\n"
501 "    orl     %%eax, %edx\n"         /* hold |= *(ushort *)in++ << bits */

503 ".L_get_length_code:\n"
504 "    movl    56(%%esp), %eax\n"     /* eax = lmask */
505 "    andl    %edx, %eax\n"         /* eax &= hold */
506 "    movl    (%ebp,%eax,4), %eax\n" /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */

508 ".L_dolen:\n"
509 "    movb    %ah, %cl\n"           /* cl = this.bits */
510 "    subb    %ah, %bl\n"           /* bits -= this.bits */
511 "    shrl    %cl, %edx\n"         /* hold >= this.bits */

513 "    testb   %al, %al\n"
514 "    jnz     .L_test_for_length_base\n" /* if (op != 0) 45.7% */

516 "    shrl    $16, %eax\n"         /* output this.val char */
517 "    stosb\n"
518 "    jmp     .L_while_test\n"

520 ".align 32,0x90\n"
521 ".L_test_for_length_base:\n"
522 "    movl    %%eax, %ecx\n"        /* len = this */

```

```

523 "    shr    $16, %%ecx\n"          /* len = this.val */
524 "    movl   %%ecx, 64(%%esp)\n"    /* save len */
525 "    movb   %%al, %%cl\n"

527 "    testb  $16, %%al\n"
528 "    jz     .L_test_for_second_level_length\n" /* if ((op & 16) == 0) 8% */
529 "    andb  $15, %%cl\n"          /* op &= 15 */
530 "    jz     .L_decode_distance\n"  /* if (!op) */
531 "    cmpb  %%cl, %%bl\n"
532 "    jae   .L_add_bits_to_len\n"   /* if (op <= bits) */

534 "    movb  %%cl, %%ch\n"          /* stash op in ch, freeing cl */
535 "    xorl  %%eax, %%eax\n"
536 "    lodsw\n"                     /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
537 "    movb  %%bl, %%cl\n"          /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
538 "    addb  $16, %%bl\n"          /* bits += 16 */
539 "    shll  %%cl, %%eax\n"
540 "    orl   %%eax, %%edx\n"        /* hold |= *(ushort *)in++ << bits */
541 "    movb  %%ch, %%cl\n"        /* move op back to ecx */

543 ".L_add_bits_to_len:\n"
544 "    subb  %%cl, %%bl\n"
545 "    xorl  %%eax, %%eax\n"
546 "    incl  %%eax\n"
547 "    shll  %%cl, %%eax\n"
548 "    decl  %%eax\n"
549 "    andl  %%edx, %%eax\n"        /* eax &= hold */
550 "    shr   %%cl, %%edx\n"
551 "    addl  %%eax, 64(%%esp)\n"    /* len += hold & mask[op] */

553 ".L_decode_distance:\n"
554 "    cmpb  $15, %%bl\n"
555 "    ja    .L_get_distance_code\n" /* if (15 < bits) */

557 "    xorl  %%eax, %%eax\n"
558 "    lodsw\n"                     /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
559 "    movb  %%bl, %%cl\n"          /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
560 "    addb  $16, %%bl\n"          /* bits += 16 */
561 "    shll  %%cl, %%eax\n"
562 "    orl   %%eax, %%edx\n"        /* hold |= *(ushort *)in++ << bits */

564 ".L_get_distance_code:\n"
565 "    movl  60(%%esp), %%eax\n"    /* eax = dmask */
566 "    movl  36(%%esp), %%ecx\n"    /* ecx = dcode */
567 "    andl  %%edx, %%eax\n"        /* eax &= hold */
568 "    movl  (%%ecx, %%eax, 4), %%eax\n" /* eax = dcode[hold & dmask] */

570 ".L_dodist:\n"
571 "    movl  %%eax, %%ebp\n"        /* dist = this */
572 "    shr   $16, %%ebp\n"          /* dist = this.val */
573 "    movb  %%ah, %%cl\n"
574 "    subb  %%ah, %%bl\n"          /* bits -= this.bits */
575 "    shr   %%cl, %%edx\n"        /* hold >=> this.bits */
576 "    movb  %%al, %%cl\n"          /* cl = this.op */

578 "    testb  $16, %%al\n"          /* if ((op & 16) == 0) */
579 "    jz     .L_test_for_second_level_dist\n"
580 "    andb  $15, %%cl\n"          /* op &= 15 */
581 "    jz     .L_check_dist_one\n"
582 "    cmpb  %%cl, %%bl\n"
583 "    jae   .L_add_bits_to_dist\n" /* if (op <= bits) 97.6% */

585 "    movb  %%cl, %%ch\n"          /* stash op in ch, freeing cl */
586 "    xorl  %%eax, %%eax\n"
587 "    lodsw\n"                     /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
588 "    movb  %%bl, %%cl\n"          /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */

```

```

589 "    addb  $16, %%bl\n"          /* bits += 16 */
590 "    shll  %%cl, %%eax\n"
591 "    orl   %%eax, %%edx\n"        /* hold |= *((ushort *)in)++ << bits */
592 "    movb  %%ch, %%cl\n"        /* move op back to ecx */

594 ".L_add_bits_to_dist:\n"
595 "    subb  %%cl, %%bl\n"
596 "    xorl  %%eax, %%eax\n"
597 "    incl  %%eax\n"
598 "    shll  %%cl, %%eax\n"
599 "    decl  %%eax\n"              /* (1 << op) - 1 */
600 "    andl  %%edx, %%eax\n"        /* eax &= hold */
601 "    shr   %%cl, %%edx\n"
602 "    addl  %%eax, %%ebp\n"        /* dist += hold & ((1 << op) - 1) */

604 ".L_check_window:\n"
605 "    movl  %%esi, 8(%%esp)\n"     /* save in so from can use it's reg */
606 "    movl  %%edi, %%eax\n"
607 "    subl  20(%%esp), %%eax\n"   /* nbytes = out - beg */

609 "    cmpl  %%ebp, %%eax\n"
610 "    jb    .L_clip_window\n"     /* if (dist > nbytes) 4.2% */

612 "    movl  64(%%esp), %%ecx\n"   /* ecx = len */
613 "    movl  %%edi, %%esi\n"
614 "    subl  %%ebp, %%esi\n"       /* from = out - dist */

616 "    sarl  %%ecx\n"
617 "    jnc   .L_copy_two\n"        /* if len % 2 == 0 */

619 "    rep  movsw\n"
620 "    movb (%esi), %%al\n"
621 "    movb %%al, (%%edi)\n"
622 "    incl %%edi\n"

624 "    movl  8(%%esp), %%esi\n"    /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
625 "    movl  32(%%esp), %%ebp\n"   /* ebp = lcode */
626 "    jmp   .L_while_test\n"

628 ".L_copy_two:\n"
629 "    rep  movsw\n"
630 "    movl  8(%%esp), %%esi\n"    /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
631 "    movl  32(%%esp), %%ebp\n"   /* ebp = lcode */
632 "    jmp   .L_while_test\n"

634 ".align 32,0x90\n"
635 ".L_check_dist_one:\n"
636 "    cmpl  $1, %%ebp\n"          /* if dist 1, is a memset */
637 "    jne   .L_check_window\n"
638 "    cmpl  %%edi, 20(%%esp)\n"
639 "    je    .L_check_window\n"    /* out == beg, if outside window */

641 "    movl  64(%%esp), %%ecx\n"   /* ecx = len */
642 "    movb -1(%%edi), %%al\n"
643 "    movb %%al, %%ah\n"

645 "    sarl  %%ecx\n"
646 "    jnc   .L_set_two\n"
647 "    movb %%al, (%%edi)\n"
648 "    incl %%edi\n"

650 ".L_set_two:\n"
651 "    rep  stosw\n"
652 "    movl  32(%%esp), %%ebp\n"   /* ebp = lcode */
653 "    jmp   .L_while_test\n"

```

```

655 ".align 32,0x90\n"
656 ".L_test_for_second_level_length:\n"
657 "    testb    $64, %al\n"
658 "    jnz     .L_test_for_end_of_block\n" /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

660 "    xorl    %%eax, %%eax\n"
661 "    incl    %%eax\n"
662 "    shll   %%cl, %%eax\n"
663 "    decl   %%eax\n"
664 "    andl   %%edx, %%eax\n" /* eax &= hold */
665 "    addl   64(%%esp), %%eax\n" /* eax += len */
666 "    movl   (%ebp,%%eax,4), %%eax\n" /* eax = lcode[val+(hold&mask[op])]*/
667 "    jmp    .L_dolen\n"

669 ".align 32,0x90\n"
670 ".L_test_for_second_level_dist:\n"
671 "    testb    $64, %al\n"
672 "    jnz     .L_invalid_distance_code\n" /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

674 "    xorl    %%eax, %%eax\n"
675 "    incl    %%eax\n"
676 "    shll   %%cl, %%eax\n"
677 "    decl   %%eax\n"
678 "    andl   %%edx, %%eax\n" /* eax &= hold */
679 "    addl   %%ebp, %%eax\n" /* eax += dist */
680 "    movl   36(%%esp), %%ecx\n" /* ecx = dcode */
681 "    movl   (%%ecx,%%eax,4), %%eax\n" /* eax = dcode[val+(hold&mask[op])]*/
682 "    jmp    .L_dodist\n"

684 ".align 32,0x90\n"
685 ".L_clip_window:\n"
686 "    movl    %%eax, %%ecx\n"
687 "    movl    48(%%esp), %%eax\n" /* eax = wsize */
688 "    negl   %%ecx\n" /* nbytes = -nbytes */
689 "    movl    28(%%esp), %%esi\n" /* from = window */

691 "    cmpl   %%ebp, %%eax\n"
692 "    jb     .L_invalid_distance_too_far\n" /* if (dist > wsize) */

694 "    addl   %%ebp, %%ecx\n" /* nbytes = dist - nbytes */
695 "    cmpl   $0, 52(%%esp)\n"
696 "    jne   .L_wrap_around_window\n" /* if (write != 0) */

698 "    subl   %%ecx, %%eax\n"
699 "    addl   %%eax, %%esi\n" /* from += wsize - nbytes */

701 "    movl   64(%%esp), %%eax\n" /* eax = len */
702 "    cmpl   %%ecx, %%eax\n"
703 "    jbe   .L_do_copy\n" /* if (nbytes >= len) */

705 "    subl   %%ecx, %%eax\n" /* len -= nbytes */
706 "    rep   movsb\n"
707 "    movl   %%edi, %%esi\n"
708 "    subl   %%ebp, %%esi\n" /* from = out - dist */
709 "    jmp   .L_do_copy\n"

711 ".align 32,0x90\n"
712 ".L_wrap_around_window:\n"
713 "    movl   52(%%esp), %%eax\n" /* eax = write */
714 "    cmpl   %%eax, %%ecx\n"
715 "    jbe   .L_contiguous_in_window\n" /* if (write >= nbytes) */

717 "    addl   48(%%esp), %%esi\n" /* from += wsize */
718 "    addl   %%eax, %%esi\n" /* from += write */
719 "    subl   %%ecx, %%esi\n" /* from -= nbytes */
720 "    subl   %%eax, %%ecx\n" /* nbytes -= write */

```

```

722 "    movl    64(%%esp), %%eax\n" /* eax = len */
723 "    cmpl   %%ecx, %%eax\n"
724 "    jbe   .L_do_copy\n" /* if (nbytes >= len) */

726 "    subl   %%ecx, %%eax\n" /* len -= nbytes */
727 "    rep   movsb\n"
728 "    movl   28(%%esp), %%esi\n" /* from = window */
729 "    movl   52(%%esp), %%ecx\n" /* nbytes = write */
730 "    cmpl   %%ecx, %%eax\n"
731 "    jbe   .L_do_copy\n" /* if (nbytes >= len) */

733 "    subl   %%ecx, %%eax\n" /* len -= nbytes */
734 "    rep   movsb\n"
735 "    movl   %%edi, %%esi\n"
736 "    subl   %%ebp, %%esi\n" /* from = out - dist */
737 "    jmp   .L_do_copy\n"

739 ".align 32,0x90\n"
740 ".L_contiguous_in_window:\n"
741 "    addl   %%eax, %%esi\n"
742 "    subl   %%ecx, %%esi\n" /* from += write - nbytes */

744 "    movl   64(%%esp), %%eax\n" /* eax = len */
745 "    cmpl   %%ecx, %%eax\n"
746 "    jbe   .L_do_copy\n" /* if (nbytes >= len) */

748 "    subl   %%ecx, %%eax\n" /* len -= nbytes */
749 "    rep   movsb\n"
750 "    movl   %%edi, %%esi\n"
751 "    subl   %%ebp, %%esi\n" /* from = out - dist */
752 "    jmp   .L_do_copy\n" /* if (nbytes >= len) */

754 ".align 32,0x90\n"
755 ".L_do_copy:\n"
756 "    movl   %%eax, %%ecx\n"
757 "    rep   movsb\n"

759 "    movl   8(%%esp), %%esi\n" /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
760 "    movl   32(%%esp), %%ebp\n" /* ebp = lcode */
761 "    jmp   .L_while_test\n"

763 ".L_test_for_end_of_block:\n"
764 "    testb    $32, %al\n"
765 "    jz     .L_invalid_literal_length_code\n"
766 "    movl    $1, 72(%%esp)\n"
767 "    jmp    .L_break_loop_with_status\n"

769 ".L_invalid_literal_length_code:\n"
770 "    movl    $2, 72(%%esp)\n"
771 "    jmp    .L_break_loop_with_status\n"

773 ".L_invalid_distance_code:\n"
774 "    movl    $3, 72(%%esp)\n"
775 "    jmp    .L_break_loop_with_status\n"

777 ".L_invalid_distance_too_far:\n"
778 "    movl    8(%%esp), %%esi\n"
779 "    movl    $4, 72(%%esp)\n"
780 "    jmp    .L_break_loop_with_status\n"

782 ".L_break_loop:\n"
783 "    movl    $0, 72(%%esp)\n"

785 ".L_break_loop_with_status:\n"
786 /* put in, out, bits, and hold back into ar and pop esp */

```

```

787 "    movl    %%esi, 8(%%esp)\n"    /* save in */
788 "    movl    %%edi, 16(%%esp)\n"  /* save out */
789 "    movl    %%ebx, 44(%%esp)\n"  /* save bits */
790 "    movl    %%edx, 40(%%esp)\n"  /* save hold */
791 "    movl    4(%%esp), %%ebp\n"   /* restore esp, ebp */
792 "    movl    (%%esp), %%esp\n"
793 "    :
794 "    : "m" (ar)
795 "    : "memory", "%eax", "%ebx", "%ecx", "%edx", "%esi", "%edi"
796 );
797 #elif defined( _MSC_VER ) && ! defined( _M_AMD64 )
798 _asm {
799     lea    eax, ar
800     mov    [eax], esp    /* save esp, ebp */
801     mov    [eax+4], ebp
802     mov    esp, eax
803     mov    esi, [esp+8]  /* esi = in */
804     mov    edi, [esp+16] /* edi = out */
805     mov    edx, [esp+40] /* edx = hold */
806     mov    ebx, [esp+44] /* ebx = bits */
807     mov    ebp, [esp+32] /* ebp = lcode */
809     cld
810     jmp    L_do_loop
812 ALIGN 4
813 L_while_test:
814     cmp    [esp+24], edi
815     jbe    L_break_loop
816     cmp    [esp+12], esi
817     jbe    L_break_loop
819 L_do_loop:
820     cmp    bl, 15
821     ja     L_get_length_code    /* if (15 < bits) */
823     xor    eax, eax
824     lodsw                /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
825     mov    cl, bl        /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
826     add    bl, 16        /* bits += 16 */
827     shl    eax, cl
828     or    edx, eax      /* hold |= *((ushort *)in)++ << bits */
830 L_get_length_code:
831     mov    eax, [esp+56]  /* eax = lmask */
832     and    eax, edx      /* eax &= hold */
833     mov    eax, [ebp+eax*4] /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */
835 L_dolen:
836     mov    cl, ah        /* cl = this.bits */
837     sub    bl, ah        /* bits -= this.bits */
838     shr    edx, cl       /* hold >>= this.bits */
840     test   al, al
841     jnz    L_test_for_length_base /* if (op != 0) 45.7% */
843     shr    eax, 16       /* output this.val char */
844     stosb
845     jmp    L_while_test
847 ALIGN 4
848 L_test_for_length_base:
849     mov    ecx, eax      /* len = this */
850     shr    ecx, 16       /* len = this.val */
851     mov    [esp+64], ecx /* save len */
852     mov    cl, al

```

```

854     test   al, 16
855     jz     L_test_for_second_level_length /* if ((op & 16) == 0) 8% */
856     and    cl, 15       /* op &= 15 */
857     jz     L_decode_distance /* if (!op) */
858     cmp    bl, cl
859     jae    L_add_bits_to_len    /* if (op <= bits) */
861     mov    ch, cl       /* stash op in ch, freeing cl */
862     xor    eax, eax
863     lodsw                /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
864     mov    cl, bl       /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
865     add    bl, 16       /* bits += 16 */
866     shl    eax, cl
867     or    edx, eax      /* hold |= *((ushort *)in)++ << bits */
868     mov    cl, ch       /* move op back to ecx */
870 L_add_bits_to_len:
871     sub    bl, cl
872     xor    eax, eax
873     inc    eax
874     shl    eax, cl
875     dec    eax
876     and    eax, edx     /* eax &= hold */
877     shr    edx, cl
878     add    [esp+64], eax /* len += hold & mask[op] */
880 L_decode_distance:
881     cmp    bl, 15
882     ja     L_get_distance_code /* if (15 < bits) */
884     xor    eax, eax
885     lodsw                /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
886     mov    cl, bl       /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
887     add    bl, 16       /* bits += 16 */
888     shl    eax, cl
889     or    edx, eax      /* hold |= *((ushort *)in)++ << bits */
891 L_get_distance_code:
892     mov    eax, [esp+60] /* eax = dmask */
893     mov    ecx, [esp+36] /* ecx = dcode */
894     and    eax, edx     /* eax &= hold */
895     mov    eax, [ecx+eax*4] /* eax = dcode[hold & dmask] */
897 L_dodist:
898     mov    ebp, eax     /* dist = this */
899     shr    ebp, 16      /* dist = this.val */
900     mov    cl, ah
901     sub    bl, ah       /* bits -= this.bits */
902     shr    edx, cl      /* hold >>= this.bits */
903     mov    cl, al       /* cl = this.op */
905     test   al, 16      /* if ((op & 16) == 0) */
906     jz     L_test_for_second_level_dist
907     and    cl, 15       /* op &= 15 */
908     jz     L_check_dist_one
909     cmp    bl, cl
910     jae    L_add_bits_to_dist /* if (op <= bits) 97.6% */
912     mov    ch, cl       /* stash op in ch, freeing cl */
913     xor    eax, eax
914     lodsw                /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
915     mov    cl, bl       /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
916     add    bl, 16       /* bits += 16 */
917     shl    eax, cl
918     or    edx, eax      /* hold |= *((ushort *)in)++ << bits */

```

```

919     mov     cl, ch          /* move op back to ecx */

921 L_add_bits_to_dist:
922     sub     bl, cl
923     xor     eax, eax
924     inc     eax
925     shl     eax, cl
926     dec     eax             /* (1 << op) - 1 */
927     and     eax, edx       /* eax &= hold */
928     shr     edx, cl
929     add     ebp, eax       /* dist += hold & ((1 << op) - 1) */

931 L_check_window:
932     mov     [esp+8], esi    /* save in so from can use it's reg */
933     mov     eax, edi
934     sub     eax, [esp+20]  /* nbytes = out - beg */

936     cmp     eax, ebp
937     jb     L_clip_window  /* if (dist > nbytes) 4.2% */

939     mov     ecx, [esp+64]  /* ecx = len */
940     mov     esi, edi
941     sub     esi, ebp       /* from = out - dist */

943     sar     ecx, 1
944     jnc     L_copy_two

946     rep     movsw
947     mov     al, [esi]
948     mov     [edi], al
949     inc     edi

951     mov     esi, [esp+8]   /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
952     mov     ebp, [esp+32] /* ebp = lcode */
953     jmp     L_while_test

955 L_copy_two:
956     rep     movsw
957     mov     esi, [esp+8]   /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
958     mov     ebp, [esp+32] /* ebp = lcode */
959     jmp     L_while_test

961 ALIGN 4
962 L_check_dist_one:
963     cmp     ebp, 1        /* if dist 1, is a memset */
964     jne     L_check_window
965     cmp     [esp+20], edi
966     je     L_check_window /* out == beg, if outside window */

968     mov     ecx, [esp+64] /* ecx = len */
969     mov     al, [edi-1]
970     mov     ah, al

972     sar     ecx, 1
973     jnc     L_set_two
974     mov     [edi], al     /* memset out with from[-1] */
975     inc     edi

977 L_set_two:
978     rep     stosw
979     mov     ebp, [esp+32] /* ebp = lcode */
980     jmp     L_while_test

982 ALIGN 4
983 L_test_for_second_level_length:
984     test    al, 64

```

```

985     jnz     L_test_for_end_of_block /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

987     xor     eax, eax
988     inc     eax
989     shl     eax, cl
990     dec     eax
991     and     eax, edx       /* eax &= hold */
992     add     eax, [esp+64]  /* eax += len */
993     mov     eax, [ebp+eax*4] /* eax = lcode[val+(hold&mask[op])]* */
994     jmp     L_dolen

996 ALIGN 4
997 L_test_for_second_level_dist:
998     test    al, 64
999     jnz     L_invalid_distance_code /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

1001     xor     eax, eax
1002     inc     eax
1003     shl     eax, cl
1004     dec     eax
1005     and     eax, edx       /* eax &= hold */
1006     add     eax, ebp       /* eax += dist */
1007     mov     ecx, [esp+36]  /* ecx = dcode */
1008     mov     eax, [ecx+eax*4] /* eax = dcode[val+(hold&mask[op])]* */
1009     jmp     L_dodist

1011 ALIGN 4
1012 L_clip_window:
1013     mov     ecx, eax
1014     mov     eax, [esp+48]  /* eax = wsize */
1015     neg     ecx             /* nbytes = -nbytes */
1016     mov     esi, [esp+28] /* from = window */

1018     cmp     eax, ebp
1019     jb     L_invalid_distance_too_far /* if (dist > wsize) */

1021     add     ecx, ebp       /* nbytes = dist - nbytes */
1022     cmp     dword ptr [esp+52], 0
1023     jne     L_wrap_around_window /* if (write != 0) */

1025     sub     eax, ecx
1026     add     esi, eax       /* from += wsize - nbytes */

1028     mov     eax, [esp+64] /* eax = len */
1029     cmp     eax, ecx
1030     jbe     L_do_copy     /* if (nbytes >= len) */

1032     sub     eax, ecx       /* len -= nbytes */
1033     rep     movsb
1034     mov     esi, edi
1035     sub     esi, ebp       /* from = out - dist */
1036     jmp     L_do_copy

1038 ALIGN 4
1039 L_wrap_around_window:
1040     mov     eax, [esp+52]  /* eax = write */
1041     cmp     ecx, eax
1042     jbe     L_contiguous_in_window /* if (write >= nbytes) */

1044     add     esi, [esp+48]  /* from += wsize */
1045     add     esi, eax       /* from += write */
1046     sub     esi, ecx       /* from -= nbytes */
1047     sub     ecx, eax       /* nbytes -= write */

1049     mov     eax, [esp+64] /* eax = len */
1050     cmp     eax, ecx

```

```

1051     jbe     L_do_copy      /* if (nbytes >= len) */
1053     sub     eax, ecx      /* len -= nbytes */
1054     rep     movsb
1055     mov     esi, [esp+28] /* from = window */
1056     mov     ecx, [esp+52] /* nbytes = write */
1057     cmp     eax, ecx
1058     jbe     L_do_copy      /* if (nbytes >= len) */

1060     sub     eax, ecx      /* len -= nbytes */
1061     rep     movsb
1062     mov     esi, edi
1063     sub     esi, ebp      /* from = out - dist */
1064     jmp     L_do_copy

1066 ALIGN 4
1067 L_contiguous_in_window:
1068     add     esi, eax
1069     sub     esi, ecx      /* from += write - nbytes */

1071     mov     eax, [esp+64] /* eax = len */
1072     cmp     eax, ecx
1073     jbe     L_do_copy      /* if (nbytes >= len) */

1075     sub     eax, ecx      /* len -= nbytes */
1076     rep     movsb
1077     mov     esi, edi
1078     sub     esi, ebp      /* from = out - dist */
1079     jmp     L_do_copy

1081 ALIGN 4
1082 L_do_copy:
1083     mov     ecx, eax
1084     rep     movsb

1086     mov     esi, [esp+8] /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
1087     mov     ebp, [esp+32] /* ebp = lcode */
1088     jmp     L_while_test

1090 L_test_for_end_of_block:
1091     test    al, 32
1092     jz     L_invalid_literal_length_code
1093     mov     dword ptr [esp+72], 1
1094     jmp     L_break_loop_with_status

1096 L_invalid_literal_length_code:
1097     mov     dword ptr [esp+72], 2
1098     jmp     L_break_loop_with_status

1100 L_invalid_distance_code:
1101     mov     dword ptr [esp+72], 3
1102     jmp     L_break_loop_with_status

1104 L_invalid_distance_too_far:
1105     mov     esi, [esp+4]
1106     mov     dword ptr [esp+72], 4
1107     jmp     L_break_loop_with_status

1109 L_break_loop:
1110     mov     dword ptr [esp+72], 0

1112 L_break_loop_with_status:
1113 /* put in, out, bits, and hold back into ar and pop esp */
1114     mov     [esp+8], esi /* save in */
1115     mov     [esp+16], edi /* save out */
1116     mov     [esp+44], ebx /* save bits */

```

```

1117     mov     [esp+40], edx /* save hold */
1118     mov     ebp, [esp+4] /* restore esp, ebp */
1119     mov     esp, [esp]
1120     }
1121 #else
1122 #error "x86 architecture not defined"
1123 #endif

1125     if (ar.status > 1) {
1126         if (ar.status == 2)
1127             strm->msg = "invalid literal/length code";
1128         else if (ar.status == 3)
1129             strm->msg = "invalid distance code";
1130         else
1131             strm->msg = "invalid distance too far back";
1132         state->mode = BAD;
1133     }
1134     else if ( ar.status == 1 ) {
1135         state->mode = TYPE;
1136     }

1138 /* return unused bytes (on entry, bits < 8, so in won't go too far back) */
1139 ar.len = ar.bits >> 3;
1140 ar.in -= ar.len;
1141 ar.bits -= ar.len << 3;
1142 ar.hold &= (1U << ar.bits) - 1;

1144 /* update state and return */
1145 strm->next_in = ar.in;
1146 strm->next_out = ar.out;
1147 strm->avail_in = (unsigned)(ar.in < ar.last ?
1148                         PAD_AVAIL_IN + (ar.last - ar.in) :
1149                         PAD_AVAIL_IN - (ar.in - ar.last));
1150 strm->avail_out = (unsigned)(ar.out < ar.end ?
1151                         PAD_AVAIL_OUT + (ar.end - ar.out) :
1152                         PAD_AVAIL_OUT - (ar.out - ar.end));
1153 state->hold = ar.hold;
1154 state->bits = ar.bits;
1155 return;
1156 }

```

```

*****
42842 Wed Apr 1 15:57:09 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/inflate86/inffast.S
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * inffast.S is a hand tuned assembler version of:
3  *
4  * inffast.c -- fast decoding
5  * Copyright (C) 1995-2003 Mark Adler
6  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
7  *
8  * Copyright (C) 2003 Chris Anderson <christop@charm.net>
9  * Please use the copyright conditions above.
10 *
11 * This version (Jan-23-2003) of inflate_fast was coded and tested under
12 * GNU/Linux on a pentium 3, using the gcc-3.2 compiler distribution.  On that
13 * machine, I found that gzip style archives decompressed about 20% faster than
14 * the gcc-3.2 -O3 -fomit-frame-pointer compiled version.  Your results will
15 * depend on how large of a buffer is used for z_stream.next_in & next_out
16 * (8K-32K worked best for my 256K cpu cache) and how much overhead there is in
17 * stream processing I/O and crc32/adler32.  In my case, this routine used
18 * 70% of the cpu time and crc32 used 20%.
19 *
20 * I am confident that this version will work in the general case, but I have
21 * not tested a wide variety of datasets or a wide variety of platforms.
22 *
23 * Jan-24-2003 -- Added -DUSE_MMX define for slightly faster inflating.
24 * It should be a runtime flag instead of compile time flag...
25 *
26 * Jan-26-2003 -- Added runtime check for MMX support with cpuid instruction.
27 * With -DUSE_MMX, only MMX code is compiled.  With -DNO_MMX, only non-MMX code
28 * is compiled.  Without either option, runtime detection is enabled.  Runtime
29 * detection should work on all modern cpus and the recommended algorithm (flip
30 * ID bit on eflags and then use the cpuid instruction) is used in many
31 * multimedia applications.  Tested under win2k with gcc-2.95 and gas-2.12
32 * distributed with cygwin3.  Compiling with gcc-2.95 -c inffast.S -o
33 * inffast.obj generates a COFF object which can then be linked with MSVC++
34 * compiled code.  Tested under FreeBSD 4.7 with gcc-2.95.
35 *
36 * Jan-28-2003 -- Tested Athlon XP... MMX mode is slower than no MMX (and
37 * slower than compiler generated code).  Adjusted cpuid check to use the MMX
38 * code only for Pentiums < P4 until I have more data on the P4.  Speed
39 * improvement is only about 15% on the Athlon when compared with code generated
40 * with MSVC++.  Not sure yet, but I think the P4 will also be slower using the
41 * MMX mode because many of it's x86 ALU instructions execute in .5 cycles and
42 * have less latency than MMX ops.  Added code to buffer the last 11 bytes of
43 * the input stream since the MMX code grabs bits in chunks of 32, which
44 * differs from the inffast.c algorithm.  I don't think there would have been
45 * read overruns where a page boundary was crossed (a segfault), but there
46 * could have been overruns when next_in ends on unaligned memory (uninitialized
47 * memory read).
48 *
49 * Mar-13-2003 -- P4 MMX is slightly slower than P4 NO_MMX.  I created a C
50 * version of the non-MMX code so that it doesn't depend on zstrm and zstate
51 * structure offsets which are hard coded in this file.  This was last tested
52 * with zlib-1.2.0 which is currently in beta testing, newer versions of this
53 * and inffas86.c can be found at http://www.eetbeetee.com/zlib/ and
54 * http://www.charm.net/~christop/zlib/
55 */
58 /*
59 * if you have underscore linking problems (_inflate_fast undefined), try
60 * using -DGAS_COFF

```

```

61 */
62 #if ! defined( GAS_COFF ) && ! defined( GAS_ELF )

64 #if defined( WIN32 ) || defined( __CYGWIN__ )
65 #define GAS_COFF /* windows object format */
66 #else
67 #define GAS_ELF
68 #endif

70 #endif /* ! GAS_COFF && ! GAS_ELF */

73 #if defined( GAS_COFF )

75 /* coff externals have underscores */
76 #define inflate_fast _inflate_fast
77 #define inflate_fast_use_mmx _inflate_fast_use_mmx

79 #endif /* GAS_COFF */

82 .file "inffast.S"

84 .globl inflate_fast

86 .text
87 .align 4,0
88 .L_invalid_literal_length_code:
89 .string "invalid literal/length code"

91 .align 4,0
92 .L_invalid_distance_code_msg:
93 .string "invalid distance code"

95 .align 4,0
96 .L_invalid_distance_too_far_msg:
97 .string "invalid distance too far back"

99 #if ! defined( NO_MMX )
100 .align 4,0
101 .L_mask: /* mask[N] = ( 1 << N ) - 1 */
102 .long 0
103 .long 1
104 .long 3
105 .long 7
106 .long 15
107 .long 31
108 .long 63
109 .long 127
110 .long 255
111 .long 511
112 .long 1023
113 .long 2047
114 .long 4095
115 .long 8191
116 .long 16383
117 .long 32767
118 .long 65535
119 .long 131071
120 .long 262143
121 .long 524287
122 .long 1048575
123 .long 2097151
124 .long 4194303
125 .long 8388607
126 .long 16777215

```



```

127 .long 33554431
128 .long 67108863
129 .long 134217727
130 .long 268435455
131 .long 536870911
132 .long 1073741823
133 .long 2147483647
134 .long 4294967295
135 #endif /* NO_MMX */

137 .text

139 /*
140  * struct z_stream offsets, in zlib.h
141  */
142 #define next_in_strm 0 /* strm->next_in */
143 #define avail_in_strm 4 /* strm->avail_in */
144 #define next_out_strm 12 /* strm->next_out */
145 #define avail_out_strm 16 /* strm->avail_out */
146 #define msg_strm 24 /* strm->msg */
147 #define state_strm 28 /* strm->state */

149 /*
150  * struct inflate_state offsets, in inflate.h
151  */
152 #define mode_state 0 /* state->mode */
153 #define wsize_state 32 /* state->wsize */
154 #define write_state 40 /* state->write */
155 #define window_state 44 /* state->window */
156 #define hold_state 48 /* state->hold */
157 #define bits_state 52 /* state->bits */
158 #define lencode_state 68 /* state->lencode */
159 #define distcode_state 72 /* state->distcode */
160 #define lenbits_state 76 /* state->lenbits */
161 #define distbits_state 80 /* state->distbits */

163 /*
164  * inflate_fast's activation record
165  */
166 #define local_var_size 64 /* how much local space for vars */
167 #define strm_sp 88 /* first arg: z_stream * (local_var_size + 24) */
168 #define start_sp 92 /* second arg: unsigned int (local_var_size + 28) */

170 /*
171  * offsets for local vars on stack
172  */
173 #define out 60 /* unsigned char* */
174 #define window 56 /* unsigned char* */
175 #define wsize 52 /* unsigned int */
176 #define write 48 /* unsigned int */
177 #define in 44 /* unsigned char* */
178 #define beg 40 /* unsigned char* */
179 #define buf 28 /* char[ 12 ] */
180 #define len 24 /* unsigned int */
181 #define last 20 /* unsigned char* */
182 #define end 16 /* unsigned char* */
183 #define dcode 12 /* code* */
184 #define lcode 8 /* code* */
185 #define dmask 4 /* unsigned int */
186 #define lmask 0 /* unsigned int */

188 /*
189  * typedef enum inflate_mode consts, in inflate.h
190  */
191 #define INFLATE_MODE_TYPE 11 /* state->mode flags enum-ed in inflate.h */
192 #define INFLATE_MODE_BAD 26

```

```

195 #if ! defined( USE_MMX ) && ! defined( NO_MMX )

197 #define RUN_TIME_MMX

199 #define CHECK_MMX 1
200 #define DO_USE_MMX 2
201 #define DONT_USE_MMX 3

203 .globl inflate_fast_use_mmx

205 .data

207 .align 4,0
208 inflate_fast_use_mmx: /* integer flag for run time control 1=check,2=mmx,3=no */
209 .long CHECK_MMX

211 #if defined( GAS_ELF )
212 /* elf info */
213 .type inflate_fast_use_mmx,@object
214 .size inflate_fast_use_mmx,4
215 #endif

217 #endif /* RUN_TIME_MMX */

219 #if defined( GAS_COFF )
220 /* coff info: scl 2 = extern, type 32 = function */
221 .def inflate_fast; .scl 2; .type 32; .endef
222 #endif

224 .text

226 .align 32,0x90
227 inflate_fast:
228     pushl    %edi
229     pushl    %esi
230     pushl    %ebp
231     pushl    %ebx
232     pushf   /* save eflags (strm_sp, state_sp assumes this is 32 bits) */
233     subl    $local_var_size, %esp
234     cld

236 #define strm_r %esi
237 #define state_r %edi

239     movl    strm_sp(%esp), strm_r
240     movl    state_strm(strm_r), state_r

242     /* in = strm->next_in;
243     * out = strm->next_out;
244     * last = in + strm->avail_in - 11;
245     * beg = out - (start - strm->avail_out);
246     * end = out + (strm->avail_out - 257);
247     */
248     movl    avail_in_strm(strm_r), %edx
249     movl    next_in_strm(strm_r), %eax

251     addl    %eax, %edx /* avail_in += next_in */
252     subl    $11, %edx /* avail_in -= 11 */

254     movl    %eax, in(%esp)
255     movl    %edx, last(%esp)

257     movl    start_sp(%esp), %ebp
258     movl    avail_out_strm(strm_r), %ecx

```

```

259     movl    next_out_strm(strm_r), %ebx

261     subl   %ecx, %ebp      /* start -= avail_out */
262     negl   %ebp           /* start = -start */
263     addl   %ebx, %ebp     /* start += next_out */

265     subl   $257, %ecx     /* avail_out -= 257 */
266     addl   %ebx, %ecx     /* avail_out += out */

268     movl   %ebx, out(%esp)
269     movl   %ebp, beg(%esp)
270     movl   %ecx, end(%esp)

272     /* wsize = state->wsize;
273        * write = state->write;
274        * window = state->window;
275        * hold = state->hold;
276        * bits = state->bits;
277        * lcode = state->lencode;
278        * dcode = state->distcode;
279        * lmask = ( 1 << state->lenbits ) - 1;
280        * dmask = ( 1 << state->distbits ) - 1;
281        */

283     movl   lencode_state(state_r), %eax
284     movl   distcode_state(state_r), %ecx

286     movl   %eax, lcode(%esp)
287     movl   %ecx, dcode(%esp)

289     movl   $1, %eax
290     movl   lenbits_state(state_r), %ecx
291     shll  %cl, %eax
292     decl  %eax
293     movl   %eax, lmask(%esp)

295     movl   $1, %eax
296     movl   distbits_state(state_r), %ecx
297     shll  %cl, %eax
298     decl  %eax
299     movl   %eax, dmask(%esp)

301     movl   wsize_state(state_r), %eax
302     movl   write_state(state_r), %ecx
303     movl   window_state(state_r), %edx

305     movl   %eax, wsize(%esp)
306     movl   %ecx, write(%esp)
307     movl   %edx, window(%esp)

309     movl   hold_state(state_r), %ebp
310     movl   bits_state(state_r), %ebx

312 #undef strm_r
313 #undef state_r

315 #define in_r      %esi
316 #define from_r   %esi
317 #define out_r    %edi

319     movl   in(%esp), in_r
320     movl   last(%esp), %ecx
321     cmpl  in_r, %ecx
322     ja    .L_align_long      /* if in < last */

324     addl  $11, %ecx          /* ecx = &in[ avail_in ] */

```

```

325     subl   in_r, %ecx      /* ecx = avail_in */
326     movl   $12, %eax
327     subl   %ecx, %eax     /* eax = 12 - avail_in */
328     leal  buf(%esp), %edi
329     rep   movsb          /* memcpy( buf, in, avail_in ) */
330     movl   %eax, %ecx
331     xorl   %eax, %eax
332     rep   stosb         /* memset( &buf[ avail_in ], 0, 12 - avail_in ) */
333     leal  buf(%esp), in_r /* in = buf */
334     movl  in_r, last(%esp) /* last = in, do just one iteration */
335     jmp   .L_is_aligned

337     /* align in_r on long boundary */
338 .L_align_long:
339     testl  $3, in_r
340     jz    .L_is_aligned
341     xorl  %eax, %eax
342     movb  (in_r), %al
343     incl  in_r
344     movl  %ebx, %ecx
345     addl  $8, %ebx
346     shll  %cl, %eax
347     orl  %eax, %ebp
348     jmp   .L_align_long

350 .L_is_aligned:
351     movl  out(%esp), out_r

353 #if defined( NO_MMX )
354     jmp  .L_do_loop
355 #endif

357 #if defined( USE_MMX )
358     jmp  .L_init_mmx
359 #endif

361 /** Runtime MMX check */

363 #if defined( RUN_TIME_MMX )
364 .L_check_mmx:
365     cmpl  $DO_USE_MMX, inflate_fast_use_mmx
366     je    .L_init_mmx
367     ja    .L_do_loop /* > 2 */

369     pushl %eax
370     pushl %ebx
371     pushl %ecx
372     pushl %edx
373     pushf
374     movl  (%esp), %eax /* copy eflags to eax */
375     xorl  $0x200000, (%esp) /* try toggling ID bit of eflags (bit 21)
376                            * to see if cpu supports cpuid...
377                            * ID bit method not supported by NexGen but
378                            * bios may load a cpuid instruction and
379                            * cpuid may be disabled on Cyrix 5-6x86 */
380
381     popf
382     pushf
383     popl  %edx /* copy new eflags to edx */
384     xorl  %eax, %edx /* test if ID bit is flipped */
385     jz    .L_dont_use_mmx /* not flipped if zero */
386     xorl  %eax, %eax
387     cpuid
388     cmpl  $0x756e6547, %ebx /* check for GenuineIntel in ebx,ecx,edx */
389     jne  .L_dont_use_mmx
390     cmpl  $0x6c65746e, %ecx
391     jne  .L_dont_use_mmx

```

```

391     cmpl    $0x49656e69, %edx
392     jne     .L_dont_use_mmx
393     movl    $1, %eax
394     cpuid                    /* get cpu features */
395     shrl    $8, %eax
396     andl    $15, %eax
397     cmpl    $6, %eax        /* check for Pentium family, is 0xf for P4 */
398     jne     .L_dont_use_mmx
399     testl   $0x800000, %edx  /* test if MMX feature is set (bit 23) */
400     jnz     .L_use_mmx
401     jmp     .L_dont_use_mmx
402 .L_use_mmx:
403     movl    $DO_USE_MMX, inflate_fast_use_mmx
404     jmp     .L_check_mmx_pop
405 .L_dont_use_mmx:
406     movl    $DONT_USE_MMX, inflate_fast_use_mmx
407 .L_check_mmx_pop:
408     popl    %edx
409     popl    %ecx
410     popl    %ebx
411     popl    %eax
412     jmp     .L_check_mmx
413 #endif

416 /** Non-MMX code **/

418 #if defined ( NO_MMX ) || defined( RUN_TIME_MMX )

420 #define hold_r    %ebp
421 #define bits_r    %bl
422 #define bitslong_r %ebx

424 .align 32,0x90
425 .L_while_test:
426     /* while (in < last && out < end)
427     */
428     cmpl    out_r, end(%esp)
429     jbe     .L_break_loop    /* if (out >= end) */

431     cmpl    in_r, last(%esp)
432     jbe     .L_break_loop

434 .L_do_loop:
435     /* regs: %esi = in, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out
436     *
437     * do {
438     *   if (bits < 15) {
439     *     hold |= *((unsigned short *)in)++ << bits;
440     *     bits += 16
441     *   }
442     *   this = lcode[hold & lmask]
443     */
444     cmpb    $15, bits_r
445     ja      .L_get_length_code    /* if (15 < bits) */

447     xorl    %eax, %eax
448     lodsw                    /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
449     movb    bits_r, %cl        /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
450     addb    $16, bits_r        /* bits += 16 */
451     shll    %cl, %eax
452     orl     %eax, hold_r        /* hold |= *((ushort *)in)++ << bits */

454 .L_get_length_code:
455     movl    lmask(%esp), %edx    /* edx = lmask */
456     movl    lcode(%esp), %ecx    /* ecx = lcode */

```

```

457     andl    hold_r, %edx        /* edx &= hold */
458     movl    (%ecx,%edx,4), %eax  /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */

460 .L_dolen:
461     /* regs: %esi = in, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out
462     *
463     * dolen:
464     *   bits -= this.bits;
465     *   hold >>= this.bits
466     */
467     movb    %ah, %cl            /* cl = this.bits */
468     subb    %ah, bits_r        /* bits -= this.bits */
469     shr    %cl, hold_r        /* hold >>= this.bits */

471     /* check if op is a literal
472     * if (op == 0) {
473     *   PUP(out) = this.val;
474     * }
475     */
476     testb   %al, %al
477     jnz     .L_test_for_length_base /* if (op != 0) 45.7% */

479     shrl    $16, %eax          /* output this.val char */
480     stosb
481     jmp     .L_while_test

483 .L_test_for_length_base:
484     /* regs: %esi = in, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out, %edx = len
485     *
486     * else if (op & 16) {
487     *   len = this.val
488     *   op &= 15
489     *   if (op) {
490     *     if (op > bits) {
491     *       hold |= *((unsigned short *)in)++ << bits;
492     *       bits += 16
493     *     }
494     *     len += hold & mask[op];
495     *     bits -= op;
496     *     hold >>= op;
497     *   }
498     */
499 #define len_r %edx
500     movl    %eax, len_r        /* len = this */
501     shr    $16, len_r        /* len = this.val */
502     movb    %al, %cl

504     testb   $16, %al
505     jz      .L_test_for_second_level_length /* if ((op & 16) == 0) 8% */
506     andb    $15, %cl          /* op &= 15 */
507     jz      .L_save_len        /* if (!op) */
508     cmpb    %cl, bits_r
509     jae     .L_add_bits_to_len /* if (op <= bits) */

511     movb    %cl, %ch          /* stash op in ch, freeing cl */
512     xorl    %eax, %eax
513     lodsw                    /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
514     movb    bits_r, %cl        /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
515     addb    $16, bits_r        /* bits += 16 */
516     shll    %cl, %eax
517     orl     %eax, hold_r        /* hold |= *((ushort *)in)++ << bits */
518     movb    %ch, %cl          /* move op back to ecx */

520 .L_add_bits_to_len:
521     movl    $1, %eax
522     shll    %cl, %eax

```

```

523     decl    %eax
524     subb    %cl, bits_r
525     andl   hold_r, %eax          /* eax &= hold */
526     shr1   %cl, hold_r
527     addl   %eax, len_r          /* len += hold & mask[op] */

529 .L_save_len:
530     movl   len_r, len(%esp)     /* save len */
531 #undef len_r

533 .L_decode_distance:
534     /* regs: %esi = in, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out, %edx = dist
535     *
536     *   if (bits < 15) {
537     *     hold |= *((unsigned short *)in)++ << bits;
538     *     bits += 16
539     *   }
540     *   this = dcode[hold & dmask];
541     *   dodist:
542     *     bits -= this.bits;
543     *     hold >>= this.bits;
544     *     op = this.op;
545     */

547     cmpb   $15, bits_r
548     ja     .L_get_distance_code /* if (15 < bits) */

550     xorl   %eax, %eax
551     lodsw
552     movb   bits_r, %cl          /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
553     addb   $16, bits_r          /* bits += 16 */
554     shll   %cl, %eax
555     orl    %eax, hold_r        /* hold |= *((ushort *)in)++ << bits */

557 .L_get_distance_code:
558     movl   dmask(%esp), %edx    /* edx = dmask */
559     movl   dcode(%esp), %ecx    /* ecx = dcode */
560     andl   hold_r, %edx        /* edx &= hold */
561     movl   (%ecx,%edx,4), %eax  /* eax = dcode[hold & dmask] */

563 #define dist_r %edx
564 .L_dodist:
565     movl   %eax, dist_r        /* dist = this */
566     shr1   $16, dist_r         /* dist = this.val */
567     movb   %ah, %cl
568     subb   %ah, bits_r         /* bits -= this.bits */
569     shr1   %cl, hold_r        /* hold >>= this.bits */

571     /* if (op & 16) {
572     *   dist = this.val
573     *   op &= 15
574     *   if (op > bits) {
575     *     hold |= *((unsigned short *)in)++ << bits;
576     *     bits += 16
577     *   }
578     *   dist += hold & mask[op];
579     *   bits -= op;
580     *   hold >>= op;
581     */
582     movb   %al, %cl            /* cl = this.op */

584     testb  $16, %al            /* if ((op & 16) == 0) */
585     jz     .L_test_for_second_level_dist
586     andb   $15, %cl            /* op &= 15 */
587     jz     .L_check_dist_one
588     cmpb   %cl, bits_r

```

```

589     jae    .L_add_bits_to_dist /* if (op <= bits) 97.6% */

591     movb   %cl, %ch
592     xorl   %eax, %eax          /* stash op in ch, freeing cl */
593     lodsw
594     movb   bits_r, %cl          /* al = *(ushort *)in++ */
595     addb   $16, bits_r          /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
596     shll   %cl, %eax          /* bits += 16 */
597     orl    %eax, hold_r        /* hold |= *((ushort *)in)++ << bits */
598     movb   %ch, %cl          /* move op back to ecx */

600 .L_add_bits_to_dist:
601     movl   $1, %eax
602     shll   %cl, %eax
603     decl   %eax                /* (1 << op) - 1 */
604     subb   %cl, bits_r
605     andl   hold_r, %eax        /* eax &= hold */
606     shr1   %cl, hold_r
607     addl   %eax, dist_r        /* dist += hold & ((1 << op) - 1) */
608     jmp    .L_check_window

610 .L_check_window:
611     /* regs: %esi = from, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out, %edx = dist
612     *
613     *   nbytes = out - beg;
614     *   if (dist <= nbytes) {
615     *     from = out - dist;
616     *     do {
617     *       PUP(out) = PUP(from);
618     *     } while (--len > 0) {
619     *   }
620     */

623     movl   in_r, in(%esp)      /* save in so from can use it's reg */
624     movl   out_r, %eax
625     subl   beg(%esp), %eax     /* nbytes = out - beg */

627     cmpl   dist_r, %eax
628     jnb   .L_clip_window      /* if (dist > nbytes) 4.2% */

630     movl   len(%esp), %ecx
631     movl   out_r, from_r
632     subl   dist_r, from_r      /* from = out - dist */

634     subl   $3, %ecx
635     movb   (from_r), %al
636     movb   %al, (out_r)
637     movb   1(from_r), %al
638     movb   2(from_r), %dl
639     addl   $3, from_r
640     movb   %al, 1(out_r)
641     movb   %dl, 2(out_r)
642     addl   $3, out_r
643     rep    movsb

645     movl   in(%esp), in_r     /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
646     jmp    .L_while_test

648 .align 16,0x90
649 .L_check_dist_one:
650     cmpl   $1, dist_r
651     jne    .L_check_window
652     cmpl   out_r, beg(%esp)
653     je     .L_check_window

```

```

655     decl    out_r
656     movl    len(%esp), %ecx
657     movb    (out_r), %al
658     subl    $3, %ecx

660     movb    %al, 1(out_r)
661     movb    %al, 2(out_r)
662     movb    %al, 3(out_r)
663     addl    $4, out_r
664     rep     stosb

666     jmp     .L_while_test

668     .align 16,0x90
669     .L_test_for_second_level_length:
670     /* else if ((op & 64) == 0) {
671     *   this = lcode[this.val + (hold & mask[op])];
672     * }
673     */
674     testb   $64, %al
675     jnz     .L_test_for_end_of_block /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

677     movl    $1, %eax
678     shll   %cl, %eax
679     decl   %eax
680     andl   hold_r, %eax          /* eax &= hold */
681     addl   %edx, %eax           /* eax += this.val */
682     movl   lcode(%esp), %edx    /* edx = lcode */
683     movl   (%edx,%eax,4), %eax   /* eax = lcode[val + (hold&mask[op])] */
684     jmp    .L_dolen

686     .align 16,0x90
687     .L_test_for_second_level_dist:
688     /* else if ((op & 64) == 0) {
689     *   this = dcode[this.val + (hold & mask[op])];
690     * }
691     */
692     testb   $64, %al
693     jnz     .L_invalid_distance_code /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

695     movl    $1, %eax
696     shll   %cl, %eax
697     decl   %eax
698     andl   hold_r, %eax          /* eax &= hold */
699     addl   %edx, %eax           /* eax += this.val */
700     movl   dcode(%esp), %edx    /* edx = dcode */
701     movl   (%edx,%eax,4), %eax   /* eax = dcode[val + (hold&mask[op])] */
702     jmp    .L_dodist

704     .align 16,0x90
705     .L_clip_window:
706     /* regs: %esi = from, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out, %edx = dist
707     *   %ecx = nbytes
708     *
709     * else {
710     *   if (dist > wsize) {
711     *     invalid distance
712     *   }
713     *   from = window;
714     *   nbytes = dist - nbytes;
715     *   if (write == 0) {
716     *     from += wsize - nbytes;
717     *   }
718     #define nbytes_r %ecx
719     movl    %eax, nbytes_r
720     movl    wsize(%esp), %eax    /* prepare for dist compare */

```

```

721     negl    nbytes_r           /* nbytes = -nbytes */
722     movl    window(%esp), from_r /* from = window */

724     cmpl    dist_r, %eax
725     jb     .L_invalid_distance_too_far /* if (dist > wsize) */

727     addl    dist_r, nbytes_r   /* nbytes = dist - nbytes */
728     cmpl    $0, write(%esp)
729     jne     .L_wrap_around_window /* if (write != 0) */

731     subl    nbytes_r, %eax
732     addl    %eax, from_r       /* from += wsize - nbytes */

734     /* regs: %esi = from, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out, %edx = dist
735     *   %ecx = nbytes, %eax = len
736     *
737     *   if (nbytes < len) {
738     *     len -= nbytes;
739     *     do {
740     *       PUP(out) = PUP(from);
741     *     } while (--nbytes);
742     *     from = out - dist;
743     *   }
744     */
745     #define len_r %eax
746     movl    len(%esp), len_r
747     cmpl    nbytes_r, len_r
748     jbe     .L_do_copy1        /* if (nbytes >= len) */

751     subl    nbytes_r, len_r    /* len -= nbytes */
752     rep     movsb
753     movl    out_r, from_r
754     subl    dist_r, from_r     /* from = out - dist */
755     jmp     .L_do_copy1

757     cmpl    nbytes_r, len_r
758     jbe     .L_do_copy1        /* if (nbytes >= len) */

760     subl    nbytes_r, len_r    /* len -= nbytes */
761     rep     movsb
762     movl    out_r, from_r
763     subl    dist_r, from_r     /* from = out - dist */
764     jmp     .L_do_copy1

766     .L_wrap_around_window:
767     /* regs: %esi = from, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out, %edx = dist
768     *   %ecx = nbytes, %eax = write, %eax = len
769     *
770     *   else if (write < nbytes) {
771     *     from += wsize + write - nbytes;
772     *     nbytes -= write;
773     *     if (nbytes < len) {
774     *       len -= nbytes;
775     *       do {
776     *         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
777     *       } while (--nbytes);
778     *       from = window;
779     *       nbytes = write;
780     *       if (nbytes < len) {
781     *         len -= nbytes;
782     *         do {
783     *           PUP(out) = PUP(from);
784     *         } while (--nbytes);
785     *         from = out - dist;
786     *       }

```

```

787     *      }
788     *    }
789     */
790 #define write_r %eax
791     movl   write(%esp), write_r
792     cmpl   write_r, nbytes_r
793     jbe    .L_contiguous_in_window /* if (write >= nbytes) */

795     addl   wsize(%esp), from_r
796     addl   write_r, from_r
797     subl   nbytes_r, from_r      /* from += wsize + write - nbytes */
798     subl   write_r, nbytes_r    /* nbytes -= write */
799 #undef write_r

801     movl   len(%esp), len_r
802     cmpl   nbytes_r, len_r
803     jbe    .L_do_copy1          /* if (nbytes >= len) */

805     subl   nbytes_r, len_r      /* len -= nbytes */
806     rep   movsb
807     movl   window(%esp), from_r /* from = window */
808     movl   write(%esp), nbytes_r /* nbytes = write */
809     cmpl   nbytes_r, len_r
810     jbe    .L_do_copy1          /* if (nbytes >= len) */

812     subl   nbytes_r, len_r      /* len -= nbytes */
813     rep   movsb
814     movl   out_r, from_r
815     subl   dist_r, from_r      /* from = out - dist */
816     jmp    .L_do_copy1

818 .L_contiguous_in_window:
819     /* regs: %esi = from, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out, %edx = dist
820     *        %ecx = nbytes, %eax = write, %eax = len
821     *
822     *   else {
823     *     from += write - nbytes;
824     *     if (nbytes < len) {
825     *       len -= nbytes;
826     *       do {
827     *         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
828     *       } while (--nbytes);
829     *       from = out - dist;
830     *     }
831     *   }
832     */
833 #define write_r %eax
834     addl   write_r, from_r
835     subl   nbytes_r, from_r      /* from += write - nbytes */
836 #undef write_r

838     movl   len(%esp), len_r
839     cmpl   nbytes_r, len_r
840     jbe    .L_do_copy1          /* if (nbytes >= len) */

842     subl   nbytes_r, len_r      /* len -= nbytes */
843     rep   movsb
844     movl   out_r, from_r
845     subl   dist_r, from_r      /* from = out - dist */

847 .L_do_copy1:
848     /* regs: %esi = from, %esi = in, %ebp = hold, %bl = bits, %edi = out
849     *        %eax = len
850     *
851     *   while (len > 0) {
852     *     PUP(out) = PUP(from);

```

```

853     *      len--;
854     *    }
855     *  }
856     * } while (in < last && out < end);
857     */
858 #undef nbytes_r
859 #define in_r %esi
860     movl   len_r, %ecx
861     rep   movsb

863     movl   in(%esp), in_r      /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
864     jmp    .L_while_test

866 #undef len_r
867 #undef dist_r

869 #endif /* NO_MMX || RUN_TIME_MMX */

872 /** MMX code **/

874 #if defined( USE_MMX ) || defined( RUN_TIME_MMX )

876 .align 32,0x90
877 .L_init_mmx:
878     emms

880 #undef bits_r
881 #undef bitslong_r
882 #define bitslong_r %ebp
883 #define hold_mm    %mm0
884     movd   %ebp, hold_mm
885     movl   %ebx, bitslong_r

887 #define used_mm    %mm1
888 #define dmask2_mm %mm2
889 #define lmask2_mm %mm3
890 #define lmask_mm  %mm4
891 #define dmask_mm  %mm5
892 #define tmp_mm    %mm6

894     movd   lmask(%esp), lmask_mm
895     movq   lmask_mm, lmask2_mm
896     movd   dmask(%esp), dmask_mm
897     movq   dmask_mm, dmask2_mm
898     pxor   used_mm, used_mm
899     movl   lcode(%esp), %ebx    /* ebx = lcode */
900     jmp    .L_do_loop_mmx

902 .align 32,0x90
903 .L_while_test_mmx:
904     /* while (in < last && out < end)
905     */
906     cmpl   out_r, end(%esp)
907     jbe    .L_break_loop      /* if (out >= end) */

909     cmpl   in_r, last(%esp)
910     jbe    .L_break_loop

912 .L_do_loop_mmx:
913     psrlq  used_mm, hold_mm    /* hold_mm >= last bit length */

915     cmpl   $32, bitslong_r
916     ja     .L_get_length_code_mmx /* if (32 < bits) */

918     movd   bitslong_r, tmp_mm

```

```

919 movd    (in_r), %mm7
920 addl    $4, in_r
921 psllq  tmp_mm, %mm7
922 addl    $32, bitslong_r
923 por     %mm7, hold_mm      /* hold_mm |= *((uint *)in)++ << bits */

925 .L_get_length_code_mmx:
926 pand   hold_mm, lmask_mm
927 movd   lmask_mm, %eax
928 movq   lmask2_mm, lmask_mm
929 movl   (%ebx,%eax,4), %eax /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */

931 .L_dolen_mmx:
932 movzbl %ah, %ecx          /* ecx = this.bits */
933 movd   %ecx, used_mm
934 subl  %ecx, bitslong_r   /* bits -= this.bits */

936 testb  %al, %al
937 jnz    .L_test_for_length_base_mmx /* if (op != 0) 45.7% */

939 shrl   $16, %eax          /* output this.val char */
940 stosb
941 jmp    .L_while_test_mmx

943 .L_test_for_length_base_mmx:
944 #define len_r %edx
945 movl   %eax, len_r       /* len = this */
946 shrl   $16, len_r       /* len = this.val */

948 testb  $16, %al
949 jz     .L_test_for_second_level_length_mmx /* if ((op & 16) == 0) 8% */
950 andl   $15, %eax         /* op &= 15 */
951 jz     .L_decode_distance_mmx /* if (!op) */

953 psrlq  used_mm, hold_mm  /* hold_mm >= last bit length */
954 movd   %eax, used_mm
955 movd   hold_mm, %ecx
956 subl  %eax, bitslong_r
957 andl   .L_mask(,%eax,4), %ecx
958 addl   %ecx, len_r       /* len += hold & mask[op] */

960 .L_decode_distance_mmx:
961 psrlq  used_mm, hold_mm  /* hold_mm >= last bit length */

963 cmpl   $32, bitslong_r
964 ja     .L_get_dist_code_mmx /* if (32 < bits) */

966 movd   bitslong_r, tmp_mm
967 movd   (in_r), %mm7
968 addl   $4, in_r
969 psllq  tmp_mm, %mm7
970 addl   $32, bitslong_r
971 por     %mm7, hold_mm      /* hold_mm |= *((uint *)in)++ << bits */

973 .L_get_dist_code_mmx:
974 movl   dcode(%esp), %ebx /* ebx = dcode */
975 pand   hold_mm, dmask_mm
976 movd   dmask_mm, %eax
977 movq   dmask2_mm, dmask_mm
978 movl   (%ebx,%eax,4), %eax /* eax = dcode[hold & lmask] */

980 .L_dodist_mmx:
981 #define dist_r %ebx
982 movzbl %ah, %ecx          /* ecx = this.bits */
983 movl   %eax, dist_r
984 shrl   $16, dist_r       /* dist = this.val */

```

```

985 subl   %ecx, bitslong_r /* bits -= this.bits */
986 movd   %ecx, used_mm

988 testb  $16, %al          /* if ((op & 16) == 0) */
989 jz     .L_test_for_second_level_dist_mmx
990 andl   $15, %eax         /* op &= 15 */
991 jz     .L_check_dist_one_mmx

993 .L_add_bits_to_dist_mmx:
994 psrlq  used_mm, hold_mm  /* hold_mm >= last bit length */
995 movd   %eax, used_mm    /* save bit length of current op */
996 movd   hold_mm, %ecx     /* get the next bits on input stream */
997 subl  %eax, bitslong_r   /* bits -= op bits */
998 andl   .L_mask(,%eax,4), %ecx /* ecx = hold & mask[op] */
999 addl   %ecx, dist_r      /* dist += hold & mask[op] */

1001 .L_check_window_mmx:
1002 movl   in_r, in(%esp)    /* save in so from can use it's reg */
1003 movl   out_r, %eax
1004 subl  beg(%esp), %eax    /* nbytes = out - beg */

1006 cmpl   dist_r, %eax
1007 jb     .L_clip_window_mmx /* if (dist > nbytes) 4.2% */

1009 movl   len_r, %ecx
1010 movl   out_r, from_r
1011 subl  dist_r, from_r     /* from = out - dist */

1013 subl  $3, %ecx
1014 movb  (from_r), %al
1015 movb  %al, (out_r)
1016 movb  1(from_r), %al
1017 movb  2(from_r), %dl
1018 addl  $3, from_r
1019 movb  %al, 1(out_r)
1020 movb  %dl, 2(out_r)
1021 addl  $3, out_r
1022 rep  movsb

1024 movl   in(%esp), in_r   /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
1025 movl   lcode(%esp), %ebx /* move lcode back to %ebx, toss dist */
1026 jmp    .L_while_test_mmx

1028 .align 16,0x90
1029 .L_check_dist_one_mmx:
1030 cmpl   $1, dist_r
1031 jne    .L_check_window_mmx
1032 cmpl   out_r, beg(%esp)
1033 je     .L_check_window_mmx

1035 decl   out_r
1036 movl   len_r, %ecx
1037 movb  (out_r), %al
1038 subl  $3, %ecx

1040 movb  %al, 1(out_r)
1041 movb  %al, 2(out_r)
1042 movb  %al, 3(out_r)
1043 addl  $4, out_r
1044 rep  stosb

1046 movl   lcode(%esp), %ebx /* move lcode back to %ebx, toss dist */
1047 jmp    .L_while_test_mmx

1049 .align 16,0x90
1050 .L_test_for_second_level_length_mmx:

```

```

1051     testb   $64, %al
1052     jnz    .L_test_for_end_of_block /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

1054     andl   $15, %eax
1055     psrlq  used_mm, hold_mm /* hold_mm >= last bit length */
1056     movd   hold_mm, %ecx
1057     andl   .L_mask(,%eax,4), %ecx
1058     addl   len_r, %ecx
1059     movl   (%ebx,%ecx,4), %eax /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */
1060     jmp    .L_dolen_mmx

1062 .align 16,0x90
1063 .L_test_for_second_level_dist_mmx:
1064     testb   $64, %al
1065     jnz    .L_invalid_distance_code /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */

1067     andl   $15, %eax
1068     psrlq  used_mm, hold_mm /* hold_mm >= last bit length */
1069     movd   hold_mm, %ecx
1070     andl   .L_mask(,%eax,4), %ecx
1071     movl   dcode(%esp), %eax /* ecx = dcode */
1072     addl   dist_r, %ecx
1073     movl   (%eax,%ecx,4), %eax /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */
1074     jmp    .L_dodist_mmx

1076 .align 16,0x90
1077 .L_clip_window_mmx:
1078 #define nbytes_r %ecx
1079     movl   %eax, nbytes_r
1080     movl   wsize(%esp), %eax /* prepare for dist compare */
1081     negl   nbytes_r /* nbytes = -nbytes */
1082     movl   window(%esp), from_r /* from = window */

1084     cmpl   dist_r, %eax
1085     jb    .L_invalid_distance_too_far /* if (dist > wsize) */

1087     addl   dist_r, nbytes_r /* nbytes = dist - nbytes */
1088     cmpl   $0, write(%esp)
1089     jne   .L_wrap_around_window_mmx /* if (write != 0) */

1091     subl   nbytes_r, %eax
1092     addl   %eax, from_r /* from += wsize - nbytes */

1094     cmpl   nbytes_r, len_r
1095     jbe   .L_do_cpyl_mmx /* if (nbytes >= len) */

1097     subl   nbytes_r, len_r /* len -= nbytes */
1098     rep   movsb
1099     movl   out_r, from_r
1100     subl   dist_r, from_r /* from = out - dist */
1101     jmp    .L_do_cpyl_mmx

1103     cmpl   nbytes_r, len_r
1104     jbe   .L_do_cpyl_mmx /* if (nbytes >= len) */

1106     subl   nbytes_r, len_r /* len -= nbytes */
1107     rep   movsb
1108     movl   out_r, from_r
1109     subl   dist_r, from_r /* from = out - dist */
1110     jmp    .L_do_cpyl_mmx

1112 .L_wrap_around_window_mmx:
1113 #define write_r %eax
1114     movl   write(%esp), write_r
1115     cmpl   write_r, nbytes_r
1116     jbe   .L_contiguous_in_window_mmx /* if (write >= nbytes) */

```

```

1118     addl   wsize(%esp), from_r
1119     addl   write_r, from_r
1120     subl   nbytes_r, from_r /* from += wsize + write - nbytes */
1121     subl   write_r, nbytes_r /* nbytes -= write */
1122 #undef write_r

1124     cmpl   nbytes_r, len_r
1125     jbe   .L_do_cpyl_mmx /* if (nbytes >= len) */

1127     subl   nbytes_r, len_r /* len -= nbytes */
1128     rep   movsb
1129     movl   window(%esp), from_r /* from = window */
1130     movl   write(%esp), nbytes_r /* nbytes = write */
1131     cmpl   nbytes_r, len_r
1132     jbe   .L_do_cpyl_mmx /* if (nbytes >= len) */

1134     subl   nbytes_r, len_r /* len -= nbytes */
1135     rep   movsb
1136     movl   out_r, from_r
1137     subl   dist_r, from_r /* from = out - dist */
1138     jmp    .L_do_cpyl_mmx

1140 .L_contiguous_in_window_mmx:
1141 #define write_r %eax
1142     addl   write_r, from_r
1143     subl   nbytes_r, from_r /* from += write - nbytes */
1144 #undef write_r

1146     cmpl   nbytes_r, len_r
1147     jbe   .L_do_cpyl_mmx /* if (nbytes >= len) */

1149     subl   nbytes_r, len_r /* len -= nbytes */
1150     rep   movsb
1151     movl   out_r, from_r
1152     subl   dist_r, from_r /* from = out - dist */

1154 .L_do_cpyl_mmx:
1155 #undef nbytes_r
1156 #define in_r %esi
1157     movl   len_r, %ecx
1158     rep   movsb

1160     movl   in(%esp), in_r /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
1161     movl   lcode(%esp), %ebx /* move lcode back to %ebx, toss dist */
1162     jmp    .L_while_test_mmx

1164 #undef hold_r
1165 #undef bitslong_r

1167 #endif /* USE_MMX || RUN_TIME_MMX */

1170 /** USE_MMX, NO_MMX, and RUNTIME_MMX from here on */

1172 .L_invalid_distance_code:
1173     /* else {
1174      *   strm->msg = "invalid distance code";
1175      *   state->mode = BAD;
1176      * }
1177     */
1178     movl   $.L_invalid_distance_code_msg, %ecx
1179     movl   $INFLATE_MODE_BAD, %edx
1180     jmp    .L_update_stream_state

1182 .L_test_for_end_of_block:

```



```

1183     /* else if (op & 32) {
1184     *   state->mode = TYPE;
1185     *   break;
1186     * }
1187     */
1188     testb   $32, %al
1189     jz     .L_invalid_literal_length_code /* if ((op & 32) == 0) */

1191     movl   $0, %ecx
1192     movl   $INFLATE_MODE_TYPE, %edx
1193     jmp    .L_update_stream_state

1195 .L_invalid_literal_length_code:
1196     /* else {
1197     *   strm->msg = "invalid literal/length code";
1198     *   state->mode = BAD;
1199     * }
1200     */
1201     movl   $.L_invalid_literal_length_code_msg, %ecx
1202     movl   $INFLATE_MODE_BAD, %edx
1203     jmp    .L_update_stream_state

1205 .L_invalid_distance_too_far:
1206     /* strm->msg = "invalid distance too far back";
1207     *   state->mode = BAD;
1208     */
1209     movl   in(%esp), in_r /* from_r has in's reg, put in back */
1210     movl   $.L_invalid_distance_too_far_msg, %ecx
1211     movl   $INFLATE_MODE_BAD, %edx
1212     jmp    .L_update_stream_state

1214 .L_update_stream_state:
1215     /* set strm->msg = %ecx, strm->state->mode = %edx */
1216     movl   strm_sp(%esp), %eax
1217     testl  %ecx, %ecx /* if (msg != NULL) */
1218     jz     .L_skip_msg
1219     movl   %ecx, msg_strm(%eax) /* strm->msg = msg */
1220 .L_skip_msg:
1221     movl   state_strm(%eax), %eax /* state = strm->state */
1222     movl   %edx, mode_state(%eax) /* state->mode = edx (BAD | TYPE) */
1223     jmp    .L_break_loop

1225 .align 32,0x90
1226 .L_break_loop:

1228 /*
1229 * Regs:
1230 *
1231 * bits = %ebp when mmx, and in %ebx when non-mmx
1232 * hold = %hold_mmx when mmx, and in %ebp when non-mmx
1233 * in = %esi
1234 * out = %edi
1235 */

1237 #if defined( USE_MMX ) || defined( RUN_TIME_MMX )

1239 #if defined( RUN_TIME_MMX )

1241     cmpl   $DO_USE_MMX, inflate_fast_use_mmx
1242     jne    .L_update_next_in

1244 #endif /* RUN_TIME_MMX */

1246     movl   %ebp, %ebx

1248 .L_update_next_in:

```

```

1250 #endif

1252 #define strm_r %eax
1253 #define state_r %edx

1255     /* len = bits >> 3;
1256     *   in -= len;
1257     *   bits -= len << 3;
1258     *   hold &= (1U << bits) - 1;
1259     *   state->hold = hold;
1260     *   state->bits = bits;
1261     *   strm->next_in = in;
1262     *   strm->next_out = out;
1263     */
1264     movl   strm_sp(%esp), strm_r
1265     movl   %ebx, %ecx
1266     movl   state_strm(strm_r), state_r
1267     shr    $3, %ecx
1268     subl  %ecx, in_r
1269     shll  $3, %ecx
1270     subl  %ecx, %ebx
1271     movl   out_r, next_out_strm(strm_r)
1272     movl   %ebx, bits_state(state_r)
1273     movl   %ebx, %ecx

1275     leal  buf(%esp), %ebx
1276     cmpl  %ebx, last(%esp)
1277     jne   .L_buf_not_used /* if buf != last */

1279     subl  %ebx, in_r /* in -= buf */
1280     movl  next_in_strm(strm_r), %ebx
1281     movl  %ebx, last(%esp) /* last = strm->next_in */
1282     addl  %ebx, in_r /* in += strm->next_in */
1283     movl  avail_in_strm(strm_r), %ebx
1284     subl  $11, %ebx
1285     addl  %ebx, last(%esp) /* last = &strm->next_in[ avail_in - 11 ] */

1287 .L_buf_not_used:
1288     movl  in_r, next_in_strm(strm_r)

1290     movl  $1, %ebx
1291     shll  %cl, %ebx
1292     decl  %ebx

1294 #if defined( USE_MMX ) || defined( RUN_TIME_MMX )

1296 #if defined( RUN_TIME_MMX )

1298     cmpl  $DO_USE_MMX, inflate_fast_use_mmx
1299     jne   .L_update_hold

1301 #endif /* RUN_TIME_MMX */

1303     psrlq  used_mm, hold_mm /* hold_mm >= last bit length */
1304     movd  hold_mm, %ebp

1306     emms

1308 .L_update_hold:

1310 #endif /* USE_MMX || RUN_TIME_MMX */

1312     andl  %ebx, %ebp
1313     movl  %ebp, hold_state(state_r)

```

```
1315 #define last_r %ebx

1317 /* strm->avail_in = in < last ? 11 + (last - in) : 11 - (in - last) */
1318 movl last(%esp), last_r
1319 cmpl in_r, last_r
1320 jbe .L_last_is_smaller /* if (in >= last) */

1322 subl in_r, last_r /* last -= in */
1323 addl $11, last_r /* last += 11 */
1324 movl last_r, avail_in_strm(strm_r)
1325 jmp .L_fixup_out
1326 .L_last_is_smaller:
1327 subl last_r, in_r /* in -= last */
1328 negl in_r /* in = -in */
1329 addl $11, in_r /* in += 11 */
1330 movl in_r, avail_in_strm(strm_r)

1332 #undef last_r
1333 #define end_r %ebx

1335 .L_fixup_out:
1336 /* strm->avail_out = out < end ? 257 + (end - out) : 257 - (out - end)*/
1337 movl end(%esp), end_r
1338 cmpl out_r, end_r
1339 jbe .L_end_is_smaller /* if (out >= end) */

1341 subl out_r, end_r /* end -= out */
1342 addl $257, end_r /* end += 257 */
1343 movl end_r, avail_out_strm(strm_r)
1344 jmp .L_done
1345 .L_end_is_smaller:
1346 subl end_r, out_r /* out -= end */
1347 negl out_r /* out = -out */
1348 addl $257, out_r /* out += 257 */
1349 movl out_r, avail_out_strm(strm_r)

1351 #undef end_r
1352 #undef strm_r
1353 #undef state_r

1355 .L_done:
1356 addl $local_var_size, %esp
1357 popf
1358 popl %ebx
1359 popl %ebp
1360 popl %esi
1361 popl %edi
1362 ret

1364 #if defined( GAS_ELF )
1365 /* elf info */
1366 .type inflate_fast,@function
1367 .size inflate_fast,.-inflate_fast
1368 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream/test.cpp

1

```
*****  
526 Wed Apr 1 15:57:09 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream/test.cpp  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****
```

```
2 #include "zfstream.h"  
4 int main() {  
6 // Construct a stream object with this filebuffer. Anything sent  
7 // to this stream will go to standard out.  
8 gzofstream os( 1, ios::out );  
  
10 // This text is getting compressed and sent to stdout.  
11 // To prove this, run 'test | zcat'.  
12 os << "Hello, Mommy" << endl;  
  
14 os << setcompressionlevel( Z_NO_COMPRESSION );  
15 os << "hello, hello, hi, ho!" << endl;  
  
17 setcompressionlevel( os, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION )  
18 << "I'm compressing again" << endl;  
  
20 os.close();  
22 return 0;  
24 }
```

```
*****
5112 Wed Apr 1 15:57:10 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream/zfstream.cpp
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
```

```
2 #include "zfstream.h"

4 gzfilebuf::gzfilebuf() :
5   file(NULL),
6   mode(0),
7   own_file_descriptor(0)
8 { }

10 gzfilebuf::~gzfilebuf() {

12   sync();
13   if ( own_file_descriptor )
14     close();

16 }

18 gzfilebuf *gzfilebuf::open( const char *name,
19                             int io_mode ) {

21   if ( is_open() )
22     return NULL;

24   char char_mode[10];
25   char *p = char_mode;

27   if ( io_mode & ios::in ) {
28     mode = ios::in;
29     *p++ = 'r';
30   } else if ( io_mode & ios::app ) {
31     mode = ios::app;
32     *p++ = 'a';
33   } else {
34     mode = ios::out;
35     *p++ = 'w';
36   }

38   if ( io_mode & ios::binary ) {
39     mode |= ios::binary;
40     *p++ = 'b';
41   }

43   // Hard code the compression level
44   if ( io_mode & (ios::out|ios::app) ) {
45     *p++ = '9';
46   }

48   // Put the end-of-string indicator
49   *p = '\0';

51   if ( (file = gzopen(name, char_mode)) == NULL )
52     return NULL;

54   own_file_descriptor = 1;

56   return this;

58 }

60 gzfilebuf *gzfilebuf::attach( int file_descriptor,
```

```
61         int io_mode ) {

63   if ( is_open() )
64     return NULL;

66   char char_mode[10];
67   char *p = char_mode;

69   if ( io_mode & ios::in ) {
70     mode = ios::in;
71     *p++ = 'r';
72   } else if ( io_mode & ios::app ) {
73     mode = ios::app;
74     *p++ = 'a';
75   } else {
76     mode = ios::out;
77     *p++ = 'w';
78   }

80   if ( io_mode & ios::binary ) {
81     mode |= ios::binary;
82     *p++ = 'b';
83   }

85   // Hard code the compression level
86   if ( io_mode & (ios::out|ios::app) ) {
87     *p++ = '9';
88   }

90   // Put the end-of-string indicator
91   *p = '\0';

93   if ( (file = gzopen(file_descriptor, char_mode)) == NULL )
94     return NULL;

96   own_file_descriptor = 0;

98   return this;

100 }

102 gzfilebuf *gzfilebuf::close() {

104   if ( is_open() ) {

106     sync();
107     gzclose( file );
108     file = NULL;

110   }

112   return this;

114 }

116 int gzfilebuf::setcompressionlevel( int comp_level ) {

118   return gzsetparams(file, comp_level, -2);

120 }

122 int gzfilebuf::setcompressionstrategy( int comp_strategy ) {

124   return gzsetparams(file, -2, comp_strategy);

126 }
```

```

129 streampos gzfilebuf::seekoff( streamoff off, ios::seek_dir dir, int which ) {
131     return streampos(EOF);
133 }

135 int gzfilebuf::underflow() {
137     // If the file hasn't been opened for reading, error.
138     if ( !is_open() || !(mode & ios::in) )
139         return EOF;

141     // if a buffer doesn't exists, allocate one.
142     if ( !base() ) {
144         if ( allocate() == EOF )
145             return EOF;
146         setp(0,0);
148     } else {
150         if ( in_avail() )
151             return (unsigned char) *gptr();

153         if ( out_waiting() ) {
154             if ( flushbuf() == EOF )
155                 return EOF;
156         }
158     }

160     // Attempt to fill the buffer.

162     int result = fillbuf();
163     if ( result == EOF ) {
164         // disable get area
165         setg(0,0,0);
166         return EOF;
167     }

169     return (unsigned char) *gptr();

171 }

173 int gzfilebuf::overflow( int c ) {
175     if ( !is_open() || !(mode & ios::out) )
176         return EOF;

178     if ( !base() ) {
179         if ( allocate() == EOF )
180             return EOF;
181         setg(0,0,0);
182     } else {
183         if ( in_avail() ) {
184             return EOF;
185         }
186         if ( out_waiting() ) {
187             if ( flushbuf() == EOF )
188                 return EOF;
189         }
190     }

192     int bl = blen();

```

```

193     setp( base(), base() + bl);

195     if ( c != EOF ) {
197         *pptr() = c;
198         pbump(1);
200     }

202     return 0;

204 }

206 int gzfilebuf::sync() {
208     if ( !is_open() )
209         return EOF;

211     if ( out_waiting() )
212         return flushbuf();

214     return 0;

216 }

218 int gzfilebuf::flushbuf() {
220     int n;
221     char *q;

223     q = pbase();
224     n = pptr() - q;

226     if ( gzwrite( file, q, n) < n )
227         return EOF;

229     setp(0,0);

231     return 0;

233 }

235 int gzfilebuf::fillbuf() {
237     int required;
238     char *p;

240     p = base();

242     required = blen();

244     int t = gzread( file, p, required );

246     if ( t <= 0 ) return EOF;

248     setg( base(), base(), base()+t);

250     return t;

252 }

254 gzfilestream_common::gzfilestream_common() :
255     ios( gzfilestream_common::rdbuf() )
256 { }

258 gzfilestream_common::~gzfilestream_common()

```

```
259 { }

261 void gzfilestream_common::attach( int fd, int io_mode ) {

263     if ( !buffer.attach( fd, io_mode ) )
264         clear( ios::failbit | ios::badbit );
265     else
266         clear();

268 }

270 void gzfilestream_common::open( const char *name, int io_mode ) {

272     if ( !buffer.open( name, io_mode ) )
273         clear( ios::failbit | ios::badbit );
274     else
275         clear();

277 }

279 void gzfilestream_common::close() {

281     if ( !buffer.close() )
282         clear( ios::failbit | ios::badbit );

284 }

286 gzfilebuf *gzfilestream_common::rdbuf()
287 {
288     return &buffer;
289 }

291 gzifstream::gzifstream() :
292     ios( gzfilestream_common::rdbuf() )
293 {
294     clear( ios::badbit );
295 }

297 gzifstream::gzifstream( const char *name, int io_mode ) :
298     ios( gzfilestream_common::rdbuf() )
299 {
300     gzfilestream_common::open( name, io_mode );
301 }

303 gzifstream::gzifstream( int fd, int io_mode ) :
304     ios( gzfilestream_common::rdbuf() )
305 {
306     gzfilestream_common::attach( fd, io_mode );
307 }

309 gzifstream::~gzifstream() { }

311 gzofstream::gzofstream() :
312     ios( gzfilestream_common::rdbuf() )
313 {
314     clear( ios::badbit );
315 }

317 gzofstream::gzofstream( const char *name, int io_mode ) :
318     ios( gzfilestream_common::rdbuf() )
319 {
320     gzfilestream_common::open( name, io_mode );
321 }

323 gzofstream::gzofstream( int fd, int io_mode ) :
324     ios( gzfilestream_common::rdbuf() )
```

```
325 {
326     gzfilestream_common::attach( fd, io_mode );
327 }

329 gzofstream::~gzofstream() { }
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream/zfstream.h

1

```
*****
2467 Wed Apr 1 15:57:10 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream/zfstream.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
```

```
2 #ifndef zfstream_h
3 #define zfstream_h

5 #include <fstream.h>
6 #include "zlib.h"

8 class gzfilebuf : public streambuf {
10 public:
12     gzfilebuf( );
13     virtual ~gzfilebuf();

15     gzfilebuf *open( const char *name, int io_mode );
16     gzfilebuf *attach( int file_descriptor, int io_mode );
17     gzfilebuf *close();

19     int setcompressionlevel( int comp_level );
20     int setcompressionstrategy( int comp_strategy );

22     inline int is_open() const { return (file !=NULL); }

24     virtual streampos seekoff( streamoff, ios::seek_dir, int );

26     virtual int sync();

28 protected:
30     virtual int underflow();
31     virtual int overflow( int = EOF );

33 private:
35     gzFile file;
36     short mode;
37     short own_file_descriptor;

39     int flushbuf();
40     int fillbuf();

42 };

44 class gzfilestream_common : virtual public ios {

46     friend class gzifstream;
47     friend class gzofstream;
48     friend gzofstream &setcompressionlevel( gzofstream &, int );
49     friend gzofstream &setcompressionstrategy( gzofstream &, int );

51 public:
52     virtual ~gzfilestream_common();

54     void attach( int fd, int io_mode );
55     void open( const char *name, int io_mode );
56     void close();

58 protected:
59     gzfilestream_common();
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream/zfstream.h

2

```
61 private:
62     gzfilebuf *rdbuf();

64     gzfilebuf buffer;

66 };

68 class gzifstream : public gzfilestream_common, public istream {
70 public:
72     gzifstream();
73     gzifstream( const char *name, int io_mode = ios::in );
74     gzifstream( int fd, int io_mode = ios::in );

76     virtual ~gzifstream();

78 };

80 class gzofstream : public gzfilestream_common, public ostream {
82 public:
84     gzofstream();
85     gzofstream( const char *name, int io_mode = ios::out );
86     gzofstream( int fd, int io_mode = ios::out );

88     virtual ~gzofstream();

90 };

92 template<class T> class gzomanip {
93     friend gzofstream &operator<<(gzofstream &, const gzomanip<T> &);
94 public:
95     gzomanip(gzofstream &(*f)(gzofstream &, T), T v) : func(f), val(v) { }
96 private:
97     gzofstream &(*func)(gzofstream &, T);
98     T val;
99 };

101 template<class T> gzofstream &operator<<(gzofstream &s, const gzomanip<T> &m)
102 {
103     return (*m.func)(s, m.val);
104 }

106 inline gzofstream &setcompressionlevel( gzofstream &s, int l )
107 {
108     (s.rdbuf()->setcompressionlevel(l);
109     return s;
110 }

112 inline gzofstream &setcompressionstrategy( gzofstream &s, int l )
113 {
114     (s.rdbuf()->setcompressionstrategy(l);
115     return s;
116 }

118 inline gzomanip<int> setcompressionlevel(int l)
119 {
120     return gzomanip<int>(&setcompressionlevel,l);
121 }

123 inline gzomanip<int> setcompressionstrategy(int l)
124 {
125     return gzomanip<int>(&setcompressionstrategy,l);
126 }
```

```
128 #endif
```



```

*****
9283 Wed Apr 1 15:57:10 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream2/zstream.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2 *
3 * Copyright (c) 1997
4 * Christian Michelsen Research AS
5 * Advanced Computing
6 * Fantoftvegen 38, 5036 BERGEN, Norway
7 * http://www.cmr.no
8 *
9 * Permission to use, copy, modify, distribute and sell this software
10 * and its documentation for any purpose is hereby granted without fee,
11 * provided that the above copyright notice appear in all copies and
12 * that both that copyright notice and this permission notice appear
13 * in supporting documentation. Christian Michelsen Research AS makes no
14 * representations about the suitability of this software for any
15 * purpose. It is provided "as is" without express or implied warranty.
16 *
17 */

19 #ifndef ZSTREAM_H
20 #define ZSTREAM_H

22 /*
23 * zstream.h - C++ interface to the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
24 * $Id: zstream.h 1.1 1997-06-25 12:00:56+02 tyge Exp tyge $
25 */

27 #include <strstream.h>
28 #include <string.h>
29 #include <stdio.h>
30 #include "zlib.h"

32 #if defined(_WIN32)
33 # include <fcntl.h>
34 # include <io.h>
35 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file) setmode(fileno(file), O_BINARY)
36 #else
37 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file)
38 #endif

40 class zstringlen {
41 public:
42     zstringlen(class izstream&);
43     zstringlen(class ozstream&, const char*);
44     size_t value() const { return val.word; }
45 private:
46     struct Val { unsigned char byte; size_t word; } val;
47 };

49 // ----- izstream -----

51 class izstream
52 {
53 public:
54     izstream() : m_fp(0) {}
55     izstream(FILE* fp) : m_fp(0) { open(fp); }
56     izstream(const char* name) : m_fp(0) { open(name); }
57     ~izstream() { close(); }

59     /* Opens a gzip (.gz) file for reading.
60     * open() can be used to read a file which is not in gzip format;

```

```

61     * in this case read() will directly read from the file without
62     * decompression. errno can be checked to distinguish two error
63     * cases (if errno is zero, the zlib error is Z_MEM_ERROR).
64     */
65     void open(const char* name) {
66         if (m_fp) close();
67         m_fp = ::gzopen(name, "rb");
68     }

70     void open(FILE* fp) {
71         SET_BINARY_MODE(fp);
72         if (m_fp) close();
73         m_fp = ::gzdopen(fileno(fp), "rb");
74     }

76     /* Flushes all pending input if necessary, closes the compressed file
77     * and deallocates all the (de)compression state. The return value is
78     * the zlib error number (see function error() below).
79     */
80     int close() {
81         int r = ::gzclose(m_fp);
82         m_fp = 0; return r;
83     }

85     /* Binary read the given number of bytes from the compressed file.
86     */
87     int read(void* buf, size_t len) {
88         return ::gzread(m_fp, buf, len);
89     }

91     /* Returns the error message for the last error which occurred on the
92     * given compressed file. errnum is set to zlib error number. If an
93     * error occurred in the file system and not in the compression library,
94     * errnum is set to Z_ERRNO and the application may consult errno
95     * to get the exact error code.
96     */
97     const char* error(int* errnum) {
98         return ::gzerror(m_fp, errnum);
99     }

101     gzFile fp() { return m_fp; }

103 private:
104     gzFile m_fp;
105 };

107 /*
108 * Binary read the given (array of) object(s) from the compressed file.
109 * If the input file was not in gzip format, read() copies the objects number
110 * of bytes into the buffer.
111 * returns the number of uncompressed bytes actually read
112 * (0 for end of file, -1 for error).
113 */
114 template <class T, class Items>
115 inline int read(izstream& zs, T* x, Items items) {
116     return ::gzread(zs.fp(), x, items*sizeof(T));
117 }

119 /*
120 * Binary input with the '>' operator.
121 */
122 template <class T>
123 inline izstream& operator>(izstream& zs, T& x) {
124     ::gzread(zs.fp(), &x, sizeof(T));
125     return zs;
126 }

```

```

129 inline zstringlen::zstringlen(izstream& zs) {
130     zs > val.byte;
131     if (val.byte == 255) zs > val.word;
132     else val.word = val.byte;
133 }

135 /*
136 * Read length of string + the string with the '>' operator.
137 */
138 inline izstream& operator>(izstream& zs, char* x) {
139     zstringlen len(zs);
140     ::gzread(zs.fp(), x, len.value());
141     x[len.value()] = '\0';
142     return zs;
143 }

145 inline char* read_string(izstream& zs) {
146     zstringlen len(zs);
147     char* x = new char[len.value()+1];
148     ::gzread(zs.fp(), x, len.value());
149     x[len.value()] = '\0';
150     return x;
151 }

153 // ----- ozstream -----

155 class ozstream
156 {
157     public:
158     ozstream() : m_fp(0), m_os(0) {
159     }
160     ozstream(FILE* fp, int level = Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION)
161     : m_fp(0), m_os(0) {
162         open(fp, level);
163     }
164     ozstream(const char* name, int level = Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION)
165     : m_fp(0), m_os(0) {
166         open(name, level);
167     }
168     ~ozstream() {
169         close();
170     }

172     /* Opens a gzip (.gz) file for writing.
173     * The compression level parameter should be in 0..9
174     * errno can be checked to distinguish two error cases
175     * (if errno is zero, the zlib error is Z_MEM_ERROR).
176     */
177     void open(const char* name, int level = Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION) {
178         char mode[4] = "wb\0";
179         if (level != Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION) mode[2] = '0'+level;
180         if (m_fp) close();
181         m_fp = ::gzopen(name, mode);
182     }

184     /* open from a FILE pointer.
185     */
186     void open(FILE* fp, int level = Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION) {
187         SET_BINARY_MODE(fp);
188         char mode[4] = "wb\0";
189         if (level != Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION) mode[2] = '0'+level;
190         if (m_fp) close();
191         m_fp = ::gzdopen(fileno(fp), mode);
192     }

```

```

194     /* Flushes all pending output if necessary, closes the compressed file
195     * and deallocates all the (de)compression state. The return value is
196     * the zlib error number (see function error() below).
197     */
198     int close() {
199         if (m_os) {
200             ::gzwrite(m_fp, m_os->str(), m_os->pcount());
201             delete[] m_os->str(); delete m_os; m_os = 0;
202         }
203         int r = ::gzclose(m_fp); m_fp = 0; return r;
204     }

206     /* Binary write the given number of bytes into the compressed file.
207     */
208     int write(const void* buf, size_t len) {
209         return ::gzwrite(m_fp, (voidp) buf, len);
210     }

212     /* Flushes all pending output into the compressed file. The parameter
213     * _flush is as in the deflate() function. The return value is the zlib
214     * error number (see function gzerror below). flush() returns Z_OK if
215     * the flush parameter is Z_FINISH and all output could be flushed.
216     * flush() should be called only when strictly necessary because it can
217     * degrade compression.
218     */
219     int flush(int _flush) {
220         os_flush();
221         return ::gzflush(m_fp, _flush);
222     }

224     /* Returns the error message for the last error which occurred on the
225     * given compressed file. errno is set to zlib error number. If an
226     * error occurred in the file system and not in the compression library,
227     * errno is set to Z_ERRNO and the application may consult errno
228     * to get the exact error code.
229     */
230     const char* error(int* errnum) {
231         return ::gzerror(m_fp, errnum);
232     }

234     gzFile fp() { return m_fp; }

236     ostream& os() {
237         if (m_os == 0) m_os = new ostrstream;
238         return *m_os;
239     }

241     void os_flush() {
242         if (m_os && m_os->pcount() > 0) {
243             ostrstream* oss = new ostrstream;
244             oss->fill(m_os->fill());
245             oss->flags(m_os->flags());
246             oss->precision(m_os->precision());
247             oss->width(m_os->width());
248             ::gzwrite(m_fp, m_os->str(), m_os->pcount());
249             delete[] m_os->str(); delete m_os; m_os = oss;
250         }
251     }

253     private:
254         gzFile m_fp;
255         ostrstream* m_os;
256 };

258 /*

```

```
259 * Binary write the given (array of) object(s) into the compressed file.
260 * returns the number of uncompressed bytes actually written
261 * (0 in case of error).
262 */
263 template <class T, class Items>
264 inline int write(ozstream& zs, const T* x, Items items) {
265     return ::gzwrite(zs.fp(), (voidp) x, items*sizeof(T));
266 }

268 /*
269 * Binary output with the '<' operator.
270 */
271 template <class T>
272 inline ozstream& operator<(ozstream& zs, const T& x) {
273     ::gzwrite(zs.fp(), (voidp) &x, sizeof(T));
274     return zs;
275 }

277 inline zstringlen::zstringlen(ozstream& zs, const char* x) {
278     val.byte = 255; val.word = ::strlen(x);
279     if (val.word < 255) zs < (val.byte = val.word);
280     else zs < val;
281 }

283 /*
284 * Write length of string + the string with the '<' operator.
285 */
286 inline ozstream& operator<(ozstream& zs, const char* x) {
287     zstringlen len(zs, x);
288     ::gzwrite(zs.fp(), (voidp) x, len.value());
289     return zs;
290 }

292 #ifdef _MSC_VER
293 inline ozstream& operator<(ozstream& zs, char* const& x) {
294     return zs < (const char*) x;
295 }
296 #endif

298 /*
299 * Ascii write with the << operator;
300 */
301 template <class T>
302 inline ostream& operator<<(ozstream& zs, const T& x) {
303     zs.os_flush();
304     return zs.os() << x;
305 }

307 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream2/zstream_test.cpp

1

711 Wed Apr 1 15:57:10 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream2/zstream_test.cpp

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #include "zstream.h"
2 #include <math.h>
3 #include <stdlib.h>
4 #include <iomanip.h>

6 void main() {
7     char h[256] = "Hello";
8     char* g = "Goodbye";
9     ostream out("temp.gz");
10    out < "This works well" < h < g;
11    out.close();

13    istream in("temp.gz"); // read it back
14    char *x = read_string(in), *y = new char[256], z[256];
15    in > y > z;
16    in.close();
17    cout << x << endl << y << endl << z << endl;

19    out.open("temp.gz"); // try ascii output; zcat temp.gz to see the results
20    out << setw(50) << setfill('#') << setprecision(20) << x << endl << y << endl
21    out << z << endl << y << endl << x << endl;
22    out << 1.1234567890123456789 << endl;

24    delete[] x; delete[] y;
25 }
```

1490 Wed Apr 1 15:57:10 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/README

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 These classes provide a C++ stream interface to the zlib library. It allows you
2 to do things like:

```
4 gzofstream outf("blah.gz");  
5 outf << "These go into the gzip file " << 123 << endl;
```

7 It does this by deriving a specialized stream buffer for gzipped files, which is
8 the way Stroustrup would have done it. :->

10 The gzifstream and gzofstream classes were originally written by Kevin Ruland
11 and made available in the zlib contrib/iostream directory. The older version sti
12 compiles under gcc 2.xx, but not under gcc 3.xx, which sparked the development o
13 this version.

15 The new classes are as standard-compliant as possible, closely following the
16 approach of the standard library's fstream classes. It compiles under gcc versio
17 3.2 and 3.3, but not under gcc 2.xx. This is mainly due to changes in the standa
18 library naming scheme. The new version of gzifstream/gzofstream/gzfilebuf differ
19 from the previous one in the following respects:

- 20 - added showmanyc
- 21 - added setbuf, with support for unbuffered output via setbuf(0,0)
- 22 - a few bug fixes of stream behavior
- 23 - gzipped output file opened with default compression level instead of maximum 1
- 24 - setcompressionlevel()/strategy() members replaced by single setcompression()

26 The code is provided "as is", with the permission to use, copy, modify, distribu
27 and sell it for any purpose without fee.

29 Ludwig Schwardt
30 <schwardt@sun.ac.za>

32 DSP Lab
33 Electrical & Electronic Engineering Department
34 University of Stellenbosch
35 South Africa

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/TODO

1

491 Wed Apr 1 15:57:10 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/TODO

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 Possible upgrades to gzfilebuf:

3 - The ability to do putback (e.g. putbackfail)

5 - The ability to seek (zlib supports this, but could be slow/tricky)

7 - Simultaneous read/write access (does it make sense?)

9 - Support for ios_base::ate open mode

11 - Locale support?

13 - Check public interface to see which calls give problems

14 (due to dependence on library internals)

16 - Override operator<<(ostream&, gzfilebuf*) to allow direct copying

17 of stream buffer to stream (i.e. os << is.rdbuf();)

```
*****
1490 Wed Apr  1 15:57:10 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/test.cc
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * Test program for gzifstream and gzofstream
3  *
4  * by Ludwig Schwardt <schwardt@sun.ac.za>
5  * original version by Kevin Ruland <kevin@rodin.wustl.edu>
6  */
7
8 #include "zfstream.h"
9 #include <iostream>      // for cout
10
11 int main() {
12
13     gzofstream outf;
14     gzifstream inf;
15     char buf[80];
16
17     outf.open("test1.txt.gz");
18     outf << "The quick brown fox sidestepped the lazy canine\n"
19         << 1.3 << "\nPlan " << 9 << std::endl;
20     outf.close();
21     std::cout << "Wrote the following message to 'test1.txt.gz' (check with zcat o
22         << "The quick brown fox sidestepped the lazy canine\n"
23         << 1.3 << "\nPlan " << 9 << std::endl;
24
25     std::cout << "\nReading 'test1.txt.gz' (buffered) produces:\n";
26     inf.open("test1.txt.gz");
27     while (inf.getline(buf,80,'\n')) {
28         std::cout << buf << "\t(" << inf.rdbuf()->in_avail() << " chars left in buff
29     }
30     inf.close();
31
32     outf.rdbuf()->pubsetbuf(0,0);
33     outf.open("test2.txt.gz");
34     outf << setcompression(Z_NO_COMPRESSION)
35         << "The quick brown fox sidestepped the lazy canine\n"
36         << 1.3 << "\nPlan " << 9 << std::endl;
37     outf.close();
38     std::cout << "\nWrote the same message to 'test2.txt.gz' in uncompressed form"
39
40     std::cout << "\nReading 'test2.txt.gz' (unbuffered) produces:\n";
41     inf.rdbuf()->pubsetbuf(0,0);
42     inf.open("test2.txt.gz");
43     while (inf.getline(buf,80,'\n')) {
44         std::cout << buf << "\t(" << inf.rdbuf()->in_avail() << " chars left in buff
45     }
46     inf.close();
47
48     return 0;
49 }
50 }
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/zfstream.cc

1

```
*****
13447 Wed Apr 1 15:57:10 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/zfstream.cc
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * A C++ I/O streams interface to the zlib gz* functions
3  *
4  * by Ludwig Schwardt <schwardt@sun.ac.za>
5  * original version by Kevin Ruland <kevin@rodin.wustl.edu>
6  *
7  * This version is standard-compliant and compatible with gcc 3.x.
8  */

10 #include "zfstream.h"
11 #include <cstring>          // for strcpy, strcat, strlen (mode strings)
12 #include <cstdio>          // for BUFSIZ

14 // Internal buffer sizes (default and "unbuffered" versions)
15 #define BIGBUFSIZE BUFSIZ
16 #define SMALLBUFSIZE 1

18 /*****/

20 // Default constructor
21 gzfilebuf::gzfilebuf()
22 : file(NULL), io_mode(std::ios_base::openmode(0)), own_fd(false),
23   buffer(NULL), buffer_size(BIGBUFSIZE), own_buffer(true)
24 {
25     // No buffers to start with
26     this->disable_buffer();
27 }

29 // Destructor
30 gzfilebuf::~gzfilebuf()
31 {
32     // Sync output buffer and close only if responsible for file
33     // (i.e. attached streams should be left open at this stage)
34     this->sync();
35     if (own_fd)
36         this->close();
37     // Make sure internal buffer is deallocated
38     this->disable_buffer();
39 }

41 // Set compression level and strategy
42 int
43 gzfilebuf::setcompression(int comp_level,
44                           int comp_strategy)
45 {
46     return gzsetparams(file, comp_level, comp_strategy);
47 }

49 // Open gzipped file
50 gzfilebuf*
51 gzfilebuf::open(const char *name,
52                 std::ios_base::openmode mode)
53 {
54     // Fail if file already open
55     if (this->is_open())
56         return NULL;
57     // Don't support simultaneous read/write access (yet)
58     if ((mode & std::ios_base::in) && (mode & std::ios_base::out))
59         return NULL;
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/zfstream.cc

2

```
61 // Build mode string for gzopen and check it [27.8.1.3.2]
62 char char_mode[6] = "\0\0\0\0\0";
63 if (!this->open_mode(mode, char_mode))
64     return NULL;

66 // Attempt to open file
67 if ((file = gzopen(name, char_mode)) == NULL)
68     return NULL;

70 // On success, allocate internal buffer and set flags
71 this->enable_buffer();
72 io_mode = mode;
73 own_fd = true;
74 return this;
75 }

77 // Attach to gzipped file
78 gzfilebuf*
79 gzfilebuf::attach(int fd,
80                  std::ios_base::openmode mode)
81 {
82     // Fail if file already open
83     if (this->is_open())
84         return NULL;
85     // Don't support simultaneous read/write access (yet)
86     if ((mode & std::ios_base::in) && (mode & std::ios_base::out))
87         return NULL;

89 // Build mode string for gzopen and check it [27.8.1.3.2]
90 char char_mode[6] = "\0\0\0\0\0";
91 if (!this->open_mode(mode, char_mode))
92     return NULL;

94 // Attempt to attach to file
95 if ((file = gzopen(fd, char_mode)) == NULL)
96     return NULL;

98 // On success, allocate internal buffer and set flags
99 this->enable_buffer();
100 io_mode = mode;
101 own_fd = false;
102 return this;
103 }

105 // Close gzipped file
106 gzfilebuf*
107 gzfilebuf::close()
108 {
109     // Fail immediately if no file is open
110     if (!this->is_open())
111         return NULL;
112     // Assume success
113     gzfilebuf* retval = this;
114     // Attempt to sync and close gzipped file
115     if (this->sync() == -1)
116         retval = NULL;
117     if (gzclose(file) < 0)
118         retval = NULL;
119     // File is now gone anyway (postcondition [27.8.1.3.8])
120     file = NULL;
121     own_fd = false;
122     // Destroy internal buffer if it exists
123     this->disable_buffer();
124     return retval;
125 }
```



```

127 /* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * */
129 // Convert int open mode to mode string
130 bool
131 gzfilebuf::open_mode(std::ios_base::openmode mode,
132                     char* c_mode) const
133 {
134     bool testb = mode & std::ios_base::binary;
135     bool testi = mode & std::ios_base::in;
136     bool testo = mode & std::ios_base::out;
137     bool testt = mode & std::ios_base::trunc;
138     bool testa = mode & std::ios_base::app;

140     // Check for valid flag combinations - see [27.8.1.3.2] (Table 92)
141     // Original zfstream hardcoded the compression level to maximum here...
142     // Double the time for less than 1% size improvement seems
143     // excessive though - keeping it at the default level
144     // To change back, just append "9" to the next three mode strings
145     if (!testi && testo && !testt && !testa)
146         strcpy(c_mode, "w");
147     if (!testi && testo && !testt && testa)
148         strcpy(c_mode, "a");
149     if (!testi && testo && testt && !testa)
150         strcpy(c_mode, "w");
151     if (testi && !testo && !testt && !testa)
152         strcpy(c_mode, "r");
153     // No read/write mode yet
154     // if (testi && testo && !testt && !testa)
155     //     strcpy(c_mode, "r+");
156     // if (testi && testo && testt && !testa)
157     //     strcpy(c_mode, "w+");

159     // Mode string should be empty for invalid combination of flags
160     if (strlen(c_mode) == 0)
161         return false;
162     if (testb)
163         strcat(c_mode, "b");
164     return true;
165 }

167 // Determine number of characters in internal get buffer
168 std::streamsize
169 gzfilebuf::showmanyc()
170 {
171     // Calls to underflow will fail if file not opened for reading
172     if (!this->is_open() || !(io_mode & std::ios_base::in))
173         return -1;
174     // Make sure get area is in use
175     if (this->gptr() && (this->gptr() < this->egptr()))
176         return std::streamsize(this->egptr() - this->gptr());
177     else
178         return 0;
179 }

181 // Fill get area from gzipped file
182 gzfilebuf::int_type
183 gzfilebuf::underflow()
184 {
185     // If something is left in the get area by chance, return it
186     // (this shouldn't normally happen, as underflow is only supposed
187     // to be called when gptr >= egptr, but it serves as error check)
188     if (this->gptr() && (this->gptr() < this->egptr()))
189         return traits_type::to_int_type(*(this->gptr()));

191     // If the file hasn't been opened for reading, produce error
192     if (!this->is_open() || !(io_mode & std::ios_base::in))

```

```

193     return traits_type::eof();

195     // Attempt to fill internal buffer from gzipped file
196     // (buffer must be guaranteed to exist...)
197     int bytes_read = gzread(file, buffer, buffer_size);
198     // Indicates error or EOF
199     if (bytes_read <= 0)
200     {
201         // Reset get area
202         this->setg(buffer, buffer, buffer);
203         return traits_type::eof();
204     }
205     // Make all bytes read from file available as get area
206     this->setg(buffer, buffer, buffer + bytes_read);

208     // Return next character in get area
209     return traits_type::to_int_type(*(this->gptr()));
210 }

212 // Write put area to gzipped file
213 gzfilebuf::int_type
214 gzfilebuf::overflow(int_type c)
215 {
216     // Determine whether put area is in use
217     if (this->pbase())
218     {
219         // Double-check pointer range
220         if (this->pptr() > this->pptr() || this->pptr() < this->pbase())
221             return traits_type::eof();
222         // Add extra character to buffer if not EOF
223         if (!traits_type::eq_int_type(c, traits_type::eof()))
224         {
225             *(this->pptr()) = traits_type::to_char_type(c);
226             this->pbump(1);
227         }
228         // Number of characters to write to file
229         int bytes_to_write = this->pptr() - this->pbase();
230         // Overflow doesn't fail if nothing is to be written
231         if (bytes_to_write > 0)
232         {
233             // If the file hasn't been opened for writing, produce error
234             if (!this->is_open() || !(io_mode & std::ios_base::out))
235                 return traits_type::eof();
236             // If gzipped file won't accept all bytes written to it, fail
237             if (gzwrite(file, this->pbase(), bytes_to_write) != bytes_to_write)
238                 return traits_type::eof();
239             // Reset next pointer to point to pbase on success
240             this->pbump(-bytes_to_write);
241         }
242     }
243     // Write extra character to file if not EOF
244     else if (!traits_type::eq_int_type(c, traits_type::eof()))
245     {
246         // If the file hasn't been opened for writing, produce error
247         if (!this->is_open() || !(io_mode & std::ios_base::out))
248             return traits_type::eof();
249         // Impromptu char buffer (allows "unbuffered" output)
250         char_type last_char = traits_type::to_char_type(c);
251         // If gzipped file won't accept this character, fail
252         if (gzwrite(file, &last_char, 1) != 1)
253             return traits_type::eof();
254     }

256     // If you got here, you have succeeded (even if c was EOF)
257     // The return value should therefore be non-EOF
258     if (traits_type::eq_int_type(c, traits_type::eof()))

```

```

259     return traits_type::not_eof(c);
260     else
261         return c;
262 }

264 // Assign new buffer
265 std::streambuf*
266 gzfilebuf::setbuf(char_type* p,
267                   std::streamsize n)
268 {
269     // First make sure stuff is sync'ed, for safety
270     if (this->sync() == -1)
271         return NULL;
272     // If buffering is turned off on purpose via setbuf(0,0), still allocate one..
273     // "Unbuffered" only really refers to put [27.8.1.4.10], while get needs at
274     // least a buffer of size 1 (very inefficient though, therefore make it bigger
275     // This follows from [27.5.2.4.3]/12 (gptr needs to point at something, it see
276     // if (lp || ln)
277     {
278         // Replace existing buffer (if any) with small internal buffer
279         this->disable_buffer();
280         buffer = NULL;
281         buffer_size = 0;
282         own_buffer = true;
283         this->enable_buffer();
284     }
285     else
286     {
287         // Replace existing buffer (if any) with external buffer
288         this->disable_buffer();
289         buffer = p;
290         buffer_size = n;
291         own_buffer = false;
292         this->enable_buffer();
293     }
294     return this;
295 }

297 // Write put area to gzipped file (i.e. ensures that put area is empty)
298 int
299 gzfilebuf::sync()
300 {
301     return traits_type::eq_int_type(this->overflow(), traits_type::eof()) ? -1 : 0;
302 }

304 /* * * * * * */

306 // Allocate internal buffer
307 void
308 gzfilebuf::enable_buffer()
309 {
310     // If internal buffer required, allocate one
311     if (own_buffer && !buffer)
312     {
313         // Check for buffered vs. "unbuffered"
314         if (buffer_size > 0)
315         {
316             // Allocate internal buffer
317             buffer = new char_type[buffer_size];
318             // Get area starts empty and will be expanded by underflow as need arises
319             this->setg(buffer, buffer, buffer);
320             // Setup entire internal buffer as put area.
321             // The one-past-end pointer actually points to the last element of the buf
322             // so that overflow(c) can safely add the extra character c to the sequenc
323             // These pointers remain in place for the duration of the buffer
324             this->setp(buffer, buffer + buffer_size - 1);

```

```

325     }
326     else
327     {
328         // Even in "unbuffered" case, (small?) get buffer is still required
329         buffer_size = SMALLBUFSIZE;
330         buffer = new char_type[buffer_size];
331         this->setg(buffer, buffer, buffer);
332         // "Unbuffered" means no put buffer
333         this->setp(0, 0);
334     }
335 }
336 else
337 {
338     // If buffer already allocated, reset buffer pointers just to make sure no
339     // stale chars are lying around
340     this->setg(buffer, buffer, buffer);
341     this->setp(buffer, buffer + buffer_size - 1);
342 }
343 }

345 // Destroy internal buffer
346 void
347 gzfilebuf::disable_buffer()
348 {
349     // If internal buffer exists, deallocate it
350     if (own_buffer && buffer)
351     {
352         // Preserve unbuffered status by zeroing size
353         if (!this->pbase())
354             buffer_size = 0;
355         delete[] buffer;
356         buffer = NULL;
357         this->setg(0, 0, 0);
358         this->setp(0, 0);
359     }
360     else
361     {
362         // Reset buffer pointers to initial state if external buffer exists
363         this->setg(buffer, buffer, buffer);
364         if (buffer)
365             this->setp(buffer, buffer + buffer_size - 1);
366         else
367             this->setp(0, 0);
368     }
369 }

371 /*****

373 // Default constructor initializes stream buffer
374 gzifstream::gzifstream()
375 : std::istream(NULL), sb()
376 { this->init(&sb); }

378 // Initialize stream buffer and open file
379 gzifstream::gzifstream(const char* name,
380                       std::ios_base::openmode mode)
381 : std::istream(NULL), sb()
382 {
383     this->init(&sb);
384     this->open(name, mode);
385 }

387 // Initialize stream buffer and attach to file
388 gzifstream::gzifstream(int fd,
389                       std::ios_base::openmode mode)
390 : std::istream(NULL), sb()

```

```

391 {
392     this->init(&sb);
393     this->attach(fd, mode);
394 }

396 // Open file and go into fail() state if unsuccessful
397 void
398 gzifstream::open(const char* name,
399                 std::ios_base::openmode mode)
400 {
401     if (!sb.open(name, mode | std::ios_base::in))
402         this->setstate(std::ios_base::failbit);
403     else
404         this->clear();
405 }

407 // Attach to file and go into fail() state if unsuccessful
408 void
409 gzifstream::attach(int fd,
410                   std::ios_base::openmode mode)
411 {
412     if (!sb.attach(fd, mode | std::ios_base::in))
413         this->setstate(std::ios_base::failbit);
414     else
415         this->clear();
416 }

418 // Close file
419 void
420 gzifstream::close()
421 {
422     if (!sb.close())
423         this->setstate(std::ios_base::failbit);
424 }

426 /*****/

428 // Default constructor initializes stream buffer
429 gzifstream::gzifstream()
430 : std::ostream(NULL), sb()
431 { this->init(&sb); }

433 // Initialize stream buffer and open file
434 gzifstream::gzifstream(const char* name,
435                       std::ios_base::openmode mode)
436 : std::ostream(NULL), sb()
437 {
438     this->init(&sb);
439     this->open(name, mode);
440 }

442 // Initialize stream buffer and attach to file
443 gzifstream::gzifstream(int fd,
444                       std::ios_base::openmode mode)
445 : std::ostream(NULL), sb()
446 {
447     this->init(&sb);
448     this->attach(fd, mode);
449 }

451 // Open file and go into fail() state if unsuccessful
452 void
453 gzifstream::open(const char* name,
454                 std::ios_base::openmode mode)
455 {
456     if (!sb.open(name, mode | std::ios_base::out))

```

```

457     this->setstate(std::ios_base::failbit);
458     else
459         this->clear();
460 }

462 // Attach to file and go into fail() state if unsuccessful
463 void
464 gzofstream::attach(int fd,
465                   std::ios_base::openmode mode)
466 {
467     if (!sb.attach(fd, mode | std::ios_base::out))
468         this->setstate(std::ios_base::failbit);
469     else
470         this->clear();
471 }

473 // Close file
474 void
475 gzofstream::close()
476 {
477     if (!sb.close())
478         this->setstate(std::ios_base::failbit);
479 }

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/zfstream.h

1

```
*****
12240 Wed Apr 1 15:57:11 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/zfstream.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * A C++ I/O streams interface to the zlib gz* functions
3  *
4  * by Ludwig Schwardt <schwardt@sun.ac.za>
5  * original version by Kevin Ruland <kevin@rodin.wustl.edu>
6  *
7  * This version is standard-compliant and compatible with gcc 3.x.
8  */

10 #ifndef ZFSTREAM_H
11 #define ZFSTREAM_H

13 #include <istream> // not iostream, since we don't need cin/cout
14 #include <ostream>
15 #include "zlib.h"

17 /*****/

19 /**
20  * @brief Gzipped file stream buffer class.
21  *
22  * This class implements basic_filebuf for gzipped files. It doesn't yet support
23  * seeking (allowed by zlib but slow/limited), putback and read/write access
24  * (tricky). Otherwise, it attempts to be a drop-in replacement for the standard
25  * file streambuf.
26  */
27 class gzfilebuf : public std::streambuf
28 {
29 public:
30     // Default constructor.
31     gzfilebuf();

33     // Destructor.
34     virtual
35     ~gzfilebuf();

37     /**
38      * @brief Set compression level and strategy on the fly.
39      * @param comp_level Compression level (see zlib.h for allowed values)
40      * @param comp_strategy Compression strategy (see zlib.h for allowed values)
41      * @return Z_OK on success, Z_STREAM_ERROR otherwise.
42      *
43      * Unfortunately, these parameters cannot be modified separately, as the
44      * previous zfstream version assumed. Since the strategy is seldom changed,
45      * it can default and setcompression(level) then becomes like the old
46      * setcompressionlevel(level).
47      */
48     int
49     setcompression(int comp_level,
50                   int comp_strategy = Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY);

52     /**
53      * @brief Check if file is open.
54      * @return True if file is open.
55      */
56     bool
57     is_open() const { return (file != NULL); }

59     /**
60      * @brief Open gzipped file.
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/iostream3/zfstream.h

2

```
61  * @param name File name.
62  * @param mode Open mode flags.
63  * @return @c this on success, NULL on failure.
64  */
65 gzfilebuf*
66 open(const char* name,
67       std::ios_base::openmode mode);

69 /**
70  * @brief Attach to already open gzipped file.
71  * @param fd File descriptor.
72  * @param mode Open mode flags.
73  * @return @c this on success, NULL on failure.
74  */
75 gzfilebuf*
76 attach(int fd,
77        std::ios_base::openmode mode);

79 /**
80  * @brief Close gzipped file.
81  * @return @c this on success, NULL on failure.
82  */
83 gzfilebuf*
84 close();

86 protected:
87 /**
88  * @brief Convert ios open mode int to mode string used by zlib.
89  * @return True if valid mode flag combination.
90  */
91 bool
92 open_mode(std::ios_base::openmode mode,
93           char* c_mode) const;

95 /**
96  * @brief Number of characters available in stream buffer.
97  * @return Number of characters.
98  *
99  * This indicates number of characters in get area of stream buffer.
100  * These characters can be read without accessing the gzipped file.
101  */
102 virtual std::streamsize
103 showmanyc();

105 /**
106  * @brief Fill get area from gzipped file.
107  * @return First character in get area on success, EOF on error.
108  *
109  * This actually reads characters from gzipped file to stream
110  * buffer. Always buffered.
111  */
112 virtual int_type
113 underflow();

115 /**
116  * @brief Write put area to gzipped file.
117  * @param c Extra character to add to buffer contents.
118  * @return Non-EOF on success, EOF on error.
119  *
120  * This actually writes characters in stream buffer to
121  * gzipped file. With unbuffered output this is done one
122  * character at a time.
123  */
124 virtual int_type
125 overflow(int_type c = traits_type::eof());
```

```

127 /**
128  * @brief Installs external stream buffer.
129  * @param p Pointer to char buffer.
130  * @param n Size of external buffer.
131  * @return @c this on success, NULL on failure.
132  */
133 * Call setbuf(0,0) to enable unbuffered output.
134 */
135 virtual std::streambuf*
136 setbuf(char_type* p,
137        std::streamsize n);
138
139 /**
140  * @brief Flush stream buffer to file.
141  * @return 0 on success, -1 on error.
142  */
143 * This calls underflow(EOF) to do the job.
144 */
145 virtual int
146 sync();
147
148 //
149 // Some future enhancements
150 //
151 // virtual int_type uflow();
152 // virtual int_type pbackfail(int_type c = traits_type::eof());
153 // virtual pos_type
154 // seekoff(off_type off,
155 //         std::ios_base::seekdir way,
156 //         std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::in|std::ios_base::out)
157 // virtual pos_type
158 // seekpos(pos_type sp,
159 //         std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::in|std::ios_base::out)
160
161 private:
162 /**
163  * @brief Allocate internal buffer.
164  */
165 * This function is safe to call multiple times. It will ensure
166 * that a proper internal buffer exists if it is required. If the
167 * buffer already exists or is external, the buffer pointers will be
168 * reset to their original state.
169 */
170 void
171 enable_buffer();
172
173 /**
174  * @brief Destroy internal buffer.
175  */
176 * This function is safe to call multiple times. It will ensure
177 * that the internal buffer is deallocated if it exists. In any
178 * case, it will also reset the buffer pointers.
179 */
180 void
181 disable_buffer();
182
183 /**
184  * Underlying file pointer.
185 */
186 gzFile file;
187
188 /**
189  * Mode in which file was opened.
190 */
191 std::ios_base::openmode io_mode;

```

```

193 /**
194  * @brief True if this object owns file descriptor.
195  */
196 * This makes the class responsible for closing the file
197 * upon destruction.
198 */
199 bool own_fd;
200
201 /**
202  * @brief Stream buffer.
203  */
204 * For simplicity this remains allocated on the free store for the
205 * entire life span of the gzfilebuf object, unless replaced by setbuf.
206 */
207 char_type* buffer;
208
209 /**
210  * @brief Stream buffer size.
211  */
212 * Defaults to system default buffer size (typically 8192 bytes).
213 * Modified by setbuf.
214 */
215 std::streamsize buffer_size;
216
217 /**
218  * @brief True if this object owns stream buffer.
219  */
220 * This makes the class responsible for deleting the buffer
221 * upon destruction.
222 */
223 bool own_buffer;
224 };
225
226 /*****
227
228 /**
229  * @brief Gzipped file input stream class.
230  */
231 * This class implements ifstream for gzipped files. Seeking and putback
232 * is not supported yet.
233 */
234 class gzifstream : public std::istream
235 {
236 public:
237 // Default constructor
238 gzifstream();
239
240 /**
241  * @brief Construct stream on gzipped file to be opened.
242  * @param name File name.
243  * @param mode Open mode flags (forced to contain ios::in).
244  */
245 explicit
246 gzifstream(const char* name,
247            std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::in);
248
249 /**
250  * @brief Construct stream on already open gzipped file.
251  * @param fd File descriptor.
252  * @param mode Open mode flags (forced to contain ios::in).
253  */
254 explicit
255 gzifstream(int fd,
256            std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::in);
257
258 /**

```

```

259 * Obtain underlying stream buffer.
260 */
261 gzfilebuf*
262 rdbuf() const
263 { return const_cast<gzfilebuf*>(&sb); }

265 /**
266 * @brief Check if file is open.
267 * @return True if file is open.
268 */
269 bool
270 is_open() { return sb.is_open(); }

272 /**
273 * @brief Open gzipped file.
274 * @param name File name.
275 * @param mode Open mode flags (forced to contain ios::in).
276 *
277 * Stream will be in state good() if file opens successfully;
278 * otherwise in state fail(). This differs from the behavior of
279 * ifstream, which never sets the state to good() and therefore
280 * won't allow you to reuse the stream for a second file unless
281 * you manually clear() the state. The choice is a matter of
282 * convenience.
283 */
284 void
285 open(const char* name,
286      std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::in);

288 /**
289 * @brief Attach to already open gzipped file.
290 * @param fd File descriptor.
291 * @param mode Open mode flags (forced to contain ios::in).
292 *
293 * Stream will be in state good() if attach succeeded; otherwise
294 * in state fail().
295 */
296 void
297 attach(int fd,
298       std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::in);

300 /**
301 * @brief Close gzipped file.
302 *
303 * Stream will be in state fail() if close failed.
304 */
305 void
306 close();

308 private:
309 /**
310 * Underlying stream buffer.
311 */
312 gzfilebuf sb;
313 };

315 /*****

317 /**
318 * @brief Gzipped file output stream class.
319 *
320 * This class implements ostream for gzipped files. Seeking and putback
321 * is not supported yet.
322 */
323 class gzofstream : public std::ostream
324 {

```

```

325 public:
326 // Default constructor
327 gzofstream();

329 /**
330 * @brief Construct stream on gzipped file to be opened.
331 * @param name File name.
332 * @param mode Open mode flags (forced to contain ios::out).
333 */
334 explicit
335 gzofstream(const char* name,
336            std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::out);

338 /**
339 * @brief Construct stream on already open gzipped file.
340 * @param fd File descriptor.
341 * @param mode Open mode flags (forced to contain ios::out).
342 */
343 explicit
344 gzofstream(int fd,
345            std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::out);

347 /**
348 * Obtain underlying stream buffer.
349 */
350 gzfilebuf*
351 rdbuf() const
352 { return const_cast<gzfilebuf*>(&sb); }

354 /**
355 * @brief Check if file is open.
356 * @return True if file is open.
357 */
358 bool
359 is_open() { return sb.is_open(); }

361 /**
362 * @brief Open gzipped file.
363 * @param name File name.
364 * @param mode Open mode flags (forced to contain ios::out).
365 *
366 * Stream will be in state good() if file opens successfully;
367 * otherwise in state fail(). This differs from the behavior of
368 * ofstream, which never sets the state to good() and therefore
369 * won't allow you to reuse the stream for a second file unless
370 * you manually clear() the state. The choice is a matter of
371 * convenience.
372 */
373 void
374 open(const char* name,
375      std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::out);

377 /**
378 * @brief Attach to already open gzipped file.
379 * @param fd File descriptor.
380 * @param mode Open mode flags (forced to contain ios::out).
381 *
382 * Stream will be in state good() if attach succeeded; otherwise
383 * in state fail().
384 */
385 void
386 attach(int fd,
387       std::ios_base::openmode mode = std::ios_base::out);

389 /**
390 * @brief Close gzipped file.

```

```

391 *
392 * Stream will be in state fail() if close failed.
393 */
394 void
395 close();

397 private:
398 /**
399 * Underlying stream buffer.
400 */
401 gzfilebuf sb;
402 };

404 /*****/

406 /**
407 * @brief Gzipped file output stream manipulator class.
408 *
409 * This class defines a two-argument manipulator for gzofstream. It is used
410 * as base for the setcompression(int,int) manipulator.
411 */
412 template<typename T1, typename T2>
413 class gzomanip2
414 {
415 public:
416     // Allows inserter to peek at internals
417     template <typename Ta, typename Tb>
418     friend gzofstream&
419     operator<<(gzofstream&,
420               const gzomanip2<Ta,Tb>&);

422     // Constructor
423     gzomanip2(gzofstream& (*f)(gzofstream&, T1, T2),
424              T1 v1,
425              T2 v2);
426 private:
427     // Underlying manipulator function
428     gzofstream&
429     (*func)(gzofstream&, T1, T2);

431     // Arguments for manipulator function
432     T1 val1;
433     T2 val2;
434 };

436 /*****/

438 // Manipulator function thunks through to stream buffer
439 inline gzofstream&
440 setcompression(gzofstream &gzs, int l, int s = Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY)
441 {
442     (gzs.rdbuf()->setcompression(l, s);
443     return gzs;
444 }

446 // Manipulator constructor stores arguments
447 template<typename T1, typename T2>
448 inline
449 gzomanip2<T1,T2>::gzomanip2(gzofstream &(*f)(gzofstream &, T1, T2),
450                             T1 v1,
451                             T2 v2)
452 : func(f), val1(v1), val2(v2)
453 { }

455 // Inserter applies underlying manipulator function to stream
456 template<typename T1, typename T2>

```

```

457 inline gzofstream&
458 operator<<(gzofstream& s, const gzomanip2<T1,T2>& m)
459 { return (*m.func)(s, m.val1, m.val2); }

461 // Insert this onto stream to simplify setting of compression level
462 inline gzomanip2<int,int>
463 setcompression(int l, int s = Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY)
464 { return gzomanip2<int,int>(&setcompression, l, s); }

466 #endif // ZFSTREAM_H

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx64/bld_ml64.bat

1

86 Wed Apr 1 15:57:11 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx64/bld_ml64.bat

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 ml64.exe /Flinffasx64 /c /Zi inffasx64.asm

2 ml64.exe /Flgvmat64 /c /Zi gvmat64.asm


```

*****
16443 Wed Apr 1 15:57:11 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx64/gvmat64.asm
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 ;uInt longest_match_x64(
2 ;   deflate_state *s,
3 ;   IPos cur_match);          /* current match */
4
5 ; gvmat64.asm -- Asm portion of the optimized longest_match for 32 bits x86_64
6 ; (AMD64 on Athlon 64, Opteron, Phenom
7 ;   and Intel EM64T on Pentium 4 with EM64T, Pentium D, Core 2 Duo, Core I5/I7
8 ;   Copyright (C) 1995-2010 Jean-loup Gailly, Brian Raiter and Gilles Vollant.
9 ;
10 ; File written by Gilles Vollant, by converting to assembly the longest_match
11 ; from Jean-loup Gailly in deflate.c of zLib and infoZip zip.
12 ;
13 ; and by taking inspiration on asm686 with masm, optimised assembly code
14 ; from Brian Raiter, written 1998
15 ;
16 ; This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
17 ; warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
18 ; arising from the use of this software.
19 ;
20 ; Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
21 ; including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
22 ; freely, subject to the following restrictions:
23 ;
24 ; 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
25 ; claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
26 ; in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
27 ; appreciated but is not required.
28 ; 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
29 ; misrepresented as being the original software
30 ; 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.
31 ;
32 ;
33 ;
34 ;   http://www.zlib.net
35 ;   http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll
36 ;   http://www.muppetlabs.com/~breadbox/software/assembly.html
37 ;
38 ; to compile this file for infozip Zip, I use option:
39 ; ml64.exe /Flgvmat64 /c /Zi /DINFOZIP gvmat64.asm
40 ;
41 ; to compile this file for zLib, I use option:
42 ; ml64.exe /Flgvmat64 /c /Zi gvmat64.asm
43 ; Be carrefull to adapt zlib1222add below to your version of zLib
44 ; (if you use a version of zLib before 1.0.4 or after 1.2.2.2, change
45 ; value of zlib1222add later)
46 ;
47 ; This file compile with Microsoft Macro Assembler (x64) for AMD64
48 ;
49 ; ml64.exe is given with Visual Studio 2005/2008/2010 and Windows WDK
50 ;
51 ; (you can get Windows WDK with ml64 for AMD64 from
52 ; http://www.microsoft.com/whdc/Devtools/wdk/default.aspx for low price)
53 ;
54 ;
55 ;
56 ;uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
57 ;   deflate_state *s;
58 ;   IPos cur_match;          /* current match */
59 .code
60 longest_match PROC

```

```

61
62
63 ;LocalVarsSize equ 88
64 LocalVarsSize equ 72
65
66 ; register used : rax,rbx,rcx,rdx,rsi,rdi,r8,r9,r10,r11,r12
67 ; free register : r14,r15
68 ; register can be saved : rsp
69
70 chainlenwmask equ rsp + 8 - LocalVarsSize ; high word: current chain len
71 ; low word: s->wmask
72 ;window equ rsp + xx - LocalVarsSize ; local copy of s->window ; sto
73 ;windowbestlen equ rsp + xx - LocalVarsSize ; s->window + bestlen , use r10
74 ;scanstart equ rsp + xx - LocalVarsSize ; first two bytes of string ; s
75 ;scanend equ rsp + xx - LocalVarsSize ; last two bytes of string use
76 ;scanalign equ rsp + xx - LocalVarsSize ; dword-misalignment of string
77 ;bestlen equ rsp + xx - LocalVarsSize ; size of best match so far ->
78 ;scan equ rsp + xx - LocalVarsSize ; ptr to string wanting match -
79 IFDEF INFOZIP
80 ELSE
81 nicematch equ (rsp + 16 - LocalVarsSize) ; a good enough match size
82 ENDIF
83
84 save_rdi equ rsp + 24 - LocalVarsSize
85 save_rsi equ rsp + 32 - LocalVarsSize
86 save_rbx equ rsp + 40 - LocalVarsSize
87 save_rbp equ rsp + 48 - LocalVarsSize
88 save_r12 equ rsp + 56 - LocalVarsSize
89 save_r13 equ rsp + 64 - LocalVarsSize
90 ;save_r14 equ rsp + 72 - LocalVarsSize
91 ;save_r15 equ rsp + 80 - LocalVarsSize
92
93
94 ; summary of register usage
95 ; scanend ebx
96 ; scanendw bx
97 ; chainlenwmask edx
98 ; curmatch rsi
99 ; curmatchd esi
100 ; windowbestlen r8
101 ; scanalign r9
102 ; scanalignd r9d
103 ; window r10
104 ; bestlen r11
105 ; bestlend r11d
106 ; scanstart r12d
107 ; scanstartw r12w
108 ; scan r13
109 ; nicematch r14d
110 ; limit r15
111 ; limitd r15d
112 ; prev rcx
113
114 ; all the +4 offsets are due to the addition of pending_buf_size (in zlib
115 ; in the deflate_state structure since the asm code was first written
116 ; (if you compile with zlib 1.0.4 or older, remove the +4).
117 ; Note : these value are good with a 8 bytes boundary pack structure
118
119
120 MAX_MATCH equ 258
121 MIN_MATCH equ 3
122 MIN_LOOKAHEAD equ (MAX_MATCH+MIN_MATCH+1)
123
124
125 ;;; Offsets for fields in the deflate_state structure. These numbers
126 ;;; are calculated from the definition of deflate_state, with the

```

```

127 ;;; assumption that the compiler will dword-align the fields. (Thus,
128 ;;; changing the definition of deflate_state could easily cause this
129 ;;; program to crash horribly, without so much as a warning at
130 ;;; compile time. Sigh.)
131
132 ; all the +zlib1222add offsets are due to the addition of fields
133 ; in zlib in the deflate_state structure since the asm code was first written
134 ; (if you compile with zlib 1.0.4 or older, use "zlib1222add equ (-4)").
135 ; (if you compile with zlib between 1.0.5 and 1.2.2.1, use "zlib1222add equ 0")
136 ; if you compile with zlib 1.2.2.2 or later , use "zlib1222add equ 8").
137
138
139 IFDEF INFOZIP
140
141 _DATA SEGMENT
142 COMM window_size:DWORD
143 ; WMask ; 7fff
144 COMM window:BYTE:010040H
145 COMM prev:WORD:08000H
146 ; MatchLen : unused
147 ; PrevMatch : unused
148 COMM strstart:DWORD
149 COMM match_start:DWORD
150 ; Lookahead : ignore
151 COMM prev_length:DWORD ; PrevLen
152 COMM max_chain_length:DWORD
153 COMM good_match:DWORD
154 COMM nice_match:DWORD
155 prev_ad equ OFFSET prev
156 window_ad equ OFFSET window
157 nicematch equ nice_match
158 _DATA ENDS
159 WMask equ 07ffffh
160
161 ELSE
162
163 IFNDEF zlib1222add
164 zlib1222add equ 8
165 ENDIF
166 dsWSize equ 56+zlib1222add+(zlib1222add/2)
167 dsWMask equ 64+zlib1222add+(zlib1222add/2)
168 dsWindow equ 72+zlib1222add
169 dsPrev equ 88+zlib1222add
170 dsMatchLen equ 128+zlib1222add
171 dsPrevMatch equ 132+zlib1222add
172 dsStrStart equ 140+zlib1222add
173 dsMatchStart equ 144+zlib1222add
174 dsLookahead equ 148+zlib1222add
175 dsPrevLen equ 152+zlib1222add
176 dsMaxChainLen equ 156+zlib1222add
177 dsGoodMatch equ 172+zlib1222add
178 dsNiceMatch equ 176+zlib1222add
179
180 window_size equ [ rcx + dsWSize]
181 WMask equ [ rcx + dsWMask]
182 window_ad equ [ rcx + dsWindow]
183 prev_ad equ [ rcx + dsPrev]
184 strstart equ [ rcx + dsStrStart]
185 match_start equ [ rcx + dsMatchStart]
186 Lookahead equ [ rcx + dsLookahead] ; 0fffffffh on infozip
187 prev_length equ [ rcx + dsPrevLen]
188 max_chain_length equ [ rcx + dsMaxChainLen]
189 good_match equ [ rcx + dsGoodMatch]
190 nice_match equ [ rcx + dsNiceMatch]
191 ENDIF
192

```

```

193 ; parameter 1 in r8(deflate state s), param 2 in rdx (cur match)
194
195 ; see http://weblogs.asp.net/oldnewthing/archive/2004/01/14/58579.aspx and
196 ; http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/en-us/kmarch/hh/kmarch/64bitAMD_8e951dd2-ee7
197 ;
198 ; All registers must be preserved across the call, except for
199 ; rax, rcx, rdx, r8, r9, r10, and r11, which are scratch.
200
201
202
203 ;;; Save registers that the compiler may be using, and adjust esp to
204 ;;; make room for our stack frame.
205
206
207 ;;; Retrieve the function arguments. r8d will hold cur_match
208 ;;; throughout the entire function. edx will hold the pointer to the
209 ;;; deflate_state structure during the function's setup (before
210 ;;; entering the main loop.
211
212 ; parameter 1 in rcx (deflate_state* s), param 2 in edx -> r8 (cur match)
213
214 ; this clear high 32 bits of r8, which can be garbage in both r8 and rdx
215
216 mov [save_rdi],rdi
217 mov [save_rsi],rsi
218 mov [save_rbx],rbx
219 mov [save_rbp],rbp
220 IFDEF INFOZIP
221 mov r8d,ecx
222 ELSE
223 mov r8d,edx
224 ENDIF
225 mov [save_r12],r12
226 mov [save_r13],r13
227 mov [save_r14],r14
228 mov [save_r15],r15
229
230
231 ;;; uInt wmask = s->w_mask;
232 ;;; unsigned chain_length = s->max_chain_length;
233 ;;; if (s->prev_length >= s->good_match) {
234 ;;; chain_length >>= 2;
235 ;;; }
236
237 mov edi, prev_length
238 mov esi, good_match
239 mov eax, WMask
240 mov ebx, max_chain_length
241 cmp edi, esi
242 jl LastMatchGood
243 shr ebx, 2
244 LastMatchGood:
245
246 ;;; chainlen is decremented once beforehand so that the function can
247 ;;; use the sign flag instead of the zero flag for the exit test.
248 ;;; It is then shifted into the high word, to make room for the wmask
249 ;;; value, which it will always accompany.
250
251 dec ebx
252 shl ebx, 16
253 or ebx, eax
254
255 ;;; on zlib only
256 ;;; if ((uInt)nice_match > s->lookahead) nice_match = s->lookahead;
257
258 IFDEF INFOZIP

```

```

259     mov [chainlenwmask], ebx
260 ; on infozip nice_match = [nice_match]
261 ELSE
262     mov eax, nice_match
263     mov [chainlenwmask], ebx
264     mov r10d, Lookahead
265     cmp r10d, eax
266     cmovnl r10d, eax
267     mov [nicematch], r10d
268 ENDIF
269
270 ;;; register Bytef *scan = s->window + s->strstart;
271     mov r10, window_ad
272     mov ebp, strstart
273     lea r13, [r10 + rbp]
274
275 ;;; Determine how many bytes the scan ptr is off from being
276 ;;; dword-aligned.
277
278     mov r9, r13
279     neg r13
280     and r13, 3
281
282 ;;; IPos limit = s->strstart > (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) ?
283 ;;; s->strstart - (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) : NIL;
284 IFDEF INFOZIP
285     mov eax, 07efah ; MAX_DIST = (WSIZE-MIN_LOOKAHEAD) (0x8000-(3+8+1))
286 ELSE
287     mov eax, window_size
288     sub eax, MIN_LOOKAHEAD
289 ENDIF
290     xor edi, edi
291     sub ebp, eax
292
293     mov r11d, prev_length
294
295     cmovng ebp, edi
296
297 ;;; int best_len = s->prev_length;
298
299
300 ;;; Store the sum of s->window + best_len in esi locally, and in esi.
301
302     lea rsi, [r10+r11]
303
304 ;;; register ush scan_start = *(ushf*)scan;
305 ;;; register ush scan_end  = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1);
306 ;;; Posf *prev = s->prev;
307
308     movzx r12d, word ptr [r9]
309     movzx ebx, word ptr [r9 + r11 - 1]
310
311     mov rdi, prev_ad
312
313 ;;; Jump into the main loop.
314
315     mov edx, [chainlenwmask]
316
317     cmp bx, word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
318     jz LookupLoopIsZero
319
320 LookupLoop1:
321     and r8d, edx
322
323     movzx r8d, word ptr [rdi + r8*2]
324     cmp r8d, ebp

```

```

325     jbe LeaveNow
326     sub edx, 00010000h
327     js LeaveNow
328
329 LoopEntry1:
330     cmp bx, word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
331     jz LookupLoopIsZero
332
333 LookupLoop2:
334     and r8d, edx
335
336     movzx r8d, word ptr [rdi + r8*2]
337     cmp r8d, ebp
338     jbe LeaveNow
339     sub edx, 00010000h
340     js LeaveNow
341
342 LoopEntry2:
343     cmp bx, word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
344     jz LookupLoopIsZero
345
346 LookupLoop4:
347     and r8d, edx
348
349     movzx r8d, word ptr [rdi + r8*2]
350     cmp r8d, ebp
351     jbe LeaveNow
352     sub edx, 00010000h
353     js LeaveNow
354
355 LoopEntry4:
356
357     cmp bx, word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
358     jnz LookupLoop1
359     jmp LookupLoopIsZero
360
361
362 ;;; do {
363 ;;;     match = s->window + cur_match;
364 ;;;     if (*(ushf*)(match+best_len-1) != scan_end ||
365 ;;;     *(ushf*)match != scan_start) continue;
366 ;;;     [...]
367 ;;; } while ((cur_match = prev[cur_match & wmask]) > limit
368 ;;;     && --chain_length != 0);
369 ;;;
370 ;;; Here is the inner loop of the function. The function will spend the
371 ;;; majority of its time in this loop, and majority of that time will
372 ;;; be spent in the first ten instructions.
373 ;;;
374 ;;; Within this loop:
375 ;;; ebx = scanend
376 ;;; r8d = curmatch
377 ;;; edx = chainlenwmask - i.e., ((chainlen << 16) | wmask)
378 ;;; esi = windowbestlen - i.e., (window + bestlen)
379 ;;; edi = prev
380 ;;; ebp = limit
381
382 LookupLoop:
383     and r8d, edx
384
385     movzx r8d, word ptr [rdi + r8*2]
386     cmp r8d, ebp
387     jbe LeaveNow
388     sub edx, 00010000h
389     js LeaveNow
390

```

```

391 LoopEntry:
392
393     cmp bx,word ptr [rsi + r8 - 1]
394     jnz LookupLoop1
395 LookupLoopIsZero:
396     cmp     r12w, word ptr [r10 + r8]
397     jnz LookupLoop1
398
399
400     ;;; Store the current value of chainlen.
401     mov [chainlenwmask], edx
402
403     ;;; Point edi to the string under scrutiny, and esi to the string we
404     ;;; are hoping to match it up with. In actuality, esi and edi are
405     ;;; both pointed (MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign) bytes ahead, and edx is
406     ;;; initialized to -(MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign).
407
408     lea rsi,[r8+r10]
409     mov rdx, 0ffffffffffffef8h; -(MAX_MATCH_8)
410     lea rsi, [rsi + r13 + 0108h];MAX_MATCH_8]
411     lea rdi, [r9 + r13 + 0108h];MAX_MATCH_8]
412
413     prefetcht1 [rsi+rdx]
414     prefetcht1 [rdi+rdx]
415
416
417     ;;; Test the strings for equality, 8 bytes at a time. At the end,
418     ;;; adjust rdx so that it is offset to the exact byte that mismatched.
419     ;;;
420     ;;; We already know at this point that the first three bytes of the
421     ;;; strings match each other, and they can be safely passed over before
422     ;;; starting the compare loop. So what this code does is skip over 0-3
423     ;;; bytes, as much as necessary in order to dword-align the edi
424     ;;; pointer. (rsi will still be misaligned three times out of four.)
425     ;;;
426     ;;; It should be confessed that this loop usually does not represent
427     ;;; much of the total running time. Replacing it with a more
428     ;;; straightforward "rep cmpsb" would not drastically degrade
429     ;;; performance.
430
431
432 LoopCmps:
433     mov rax, [rsi + rdx]
434     xor rax, [rdi + rdx]
435     jnz LeaveLoopCmps
436
437     mov rax, [rsi + rdx + 8]
438     xor rax, [rdi + rdx + 8]
439     jnz LeaveLoopCmps8
440
441
442     mov rax, [rsi + rdx + 8+8]
443     xor rax, [rdi + rdx + 8+8]
444     jnz LeaveLoopCmps16
445
446     add rdx,8+8+8
447
448     jnz short LoopCmps
449     jmp short LenMaximum
450 LeaveLoopCmps16: add rdx,8
451 LeaveLoopCmps8: add rdx,8
452 LeaveLoopCmps:
453
454     test     eax, 0000FFFFh
455     jnz LenLower
456

```

```

457     test eax,0xffffffffh
458
459     jnz LenLower32
460
461     add rdx,4
462     shr rax,32
463     or ax,ax
464     jnz LenLower
465
466 LenLower32:
467     shr eax,16
468     add rdx,2
469 LenLower:  sub al, 1
470             adc rdx, 0
471     ;;; Calculate the length of the match. If it is longer than MAX_MATCH,
472     ;;; then automatically accept it as the best possible match and leave.
473
474     lea rax, [rdi + rdx]
475     sub rax, r9
476     cmp eax, MAX_MATCH
477     jge LenMaximum
478
479     ;;; If the length of the match is not longer than the best match we
480     ;;; have so far, then forget it and return to the lookup loop.
481     ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
482
483     cmp eax, r11d
484     jg  LongerMatch
485
486     lea rsi,[r10+r11]
487
488     mov rdi, prev_ad
489     mov edx, [chainlenwmask]
490     jmp LookupLoop
491
492     ;;;         s->match_start = cur_match;
493     ;;;         best_len = len;
494     ;;;         if (len >= nice_match) break;
495     ;;;         scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1);
496
497 LongerMatch:
498     mov r11d, eax
499     mov match_start, r8d
500     cmp eax, [nicematch]
501     jge LeaveNow
502
503     lea rsi,[r10+rax]
504
505     movzx ebx, word ptr [r9 + rax - 1]
506     mov rdi, prev_ad
507     mov edx, [chainlenwmask]
508     jmp LookupLoop
509
510     ;;; Accept the current string, with the maximum possible length.
511
512 LenMaximum:
513     mov r11d,MAX_MATCH
514     mov match_start, r8d
515
516     ;;; if ((uInt)best_len <= s->lookahead) return (uInt)best_len;
517     ;;; return s->lookahead;
518
519 LeaveNow:
520 #IFDEF INFOZIP
521     mov eax,r11d
522 #ELSE

```

```
523     mov eax, Lookahead
524     cmp r11d, eax
525     cmovng eax, r11d
526 ENDIF
527
528 ;;; Restore the stack and return from whence we came.
529
530
531     mov rsi,[save_rsi]
532     mov rdi,[save_rdi]
533     mov rbx,[save_rbx]
534     mov rbp,[save_rbp]
535     mov r12,[save_r12]
536     mov r13,[save_r13]
537 ;     mov r14,[save_r14]
538 ;     mov r15,[save_r15]
539
540
541     ret 0
542 ; please don't remove this string !
543 ; Your can freely use gvmat64 in any free or commercial app
544 ; but it is far better don't remove the string in the binary!
545     db 0dh,0ah,"asm686 with masm, optimised assembly code from Brian Raiter,
546 longest_match     ENDP
547
548 match_init PROC
549     ret 0
550 match_init ENDP
551
552
553 END
```

```

*****
7577 Wed Apr 1 15:57:11 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx64/inffas8664.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inffas8664.c is a hand tuned assembler version of inffast.c - fast decoding
2 * version for AMD64 on Windows using Microsoft C compiler
3 *
4 * Copyright (C) 1995-2003 Mark Adler
5 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
6 *
7 * Copyright (C) 2003 Chris Anderson <christop@charm.net>
8 * Please use the copyright conditions above.
9 *
10 * 2005 - Adaptation to Microsoft C Compiler for AMD64 by Gilles Vollant
11 *
12 * inffas8664.c call function inffas8664fnc in inffasx64.asm
13 * inffasx64.asm is automatically convert from AMD64 portion of inffas86.c
14 *
15 * Dec-29-2003 -- I added AMD64 inflate asm support. This version is also
16 * slightly quicker on x86 systems because, instead of using rep movsb to copy
17 * data, it uses rep movsw, which moves data in 2-byte chunks instead of single
18 * bytes. I've tested the AMD64 code on a Fedora Core 1 + the x86_64 updates
19 * from http://fedora.linux.duke.edu/fc1_x86_64
20 * which is running on an Athlon 64 3000+ / Gigabyte GA-K8VT800M system with
21 * 1GB ram. The 64-bit version is about 4% faster than the 32-bit version,
22 * when decompressing mozilla-source-1.3.tar.gz.
23 *
24 * Mar-13-2003 -- Most of this is derived from inffast.S which is derived from
25 * the gcc -S output of zlib-1.2.0/inffast.c. Zlib-1.2.0 is in beta release at
26 * the moment. I have successfully compiled and tested this code with gcc2.96,
27 * gcc3.2, icc5.0, msvc6.0. It is very close to the speed of inffast.S
28 * compiled with gcc -DNO_MMX, but inffast.S is still faster on the P3 with MMX
29 * enabled. I will attempt to merge the MMX code into this version. Newer
30 * versions of this and inffast.S can be found at
31 * http://www.eetbeetee.com/zlib/ and http://www.charm.net/~christop/zlib/
32 *
33 */
34
35 #include <stdio.h>
36 #include "zutil.h"
37 #include "inftrees.h"
38 #include "inflate.h"
39 #include "inffast.h"
40
41 /* Mark Adler's comments from inffast.c: */
42
43 /*
44 Decode literal, length, and distance codes and write out the resulting
45 literal and match bytes until either not enough input or output is
46 available, an end-of-block is encountered, or a data error is encountered.
47 When large enough input and output buffers are supplied to inflate(), for
48 example, a 16K input buffer and a 64K output buffer, more than 95% of the
49 inflate execution time is spent in this routine.
50
51 Entry assumptions:
52
53 state->mode == LEN
54 strm->avail_in >= 6
55 strm->avail_out >= 258
56 start >= strm->avail_out
57 state->bits < 8
58
59 On return, state->mode is one of:
60

```

```

61 LEN -- ran out of enough output space or enough available input
62 TYPE -- reached end of block code, inflate() to interpret next block
63 BAD -- error in block data
64
65 Notes:
66
67 - The maximum input bits used by a length/distance pair is 15 bits for the
68 length code, 5 bits for the length extra, 15 bits for the distance code,
69 and 13 bits for the distance extra. This totals 48 bits, or six bytes.
70 Therefore if strm->avail_in >= 6, then there is enough input to avoid
71 checking for available input while decoding.
72
73 - The maximum bytes that a single length/distance pair can output is 258
74 bytes, which is the maximum length that can be coded. inflate_fast()
75 requires strm->avail_out >= 258 for each loop to avoid checking for
76 output space.
77 */
78
79
80
81 typedef struct inffast_ar {
82 /* 64 32 x86 x86_64 */
83 /* ar offset register */
84 /* 0 0 */ void *esp; /* esp save */
85 /* 8 4 */ void *ebp; /* ebp save */
86 /* 16 8 */ unsigned char FAR *in; /* esi rsi local strm->next_in */
87 /* 24 12 */ unsigned char FAR *last; /* r9 while in < last */
88 /* 32 16 */ unsigned char FAR *out; /* edi rdi local strm->next_out */
89 /* 40 20 */ unsigned char FAR *beg; /* r10 inflate()'s init next_out */
90 /* 48 24 */ unsigned char FAR *end; /* r10 while out < end */
91 /* 56 28 */ unsigned char FAR *window; /* size of window, wsize!=0 */
92 /* 64 32 */ code const FAR *lcode; /* ebp rbp local strm->lencode */
93 /* 72 36 */ code const FAR *dcode; /* r11 local strm->distcode */
94 /* 80 40 */ size_t /*unsigned long */hold; /* edx rdx local strm->hold */
95 /* 88 44 */ unsigned bits; /* ebx rbx local strm->bits */
96 /* 92 48 */ unsigned wsize; /* window size */
97 /* 96 52 */ unsigned write; /* window write index */
98 /*100 56 */ unsigned lmask; /* r12 mask for lcode */
99 /*104 60 */ unsigned dmask; /* r13 mask for dcode */
100 /*108 64 */ unsigned len; /* r14 match length */
101 /*112 68 */ unsigned dist; /* r15 match distance */
102 /*116 72 */ unsigned status; /* set when state chng */
103 } type_ar;
104 #ifdef ASMINF
105
106 void inflate_fast(strm, start)
107 z_stream strm;
108 unsigned start; /* inflate()'s starting value for strm->avail_out */
109 {
110 struct inflate_state FAR *state;
111 type_ar ar;
112 void inffas8664fnc(struct inffast_ar * par);
113
114
115
116 #if (defined( __GNUC__ ) && defined( __amd64__ ) && ! defined( __i386__ )) || (def
117 #define PAD_AVAIL_IN 6
118 #define PAD_AVAIL_OUT 258
119 #else
120 #define PAD_AVAIL_IN 5
121 #define PAD_AVAIL_OUT 257
122 #endif
123
124 /* copy state to local variables */
125 state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
126

```

```
127 ar.in = strm->next_in;
128 ar.last = ar.in + (strm->avail_in - PAD_AVAIL_IN);
129 ar.out = strm->next_out;
130 ar.beg = ar.out - (start - strm->avail_out);
131 ar.end = ar.out + (strm->avail_out - PAD_AVAIL_OUT);
132 ar.wsize = state->wsize;
133 ar.write = state->wnext;
134 ar.window = state->window;
135 ar.hold = state->hold;
136 ar.bits = state->bits;
137 ar.lcode = state->lencode;
138 ar.dcode = state->distcode;
139 ar.lmask = (1U << state->lenbits) - 1;
140 ar.dmask = (1U << state->distbits) - 1;
141
142 /* decode literals and length/distances until end-of-block or not enough
143    input data or output space */
144
145 /* align in on 1/2 hold size boundary */
146 while (((size_t)(void *)ar.in & (sizeof(ar.hold) / 2 - 1)) != 0) {
147     ar.hold += (unsigned long)*ar.in++ << ar.bits;
148     ar.bits += 8;
149 }
150
151 inffas8664fnc(&ar);
152
153 if (ar.status > 1) {
154     if (ar.status == 2)
155         strm->msg = "invalid literal/length code";
156     else if (ar.status == 3)
157         strm->msg = "invalid distance code";
158     else
159         strm->msg = "invalid distance too far back";
160     state->mode = BAD;
161 }
162 else if ( ar.status == 1 ) {
163     state->mode = TYPE;
164 }
165
166 /* return unused bytes (on entry, bits < 8, so in won't go too far back) */
167 ar.len = ar.bits >> 3;
168 ar.in -= ar.len;
169 ar.bits -= ar.len << 3;
170 ar.hold &= (1U << ar.bits) - 1;
171
172 /* update state and return */
173 strm->next_in = ar.in;
174 strm->next_out = ar.out;
175 strm->avail_in = (unsigned)(ar.in < ar.last ?
176     PAD_AVAIL_IN + (ar.last - ar.in) :
177     PAD_AVAIL_IN - (ar.in - ar.last));
178 strm->avail_out = (unsigned)(ar.out < ar.end ?
179     PAD_AVAIL_OUT + (ar.end - ar.out) :
180     PAD_AVAIL_OUT - (ar.out - ar.end));
181 state->hold = (unsigned long)ar.hold;
182 state->bits = ar.bits;
183 return;
184 }
185
186 #endif
```

```

*****
10583 Wed Apr 1 15:57:11 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx64/inffasx64.asm
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 ; inffasx64.asm is a hand tuned assembler version of inffast.c - fast decoding
2 ; version for AMD64 on Windows using Microsoft C compiler
3 ;
4 ; inffasx64.asm is automatically convert from AMD64 portion of inffas86.c
5 ; inffasx64.asm is called by inffas8664.c, which contain more info.
6 ;
7 ;
8 ; to compile this file, I use option
9 ; ml64.exe /Flinffasx64 /c /Zi inffasx64.asm
10 ; with Microsoft Macro Assembler (x64) for AMD64
11 ;
12 ;
13 ; This file compile with Microsoft Macro Assembler (x64) for AMD64
14 ;
15 ; ml64.exe is given with Visual Studio 2005/2008/2010 and Windows WDK
16 ;
17 ; (you can get Windows WDK with ml64 for AMD64 from
18 ; http://www.microsoft.com/whdc/Devtools/wdk/default.mspx for low price)
19 ;
20 ;
21 ;
22 .code
23 inffas8664fnc PROC
24 ;
25 ; see http://weblogs.asp.net/oldnewthing/archive/2004/01/14/58579.aspx and
26 ; http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/en-us/kmarch/hh/kmarch/64bitAMD_8e951dd2-ee7
27 ;
28 ; All registers must be preserved across the call, except for
29 ; rax, rcx, rdx, r8, r-9, r10, and r11, which are scratch.
30 ;
31 ;
32 mov [rsp-8],rsi
33 mov [rsp-16],rdi
34 mov [rsp-24],r12
35 mov [rsp-32],r13
36 mov [rsp-40],r14
37 mov [rsp-48],r15
38 mov [rsp-56],rbx
39 ;
40 mov rax,rcx
41 ;
42 mov [rax+8], rbp ; /* save regs rbp and rsp */
43 mov [rax], rsp
44 ;
45 mov rsp, rax ; /* make rsp point to &ar */
46 ;
47 mov rsi, [rsp+16] ; /* rsi = in */
48 mov rdi, [rsp+32] ; /* rdi = out */
49 mov r9, [rsp+24] ; /* r9 = last */
50 mov r10, [rsp+48] ; /* r10 = end */
51 mov rbp, [rsp+64] ; /* rbp = lcode */
52 mov r11, [rsp+72] ; /* r11 = dcode */
53 mov rdx, [rsp+80] ; /* rdx = hold */
54 mov ebx, [rsp+88] ; /* ebx = bits */
55 mov r12d, [rsp+100] ; /* r12d = lmask */
56 mov r13d, [rsp+104] ; /* r13d = dmask */
57 ; /* r14d = len */
58 ; /* r15d = dist */
59 ;
60

```

```

61 cld
62 cmp r10, rdi
63 je L_one_time ; /* if only one decode left */
64 cmp r9, rsi
65 ;
66 jne L_do_loop
67 ;
68 ;
69 L_one_time:
70 mov r8, r12 ; /* r8 = lmask */
71 cmp bl, 32
72 ja L_get_length_code_one_time
73 ;
74 lodsd ; /* eax = *(uint *)in++ */
75 mov cl, bl ; /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
76 add bl, 32 ; /* bits += 32 */
77 shl rax, cl
78 or rdx, rax ; /* hold |= *((uint *)in)++ << bits */
79 jmp L_get_length_code_one_time
80 ;
81 ALIGN 4
82 L_while_test:
83 cmp r10, rdi
84 jbe L_break_loop
85 cmp r9, rsi
86 jbe L_break_loop
87 ;
88 L_do_loop:
89 mov r8, r12 ; /* r8 = lmask */
90 cmp bl, 32
91 ja L_get_length_code ; /* if (32 < bits) */
92 ;
93 lodsd ; /* eax = *(uint *)in++ */
94 mov cl, bl ; /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
95 add bl, 32 ; /* bits += 32 */
96 shl rax, cl
97 or rdx, rax ; /* hold |= *((uint *)in)++ << bits */
98 ;
99 L_get_length_code:
100 and r8, rdx ; /* r8 &= hold */
101 mov eax, [rbp+r8*4] ; /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */
102 ;
103 mov cl, ah ; /* cl = this.bits */
104 sub bl, ah ; /* bits -= this.bits */
105 shr rdx, cl ; /* hold >>= this.bits */
106 ;
107 test al, al
108 jnz L_test_for_length_base ; /* if (op != 0) 45.7% */
109 ;
110 mov r8, r12 ; /* r8 = lmask */
111 shr eax, 16 ; /* output this.val char */
112 stosb
113 ;
114 L_get_length_code_one_time:
115 and r8, rdx ; /* r8 &= hold */
116 mov eax, [rbp+r8*4] ; /* eax = lcode[hold & lmask] */
117 ;
118 L_dolen:
119 mov cl, ah ; /* cl = this.bits */
120 sub bl, ah ; /* bits -= this.bits */
121 shr rdx, cl ; /* hold >>= this.bits */
122 ;
123 test al, al
124 jnz L_test_for_length_base ; /* if (op != 0) 45.7% */
125 ;
126 shr eax, 16 ; /* output this.val char */

```



```

127     stosb
128     jmp     L_while_test
129
130 ALIGN 4
131 L_test_for_length_base:
132     mov     r14d, eax           ; /* len = this */
133     shr     r14d, 16           ; /* len = this.val */
134     mov     cl, al
135
136     test    al, 16
137     jz     L_test_for_second_level_length ; /* if ((op & 16) == 0) 8% */
138     and    cl, 15             ; /* op &= 15 */
139     jz     L_decode_distance   ; /* if (!op) */
140
141 L_add_bits_to_len:
142     sub     bl, cl
143     xor     eax, eax
144     inc     eax
145     shl     eax, cl
146     dec     eax
147     and    eax, edx           ; /* eax &= hold */
148     shr     rdx, cl
149     add    r14d, eax          ; /* len += hold & mask[op] */
150
151 L_decode_distance:
152     mov     r8, r13           ; /* r8 = dmask */
153     cmp     bl, 32
154     ja     L_get_distance_code ; /* if (32 < bits) */
155
156     lodsd
157     mov     cl, bl             ; /* cl = bits, needs it for shifting */
158     add    bl, 32             ; /* bits += 32 */
159     shl     rax, cl
160     or     rdx, rax           ; /* hold |= *((uint *)in)++ << bits */
161
162 L_get_distance_code:
163     and    r8, rdx           ; /* r8 &= hold */
164     mov     eax, [r11+r8*4] ; /* eax = dcode[hold & dmask] */
165
166 L_dodist:
167     mov     r15d, eax          ; /* dist = this */
168     shr     r15d, 16          ; /* dist = this.val */
169     mov     cl, ah
170     sub     bl, ah            ; /* bits -= this.bits */
171     shr     rdx, cl           ; /* hold >>= this.bits */
172     mov     cl, al            ; /* cl = this.op */
173
174     test    al, 16           ; /* if ((op & 16) == 0) */
175     jz     L_test_for_second_level_dist
176     and    cl, 15           ; /* op &= 15 */
177     jz     L_check_dist_one
178
179 L_add_bits_to_dist:
180     sub     bl, cl
181     xor     eax, eax
182     inc     eax
183     shl     eax, cl
184     dec     eax
185     and    eax, edx          ; /* (1 << op) - 1 */
186     and    eax, edx          ; /* eax &= hold */
187     shr     rdx, cl
188     add    r15d, eax          ; /* dist += hold & ((1 << op) - 1) */
189
189 L_check_window:
190     mov     r8, rsi           ; /* save in so from can use it's reg */
191     mov     rax, rdi
192     sub     rax, [rsp+40]     ; /* nbytes = out - beg */

```

```

193
194     cmp     eax, r15d
195     jb     L_clip_window      ; /* if (dist > nbytes) 4.2% */
196
197     mov     ecx, r14d         ; /* ecx = len */
198     mov     rsi, rdi
199     sub     rsi, r15          ; /* from = out - dist */
200
201     sar     ecx, 1
202     jnc    L_copy_two        ; /* if len % 2 == 0 */
203
204     rep     movsw
205     mov     al, [rsi]
206     mov     [rdi], al
207     inc     rdi
208
209     mov     rsi, r8           ; /* move in back to %rsi, toss from */
210     jmp     L_while_test
211
212 L_copy_two:
213     rep     movsw
214     mov     rsi, r8           ; /* move in back to %rsi, toss from */
215     jmp     L_while_test
216
217 ALIGN 4
218 L_check_dist_one:
219     cmp     r15d, 1           ; /* if dist 1, is a memset */
220     jne    L_check_window
221     cmp     [rsp+40], rdi     ; /* if out == beg, outside window */
222     je     L_check_window
223
224     mov     ecx, r14d         ; /* ecx = len */
225     mov     al, [rdi-1]
226     mov     ah, al
227
228     sar     ecx, 1
229     jnc    L_set_two
230     mov     [rdi], al
231     inc     rdi
232
233 L_set_two:
234     rep     stosw
235     jmp     L_while_test
236
237 ALIGN 4
238 L_test_for_second_level_length:
239     test    al, 64
240     jnz    L_test_for_end_of_block ; /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */
241
242     xor     eax, eax
243     inc     eax
244     shl     eax, cl
245     dec     eax
246     and    eax, edx          ; /* eax &= hold */
247     add    eax, r14d          ; /* eax += len */
248     mov     eax, [rbp+rax*4] ; /* eax = lcode[val+(hold&mask[op])] */
249     jmp     L_dolen
250
251 ALIGN 4
252 L_test_for_second_level_dist:
253     test    al, 64
254     jnz    L_invalid_distance_code ; /* if ((op & 64) != 0) */
255
256     xor     eax, eax
257     inc     eax
258     shl     eax, cl

```

```

259     dec     eax
260     and     eax, edx           ; /* eax &= hold */
261     add     eax, r15d         ; /* eax += dist */
262     mov     eax, [r11+rax*4] ; /* eax = dcode[val+(hold&mask[op])]*/
263     jmp     L_dodist
264
265     ALIGN 4
266     L_clip_window:
267     mov     ecx, eax           ; /* ecx = nbytes */
268     mov     eax, [rsp+92]     ; /* eax = wsize, prepare for dist cmp */
269     neg     ecx               ; /* nbytes = -nbytes */
270
271     cmp     eax, r15d
272     jb     L_invalid_distance_too_far ; /* if (dist > wsize) */
273
274     add     ecx, r15d         ; /* nbytes = dist - nbytes */
275     cmp     dword ptr [rsp+96], 0
276     jne     L_wrap_around_window ; /* if (write != 0) */
277
278     mov     rsi, [rsp+56]     ; /* from = window */
279     sub     eax, ecx         ; /* eax -= nbytes */
280     add     rsi, rax         ; /* from += wsize - nbytes */
281
282     mov     eax, r14d         ; /* eax = len */
283     cmp     r14d, ecx
284     jbe     L_do_copy        ; /* if (nbytes >= len) */
285
286     sub     eax, ecx         ; /* eax -= nbytes */
287     rep     movsb
288     mov     rsi, rdi
289     sub     rsi, r15         ; /* from = &out[ -dist ] */
290     jmp     L_do_copy
291
292     ALIGN 4
293     L_wrap_around_window:
294     mov     eax, [rsp+96]     ; /* eax = write */
295     cmp     ecx, eax
296     jbe     L_contiguous_in_window ; /* if (write >= nbytes) */
297
298     mov     esi, [rsp+92]     ; /* from = wsize */
299     add     rsi, [rsp+56]     ; /* from += window */
300     add     rsi, rax         ; /* from += write */
301     sub     rsi, rcx         ; /* from -= nbytes */
302     sub     ecx, eax         ; /* nbytes -= write */
303
304     mov     eax, r14d         ; /* eax = len */
305     cmp     eax, ecx
306     jbe     L_do_copy        ; /* if (nbytes >= len) */
307
308     sub     eax, ecx         ; /* len -= nbytes */
309     rep     movsb
310     mov     rsi, [rsp+56]     ; /* from = window */
311     mov     ecx, [rsp+96]     ; /* nbytes = write */
312     cmp     eax, ecx
313     jbe     L_do_copy        ; /* if (nbytes >= len) */
314
315     sub     eax, ecx         ; /* len -= nbytes */
316     rep     movsb
317     mov     rsi, rdi
318     sub     rsi, r15         ; /* from = out - dist */
319     jmp     L_do_copy
320
321     ALIGN 4
322     L_contiguous_in_window:
323     mov     rsi, [rsp+56]     ; /* rsi = window */
324     add     rsi, rax

```

```

325     sub     rsi, rcx         ; /* from += write - nbytes */
326
327     mov     eax, r14d         ; /* eax = len */
328     cmp     eax, ecx
329     jbe     L_do_copy        ; /* if (nbytes >= len) */
330
331     sub     eax, ecx         ; /* len -= nbytes */
332     rep     movsb
333     mov     rsi, rdi
334     sub     rsi, r15         ; /* from = out - dist */
335     jmp     L_do_copy        ; /* if (nbytes >= len) */
336
337     ALIGN 4
338     L_do_copy:
339     mov     ecx, eax         ; /* ecx = len */
340     rep     movsb
341
342     mov     rsi, r8          ; /* move in back to %esi, toss from */
343     jmp     L_while_test
344
345     L_test_for_end_of_block:
346     test    al, 32
347     jz     L_invalid_literal_length_code
348     mov     dword ptr [rsp+116], 1
349     jmp     L_break_loop_with_status
350
351     L_invalid_literal_length_code:
352     mov     dword ptr [rsp+116], 2
353     jmp     L_break_loop_with_status
354
355     L_invalid_distance_code:
356     mov     dword ptr [rsp+116], 3
357     jmp     L_break_loop_with_status
358
359     L_invalid_distance_too_far:
360     mov     dword ptr [rsp+116], 4
361     jmp     L_break_loop_with_status
362
363     L_break_loop:
364     mov     dword ptr [rsp+116], 0
365
366     L_break_loop_with_status:
367     ; /* put in, out, bits, and hold back into ar and pop esp */
368     mov     [rsp+16], rsi     ; /* in */
369     mov     [rsp+32], rdi     ; /* out */
370     mov     [rsp+88], ebx     ; /* bits */
371     mov     [rsp+80], rdx     ; /* hold */
372
373     mov     rax, [rsp]       ; /* restore rbp and rsp */
374     mov     rbp, [rsp+8]
375     mov     rsp, rax
376
377
378
379     mov     rsi, [rsp-8]
380     mov     rdi, [rsp-16]
381     mov     r12, [rsp-24]
382     mov     r13, [rsp-32]
383     mov     r14, [rsp-40]
384     mov     r15, [rsp-48]
385     mov     rbx, [rsp-56]
386
387     ret 0
388 ;
389 ;     : "m" (ar)
390 ;     : "memory", "%rax", "%rbx", "%rcx", "%rdx", "%rsi", "%rdi",

```

```
391 ;          "%r8", "%r9", "%r10", "%r11", "%r12", "%r13", "%r14", "%r15"  
392 ;      );  
393  
394 inffas8664fnc    ENDP  
395 ;_TEXT ENDS  
396 END
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx64/readme.txt

1

1237 Wed Apr 1 15:57:11 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx64/readme.txt

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 Summary

2 -----

3 This directory contains ASM implementations of the functions

4 longest_match() and inflate_fast(), for 64 bits x86 (both AMD64 and Intel EM64t)

5 for use with Microsoft Macro Assembler (x64) for AMD64 and Microsoft C++ 64 bits

6

7 gvmat64.asm is written by Gilles Vollant (2005), by using Brian Raiter 686/32 bi

8 assembly optimized version from Jean-loup Gailly original longest_match funct

9

10 inffasx64.asm and inffas8664.c were written by Chris Anderson, by optimizing

11 original function from Mark Adler

12

13 Use instructions

14 -----

15 Assemble the .asm files using MASM and put the object files into the zlib source

16 directory. You can also get object files here:

17

18 http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/zlib124_masm_obj.zip

19

20 define ASMV and ASMINF in your project. Include inffas8664.c in your source tree

21 and inffasx64.obj and gvmat64.obj as object to link.

22

23

24 Build instructions

25 -----

26 run bld_64.bat with Microsoft Macro Assembler (x64) for AMD64 (ml64.exe)

27

28 ml64.exe is given with Visual Studio 2005, Windows 2003 server DDK

29

30 You can get Windows 2003 server DDK with ml64 and cl for AMD64 from

31 <http://www.microsoft.com/whdc/devtools/ddk/default.mspx> for low price)

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx86/bld_ml32.bat

1

92 Wed Apr 1 15:57:11 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx86/bld_ml32.bat

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 ml /coff /Zi /c /Flmatch686.lst match686.asm

2 ml /coff /Zi /c /Flinffas32.lst inffas32.asm

```

*****
16392 Wed Apr 1 15:57:12 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx86/inffas32.asm
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 ;/* inffas32.asm is a hand tuned assembler version of inffast.c -- fast decoding
2 ;*
3 ;* inffas32.asm is derivated from inffas86.c, with translation of assembly code
4 ;*
5 ;* Copyright (C) 1995-2003 Mark Adler
6 ;* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
7 ;*
8 ;* Copyright (C) 2003 Chris Anderson <christop@charm.net>
9 ;* Please use the copyright conditions above.
10 ;*
11 ;* Mar-13-2003 -- Most of this is derived from inffast.S which is derived from
12 ;* the gcc -S output of zlib-1.2.0/inffast.c. Zlib-1.2.0 is in beta release at
13 ;* the moment. I have successfully compiled and tested this code with gcc2.96,
14 ;* gcc3.2, icc5.0, msvc6.0. It is very close to the speed of inffast.S
15 ;* compiled with gcc -DNO_MMX, but inffast.S is still faster on the P3 with MMX
16 ;* enabled. I will attempt to merge the MMX code into this version. Newer
17 ;* versions of this and inffast.S can be found at
18 ;* http://www.eetbeetee.com/zlib/ and http://www.charm.net/~christop/zlib/
19 ;*
20 ;* 2005 : modification by Gilles Vollant
21 ;*/
22 ; For Visual C++ 4.x and higher and ML 6.x and higher
23 ; ml.exe is in directory \MASM611C of Win95 DDK
24 ; ml.exe is also distributed in http://www.masm32.com/masmdl.htm
25 ; and in VC++2003 toolkit at http://msdn.microsoft.com/visualc/vctoolkit2003/
26 ;
27 ;
28 ; compile with command line option
29 ; ml /coff /Zi /c /Flinffas32.lst inffas32.asm
30 ;
31 ; if you define NO_GZIP (see inflate.h), compile with
32 ; ml /coff /Zi /c /Flinffas32.lst /DNO_GUNZIP inffas32.asm
33 ;
34 ;
35 ; zlib122sup is 0 fort zlib 1.2.2.1 and lower
36 ; zlib122sup is 8 fort zlib 1.2.2.2 and more (with addition of dmax and head
37 ; in inflate_state in inflate.h)
38 zlib122sup equ 8
39
40
41 IFDEF GUNZIP
42 INFLATE_MODE_TYPE equ 11
43 INFLATE_MODE_BAD equ 26
44 ELSE
45 IFNDEF NO_GUNZIP
46 INFLATE_MODE_TYPE equ 11
47 INFLATE_MODE_BAD equ 26
48 ELSE
49 INFLATE_MODE_TYPE equ 3
50 INFLATE_MODE_BAD equ 17
51 ENDIF
52 ENDIF
53
54
55 ; 75 "inffast.S"
56 ;FILE "inffast.S"
57
58 ;;GLOBAL _inflate_fast
59
60 ;;SECTION .text

```

```

61
62
63
64 .586p
65 .mmx
66
67 name inflate_fast_x86
68 .MODEL FLAT
69
70 _DATA segment
71 inflate_fast_use_mmx:
72 dd 1
73
74
75 _TEXT segment
76
77
78
79 ALIGN 4
80 db 'Fast decoding Code from Chris Anderson'
81 db 0
82
83 ALIGN 4
84 invalid_literal_length_code_msg:
85 db 'invalid literal/length code'
86 db 0
87
88 ALIGN 4
89 invalid_distance_code_msg:
90 db 'invalid distance code'
91 db 0
92
93 ALIGN 4
94 invalid_distance_too_far_msg:
95 db 'invalid distance too far back'
96 db 0
97
98
99 ALIGN 4
100 inflate_fast_mask:
101 dd 0
102 dd 1
103 dd 3
104 dd 7
105 dd 15
106 dd 31
107 dd 63
108 dd 127
109 dd 255
110 dd 511
111 dd 1023
112 dd 2047
113 dd 4095
114 dd 8191
115 dd 16383
116 dd 32767
117 dd 65535
118 dd 131071
119 dd 262143
120 dd 524287
121 dd 1048575
122 dd 2097151
123 dd 4194303
124 dd 8388607
125 dd 16777215
126 dd 33554431

```

```

127 dd      67108863
128 dd      134217727
129 dd      268435455
130 dd      536870911
131 dd      1073741823
132 dd      2147483647
133 dd      4294967295
134
135
136 mode_state      equ      0          /* state->mode */
137 wsize_state     equ      (32+zlib1222sup) /* state->wsize */
138 write_state     equ      (36+4+zlib1222sup) /* state->write */
139 window_state   equ      (40+4+zlib1222sup) /* state->window */
140 hold_state      equ      (44+4+zlib1222sup) /* state->hold */
141 bits_state      equ      (48+4+zlib1222sup) /* state->bits */
142 lencode_state   equ      (64+4+zlib1222sup) /* state->lencode */
143 distcode_state  equ      (68+4+zlib1222sup) /* state->distcode */
144 lenbits_state   equ      (72+4+zlib1222sup) /* state->lenbits */
145 distbits_state  equ      (76+4+zlib1222sup) /* state->distbits */
146
147
148 ;;SECTION .text
149 ; 205 "inffast.S"
150 ;GLOBAL inflate_fast_use_mmx
151
152 ;SECTION .data
153
154
155 ; GLOBAL inflate_fast_use_mmx:object
156 ;.size inflate_fast_use_mmx, 4
157 ; 226 "inffast.S"
158 ;SECTION .text
159
160 ALIGN 4
161 _inflate_fast proc near
162 .FPO (16, 4, 0, 0, 1, 0)
163     push edi
164     push esi
165     push ebp
166     push ebx
167     pushfd
168     sub esp,64
169     cld
170
171
172
173
174     mov esi, [esp+88]
175     mov edi, [esi+28]
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
183     mov edx, [esi+4]
184     mov eax, [esi+0]
185
186     add edx,eax
187     sub edx,11
188
189     mov [esp+44],eax
190     mov [esp+20],edx
191
192     mov ebp, [esp+92]

```

```

193     mov ecx, [esi+16]
194     mov ebx, [esi+12]
195
196     sub ebp,ecx
197     neg ebp
198     add ebp,ebx
199
200     sub ecx,257
201     add ecx,ebx
202
203     mov [esp+60],ebx
204     mov [esp+40],ebp
205     mov [esp+16],ecx
206 ; 285 "inffast.S"
207     mov eax, [edi+lencode_state]
208     mov ecx, [edi+distcode_state]
209
210     mov [esp+8],eax
211     mov [esp+12],ecx
212
213     mov eax,1
214     mov ecx, [edi+lenbits_state]
215     shl eax,cl
216     dec eax
217     mov [esp+0],eax
218
219     mov eax,1
220     mov ecx, [edi+distbits_state]
221     shl eax,cl
222     dec eax
223     mov [esp+4],eax
224
225     mov eax, [edi+wsize_state]
226     mov ecx, [edi+write_state]
227     mov edx, [edi>window_state]
228
229     mov [esp+52],eax
230     mov [esp+48],ecx
231     mov [esp+56],edx
232
233     mov ebp, [edi+hold_state]
234     mov ebx, [edi+bits_state]
235 ; 321 "inffast.S"
236     mov esi, [esp+44]
237     mov ecx, [esp+20]
238     cmp ecx,esi
239     ja L_align_long
240
241     add ecx,11
242     sub ecx,esi
243     mov eax,12
244     sub eax,ecx
245     lea edi, [esp+28]
246     rep movsb
247     mov ecx,eax
248     xor eax,eax
249     rep stosb
250     lea esi, [esp+28]
251     mov [esp+20],esi
252     jmp L_is_aligned
253
254
255 L_align_long:
256     test esi,3
257     jz L_is_aligned
258     xor eax,eax

```

```

259     mov al, [esi]
260     inc esi
261     mov ecx,ebx
262     add ebx,8
263     shl eax,c1
264     or  ebp,eax
265     jmp L_align_long
266
267 L_is_aligned:
268     mov edi, [esp+60]
269 ; 366 "inffast.S"
270 L_check_mmx:
271     cmp dword ptr [inflate_fast_use_mmx],2
272     je  L_init_mmx
273     ja  L_do_loop
274
275     push eax
276     push ebx
277     push ecx
278     push edx
279     pushfd
280     mov eax, [esp]
281     xor dword ptr [esp],0200000h
282
283
284
285
286     popfd
287     pushfd
288     pop  edx
289     xor  edx,eax
290     jz   L_dont_use_mmx
291     xor  eax,eax
292     cpuid
293     cmp  ebx,0756e6547h
294     jne  L_dont_use_mmx
295     cmp  ecx,06c65746eh
296     jne  L_dont_use_mmx
297     cmp  edx,049656e69h
298     jne  L_dont_use_mmx
299     mov  eax,1
300     cpuid
301     shr  eax,8
302     and  eax,15
303     cmp  eax,6
304     jne  L_dont_use_mmx
305     test edx,0800000h
306     jnz  L_use_mmx
307     jmp  L_dont_use_mmx
308 L_use_mmx:
309     mov  dword ptr [inflate_fast_use_mmx],2
310     jmp  L_check_mmx_pop
311 L_dont_use_mmx:
312     mov  dword ptr [inflate_fast_use_mmx],3
313 L_check_mmx_pop:
314     pop  edx
315     pop  ecx
316     pop  ebx
317     pop  eax
318     jmp  L_check_mmx
319 ; 426 "inffast.S"
320 ALIGN 4
321 L_do_loop:
322 ; 437 "inffast.S"
323     cmp  bl,15
324     ja  L_get_length_code

```

```

325
326     xor  eax,eax
327     lodsw
328     mov  cl,bl
329     add  bl,16
330     shl  eax,c1
331     or  ebp,eax
332
333 L_get_length_code:
334     mov  edx, [esp+0]
335     mov  ecx, [esp+8]
336     and  edx,ebp
337     mov  eax, [ecx+edx*4]
338
339 L_dolen:
340
341
342
343
344
345
346     mov  cl,ah
347     sub  bl,ah
348     shr  ebp,cl
349
350
351
352
353
354
355     test al,al
356     jnz  L_test_for_length_base
357
358     shr  eax,16
359     stosb
360
361 L_while_test:
362
363
364     cmp  [esp+16],edi
365     jbe  L_break_loop
366
367     cmp  [esp+20],esi
368     ja  L_do_loop
369     jmp  L_break_loop
370
371 L_test_for_length_base:
372 ; 502 "inffast.S"
373     mov  edx,eax
374     shr  edx,16
375     mov  cl,al
376
377     test al,16
378     jz   L_test_for_second_level_length
379     and  cl,15
380     jz   L_save_len
381     cmp  bl,cl
382     jae  L_add_bits_to_len
383
384     mov  ch,cl
385     xor  eax,eax
386     lodsw
387     mov  cl,bl
388     add  bl,16
389     shl  eax,c1
390     or  ebp,eax

```



```

391     mov     cl,ch
392
393 L_add_bits_to_len:
394     mov     eax,l
395     shl     eax,cl
396     dec     eax
397     sub     bl,cl
398     and     eax,ebp
399     shr     ebp,cl
400     add     edx,eax
401
402 L_save_len:
403     mov     [esp+24],edx
404
405
406 L_decode_distance:
407 ; 549 "inffast.S"
408     cmp     bl,15
409     ja      L_get_distance_code
410
411     xor     eax,eax
412     lodsw
413     mov     cl,bl
414     add     bl,16
415     shl     eax,cl
416     or      ebp,eax
417
418 L_get_distance_code:
419     mov     edx,[esp+4]
420     mov     ecx,[esp+12]
421     and     edx,ebp
422     mov     eax,[ecx+edx*4]
423
424
425 L_dodist:
426     mov     edx,eax
427     shr     edx,16
428     mov     cl,ah
429     sub     bl,ah
430     shr     ebp,cl
431 ; 584 "inffast.S"
432     mov     cl,al
433
434     test    al,16
435     jz      L_test_for_second_level_dist
436     and     cl,15
437     jz      L_check_dist_one
438     cmp     bl,cl
439     jae     L_add_bits_to_dist
440
441     mov     ch,cl
442     xor     eax,eax
443     lodsw
444     mov     cl,bl
445     add     bl,16
446     shl     eax,cl
447     or      ebp,eax
448     mov     cl,ch
449
450 L_add_bits_to_dist:
451     mov     eax,l
452     shl     eax,cl
453     dec     eax
454     sub     bl,cl
455     and     eax,ebp
456     shr     ebp,cl

```

```

457     add     edx,eax
458     jmp     L_check_window
459
460 L_check_window:
461 ; 625 "inffast.S"
462     mov     [esp+44],esi
463     mov     eax,edi
464     sub     eax,[esp+40]
465
466     cmp     eax,edx
467     jb      L_clip_window
468
469     mov     ecx,[esp+24]
470     mov     esi,edi
471     sub     esi,edx
472
473     sub     ecx,3
474     mov     al,[esi]
475     mov     [edi],al
476     mov     al,[esi+1]
477     mov     dl,[esi+2]
478     add     esi,3
479     mov     [edi+1],al
480     mov     [edi+2],dl
481     add     edi,3
482     rep     movsb
483
484     mov     esi,[esp+44]
485     jmp     L_while_test
486
487 ALIGN 4
488 L_check_dist_one:
489     cmp     edx,1
490     jne     L_check_window
491     cmp     [esp+40],edi
492     je      L_check_window
493
494     dec     edi
495     mov     ecx,[esp+24]
496     mov     al,[edi]
497     sub     ecx,3
498
499     mov     [edi+1],al
500     mov     [edi+2],al
501     mov     [edi+3],al
502     add     edi,4
503     rep     stosb
504
505     jmp     L_while_test
506
507 ALIGN 4
508 L_test_for_second_level_length:
509
510
511
512
513     test    al,64
514     jnz     L_test_for_end_of_block
515
516     mov     eax,1
517     shl     eax,cl
518     dec     eax
519     and     eax,ebp
520     add     eax,edx
521     mov     edx,[esp+8]
522     mov     eax,[edx+eax*4]

```

```

523     jmp     L_dolen
524
525     ALIGN 4
526     L_test_for_second_level_dist:
527
528
529
530
531     test    al,64
532     jnz     L_invalid_distance_code
533
534     mov     eax,1
535     shl     eax,c1
536     dec     eax
537     and     eax,ebp
538     add     eax,edx
539     mov     edx,[esp+12]
540     mov     eax,[edx+eax*4]
541     jmp     L_dodist
542
543     ALIGN 4
544     L_clip_window:
545     ; 721 "inffast.S"
546     mov     ecx,eax
547     mov     eax,[esp+52]
548     neg     ecx
549     mov     esi,[esp+56]
550
551     cmp     eax,edx
552     jb      L_invalid_distance_too_far
553
554     add     ecx,edx
555     cmp     dword ptr [esp+48],0
556     jne     L_wrap_around_window
557
558     sub     eax,ecx
559     add     esi,eax
560     ; 749 "inffast.S"
561     mov     eax,[esp+24]
562     cmp     eax,ecx
563     jbe     L_do_copy1
564
565     sub     eax,ecx
566     rep movsb
567     mov     esi,edi
568     sub     esi,edx
569     jmp     L_do_copy1
570
571     cmp     eax,ecx
572     jbe     L_do_copy1
573
574     sub     eax,ecx
575     rep movsb
576     mov     esi,edi
577     sub     esi,edx
578     jmp     L_do_copy1
579
580     L_wrap_around_window:
581     ; 793 "inffast.S"
582     mov     eax,[esp+48]
583     cmp     ecx,eax
584     jbe     L_contiguous_in_window
585
586     add     esi,[esp+52]
587     add     esi,eax
588     sub     esi,ecx

```

```

589     sub     ecx,eax
590
591
592     mov     eax,[esp+24]
593     cmp     eax,ecx
594     jbe     L_do_copy1
595
596     sub     eax,ecx
597     rep movsb
598     mov     esi,[esp+56]
599     mov     ecx,[esp+48]
600     cmp     eax,ecx
601     jbe     L_do_copy1
602
603     sub     eax,ecx
604     rep movsb
605     mov     esi,edi
606     sub     esi,edx
607     jmp     L_do_copy1
608
609     L_contiguous_in_window:
610     ; 836 "inffast.S"
611     add     esi,eax
612     sub     esi,ecx
613
614
615     mov     eax,[esp+24]
616     cmp     eax,ecx
617     jbe     L_do_copy1
618
619     sub     eax,ecx
620     rep movsb
621     mov     esi,edi
622     sub     esi,edx
623
624     L_do_copy1:
625     ; 862 "inffast.S"
626     mov     ecx,eax
627     rep movsb
628
629     mov     esi,[esp+44]
630     jmp     L_while_test
631     ; 878 "inffast.S"
632     ALIGN 4
633     L_init_mmx:
634     emms
635
636
637
638
639
640     movd   mm0,ebp
641     mov   ebp,ebx
642     ; 896 "inffast.S"
643     movd   mm4,dword ptr [esp+0]
644     movq   mm3,mm4
645     movd   mm5,dword ptr [esp+4]
646     movq   mm2,mm5
647     pxor  mm1,mm1
648     mov   ebx,[esp+8]
649     jmp   L_do_loop_mmx
650
651     ALIGN 4
652     L_do_loop_mmx:
653     psrlq mm0,mm1
654

```

```

655     cmp  ebp,32
656     ja   L_get_length_code_mmx
657
658     movd mm6,ebp
659     movd mm7,dword ptr [esi]
660     add  esi,4
661     psllq mm7,mm6
662     add  ebp,32
663     por  mm0,mm7
664
665 L_get_length_code_mmx:
666     pand mm4,mm0
667     movd eax,mm4
668     movq mm4,mm3
669     mov  eax, [ebx+eax*4]
670
671 L_dolen_mmx:
672     movzx ecx,ah
673     movd mml,ecx
674     sub  ebp,ecx
675
676     test al,al
677     jnz  L_test_for_length_base_mmx
678
679     shr  eax,16
680     stosb
681
682 L_while_test_mmx:
683
684     cmp  [esp+16],edi
685     jbe  L_break_loop
686
687     cmp  [esp+20],esi
688     ja  L_do_loop_mmx
689     jmp L_break_loop
690
691
692 L_test_for_length_base_mmx:
693
694     mov  edx,eax
695     shr  edx,16
696
697     test al,16
698     jz   L_test_for_second_level_length_mmx
699     and  eax,15
700     jz   L_decode_distance_mmx
701
702     psrlq mm0,mm1
703     movd mml,eax
704     movd ecx,mm0
705     sub  ebp,eax
706     and  ecx, [inflate_fast_mask+eax*4]
707     add  edx,ecx
708
709 L_decode_distance_mmx:
710     psrlq mm0,mm1
711
712     cmp  ebp,32
713     ja   L_get_dist_code_mmx
714
715     movd mm6,ebp
716     movd mm7,dword ptr [esi]
717     add  esi,4
718     psllq mm7,mm6
719     add  ebp,32
720     por  mm0,mm7

```

```

721
722 L_get_dist_code_mmx:
723     mov  ebx, [esp+12]
724     pand mm5,mm0
725     movd eax,mm5
726     movq mm5,mm2
727     mov  eax, [ebx+eax*4]
728
729 L_dodist_mmx:
730
731     movzx ecx,ah
732     mov  ebx,eax
733     shr  ebx,16
734     sub  ebp,ecx
735     movd mml,ecx
736
737     test al,16
738     jz   L_test_for_second_level_dist_mmx
739     and  eax,15
740     jz   L_check_dist_one_mmx
741
742 L_add_bits_to_dist_mmx:
743     psrlq mm0,mm1
744     movd mml,eax
745     movd ecx,mm0
746     sub  ebp,eax
747     and  ecx, [inflate_fast_mask+eax*4]
748     add  ebx,ecx
749
750 L_check_window_mmx:
751     mov  [esp+44],esi
752     mov  eax,edi
753     sub  eax, [esp+40]
754
755     cmp  eax,ebx
756     jb  L_clip_window_mmx
757
758     mov  ecx,edx
759     mov  esi,edi
760     sub  esi,ebx
761
762     sub  ecx,3
763     mov  al, [esi]
764     mov  [edi],al
765     mov  al, [esi+1]
766     mov  dl, [esi+2]
767     add  esi,3
768     mov  [edi+1],al
769     mov  [edi+2],dl
770     add  edi,3
771     rep movsb
772
773     mov  esi, [esp+44]
774     mov  ebx, [esp+8]
775     jmp  L_while_test_mmx
776
777 ALIGN 4
778 L_check_dist_one_mmx:
779     cmp  ebx,1
780     jne  L_check_window_mmx
781     cmp  [esp+40],edi
782     je   L_check_window_mmx
783
784     dec  edi
785     mov  ecx,edx
786     mov  al, [edi]

```

```

787     sub     ecx,3
788
789     mov     [edi+1],al
790     mov     [edi+2],al
791     mov     [edi+3],al
792     add     edi,4
793     rep     stosb
794
795     mov     ebx, [esp+8]
796     jmp     L_while_test_mmx
797
798     ALIGN 4
799     L_test_for_second_level_length_mmx:
800         test    al,64
801         jnz    L_test_for_end_of_block
802
803         and     eax,15
804         psrlq  mm0,mm1
805         movd   ecx,mm0
806         and     ecx, [inflate_fast_mask+eax*4]
807         add     ecx,edx
808         mov     eax, [ebx+ecx*4]
809         jmp     L_dolen_mmx
810
811     ALIGN 4
812     L_test_for_recond_level_dist_mmx:
813         test    al,64
814         jnz    L_invalid_distance_code
815
816         and     eax,15
817         psrlq  mm0,mm1
818         movd   ecx,mm0
819         and     ecx, [inflate_fast_mask+eax*4]
820         mov     eax, [esp+12]
821         add     ecx,ebx
822         mov     eax, [eax+ecx*4]
823         jmp     L_dodist_mmx
824
825     ALIGN 4
826     L_clip_window_mmx:
827
828         mov     ecx,eax
829         mov     eax, [esp+52]
830         neg     ecx
831         mov     esi, [esp+56]
832
833         cmp     eax,ebx
834         jb     L_invalid_distance_too_far
835
836         add     ecx,ebx
837         cmp     dword ptr [esp+48],0
838         jne     L_wrap_around_window_mmx
839
840         sub     eax,ecx
841         add     esi,eax
842
843         cmp     edx,ecx
844         jbe     L_do_copy1_mmx
845
846         sub     edx,ecx
847         rep     movsb
848         mov     esi,edi
849         sub     esi,ebx
850         jmp     L_do_copy1_mmx
851
852         cmp     edx,ecx

```

```

853         jbe     L_do_copy1_mmx
854
855         sub     edx,ecx
856         rep     movsb
857         mov     esi,edi
858         sub     esi,ebx
859         jmp     L_do_copy1_mmx
860
861     L_wrap_around_window_mmx:
862
863         mov     eax, [esp+48]
864         cmp     ecx,eax
865         jbe     L_contiguous_in_window_mmx
866
867         add     esi, [esp+52]
868         add     esi,eax
869         sub     esi,ecx
870         sub     ecx,eax
871
872
873         cmp     edx,ecx
874         jbe     L_do_copy1_mmx
875
876         sub     edx,ecx
877         rep     movsb
878         mov     esi, [esp+56]
879         mov     ecx, [esp+48]
880         cmp     edx,ecx
881         jbe     L_do_copy1_mmx
882
883         sub     edx,ecx
884         rep     movsb
885         mov     esi,edi
886         sub     esi,ebx
887         jmp     L_do_copy1_mmx
888
889     L_contiguous_in_window_mmx:
890
891         add     esi,eax
892         sub     esi,ecx
893
894
895         cmp     edx,ecx
896         jbe     L_do_copy1_mmx
897
898         sub     edx,ecx
899         rep     movsb
900         mov     esi,edi
901         sub     esi,ebx
902
903     L_do_copy1_mmx:
904
905
906         mov     ecx,edx
907         rep     movsb
908
909         mov     esi, [esp+44]
910         mov     ebx, [esp+8]
911         jmp     L_while_test_mmx
912 ; 1174 "inffast.S"
913     L_invalid_distance_code:
914
915
916
917
918

```

```

919     mov     ecx, invalid_distance_code_msg
920     mov     edx, INFLATE_MODE_BAD
921     jmp     L_update_stream_state
922
923 L_test_for_end_of_block:
924
925
926
927
928
929     test    al,32
930     jz      L_invalid_literal_length_code
931
932     mov     ecx,0
933     mov     edx,INFLATE_MODE_TYPE
934     jmp     L_update_stream_state
935
936 L_invalid_literal_length_code:
937
938
939
940
941
942     mov     ecx, invalid_literal_length_code_msg
943     mov     edx,INFLATE_MODE_BAD
944     jmp     L_update_stream_state
945
946 L_invalid_distance_too_far:
947
948
949
950     mov     esi, [esp+44]
951     mov     ecx, invalid_distance_too_far_msg
952     mov     edx,INFLATE_MODE_BAD
953     jmp     L_update_stream_state
954
955 L_update_stream_state:
956
957     mov     eax, [esp+88]
958     test    ecx,ecx
959     jz      L_skip_msg
960     mov     [eax+24],ecx
961 L_skip_msg:
962     mov     eax, [eax+28]
963     mov     [eax+mode_state],edx
964     jmp     L_break_loop
965
966 ALIGN 4
967 L_break_loop:
968 ; 1243 "inffast.S"
969     cmp     dword ptr [inflate_fast_use_mmx],2
970     jne     L_update_next_in
971
972
973
974     mov     ebx,ebp
975
976 L_update_next_in:
977 ; 1266 "inffast.S"
978     mov     eax, [esp+88]
979     mov     ecx,ebx
980     mov     edx, [eax+28]
981     shr     ecx,3
982     sub     esi,ecx
983     shl     ecx,3
984     sub     ebx,ecx

```

```

985     mov     [eax+12],edi
986     mov     [edx+bits_state],ebx
987     mov     ecx,ebx
988
989     lea    ebx, [esp+28]
990     cmp    [esp+20],ebx
991     jne    L_buf_not_used
992
993     sub    esi,ebx
994     mov    ebx, [eax+0]
995     mov    [esp+20],ebx
996     add    esi,ebx
997     mov    ebx, [eax+4]
998     sub    ebx,11
999     add    [esp+20],ebx
1000
1001 L_buf_not_used:
1002     mov    [eax+0],esi
1003
1004     mov    ebx,1
1005     shl    ebx,cl
1006     dec    ebx
1007
1008
1009
1010
1011
1012     cmp    dword ptr [inflate_fast_use_mmx],2
1013     jne    L_update_hold
1014
1015
1016
1017     psrlq  mm0,mm1
1018     movd  ebp,mm0
1019
1020     emms
1021
1022 L_update_hold:
1023
1024
1025
1026     and    ebp,ebx
1027     mov    [edx+hold_state],ebp
1028
1029
1030
1031
1032     mov    ebx, [esp+20]
1033     cmp    ebx,esi
1034     jbe    L_last_is_smaller
1035
1036     sub    ebx,esi
1037     add    ebx,11
1038     mov    [eax+4],ebx
1039     jmp    L_fixup_out
1040 L_last_is_smaller:
1041     sub    esi,ebx
1042     neg    esi
1043     add    esi,11
1044     mov    [eax+4],esi
1045
1046
1047
1048
1049 L_fixup_out:
1050

```

```
1051     mov  ebx, [esp+16]
1052     cmp  ebx,edi
1053     jbe  L_end_is_smaller
1054
1055     sub  ebx,edi
1056     add  ebx,257
1057     mov  [eax+16],ebx
1058     jmp  L_done
1059 L_end_is_smaller:
1060     sub  edi,ebx
1061     neg  edi
1062     add  edi,257
1063     mov  [eax+16],edi
1064
1065
1066
1067
1068
1069 L_done:
1070     add  esp,64
1071     popfd
1072     pop  ebx
1073     pop  ebp
1074     pop  esi
1075     pop  edi
1076     ret
1077 _inflate_fast endp
1078
1079 _TEXT  ends
1080 end
```

```

*****
15825 Wed Apr 1 15:57:12 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx86/match686.asm
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 ; match686.asm -- Asm portion of the optimized longest_match for 32 bits x86
2 ; Copyright (C) 1995-1996 Jean-loup Gailly, Brian Raiter and Gilles Vollant.
3 ; File written by Gilles Vollant, by converting match686.S from Brian Raiter
4 ; for MASM. This is an assembly version of longest_match
5 ; from Jean-loup Gailly in deflate.c
6 ;
7 ; http://www.zlib.net
8 ; http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll
9 ; http://www.muppetlabs.com/~breadbox/software/assembly.html
10 ;
11 ; For Visual C++ 4.x and higher and ML 6.x and higher
12 ; ml.exe is distributed in
13 ; http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyID=7a1c9da0-0510-44a2-b
14 ;
15 ; this file contains two implementations of longest_match
16 ;
17 ; this longest_match was written by Brian Raiter (1998), optimized for Pentium
18 ; (and the faster known version of match_init on modern Core 2 Duo and AMD Phe
19 ;
20 ; for using an assembly version of longest_match, you need to define ASMV in proje
21 ;
22 ; compile the asm file running
23 ; ml /coff /Zi /c /Flmatch686.lst match686.asm
24 ; and do not include match686.obj in your project
25 ;
26 ; note: contrib of zLib 1.2.3 and earlier contained both a deprecated version fo
27 ; Pentium (prior Pentium Pro) and this version for Pentium Pro and modern proce
28 ; with autoselect (with cpu detection code)
29 ; if you want support the old Pentium optimization, you can still use these ver
30 ;
31 ; this file is not optimized for old Pentium, but it is compatible with all x86 32
32 ; processor (starting 80386)
33 ;
34 ;
35 ; see below : zlib1222add must be adjusted if you use a zlib version < 1.2.2.2
36 ;
37 ;uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
38 ; deflate_state *s;
39 ; IPos cur_match; /* current match */
40 ;
41 NbStack equ 76
42 cur_match equ dword ptr[esp+NbStack-0]
43 str_s equ dword ptr[esp+NbStack-4]
44 ; 5 dword on top (ret,ebp,esi,edi,ebx)
45 adrret equ dword ptr[esp+NbStack-8]
46 pushebp equ dword ptr[esp+NbStack-12]
47 pushedi equ dword ptr[esp+NbStack-16]
48 pushesesi equ dword ptr[esp+NbStack-20]
49 pushebx equ dword ptr[esp+NbStack-24]
50 ;
51 chain_length equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-28]
52 limit equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-32]
53 best_len equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-36]
54 window equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-40]
55 prev equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-44]
56 scan_start equ word ptr [esp+NbStack-48]
57 wmask equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-52]
58 match_start_ptr equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-56]
59 nice_match equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-60]
60 scan equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-64]

```

```

61
62 windowlen equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-68]
63 match_start equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-72]
64 strend equ dword ptr [esp+NbStack-76]
65 NbStackAdd equ (NbStack-24)
66
67 .386p
68
69 name gvmatch
70 .MODEL FLAT
71
72
73
74 ; all the +zlib1222add offsets are due to the addition of fields
75 ; in zlib in the deflate_state structure since the asm code was first written
76 ; (if you compile with zlib 1.0.4 or older, use "zlib1222add equ (-4)").
77 ; (if you compile with zlib between 1.0.5 and 1.2.2.1, use "zlib1222add equ 0")
78 ; if you compile with zlib 1.2.2.2 or later, use "zlib1222add equ 8").
79
80 zlib1222add equ 8
81
82 ; Note : these values are good with a 8 bytes boundary pack structure
83 dep_chain_length equ 74h+zlib1222add
84 dep_window equ 30h+zlib1222add
85 dep_strstart equ 64h+zlib1222add
86 dep_prev_length equ 70h+zlib1222add
87 dep_nice_match equ 88h+zlib1222add
88 dep_w_size equ 24h+zlib1222add
89 dep_prev equ 38h+zlib1222add
90 dep_w_mask equ 2ch+zlib1222add
91 dep_good_match equ 84h+zlib1222add
92 dep_match_start equ 68h+zlib1222add
93 dep_lookahead equ 6ch+zlib1222add
94
95
96 _TEXT segment
97
98 IFDEF NOUNDERLINE
99 public longest_match
100 public match_init
101 ELSE
102 public _longest_match
103 public _match_init
104 ENDIF
105
106 MAX_MATCH equ 258
107 MIN_MATCH equ 3
108 MIN_LOOKAHEAD equ (MAX_MATCH+MIN_MATCH+1)
109
110
111
112 MAX_MATCH equ 258
113 MIN_MATCH equ 3
114 MIN_LOOKAHEAD equ (MAX_MATCH + MIN_MATCH + 1)
115 MAX_MATCH_8_ equ ((MAX_MATCH + 7) AND 0FFF0h)
116
117
118 ;;; stack frame offsets
119
120 chainlenwmask equ esp + 0 ; high word: current chain len
121 ; low word: s->wmask
122 window equ esp + 4 ; local copy of s->window
123 windowbestlen equ esp + 8 ; s->window + bestlen
124 scanstart equ esp + 16 ; first two bytes of string
125 scanend equ esp + 12 ; last two bytes of string
126 scanalign equ esp + 20 ; dword-misalignment of string

```

```

127 nicematch    equ  esp + 24    ; a good enough match size
128 bestlen    equ  esp + 28    ; size of best match so far
129 scan       equ  esp + 32    ; ptr to string wanting match
130
131 LocalVarsSize equ 36
132 ; saved ebx  byte esp + 36
133 ; saved edi  byte esp + 40
134 ; saved esi  byte esp + 44
135 ; saved ebp  byte esp + 48
136 ; return address byte esp + 52
137 deflatestate equ  esp + 56    ; the function arguments
138 curmatch    equ  esp + 60
139
140 ;;; Offsets for fields in the deflate_state structure. These numbers
141 ;;; are calculated from the definition of deflate_state, with the
142 ;;; assumption that the compiler will dword-align the fields. (Thus,
143 ;;; changing the definition of deflate_state could easily cause this
144 ;;; program to crash horribly, without so much as a warning at
145 ;;; compile time. Sigh.)
146
147 dsWSize     equ 36+zlib1222add
148 dsWMask     equ 44+zlib1222add
149 dsWindow    equ 48+zlib1222add
150 dsPrev      equ 56+zlib1222add
151 dsMatchLen  equ 88+zlib1222add
152 dsPrevMatch equ 92+zlib1222add
153 dsStrStart  equ 100+zlib1222add
154 dsMatchStart equ 104+zlib1222add
155 dsLookahead equ 108+zlib1222add
156 dsPrevLen   equ 112+zlib1222add
157 dsMaxChainLen equ 116+zlib1222add
158 dsGoodMatch equ 132+zlib1222add
159 dsNiceMatch equ 136+zlib1222add
160
161
162 ;;; match686.asm -- Pentium-Pro-optimized version of longest_match()
163 ;;; Written for zlib 1.1.2
164 ;;; Copyright (C) 1998 Brian Raiter <breadbox@muppetlabs.com>
165 ;;; You can look at http://www.muppetlabs.com/~breadbox/software/assembly.html
166 ;;;
167 ;;;
168 ;;; This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
169 ;;; warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
170 ;;; arising from the use of this software.
171 ;;;
172 ;;; Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
173 ;;; including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
174 ;;; freely, subject to the following restrictions:
175 ;;;
176 ;;; 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
177 ;;; claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
178 ;;; in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
179 ;;; appreciated but is not required.
180 ;;; 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
181 ;;; misrepresented as being the original software
182 ;;; 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.
183 ;;;
184
185 ;GLOBAL _longest_match, _match_init
186
187
188 ;SECTION .text
189
190 ;;; uInt longest_match(deflate_state *deflatestate, IPos curmatch)
191
192 ;_longest_match:

```

```

193     IFDEF NOUNDERLINE
194 longest_match    proc near
195 ELSE
196 _longest_match   proc near
197 ENDEF
198 .FPO (9, 4, 0, 0, 1, 0)
199
200 ;;; Save registers that the compiler may be using, and adjust esp to
201 ;;; make room for our stack frame.
202
203     push    ebp
204     push    edi
205     push    esi
206     push    ebx
207     sub    esp, LocalVarsSize
208
209 ;;; Retrieve the function arguments. ecx will hold cur_match
210 ;;; throughout the entire function. edx will hold the pointer to the
211 ;;; deflate_state structure during the function's setup (before
212 ;;; entering the main loop.
213
214     mov    edx, [deflatestate]
215     mov    ecx, [curmatch]
216
217 ;;; uInt wmask = s->w_mask;
218 ;;; unsigned chain_length = s->max_chain_length;
219 ;;; if (s->prev_length >= s->good_match) {
220 ;;;     chain_length >>= 2;
221 ;;; }
222
223     mov    eax, [edx + dsPrevLen]
224     mov    ebx, [edx + dsGoodMatch]
225     cmp    eax, ebx
226     mov    eax, [edx + dsWMask]
227     mov    ebx, [edx + dsMaxChainLen]
228     jl    LastMatchGood
229     shr    ebx, 2
230 LastMatchGood:
231
232 ;;; chainlen is decremented once beforehand so that the function can
233 ;;; use the sign flag instead of the zero flag for the exit test.
234 ;;; It is then shifted into the high word, to make room for the wmask
235 ;;; value, which it will always accompany.
236
237     dec    ebx
238     shl    ebx, 16
239     or    ebx, eax
240     mov    [chainlenwmask], ebx
241
242 ;;; if ((uInt)nice_match > s->lookahead) nice_match = s->lookahead;
243
244     mov    eax, [edx + dsNiceMatch]
245     mov    ebx, [edx + dsLookahead]
246     cmp    ebx, eax
247     jl    LookaheadLess
248     mov    ebx, eax
249 LookaheadLess: mov [nicematch], ebx
250
251 ;;; register Bytef *scan = s->window + s->strstart;
252
253     mov    esi, [edx + dsWindow]
254     mov    [window], esi
255     mov    ebp, [edx + dsStrStart]
256     lea   edi, [esi + ebp]
257     mov    [scan], edi
258

```



```

259 ;;; Determine how many bytes the scan ptr is off from being
260 ;;; dword-aligned.
261
262     mov eax, edi
263     neg eax
264     and eax, 3
265     mov [scanalign], eax
266
267 ;;; IPos limit = s->strstart > (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) ?
268 ;;;   s->strstart - (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) : NIL;
269
270     mov eax, [edx + dsWSize]
271     sub eax, MIN_LOOKAHEAD
272     sub ebp, eax
273     jg LimitPositive
274     xor ebp, ebp
275 LimitPositive:
276
277 ;;; int best_len = s->prev_length;
278
279     mov eax, [edx + dsPrevLen]
280     mov [bestlen], eax
281
282 ;;; Store the sum of s->window + best_len in esi locally, and in esi.
283
284     add esi, eax
285     mov [windowbestlen], esi
286
287 ;;; register ush scan_start = *(ushf*)scan;
288 ;;; register ush scan_end   = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1);
289 ;;; Posf *prev = s->prev;
290
291     movzx ebx, word ptr [edi]
292     mov [scanstart], ebx
293     movzx ebx, word ptr [edi + eax - 1]
294     mov [scanend], ebx
295     mov edi, [edx + dsPrev]
296
297 ;;; Jump into the main loop.
298
299     mov edx, [chainlenwmask]
300     jmp short LoopEntry
301
302 align 4
303
304 ;;; do {
305 ;;;   match = s->window + cur_match;
306 ;;;   if (*(ushf*)(match+best_len-1) != scan_end ||
307 ;;;     *(ushf*)match != scan_start) continue;
308 ;;;   [...]
309 ;;; } while ((cur_match = prev[cur_match & wmask]) > limit
310 ;;;   && --chain_length != 0);
311 ;;;
312 ;;; Here is the inner loop of the function. The function will spend the
313 ;;; majority of its time in this loop, and majority of that time will
314 ;;; be spent in the first ten instructions.
315 ;;;
316 ;;; Within this loop:
317 ;;; ebx = scanend
318 ;;; ecx = curmatch
319 ;;; edx = chainlenwmask - i.e., ((chainlen << 16) | wmask)
320 ;;; esi = windowbestlen - i.e., (window + bestlen)
321 ;;; edi = prev
322 ;;; ebp = limit
323
324 LookupLoop:

```

```

325     and ecx, edx
326     movzx ecx, word ptr [edi + ecx*2]
327     cmp ecx, ebp
328     jbe LeaveNow
329     sub edx, 00010000h
330     js LeaveNow
331 LoopEntry: movzx  eax, word ptr [esi + ecx - 1]
332     cmp eax, ebx
333     jnz LookupLoop
334     mov eax, [window]
335     movzx eax, word ptr [eax + ecx]
336     cmp eax, [scanstart]
337     jnz LookupLoop
338
339 ;;; Store the current value of chainlen.
340
341     mov [chainlenwmask], edx
342
343 ;;; Point edi to the string under scrutiny, and esi to the string we
344 ;;; are hoping to match it up with. In actuality, esi and edi are
345 ;;; both pointed (MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign) bytes ahead, and edx is
346 ;;; initialized to -(MAX_MATCH_8 - scanalign).
347
348     mov esi, [window]
349     mov edi, [scan]
350     add esi, ecx
351     mov eax, [scanalign]
352     mov edx, 0fffffff8h; -(MAX_MATCH_8)
353     lea edi, [edi + eax + 0108h]; MAX_MATCH_8]
354     lea esi, [esi + eax + 0108h]; MAX_MATCH_8]
355
356 ;;; Test the strings for equality, 8 bytes at a time. At the end,
357 ;;; adjust edx so that it is offset to the exact byte that mismatched.
358 ;;;
359 ;;; We already know at this point that the first three bytes of the
360 ;;; strings match each other, and they can be safely passed over before
361 ;;; starting the compare loop. So what this code does is skip over 0-3
362 ;;; bytes, as much as necessary in order to dword-align the edi
363 ;;; pointer. (esi will still be misaligned three times out of four.)
364 ;;;
365 ;;; It should be confessed that this loop usually does not represent
366 ;;; much of the total running time. Replacing it with a more
367 ;;; straightforward "rep cmpsb" would not drastically degrade
368 ;;; performance.
369
370 LoopCmps:
371     mov eax, [esi + edx]
372     xor eax, [edi + edx]
373     jnz LeaveLoopCmps
374     mov eax, [esi + edx + 4]
375     xor eax, [edi + edx + 4]
376     jnz LeaveLoopCmps4
377     add edx, 8
378     jnz LoopCmps
379     jmp short LenMaximum
380 LeaveLoopCmps4: add edx, 4
381 LeaveLoopCmps: test  eax, 0000FFFFh
382     jnz LenLower
383     add edx, 2
384     shr eax, 16
385 LenLower:  sub al, 1
386     adc edx, 0
387
388 ;;; Calculate the length of the match. If it is longer than MAX_MATCH,
389 ;;; then automatically accept it as the best possible match and leave.
390

```

```

391     lea eax, [edi + edx]
392     mov edi, [scan]
393     sub eax, edi
394     cmp eax, MAX_MATCH
395     jge LenMaximum
396
397     ;;; If the length of the match is not longer than the best match we
398     ;;; have so far, then forget it and return to the lookup loop.
399
400     mov edx, [deflatestate]
401     mov ebx, [bestlen]
402     cmp eax, ebx
403     jg  LongerMatch
404     mov esi, [windowbestlen]
405     mov edi, [edx + dsPrev]
406     mov ebx, [scanend]
407     mov edx, [chainlenwmask]
408     jmp LookupLoop
409
410     ;;;     s->match_start = cur_match;
411     ;;;     best_len = len;
412     ;;;     if (len >= nice_match) break;
413     ;;;     scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1);
414
415 LongerMatch:  mov ebx, [nicematch]
416               mov [bestlen], eax
417               mov [edx + dsMatchStart], ecx
418               cmp eax, ebx
419               jge LeaveNow
420               mov esi, [window]
421               add esi, eax
422               mov [windowbestlen], esi
423               movzx ebx, word ptr [edi + eax - 1]
424               mov edi, [edx + dsPrev]
425               mov [scanend], ebx
426               mov edx, [chainlenwmask]
427               jmp LookupLoop
428
429     ;;; Accept the current string, with the maximum possible length.
430
431 LenMaximum:  mov edx, [deflatestate]
432               mov dword ptr [bestlen], MAX_MATCH
433               mov [edx + dsMatchStart], ecx
434
435     ;;; if ((uInt)best_len <= s->lookahead) return (uInt)best_len;
436     ;;; return s->lookahead;
437
438 LeaveNow:
439     mov edx, [deflatestate]
440     mov ebx, [bestlen]
441     mov eax, [edx + dsLookahead]
442     cmp ebx, eax
443     jg  LookaheadRet
444     mov eax, ebx
445 LookaheadRet:
446
447     ;;; Restore the stack and return from whence we came.
448
449     add esp, LocalVarsSize
450     pop ebx
451     pop esi
452     pop edi
453     pop ebp
454
455     ret
456 ; please don't remove this string !

```

```

457 ; You can freely use match686 in any free or commercial app if you don't remove
458 db 0dh,0ah,"asm686 with masm, optimised assembly code from Brian Raiter,
459
460
461     IFDEF NOUNDERLINE
462     longest_match     endp
463     ELSE
464     _longest_match   endp
465     ENDIF
466
467     IFDEF NOUNDERLINE
468     match_init       proc near
469                       ret
470     match_init       endp
471     ELSE
472     _match_init      proc near
473                       ret
474     _match_init      endp
475     ENDIF
476
477
478 _TEXT  ends
479 end

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx86/readme.txt

1

873 Wed Apr 1 15:57:12 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/masmx86/readme.txt

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1
2 Summary
3 -----
4 This directory contains ASM implementations of the functions
5 longest_match() and inflate_fast().
6
7
8 Use instructions
9 -----
10 Assemble using MASM, and copy the object files into the zlib source
11 directory, then run the appropriate makefile, as suggested below. You can
12 download MASM from here:
13
14     http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?displaylang=en&FamilyID=7a1c
15
16 You can also get objects files here:
17
18     http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/zlib124\_masm\_obj.zip
19
20 Build instructions
21 -----
22 * With Microsoft C and MASM:
23 nmake -f win32/Makefile.msc LOC="-DASMV -DASMINF" OBJA="match686.obj inffas32.ob
24
25 * With Borland C and TASM:
26 make -f win32/Makefile.bor LOCAL_ZLIB="-DASMV -DASMINF" OBJA="match686.obj inffa
27
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/Makefile

1

```
*****
457 Wed Apr 1 15:57:12 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/Makefile
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 CC=cc
2 CFLAGS=-O -I../..

4 UNZ_OBJS = miniunz.o unzip.o ioapi.o ../../libz.a
5 ZIP_OBJS = minizip.o zip.o ioapi.o ../../libz.a

7 .c.o:
8 $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) $*.c

10 all: miniunz minizip

12 miniunz: $(UNZ_OBJS)
13 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ $(UNZ_OBJS)

15 minizip: $(ZIP_OBJS)
16 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ $(ZIP_OBJS)

18 test: miniunz minizip
19 ./minizip test readme.txt
20 ./miniunz -l test.zip
21 mv readme.txt readme.old
22 ./miniunz test.zip

24 clean:
25 /bin/rm -f *.o *~ minizip miniunz
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/Makefile.am

1

818 Wed Apr 1 15:57:12 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/Makefile.am

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 lib_LTLIBRARIES = libminizip.la

3 if COND_DEMOS

4 bin_PROGRAMS = miniunzip minizip

5 endif

7 zlib_top_srcdir = \$(top_srcdir)/../..

8 zlib_top_builddir = \$(top_builddir)/../..

10 AM_CPPFLAGS = -I\$(zlib_top_srcdir)

11 AM_LDFLAGS = -L\$(zlib_top_builddir)

13 if WIN32

14 iowin32_src = iowin32.c

15 iowin32_h = iowin32.h

16 endif

18 libminizip_la_SOURCES = \

19 ioapi.c \

20 mztools.c \

21 unzip.c \

22 zip.c \

23 \${iowin32_src}

25 libminizip_la_LDFLAGS = \$(AM_LDFLAGS) -version-info 1:0:0 -lz

27 minizip_includedir = \$(includedir)/minizip

28 minizip_include_HEADERS = \

29 crypt.h \

30 ioapi.h \

31 mztools.h \

32 unzip.h \

33 zip.h \

34 \${iowin32_h}

36 pkgconfigdir = \$(libdir)/pkgconfig

37 pkgconfig_DATA = minizip.pc

39 EXTRA_PROGRAMS = miniunzip minizip

41 miniunzip_SOURCES = miniunz.c

42 miniunzip_LDADD = libminizip.la

44 minizip_SOURCES = minizip.c

45 minizip_LDADD = libminizip.la -lz

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/MiniZip64_Changes.txt 1

```
*****  
    109 Wed Apr  1 15:57:12 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/MiniZip64_Changes.txt  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****
```

2 MiniZip 1.1 was derived from MiniZip at version 1.01f

4 Change in 1.0 (Okt 2009)
5 - ****TODO - Add history****

```

*****
3048 Wed Apr 1 15:57:12 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/MiniZip64_info.txt
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 Minizip - Copyright (c) 1998-2010 - by Gilles Vollant - version 1.1 64 bits from
3 Introduction
4 -----
5 MiniZip 1.1 is built from MiniZip 1.0 by Gilles Vollant ( http://www.winimage.co
7 When adding ZIP64 support into minizip it would result into risk of breaking com
8 All possible work was done for compatibility.

11 Background
12 -----
13 When adding ZIP64 support Mathias Svensson found that Even Rouault have added ZI
14 support for unzip.c into minizip for a open source project called gdal ( http://
16 That was used as a starting point. And after that ZIP64 support was added to zip
17 some refactoring and code cleanup was also done.

20 Changed from MiniZip 1.0 to MiniZip 1.1
21 -----
22 * Added ZIP64 support for unzip ( by Even Rouault )
23 * Added ZIP64 support for zip ( by Mathias Svensson )
24 * Reverted some changed that Even Rouault did.
25 * Bunch of patches received from Gulle Vollant that he received for MiniZip fro
26 * Added unzip patch for BZIP Compression method (patch create by Daniel Borca)
27 * Added BZIP Compress method for zip
28 * Did some refactoring and code cleanup

31 Credits
33 Gilles Vollant - Original MiniZip author
34 Even Rouault - ZIP64 unzip Support
35 Daniel Borca - BZip Compression method support in unzip
36 Mathias Svensson - ZIP64 zip support
37 Mathias Svensson - BZip Compression method support in zip

39 Resources
41 ZipLayout http://result42.com/projects/ZipFileLayout
42 Command line tool for Windows that shows the layout and information
43 Used when debugging and validating the creation of zip files using

46 ZIP App Note http://www.pkware.com/documents/casestudies/APPNOTE.TXT
47 Zip File specification

50 Notes.
51 * To be able to use BZip compression method in zip64.c or unzip64.c the BZIP2 l

53 License
54 -----
55 Condition of use and distribution are the same than zlib :

57 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
58 warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
59 arising from the use of this software.

```

```

61 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
62 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
63 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

65 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
66 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
67 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
68 appreciated but is not required.
69 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
70 misrepresented as being the original software.
71 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

73 -----

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/configure.ac

1

```
*****
786 Wed Apr 1 15:57:12 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/configure.ac
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 #                               -*- Autoconf -*-
2 # Process this file with autoconf to produce a configure script.

4 AC_INIT([minizip], [1.2.8], [bugzilla.redhat.com])
5 AC_CONFIG_SRCDIR([minizip.c])
6 AM_INIT_AUTOMAKE([foreign])
7 LT_INIT

9 AC_MSG_CHECKING([whether to build example programs])
10 AC_ARG_ENABLE([demos], AC_HELP_STRING([--enable-demos], [build example programs])
11 AM_CONDITIONAL([COND_DEMOS], [test "$enable_demos" = yes])
12 if test "$enable_demos" = yes
13 then
14     AC_MSG_RESULT([yes])
15 else
16     AC_MSG_RESULT([no])
17 fi

19 case "${host}" in
20     *-mingw* | mingw*)
21         WIN32="yes"
22         ;;
23     *)
24         ;;
25 esac
26 AM_CONDITIONAL([WIN32], [test "${WIN32}" = "yes"])

29 AC_SUBST([HAVE_UNISTD_H], [0])
30 AC_CHECK_HEADER([unistd.h], [HAVE_UNISTD_H=1], [])
31 AC_CONFIG_FILES([Makefile minizip.pc])
32 AC_OUTPUT
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/crypt.h

1

```
*****
4735 Wed Apr 1 15:57:13 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/crypt.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* crypt.h -- base code for crypt/uncrypt ZIPfile

4 Version 1.01e, February 12th, 2005

6 Copyright (C) 1998-2005 Gilles Vollant

8 This code is a modified version of crypting code in Infozip distribution

10 The encryption/decryption parts of this source code (as opposed to the
11 non-echoing password parts) were originally written in Europe. The
12 whole source package can be freely distributed, including from the USA.
13 (Prior to January 2000, re-export from the US was a violation of US law.)

15 This encryption code is a direct transcription of the algorithm from
16 Roger Schlafly, described by Phil Katz in the file appnote.txt. This
17 file (appnote.txt) is distributed with the PKZIP program (even in the
18 version without encryption capabilities).

20 If you don't need crypting in your application, just define symbols
21 NOCRYPT and NOUNCRYPT.

23 This code support the "Traditional PKWARE Encryption".

25 The new AES encryption added on Zip format by Winzip (see the page
26 http://www.winzip.com/aes_info.htm ) and PKWare PKZip 5.x Strong
27 Encryption is not supported.
28 */

30 #define CRC32(c, b) (((pkr32_tab+((int)(c) ^ (b) & 0xff))) ^ ((c) >> 8))

32 /*****
33 * Return the next byte in the pseudo-random sequence
34 */
35 static int decrypt_byte(unsigned long* pkeys, const z_crc_t* pkr32_tab)
36 {
37     unsigned temp; /* POTENTIAL BUG: temp*(temp^1) may overflow in an
38                    * unpredictable manner on 16-bit systems; not a problem
39                    * with any known compiler so far, though */

41     temp = ((unsigned)(*(pkeys+2)) & 0xffff) | 2;
42     return (int)(((temp * (temp ^ 1)) >> 8) & 0xff);
43 }

45 /*****
46 * Update the encryption keys with the next byte of plain text
47 */
48 static int update_keys(unsigned long* pkeys, const z_crc_t* pkr32_tab, int c)
49 {
50     (*(pkeys+0)) = CRC32(*(pkeys+0), c);
51     (*(pkeys+1)) += (*(pkeys+0)) & 0xff;
52     (*(pkeys+1)) = (*(pkeys+1)) * 134775813L + 1;
53     {
54         register int keyshift = (int)((*(pkeys+1)) >> 24);
55         (*(pkeys+2)) = CRC32(*(pkeys+2), keyshift);
56     }
57     return c;
58 }
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/crypt.h

2

```
61 /*****
62 * Initialize the encryption keys and the random header according to
63 * the given password.
64 */
65 static void init_keys(const char* passwd, unsigned long* pkeys, const z_crc_t* pkr32_tab)
66 {
67     *(pkeys+0) = 305419896L;
68     *(pkeys+1) = 591751049L;
69     *(pkeys+2) = 878082192L;
70     while (*passwd != '\0') {
71         update_keys(pkeys, pkr32_tab, (int)*passwd);
72         passwd++;
73     }
74 }

76 #define zdecode(pkeys, pkr32_tab, c) \
77     (update_keys(pkeys, pkr32_tab, c ^= decrypt_byte(pkeys, pkr32_tab)))

79 #define zencode(pkeys, pkr32_tab, c, t) \
80     (t=decrypt_byte(pkeys, pkr32_tab), update_keys(pkeys, pkr32_tab, c), t^(c))

82 #ifdef INCLUDECRYPTINGCODE_IFCRYPTALLOWED

84 #define RAND_HEAD_LEN 12
85 /* "last resort" source for second part of crypt seed pattern */
86 # ifndef ZCR_SEED2
87 #   define ZCR_SEED2 3141592654UL /* use PI as default pattern */
88 # endif

90 static int crypthead(const char* passwd, /* password string */
91                     unsigned char* buf, /* where to write header */
92                     int bufSize,
93                     unsigned long* pkeys,
94                     const z_crc_t* pkr32_tab,
95                     unsigned long crcForCrypting)
96 {
97     int n; /* index in random header */
98     int t; /* temporary */
99     int c; /* random byte */
100     unsigned char header[RAND_HEAD_LEN-2]; /* random header */
101     static unsigned calls = 0; /* ensure different random header each time */

103     if (bufSize < RAND_HEAD_LEN)
104         return 0;

106     /* First generate RAND_HEAD_LEN-2 random bytes. We encrypt the
107     * output of rand() to get less predictability, since rand() is
108     * often poorly implemented.
109     */
110     if (++calls == 1)
111     {
112         srand((unsigned)(time(NULL) ^ ZCR_SEED2));
113     }
114     init_keys(passwd, pkeys, pkr32_tab);
115     for (n = 0; n < RAND_HEAD_LEN-2; n++)
116     {
117         c = (rand() >> 7) & 0xff;
118         header[n] = (unsigned char)zencode(pkeys, pkr32_tab, c, t);
119     }
120     /* Encrypt random header (last two bytes is high word of crc) */
121     init_keys(passwd, pkeys, pkr32_tab);
122     for (n = 0; n < RAND_HEAD_LEN-2; n++)
123     {
124         buf[n] = (unsigned char)zencode(pkeys, pkr32_tab, header[n], t);
125     }
126     buf[n++] = (unsigned char)zencode(pkeys, pkr32_tab, (int)(crcForCrypting >
```

```
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/crypt.h
```

```
3
```

```
127     buf[n++] = (unsigned char)zencode(pkeys, pcr_32_tab, (int)(crcForCrypting >  
128     return n;  
129 }  
  
131 #endif
```

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/ioapi.c 1
*****
      8225 Wed Apr 1 15:57:13 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/ioapi.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* ioapi.h -- IO base function header for compress/uncompress .zip
2    part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html

4    Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant ( http://www.winimage.

6    Modifications for Zip64 support
7    Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )

9    For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

11 */

13 #if defined(_WIN32) && (!(defined(_CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS)))
14     #define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
15 #endif

17 #if defined(__APPLE__) || defined(IOAPI_NO_64)
18 // In darwin and perhaps other BSD variants off_t is a 64 bit value, hence no ne
19 #define FOPEN_FUNC(filename, mode) fopen(filename, mode)
20 #define FTELLO_FUNC(stream) ftello(stream)
21 #define FSEEKO_FUNC(stream, offset, origin) fseeko(stream, offset, origin)
22 #else
23 #define FOPEN_FUNC(filename, mode) fopen64(filename, mode)
24 #define FTELLO_FUNC(stream) ftello64(stream)
25 #define FSEEKO_FUNC(stream, offset, origin) fseeko64(stream, offset, origin)
26 #endif

29 #include "ioapi.h"

31 voidpf call_zopen64 (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pfilefunc, const void* filename
32 {
33     if (pfilefunc->zfile_func64.zopen64_file != NULL)
34         return (*(pfilefunc->zfile_func64.zopen64_file)) (pfilefunc->zfile_func6
35     else
36     {
37         return (*(pfilefunc->zopen32_file))(pfilefunc->zfile_func64.opaque, (cons
38     }
39 }

41 long call_zseek64 (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pfilefunc, voidpf filestream, ZP
42 {
43     if (pfilefunc->zfile_func64.zseek64_file != NULL)
44         return (*(pfilefunc->zfile_func64.zseek64_file)) (pfilefunc->zfile_func6
45     else
46     {
47         uLong offsetTruncated = (uLong)offset;
48         if (offsetTruncated != offset)
49             return -1;
50     else
51         return (*(pfilefunc->zseek32_file))(pfilefunc->zfile_func64.opaque, f
52     }
53 }

55 ZPOS64_T call_ztell64 (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pfilefunc, voidpf filestream
56 {
57     if (pfilefunc->zfile_func64.zseek64_file != NULL)
58         return (*(pfilefunc->zfile_func64.ztell64_file)) (pfilefunc->zfile_func6
59     else
60     {

```

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/ioapi.c 2

61     uLong tell_uLong = (*(pfilefunc->ztell32_file))(pfilefunc->zfile_func64.
62     if ((tell_uLong) == MAXU32)
63         return (ZPOS64_T)-1;
64     else
65         return tell_uLong;
66     }
67 }

69 void fill_zlib_filefunc64_32_def_from_filefunc32(zlib_filefunc64_32_def* p_filef
70 {
71     p_filefunc64_32->zfile_func64.zopen64_file = NULL;
72     p_filefunc64_32->zopen32_file = p_filefunc32->zopen_file;
73     p_filefunc64_32->zfile_func64.zerror_file = p_filefunc32->zerror_file;
74     p_filefunc64_32->zfile_func64.zread_file = p_filefunc32->zread_file;
75     p_filefunc64_32->zfile_func64.zwrite_file = p_filefunc32->zwrite_file;
76     p_filefunc64_32->zfile_func64.ztell64_file = NULL;
77     p_filefunc64_32->zfile_func64.zseek64_file = NULL;
78     p_filefunc64_32->zfile_func64.zclose_file = p_filefunc32->zclose_file;
79     p_filefunc64_32->zfile_func64.zerror_file = p_filefunc32->zerror_file;
80     p_filefunc64_32->zfile_func64.opaque = p_filefunc32->opaque;
81     p_filefunc64_32->zseek32_file = p_filefunc32->zseek_file;
82     p_filefunc64_32->ztell32_file = p_filefunc32->ztell_file;
83 }

87 static voidpf ZCALLBACK fopen_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, const char* filename
88 static uLong ZCALLBACK fread_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, void*
89 static uLong ZCALLBACK fwrite_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, cons
90 static ZPOS64_T ZCALLBACK ftell64_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream));
91 static long ZCALLBACK fseek64_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, ZPO
92 static int ZCALLBACK fclose_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream));
93 static int ZCALLBACK ferror_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream));

95 static voidpf ZCALLBACK fopen_file_func (voidpf opaque, const char* filename, in
96 {
97     FILE* file = NULL;
98     const char* mode_fopen = NULL;
99     if ((mode & ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READWRITEFILTER)==ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READ)
100         mode_fopen = "rb";
101     else
102     if (mode & ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_EXISTING)
103         mode_fopen = "r+b";
104     else
105     if (mode & ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_CREATE)
106         mode_fopen = "wb";

108     if ((filename!=NULL) && (mode_fopen != NULL))
109         file = fopen(filename, mode_fopen);
110     return file;
111 }

113 static voidpf ZCALLBACK fopen64_file_func (voidpf opaque, const void* filename,
114 {
115     FILE* file = NULL;
116     const char* mode_fopen = NULL;
117     if ((mode & ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READWRITEFILTER)==ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READ)
118         mode_fopen = "rb";
119     else
120     if (mode & ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_EXISTING)
121         mode_fopen = "r+b";
122     else
123     if (mode & ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_CREATE)
124         mode_fopen = "wb";

126     if ((filename!=NULL) && (mode_fopen != NULL))

```

```

127     file = FOPEN_FUNC((const char*)filename, mode_fopen);
128     return file;
129 }

132 static uLong ZCALLBACK fread_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, void* buf,
133 {
134     uLong ret;
135     ret = (uLong)fread(buf, 1, (size_t)size, (FILE *)stream);
136     return ret;
137 }

139 static uLong ZCALLBACK fwrite_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, const voi
140 {
141     uLong ret;
142     ret = (uLong)fwrite(buf, 1, (size_t)size, (FILE *)stream);
143     return ret;
144 }

146 static long ZCALLBACK ftell_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream)
147 {
148     long ret;
149     ret = ftell((FILE *)stream);
150     return ret;
151 }

154 static ZPOS64_T ZCALLBACK ftell64_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream)
155 {
156     ZPOS64_T ret;
157     ret = FTELLO_FUNC((FILE *)stream);
158     return ret;
159 }

161 static long ZCALLBACK fseek_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, uLong offs
162 {
163     int fseek_origin=0;
164     long ret;
165     switch (origin)
166     {
167     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_CUR :
168         fseek_origin = SEEK_CUR;
169         break;
170     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_END :
171         fseek_origin = SEEK_END;
172         break;
173     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET :
174         fseek_origin = SEEK_SET;
175         break;
176     default: return -1;
177     }
178     ret = 0;
179     if (fseek((FILE *)stream, offset, fseek_origin) != 0)
180         ret = -1;
181     return ret;
182 }

184 static long ZCALLBACK fseek64_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, ZPOS64_T
185 {
186     int fseek_origin=0;
187     long ret;
188     switch (origin)
189     {
190     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_CUR :
191         fseek_origin = SEEK_CUR;
192         break;

```

```

193     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_END :
194         fseek_origin = SEEK_END;
195         break;
196     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET :
197         fseek_origin = SEEK_SET;
198         break;
199     default: return -1;
200     }
201     ret = 0;

203     if(FSEEKO_FUNC((FILE *)stream, offset, fseek_origin) != 0)
204         ret = -1;

206     return ret;
207 }

210 static int ZCALLBACK fclose_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream)
211 {
212     int ret;
213     ret = fclose((FILE *)stream);
214     return ret;
215 }

217 static int ZCALLBACK ferror_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream)
218 {
219     int ret;
220     ret = ferror((FILE *)stream);
221     return ret;
222 }

224 void fill_fopen_filefunc (pzlib_filefunc_def)
225     zlib_filefunc_def* pzlib_filefunc_def;
226 {
227     pzlib_filefunc_def->zopen_file = fopen_file_func;
228     pzlib_filefunc_def->zread_file = fread_file_func;
229     pzlib_filefunc_def->zwrite_file = fwrite_file_func;
230     pzlib_filefunc_def->ztell_file = ftell_file_func;
231     pzlib_filefunc_def->zseek_file = fseek_file_func;
232     pzlib_filefunc_def->zclose_file = fclose_file_func;
233     pzlib_filefunc_def->zerror_file = ferror_file_func;
234     pzlib_filefunc_def->opaque = NULL;
235 }

237 void fill_fopen64_filefunc (zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def)
238 {
239     pzlib_filefunc_def->zopen64_file = fopen64_file_func;
240     pzlib_filefunc_def->zread_file = fread_file_func;
241     pzlib_filefunc_def->zwrite_file = fwrite_file_func;
242     pzlib_filefunc_def->ztell64_file = ftell64_file_func;
243     pzlib_filefunc_def->zseek64_file = fseek64_file_func;
244     pzlib_filefunc_def->zclose_file = fclose_file_func;
245     pzlib_filefunc_def->zerror_file = ferror_file_func;
246     pzlib_filefunc_def->opaque = NULL;
247 }

```

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/ioapi.h 1
*****
7051 Wed Apr 1 15:57:13 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/ioapi.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* ioapi.h -- IO base function header for compress/uncompress .zip
2 part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html

4 Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant (minizip) ( http://www.winimage.

6 Modifications for Zip64 support
7 Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )

9 For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

11 Changes

13 Oct-2009 - Defined ZPOS64_T to fpos_t on windows and u_int64_t on linux. (mi
14 Oct-2009 - Change to fseeko64, ftello64 and fopen64 so large files would wor
15 More if/def section may be needed to support other platforms
16 Oct-2009 - Defined fxxxx64 calls to normal fopen/ftell/fseek so they would c
17 (but you should use iowin32.c for windows instead)

19 */

21 #ifndef _ZLIBIOAPI64_H
22 #define _ZLIBIOAPI64_H

24 #if (!defined(WIN32)) && (!defined(WIN32)) && (!defined(__APPLE__))

26 // Linux needs this to support file operation on files larger then 4+GB
27 // But might need better if/def to select just the platforms that needs them.

29 #ifndef __USE_FILE_OFFSET64
30 #define __USE_FILE_OFFSET64
31 #endif
32 #ifndef __USE_LARGEFILE64
33 #define __USE_LARGEFILE64
34 #endif
35 #ifndef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
36 #define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
37 #endif
38 #ifndef _FILE_OFFSET_BIT
39 #define _FILE_OFFSET_BIT 64
40 #endif

42 #endif

44 #include <stdio.h>
45 #include <stdlib.h>
46 #include "zlib.h"

48 #if defined(USE_FILE32API)
49 #define fopen64 fopen
50 #define ftello64 ftell
51 #define fseeko64 fseek
52 #else
53 #ifdef __FreeBSD__
54 #define fopen64 fopen
55 #define ftello64 ftello
56 #define fseeko64 fseeko
57 #endif
58 #ifdef _MSC_VER
59 #define fopen64 fopen
60 #if (_MSC_VER >= 1400) && (!(defined(NO_MSCVER_FILE64_FUNC)))

```

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/ioapi.h 2

61 #define ftello64 _ftelli64
62 #define fseeko64 _fseeki64
63 #else // old MSC
64 #define ftello64 ftell
65 #define fseeko64 fseek
66 #endif
67 #endif
68 #endif

70 /*
71 #ifndef ZPOS64_T
72 #ifdef _WIN32
73 #define ZPOS64_T fpos_t
74 #else
75 #include <stdint.h>
76 #define ZPOS64_T uint64_t
77 #endif
78 #endif
79 */

81 #ifdef HAVE_MINIZIP64_CONF_H
82 #include "mz64conf.h"
83 #endif

85 /* a type choosen by DEFINE */
86 #ifdef HAVE_64BIT_INT_CUSTOM
87 typedef 64BIT_INT_CUSTOM_TYPE ZPOS64_T;
88 #else
89 #ifdef HAS_STDINT_H
90 #include "stdint.h"
91 typedef uint64_t ZPOS64_T;
92 #else

94 /* Maximum unsigned 32-bit value used as placeholder for zip64 */
95 #define MAXU32 0xffffffff

97 #if defined(_MSC_VER) || defined(__BORLANDC__)
98 typedef unsigned __int64 ZPOS64_T;
99 #else
100 typedef unsigned long long int ZPOS64_T;
101 #endif
102 #endif
103 #endif

107 #ifdef __cplusplus
108 extern "C" {
109 #endif

112 #define ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_CUR (1)
113 #define ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_END (2)
114 #define ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET (0)

116 #define ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READ (1)
117 #define ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_WRITE (2)
118 #define ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READWRITEFILTER (3)

120 #define ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_EXISTING (4)
121 #define ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_CREATE (8)

124 #ifndef ZCALLBACK
125 #if (defined(WIN32) || defined(_WIN32) || defined(WINDOWS) || defined(_WINDOW
126 #define ZCALLBACK CALLBACK

```

```

127 #else
128 #define ZCALLBACK
129 #endif
130 #endif

135 typedef voidpf (ZCALLBACK *open_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, const char*
136 typedef uLong (ZCALLBACK *read_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stre
137 typedef uLong (ZCALLBACK *write_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stre
138 typedef int (ZCALLBACK *close_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stre
139 typedef int (ZCALLBACK *testerror_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stre

141 typedef long (ZCALLBACK *tell_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stre
142 typedef long (ZCALLBACK *seek_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stre

145 /* here is the "old" 32 bits structure structure */
146 typedef struct zlib_filefunc_def_s
147 {
148     open_file_func zopen_file;
149     read_file_func zread_file;
150     write_file_func zwrite_file;
151     tell_file_func ztell_file;
152     seek_file_func zseek_file;
153     close_file_func zclose_file;
154     testerror_file_func zerror_file;
155     voidpf opaque;
156 } zlib_filefunc_def;

158 typedef ZPOS64_T (ZCALLBACK *tell64_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stre
159 typedef long (ZCALLBACK *seek64_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stre
160 typedef voidpf (ZCALLBACK *open64_file_func) OF((voidpf opaque, const void*

162 typedef struct zlib_filefunc64_def_s
163 {
164     open64_file_func zopen64_file;
165     read_file_func zread_file;
166     write_file_func zwrite_file;
167     tell64_file_func ztell64_file;
168     seek64_file_func zseek64_file;
169     close_file_func zclose_file;
170     testerror_file_func zerror_file;
171     voidpf opaque;
172 } zlib_filefunc64_def;

174 void fill_fopen64_filefunc OF((zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));
175 void fill_fopen_filefunc OF((zlib_filefunc_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));

177 /* now internal definition, only for zip.c and unzip.h */
178 typedef struct zlib_filefunc64_32_def_s
179 {
180     zlib_filefunc64_def zfile_func64;
181     open_file_func zopen32_file;
182     tell_file_func ztell32_file;
183     seek_file_func zseek32_file;
184 } zlib_filefunc64_32_def;

187 #define ZREAD64(filefunc,filestream,buf,size) (((filefunc).zfile_func64.zr
188 #define ZWRITE64(filefunc,filestream,buf,size) (((filefunc).zfile_func64.zw
189 // #define ZTELL64(filefunc,filestream) (((filefunc).ztell64_file)
190 // #define ZSEEK64(filefunc,filestream,pos,mode) (((filefunc).zseek64_file)
191 #define ZCLOSE64(filefunc,filestream) (((filefunc).zfile_func64.zc
192 #define ZERROR64(filefunc,filestream) (((filefunc).zfile_func64.ze

```

```

194 voidpf call_zopen64 OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pfilefunc,const void*filen
195 long call_zseek64 OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pfilefunc,voidpf filestre
196 ZPOS64_T call_ztell64 OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pfilefunc,voidpf filestr

198 void fill_zlib_filefunc64_32_def_from_filefunc32(zlib_filefunc64_32_def* p_fi

200 #define ZOPEN64(filefunc,filename,mode) (call_zopen64((&(filefunc)),(fil
201 #define ZTELL64(filefunc,filestream) (call_ztell64((&(filefunc)),(fil
202 #define ZSEEK64(filefunc,filestream,pos,mode) (call_zseek64((&(filefunc)),(fil

204 #ifdef __cplusplus
205 }
206 #endif

208 #endif

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/iowin32.c

1

```
*****
14148 Wed Apr 15:57:13 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/iowin32.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* iowin32.c -- IO base function header for compress/uncompress .zip
2    Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010
3    part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.htm

5    Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant ( http://www.winimage.

7    Modifications for Zip64 support
8    Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )

10   For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

12 */

14 #include <stdlib.h>

16 #include "zlib.h"
17 #include "ioapi.h"
18 #include "iowin32.h"

20 #ifndef INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE
21 #define INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE (0xFFFFFFFF)
22 #endif

24 #ifndef INVALID_SET_FILE_POINTER
25 #define INVALID_SET_FILE_POINTER ((DWORD)-1)
26 #endif

29 #if defined(WINAPI_FAMILY_PARTITION) && (!(defined(IOWIN32_USING_WINRT_API)))
30 #if WINAPI_FAMILY_PARTITION(WINAPI_PARTITION_APP)
31 #define IOWIN32_USING_WINRT_API 1
32 #endif
33 #endif

35 voidpf ZCALLBACK win32_open_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, const char* filename,
36 uLong ZCALLBACK win32_read_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, void*
37 uLong ZCALLBACK win32_write_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, const
38 ZPOS64_T ZCALLBACK win32_tell64_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream));
39 long ZCALLBACK win32_seek64_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, ZPOS
40 int ZCALLBACK win32_close_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream));
41 int ZCALLBACK win32_error_file_func OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf stream));

43 typedef struct
44 {
45     HANDLE hf;
46     int error;
47 } WIN32FILE_IOWIN;

50 static void win32_translate_open_mode(int mode,
51     DWORD* lpdwDesiredAccess,
52     DWORD* lpdwCreationDisposition,
53     DWORD* lpdwShareMode,
54     DWORD* lpdwFlagsAndAttributes)
55 {
56     *lpdwDesiredAccess = *lpdwShareMode = *lpdwFlagsAndAttributes = *lpdwCreatio

58     if ((mode & ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READWRITEFILTER)==ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READ)
59     {
60         *lpdwDesiredAccess = GENERIC_READ;
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/iowin32.c

2

```
61     *lpdwCreationDisposition = OPEN_EXISTING;
62     *lpdwShareMode = FILE_SHARE_READ;
63     }
64     else if (mode & ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_EXISTING)
65     {
66         *lpdwDesiredAccess = GENERIC_WRITE | GENERIC_READ;
67         *lpdwCreationDisposition = OPEN_EXISTING;
68     }
69     else if (mode & ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_CREATE)
70     {
71         *lpdwDesiredAccess = GENERIC_WRITE | GENERIC_READ;
72         *lpdwCreationDisposition = CREATE_ALWAYS;
73     }
74 }

76 static voidpf win32_build_iowin(HANDLE hFile)
77 {
78     voidpf ret=NULL;

80     if ((hFile != NULL) && (hFile != INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE))
81     {
82         WIN32FILE_IOWIN w32fiow;
83         w32fiow.hf = hFile;
84         w32fiow.error = 0;
85         ret = malloc(sizeof(WIN32FILE_IOWIN));

87         if (ret==NULL)
88             CloseHandle(hFile);
89         else
90             *((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)ret) = w32fiow;
91     }
92     return ret;
93 }

95 voidpf ZCALLBACK win32_open64_file_func (voidpf opaque,const void* filename,int
96 {
97     const char* mode_fopen = NULL;
98     DWORD dwDesiredAccess,dwCreationDisposition,dwShareMode,dwFlagsAndAttributes
99     HANDLE hFile = NULL;

101     win32_translate_open_mode(mode,&dwDesiredAccess,&dwCreationDisposition,&dwSh

103 #ifdef IOWIN32_USING_WINRT_API
104 #ifdef UNICODE
105     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
106         hFile = CreateFile2((LPCTSTR)filename, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, dwC
107 #else
108     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
109     {
110         WCHAR filenameW[FILENAME_MAX + 0x200 + 1];
111         MultiByteToWideChar(CP_ACP,0,(const char*)filename,-1,filenameW,FILENAME
112         hFile = CreateFile2(filenameW, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, dwCreationD
113     }
114 #endif
115 #else
116     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
117         hFile = CreateFile((LPCTSTR)filename, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, NULL
118 #endif

120     return win32_build_iowin(hFile);
121 }

124 voidpf ZCALLBACK win32_open64_file_funcA (voidpf opaque,const void* filename,int
125 {
126     const char* mode_fopen = NULL;
```

```

127     DWORD dwDesiredAccess,dwCreationDisposition,dwShareMode,dwFlagsAndAttributes
128     HANDLE hFile = NULL;

130     win32_translate_open_mode(mode,&dwDesiredAccess,&dwCreationDisposition,&dwSh

132 #ifdef IOWIN32_USING_WINRT_API
133     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
134     {
135         WCHAR filenameW[FILENAME_MAX + 0x200 + 1];
136         MultiByteToWideChar(CP_ACP,0,(const char*)filename,-1,filenameW,FILENAME
137         hFile = CreateFile2(filenameW, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, dwCreationD
138     }
139 #else
140     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
141         hFile = CreateFileA((LPCSTR)filename, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, NULL
142 #endif

144     return win32_build_iowin(hFile);
145 }

148 voidpf ZCALLBACK win32_open64_file_funcW (voidpf opaque,const void* filename,int
149 {
150     const char* mode_fopen = NULL;
151     DWORD dwDesiredAccess,dwCreationDisposition,dwShareMode,dwFlagsAndAttributes
152     HANDLE hFile = NULL;

154     win32_translate_open_mode(mode,&dwDesiredAccess,&dwCreationDisposition,&dwSh

156 #ifdef IOWIN32_USING_WINRT_API
157     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
158         hFile = CreateFile2((LPCWSTR)filename, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, dwC
159 #else
160     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
161         hFile = CreateFileW((LPCWSTR)filename, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, NUL
162 #endif

164     return win32_build_iowin(hFile);
165 }

168 voidpf ZCALLBACK win32_open_file_func (voidpf opaque,const char* filename,int mo
169 {
170     const char* mode_fopen = NULL;
171     DWORD dwDesiredAccess,dwCreationDisposition,dwShareMode,dwFlagsAndAttributes
172     HANDLE hFile = NULL;

174     win32_translate_open_mode(mode,&dwDesiredAccess,&dwCreationDisposition,&dwSh

176 #ifdef IOWIN32_USING_WINRT_API
177 #ifdef UNICODE
178     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
179         hFile = CreateFile2((LPCTSTR)filename, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, dwC
180 #else
181     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
182     {
183         WCHAR filenameW[FILENAME_MAX + 0x200 + 1];
184         MultiByteToWideChar(CP_ACP,0,(const char*)filename,-1,filenameW,FILENAME
185         hFile = CreateFile2(filenameW, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, dwCreationD
186     }
187 #endif
188 #else
189     if ((filename!=NULL) && (dwDesiredAccess != 0))
190         hFile = CreateFile((LPCTSTR)filename, dwDesiredAccess, dwShareMode, NULL
191 #endif

```

```

193     return win32_build_iowin(hFile);
194 }

197 uLong ZCALLBACK win32_read_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream, void* buf,uL
198 {
199     uLong ret=0;
200     HANDLE hFile = NULL;
201     if (stream!=NULL)
202         hFile = ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> hf;

204     if (hFile != NULL)
205     {
206         if (!ReadFile(hFile, buf, size, &ret, NULL))
207         {
208             DWORD dwErr = GetLastError();
209             if (dwErr == ERROR_HANDLE_EOF)
210                 dwErr = 0;
211             ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> error=(int)dwErr;
212         }
213     }

215     return ret;
216 }

219 uLong ZCALLBACK win32_write_file_func (voidpf opaque,voidpf stream,const void* b
220 {
221     uLong ret=0;
222     HANDLE hFile = NULL;
223     if (stream!=NULL)
224         hFile = ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> hf;

226     if (hFile != NULL)
227     {
228         if (!WriteFile(hFile, buf, size, &ret, NULL))
229         {
230             DWORD dwErr = GetLastError();
231             if (dwErr == ERROR_HANDLE_EOF)
232                 dwErr = 0;
233             ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> error=(int)dwErr;
234         }
235     }

237     return ret;
238 }

240 static BOOL MySetFilePointerEx(HANDLE hFile, LARGE_INTEGER pos, LARGE_INTEGER *n
241 {
242 #ifdef IOWIN32_USING_WINRT_API
243     return SetFilePointerEx(hFile, pos, newPos, dwMoveMethod);
244 #else
245     LONG lHigh = pos.HighPart;
246     DWORD dwNewPos = SetFilePointer(hFile, pos.LowPart, &lHigh, FILE_CURRENT);
247     BOOL fOk = TRUE;
248     if (dwNewPos == 0xFFFFFFFF)
249         if (GetLastError() != NO_ERROR)
250             fOk = FALSE;
251     if ((newPos != NULL) && (fOk))
252     {
253         newPos->LowPart = dwNewPos;
254         newPos->HighPart = lHigh;
255     }
256     return fOk;
257 #endif
258 }

```



```

260 long ZCALLBACK win32_tell_file_func (voidpf opaque,voidpf stream)
261 {
262     long ret=-1;
263     HANDLE hFile = NULL;
264     if (stream!=NULL)
265         hFile = ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> hf;
266     if (hFile != NULL)
267     {
268         LARGE_INTEGER pos;
269         pos.QuadPart = 0;
270
271         if (!MySetFilePointerEx(hFile, pos, &pos, FILE_CURRENT))
272         {
273             DWORD dwErr = GetLastError();
274             ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> error=(int)dwErr;
275             ret = -1;
276         }
277         else
278             ret=(long)pos.LowPart;
279     }
280     return ret;
281 }
282
283 ZPOS64_T ZCALLBACK win32_tell64_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream)
284 {
285     ZPOS64_T ret= (ZPOS64_T)-1;
286     HANDLE hFile = NULL;
287     if (stream!=NULL)
288         hFile = ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream)->hf;
289
290     if (hFile)
291     {
292         LARGE_INTEGER pos;
293         pos.QuadPart = 0;
294
295         if (!MySetFilePointerEx(hFile, pos, &pos, FILE_CURRENT))
296         {
297             DWORD dwErr = GetLastError();
298             ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> error=(int)dwErr;
299             ret = (ZPOS64_T)-1;
300         }
301         else
302             ret=pos.QuadPart;
303     }
304     return ret;
305 }
306
307
308 long ZCALLBACK win32_seek_file_func (voidpf opaque,voidpf stream,uLong offset,in
309 {
310     DWORD dwMoveMethod=0xFFFFFFFF;
311     HANDLE hFile = NULL;
312
313     long ret=-1;
314     if (stream!=NULL)
315         hFile = ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> hf;
316     switch (origin)
317     {
318     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_CUR :
319         dwMoveMethod = FILE_CURRENT;
320         break;
321     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_END :
322         dwMoveMethod = FILE_END;
323         break;
324     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET :

```

```

325         dwMoveMethod = FILE_BEGIN;
326         break;
327     default: return -1;
328     }
329
330     if (hFile != NULL)
331     {
332         LARGE_INTEGER pos;
333         pos.QuadPart = offset;
334         if (!MySetFilePointerEx(hFile, pos, NULL, dwMoveMethod))
335         {
336             DWORD dwErr = GetLastError();
337             ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> error=(int)dwErr;
338             ret = -1;
339         }
340         else
341             ret=0;
342     }
343     return ret;
344 }
345
346 long ZCALLBACK win32_seek64_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream,ZPOS64_T off
347 {
348     DWORD dwMoveMethod=0xFFFFFFFF;
349     HANDLE hFile = NULL;
350     long ret=-1;
351
352     if (stream!=NULL)
353         hFile = ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream)->hf;
354
355     switch (origin)
356     {
357     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_CUR :
358         dwMoveMethod = FILE_CURRENT;
359         break;
360     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_END :
361         dwMoveMethod = FILE_END;
362         break;
363     case ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET :
364         dwMoveMethod = FILE_BEGIN;
365         break;
366     default: return -1;
367     }
368
369     if (hFile)
370     {
371         LARGE_INTEGER pos;
372         pos.QuadPart = offset;
373         if (!MySetFilePointerEx(hFile, pos, NULL, FILE_CURRENT))
374         {
375             DWORD dwErr = GetLastError();
376             ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> error=(int)dwErr;
377             ret = -1;
378         }
379         else
380             ret=0;
381     }
382     return ret;
383 }
384
385 int ZCALLBACK win32_close_file_func (voidpf opaque, voidpf stream)
386 {
387     int ret=-1;
388
389     if (stream!=NULL)
390     {

```

```

391     HANDLE hFile;
392     hFile = ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> hf;
393     if (hFile != NULL)
394     {
395         CloseHandle(hFile);
396         ret=0;
397     }
398     free(stream);
399 }
400 return ret;
401 }

403 int ZCALLBACK win32_error_file_func (voidpf opaque,voidpf stream)
404 {
405     int ret=-1;
406     if (stream!=NULL)
407     {
408         ret = ((WIN32FILE_IOWIN*)stream) -> error;
409     }
410     return ret;
411 }

413 void fill_win32_filefunc (zlib_filefunc_def* pzlib_filefunc_def)
414 {
415     pzlib_filefunc_def->zopen_file = win32_open_file_func;
416     pzlib_filefunc_def->zread_file = win32_read_file_func;
417     pzlib_filefunc_def->zwrite_file = win32_write_file_func;
418     pzlib_filefunc_def->ztell_file = win32_tell_file_func;
419     pzlib_filefunc_def->zseek_file = win32_seek_file_func;
420     pzlib_filefunc_def->zclose_file = win32_close_file_func;
421     pzlib_filefunc_def->zerror_file = win32_error_file_func;
422     pzlib_filefunc_def->opaque = NULL;
423 }

425 void fill_win32_filefunc64(zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def)
426 {
427     pzlib_filefunc_def->zopen64_file = win32_open64_file_func;
428     pzlib_filefunc_def->zread_file = win32_read_file_func;
429     pzlib_filefunc_def->zwrite_file = win32_write_file_func;
430     pzlib_filefunc_def->ztell64_file = win32_tell64_file_func;
431     pzlib_filefunc_def->zseek64_file = win32_seek64_file_func;
432     pzlib_filefunc_def->zclose_file = win32_close_file_func;
433     pzlib_filefunc_def->zerror_file = win32_error_file_func;
434     pzlib_filefunc_def->opaque = NULL;
435 }

438 void fill_win32_filefunc64A(zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def)
439 {
440     pzlib_filefunc_def->zopen64_file = win32_open64_file_funcA;
441     pzlib_filefunc_def->zread_file = win32_read_file_func;
442     pzlib_filefunc_def->zwrite_file = win32_write_file_func;
443     pzlib_filefunc_def->ztell64_file = win32_tell64_file_func;
444     pzlib_filefunc_def->zseek64_file = win32_seek64_file_func;
445     pzlib_filefunc_def->zclose_file = win32_close_file_func;
446     pzlib_filefunc_def->zerror_file = win32_error_file_func;
447     pzlib_filefunc_def->opaque = NULL;
448 }

451 void fill_win32_filefunc64W(zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def)
452 {
453     pzlib_filefunc_def->zopen64_file = win32_open64_file_funcW;
454     pzlib_filefunc_def->zread_file = win32_read_file_func;
455     pzlib_filefunc_def->zwrite_file = win32_write_file_func;
456     pzlib_filefunc_def->ztell64_file = win32_tell64_file_func;

```

```

457     pzlib_filefunc_def->zseek64_file = win32_seek64_file_func;
458     pzlib_filefunc_def->zclose_file = win32_close_file_func;
459     pzlib_filefunc_def->zerror_file = win32_error_file_func;
460     pzlib_filefunc_def->opaque = NULL;
461 }

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/iowin32.h

1

851 Wed Apr 1 15:57:13 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/iowin32.h

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 /* iowin32.h -- IO base function header for compress/uncompress .zip
2    Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010
3    part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.htm
4
5    Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant ( http://www.winimage.com
6
7    Modifications for Zip64 support
8    Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )
9
10   For more info read MiniZip_info.txt
11
12 */
13
14 #include <windows.h>
15
16
17 #ifdef __cplusplus
18 extern "C" {
19 #endif
20
21 void fill_win32_filefunc OF((zlib_filefunc_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));
22 void fill_win32_filefunc64 OF((zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));
23 void fill_win32_filefunc64A OF((zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));
24 void fill_win32_filefunc64W OF((zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));
25
26 #ifdef __cplusplus
27 }
28 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/make_vms.com

1

901 Wed Apr 1 15:57:13 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/make_vms.com

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 $ if f$search("ioapi.h_orig") .eqs. "" then copy ioapi.h ioapi.h_orig
2 $ open/write zdef vmsdefs.h
3 $ copy sys$input: zdef
4 $ deck
5 #define unix
6 #define fill_zlib_filefunc64_32_def_from_filefunc32 fillzfunc64from
7 #define Write_Zip64EndOfCentralDirectoryLocator Write_Zip64EoDLocator
8 #define Write_Zip64EndOfCentralDirectoryRecord Write_Zip64EoDRecord
9 #define Write_EndOfCentralDirectoryRecord Write_EoDRecord
10 $ eod
11 $ close zdef
12 $ copy vmsdefs.h,ioapi.h_orig ioapi.h
13 $ cc/include=[-]/prefix=all ioapi.c
14 $ cc/include=[-]/prefix=all miniunz.c
15 $ cc/include=[-]/prefix=all unzip.c
16 $ cc/include=[-]/prefix=all minizip.c
17 $ cc/include=[-]/prefix=all zip.c
18 $ link miniunz,unzip,ioapi,[-]libz.olb/lib
19 $ link minizip,zip,ioapi,[-]libz.olb/lib
20 $ mcr [ ]minizip test minizip_info.txt
21 $ mcr [ ]miniunz -l test.zip
22 $ rename minizip_info.txt; minizip_info.txt_old
23 $ mcr [ ]miniunz test.zip
24 $ delete test.zip;*
25 $exit
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/miniunz.c

1

```
*****
17763 Wed Apr 1 15:57:13 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/miniunz.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  miniunz.c
3  Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010
4  sample part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizi
6
7      Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant (minizip) ( http://www.winimage.
8
9      Modifications of Unzip for Zip64
10     Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault
11
12     Modifications for Zip64 support on both zip and unzip
13     Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )
14 */
15 #if (!defined(WIN32)) && (!defined(WIN32)) && (!defined(__APPLE__))
16 #ifndef __USE_FILE_OFFSET64
17 #define __USE_FILE_OFFSET64
18 #endif
19 #ifndef __USE_LARGEFILE64
20 #define __USE_LARGEFILE64
21 #endif
22 #ifndef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
23 #define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
24 #endif
25 #ifndef _FILE_OFFSET_BIT
26 #define _FILE_OFFSET_BIT 64
27 #endif
28 #endif
29
30 #ifdef __APPLE__
31 // In darwin and perhaps other BSD variants off_t is a 64 bit value, hence no ne
32 #define FOPEN_FUNC(filename, mode) fopen(filename, mode)
33 #define FTELLO_FUNC(stream) ftello(stream)
34 #define FSEEKO_FUNC(stream, offset, origin) fseeko(stream, offset, origin)
35 #else
36 #define FOPEN_FUNC(filename, mode) fopen64(filename, mode)
37 #define FTELLO_FUNC(stream) ftello64(stream)
38 #define FSEEKO_FUNC(stream, offset, origin) fseeko64(stream, offset, origin)
39 #endif
40
41 #include <stdio.h>
42 #include <stdlib.h>
43 #include <string.h>
44 #include <time.h>
45 #include <errno.h>
46 #include <fcntl.h>
47
48 #ifdef WIN32
49 #include <direct.h>
50 #include <io.h>
51 #else
52 #include <unistd.h>
53 #include <utime.h>
54 #endif
55
56 #include "unzip.h"
57
58 #define CASESENSITIVITY (0)
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/miniunz.c

2

```
61 #define WRITEBUFFERSIZE (8192)
62 #define MAXFILENAME (256)
63
64 #ifdef WIN32
65 #define USEWIN32IOAPI
66 #include "iowin32.h"
67 #endif
68 /*
69  mini unzip, demo of unzip package
70
71  usage :
72  Usage : miniunz [-exvlo] file.zip [file_to_extract] [-d extractdir]
73
74  list the file in the zipfile, and print the content of FILE_ID.ZIP or README.T
75  if it exists
76 */
77
78 /* change_file_date : change the date/time of a file
79  filename : the filename of the file where date/time must be modified
80  dosdate : the new date at the MSDos format (4 bytes)
81  tmu_date : the SAME new date at the tm_unz format */
82 void change_file_date(filename,dosdate,tmu_date)
83 {
84     const char *filename;
85     uLong dosdate;
86     tm_unz tmu_date;
87 }
88 #ifdef WIN32
89 HANDLE hFile;
90 FILETIME ftm,ftLocal,ftCreate,ftLastAcc,ftLastWrite;
91
92 hFile = CreateFileA(filename,GENERIC_READ | GENERIC_WRITE,
93     0,NULL,OPEN_EXISTING,0,NULL);
94 GetFileTime(hFile,&ftCreate,&ftLastAcc,&ftLastWrite);
95 DosDateTimeToFileTime((WORD)dosdate,>16),(WORD)dosdate,&ftLocal);
96 LocalFileTimeToFileTime(&ftLocal,&ftm);
97 SetFileTime(hFile,&ftm,&ftLastAcc,&ftm);
98 CloseHandle(hFile);
99 #else
100 #ifdef unix || __APPLE__
101 struct utimbuf ut;
102 struct tm newdate;
103 newdate.tm_sec = tmu_date.tm_sec;
104 newdate.tm_min=tmu_date.tm_min;
105 newdate.tm_hour=tmu_date.tm_hour;
106 newdate.tm_mday=tmu_date.tm_mday;
107 newdate.tm_mon=tmu_date.tm_mon;
108 if (tmu_date.tm_year > 1900)
109     newdate.tm_year=tmu_date.tm_year - 1900;
110 else
111     newdate.tm_year=tmu_date.tm_year ;
112 newdate.tm_isdst=-1;
113
114 ut.actime=ut.modtime=mktime(&newdate);
115 utime(filename,&ut);
116 #endif
117 #endif
118 }
119
120 /* mymkdir and change_file_date are not 100 % portable
121  As I don't know well Unix, I wait feedback for the unix portion */
122
123 int mymkdir(dirname)
124 {
125     const char* dirname;
126 }
```

```

127 int ret=0;
128 #ifdef _WIN32
129 ret = _mkdir(dirname);
130 #elif unix
131 ret = mkdir (dirname,0775);
132 #elif __APPLE__
133 ret = mkdir (dirname,0775);
134 #endif
135 return ret;
136 }

138 int mkdir (newdir)
139 char *newdir;
140 {
141 char *buffer ;
142 char *p;
143 int len = (int)strlen(newdir);

145 if (len <= 0)
146 return 0;

148 buffer = (char*)malloc(len+1);
149 if (buffer==NULL)
150 {
151 printf("Error allocating memory\n");
152 return UNZ_INTERNALERROR;
153 }
154 strcpy(buffer,newdir);

156 if (buffer[len-1] == '/') {
157 buffer[len-1] = '\0';
158 }
159 if (mymkdir(buffer) == 0)
160 {
161 free(buffer);
162 return 1;
163 }

165 p = buffer+1;
166 while (1)
167 {
168 char hold;

170 while(*p && *p != '\\ ' && *p != '/')
171 p++;
172 hold = *p;
173 *p = 0;
174 if ((mymkdir(buffer) == -1) && (errno == ENOENT))
175 {
176 printf("couldn't create directory %s\n",buffer);
177 free(buffer);
178 return 0;
179 }
180 if (hold == 0)
181 break;
182 *p++ = hold;
183 }
184 free(buffer);
185 return 1;
186 }

188 void do_banner()
189 {
190 printf("MiniUnz 1.01b, demo of zLib + Unz package written by Gilles Vollant\
191 printf("more info at http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/unzip.html\n\n");
192 }

```

```

194 void do_help()
195 {
196 printf("Usage : miniunz [-e] [-x] [-v] [-l] [-o] [-p password] file.zip [fil
197 " -e Extract without pathname (junk paths)\n" \
198 " -x Extract with pathname\n" \
199 " -v list files\n" \
200 " -l list files\n" \
201 " -d directory to extract into\n" \
202 " -o overwrite files without prompting\n" \
203 " -p extract crypted file using password\n\n");
204 }

206 void Display64BitsSize(ZPOS64_T n, int size_char)
207 {
208 /* to avoid compatibility problem , we do here the conversion */
209 char number[21];
210 int offset=19;
211 int pos_string = 19;
212 number[20]=0;
213 for (;;) {
214 number[offset]=(char)((n%10)+'0');
215 if (number[offset] != '0')
216 pos_string=offset;
217 n/=10;
218 if (offset==0)
219 break;
220 offset--;
221 }
222 {
223 int size_display_string = 19-pos_string;
224 while (size_char > size_display_string)
225 {
226 size_char--;
227 printf(" ");
228 }
229 }

231 printf("%s",&number[pos_string]);
232 }

234 int do_list(uf)
235 unzFile uf;
236 {
237 uLong i;
238 unz_global_info64 gi;
239 int err;

241 err = unzGetGlobalInfo64(uf,&gi);
242 if (err!=UNZ_OK)
243 printf("error %d with zipfile in unzGetGlobalInfo \n",err);
244 printf(" Length Method Size Ratio Date Time CRC-32 Name\n")
245 printf(" ----- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - \n")
246 for (i=0;i<gi.number_entry;i++)
247 {
248 char filename_inzip[256];
249 unz_file_info64 file_info;
250 uLong ratio=0;
251 const char *string_method;
252 char charCrypt=' ';
253 err = unzGetCurrentFile64(uf,&file_info,filename_inzip,sizeof(filena
254 if (err!=UNZ_OK)
255 {
256 printf("error %d with zipfile in unzGetCurrentFile\n",err);
257 break;
258 }

```

```

259     if (file_info.uncompressed_size>0)
260         ratio = (uLong)((file_info.compressed_size*100)/file_info.uncompress

262     /* display a '*' if the file is crypted */
263     if ((file_info.flag & 1) != 0)
264         charCrypt='*';

266     if (file_info.compression_method==0)
267         string_method="Stored";
268     else
269     if (file_info.compression_method==Z_DEFLATED)
270     {
271         uInt iLevel=(uInt)((file_info.flag & 0x6)/2);
272         if (iLevel==0)
273             string_method="Defl:N";
274         else if (iLevel==1)
275             string_method="Defl:X";
276         else if ((iLevel==2) || (iLevel==3))
277             string_method="Defl:F"; /* 2:fast , 3 : extra fast*/
278     }
279     else
280     if (file_info.compression_method==Z_BZIP2ED)
281     {
282         string_method="BZip2 ";
283     }
284     else
285         string_method="Unkn. ";

287     Display64BitsSize(file_info.uncompressed_size,7);
288     printf(" %6s%c",string_method,charCrypt);
289     Display64BitsSize(file_info.compressed_size,7);
290     printf(" %3lu%2.2lu-%2.2lu-%2.2lu %2.2lu:%2.2lu %8.8lx %s\n",
291         ratio,
292         (uLong)file_info.tmu_date.tm_mon + 1,
293         (uLong)file_info.tmu_date.tm_mday,
294         (uLong)file_info.tmu_date.tm_year % 100,
295         (uLong)file_info.tmu_date.tm_hour,(uLong)file_info.tmu_date.tm_m
296         (uLong)file_info.crc,filename_inzip);
297     if ((i+1)<gi.number_entry)
298     {
299         err = unzGoToNextFile(uf);
300         if (err!=UNZ_OK)
301         {
302             printf("error %d with zipfile in unzGoToNextFile\n",err);
303             break;
304         }
305     }
306 }

308 return 0;
309 }

312 int do_extract_currentfile(uf,popt_extract_without_path,popt_overwrite,password)
313 unzFile uf;
314 const int* popt_extract_without_path;
315 int* popt_overwrite;
316 const char* password;
317 {
318     char filename_inzip[256];
319     char* filename_withoutpath;
320     char* p;
321     int err=UNZ_OK;
322     FILE *fout=NULL;
323     void* buf;
324     uInt size_buf;

```

```

326     unz_file_info64 file_info;
327     uLong ratio=0;
328     err = unzGetCurrentFileInfo64(uf,&file_info,filename_inzip,sizeof(filename_i

330     if (err!=UNZ_OK)
331     {
332         printf("error %d with zipfile in unzGetCurrentFileInfo\n",err);
333         return err;
334     }

336     size_buf = WRITEBUFFERSIZE;
337     buf = (void*)malloc(size_buf);
338     if (buf==NULL)
339     {
340         printf("Error allocating memory\n");
341         return UNZ_INTERNALERROR;
342     }

344     p = filename_withoutpath = filename_inzip;
345     while ((*p) != '\0')
346     {
347         if (((*p)=='/') || ((*p)=='\'))
348             filename_withoutpath = p+1;
349         p++;
350     }

352     if ((*filename_withoutpath)=='\0')
353     {
354         if ((*popt_extract_without_path)==0)
355         {
356             printf("creating directory: %s\n",filename_inzip);
357             mymkdir(filename_inzip);
358         }
359     }
360     else
361     {
362         const char* write_filename;
363         int skip=0;

365         if ((*popt_extract_without_path)==0)
366             write_filename = filename_inzip;
367         else
368             write_filename = filename_withoutpath;

370         err = unzOpenCurrentFilePassword(uf,password);
371         if (err!=UNZ_OK)
372         {
373             printf("error %d with zipfile in unzOpenCurrentFilePassword\n",err);
374         }

376         if ((*popt_overwrite)==0) && (err==UNZ_OK)
377         {
378             char rep=0;
379             FILE* ftestexist;
380             ftestexist = FOPEN_FUNC(write_filename,"rb");
381             if (ftestexist!=NULL)
382             {
383                 fclose(ftestexist);
384                 do
385                 {
386                     char answer[128];
387                     int ret;

389                     printf("The file %s exists. Overwrite ? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll:
390                     ret = scanf("%s",answer);

```

```

391         if (ret != 1)
392         {
393             exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
394         }
395         rep = answer[0];
396         if ((rep>='a') && (rep<='z'))
397             rep -= 0x20;
398     }
399     while ((rep!='Y') && (rep!='N') && (rep!='A'));
400 }

402 if (rep == 'N')
403     skip = 1;

405 if (rep == 'A')
406     *popt_overwrite=1;
407 }

409 if ((skip==0) && (err==UNZ_OK))
410 {
411     fout=FOPEN_FUNC(write_filename,"wb");
412     /* some zipfile don't contain directory alone before file */
413     if ((fout==NULL) && ((*popt_extract_without_path)=0) &&
414         (filename_withoutpath!=(char*)filename_inzip))
415     {
416         char c=(filename_withoutpath-1);
417         *(filename_withoutpath-1)='\0';
418         mkdir(write_filename);
419         *(filename_withoutpath-1)=c;
420         fout=FOPEN_FUNC(write_filename,"wb");
421     }

423     if (fout==NULL)
424     {
425         printf("error opening %s\n",write_filename);
426     }
427 }

429 if (fout!=NULL)
430 {
431     printf(" extracting: %s\n",write_filename);

433     do
434     {
435         err = unzReadCurrentFile(uf,buf,size_buf);
436         if (err<0)
437         {
438             printf("error %d with zipfile in unzReadCurrentFile\n",err);
439             break;
440         }
441         if (err>0)
442             if (fwrite(buf,err,1,fout)!=1)
443             {
444                 printf("error in writing extracted file\n");
445                 err=UNZ_ERRNO;
446                 break;
447             }
448     }
449     while (err>0);
450     if (fout)
451         fclose(fout);

453     if (err==0)
454         change_file_date(write_filename,file_info.dosDate,
455                         file_info.tmu_date);
456 }

```

```

458     if (err==UNZ_OK)
459     {
460         err = unzCloseCurrentFile (uf);
461         if (err!=UNZ_OK)
462         {
463             printf("error %d with zipfile in unzCloseCurrentFile\n",err);
464         }
465     }
466     else
467         unzCloseCurrentFile(uf); /* don't lose the error */
468 }

470 free(buf);
471 return err;
472 }

475 int do_extract(uf,opt_extract_without_path,opt_overwrite,password)
476 unzFile uf;
477 int opt_extract_without_path;
478 int opt_overwrite;
479 const char* password;
480 {
481     uLong i;
482     unz_global_info64 gi;
483     int err;
484     FILE* fout=NULL;

486     err = unzGetGlobalInfo64(uf,&gi);
487     if (err!=UNZ_OK)
488         printf("error %d with zipfile in unzGetGlobalInfo \n",err);

490     for (i=0;i<gi.number_entry;i++)
491     {
492         if (do_extract_currentfile(uf,&opt_extract_without_path,
493                                 &opt_overwrite,
494                                 password) != UNZ_OK)
495             break;

497         if ((i+1)<gi.number_entry)
498         {
499             err = unzGoToNextFile(uf);
500             if (err!=UNZ_OK)
501             {
502                 printf("error %d with zipfile in unzGoToNextFile\n",err);
503                 break;
504             }
505         }
506     }

508     return 0;
509 }

511 int do_extract_onefile(uf,filename,opt_extract_without_path,opt_overwrite,passwo
512 unzFile uf;
513 const char* filename;
514 int opt_extract_without_path;
515 int opt_overwrite;
516 const char* password;
517 {
518     int err = UNZ_OK;
519     if (unzLocateFile(uf,filename,CASESENSITIVITY)!=UNZ_OK)
520     {
521         printf("file %s not found in the zipfile\n",filename);
522         return 2;

```



```

523     }
525     if (do_extract_currentfile(uf,&opt_extract_without_path,
526                             &opt_overwrite,
527                             password) == UNZ_OK)
528         return 0;
529     else
530         return 1;
531 }

534 int main(argc,argv)
535     int argc;
536     char *argv[];
537 {
538     const char *zipfilename=NULL;
539     const char *filename_to_extract=NULL;
540     const char *password=NULL;
541     char filename_try[MAXFILENAME+16] = "";
542     int i;
543     int ret_value=0;
544     int opt_do_list=0;
545     int opt_do_extract=1;
546     int opt_do_extract_withoutpath=0;
547     int opt_overwrite=0;
548     int opt_extractdir=0;
549     const char *dirname=NULL;
550     unzFile uf=NULL;

552     do_banner();
553     if (argc==1)
554     {
555         do_help();
556         return 0;
557     }
558     else
559     {
560         for (i=1;i<argc;i++)
561         {
562             if ((*argv[i])=='-')
563             {
564                 const char *p=argv[i]+1;

566                 while ((*p)!='\0')
567                 {
568                     char c=*(p++);
569                     if ((c=='l') || (c=='L'))
570                         opt_do_list = 1;
571                     if ((c=='v') || (c=='V'))
572                         opt_do_list = 1;
573                     if ((c=='x') || (c=='X'))
574                         opt_do_extract = 1;
575                     if ((c=='e') || (c=='E'))
576                         opt_do_extract = opt_do_extract_withoutpath = 1;
577                     if ((c=='o') || (c=='O'))
578                         opt_overwrite=1;
579                     if ((c=='d') || (c=='D'))
580                     {
581                         opt_extractdir=1;
582                         dirname=argv[i+1];
583                     }

585                     if ((c=='p') || (c=='P')) && (i+1<argc)
586                     {
587                         password=argv[i+1];
588                         i++;

```

```

589         }
590     }
591     }
592     else
593     {
594         if (zipfilename == NULL)
595             zipfilename = argv[i];
596         else if ((filename_to_extract==NULL) && (!opt_extractdir))
597             filename_to_extract = argv[i];
598     }
599 }
600 }

602 if (zipfilename!=NULL)
603 {
605 #ifdef USEWIN32IOAPI
606     zlib_filefunc64_def ffunc;
607 #endif

609     strncpy(filename_try, zipfilename,MAXFILENAME-1);
610     /* strncpy doesnt append the trailing NULL, of the string is too long. */
611     filename_try[ MAXFILENAME ] = '\0';

613 #ifdef USEWIN32IOAPI
614     fill_win32_filefunc64A(&ffunc);
615     uf = unzOpen2_64(zipfilename,&ffunc);
616 #else
617     uf = unzOpen64(zipfilename);
618 #endif
619     if (uf==NULL)
620     {
621         strcat(filename_try,".zip");
622 #ifdef USEWIN32IOAPI
623         uf = unzOpen2_64(filename_try,&ffunc);
624 #else
625         uf = unzOpen64(filename_try);
626 #endif
627     }
628 }

630 if (uf==NULL)
631 {
632     printf("Cannot open %s or %s.zip\n",zipfilename,zipfilename);
633     return 1;
634 }
635 printf("%s opened\n",filename_try);

637 if (opt_do_list==1)
638     ret_value = do_list(uf);
639 else if (opt_do_extract==1)
640 {
641 #ifdef _WIN32
642     if (opt_extractdir && _chdir(dirname))
643 #else
644     if (opt_extractdir && chdir(dirname))
645 #endif
646     {
647         printf("Error changing into %s, aborting\n", dirname);
648         exit(-1);
649     }

651     if (filename_to_extract == NULL)
652         ret_value = do_extract(uf, opt_do_extract_withoutpath, opt_overwrite
653     else
654         ret_value = do_extract_onefile(uf, filename_to_extract, opt_do_extra

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/miniunz.c

11

```
655     }  
657     unzClose(uf);  
659     return ret_value;  
660 }
```

```

*****
1861 Wed Apr 1 15:57:14 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/miniunzip.1
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 .\"                               Hey, EMACS: -*- nroff -*-
2 .TH miniunzip 1 "Nov 7, 2001"
3 .\" Please adjust this date whenever revising the manpage.
4 .\"
5 .\" Some roff macros, for reference:
6 .\" .nh         disable hyphenation
7 .\" .hy         enable hyphenation
8 .\" .ad l       left justify
9 .\" .ad b       justify to both left and right margins
10 .\" .nf        disable filling
11 .\" .fi        enable filling
12 .\" .br        insert line break
13 .\" .sp <n>    insert n+1 empty lines
14 .\" for manpage-specific macros, see man(7)
15 .SH NAME
16 miniunzip - uncompress and examine ZIP archives
17 .SH SYNOPSIS
18 .B miniunzip
19 .RI [ -exvlo ]
20 zipfile [ files_to_extract ] [-d tempdir]
21 .SH DESCRIPTION
22 .B minizip
23 is a simple tool which allows the extraction of compressed file
24 archives in the ZIP format used by the MS-DOS utility PKZIP. It was
25 written as a demonstration of the
26 .IR zlib (3)
27 library and therefore lack many of the features of the
28 .IR unzip (1)
29 program.
30 .SH OPTIONS
31 A number of options are supported. With the exception of
32 .BI \-d\ tempdir
33 these must be supplied before any
34 other arguments and are:
35 .TP
36 .BI \-l\ ,\ \-v
37 List the files in the archive without extracting them.
38 .TP
39 .B \-o
40 Overwrite files without prompting for confirmation.
41 .TP
42 .B \-x
43 Extract files (default).
44 .PP
45 The
46 .I zipfile
47 argument is the name of the archive to process. The next argument can be used
48 to specify a single file to extract from the archive.
49
50 Lastly, the following option can be specified at the end of the command-line:
51 .TP
52 .BI \-d\ tempdir
53 Extract the archive in the directory
54 .I tempdir
55 rather than the current directory.
56 .SH SEE ALSO
57 .BR minizip (1),
58 .BR zlib (3),
59 .BR unzip (1).
60 .SH AUTHOR

```

```

61 This program was written by Gilles Vollant. This manual page was
62 written by Mark Brown <broonie@sirena.org.uk>. The -d tempdir option
63 was added by Dirk Eddelbuettel <edd@debian.org>.

```

1462 Wed Apr 1 15:57:14 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/minizip.1

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 .\"                               Hey, EMACS: -*- nroff -*-
2 .TH minizip 1 "May 2, 2001"
3 .\" Please adjust this date whenever revising the manpage.
4 .\"
5 .\" Some roff macros, for reference:
6 .\" .nh         disable hyphenation
7 .\" .hy         enable hyphenation
8 .\" .ad l       left justify
9 .\" .ad b       justify to both left and right margins
10 .\" .nf        disable filling
11 .\" .fi        enable filling
12 .\" .br        insert line break
13 .\" .sp <n>    insert n+1 empty lines
14 .\" for manpage-specific macros, see man(7)
15 .SH NAME
16 minizip - create ZIP archives
17 .SH SYNOPSIS
18 .B minizip
19 .RI [ -o ]
20 zipfile [ " files" ... ]
21 .SH DESCRIPTION
22 .B minizip
23 is a simple tool which allows the creation of compressed file archives
24 in the ZIP format used by the MS-DOS utility PKZIP.  It was written as
25 a demonstration of the
26 .IR zlib (3)
27 library and therefore lack many of the features of the
28 .IR zip (1)
29 program.
30 .SH OPTIONS
31 The first argument supplied is the name of the ZIP archive to create or
32 .RI -o
33 in which case it is ignored and the second argument treated as the
34 name of the ZIP file.  If the ZIP file already exists it will be
35 overwritten.
36 .PP
37 Subsequent arguments specify a list of files to place in the ZIP
38 archive.  If none are specified then an empty archive will be created.
39 .SH SEE ALSO
40 .BR miniunzip (1),
41 .BR zlib (3),
42 .BR zip (1).
43 .SH AUTHOR
44 This program was written by Gilles Vollant.  This manual page was
45 written by Mark Brown <broonie@sirena.org.uk>.
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/minizip.c

1

```
*****
15034 Wed Apr 1 15:57:14 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/minizip.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  minizip.c
3  Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010
4  sample part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizi
6
7      Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant (minizip) ( http://www.winimage.
8
9      Modifications of Unzip for Zip64
10     Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault
11
12     Modifications for Zip64 support on both zip and unzip
13     Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )
14 */
15
16 #if (!defined(_WIN32)) && (!defined(WIN32)) && (!defined(__APPLE__))
17     #ifndef __USE_FILE_OFFSET64
18         #define __USE_FILE_OFFSET64
19     #endif
20     #ifndef __USE_LARGEFILE64
21         #define __USE_LARGEFILE64
22     #endif
23     #ifndef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
24         #define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
25     #endif
26     #ifndef _FILE_OFFSET_BIT
27         #define _FILE_OFFSET_BIT 64
28     #endif
29 #endif
30
31 #ifdef __APPLE__
32 // In darwin and perhaps other BSD variants off_t is a 64 bit value, hence no ne
33 #define FOPEN_FUNC(filename, mode) fopen(filename, mode)
34 #define FTELLO_FUNC(stream) ftello(stream)
35 #define FSEEKO_FUNC(stream, offset, origin) fseeko(stream, offset, origin)
36 #else
37 #define FOPEN_FUNC(filename, mode) fopen64(filename, mode)
38 #define FTELLO_FUNC(stream) ftello64(stream)
39 #define FSEEKO_FUNC(stream, offset, origin) fseeko64(stream, offset, origin)
40 #endif
41
42
43
44 #include <stdio.h>
45 #include <stdlib.h>
46 #include <string.h>
47 #include <time.h>
48 #include <errno.h>
49 #include <fcntl.h>
50
51 #ifdef _WIN32
52 # include <direct.h>
53 # include <io.h>
54 #else
55 # include <unistd.h>
56 # include <utime.h>
57 # include <sys/types.h>
58 # include <sys/stat.h>
59 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/minizip.c

2

```
61 #include "zip.h"
62
63 #ifdef _WIN32
64     #define USEWIN32IOAPI
65     #include "iowin32.h"
66 #endif
67
68
69 #define WRITEBUFFERSIZE (16384)
70 #define MAXFILENAME (256)
71
72 #ifdef _WIN32
73 uLong filetime(f, tmzip, dt)
74 char *f; /* name of file to get info on */
75 tm_zip *tmzip; /* return value: access, modific. and creation ti
76 uLong *dt; /* dostime */
77 {
78     int ret = 0;
79     {
80         FILETIME ftLocal;
81         HANDLE hFind;
82         WIN32_FIND_DATA ff32;
83
84         hFind = FindFirstFileA(f,&ff32);
85         if (hFind != INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE)
86         {
87             FileTimeToLocalFileTime(&(ff32.ftLastWriteTime),&ftLocal);
88             FileTimeToDosDateTime(&ftLocal,((LPWORD)dt)+1,((LPWORD)dt)+0);
89             FindClose(hFind);
90             ret = 1;
91         }
92     }
93 }
94 return ret;
95 #else
96 #ifdef unix || __APPLE__
97 uLong filetime(f, tmzip, dt)
98 char *f; /* name of file to get info on */
99 tm_zip *tmzip; /* return value: access, modific. and creation times
100 uLong *dt; /* dostime */
101 {
102     int ret=0;
103     struct stat s; /* results of stat() */
104     struct tm* filedate;
105     time_t tm_t=0;
106
107     if (strcmp(f,"-")!=0)
108     {
109         char name[MAXFILENAME+1];
110         int len = strlen(f);
111         if (len > MAXFILENAME)
112             len = MAXFILENAME;
113
114         strncpy(name, f,MAXFILENAME-1);
115         /* strncpy doesnt append the trailing NULL, of the string is too long. */
116         name[ MAXFILENAME ] = '\0';
117
118         if (name[len - 1] == '/')
119             name[len - 1] = '\0';
120         /* not all systems allow stat'ing a file with / appended */
121         if (stat(name,&s)==0)
122         {
123             tm_t = s.st_mtime;
124             ret = 1;
125         }
126     }
127 }
```

```

127 }
128 filedate = localtime(&tm_t);

130 tmzip->tm_sec = filedate->tm_sec;
131 tmzip->tm_min = filedate->tm_min;
132 tmzip->tm_hour = filedate->tm_hour;
133 tmzip->tm_mday = filedate->tm_mday;
134 tmzip->tm_mon = filedate->tm_mon;
135 tmzip->tm_year = filedate->tm_year;

137 return ret;
138 }
139 #else
140 uLong filetime(f, tmzip, dt)
141     char *f;          /* name of file to get info on */
142     tm_zip *tmzip;    /* return value: access, modific. and creation ti
143     uLong *dt;        /* dostime */
144 {
145     return 0;
146 }
147 #endif
148 #endif

153 int check_exist_file(filename)
154     const char* filename;
155 {
156     FILE* ftestexist;
157     int ret = 1;
158     ftestexist = FOPEN_FUNC(filename,"rb");
159     if (ftestexist==NULL)
160         ret = 0;
161     else
162         fclose(ftestexist);
163     return ret;
164 }

166 void do_banner()
167 {
168     printf("MiniZip 1.1, demo of zlib + MiniZip64 package, written by Gilles Vol
169     printf("more info on MiniZip at http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html
170 }

172 void do_help()
173 {
174     printf("Usage : minizip [-o] [-a] [-0 to -9] [-p password] [-j] file.zip [fi
175     " -o Overwrite existing file.zip\n" \
176     " -a Append to existing file.zip\n" \
177     " -0 Store only\n" \
178     " -1 Compress faster\n" \
179     " -9 Compress better\n" \
180     " -j exclude path. store only the file name.\n\n");
181 }

183 /* calculate the CRC32 of a file,
184 because to encrypt a file, we need knowm the CRC32 of the file before */
185 int getFileCrc(const char* filenameinzip,void*buf,unsigned long size_buf,unsigne
186 {
187     unsigned long calculate_crc=0;
188     int err=ZIP_OK;
189     FILE * fin = FOPEN_FUNC(filenameinzip,"rb");

191     unsigned long size_read = 0;
192     unsigned long total_read = 0;

```

```

193     if (fin==NULL)
194     {
195         err = ZIP_ERRNO;
196     }

198     if (err == ZIP_OK)
199     do
200     {
201         err = ZIP_OK;
202         size_read = (int)fread(buf,1,size_buf,fin);
203         if (size_read < size_buf)
204             if (feof(fin)==0)
205             {
206                 printf("error in reading %s\n",filenameinzip);
207                 err = ZIP_ERRNO;
208             }

210         if (size_read>0)
211             calculate_crc = crc32(calculate_crc,buf,size_read);
212             total_read += size_read;

214     } while ((err == ZIP_OK) && (size_read>0));

216     if (fin)
217         fclose(fin);

219     *result_crc=calculate_crc;
220     printf("file %s crc %lx\n", filenameinzip, calculate_crc);
221     return err;
222 }

224 int isLargeFile(const char* filename)
225 {
226     int largeFile = 0;
227     ZPOS64_T pos = 0;
228     FILE* pFile = FOPEN_FUNC(filename, "rb");

230     if(pFile != NULL)
231     {
232         int n = FSEEKO_FUNC(pFile, 0, SEEK_END);
233         pos = FTELLO_FUNC(pFile);

235         printf("File : %s is %lld bytes\n", filename, pos);

237         if(pos >= 0xffffffff)
238             largeFile = 1;

240         fclose(pFile);
241     }

243     return largeFile;
244 }

246 int main(argc,argv)
247     int argc;
248     char *argv[];
249 {
250     int i;
251     int opt_overwrite=0;
252     int opt_compress_level=Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION;
253     int opt_exclude_path=0;
254     int zipfilenamearg = 0;
255     char filename_try[MAXFILENAME+16];
256     int zipok;
257     int err=0;
258     int size_buf=0;

```

```

259 void* buf=NULL;
260 const char* password=NULL;

263 do_banner();
264 if (argc==1)
265 {
266     do_help();
267     return 0;
268 }
269 else
270 {
271     for (i=1;i<argc;i++)
272     {
273         if ((*argv[i]=='-'))
274         {
275             const char *p=argv[i]+1;

277             while ((*p)!='\0')
278             {
279                 char c=*(p++);
280                 if ((c=='o') || (c=='O'))
281                     opt_overwrite = 1;
282                 if ((c=='a') || (c=='A'))
283                     opt_overwrite = 2;
284                 if ((c>='0') && (c<='9'))
285                     opt_compress_level = c-'0';
286                 if ((c=='j') || (c=='J'))
287                     opt_exclude_path = 1;

289                 if (((c=='p') || (c=='P')) && (i+1<argc))
290                 {
291                     password=argv[i+1];
292                     i++;
293                 }
294             }
295         }
296         else
297         {
298             if (zipfilenamearg == 0)
299             {
300                 zipfilenamearg = i ;
301             }
302         }
303     }
304 }

306 size_buf = WRITEBUFFERSIZE;
307 buf = (void*)malloc(size_buf);
308 if (buf==NULL)
309 {
310     printf("Error allocating memory\n");
311     return ZIP_INTERNALERROR;
312 }

314 if (zipfilenamearg==0)
315 {
316     zipok=0;
317 }
318 else
319 {
320     int i,len;
321     int dot_found=0;

323     zipok = 1 ;
324     strncpy(filename_try, argv[zipfilenamearg],MAXFILENAME-1);

```

```

325 /* strncpy doesnt append the trailing NULL, of the string is too long. *
326 filename_try[ MAXFILENAME ] = '\0';

328 len=(int)strlen(filename_try);
329 for (i=0;i<len;i++)
330     if (filename_try[i]=='.')
331         dot_found=1;

333 if (dot_found==0)
334     strcat(filename_try, ".zip");

336 if (opt_overwrite==2)
337 {
338     /* if the file don't exist, we not append file */
339     if (check_exist_file(filename_try)==0)
340         opt_overwrite=1;
341 }
342 else
343 if (opt_overwrite==0)
344     if (check_exist_file(filename_try)!=0)
345     {
346         char rep=0;
347         do
348         {
349             char answer[128];
350             int ret;
351             printf("The file %s exists. Overwrite ? [y]es, [n]o, [a]ppen
352             ret = scanf("%ls",answer);
353             if (ret != 1)
354                 {
355                     exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
356                 }
357             rep = answer[0] ;
358             if ((rep>='a') && (rep<='z'))
359                 rep -= 0x20;
360         }
361         while ((rep!='Y') && (rep!='N') && (rep!='A'));
362         if (rep=='N')
363             zipok = 0;
364         if (rep=='A')
365             opt_overwrite = 2;
366     }
367 }

369 if (zipok==1)
370 {
371     zipFile zf;
372     int errclose;
373     #ifdef USEWIN32IOAPI
374     zlib_filefunc64_def ffunc;
375     fill_win32_filefunc64A(&ffunc);
376     zf = zipOpen2_64(filename_try,(opt_overwrite==2) ? 2 : 0,NULL,&ffunc);
377     #else
378     zf = zipOpen64(filename_try,(opt_overwrite==2) ? 2 : 0);
379     #endif

381     if (zf == NULL)
382     {
383         printf("error opening %s\n",filename_try);
384         err= ZIP_ERRNO;
385     }
386     else
387         printf("creating %s\n",filename_try);

389     for (i=zipfilenamearg+1;i<argc) && (err==ZIP_OK);i++)
390     {

```

```

391     if (!(((*(argv[i])=='-') || (*(argv[i])=='/')) &&
392           ((argv[i][1]=='o') || (argv[i][1]=='O') ||
393            (argv[i][1]=='a') || (argv[i][1]=='A') ||
394            (argv[i][1]=='p') || (argv[i][1]=='P') ||
395            ((argv[i][1]>='0') || (argv[i][1]<='9')))) &&
396           (strlen(argv[i]) == 2)))
397     {
398         FILE * fin;
399         int size_read;
400         const char* filenameinzip = argv[i];
401         const char *savefilenameinzip;
402         zip_fileinfo zi;
403         unsigned long crcFile=0;
404         int zip64 = 0;
405
406         zi.tmz_date.tm_sec = zi.tmz_date.tm_min = zi.tmz_date.tm_hour =
407         zi.tmz_date.tm_mday = zi.tmz_date.tm_mon = zi.tmz_date.tm_year =
408         zi.dosDate = 0;
409         zi.internal_fa = 0;
410         zi.external_fa = 0;
411         filetype(filenameinzip,&zi.tmz_date,&zi.dosDate);
412
413 /*
414 err = zipOpenNewFileInZip(zf,filenameinzip,&zi,
415                          NULL,0,NULL,0,NULL /* comment */ ,
416                          (opt_compress_level != 0) ? Z_DEFLATED : 0,
417                          opt_compress_level);
418 */
419 if ((password != NULL) && (err==ZIP_OK))
420     err = getFileCrc(filenameinzip,buf,size_buf,&crcFile);
421
422 zip64 = isLargeFile(filenameinzip);
423
424 /* The path name saved,
425 /*if it did, windows/xp and dynazip couldn't read the zip file. */
426 savefilenameinzip = filenameinzip;
427 while( savefilenameinzip[0] == '\\' || savefilenameinzip[0] ==
428 {
429     savefilenameinzip++;
430 }
431
432 /*should the zip file contain any path at all?*/
433 if( opt_exclude_path )
434 {
435     const char *tmpptr;
436     const char *lastslash = 0;
437     for( tmpptr = savefilenameinzip; *tmpptr; tmpptr++)
438     {
439         if( *tmpptr == '\\' || *tmpptr == '/')
440         {
441             lastslash = tmpptr;
442         }
443     }
444     if( lastslash != NULL )
445     {
446         savefilenameinzip = lastslash+1; // base filename follo
447     }
448 }
449
450 /**/
451 err = zipOpenNewFileInZip3_64(zf,savefilenameinzip,&zi,
452                              NULL,0,NULL,0,NULL /* comment*/,
453                              (opt_compress_level != 0) ? Z_DEFLATED : 0,
454                              opt_compress_level,0,
455                              /* -MAX_WBITS, DEF_MEM_LEVEL, Z_DEFAULT_STRATEG
456                              -MAX_WBITS, DEF_MEM_LEVEL, Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY,

```

```

457         password,crcFile, zip64);
458
459 if (err != ZIP_OK)
460     printf("error in opening %s in zipfile\n",filenameinzip);
461 else
462 {
463     fin = FOPEN_FUNC(filenameinzip,"rb");
464     if (fin==NULL)
465     {
466         err=ZIP_ERRNO;
467         printf("error in opening %s for reading\n",filenameinzip
468     }
469 }
470
471 if (err == ZIP_OK)
472 do
473 {
474     err = ZIP_OK;
475     size_read = (int)fread(buf,1,size_buf,fin);
476     if (size_read < size_buf)
477         if (feof(fin)==0)
478         {
479             printf("error in reading %s\n",filenameinzip);
480             err = ZIP_ERRNO;
481         }
482         if (size_read>0)
483         {
484             err = zipWriteInFileInZip (zf,buf,size_read);
485             if (err<0)
486             {
487                 printf("error in writing %s in the zipfile\n",
488                        filenameinzip);
489             }
490         }
491     } while ((err == ZIP_OK) && (size_read>0));
492
493 if (fin)
494     fclose(fin);
495
496 if (err<0)
497     err=ZIP_ERRNO;
498 else
499 {
500     err = zipCloseFileInZip(zf);
501     if (err!=ZIP_OK)
502         printf("error in closing %s in the zipfile\n",
503                filenameinzip);
504 }
505 }
506 }
507 }
508 }
509 errclose = zipClose(zf,NULL);
510 if (errclose != ZIP_OK)
511     printf("error in closing %s\n",filenameinzip);
512 }
513 else
514 {
515     do_help();
516 }
517
518 free(buf);
519 return 0;
520 }

```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/minizip.pc.in

1

263 Wed Apr 1 15:57:14 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/minizip.pc.in

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 prefix=@prefix@

2 exec_prefix=@exec_prefix@

3 libdir=@libdir@

4 includedir=@includedir@/minizip

6 Name: minizip

7 Description: Minizip zip file manipulation library

8 Requires:

9 Version: @PACKAGE_VERSION@

10 Libs: -L\${libdir} -lminizip

11 Libs.private: -lz

12 Cflags: -I\${includedir}

```

*****
8146 Wed Apr 1 15:57:14 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/mztools.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  Additional tools for Minizip
3  Code: Xavier Roche '2004
4  License: Same as ZLIB (www.gzip.org)
5 */

7 /* Code */
8 #include <stdio.h>
9 #include <stdlib.h>
10 #include <string.h>
11 #include "zlib.h"
12 #include "unzip.h"

14 #define READ_8(adr) ((unsigned char)*(adr))
15 #define READ_16(adr) ( READ_8(adr) | (READ_8(adr+1) << 8) )
16 #define READ_32(adr) ( READ_16(adr) | (READ_16((adr)+2) << 16) )

18 #define WRITE_8(buff, n) do { \
19  *((unsigned char*)(buff)) = (unsigned char) ((n) & 0xff); \
20 } while(0)
21 #define WRITE_16(buff, n) do { \
22  WRITE_8((unsigned char*)(buff), n); \
23  WRITE_8(((unsigned char*)(buff)) + 1, (n) >> 8); \
24 } while(0)
25 #define WRITE_32(buff, n) do { \
26  WRITE_16((unsigned char*)(buff), (n) & 0xffff); \
27  WRITE_16((unsigned char*)(buff) + 2, (n) >> 16); \
28 } while(0)

30 extern int ZEXPORT unzRepair(file, fileOut, fileOutTmp, nRecovered, bytesRecover
31 const char* file;
32 const char* fileOut;
33 const char* fileOutTmp;
34 uLong* nRecovered;
35 uLong* bytesRecovered;
36 {
37  int err = Z_OK;
38  FILE* fpZip = fopen(file, "rb");
39  FILE* fpOut = fopen(fileOut, "wb");
40  FILE* fpOutCD = fopen(fileOutTmp, "wb");
41  if (fpZip != NULL && fpOut != NULL) {
42    int entries = 0;
43    uLong totalBytes = 0;
44    char header[30];
45    char filename[1024];
46    char extra[1024];
47    int offset = 0;
48    int offsetCD = 0;
49    while ( fread(header, 1, 30, fpZip) == 30 ) {
50      int currentOffset = offset;

52      /* File entry */
53      if (READ_32(header) == 0x04034b50) {
54        unsigned int version = READ_16(header + 4);
55        unsigned int gpflag = READ_16(header + 6);
56        unsigned int method = READ_16(header + 8);
57        unsigned int filetime = READ_16(header + 10);
58        unsigned int filedate = READ_16(header + 12);
59        unsigned int crc = READ_32(header + 14); /* crc */
60        unsigned int cpsize = READ_32(header + 18); /* compressed size */

```

```

61  unsigned int uncpsize = READ_32(header + 22); /* uncompressed sz */
62  unsigned int fnsz = READ_16(header + 26); /* file name length */
63  unsigned int extsize = READ_16(header + 28); /* extra field length */
64  filename[0] = extra[0] = '\0';

66  /* Header */
67  if (fwrite(header, 1, 30, fpOut) == 30) {
68    offset += 30;
69  } else {
70    err = Z_ERRNO;
71    break;
72  }

74  /* Filename */
75  if (fnsz > 0) {
76    if (fnsz < sizeof(filename)) {
77      if (fread(filename, 1, fnsz, fpZip) == fnsz) {
78        if (fwrite(filename, 1, fnsz, fpOut) == fnsz) {
79          offset += fnsz;
80        } else {
81          err = Z_ERRNO;
82          break;
83        }
84      } else {
85        err = Z_ERRNO;
86        break;
87      }
88    } else {
89      err = Z_ERRNO;
90      break;
91    }
92  } else {
93    err = Z_STREAM_ERROR;
94    break;
95  }

97  /* Extra field */
98  if (extsize > 0) {
99    if (extsize < sizeof(extra)) {
100      if (fread(extra, 1, extsize, fpZip) == extsize) {
101        if (fwrite(extra, 1, extsize, fpOut) == extsize) {
102          offset += extsize;
103        } else {
104          err = Z_ERRNO;
105          break;
106        }
107      } else {
108        err = Z_ERRNO;
109        break;
110      }
111    } else {
112      err = Z_ERRNO;
113      break;
114    }
115  }

117  /* Data */
118  {
119    int dataSize = cpsize;
120    if (dataSize == 0) {
121      dataSize = uncpsize;
122    }
123    if (dataSize > 0) {
124      char* data = malloc(dataSize);
125      if (data != NULL) {
126        if ((int)fread(data, 1, dataSize, fpZip) == dataSize) {

```

```

127     if ((int)fwrite(data, 1, dataSize, fpOut) == dataSize) {
128         offset += dataSize;
129         totalBytes += dataSize;
130     } else {
131         err = Z_ERRNO;
132     }
133     } else {
134         err = Z_ERRNO;
135     }
136     free(data);
137     if (err != Z_OK) {
138         break;
139     }
140     } else {
141         err = Z_MEM_ERROR;
142         break;
143     }
144 }
145
147 /* Central directory entry */
148 {
149     char header[46];
150     char* comment = "";
151     int comsize = (int) strlen(comment);
152     WRITE_32(header, 0x02014b50);
153     WRITE_16(header + 4, version);
154     WRITE_16(header + 6, version);
155     WRITE_16(header + 8, gpflag);
156     WRITE_16(header + 10, method);
157     WRITE_16(header + 12, filetime);
158     WRITE_16(header + 14, filedate);
159     WRITE_32(header + 16, crc);
160     WRITE_32(header + 20, cpsize);
161     WRITE_32(header + 24, uncpsize);
162     WRITE_16(header + 28, fnsz);
163     WRITE_16(header + 30, extsz);
164     WRITE_16(header + 32, comsize);
165     WRITE_16(header + 34, 0); /* disk # */
166     WRITE_16(header + 36, 0); /* int attrb */
167     WRITE_32(header + 38, 0); /* ext attrb */
168     WRITE_32(header + 42, currentOffset);
169     /* Header */
170     if (fwrite(header, 1, 46, fpOutCD) == 46) {
171         offsetCD += 46;
172
173         /* Filename */
174         if (fnsz > 0) {
175             if (fwrite(filename, 1, fnsz, fpOutCD) == fnsz) {
176                 offsetCD += fnsz;
177             } else {
178                 err = Z_ERRNO;
179                 break;
180             }
181         } else {
182             err = Z_STREAM_ERROR;
183             break;
184         }
185
186         /* Extra field */
187         if (extsz > 0) {
188             if (fwrite(extra, 1, extsz, fpOutCD) == extsz) {
189                 offsetCD += extsz;
190             } else {
191                 err = Z_ERRNO;
192                 break;

```

```

193     }
194 }
195
196 /* Comment field */
197 if (comsize > 0) {
198     if ((int)fwrite(comment, 1, comsize, fpOutCD) == comsize) {
199         offsetCD += comsize;
200     } else {
201         err = Z_ERRNO;
202         break;
203     }
204 }
205
206 } else {
207     err = Z_ERRNO;
208     break;
209 }
210 }
211 }
212
213 /* Success */
214 entries++;
215
216 } else {
217     break;
218 }
219 }
220
221 /* Final central directory */
222 {
223     int entriesZip = entries;
224     char header[22];
225     char* comment = ""; // "ZIP File recovered by zlib/minizip/mztools";
226     int comsize = (int) strlen(comment);
227     if (entriesZip > 0xffff) {
228         entriesZip = 0xffff;
229     }
230     WRITE_32(header, 0x06054b50);
231     WRITE_16(header + 4, 0); /* disk # */
232     WRITE_16(header + 6, 0); /* disk # */
233     WRITE_16(header + 8, entriesZip); /* hack */
234     WRITE_16(header + 10, entriesZip); /* hack */
235     WRITE_32(header + 12, offsetCD); /* size of CD */
236     WRITE_32(header + 16, offset); /* offset to CD */
237     WRITE_16(header + 20, comsize); /* comment */
238
239     /* Header */
240     if (fwrite(header, 1, 22, fpOutCD) == 22) {
241
242         /* Comment field */
243         if (comsize > 0) {
244             if ((int)fwrite(comment, 1, comsize, fpOutCD) != comsize) {
245                 err = Z_ERRNO;
246             }
247         }
248
249     } else {
250         err = Z_ERRNO;
251     }
252 }
253
254 /* Final merge (file + central directory) */
255 fclose(fpOutCD);
256 if (err == Z_OK) {
257     fpOutCD = fopen(fileOutTmp, "rb");
258     if (fpOutCD != NULL) {

```

```
259     int nRead;
260     char buffer[8192];
261     while ( (nRead = (int)fread(buffer, 1, sizeof(buffer), fpOutCD)) > 0) {
262         if ((int)fwrite(buffer, 1, nRead, fpOut) != nRead) {
263             err = Z_ERRNO;
264             break;
265         }
266     }
267     fclose(fpOutCD);
268 }
269 }

271 /* Close */
272 fclose(fpZip);
273 fclose(fpOut);

275 /* Wipe temporary file */
276 (void)remove(fileOutTmp);

278 /* Number of recovered entries */
279 if (err == Z_OK) {
280     if (nRecovered != NULL) {
281         *nRecovered = entries;
282     }
283     if (bytesRecovered != NULL) {
284         *bytesRecovered = totalBytes;
285     }
286 }
287 } else {
288     err = Z_STREAM_ERROR;
289 }
290 return err;
291 }
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/mztools.h

1

708 Wed Apr 1 15:57:14 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/mztools.h

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 /*
2  Additional tools for Minizip
3  Code: Xavier Roche '2004
4  License: Same as ZLIB (www.gzip.org)
5 */

7 #ifndef _zip_tools_H
8 #define _zip_tools_H

10 #ifdef __cplusplus
11 extern "C" {
12 #endif

14 #ifndef _ZLIB_H
15 #include "zlib.h"
16 #endif

18 #include "unzip.h"

20 /* Repair a ZIP file (missing central directory)
21  file: file to recover
22  fileOut: output file after recovery
23  fileOutTmp: temporary file name used for recovery
24 */
25 extern int ZEXPORT unzRepair(const char* file,
26                             const char* fileOut,
27                             const char* fileOutTmp,
28                             uLong* nRecovered,
29                             uLong* bytesRecovered);

32 #ifdef __cplusplus
33 }
34 #endif

37 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/unzip.c

1

```
*****
71054 Wed Apr 1 15:57:15 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/unzip.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* unzip.c -- IO for uncompress .zip files using zlib
2 Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010
3 part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html

5 Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant ( http://www.winimage.
7 Modifications of Unzip for Zip64
8 Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault

10 Modifications for Zip64 support on both zip and unzip
11 Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )

13 For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

16 -----
17 Decryption code comes from crypt.c by Info-ZIP but has been greatly reduced in
18 compatibility with older software. The following is from the original crypt.c.
19 Code woven in by Terry Thorsen 1/2003.

21 Copyright (c) 1990-2000 Info-ZIP. All rights reserved.

23 See the accompanying file LICENSE, version 2000-Apr-09 or later
24 (the contents of which are also included in zip.h) for terms of use.
25 If, for some reason, all these files are missing, the Info-ZIP license
26 also may be found at: ftp://ftp.info-zip.org/pub/infozip/license.html

28 crypt.c (full version) by Info-ZIP. Last revised: [see crypt.h]

30 The encryption/decryption parts of this source code (as opposed to the
31 non-echoing password parts) were originally written in Europe. The
32 whole source package can be freely distributed, including from the USA.
33 (Prior to January 2000, re-export from the US was a violation of US law.)

35 This encryption code is a direct transcription of the algorithm from
36 Roger Schlafly, described by Phil Katz in the file appnote.txt. This
37 file (appnote.txt) is distributed with the PKZIP program (even in the
38 version without encryption capabilities).

40 -----

42 Changes in unzip.c

44 2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Addition of cpl_unzGetCurrentFileZStreamPos
45 2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Decoration of symbol names unz* -> cpl_unz*
46 2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Remove old C style function prototypes
47 2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Add unzip support for ZIP64

49 Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault

52 Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Removed cpl_* from symbol names (Even Roua
53 Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Fixed problem if uncompressed size was > 4G and
54 should only read the compressed/uncompressed size
55 the size from normal header was 0xFFFFFFFF
56 Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Applied some bug fixes from patches received from
57 Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Applied support to unzip files with compre
58 Patch created by Daniel Borca

60 Jan-2010 - back to unzip and minizip 1.0 name scheme, with compatibility layer
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/unzip.c

2

```
62 Copyright (C) 1998 - 2010 Gilles Vollant, Even Rouault, Mathias Svensson
64 */

67 #include <stdio.h>
68 #include <stdlib.h>
69 #include <string.h>

71 #ifndef NOUNCRYPT
72 #define NOUNCRYPT
73 #endif

75 #include "zlib.h"
76 #include "unzip.h"

78 #ifdef STDC
79 # include <stddef.h>
80 # include <string.h>
81 # include <stdlib.h>
82 #endif
83 #ifdef NO_ERRNO_H
84 extern int errno;
85 #else
86 # include <errno.h>
87 #endif

90 #ifndef local
91 # define local static
92 #endif
93 /* compile with -Dlocal if your debugger can't find static symbols */

96 #ifndef CASESENSITIVITYDEFAULT_NO
97 # if !defined(unix) && !defined(CASESENSITIVITYDEFAULT_YES)
98 # define CASESENSITIVITYDEFAULT_NO
99 # endif
100 #endif

103 #ifndef UNZ_BUFSIZE
104 #define UNZ_BUFSIZE (16384)
105 #endif

107 #ifndef UNZ_MAXFILENAMEINZIP
108 #define UNZ_MAXFILENAMEINZIP (256)
109 #endif

111 #ifndef ALLOC
112 # define ALLOC(size) (malloc(size))
113 #endif
114 #ifndef TRYFREE
115 # define TRYFREE(p) {if (p) free(p);}
116 #endif

118 #define SIZECENTRALDIRITEM (0x2e)
119 #define SIZEZIPLOCALHEADER (0x1e)

122 const char unz_copyright[] =
123 " unzip 1.01 Copyright 1998-2004 Gilles Vollant - http://www.winimage.com/zLi

125 /* unz_file_info_interntal contain internal info about a file in zipfile*/
126 typedef struct unz_file_info64_internal_s
```

```

127 {
128     ZPOS64_T offset_curfile; /* relative offset of local header 8 bytes */
129 } unz_file_info64_internal;

132 /* file_in_zip_read_info_s contain internal information about a file in zipfile,
133    when reading and decompress it */
134 typedef struct
135 {
136     char *read_buffer; /* internal buffer for compressed data */
137     z_stream stream; /* zLib stream structure for inflate */

139 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
140     bz_stream bstream; /* bzLib stream structure for bziped */
141 #endif

143     ZPOS64_T pos_in_zipfile; /* position in byte on the zipfile, for fseek
144     uLong stream_initialised; /* flag set if stream structure is initialised*/

146     ZPOS64_T offset_local_extrafield; /* offset of the local extra field */
147     uInt size_local_extrafield; /* size of the local extra field */
148     ZPOS64_T pos_local_extrafield; /* position in the local extra field in rea
149     ZPOS64_T total_out_64;

151     uLong crc32; /* crc32 of all data uncompressed */
152     uLong crc32_wait; /* crc32 we must obtain after decompress all */
153     ZPOS64_T rest_read_compressed; /* number of byte to be decompressed */
154     ZPOS64_T rest_read_uncompressed; /* number of byte to be obtained after decomp
155     zlib_filefunc64_32_def z_filefunc;
156     voidpf filestream; /* io structure of the zipfile */
157     uLong compression_method; /* compression method (0==store) */
158     ZPOS64_T byte_before_the_zipfile; /* byte before the zipfile, (>0 for sfx)*/
159     int raw;
160 } file_in_zip64_read_info_s;

163 /* unz64_s contain internal information about the zipfile
164 */
165 typedef struct
166 {
167     zlib_filefunc64_32_def z_filefunc;
168     int is64bitOpenFunction;
169     voidpf filestream; /* io structure of the zipfile */
170     unz_global_info64 gi; /* public global information */
171     ZPOS64_T byte_before_the_zipfile; /* byte before the zipfile, (>0 for sfx)*/
172     ZPOS64_T num_file; /* number of the current file in the zipfile*/
173     ZPOS64_T pos_in_central_dir; /* pos of the current file in the central dir
174     ZPOS64_T current_file_ok; /* flag about the usability of the current fi
175     ZPOS64_T central_pos; /* position of the beginning of the central d

177     ZPOS64_T size_central_dir; /* size of the central directory */
178     ZPOS64_T offset_central_dir; /* offset of start of central directory with
179     respect to the starting disk number */

181     unz_file_info64 cur_file_info; /* public info about the current file in zip*
182     unz_file_info64_internal cur_file_info_internal; /* private info about it*/
183     file_in_zip64_read_info_s* pfile_in_zip_read; /* structure about the current
184     file if we are decompressing it */
185     int encrypted;

187     int isZip64;

189 #ifdef NOUNCRYPT
190     unsigned long keys[3]; /* keys defining the pseudo-random sequence */
191     const z_crc_t* pcrc32_tab;
192 #endif

```

```

193 } unz64_s;

196 #ifndef NOUNCRYPT
197 #include "crypt.h"
198 #endif

200 /* =====
201     Read a byte from a gz_stream; update next_in and avail_in. Return EOF
202     for end of file.
203     IN assertion: the stream s has been successfully opened for reading.
204 */

207 local int unz64local_getByte OF((
208     const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
209     voidpf filestream,
210     int *pi));

212 local int unz64local_getByte(const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def, v
213 {
214     unsigned char c;
215     int err = (int)ZREAD64(*pzlib_filefunc_def, filestream, &c, 1);
216     if (err==1)
217     {
218         *pi = (int)c;
219         return UNZ_OK;
220     }
221     else
222     {
223         if (ZERROR64(*pzlib_filefunc_def, filestream))
224             return UNZ_ERRNO;
225         else
226             return UNZ_EOF;
227     }
228 }

231 /* =====
232     Reads a long in LSB order from the given gz_stream. Sets
233 */
234 local int unz64local_getShort OF((
235     const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
236     voidpf filestream,
237     uLong *pX));

239 local int unz64local_getShort (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
240     voidpf filestream,
241     uLong *pX)
242 {
243     uLong x ;
244     int i = 0;
245     int err;

247     err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def, filestream, &i);
248     x = (uLong)i;

250     if (err==UNZ_OK)
251         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def, filestream, &i);
252     x |= ((uLong)i)<<8;

254     if (err==UNZ_OK)
255         *pX = x;
256     else
257         *pX = 0;
258     return err;

```

```

259 }

261 local int unz64local_getLong OF((
262     const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
263     voidpf filestream,
264     uLong *pX));

266 local int unz64local_getLong (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
267     voidpf filestream,
268     uLong *pX)
269 {
270     uLong x ;
271     int i = 0;
272     int err;

274     err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
275     x = (uLong)i;

277     if (err==UNZ_OK)
278         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
279     x |= ((uLong)i)<<8;

281     if (err==UNZ_OK)
282         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
283     x |= ((uLong)i)<<16;

285     if (err==UNZ_OK)
286         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
287     x += ((uLong)i)<<24;

289     if (err==UNZ_OK)
290         *pX = x;
291     else
292         *pX = 0;
293     return err;
294 }

296 local int unz64local_getLong64 OF((
297     const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
298     voidpf filestream,
299     ZPOS64_T *pX));

302 local int unz64local_getLong64 (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def
303     voidpf filestream,
304     ZPOS64_T *pX)
305 {
306     ZPOS64_T x ;
307     int i = 0;
308     int err;

310     err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
311     x = (ZPOS64_T)i;

313     if (err==UNZ_OK)
314         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
315     x |= ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<8;

317     if (err==UNZ_OK)
318         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
319     x |= ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<16;

321     if (err==UNZ_OK)
322         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
323     x |= ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<24;

```

```

325     if (err==UNZ_OK)
326         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
327     x |= ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<32;

329     if (err==UNZ_OK)
330         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
331     x |= ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<40;

333     if (err==UNZ_OK)
334         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
335     x |= ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<48;

337     if (err==UNZ_OK)
338         err = unz64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
339     x |= ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<56;

341     if (err==UNZ_OK)
342         *pX = x;
343     else
344         *pX = 0;
345     return err;
346 }

348 /* My own strcmpi / strcasecmp */
349 local int strcasecmpinsensitive_internal (const char* fileName1, const char* fil
350 {
351     for (;;)
352     {
353         char c1=*(fileName1++);
354         char c2=*(fileName2++);
355         if ((c1>='a') && (c1<='z'))
356             c1 -= 0x20;
357         if ((c2>='a') && (c2<='z'))
358             c2 -= 0x20;
359         if (c1=='\0')
360             return ((c2=='\0') ? 0 : -1);
361         if (c2=='\0')
362             return 1;
363         if (c1<c2)
364             return -1;
365         if (c1>c2)
366             return 1;
367     }
368 }

371 #ifndef CASESENSITIVITYDEFAULT_NO
372 #define CASESENSITIVITYDEFAULTVALUE 2
373 #else
374 #define CASESENSITIVITYDEFAULTVALUE 1
375 #endif

377 #ifndef STRCMPCASENOSENSITIVEFUNCTION
378 #define STRCMPCASENOSENSITIVEFUNCTION strcasecmpinsensitive_internal
379 #endif

381 /*
382 Compare two filename (fileName1,fileName2).
383 If iCaseSensitivity = 1, comparison is case sensitivity (like strcmp)
384 If iCaseSensitivity = 2, comparison is not case sensitivity (like strcmpi
385                                     or strcasecmp)
386 If iCaseSensitivity = 0, case sensitivity is default of your operating system
387 (like 1 on Unix, 2 on Windows)

389 */
390 extern int ZEXPORT unzStringFileNameCompare (const char* fileName1,

```



```

391         const char* fileName2,
392         int iCaseSensitivity)
393
394 {
395     if (iCaseSensitivity==0)
396         iCaseSensitivity=CASESENSITIVITYDEFAULTVALUE;
397
398     if (iCaseSensitivity==1)
399         return strcmp(fileName1,fileName2);
400
401     return STRCMPCASESENSITIVEFUNCTION(fileName1,fileName2);
402 }
403
404 #ifndef BUFREADCOMMENT
405 #define BUFREADCOMMENT (0x400)
406 #endif
407
408 /*
409  Locate the Central directory of a zipfile (at the end, just before
410  the global comment)
411  */
412 local ZPOS64_T unz64local_SearchCentralDir OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzl
413 local ZPOS64_T unz64local_SearchCentralDir(const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzl
414 {
415     unsigned char* buf;
416     ZPOS64_T uSizeFile;
417     ZPOS64_T uBackRead;
418     ZPOS64_T uMaxBack=0xffff; /* maximum size of global comment */
419     ZPOS64_T uPosFound=0;
420
421     if (ZSEEK64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,0,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_END) != 0)
422         return 0;
423
424
425     uSizeFile = ZTELL64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream);
426
427     if (uMaxBack>uSizeFile)
428         uMaxBack = uSizeFile;
429
430     buf = (unsigned char*)ALLOC(BUFREADCOMMENT+4);
431     if (buf==NULL)
432         return 0;
433
434     uBackRead = 4;
435     while (uBackRead<uMaxBack)
436     {
437         uLong uReadSize;
438         ZPOS64_T uReadPos ;
439         int i;
440         if (uBackRead+BUFREADCOMMENT>uMaxBack)
441             uBackRead = uMaxBack;
442         else
443             uBackRead+=BUFREADCOMMENT;
444         uReadPos = uSizeFile-uBackRead ;
445
446         uReadSize = ((BUFREADCOMMENT+4) < (uSizeFile-uReadPos)) ?
447             (BUFREADCOMMENT+4) : (uLong)(uSizeFile-uReadPos);
448         if (ZSEEK64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,uReadPos,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_S
449             break;
450
451         if (ZREAD64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,buf,uReadSize)!=uReadSize)
452             break;
453
454         for (i=(int)uReadSize-3; (i--)>0;)
455             if (((*(buf+i))==0x50) && (*(buf+i+1))==0x4b) &&
456                 (*(buf+i+2))==0x05) && (*(buf+i+3))==0x06)

```

```

457         {
458             uPosFound = uReadPos+i;
459             break;
460         }
461
462         if (uPosFound!=0)
463             break;
464     }
465     TRYFREE(buf);
466     return uPosFound;
467 }
468
469 /*
470  Locate the Central directory 64 of a zipfile (at the end, just before
471  the global comment)
472  */
473 local ZPOS64_T unz64local_SearchCentralDir64 OF((
474     const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
475     voidpf filestream));
476
477 local ZPOS64_T unz64local_SearchCentralDir64(const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib
478     voidpf filestream)
479 {
480     unsigned char* buf;
481     ZPOS64_T uSizeFile;
482     ZPOS64_T uBackRead;
483     ZPOS64_T uMaxBack=0xffff; /* maximum size of global comment */
484     ZPOS64_T uPosFound=0;
485     uLong uL;
486     ZPOS64_T relativeOffset;
487
488     if (ZSEEK64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,0,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_END) != 0)
489         return 0;
490
491
492     uSizeFile = ZTELL64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream);
493
494     if (uMaxBack>uSizeFile)
495         uMaxBack = uSizeFile;
496
497     buf = (unsigned char*)ALLOC(BUFREADCOMMENT+4);
498     if (buf==NULL)
499         return 0;
500
501     uBackRead = 4;
502     while (uBackRead<uMaxBack)
503     {
504         uLong uReadSize;
505         ZPOS64_T uReadPos;
506         int i;
507         if (uBackRead+BUFREADCOMMENT>uMaxBack)
508             uBackRead = uMaxBack;
509         else
510             uBackRead+=BUFREADCOMMENT;
511         uReadPos = uSizeFile-uBackRead ;
512
513         uReadSize = ((BUFREADCOMMENT+4) < (uSizeFile-uReadPos)) ?
514             (BUFREADCOMMENT+4) : (uLong)(uSizeFile-uReadPos);
515         if (ZSEEK64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,uReadPos,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_S
516             break;
517
518         if (ZREAD64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,buf,uReadSize)!=uReadSize)
519             break;
520
521         for (i=(int)uReadSize-3; (i--)>0;)

```

```

523         if (((*(buf+i))==0x50) && (*(buf+i+1))==0x4b) &&
524             ((*(buf+i+2))==0x06) && (*(buf+i+3))==0x07)
525         {
526             uPosFound = uReadPos+i;
527             break;
528         }
529
530     if (uPosFound!=0)
531         break;
532 }
533 TRYFREE(buf);
534 if (uPosFound == 0)
535     return 0;
536
537 /* Zip64 end of central directory locator */
538 if (ZSEEK64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream, uPosFound,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET)
539     return 0;
540
541 /* the signature, already checked */
542 if (unz64local_getLong(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
543     return 0;
544
545 /* number of the disk with the start of the zip64 end of central directory
546 if (unz64local_getLong(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
547     return 0;
548 if (uL != 0)
549     return 0;
550
551 /* relative offset of the zip64 end of central directory record */
552 if (unz64local_getLong64(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&relativeOffset)!=UNZ_
553     return 0;
554
555 /* total number of disks */
556 if (unz64local_getLong(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
557     return 0;
558 if (uL != 1)
559     return 0;
560
561 /* Goto end of central directory record */
562 if (ZSEEK64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream, relativeOffset,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEE
563     return 0;
564
565 /* the signature */
566 if (unz64local_getLong(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
567     return 0;
568
569 if (uL != 0x06064b50)
570     return 0;
571
572 return relativeOffset;
573 }
574
575 /*
576 Open a Zip file. path contain the full pathname (by example,
577 on a Windows NT computer "c:\\test\\zlib114.zip" or on an Unix computer
578 "zlib/zlib114.zip".
579 If the zipfile cannot be opened (file doesn't exist or in not valid), the
580 return value is NULL.
581 Else, the return value is a unzFile Handle, usable with other function
582 of this unzip package.
583 */
584 local unzFile unzOpenInternal (const void *path,
585                               zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc64_32_def,
586                               int is64bitOpenFunction)
587 {
588     unz64_s us;

```

```

589     unz64_s *s;
590     ZPOS64_T central_pos;
591     uLong uL;
592
593     uLong number_disk; /* number of the current dist, used for
594                        *spanning ZIP, unsupported, always 0*/
595     uLong number_disk_with_CD; /* number the the disk with central dir, used
596                                *for spanning ZIP, unsupported, always 0*/
597     ZPOS64_T number_entry_CD; /* total number of entries in
598                                *the central dir
599                                *(same than number_entry on nospan) */
600
601     int err=UNZ_OK;
602
603     if (unz_copyright[0]!=' ')
604         return NULL;
605
606     us.z_filefunc.zseek32_file = NULL;
607     us.z_filefunc.ztell32_file = NULL;
608     if (pzlib_filefunc64_32_def==NULL)
609         fill_fopen64_filefunc(&us.z_filefunc.zfile_func64);
610     else
611         us.z_filefunc = *pzlib_filefunc64_32_def;
612     us.is64bitOpenFunction = is64bitOpenFunction;
613
614     us.filestream = ZOPEN64(us.z_filefunc,
615                             path,
616                             ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READ |
617                             ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_EXISTING);
618
619     if (us.filestream==NULL)
620         return NULL;
621
622     central_pos = unz64local_SearchCentralDir64(&us.z_filefunc,us.filestream);
623     if (central_pos)
624     {
625         uLong uS;
626         ZPOS64_T uL64;
627
628         us.isZip64 = 1;
629
630         if (ZSEEK64(us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,
631                     central_pos,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET)!=0)
632             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
633
634         /* the signature, already checked */
635         if (unz64local_getLong(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
636             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
637
638         /* size of zip64 end of central directory record */
639         if (unz64local_getLong64(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&uL64)!=UNZ_OK)
640             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
641
642         /* version made by */
643         if (unz64local_getShort(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&uS)!=UNZ_OK)
644             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
645
646         /* version needed to extract */
647         if (unz64local_getShort(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&uS)!=UNZ_OK)
648             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
649
650         /* number of this disk */
651         if (unz64local_getLong(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&number_disk)!=UNZ_
652             err=UNZ_ERRNO;

```

```

655 /* number of the disk with the start of the central directory */
656 if (unz64local_getLong(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&number_disk_with_C
657     err=UNZ_ERRNO;

659 /* total number of entries in the central directory on this disk */
660 if (unz64local_getLong64(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&us.gi.number_ent
661     err=UNZ_ERRNO;

663 /* total number of entries in the central directory */
664 if (unz64local_getLong64(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&number_entry_CD)
665     err=UNZ_ERRNO;

667 if ((number_entry_CD!=us.gi.number_entry) ||
668     (number_disk_with_CD!=0) ||
669     (number_disk!=0))
670     err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

672 /* size of the central directory */
673 if (unz64local_getLong64(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&us.size_central_
674     err=UNZ_ERRNO;

676 /* offset of start of central directory with respect to the
677     starting disk number */
678 if (unz64local_getLong64(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&us.offset_centra
679     err=UNZ_ERRNO;

681     us.gi.size_comment = 0;
682 }
683 else
684 {
685     central_pos = unz64local_SearchCentralDir(&us.z_filefunc,us.filestream);
686     if (central_pos==0)
687         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

689     us.isZip64 = 0;

691     if (ZSEEK64(us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,
692                 central_pos,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET)!=0)
693         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

695     /* the signature, already checked */
696     if (unz64local_getLong(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
697         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

699     /* number of this disk */
700     if (unz64local_getShort(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&number_disk)!=UNZ
701         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

703     /* number of the disk with the start of the central directory */
704     if (unz64local_getShort(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&number_disk_with_
705         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

707     /* total number of entries in the central dir on this disk */
708     if (unz64local_getShort(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
709         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
710     us.gi.number_entry = uL;

712     /* total number of entries in the central dir */
713     if (unz64local_getShort(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
714         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
715     number_entry_CD = uL;

717     if ((number_entry_CD!=us.gi.number_entry) ||
718         (number_disk_with_CD!=0) ||
719         (number_disk!=0))
720         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

```

```

722     /* size of the central directory */
723     if (unz64local_getLong(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
724         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
725     us.size_central_dir = uL;

727     /* offset of start of central directory with respect to the
728         starting disk number */
729     if (unz64local_getLong(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&uL)!=UNZ_OK)
730         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
731     us.offset_central_dir = uL;

733     /* zipfile comment length */
734     if (unz64local_getShort(&us.z_filefunc, us.filestream,&us.gi.size_commen
735         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
736     }

738     if ((central_pos<us.offset_central_dir+us.size_central_dir) &&
739         (err==UNZ_OK))
740         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

742     if (err!=UNZ_OK)
743     {
744         ZCLOSE64(us.z_filefunc, us.filestream);
745         return NULL;
746     }

748     us.byte_before_the_zipfile = central_pos -
749         (us.offset_central_dir+us.size_central_dir);
750     us.central_pos = central_pos;
751     us.pfile_in_zip_read = NULL;
752     us.encrypted = 0;

755     s=(unz64_s*)ALLOC(sizeof(unz64_s));
756     if( s != NULL)
757     {
758         *s=us;
759         unzGoToFirstFile((unzFile)s);
760     }
761     return (unzFile)s;
762 }

765 extern unzFile ZEXPORT unzOpen2 (const char *path,
766                                   zlib_filefunc_def* pzlib_filefunc32_def)
767 {
768     if (pzlib_filefunc32_def != NULL)
769     {
770         zlib_filefunc64_32_def zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill;
771         fill_zlib_filefunc64_32_def_from_filefunc32(&zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill
772             return unzOpenInternal(path, &zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill, 0);
773     }
774     else
775         return unzOpenInternal(path, NULL, 0);
776 }

778 extern unzFile ZEXPORT unzOpen2_64 (const void *path,
779                                     zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def)
780 {
781     if (pzlib_filefunc_def != NULL)
782     {
783         zlib_filefunc64_32_def zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill;
784         zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill.zfile_func64 = *pzlib_filefunc_def;
785         zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill.ztell32_file = NULL;
786         zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill.zseek32_file = NULL;

```

```

787     return unzOpenInternal(path, &zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill, 1);
788 }
789 else
790     return unzOpenInternal(path, NULL, 1);
791 }

793 extern unzFile ZEXPORT unzOpen (const char *path)
794 {
795     return unzOpenInternal(path, NULL, 0);
796 }

798 extern unzFile ZEXPORT unzOpen64 (const void *path)
799 {
800     return unzOpenInternal(path, NULL, 1);
801 }

803 /*
804  Close a ZipFile opened with unzOpen.
805  If there is files inside the .Zip opened with unzOpenCurrentFile (see later),
806  these files MUST be closed with unzCloseCurrentFile before call unzClose.
807  return UNZ_OK if there is no problem. */
808 extern int ZEXPORT unzClose (unzFile file)
809 {
810     unz64_s* s;
811     if (file==NULL)
812         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
813     s=(unz64_s*)file;

815     if (s->pfile_in_zip_read!=NULL)
816         unzCloseCurrentFile(file);

818     ZCLOSE64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream);
819     TRYFREE(s);
820     return UNZ_OK;
821 }

824 /*
825  Write info about the ZipFile in the *pglobal_info structure.
826  No preparation of the structure is needed
827  return UNZ_OK if there is no problem. */
828 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetGlobalInfo64 (unzFile file, unz_global_info64* pglobal_
829 {
830     unz64_s* s;
831     if (file==NULL)
832         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
833     s=(unz64_s*)file;
834     *pglobal_info=s->gi;
835     return UNZ_OK;
836 }

838 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetGlobalInfo (unzFile file, unz_global_info* pglobal_info
839 {
840     unz64_s* s;
841     if (file==NULL)
842         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
843     s=(unz64_s*)file;
844     /* to do : check if number_entry is not truncated */
845     pglobal_info32->number_entry = (uLong)s->gi.number_entry;
846     pglobal_info32->size_comment = s->gi.size_comment;
847     return UNZ_OK;
848 }
849 /*
850  Translate date/time from Dos format to tm_unz (readable more easilty)
851 */
852 local void unz64local_DosDateToTmuDate (ZPOS64_T ulDosDate, tm_unz* ptm)

```

```

853 {
854     ZPOS64_T uDate;
855     uDate = (ZPOS64_T)(ulDosDate>>16);
856     ptm->tm_mday = (uInt)(uDate&0x1f) ;
857     ptm->tm_mon = (uInt)((((uDate&0x1E0)/0x20)-1) ;
858     ptm->tm_year = (uInt)((((uDate&0x0FE00)/0x0200)+1980) ;

860     ptm->tm_hour = (uInt) ((ulDosDate &0xF800)/0x800);
861     ptm->tm_min = (uInt) ((ulDosDate&0x7E0)/0x20) ;
862     ptm->tm_sec = (uInt) (2*(ulDosDate&0x1f) );
863 }

865 /*
866  Get Info about the current file in the zipfile, with internal only info
867 */
868 local int unz64local_GetCurrentFileInfoInternal OF((unzFile file,
869     unz_file_info64 *pfile_info,
870     unz_file_info64_internal
871     *pfile_info_internal,
872     char *szFileName,
873     uLong fileNameBufferSize,
874     void *extraField,
875     uLong extraFieldBufferSize,
876     char *szComment,
877     uLong commentBufferSize));

879 local int unz64local_GetCurrentFileInfoInternal (unzFile file,
880     unz_file_info64 *pfile_info,
881     unz_file_info64_internal
882     *pfile_info_internal,
883     char *szFileName,
884     uLong fileNameBufferSize,
885     void *extraField,
886     uLong extraFieldBufferSize,
887     char *szComment,
888     uLong commentBufferSize)
889 {
890     unz64_s* s;
891     unz_file_info64 file_info;
892     unz_file_info64_internal file_info_internal;
893     int err=UNZ_OK;
894     uLong uMagic;
895     long lSeek=0;
896     uLong uL;

898     if (file==NULL)
899         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
900     s=(unz64_s*)file;
901     if (ZSEEK64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,
902         s->pos_in_central_dir+s->byte_before_the_zipfile,
903         ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET)!=0)
904         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

907     /* we check the magic */
908     if (err==UNZ_OK)
909     {
910         if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uMagic) != UNZ_OK)
911             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
912         else if (uMagic!=0x02014b50)
913             err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;
914     }

916     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.version) !=
917         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

```

```

919     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.version_nee
920         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

922     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.flag) != UN
923         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

925     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.compression
926         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

928     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.dosDate) !=
929         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

931     unz64local_DosDateToTmuDate(file_info.dosDate,&file_info.tmu_date);

933     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.crc) != UNZ_
934         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

936     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uL) != UNZ_OK)
937         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
938     file_info.compressed_size = uL;

940     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uL) != UNZ_OK)
941         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
942     file_info.uncompressed_size = uL;

944     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.size_filena
945         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

947     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.size_file_e
948         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

950     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.size_file_c
951         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

953     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.disk_num_st
954         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

956     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.internal_fa
957         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

959     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&file_info.external_fa)
960         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

962         // relative offset of local header
963     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uL) != UNZ_OK)
964         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
965     file_info.internal.offset_curfile = uL;

967     lSeek+=file_info.size_filename;
968     if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (szFileName!=NULL))
969     {
970         uLong uSizeRead ;
971         if (file_info.size_filename<fileNameBufferSize)
972         {
973             *(szFileName+file_info.size_filename)='\0';
974             uSizeRead = file_info.size_filename;
975         }
976         else
977             uSizeRead = fileNameBufferSize;

979     if ((file_info.size_filename>0) && (fileNameBufferSize>0))
980         if (ZREAD64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,szFileName,uSizeRead)!=uSiz
981             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
982     lSeek -= uSizeRead;
983 }

```

```

985     // Read extrafield
986     if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (extraField!=NULL))
987     {
988         ZPOS64_T uSizeRead ;
989         if (file_info.size_file_extra<extraFieldBufferSize)
990             uSizeRead = file_info.size_file_extra;
991         else
992             uSizeRead = extraFieldBufferSize;

994         if (lSeek!=0)
995         {
996             if (ZSEEK64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,lSeek,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_CU
997                 lSeek=0;
998             else
999                 err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1000         }

1002         if ((file_info.size_file_extra>0) && (extraFieldBufferSize>0))
1003             if (ZREAD64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,extraField,(uLong)uSizeRead
1004                 err=UNZ_ERRNO;

1006         lSeek += file_info.size_file_extra - (uLong)uSizeRead;
1007     }
1008     else
1009         lSeek += file_info.size_file_extra;

1012     if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (file_info.size_file_extra != 0))
1013     {
1014         uLong acc = 0;

1016         // since lSeek now points to after the extra field we need to move back
1017         lSeek -= file_info.size_file_extra;

1019         if (lSeek!=0)
1020         {
1021             if (ZSEEK64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,lSeek,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_CU
1022                 lSeek=0;
1023             else
1024                 err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1025         }

1027         while(acc < file_info.size_file_extra)
1028         {
1029             uLong headerId;
1030             uLong dataSize;

1032             if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&headerId) !=
1033                 err=UNZ_ERRNO;

1035             if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&dataSize) !=
1036                 err=UNZ_ERRNO;

1038             /* ZIP64 extra fields */
1039             if (headerId == 0x0001)
1040             {
1041                 uLong uL;

1043                 if(file_info.unc
1044                 {
1045                     if (unz6
1046                 }
1047             }

1049             if(file_info.com
1050             {

```

```

1051         if (unz6
1052             }
1053         }
1055         if(file_info_int
1056         {
1057             /* Relat
1058             if (unz6
1059         }
1060     }
1062     if(file_info.dis
1063     {
1064         /* Disk
1065         if (unz6
1066     }
1067 }
1069 }
1070 else
1071 {
1072     if (ZSEEK64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,dataSize,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_
1073         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1074 }
1076     acc += 2 + 2 + dataSize;
1077 }
1078 }
1080 if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (szComment!=NULL))
1081 {
1082     uLong uSizeRead ;
1083     if (file_info.size_file_comment<commentBufferSize)
1084     {
1085         *(szComment+file_info.size_file_comment)='\0';
1086         uSizeRead = file_info.size_file_comment;
1087     }
1088     else
1089         uSizeRead = commentBufferSize;
1091     if (lSeek!=0)
1092     {
1093         if (ZSEEK64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,lSeek,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_CU
1094             lSeek=0;
1095         else
1096             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1097     }
1099     if ((file_info.size_file_comment>0) && (commentBufferSize>0))
1100         if (ZREAD64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,szComment,uSizeRead)!=uSize
1101             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1102     lSeek+=file_info.size_file_comment - uSizeRead;
1103 }
1104 else
1105     lSeek+=file_info.size_file_comment;
1108 if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (pfile_info!=NULL))
1109     *pfile_info=file_info;
1111 if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (pfile_info_internal!=NULL))
1112     *pfile_info_internal=file_info_internal;
1114 return err;
1115 }

```

```

1119 /*
1120 Write info about the ZipFile in the *pglobal_info structure.
1121 No preparation of the structure is needed
1122 return UNZ_OK if there is no problem.
1123 */
1124 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetCurrentFileInfo64 (unzFile file,
1125     unz_file_info64 * pfile_info,
1126     char * szFileName, uLong fileNameBuffe
1127     void *extraField, uLong extraFieldBuff
1128     char* szComment, uLong commentBuffers
1129 {
1130     return unz64local_GetCurrentFileInfoInternal(file,pfile_info,NULL,
1131         szFileName,fileNameBufferSize,
1132         extraField,extraFieldBufferSize,
1133         szComment,commentBufferSize);
1134 }
1136 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetCurrentFileInfo (unzFile file,
1137     unz_file_info * pfile_info,
1138     char * szFileName, uLong fileNameBuffe
1139     void *extraField, uLong extraFieldBuff
1140     char* szComment, uLong commentBuffers
1141 {
1142     int err;
1143     unz_file_info64 file_info64;
1144     err = unz64local_GetCurrentFileInfoInternal(file,&file_info64,NULL,
1145         szFileName,fileNameBufferSize,
1146         extraField,extraFieldBufferSize,
1147         szComment,commentBufferSize);
1148     if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (pfile_info != NULL))
1149     {
1150         pfile_info->version = file_info64.version;
1151         pfile_info->version_needed = file_info64.version_needed;
1152         pfile_info->flag = file_info64.flag;
1153         pfile_info->compression_method = file_info64.compression_method;
1154         pfile_info->dosDate = file_info64.dosDate;
1155         pfile_info->crc = file_info64.crc;
1157         pfile_info->size_filename = file_info64.size_filename;
1158         pfile_info->size_file_extra = file_info64.size_file_extra;
1159         pfile_info->size_file_comment = file_info64.size_file_comment;
1161         pfile_info->disk_num_start = file_info64.disk_num_start;
1162         pfile_info->internal_fa = file_info64.internal_fa;
1163         pfile_info->external_fa = file_info64.external_fa;
1165         pfile_info->tmu_date = file_info64.tmu_date,
1168         pfile_info->compressed_size = (uLong)file_info64.compressed_size;
1169         pfile_info->uncompressed_size = (uLong)file_info64.uncompressed_size;
1171     }
1172     return err;
1173 }
1174 /*
1175 Set the current file of the zipfile to the first file.
1176 return UNZ_OK if there is no problem
1177 */
1178 extern int ZEXPORT unzGoToFirstFile (unzFile file)
1179 {
1180     int err=UNZ_OK;
1181     unz64_s* s;
1182     if (file==NULL)

```

```

1183     return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1184     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1185     s->pos_in_central_dir=s->offset_central_dir;
1186     s->num_file=0;
1187     err=unz64local_GetCurrentFileInfoInternal(file,&s->cur_file_info,
1188     &s->cur_file_info_internal,
1189     NULL,0,NULL,0,NULL,0);
1190     s->current_file_ok = (err == UNZ_OK);
1191     return err;
1192 }

1194 /*
1195  Set the current file of the zipfile to the next file.
1196  return UNZ_OK if there is no problem
1197  return UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE if the actual file was the latest.
1198 */
1199 extern int ZEXPORT unzGoToNextFile (unzFile file)
1200 {
1201     unz64_s* s;
1202     int err;

1204     if (file==NULL)
1205         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1206     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1207     if (!s->current_file_ok)
1208         return UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE;
1209     if (s->gi.number_entry != 0xffff) /* 2^16 files overflow hack */
1210         if (s->num_file+1==s->gi.number_entry)
1211             return UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE;

1213     s->pos_in_central_dir += SIZECENTRALDIRITEM + s->cur_file_info.size_filename
1214     s->cur_file_info.size_file_extra + s->cur_file_info.size_file_commen
1215     s->num_file++;
1216     err = unz64local_GetCurrentFileInfoInternal(file,&s->cur_file_info,
1217     &s->cur_file_info_internal,
1218     NULL,0,NULL,0,NULL,0);
1219     s->current_file_ok = (err == UNZ_OK);
1220     return err;
1221 }

1224 /*
1225  Try locate the file szFileName in the zipfile.
1226  For the iCaseSensitivity signification, see unzStringFileNameCompare

1228  return value :
1229  UNZ_OK if the file is found. It becomes the current file.
1230  UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE if the file is not found
1231 */
1232 extern int ZEXPORT unzLocateFile (unzFile file, const char *szFileName, int iCas
1233 {
1234     unz64_s* s;
1235     int err;

1237     /* We remember the 'current' position in the file so that we can jump
1238     * back there if we fail.
1239     */
1240     unz_file_info64 cur_file_infoSaved;
1241     unz_file_info64_internal cur_file_info_internalSaved;
1242     ZPOS64_T num_fileSaved;
1243     ZPOS64_T pos_in_central_dirSaved;

1246     if (file==NULL)
1247         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;

```

```

1249     if (strlen(szFileName)>=UNZ_MAXFILENAMEINZIP)
1250         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;

1252     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1253     if (!s->current_file_ok)
1254         return UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE;

1256     /* Save the current state */
1257     num_fileSaved = s->num_file;
1258     pos_in_central_dirSaved = s->pos_in_central_dir;
1259     cur_file_infoSaved = s->cur_file_info;
1260     cur_file_info_internalSaved = s->cur_file_info_internal;

1262     err = unzGoToFirstFile(file);

1264     while (err == UNZ_OK)
1265     {
1266         char szCurrentFileName[UNZ_MAXFILENAMEINZIP+1];
1267         err = unzGetCurrentFileInfo64(file,NULL,
1268         szCurrentFileName,sizeof(szCurrentFileName)-
1269         NULL,0,NULL,0);
1270         if (err == UNZ_OK)
1271         {
1272             if (unzStringFileNameCompare(szCurrentFileName,
1273             szFileName,iCaseSensitivity)==0)
1274                 return UNZ_OK;
1275             err = unzGoToNextFile(file);
1276         }
1277     }

1279     /* We failed, so restore the state of the 'current file' to where we
1280     * were.
1281     */
1282     s->num_file = num_fileSaved ;
1283     s->pos_in_central_dir = pos_in_central_dirSaved ;
1284     s->cur_file_info = cur_file_infoSaved;
1285     s->cur_file_info_internal = cur_file_info_internalSaved;
1286     return err;
1287 }

1290 /*
1291 ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
1292 // Contributed by Ryan Haksi (mailto://cryogen@infoserve.net)
1293 // I need random access
1294 //
1295 // Further optimization could be realized by adding an ability
1296 // to cache the directory in memory. The goal being a single
1297 // comprehensive file read to put the file I need in a memory.
1298 */

1300 /*
1301 typedef struct unz_file_pos_s
1302 {
1303     ZPOS64_T pos_in_zip_directory; // offset in file
1304     ZPOS64_T num_of_file; // # of file
1305 } unz_file_pos;
1306 */

1308 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetFilePos64(unzFile file, unz64_file_pos* file_pos)
1309 {
1310     unz64_s* s;

1312     if (file==NULL || file_pos==NULL)
1313         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1314     s=(unz64_s*)file;

```

```

1315     if (!s->current_file_ok)
1316         return UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE;

1318     file_pos->pos_in_zip_directory = s->pos_in_central_dir;
1319     file_pos->num_of_file         = s->num_file;

1321     return UNZ_OK;
1322 }

1324 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetFilePos(
1325     unzFile file,
1326     unz_file_pos* file_pos)
1327 {
1328     unz64_file_pos file_pos64;
1329     int err = unzGetFilePos64(file,&file_pos64);
1330     if (err==UNZ_OK)
1331     {
1332         file_pos->pos_in_zip_directory = (uLong)file_pos64.pos_in_zip_directory;
1333         file_pos->num_of_file = (uLong)file_pos64.num_of_file;
1334     }
1335     return err;
1336 }

1338 extern int ZEXPORT unzGoToFilePos64(unzFile file, const unz64_file_pos* file_pos)
1339 {
1340     unz64_s* s;
1341     int err;

1343     if (file==NULL || file_pos==NULL)
1344         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1345     s=(unz64_s*)file;

1347     /* jump to the right spot */
1348     s->pos_in_central_dir = file_pos->pos_in_zip_directory;
1349     s->num_file         = file_pos->num_of_file;

1351     /* set the current file */
1352     err = unz64local_GetCurrentFileInfoInternal(file,&s->cur_file_info,
1353         &s->cur_file_info_internal,
1354         NULL,0,NULL,0,NULL,0);
1355     /* return results */
1356     s->current_file_ok = (err == UNZ_OK);
1357     return err;
1358 }

1360 extern int ZEXPORT unzGoToFilePos(
1361     unzFile file,
1362     unz_file_pos* file_pos)
1363 {
1364     unz64_file_pos file_pos64;
1365     if (file_pos == NULL)
1366         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;

1368     file_pos64.pos_in_zip_directory = file_pos->pos_in_zip_directory;
1369     file_pos64.num_of_file = file_pos->num_of_file;
1370     return unzGoToFilePos64(file,&file_pos64);
1371 }

1373 /*
1374 // Unzip Helper Functions - should be here?
1375 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
1376 */

1378 /*
1379 Read the local header of the current zipfile
1380 Check the coherency of the local header and info in the end of central

```

```

1381     directory about this file
1382     store in *piSizeVar the size of extra info in local header
1383     (filename and size of extra field data)
1384 */
1385 local int unz64local_CheckCurrentFileCoherencyHeader (unz64_s* s, uInt* piSizeVa
1386     ZPOS64_T * poffset_local_ext
1387     uInt * psize_local_extrafie
1388 {
1389     uLong uMagic,uData,uFlags;
1390     uLong size_filename;
1391     uLong size_extra_field;
1392     int err=UNZ_OK;

1394     *piSizeVar = 0;
1395     *poffset_local_extrafield = 0;
1396     *psize_local_extrafield = 0;

1398     if (ZSEEK64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,s->cur_file_info_internal.offset_cu
1399         s->byte_before_the_zipfile,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SE
1400         return UNZ_ERRNO;

1403     if (err==UNZ_OK)
1404     {
1405         if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uMagic) != UNZ_OK)
1406             err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1407         else if (uMagic!=0x04034b50)
1408             err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;
1409     }

1411     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uData) != UNZ_OK)
1412         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1413     /*
1414     else if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (uData!=s->cur_file_info.wVersion))
1415         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;
1416     */
1417     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uFlags) != UNZ_OK)
1418         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

1420     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uData) != UNZ_OK)
1421         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1422     else if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (uData!=s->cur_file_info.compression_method))
1423         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

1425     if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (s->cur_file_info.compression_method!=0) &&
1426         /* #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2 */
1427         (s->cur_file_info.compression_method!=Z_BZIP2ED) &&
1428         /* #endif */
1429         (s->cur_file_info.compression_method!=Z_DEFLATED))
1430         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

1432     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uData) != UNZ_OK) /* d
1433         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

1435     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uData) != UNZ_OK) /* c
1436         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1437     else if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (uData!=s->cur_file_info.crc) && ((uFlags & 8)==0)
1438         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

1440     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uData) != UNZ_OK) /* s
1441         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1442     else if (uData != 0xFFFFFFFF && (err==UNZ_OK) && (uData!=s->cur_file_info.co
1443         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

1445     if (unz64local_getLong(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&uData) != UNZ_OK) /* s
1446         err=UNZ_ERRNO;

```



```

1447     else if (uData != 0xFFFFFFFF && (err==UNZ_OK) && (uData!=s->cur_file_info.un
1448         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

1450     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&size_filename) != UNZ
1451         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1452     else if ((err==UNZ_OK) && (size_filename!=s->cur_file_info.size_filename))
1453         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

1455     *piSizeVar += (uInt)size_filename;

1457     if (unz64local_getShort(&s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,&size_extra_field) !=
1458         err=UNZ_ERRNO;
1459     *poffset_local_extrafield= s->cur_file_info.internal.offset_curfile +
1460         SIZEZIPLocalHeader + size_filename;
1461     *psize_local_extrafield = (uInt)size_extra_field;

1463     *piSizeVar += (uInt)size_extra_field;

1465     return err;
1466 }

1468 /*
1469  Open for reading data the current file in the zipfile.
1470  If there is no error and the file is opened, the return value is UNZ_OK.
1471  */
1472 extern int ZEXPORT unzOpenCurrentFile3 (unzFile file, int* method,
1473     int* level, int raw, const char* pas
1474 {
1475     int err=UNZ_OK;
1476     uInt iSizeVar;
1477     unz64_s* s;
1478     file_in_zip64_read_info_s* pfile_in_zip_read_info;
1479     ZPOS64_T offset_local_extrafield; /* offset of the local extra field */
1480     uInt size_local_extrafield; /* size of the local extra field */
1481     #ifdef NOUNCRYPT
1482     char source[12];
1483     #else
1484     if (password != NULL)
1485         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1486     #endif

1488     if (file==NULL)
1489         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1490     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1491     if (!s->current_file_ok)
1492         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;

1494     if (s->pfile_in_zip_read != NULL)
1495         unzCloseCurrentFile(file);

1497     if (unz64local_CheckCurrentFileCoherencyHeader(s,&iSizeVar, &offset_local_ex
1498         return UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

1500     pfile_in_zip_read_info = (file_in_zip64_read_info_s*)ALLOC(sizeof(file_in_zi
1501     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info==NULL)
1502         return UNZ_INTERNALERROR;

1504     pfile_in_zip_read_info->read_buffer=(char*)ALLOC(UNZ_BUFSIZE);
1505     pfile_in_zip_read_info->offset_local_extrafield = offset_local_extrafield;
1506     pfile_in_zip_read_info->size_local_extrafield = size_local_extrafield;
1507     pfile_in_zip_read_info->pos_local_extrafield=0;
1508     pfile_in_zip_read_info->raw=raw;

1510     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info->read_buffer==NULL)
1511     {
1512         TRYFREE(pfile_in_zip_read_info);

```

```

1513         return UNZ_INTERNALERROR;
1514     }

1516     pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream_initialised=0;

1518     if (method!=NULL)
1519         *method = (int)s->cur_file_info.compression_method;

1521     if (level!=NULL)
1522     {
1523         *level = 6;
1524         switch (s->cur_file_info.flag & 0x06)
1525         {
1526             case 6 : *level = 1; break;
1527             case 4 : *level = 2; break;
1528             case 2 : *level = 9; break;
1529         }
1530     }

1532     if ((s->cur_file_info.compression_method!=0) &&
1533     /* #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2 */
1534         (s->cur_file_info.compression_method!=Z_BZIP2ED) &&
1535     /* #endif */
1536         (s->cur_file_info.compression_method!=Z_DEFLATED))

1538         err=UNZ_BADZIPFILE;

1540     pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32_wait=s->cur_file_info.crc;
1541     pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32=0;
1542     pfile_in_zip_read_info->total_out_64=0;
1543     pfile_in_zip_read_info->compression_method = s->cur_file_info.compression_me
1544     pfile_in_zip_read_info->filestream=s->filestream;
1545     pfile_in_zip_read_info->z_filefunc=s->z_filefunc;
1546     pfile_in_zip_read_info->byte_before_the_zipfile=s->byte_before_the_zipfile;

1548     pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.total_out = 0;

1550     if ((s->cur_file_info.compression_method==Z_BZIP2ED) && (!raw))
1551     {
1552     #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
1553         pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.bzalloc = (void (*)(void *, int, int))0;
1554         pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.bzfree = (free_func)0;
1555         pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.opaque = (voidpf)0;
1556         pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.state = (voidpf)0;

1558         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.zalloc = (alloc_func)0;
1559         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.zfree = (free_func)0;
1560         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;
1561         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_in = (voidpf)0;
1562         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in = 0;

1564         err=BZ2_bzDecompressInit(&pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream, 0, 0);
1565         if (err == Z_OK)
1566             pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream_initialised=Z_BZIP2ED;
1567         else
1568         {
1569             TRYFREE(pfile_in_zip_read_info);
1570             return err;
1571         }
1572     #else
1573         pfile_in_zip_read_info->raw=1;
1574     #endif
1575     }
1576     else if ((s->cur_file_info.compression_method==Z_DEFLATED) && (!raw))
1577     {
1578         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.zalloc = (alloc_func)0;

```

```

1579 pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.zfree = (free_func)0;
1580 pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;
1581 pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_in = 0;
1582 pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in = 0;

1584 err=inflateInit2(&pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream, -MAX_WBITS);
1585 if (err == Z_OK)
1586     pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.initialised=Z_DEFLATED;
1587 else
1588     {
1589     TRYFREE(pfile_in_zip_read_info);
1590     return err;
1591     }
1592 /* windowBits is passed < 0 to tell that there is no zlib header.
1593  * Note that in this case inflate *requires* an extra "dummy" byte
1594  * after the compressed stream in order to complete decompression and
1595  * return Z_STREAM_END.
1596  * In unzip, i don't wait absolutely Z_STREAM_END because I known the
1597  * size of both compressed and uncompressed data
1598  */
1599 }
1600 pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_compressed =
1601     s->cur_file_info.compressed_size ;
1602 pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_uncompressed =
1603     s->cur_file_info.uncompressed_size ;

1606 pfile_in_zip_read_info->pos_in_zipfile =
1607     s->cur_file_info_internal.offset_curfile + SIZEZIPLOCALHEADER +
1608     isizeVar;

1610 pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in = (uInt)0;

1612 s->pfile_in_zip_read = pfile_in_zip_read_info;
1613 s->encrypted = 0;

1615 # ifndef NOUNCRYPT
1616 if (password != NULL)
1617     {
1618     int i;
1619     s->pcrc_32_tab = get_crc_table();
1620     init_keys(password,s->keys,s->pcrc_32_tab);
1621     if (ZSEEK64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,
1622         s->pfile_in_zip_read->pos_in_zipfile +
1623         s->pfile_in_zip_read->byte_before_the_zipfile,
1624         SEEK_SET)!=0)
1625         return UNZ_INTERNALERROR;
1626     if (ZREAD64(s->z_filefunc, s->filestream,source, 12)<12)
1627         return UNZ_INTERNALERROR;

1629     for (i = 0; i<12; i++)
1630         zdecode(s->keys,s->pcrc_32_tab,source[i]);

1632     s->pfile_in_zip_read->pos_in_zipfile+=12;
1633     s->encrypted=1;
1634     }
1635 # endif

1638     return UNZ_OK;
1639 }

1641 extern int ZEXPORT unzOpenCurrentFile (unzFile file)
1642 {
1643     return unzOpenCurrentFile3(file, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL);
1644 }

```

```

1646 extern int ZEXPORT unzOpenCurrentFilePassword (unzFile file, const char* passwo
1647 {
1648     return unzOpenCurrentFile3(file, NULL, NULL, 0, password);
1649 }

1651 extern int ZEXPORT unzOpenCurrentFile2 (unzFile file, int* method, int* level, i
1652 {
1653     return unzOpenCurrentFile3(file, method, level, raw, NULL);
1654 }

1656 /** Addition for GDAL : START */

1658 extern ZPOS64_T ZEXPORT unzGetCurrentFileZStreamPos64( unzFile file)
1659 {
1660     unz64_s* s;
1661     file_in_zip64_read_info_s* pfile_in_zip_read_info;
1662     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1663     if (file==NULL)
1664         return 0; //UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1665     pfile_in_zip_read_info=s->pfile_in_zip_read;
1666     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info==NULL)
1667         return 0; //UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1668     return pfile_in_zip_read_info->pos_in_zipfile +
1669         pfile_in_zip_read_info->byte_before_the_zipfile;
1670 }

1672 /** Addition for GDAL : END */

1674 /*
1675 Read bytes from the current file.
1676 buf contain buffer where data must be copied
1677 len the size of buf.

1679 return the number of byte copied if somes bytes are copied
1680 return 0 if the end of file was reached
1681 return <0 with error code if there is an error
1682     (UNZ_ERRNO for IO error, or zlib error for uncompress error)
1683 */
1684 extern int ZEXPORT unzReadCurrentFile (unzFile file, voidp buf, unsigned len)
1685 {
1686     int err=UNZ_OK;
1687     uInt iRead = 0;
1688     unz64_s* s;
1689     file_in_zip64_read_info_s* pfile_in_zip_read_info;
1690     if (file==NULL)
1691         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1692     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1693     pfile_in_zip_read_info=s->pfile_in_zip_read;

1695     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info==NULL)
1696         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;

1699     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info->read_buffer == NULL)
1700         return UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE;
1701     if (len==0)
1702         return 0;

1704     pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_out = (Bytef*)buf;

1706     pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_out = (uInt)len;

1708     if ((len>pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_uncompressed) &&
1709         (!(pfile_in_zip_read_info->raw)))
1710         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_out =

```

```

1711     (uInt)pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_uncompressed;
1713     if ((len>pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_compressed+
1714         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in) &&
1715         (pfile_in_zip_read_info->raw))
1716         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_out =
1717         (uInt)pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_compressed+
1718         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in;
1720     while (pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_out>0)
1721     {
1722         if ((pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in==0) &&
1723             (pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_compressed>0))
1724         {
1725             uInt uReadThis = UNZ_BUFSIZE;
1726             if (pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_compressed<uReadThis)
1727                 uReadThis = (uInt)pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_compressed;
1728             if (uReadThis == 0)
1729                 return UNZ_EOF;
1730             if (ZSEEK64(pfile_in_zip_read_info->z_filefunc,
1731                 pfile_in_zip_read_info->filestream,
1732                 pfile_in_zip_read_info->pos_in_zipfile +
1733                 pfile_in_zip_read_info->byte_before_the_zipfile,
1734                 ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET)!=0)
1735                 return UNZ_ERRNO;
1736             if (ZREAD64(pfile_in_zip_read_info->z_filefunc,
1737                 pfile_in_zip_read_info->filestream,
1738                 pfile_in_zip_read_info->read_buffer,
1739                 uReadThis)!=uReadThis)
1740                 return UNZ_ERRNO;
1743 #           ifndef NOUNCRYPT
1744             if(s->encrypted)
1745             {
1746                 uInt i;
1747                 for(i=0;i<uReadThis;i++)
1748                     pfile_in_zip_read_info->read_buffer[i] =
1749                     zdecode(s->keys,s->pcrc_32_tab,
1750                         pfile_in_zip_read_info->read_buffer[i]);
1751             }
1752 #           endif
1755         pfile_in_zip_read_info->pos_in_zipfile += uReadThis;
1757         pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_compressed-=uReadThis;
1759         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_in =
1760         (Bytef*)pfile_in_zip_read_info->read_buffer;
1761         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in = (uInt)uReadThis;
1762     }
1764     if ((pfile_in_zip_read_info->compression_method==0) || (pfile_in_zip_rea
1765     {
1766         uInt uDoCopy,i ;
1768         if ((pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in == 0) &&
1769             (pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_compressed == 0))
1770             return (iRead==0) ? UNZ_EOF : iRead;
1772         if (pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_out <
1773             pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in)
1774             uDoCopy = pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_out ;
1775         else
1776             uDoCopy = pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in ;

```

```

1778         for (i=0;i<uDoCopy;i++)
1779             *(pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_out+i) =
1780             *(pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_in+i);
1782         pfile_in_zip_read_info->total_out_64 = pfile_in_zip_read_info->total
1784         pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32 = crc32(pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32,
1785             pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_out,
1786             uDoCopy);
1787         pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_uncompressed-=uDoCopy;
1788         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in -= uDoCopy;
1789         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_out -= uDoCopy;
1790         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_out += uDoCopy;
1791         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_in += uDoCopy;
1792         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.total_out += uDoCopy;
1793         iRead += uDoCopy;
1794     }
1795     else if (pfile_in_zip_read_info->compression_method==Z_BZIP2ED)
1796     {
1797         #ifndef HAVE_BZIP2
1798             uLong uTotalOutBefore,uTotalOutAfter;
1799             const Bytef *bufBefore;
1800             uLong uOutThis;
1802             pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.next_in = (char*)pfile_in_zip
1803             pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.avail_in = pfile_in_zip_read_i
1804             pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.total_in_lo32 = pfile_in_zip_read_i
1805             pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.total_in_hi32 = 0;
1806             pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.next_out = (char*)pfile_in_zip
1807             pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.avail_out = pfile_in_zip_read_i
1808             pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.total_out_lo32 = pfile_in_zip_read_i
1809             pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.total_out_hi32 = 0;
1811             uTotalOutBefore = pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.total_out_lo32;
1812             bufBefore = (const Bytef *)pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.next_out;
1814             err=BZ2_bzDecompress(&pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream);
1816             uTotalOutAfter = pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream.total_out_lo32;
1817             uOutThis = uTotalOutAfter-uTotalOutBefore;
1819             pfile_in_zip_read_info->total_out_64 = pfile_in_zip_read_info->total
1821             pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32 = crc32(pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32,
1822                 pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_uncompressed -= uOutThis;
1823                 iRead += (uInt)(uTotalOutAfter - uTotalOutBefore);
1825             pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_in = (Bytef*)pfile_in_zip_read
1826             pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_in = pfile_in_zip_read_info->b
1827             pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.total_in = pfile_in_zip_read_info->b
1828             pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_out = (Bytef*)pfile_in_zip_read
1829             pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_out = pfile_in_zip_read_info->b
1830             pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.total_out = pfile_in_zip_read_info->b
1832             if (err==BZ_STREAM_END)
1833                 return (iRead==0) ? UNZ_EOF : iRead;
1834             if (err!=BZ_OK)
1835                 break;
1836         #endif
1837     } // end Z_BZIP2ED
1838     else
1839     {
1840         ZPOS64_T uTotalOutBefore,uTotalOutAfter;
1841         const Bytef *bufBefore;
1842         ZPOS64_T uOutThis;

```

```

1843     int flush=Z_SYNC_FLUSH;

1845     uTotalOutBefore = pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.total_out;
1846     bufBefore = pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.next_out;

1848     /*
1849     if ((pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_uncompressed ==
1850         pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.avail_out) &&
1851         (pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_compressed == 0))
1852         flush = Z_FINISH;
1853     */
1854     err=inflate(&pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream,flush);

1856     if ((err>=0) && (pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.msg!=NULL))
1857         err = Z_DATA_ERROR;

1859     uTotalOutAfter = pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.total_out;
1860     uOutThis = uTotalOutAfter-uTotalOutBefore;

1862     pfile_in_zip_read_info->total_out_64 = pfile_in_zip_read_info->total

1864     pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32 =
1865         crc32(pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32,bufBefore,
1866             (uInt)(uOutThis));

1868     pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_uncompressed -=
1869         uOutThis;

1871     iRead += (uInt)(uTotalOutAfter - uTotalOutBefore);

1873     if (err==Z_STREAM_END)
1874         return (iRead==0) ? UNZ_EOF : iRead;
1875     if (err!=Z_OK)
1876         break;
1877     }
1878 }

1880 if (err==Z_OK)
1881     return iRead;
1882 return err;
1883 }

1886 /*
1887 Give the current position in uncompressed data
1888 */
1889 extern z_off_t ZEXPORT unzTell (unzFile file)
1890 {
1891     unz64_s* s;
1892     file_in_zip64_read_info_s* pfile_in_zip_read_info;
1893     if (file==NULL)
1894         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1895     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1896     pfile_in_zip_read_info=s->pfile_in_zip_read;

1898     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info==NULL)
1899         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;

1901     return (z_off_t)pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream.total_out;
1902 }

1904 extern ZPOS64_T ZEXPORT unzTell64 (unzFile file)
1905 {
1907     unz64_s* s;
1908     file_in_zip64_read_info_s* pfile_in_zip_read_info;

```

```

1909     if (file==NULL)
1910         return (ZPOS64_T)-1;
1911     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1912     pfile_in_zip_read_info=s->pfile_in_zip_read;

1914     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info==NULL)
1915         return (ZPOS64_T)-1;

1917     return pfile_in_zip_read_info->total_out_64;
1918 }

1921 /*
1922 return 1 if the end of file was reached, 0 elsewhere
1923 */
1924 extern int ZEXPORT unzEOF (unzFile file)
1925 {
1926     unz64_s* s;
1927     file_in_zip64_read_info_s* pfile_in_zip_read_info;
1928     if (file==NULL)
1929         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1930     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1931     pfile_in_zip_read_info=s->pfile_in_zip_read;

1933     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info==NULL)
1934         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;

1936     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_uncompressed == 0)
1937         return 1;
1938     else
1939         return 0;
1940 }

1944 /*
1945 Read extra field from the current file (opened by unzOpenCurrentFile)
1946 This is the local-header version of the extra field (sometimes, there is
1947 more info in the local-header version than in the central-header)

1949 if buf==NULL, it return the size of the local extra field that can be read

1951 if buf!=NULL, len is the size of the buffer, the extra header is copied in
1952 buf.
1953 the return value is the number of bytes copied in buf, or (if <0)
1954 the error code
1955 */
1956 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetLocalExtrafield (unzFile file, voidp buf, unsigned len)
1957 {
1958     unz64_s* s;
1959     file_in_zip64_read_info_s* pfile_in_zip_read_info;
1960     uInt read_now;
1961     ZPOS64_T size_to_read;

1963     if (file==NULL)
1964         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
1965     s=(unz64_s*)file;
1966     pfile_in_zip_read_info=s->pfile_in_zip_read;

1968     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info==NULL)
1969         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;

1971     size_to_read = (pfile_in_zip_read_info->size_local_extrafield -
1972         pfile_in_zip_read_info->pos_local_extrafield);

1974     if (buf==NULL)

```

```

1975     return (int)size_to_read;
1977     if (len>size_to_read)
1978         read_now = (uInt)size_to_read;
1979     else
1980         read_now = (uInt)len ;
1982     if (read_now==0)
1983         return 0;
1985     if (ZSEEK64(pfile_in_zip_read_info->z_filefunc,
1986         pfile_in_zip_read_info->filestream,
1987         pfile_in_zip_read_info->offset_local_extrafield +
1988         pfile_in_zip_read_info->pos_local_extrafield,
1989         ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET)!=0)
1990         return UNZ_ERRNO;
1992     if (ZREAD64(pfile_in_zip_read_info->z_filefunc,
1993         pfile_in_zip_read_info->filestream,
1994         buf,read_now)!=read_now)
1995         return UNZ_ERRNO;
1997     return (int)read_now;
1998 }
2000 /*
2001  Close the file in zip opened with unzOpenCurrentFile
2002  Return UNZ_CRCERROR if all the file was read but the CRC is not good
2003 */
2004 extern int ZEXPORT unzCloseCurrentFile (unzFile file)
2005 {
2006     int err=UNZ_OK;
2008     unz64_s* s;
2009     file_in_zip64_read_info_s* pfile_in_zip_read_info;
2010     if (file==NULL)
2011         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
2012     s=(unz64_s*)file;
2013     pfile_in_zip_read_info=s->pfile_in_zip_read;
2015     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info==NULL)
2016         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
2019     if ((pfile_in_zip_read_info->rest_read_uncompressed == 0) &&
2020         (!pfile_in_zip_read_info->raw))
2021     {
2022         if (pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32 != pfile_in_zip_read_info->crc32_wait)
2023             err=UNZ_CRCERROR;
2024     }
2027     TRYFREE(pfile_in_zip_read_info->read_buffer);
2028     pfile_in_zip_read_info->read_buffer = NULL;
2029     if (pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream_initialised == Z_DEFLATED)
2030         inflateEnd(&pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream);
2031 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
2032     else if (pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream_initialised == Z_BZIP2ED)
2033         BZ2_bzDecompressEnd(&pfile_in_zip_read_info->bstream);
2034 #endif
2037     pfile_in_zip_read_info->stream_initialised = 0;
2038     TRYFREE(pfile_in_zip_read_info);
2040     s->pfile_in_zip_read=NULL;

```

```

2042     return err;
2043 }
2046 /*
2047  Get the global comment string of the ZipFile, in the szComment buffer.
2048  uSizeBuf is the size of the szComment buffer.
2049  return the number of byte copied or an error code <0
2050 */
2051 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetGlobalComment (unzFile file, char * szComment, uLong us
2052 {
2053     unz64_s* s;
2054     uLong uReadThis ;
2055     if (file==NULL)
2056         return (int)UNZ_PARAMERROR;
2057     s=(unz64_s*)file;
2059     uReadThis = uSizeBuf;
2060     if (uReadThis>s->gi.size_comment)
2061         uReadThis = s->gi.size_comment;
2063     if (ZSEEK64(s->z_filefunc,s->filestream,s->central_pos+22,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK
2064         return UNZ_ERRNO;
2066     if (uReadThis>0)
2067     {
2068         *szComment='\0';
2069         if (ZREAD64(s->z_filefunc,s->filestream,szComment,uReadThis)!=uReadThis)
2070             return UNZ_ERRNO;
2071     }
2073     if ((szComment != NULL) && (uSizeBuf > s->gi.size_comment))
2074         *(szComment+s->gi.size_comment)='\0';
2075     return (int)uReadThis;
2076 }
2078 /* Additions by RX '2004 */
2079 extern ZPOS64_T ZEXPORT unzGetOffset64(unzFile file)
2080 {
2081     unz64_s* s;
2083     if (file==NULL)
2084         return 0; //UNZ_PARAMERROR;
2085     s=(unz64_s*)file;
2086     if (!s->current_file_ok)
2087         return 0;
2088     if (s->gi.number_entry != 0 && s->gi.number_entry != 0xffff)
2089         if (s->num_file==s->gi.number_entry)
2090             return 0;
2091     return s->pos_in_central_dir;
2092 }
2094 extern uLong ZEXPORT unzGetOffset (unzFile file)
2095 {
2096     ZPOS64_T offset64;
2098     if (file==NULL)
2099         return 0; //UNZ_PARAMERROR;
2100     offset64 = unzGetOffset64(file);
2101     return (uLong)offset64;
2102 }
2104 extern int ZEXPORT unzSetOffset64(unzFile file, ZPOS64_T pos)
2105 {
2106     unz64_s* s;

```

```
2107     int err;

2109     if (file==NULL)
2110         return UNZ_PARAMERROR;
2111     s=(unz64_s*)file;

2113     s->pos_in_central_dir = pos;
2114     s->num_file = s->gi.number_entry;      /* hack */
2115     err = unz64local_GetCurrentFileInfoInternal(file,&s->cur_file_info,
2116                                                &s->cur_file_info_internal,
2117                                                NULL,0,NULL,0,NULL,0);
2118     s->current_file_ok = (err == UNZ_OK);
2119     return err;
2120 }

2122 extern int ZEXPORT unzSetOffset (unzFile file, uLong pos)
2123 {
2124     return unzSetOffset64(file,pos);
2125 }
```

```

*****
16352 Wed Apr 1 15:57:15 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/unzip.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* unzip.h -- IO for uncompress .zip files using zlib
2 Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010
3 part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html

5 Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant ( http://www.winimage.

7 Modifications of Unzip for Zip64
8 Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault

10 Modifications for Zip64 support on both zip and unzip
11 Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )

13 For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

15 -----

17 Condition of use and distribution are the same than zlib :

19 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
20 warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
21 arising from the use of this software.

23 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
24 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
25 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

27 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
28 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
29 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
30 appreciated but is not required.
31 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
32 misrepresented as being the original software.
33 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

35 -----

37 Changes

39 See header of unzip64.c

41 */
43 #ifndef _unz64_H
44 #define _unz64_H

46 #ifdef __cplusplus
47 extern "C" {
48 #endif

50 #ifndef _ZLIB_H
51 #include "zlib.h"
52 #endif

54 #ifndef _ZLIBIOAPI_H
55 #include "ioapi.h"
56 #endif

58 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
59 #include "bzlib.h"
60 #endif

```

```

62 #define Z_BZIP2ED 12

64 #if defined(STRICTUNZIP) || defined(STRICTZIPUNZIP)
65 /* like the STRICT of WIN32, we define a pointer that cannot be converted
66 from (void*) without cast */
67 typedef struct TagunzFile__ { int unused; } unzFile__;
68 typedef unzFile__ *unzFile;
69 #else
70 typedef voidp unzFile;
71 #endif

74 #define UNZ_OK (0)
75 #define UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE (-100)
76 #define UNZ_ERRNO (Z_ERRNO)
77 #define UNZ_EOF (0)
78 #define UNZ_PARAMERROR (-102)
79 #define UNZ_BADZIPFILE (-103)
80 #define UNZ_INTERNALERROR (-104)
81 #define UNZ_CRCERROR (-105)

83 /* tm_unz contain date/time info */
84 typedef struct tm_unz_s
85 {
86     uInt tm_sec; /* seconds after the minute - [0,59] */
87     uInt tm_min; /* minutes after the hour - [0,59] */
88     uInt tm_hour; /* hours since midnight - [0,23] */
89     uInt tm_mday; /* day of the month - [1,31] */
90     uInt tm_mon; /* months since January - [0,11] */
91     uInt tm_year; /* years - [1980..2044] */
92 } tm_unz;

94 /* unz_global_info structure contain global data about the ZIPfile
95 These data comes from the end of central dir */
96 typedef struct unz_global_info64_s
97 {
98     ZPOS64_T number_entry; /* total number of entries in
99 the central dir on this disk */
100 uLong size_comment; /* size of the global comment of the zipfile */
101 } unz_global_info64;

103 typedef struct unz_global_info_s
104 {
105     uLong number_entry; /* total number of entries in
106 the central dir on this disk */
107 uLong size_comment; /* size of the global comment of the zipfile */
108 } unz_global_info;

110 /* unz_file_info contain information about a file in the zipfile */
111 typedef struct unz_file_info64_s
112 {
113     uLong version; /* version made by 2 bytes */
114     uLong version_needed; /* version needed to extract 2 bytes */
115     uLong flag; /* general purpose bit flag 2 bytes */
116     uLong compression_method; /* compression method 2 bytes */
117     uLong dosDate; /* last mod file date in Dos fmt 4 bytes */
118     uLong crc; /* crc-32 4 bytes */
119     ZPOS64_T compressed_size; /* compressed size 8 bytes */
120     ZPOS64_T uncompressed_size; /* uncompressed size 8 bytes */
121     uLong size_filename; /* filename length 2 bytes */
122     uLong size_file_extra; /* extra field length 2 bytes */
123     uLong size_file_comment; /* file comment length 2 bytes */

125     uLong disk_num_start; /* disk number start 2 bytes */
126     uLong internal_fa; /* internal file attributes 2 bytes */

```

```

127     uLong external_fa;          /* external file attributes      4 bytes */
129     tm_unz tmu_date;
130 } unz_file_info64;

132 typedef struct unz_file_info_s
133 {
134     uLong version;              /* version made by              2 bytes */
135     uLong version_needed;      /* version needed to extract    2 bytes */
136     uLong flag;                 /* general purpose bit flag    2 bytes */
137     uLong compression_method;  /* compression method          2 bytes */
138     uLong dosDate;             /* last mod file date in Dos fmt 4 bytes */
139     uLong crc;                 /* crc-32                       4 bytes */
140     uLong compressed_size;     /* compressed size              4 bytes */
141     uLong uncompressed_size;   /* uncompressed size            4 bytes */
142     uLong size_filename;       /* filename length              2 bytes */
143     uLong size_file_extra;     /* extra field length           2 bytes */
144     uLong size_file_comment;   /* file comment length          2 bytes */

146     uLong disk_num_start;      /* disk number start            2 bytes */
147     uLong internal_fa;         /* internal file attributes     2 bytes */
148     uLong external_fa;         /* external file attributes     4 bytes */

150     tm_unz tmu_date;
151 } unz_file_info;

153 extern int ZEXPORT unzStringFileNameCompare OF ((const char* fileName1,
154                                                  const char* fileName2,
155                                                  int iCaseSensitivity));
156 /*
157  Compare two filename (fileName1,fileName2).
158  If iCaseSensitivity = 1, comparison is case sensitivity (like strcmp)
159  If iCaseSensitivity = 2, comparison is not case sensitivity (like strcmpi
160  or strcasecmp)
161  If iCaseSensitivity = 0, case sensitivity is default of your operating system
162  (like 1 on Unix, 2 on Windows)
163 */

166 extern unzFile ZEXPORT unzOpen OF((const char *path));
167 extern unzFile ZEXPORT unzOpen64 OF((const void *path));
168 /*
169  Open a Zip file. path contain the full pathname (by example,
170  on a Windows XP computer "c:\\zlib\\zlib113.zip" or on an Unix computer
171  "zlib/zlib113.zip".
172  If the zipfile cannot be opened (file don't exist or in not valid), the
173  return value is NULL.
174  Else, the return value is a unzFile Handle, usable with other function
175  of this unzip package.
176  the "64" function take a const void* pointer, because the path is just the
177  value passed to the open64_file_func callback.
178  Under Windows, if UNICODE is defined, using fill fopen64_filefunc, the path
179  is a pointer to a wide unicode string (LPCTSTR is LPCWSTR), so const char
180  does not describe the reality
181 */

184 extern unzFile ZEXPORT unzOpen2 OF((const char *path,
185                                   zlib_filefunc_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));
186 /*
187  Open a Zip file, like unzOpen, but provide a set of file low level API
188  for read/write the zip file (see ioapi.h)
189 */

191 extern unzFile ZEXPORT unzOpen2_64 OF((const void *path,
192                                       zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));

```

```

193 /*
194  Open a Zip file, like unz64Open, but provide a set of file low level API
195  for read/write the zip file (see ioapi.h)
196 */

198 extern int ZEXPORT unzClose OF((unzFile file));
199 /*
200  Close a ZipFile opened with unzOpen.
201  If there is files inside the .Zip opened with unzOpenCurrentFile (see later),
202  these files MUST be closed with unzCloseCurrentFile before call unzClose.
203  return UNZ_OK if there is no problem. */

205 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetGlobalInfo OF((unzFile file,
206                                       unz_global_info *pglobal_info));

208 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetGlobalInfo64 OF((unzFile file,
209                                         unz_global_info64 *pglobal_info));
210 /*
211  Write info about the ZipFile in the *pglobal_info structure.
212  No preparation of the structure is needed
213  return UNZ_OK if there is no problem. */

216 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetGlobalComment OF((unzFile file,
217                                           char *szComment,
218                                           uLong uSizeBuf));
219 /*
220  Get the global comment string of the ZipFile, in the szComment buffer.
221  uSizeBuf is the size of the szComment buffer.
222  return the number of byte copied or an error code <0
223 */

226 /*****
227  /* Unzip package allow you browse the directory of the zipfile */

229 extern int ZEXPORT unzGoToFirstFile OF((unzFile file));
230 /*
231  Set the current file of the zipfile to the first file.
232  return UNZ_OK if there is no problem
233 */

235 extern int ZEXPORT unzGoToNextFile OF((unzFile file));
236 /*
237  Set the current file of the zipfile to the next file.
238  return UNZ_OK if there is no problem
239  return UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE if the actual file was the latest.
240 */

242 extern int ZEXPORT unzLocateFile OF((unzFile file,
243                                    const char *szFileName,
244                                    int iCaseSensitivity));
245 /*
246  Try locate the file szFileName in the zipfile.
247  For the iCaseSensitivity signification, see unzStringFileNameCompare

249  return value :
250  UNZ_OK if the file is found. It becomes the current file.
251  UNZ_END_OF_LIST_OF_FILE if the file is not found
252 */

255 /* *****
256  /* Ryan supplied functions */
257  /* unz_file_info contain information about a file in the zipfile */
258  typedef struct unz_file_pos_s

```



```

259 {
260     uLong pos_in_zip_directory; /* offset in zip file directory */
261     uLong num_of_file;         /* # of file */
262 } unz_file_pos;

264 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetFilePos(
265     unzFile file,
266     unz_file_pos* file_pos);

268 extern int ZEXPORT unzGoToFilePos(
269     unzFile file,
270     unz_file_pos* file_pos);

272 typedef struct unz64_file_pos_s
273 {
274     ZPOS64_T pos_in_zip_directory; /* offset in zip file directory */
275     ZPOS64_T num_of_file;         /* # of file */
276 } unz64_file_pos;

278 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetFilePos64(
279     unzFile file,
280     unz64_file_pos* file_pos);

282 extern int ZEXPORT unzGoToFilePos64(
283     unzFile file,
284     const unz64_file_pos* file_pos);

286 /* ***** */

288 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetCurrentFileInfo64 OF((unzFile file,
289     unz_file_info64 *pfile_info,
290     char *szFileName,
291     uLong fileNameBufferSize,
292     void *extraField,
293     uLong extraFieldBufferSize,
294     char *szComment,
295     uLong commentBufferSize));

297 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetCurrentFileInfo OF((unzFile file,
298     unz_file_info *pfile_info,
299     char *szFileName,
300     uLong fileNameBufferSize,
301     void *extraField,
302     uLong extraFieldBufferSize,
303     char *szComment,
304     uLong commentBufferSize));
305 /*
306  Get Info about the current file
307  if pfile_info!=NULL, the *pfile_info structure will contain some info about
308  the current file
309  if szFileName!=NULL, the filename string will be copied in szFileName
310  (fileNameBufferSize is the size of the buffer)
311  if extraField!=NULL, the extra field information will be copied in extraField
312  (extraFieldBufferSize is the size of the buffer).
313  This is the Central-header version of the extra field
314  if szComment!=NULL, the comment string of the file will be copied in szComment
315  (commentBufferSize is the size of the buffer)
316 */

319 /** Addition for GDAL : START */

321 extern ZPOS64_T ZEXPORT unzGetCurrentFileZStreamPos64 OF((unzFile file));

323 /** Addition for GDAL : END */

```

```

326 /*****
327  for reading the content of the current zipfile, you can open it, read data
328  from it, and close it (you can close it before reading all the file)
329  */

331 extern int ZEXPORT unzOpenCurrentFile OF((unzFile file));
332 /*
333  Open for reading data the current file in the zipfile.
334  If there is no error, the return value is UNZ_OK.
335 */

337 extern int ZEXPORT unzOpenCurrentFilePassword OF((unzFile file,
338     const char* password));
339 /*
340  Open for reading data the current file in the zipfile.
341  password is a crypting password
342  If there is no error, the return value is UNZ_OK.
343 */

345 extern int ZEXPORT unzOpenCurrentFile2 OF((unzFile file,
346     int* method,
347     int* level,
348     int raw));
349 /*
350  Same than unzOpenCurrentFile, but open for read raw the file (not uncompress)
351  if raw==1
352  *method will receive method of compression, *level will receive level of
353  compression
354  note : you can set level parameter as NULL (if you did not want known level,
355  but you CANNOT set method parameter as NULL
356 */

358 extern int ZEXPORT unzOpenCurrentFile3 OF((unzFile file,
359     int* method,
360     int* level,
361     int raw,
362     const char* password));
363 /*
364  Same than unzOpenCurrentFile, but open for read raw the file (not uncompress)
365  if raw==1
366  *method will receive method of compression, *level will receive level of
367  compression
368  note : you can set level parameter as NULL (if you did not want known level,
369  but you CANNOT set method parameter as NULL
370 */

373 extern int ZEXPORT unzCloseCurrentFile OF((unzFile file));
374 /*
375  Close the file in zip opened with unzOpenCurrentFile
376  Return UNZ_CRCERROR if all the file was read but the CRC is not good
377 */

379 extern int ZEXPORT unzReadCurrentFile OF((unzFile file,
380     voidp buf,
381     unsigned len));
382 /*
383  Read bytes from the current file (opened by unzOpenCurrentFile)
384  buf contain buffer where data must be copied
385  len the size of buf.

387  return the number of byte copied if some bytes are copied
388  return 0 if the end of file was reached
389  return <0 with error code if there is an error
390  (UNZ_ERRNO for IO error, or zlib error for uncompress error)

```

```
391 */
393 extern z_off_t ZEXPORT unzTell OF((unzFile file));
395 extern ZPOS64_T ZEXPORT unzTell64 OF((unzFile file));
396 /*
397 Give the current position in uncompressed data
398 */
400 extern int ZEXPORT unzZEOF OF((unzFile file));
401 /*
402 return 1 if the end of file was reached, 0 elsewhere
403 */
405 extern int ZEXPORT unzGetLocalExtrafield OF((unzFile file,
406 voidp buf,
407 unsigned len));
408 /*
409 Read extra field from the current file (opened by unzOpenCurrentFile)
410 This is the local-header version of the extra field (sometimes, there is
411 more info in the local-header version than in the central-header)
413 if buf==NULL, it return the size of the local extra field
415 if buf!=NULL, len is the size of the buffer, the extra header is copied in
416 buf.
417 the return value is the number of bytes copied in buf, or (if <0)
418 the error code
419 */
421 /*****/
423 /* Get the current file offset */
424 extern ZPOS64_T ZEXPORT unzGetOffset64 (unzFile file);
425 extern uLong ZEXPORT unzGetOffset (unzFile file);
427 /* Set the current file offset */
428 extern int ZEXPORT unzSetOffset64 (unzFile file, ZPOS64_T pos);
429 extern int ZEXPORT unzSetOffset (unzFile file, uLong pos);
433 #ifdef __cplusplus
434 }
435 #endif
437 #endif /* _unz64_H */
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/zip.c

1

```
*****
65850 Wed Apr 1 15:57:15 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/zip.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zip.c -- IO on .zip files using zlib
2 Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010
3 part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html
5 Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant ( http://www.winimage.
7 Modifications for Zip64 support
8 Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )
10 For more info read MiniZip_info.txt
12 Changes
13 Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Remove old C style function prototypes
14 Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Added Zip64 Support when creating new file arch
15 Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Did some code cleanup and refactoring to get be
16 Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Added zipRemoveExtraInfoBlock to strip extra fi
17 It is used when recreating zip archive with RAW
18 ZIP64 data is automatically added to items that n
19 Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Added support for BZIP2 as compression mode (bz
20 Jan-2010 - back to unzip and minizip 1.0 name scheme, with compatibility laye
22 */
25 #include <stdio.h>
26 #include <stdlib.h>
27 #include <string.h>
28 #include <time.h>
29 #include "zlib.h"
30 #include "zip.h"
32 #ifdef STDC
33 # include <stddef.h>
34 # include <string.h>
35 # include <stdlib.h>
36 #endif
37 #ifdef NO_ERRNO_H
38 extern int errno;
39 #else
40 # include <errno.h>
41 #endif
44 #ifndef local
45 # define local static
46 #endif
47 /* compile with -Dlocal if your debugger can't find static symbols */
49 #ifndef VERSIONMADEBY
50 # define VERSIONMADEBY (0x0) /* platform depedent */
51 #endif
53 #ifndef Z_BUFSIZE
54 #define Z_BUFSIZE (64*1024) //(16384)
55 #endif
57 #ifndef Z_MAXFILENAMEINZIP
58 #define Z_MAXFILENAMEINZIP (256)
59 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/zip.c

2

```
61 #ifndef ALLOC
62 # define ALLOC(size) (malloc(size))
63 #endif
64 #ifndef TRYFREE
65 # define TRYFREE(p) {if (p) free(p);}
66 #endif
68 /*
69 #define SIZECENTRALDIRITEM (0x2e)
70 #define SIZEZILOCALHEADER (0x1e)
71 */
73 /* I've found an old Unix (a SunOS 4.1.3_U1) without all SEEK_* defined.... */
76 // NOT sure that this work on ALL platform
77 #define MAKEULONG64(a, b) ((ZPOS64_T)(((unsigned long)(a)) | ((ZPOS64_T)((unsigned
79 #ifndef SEEK_CUR
80 #define SEEK_CUR 1
81 #endif
83 #ifndef SEEK_END
84 #define SEEK_END 2
85 #endif
87 #ifndef SEEK_SET
88 #define SEEK_SET 0
89 #endif
91 #ifndef DEF_MEM_LEVEL
92 #if MAX_MEM_LEVEL >= 8
93 # define DEF_MEM_LEVEL 8
94 #else
95 # define DEF_MEM_LEVEL MAX_MEM_LEVEL
96 #endif
97 #endif
98 const char zip_copyright[] = " zip 1.01 Copyright 1998-2004 Gilles Vollant - http
101 #define SIZEDATA_INDATABLOCK (4096-(4*4))
103 #define LOCALHEADERMAGIC (0x04034b50)
104 #define CENTRALHEADERMAGIC (0x02014b50)
105 #define ENDHEADERMAGIC (0x06054b50)
106 #define ZIP64ENDHEADERMAGIC (0x6064b50)
107 #define ZIP64ENDLOCHEADERMAGIC (0x7064b50)
109 #define FLAG_LOCALHEADER_OFFSET (0x06)
110 #define CRC_LOCALHEADER_OFFSET (0x0e)
112 #define SIZECENTRALHEADER (0x2e) /* 46 */
114 typedef struct linkedlist_datablock_internal_s
115 {
116 struct linkedlist_datablock_internal_s* next_datablock;
117 uLong avail_in_this_block;
118 uLong filled_in_this_block;
119 uLong unused; /* for future use and alignment */
120 unsigned char data[SIZEDATA_INDATABLOCK];
121 } linkedlist_datablock_internal;
123 typedef struct linkedlist_data_s
124 {
125 linkedlist_datablock_internal* first_block;
126 linkedlist_datablock_internal* last_block;
```

```

127 } linkedlist_data;

130 typedef struct
131 {
132     z_stream stream;          /* zLib stream structure for inflate */
133 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
134     bz_stream bstream;       /* bzLib stream structure for bziped */
135 #endif

137     int stream_initialised;   /* 1 is stream is initialised */
138     uInt pos_in_buffered_data; /* last written byte in buffered_data */

140     ZPOS64_T pos_local_header; /* offset of the local header of the file
141                                currently writing */
142     char* central_header;     /* central header data for the current file */
143     uLong size_centralExtra;
144     uLong size_centralheader; /* size of the central header for cur file */
145     uLong size_centralExtraFree; /* Extra bytes allocated to the centralheader b
146     uLong flag;               /* flag of the file currently writing */

148     int method;               /* compression method of file currently wr.*/
149     int raw;                  /* 1 for directly writing raw data */
150     Byte buffered_data[Z_BUFSIZE]; /* buffer contain compressed data to be writ*/
151     uLong dosDate;
152     uLong crc32;
153     int encrypt;
154     int zip64;                /* Add ZIP64 extened information in the extra fiel
155     ZPOS64_T pos_zip64extraInfo;
156     ZPOS64_T totalCompressedData;
157     ZPOS64_T totalUncompressedData;
158 #ifndef NOCRYPT
159     unsigned long keys[3];     /* keys defining the pseudo-random sequence */
160     const z_crc_t* pcrc_32_tab;
161     int crypt_header_size;
162 #endif
163 } curfile64_info;

165 typedef struct
166 {
167     zlib_filefunc64_32_def z_filefunc;
168     voidpf filestream;        /* io structure of the zipfile */
169     linkedlist_data central_dir; /* datablock with central dir in construction*/
170     int in_opened_file_inzip; /* 1 if a file in the zip is currently writ.*/
171     curfile64_info ci;        /* info on the file curretly writing */

173     ZPOS64_T begin_pos;       /* position of the beginning of the zipfile */
174     ZPOS64_T add_position_when_writing_offset;
175     ZPOS64_T number_entry;

177 #ifndef NO_ADDFILEINEXISTINGZIP
178     char *globalcomment;
179 #endif

181 } zip64_internal;

184 #ifndef NOCRYPT
185 #define INCLUDEDECRYPTINGCODE_IFCRYPTALLOWED
186 #include "crypt.h"
187 #endif

189 local linkedlist_datablock_internal* allocate_new_datablock()
190 {
191     linkedlist_datablock_internal* ldi;
192     ldi = (linkedlist_datablock_internal*)

```

```

193     ALLOC(sizeof(linkedlist_datablock_internal));
194     if (ldi!=NULL)
195     {
196         ldi->next_datablock = NULL ;
197         ldi->filled_in_this_block = 0 ;
198         ldi->avail_in_this_block = SIZEDATA_INDATABLOCK ;
199     }
200     return ldi;
201 }

203 local void free_datablock(linkedlist_datablock_internal* ldi)
204 {
205     while (ldi!=NULL)
206     {
207         linkedlist_datablock_internal* ldinext = ldi->next_datablock;
208         TRYFREE(ldi);
209         ldi = ldinext;
210     }
211 }

213 local void init_linkedlist(linkedlist_data* ll)
214 {
215     ll->first_block = ll->last_block = NULL;
216 }

218 local void free_linkedlist(linkedlist_data* ll)
219 {
220     free_datablock(ll->first_block);
221     ll->first_block = ll->last_block = NULL;
222 }

225 local int add_data_in_datablock(linkedlist_data* ll, const void* buf, uLong len)
226 {
227     linkedlist_datablock_internal* ldi;
228     const unsigned char* from_copy;

230     if (ll==NULL)
231         return ZIP_INTERNALERROR;

233     if (ll->last_block == NULL)
234     {
235         ll->first_block = ll->last_block = allocate_new_datablock();
236         if (ll->first_block == NULL)
237             return ZIP_INTERNALERROR;
238     }

240     ldi = ll->last_block;
241     from_copy = (unsigned char*)buf;

243     while (len>0)
244     {
245         uInt copy_this;
246         uInt i;
247         unsigned char* to_copy;

249         if (ldi->avail_in_this_block==0)
250         {
251             ldi->next_datablock = allocate_new_datablock();
252             if (ldi->next_datablock == NULL)
253                 return ZIP_INTERNALERROR;
254             ldi = ldi->next_datablock ;
255             ll->last_block = ldi;
256         }

258         if (ldi->avail_in_this_block < len)

```

```

259     copy_this = (uInt)ldi->avail_in_this_block;
260     else
261     copy_this = (uInt)len;

263     to_copy = &(ldi->data[ldi->filled_in_this_block]);

265     for (i=0;i<copy_this;i++)
266     *(to_copy+i)=*(from_copy+i);

268     ldi->filled_in_this_block += copy_this;
269     ldi->avail_in_this_block -= copy_this;
270     from_copy += copy_this ;
271     len -= copy_this;
272 }
273 return ZIP_OK;
274 }

278 /*****/

280 #ifndef NO_ADDFILEINEXISTINGZIP
281 /* =====
282 Inputs a long in LSB order to the given file
283 nbByte == 1, 2 ,4 or 8 (byte, short or long, ZPOS64_T)
284 */

286 local int zip64local_putValue OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_d
287 local int zip64local_putValue (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
288 {
289     unsigned char buf[8];
290     int n;
291     for (n = 0; n < nbByte; n++)
292     {
293         buf[n] = (unsigned char)(x & 0xff);
294         x >>= 8;
295     }
296     if (x != 0)
297     {
298         /* data overflow - hack for ZIP64 (X Roche) */
299         for (n = 0; n < nbByte; n++)
300         {
301             buf[n] = 0xff;
302         }
303     }

304     if (ZWRITE64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,buf,nbByte)!=(uLong)nbByte)
305         return ZIP_ERRNO;
306     else
307         return ZIP_OK;
308 }

310 local void zip64local_putValue_inmemory OF((void* dest, ZPOS64_T x, int nbByte))
311 local void zip64local_putValue_inmemory (void* dest, ZPOS64_T x, int nbByte)
312 {
313     unsigned char* buf=(unsigned char*)dest;
314     int n;
315     for (n = 0; n < nbByte; n++) {
316         buf[n] = (unsigned char)(x & 0xff);
317         x >>= 8;
318     }

320     if (x != 0)
321     {
322         /* data overflow - hack for ZIP64 */
323         for (n = 0; n < nbByte; n++)
324         {
325             buf[n] = 0xff;

```

```

325     }
326 }
327 }

329 /*****/

332 local uLong zip64local_TmzDateToDosDate(const tm_zip* ptm)
333 {
334     uLong year = (uLong)ptm->tm_year;
335     if (year>=1980)
336         year-=1980;
337     else if (year>=80)
338         year-=80;
339     return
340     (uLong) (((ptm->tm_mday) + (32 * (ptm->tm_mon+1)) + (512 * year)) << 16) |
341     ((ptm->tm_sec/2) + (32* ptm->tm_min) + (2048 * (uLong)ptm->tm_hour));
342 }

345 /*****/

347 local int zip64local_getByte OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_de
349 local int zip64local_getByte(const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,vo
350 {
351     unsigned char c;
352     int err = (int)ZREAD64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&c,1);
353     if (err==1)
354     {
355         *pi = (int)c;
356         return ZIP_OK;
357     }
358     else
359     {
360         if (ZERROR64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream))
361             return ZIP_ERRNO;
362         else
363             return ZIP_EOF;
364     }
365 }

368 /* =====
369 Reads a long in LSB order from the given gz_stream. Sets
370 */
371 local int zip64local_getShort OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_d
373 local int zip64local_getShort (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
374 {
375     uLong x ;
376     int i = 0;
377     int err;

379     err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
380     x = (uLong)i;

382     if (err==ZIP_OK)
383         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
384     x += ((uLong)i)<<8;

386     if (err==ZIP_OK)
387         *pX = x;
388     else
389         *pX = 0;
390     return err;

```

```

391 }

393 local int zip64local_getLong OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_de

395 local int zip64local_getLong (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def,
396 {
397     uLong x ;
398     int i = 0;
399     int err;

401     err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
402     x = (uLong)i;

404     if (err==ZIP_OK)
405         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
406     x += ((uLong)i)<<8;

408     if (err==ZIP_OK)
409         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
410     x += ((uLong)i)<<16;

412     if (err==ZIP_OK)
413         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
414     x += ((uLong)i)<<24;

416     if (err==ZIP_OK)
417         *pX = x;
418     else
419         *pX = 0;
420     return err;
421 }

423 local int zip64local_getLong64 OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_

426 local int zip64local_getLong64 (const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlib_filefunc_def
427 {
428     ZPOS64_T x;
429     int i = 0;
430     int err;

432     err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
433     x = (ZPOS64_T)i;

435     if (err==ZIP_OK)
436         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
437     x += ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<8;

439     if (err==ZIP_OK)
440         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
441     x += ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<16;

443     if (err==ZIP_OK)
444         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
445     x += ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<24;

447     if (err==ZIP_OK)
448         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
449     x += ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<32;

451     if (err==ZIP_OK)
452         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
453     x += ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<40;

455     if (err==ZIP_OK)
456         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);

```

```

457     x += ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<48;

459     if (err==ZIP_OK)
460         err = zip64local_getByte(pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,&i);
461     x += ((ZPOS64_T)i)<<56;

463     if (err==ZIP_OK)
464         *pX = x;
465     else
466         *pX = 0;

468     return err;
469 }

471 #ifndef BUFREADCOMMENT
472 #define BUFREADCOMMENT (0x400)
473 #endif
474 /*
475  Locate the Central directory of a zipfile (at the end, just before
476  the global comment)
477 */
478 local ZPOS64_T zip64local_SearchCentralDir OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzl

480 local ZPOS64_T zip64local_SearchCentralDir(const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pzlif_f
481 {
482     unsigned char* buf;
483     ZPOS64_T uSizeFile;
484     ZPOS64_T uBackRead;
485     ZPOS64_T uMaxBack=0xffff; /* maximum size of global comment */
486     ZPOS64_T uPosFound=0;

488     if (ZSEEK64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,0,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_END) != 0)
489         return 0;

492     uSizeFile = ZTELL64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream);

494     if (uMaxBack>uSizeFile)
495         uMaxBack = uSizeFile;

497     buf = (unsigned char*)ALLOC(BUFREADCOMMENT+4);
498     if (buf==NULL)
499         return 0;

501     uBackRead = 4;
502     while (uBackRead<uMaxBack)
503     {
504         uLong uReadSize;
505         ZPOS64_T uReadPos ;
506         int i;
507         if (uBackRead+BUFREADCOMMENT>uMaxBack)
508             uBackRead = uMaxBack;
509         else
510             uBackRead+=BUFREADCOMMENT;
511         uReadPos = uSizeFile-uBackRead ;

513         uReadSize = ((BUFREADCOMMENT+4) < (uSizeFile-uReadPos)) ?
514             (BUFREADCOMMENT+4) : (uLong)(uSizeFile-uReadPos);
515         if (ZSEEK64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,uReadPos,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET)!
516             break;

518         if (ZREAD64(*pzlib_filefunc_def,filestream,buf,uReadSize)!=uReadSize)
519             break;

521         for (i=(int)uReadSize-3; (i--)>0;)
522             if (((*(buf+i))==0x50) && (*(buf+i+1))==0x4b) &&

```

```

523     ((*buf+i+2))==0x05) && ((*buf+i+3))==0x06)
524     {
525         uPosFound = uReadPos+i;
526         break;
527     }

529     if (uPosFound!=0)
530         break;
531 }
532 TRYFREE(buf);
533 return uPosFound;
534 }

536 /*
537 Locate the End of Zip64 Central directory locator and from there find the CD of
538 the global comment)
539 */
540 local ZPOS64_T zip64local_SearchCentralDir64 OF((const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* p

542 local ZPOS64_T zip64local_SearchCentralDir64(const zlib_filefunc64_32_def* pziplib
543 {
544     unsigned char* buf;
545     ZPOS64_T uSizeFile;
546     ZPOS64_T uBackRead;
547     ZPOS64_T uMaxBack=0xffff; /* maximum size of global comment */
548     ZPOS64_T uPosFound=0;
549     uLong uL;
550     ZPOS64_T relativeOffset;

552     if (ZSEEK64(*pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream,0,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_END) != 0)
553         return 0;

555     uSizeFile = ZTELL64(*pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream);

557     if (uMaxBack>uSizeFile)
558         uMaxBack = uSizeFile;

560     buf = (unsigned char*)ALLOC(BUFREADCOMMENT+4);
561     if (buf==NULL)
562         return 0;

564     uBackRead = 4;
565     while (uBackRead<uMaxBack)
566     {
567         uLong uReadSize;
568         ZPOS64_T uReadPos;
569         int i;
570         if (uBackRead+BUFREADCOMMENT>uMaxBack)
571             uBackRead = uMaxBack;
572         else
573             uBackRead+=BUFREADCOMMENT;
574         uReadPos = uSizeFile-uBackRead ;

576         uReadSize = ((BUFREADCOMMENT+4) < (uSizeFile-uReadPos)) ?
577             (BUFREADCOMMENT+4) : (uLong)(uSizeFile-uReadPos);
578         if (ZSEEK64(*pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream,uReadPos,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET)!
579             break;

581         if (ZREAD64(*pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream,buf,uReadSize)!=uReadSize)
582             break;

584         for (i=(int)uReadSize-3; (i--)>0;)
585         {
586             // Signature "0x07064b50" Zip64 end of central directory locator
587             if (((*(buf+i))==0x50) && (*(buf+i+1))==0x4b) && (*(buf+i+2))==0x06) &&
588                 {

```

```

589         uPosFound = uReadPos+i;
590         break;
591     }
592 }

594     if (uPosFound!=0)
595         break;
596 }

598 TRYFREE(buf);
599 if (uPosFound == 0)
600     return 0;

602 /* Zip64 end of central directory locator */
603 if (ZSEEK64(*pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream, uPosFound,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_SET)!
604     return 0;

606 /* the signature, already checked */
607 if (zip64local_getLong(pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream,&uL)!=ZIP_OK)
608     return 0;

610 /* number of the disk with the start of the zip64 end of central directory */
611 if (zip64local_getLong(pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream,&uL)!=ZIP_OK)
612     return 0;
613 if (uL != 0)
614     return 0;

616 /* relative offset of the zip64 end of central directory record */
617 if (zip64local_getLong64(pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream,&relativeOffset)!=ZIP_O
618     return 0;

620 /* total number of disks */
621 if (zip64local_getLong(pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream,&uL)!=ZIP_OK)
622     return 0;
623 if (uL != 1)
624     return 0;

626 /* Goto Zip64 end of central directory record */
627 if (ZSEEK64(*pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream, relativeOffset,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_SEEK_
628     return 0;

630 /* the signature */
631 if (zip64local_getLong(pziplib_filefunc_def,filestream,&uL)!=ZIP_OK)
632     return 0;

634     if (uL != 0x06064b50) // signature of 'Zip64 end of central directory'
635         return 0;

637     return relativeOffset;
638 }

640 int LoadCentralDirectoryRecord(zip64_internal* pziinit)
641 {
642     int err=ZIP_OK;
643     ZPOS64_T byte_before_the_zipfile; /* byte before the zipfile, (>0 for sfx)*/

645     ZPOS64_T size_central_dir; /* size of the central directory */
646     ZPOS64_T offset_central_dir; /* offset of start of central directory */
647     ZPOS64_T central_pos;
648     uLong uL;

650     uLong number_disk; /* number of the current dist, used for
651                        spanning ZIP, unsupported, always 0*/
652     uLong number_disk_with_CD; /* number the the disk with central dir, used
653                                for spanning ZIP, unsupported, always 0*/
654     ZPOS64_T number_entry;

```

```

655 ZPOS64_T number_entry_CD; /* total number of entries in
656 the central dir
657 (same than number_entry on nospan) */
658 uLong VersionMadeBy;
659 uLong VersionNeeded;
660 uLong size_comment;

662 int hasZIP64Record = 0;

664 // check first if we find a ZIP64 record
665 central_pos = zip64local_SearchCentralDir64(&pziiinit->z_filefunc,pziiinit->file
666 if(central_pos > 0)
667 {
668     hasZIP64Record = 1;
669 }
670 else if(central_pos == 0)
671 {
672     central_pos = zip64local_SearchCentralDir(&pziiinit->z_filefunc,pziiinit->file
673 }

675 /* disable to allow appending to empty ZIP archive
676 if (central_pos==0)
677     err=ZIP_ERRNO;
678 */

680 if(hasZIP64Record)
681 {
682     ZPOS64_T sizeEndOfCentralDirectory;
683     if (ZSEEK64(pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, central_pos, ZLIB_FILE
684         err=ZIP_ERRNO;

686 /* the signature, already checked */
687 if (zip64local_getLong(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream,&uL)!=ZIP_O
688     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

690 /* size of zip64 end of central directory record */
691 if (zip64local_getLong64(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, &sizeEnd
692     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

694 /* version made by */
695 if (zip64local_getShort(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, &VersionM
696     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

698 /* version needed to extract */
699 if (zip64local_getShort(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, &VersionN
700     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

702 /* number of this disk */
703 if (zip64local_getLong(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream,&number_dis
704     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

706 /* number of the disk with the start of the central directory */
707 if (zip64local_getLong(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream,&number_dis
708     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

710 /* total number of entries in the central directory on this disk */
711 if (zip64local_getLong64(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, &number_
712     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

714 /* total number of entries in the central directory */
715 if (zip64local_getLong64(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream,&number_e
716     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

718 if ((number_entry_CD!=number_entry) || (number_disk_with_CD!=0) || (number_d
719     err=ZIP_BADZIPFILE;

```

```

721 /* size of the central directory */
722 if (zip64local_getLong64(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream,&size_cen
723     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

725 /* offset of start of central directory with respect to the
726 starting disk number */
727 if (zip64local_getLong64(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream,&offset_c
728     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

730 // TODO..
731 // read the comment from the standard central header.
732 size_comment = 0;
733 }
734 else
735 {
736     // Read End of central Directory info
737     if (ZSEEK64(pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, central_pos,ZLIB_FILEF
738         err=ZIP_ERRNO;

740 /* the signature, already checked */
741 if (zip64local_getLong(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream,&uL)!=ZIP_O
742     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

744 /* number of this disk */
745 if (zip64local_getShort(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream,&number_di
746     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

748 /* number of the disk with the start of the central directory */
749 if (zip64local_getShort(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream,&number_di
750     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

752 /* total number of entries in the central dir on this disk */
753 number_entry = 0;
754 if (zip64local_getShort(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, &uL)!=ZIP
755     err=ZIP_ERRNO;
756 else
757     number_entry = uL;

759 /* total number of entries in the central dir */
760 number_entry_CD = 0;
761 if (zip64local_getShort(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, &uL)!=ZIP
762     err=ZIP_ERRNO;
763 else
764     number_entry_CD = uL;

766 if ((number_entry_CD!=number_entry) || (number_disk_with_CD!=0) || (number_d
767     err=ZIP_BADZIPFILE;

769 /* size of the central directory */
770 size_central_dir = 0;
771 if (zip64local_getLong(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, &uL)!=ZIP_
772     err=ZIP_ERRNO;
773 else
774     size_central_dir = uL;

776 /* offset of start of central directory with respect to the starting disk nu
777 offset_central_dir = 0;
778 if (zip64local_getLong(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, &uL)!=ZIP_
779     err=ZIP_ERRNO;
780 else
781     offset_central_dir = uL;

784 /* zipfile global comment length */
785 if (zip64local_getShort(&pziiinit->z_filefunc, pziiinit->filestream, &size_com
786     err=ZIP_ERRNO;

```



```

787 }
788
789 if ((central_pos<offset_central_dir+size_central_dir) &&
790     (err==ZIP_OK))
791     err=ZIP_BADZIPFILE;
792
793 if (err!=ZIP_OK)
794 {
795     ZCLOSE64(pziinit->z_filefunc, pziinit->filestream);
796     return ZIP_ERRNO;
797 }
798
799 if (size_comment>0)
800 {
801     pziinit->globalcomment = (char*)ALLOC(size_comment+1);
802     if (pziinit->globalcomment)
803     {
804         size_comment = ZREAD64(pziinit->z_filefunc, pziinit->filestream, pziinit->
805             pziinit->globalcomment[size_comment]=0;
806     }
807 }
808
809 byte_before_the_zipfile = central_pos - (offset_central_dir+size_central_dir);
810 pziinit->add_position_when_writing_offset = byte_before_the_zipfile;
811
812 {
813     ZPOS64_T size_central_dir_to_read = size_central_dir;
814     size_t buf_size = SIZEDATA_INDATABLOCK;
815     void* buf_read = (void*)ALLOC(buf_size);
816     if (ZSEEK64(pziinit->z_filefunc, pziinit->filestream, offset_central_dir + b
817         err=ZIP_ERRNO;
818
819     while ((size_central_dir_to_read>0) && (err==ZIP_OK))
820     {
821         ZPOS64_T read_this = SIZEDATA_INDATABLOCK;
822         if (read_this > size_central_dir_to_read)
823             read_this = size_central_dir_to_read;
824
825         if (ZREAD64(pziinit->z_filefunc, pziinit->filestream,buf_read,(uLong)read_
826             err=ZIP_ERRNO;
827
828         if (err==ZIP_OK)
829             err = add_data_in_datablock(&pziinit->central_dir,buf_read, (uLong)read_
830
831             size_central_dir_to_read-=read_this;
832         }
833     }
834     TRYFREE(buf_read);
835     pziinit->begin_pos = byte_before_the_zipfile;
836     pziinit->number_entry = number_entry_CD;
837
838     if (ZSEEK64(pziinit->z_filefunc, pziinit->filestream, offset_central_dir+byte_
839         err=ZIP_ERRNO;
840
841     return err;
842 }
843
844 #endif /* !NO_ADDFILEINEXISTINGZIP*/
845
846 /*****
847 extern zipFile ZEXPORT zipOpen3 (const void *pathname, int append, zipcharpc* gl
848 {
849     zip64_internal ziinit;
850     zip64_internal* zi;

```

```

853     int err=ZIP_OK;
854
855     ziinit.z_filefunc.zseek32_file = NULL;
856     ziinit.z_filefunc.ztell32_file = NULL;
857     if (pzlib_filefunc64_32_def==NULL)
858         fill_fopen64_filefunc(&ziinit.z_filefunc.zfile_func64);
859     else
860         ziinit.z_filefunc = *pzlib_filefunc64_32_def;
861
862     ziinit.filestream = ZOPEN64(ziinit.z_filefunc,
863         pathname,
864         (append == APPEND_STATUS_CREATE) ?
865         (ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READ | ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_WRITE | ZLIB_FIL
866         (ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_READ | ZLIB_FILEFUNC_MODE_WRITE | ZLIB_F
867
868     if (ziinit.filestream == NULL)
869         return NULL;
870
871     if (append == APPEND_STATUS_CREATEAFTER)
872         ZSEEK64(ziinit.z_filefunc,ziinit.filestream,0,SEEK_END);
873
874     ziinit.begin_pos = ZTELL64(ziinit.z_filefunc,ziinit.filestream);
875     ziinit.in_opened_file_inzip = 0;
876     ziinit.ci.stream_initialised = 0;
877     ziinit.number_entry = 0;
878     ziinit.add_position_when_writing_offset = 0;
879     init_linkedlist(&(ziinit.central_dir));
880
881     zi = (zip64_internal*)ALLOC(sizeof(zip64_internal));
882     if (zi==NULL)
883     {
884         ZCLOSE64(ziinit.z_filefunc,ziinit.filestream);
885         return NULL;
886     }
887
888     /* now we add file in a zipfile */
889     #ifndef NO_ADDFILEINEXISTINGZIP
890     ziinit.globalcomment = NULL;
891     if (append == APPEND_STATUS_ADDINZIP)
892     {
893         // Read and Cache Central Directory Records
894         err = LoadCentralDirectoryRecord(&ziinit);
895     }
896
897     if (globalcomment)
898     {
899         *globalcomment = ziinit.globalcomment;
900     }
901     #endif /* !NO_ADDFILEINEXISTINGZIP*/
902
903     if (err != ZIP_OK)
904     {
905         #ifndef NO_ADDFILEINEXISTINGZIP
906         TRYFREE(ziinit.globalcomment);
907         #endif /* !NO_ADDFILEINEXISTINGZIP*/
908         TRYFREE(zi);
909         return NULL;
910     }
911     else
912     {
913         *zi = ziinit;
914         return (zipFile)zi;
915     }
916 }
917
918 }

```

```

920 extern zipFile ZEXPORT zipOpen2 (const char *pathname, int append, zipcharpc* gl
921 {
922     if (pzlib_filefunc32_def != NULL)
923     {
924         zlib_filefunc64_32_def zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill;
925         fill_zlib_filefunc64_32_def_from_filefunc32(&zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill
926         return zipOpen3(pathname, append, globalcomment, &zlib_filefunc64_32_def
927     }
928     else
929         return zipOpen3(pathname, append, globalcomment, NULL);
930 }

932 extern zipFile ZEXPORT zipOpen2_64 (const void *pathname, int append, zipcharpc*
933 {
934     if (pzlib_filefunc_def != NULL)
935     {
936         zlib_filefunc64_32_def zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill;
937         zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill.zfile_func64 = *pzlib_filefunc_def;
938         zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill.ztell32_file = NULL;
939         zlib_filefunc64_32_def_fill.zseek32_file = NULL;
940         return zipOpen3(pathname, append, globalcomment, &zlib_filefunc64_32_def
941     }
942     else
943         return zipOpen3(pathname, append, globalcomment, NULL);
944 }

948 extern zipFile ZEXPORT zipOpen (const char* pathname, int append)
949 {
950     return zipOpen3((const void*)pathname,append,NULL,NULL);
951 }

953 extern zipFile ZEXPORT zipOpen64 (const void* pathname, int append)
954 {
955     return zipOpen3(pathname,append,NULL,NULL);
956 }

958 int Write_LocalFileHeader(zip64_internal* zi, const char* filename, uInt size_ex
959 {
960     /* write the local header */
961     int err;
962     uInt size_filename = (uInt)strlen(filename);
963     uInt size_extrafield = size_extrafield_local;

965     err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)LOCALHEADERMAG
966     if (err==ZIP_OK)
967     {
968         if(zi->ci.zip64)
969             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)45, 2); /* v
970         else
971             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)20, 2); /* v
972     }

975     if (err==ZIP_OK)
976         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)zi->ci.flag,

978     if (err==ZIP_OK)
979         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)zi->ci.metho

981     if (err==ZIP_OK)
982         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)zi->ci.dosDa

984     // CRC / Compressed size / Uncompressed size will be filled in later and rewri

```

```

985     if (err==ZIP_OK)
986         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)0, 4); /* crc
987     if (err==ZIP_OK)
988     {
989         if(zi->ci.zip64)
990             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)0xFFFFFFFF
991         else
992             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)0, 4); /* c
993     }
994     if (err==ZIP_OK)
995     {
996         if(zi->ci.zip64)
997             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)0xFFFFFFFF
998         else
999             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)0, 4); /* u
1000     }

1002     if (err==ZIP_OK)
1003         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)size_filenam

1005     if(zi->ci.zip64)
1006     {
1007         size_extrafield += 20;
1008     }

1010     if (err==ZIP_OK)
1011         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (uLong)size_extrafi

1013     if ((err==ZIP_OK) && (size_filename > 0))
1014     {
1015         if (ZWRITE64(zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, filename, size_filename) != size_fil
1016             err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1017     }

1019     if ((err==ZIP_OK) && (size_extrafield_local > 0))
1020     {
1021         if (ZWRITE64(zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, extrafield_local, size_extrafie
1022             err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1023     }

1026     if ((err==ZIP_OK) && (zi->ci.zip64))
1027     {
1028         // write the Zip64 extended info
1029         short HeaderID = 1;
1030         short DataSize = 16;
1031         ZPOS64_T CompressedSize = 0;
1032         ZPOS64_T UncompressedSize = 0;

1034         // Remember position of Zip64 extended info for the local file header. (ne
1035         zi->ci.pos_zip64extrainfo = ZTELL64(zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream);

1037         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (short)HeaderID
1038         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (short)DataSize

1040         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (ZPOS64_T)Uncom
1041         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, (ZPOS64_T)Compr
1042     }

1044     return err;
1045 }

1047 /*
1048 NOTE.
1049 When writing RAW the ZIP64 extended information in extrafield_local and extrafi
1050 before calling this function it can be done with zipRemoveExtraInfoBlock

```

```

1052 It is not done here because then we need to realloc a new buffer since paramete
1053 unnecessary allocations.
1054 */
1055 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 (zipFile file, const char* filename,
1056      const void* extrafield_local, uInt size
1057      const void* extrafield_global, uInt siz
1058      const char* comment, int method, int le
1059      int windowBits, int memLevel, int strate
1060      const char* password, uLong crcForCrypt
1061      uLong versionMadeBy, uLong flagBase, in
1062 {
1063     zip64_internal* zi;
1064     uInt size_filename;
1065     uInt size_comment;
1066     uInt i;
1067     int err = ZIP_OK;

1069 #   ifdef NOCRYPT
1070     (crcForCrypting);
1071     if (password != NULL)
1072         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;
1073 #   endif

1075     if (file == NULL)
1076         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;

1078 #ifndef HAVE_BZIP2
1079     if ((method!=0) && (method!=Z_DEFLATED) && (method!=Z_BZIP2ED))
1080         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;
1081 #else
1082     if ((method!=0) && (method!=Z_DEFLATED))
1083         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;
1084 #endif

1086     zi = (zip64_internal*)file;

1088     if (zi->in_opened_file_inzip == 1)
1089     {
1090         err = zipCloseFileInZip (file);
1091         if (err != ZIP_OK)
1092             return err;
1093     }

1095     if (filename==NULL)
1096         filename="-";

1098     if (comment==NULL)
1099         size_comment = 0;
1100     else
1101         size_comment = (uInt)strlen(comment);

1103     size_filename = (uInt)strlen(filename);

1105     if (zipfi == NULL)
1106         zi->ci.dosDate = 0;
1107     else
1108     {
1109         if (zipfi->dosDate != 0)
1110             zi->ci.dosDate = zipfi->dosDate;
1111         else
1112             zi->ci.dosDate = zip64local_TmzDateToDosDate(&zipfi->tmz_date);
1113     }

1115     zi->ci.flag = flagBase;
1116     if ((level==8) || (level==9))

```

```

1117     zi->ci.flag |= 2;
1118     if (level==2)
1119         zi->ci.flag |= 4;
1120     if (level==1)
1121         zi->ci.flag |= 6;
1122     if (password != NULL)
1123         zi->ci.flag |= 1;

1125     zi->ci.crc32 = 0;
1126     zi->ci.method = method;
1127     zi->ci.encrypt = 0;
1128     zi->ci.stream_initialised = 0;
1129     zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data = 0;
1130     zi->ci.raw = raw;
1131     zi->ci.pos_local_header = ZTELL64(zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream);

1133     zi->ci.size_centralheader = SIZECENTRALHEADER + size_filename + size_extrafi
1134     zi->ci.size_centralExtraFree = 32; // Extra space we have reserved in case w

1136     zi->ci.central_header = (char*)ALLOC((uInt)zi->ci.size_centralheader + zi->c

1138     zi->ci.size_centralExtra = size_extrafield_global;
1139     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header, (uLong)CENTRALHEADERMAGIC
1140     /* version info */
1141     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+4, (uLong)versionMadeBy, 2)
1142     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+6, (uLong)20, 2);
1143     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+8, (uLong)zi->ci.flag, 2);
1144     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+10, (uLong)zi->ci.method, 2
1145     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+12, (uLong)zi->ci.dosDate,
1146     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+16, (uLong)0, 4); /*crc*/
1147     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+20, (uLong)0, 4); /*compr s
1148     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+24, (uLong)0, 4); /*uncompr
1149     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+28, (uLong)size_filename, 2
1150     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+30, (uLong)size_extrafield
1151     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+32, (uLong)size_comment, 2)
1152     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+34, (uLong)0, 2); /*disk nm

1154     if (zipfi==NULL)
1155         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+36, (uLong)0, 2);
1156     else
1157         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+36, (uLong)zipfi->inte

1159     if (zipfi==NULL)
1160         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+38, (uLong)0, 4);
1161     else
1162         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+38, (uLong)zipfi->exte

1164     if(zi->ci.pos_local_header >= 0xffffffff)
1165         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+42, (uLong)0xffffffff, 4)
1166     else
1167         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+42, (uLong)zi->ci.pos_lo

1169     for (i=0; i<size_filename; i++)
1170         *(zi->ci.central_header+SIZECENTRALHEADER+i) = *(filename+i);

1172     for (i=0; i<size_extrafield_global; i++)
1173         *(zi->ci.central_header+SIZECENTRALHEADER+size_filename+i) =
1174         *((const char*)extrafield_global+i);

1176     for (i=0; i<size_comment; i++)
1177         *(zi->ci.central_header+SIZECENTRALHEADER+size_filename+
1178         size_extrafield_global+i) = *(comment+i);
1179     if (zi->ci.central_header == NULL)
1180         return ZIP_INTERNALERROR;

1182     zi->ci.zip64 = zip64;

```

```

1183     zi->ci.totalCompressedData = 0;
1184     zi->ci.totalUncompressedData = 0;
1185     zi->ci.pos_zip64extrainfo = 0;

1187     err = Write_LocalFileHeader(zi, filename, size_extrafield_local, extrafield

1189 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
1190     zi->ci.bstream.avail_in = (uInt)0;
1191     zi->ci.bstream.avail_out = (uInt)Z_BUFSIZE;
1192     zi->ci.bstream.next_out = (char*)zi->ci.buffered_data;
1193     zi->ci.bstream.total_in_hi32 = 0;
1194     zi->ci.bstream.total_in_lo32 = 0;
1195     zi->ci.bstream.total_out_hi32 = 0;
1196     zi->ci.bstream.total_out_lo32 = 0;
1197 #endif

1199     zi->ci.stream.avail_in = (uInt)0;
1200     zi->ci.stream.avail_out = (uInt)Z_BUFSIZE;
1201     zi->ci.stream.next_out = zi->ci.buffered_data;
1202     zi->ci.stream.total_in = 0;
1203     zi->ci.stream.total_out = 0;
1204     zi->ci.stream.data_type = Z_BINARY;

1206 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
1207     if ((err==ZIP_OK) && (zi->ci.method == Z_DEFLATED || zi->ci.method == Z_BZIP
1208 #else
1209     if ((err==ZIP_OK) && (zi->ci.method == Z_DEFLATED) && (!zi->ci.raw))
1210 #endif
1211     {
1212         if(zi->ci.method == Z_DEFLATED)
1213         {
1214             zi->ci.stream.zalloc = (alloc_func)0;
1215             zi->ci.stream.zfree = (free_func)0;
1216             zi->ci.stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

1218             if (windowBits>0)
1219                 windowBits = -windowBits;

1221             err = deflateInit2(&zi->ci.stream, level, Z_DEFLATED, windowBits, memL

1223             if (err==Z_OK)
1224                 zi->ci.stream.initialised = Z_DEFLATED;
1225         }
1226     } else if(zi->ci.method == Z_BZIP2ED)
1227     {
1228 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
1229         // Init BZip stuff here
1230         zi->ci.bstream.bzalloc = 0;
1231         zi->ci.bstream.bzfree = 0;
1232         zi->ci.bstream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

1234         err = BZ2_bzCompressInit(&zi->ci.bstream, level, 0,35);
1235         if(err == BZ_OK)
1236             zi->ci.stream.initialised = Z_BZIP2ED;
1237 #endif
1238     }

1240 }

1242 #   ifndef NOCRYPT
1243     zi->ci.crypt_header_size = 0;
1244     if ((err==Z_OK) && (password != NULL))
1245     {
1246         unsigned char bufHead[RAND_HEAD_LEN];
1247         unsigned int sizeHead;
1248         zi->ci.encrypt = 1;

```

```

1249     zi->ci.pcrc_32_tab = get_crc_table();
1250     /*init_keys(password,zi->ci.keys,zi->ci.pcrc_32_tab);*/

1252     sizeHead=crypthead(password,bufHead,RAND_HEAD_LEN,zi->ci.keys,zi->ci.pcr
1253     zi->ci.crypt_header_size = sizeHead;

1255     if (ZWRITE64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,bufHead,sizeHead) != sizeHead
1256         err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1257     }
1258 #   endif

1260     if (err==Z_OK)
1261         zi->in_opened_file_inzip = 1;
1262     return err;
1263 }

1265 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip4 (zipFile file, const char* filename, con
1266     const void* extrafield_local, uInt size
1267     const void* extrafield_global, uInt siz
1268     const char* comment, int method, int le
1269     int windowBits,int memLevel, int strate
1270     const char* password, uLong crcForCrypt
1271     uLong versionMadeBy, uLong flagBase)
1272 {
1273     return zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 (file, filename, zipfi,
1274     extrafield_local, size_extrafield_local,
1275     extrafield_global, size_extrafield_global,
1276     comment, method, level, raw,
1277     windowBits, memLevel, strategy,
1278     password, crcForCrypting, versionMadeBy, flagBa
1279 }

1281 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip3 (zipFile file, const char* filename, con
1282     const void* extrafield_local, uInt size
1283     const void* extrafield_global, uInt siz
1284     const char* comment, int method, int le
1285     int windowBits,int memLevel, int strate
1286     const char* password, uLong crcForCrypt
1287 {
1288     return zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 (file, filename, zipfi,
1289     extrafield_local, size_extrafield_local,
1290     extrafield_global, size_extrafield_global,
1291     comment, method, level, raw,
1292     windowBits, memLevel, strategy,
1293     password, crcForCrypting, VERSIONMADEBY, 0, 0);
1294 }

1296 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip3_64(zipFile file, const char* filename, c
1297     const void* extrafield_local, uInt size
1298     const void* extrafield_global, uInt siz
1299     const char* comment, int method, int le
1300     int windowBits,int memLevel, int strate
1301     const char* password, uLong crcForCrypt
1302 {
1303     return zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 (file, filename, zipfi,
1304     extrafield_local, size_extrafield_local,
1305     extrafield_global, size_extrafield_global,
1306     comment, method, level, raw,
1307     windowBits, memLevel, strategy,
1308     password, crcForCrypting, VERSIONMADEBY, 0, zip
1309 }

1311 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip2(zipFile file, const char* filename, cons
1312     const void* extrafield_local, uInt size_
1313     const void* extrafield_global, uInt size
1314     const char* comment, int method, int lev

```

```

1315 {
1316     return zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 (file, filename, zipfi,
1317                                     extrafield_local, size_extrafield_local,
1318                                     extrafield_global, size_extrafield_global,
1319                                     comment, method, level, raw,
1320                                     -MAX_WBITS, DEF_MEM_LEVEL, Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY,
1321                                     NULL, 0, VERSIONMADEBY, 0, 0);
1322 }

1324 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip2_64(zipFile file, const char* filename, c
1325     const void* extrafield_local, uInt size_
1326     const void* extrafield_global, uInt size_
1327     const char* comment, int method, int lev
1328 {
1329     return zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 (file, filename, zipfi,
1330                                     extrafield_local, size_extrafield_local,
1331                                     extrafield_global, size_extrafield_global,
1332                                     comment, method, level, raw,
1333                                     -MAX_WBITS, DEF_MEM_LEVEL, Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY,
1334                                     NULL, 0, VERSIONMADEBY, 0, zip64);
1335 }

1337 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip64 (zipFile file, const char* filename, co
1338     const void* extrafield_local, uInt size_
1339     const void*extrafield_global, uInt size_
1340     const char* comment, int method, int lev
1341 {
1342     return zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 (file, filename, zipfi,
1343                                     extrafield_local, size_extrafield_local,
1344                                     extrafield_global, size_extrafield_global,
1345                                     comment, method, level, 0,
1346                                     -MAX_WBITS, DEF_MEM_LEVEL, Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY,
1347                                     NULL, 0, VERSIONMADEBY, 0, zip64);
1348 }

1350 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip (zipFile file, const char* filename, cons
1351     const void* extrafield_local, uInt size_
1352     const void*extrafield_global, uInt size_
1353     const char* comment, int method, int lev
1354 {
1355     return zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 (file, filename, zipfi,
1356                                     extrafield_local, size_extrafield_local,
1357                                     extrafield_global, size_extrafield_global,
1358                                     comment, method, level, 0,
1359                                     -MAX_WBITS, DEF_MEM_LEVEL, Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY,
1360                                     NULL, 0, VERSIONMADEBY, 0, 0);
1361 }

1363 local int zip64FlushWriteBuffer(zip64_internal* zi)
1364 {
1365     int err=ZIP_OK;

1367     if (zi->ci.encrypt != 0)
1368     {
1369 #ifndef NOCRYPT
1370         uInt i;
1371         int t;
1372         for (i=0;i<zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data;i++)
1373             zi->ci.buffered_data[i] = zencode(zi->ci.keys, zi->ci.pcrc_32_tab, z
1374 #endif
1375     }

1377     if (ZWRITE64(zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, zi->ci.buffered_data, zi->ci.pos_i
1378         err = ZIP_ERRNO;

1380     zi->ci.totalCompressedData += zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data;

```

```

1382 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
1383     if(zi->ci.method == Z_BZIP2ED)
1384     {
1385         zi->ci.totalUncompressedData += zi->ci.bstream.total_in_lo32;
1386         zi->ci.bstream.total_in_lo32 = 0;
1387         zi->ci.bstream.total_in_hi32 = 0;
1388     }
1389     else
1390 #endif
1391     {
1392         zi->ci.totalUncompressedData += zi->ci.stream.total_in;
1393         zi->ci.stream.total_in = 0;
1394     }

1397     zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data = 0;

1399     return err;
1400 }

1402 extern int ZEXPORT zipWriteInFileInZip (zipFile file, const void* buf, unsigned in
1403 {
1404     zip64_internal* zi;
1405     int err=ZIP_OK;

1407     if (file == NULL)
1408         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;
1409     zi = (zip64_internal*)file;

1411     if (zi->in_opened_file_inzip == 0)
1412         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;

1414     zi->ci.crc32 = crc32(zi->ci.crc32, buf, (uInt)len);

1416 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
1417     if(zi->ci.method == Z_BZIP2ED && (!zi->ci.raw))
1418     {
1419         zi->ci.bstream.next_in = (void*)buf;
1420         zi->ci.bstream.avail_in = len;
1421         err = BZ_RUN_OK;

1423         while ((err==BZ_RUN_OK) && (zi->ci.bstream.avail_in>0))
1424         {
1425             if (zi->ci.bstream.avail_out == 0)
1426             {
1427                 if (zip64FlushWriteBuffer(zi) == ZIP_ERRNO)
1428                     err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1429                 zi->ci.bstream.avail_out = (uInt)Z_BUFSIZE;
1430                 zi->ci.bstream.next_out = (char*)zi->ci.buffered_data;
1431             }

1434             if(err != BZ_RUN_OK)
1435                 break;

1437             if ((zi->ci.method == Z_BZIP2ED) && (!zi->ci.raw))
1438             {
1439                 uLong uTotalOutBefore_lo = zi->ci.bstream.total_out_lo32;
1440                 uLong uTotalOutBefore_hi = zi->ci.bstream.total_out_hi32;
1441                 err=BZ2_bzCompress(&zi->ci.bstream, BZ_RUN);

1443                 zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data += (uInt)(zi->ci.bstream.total_out_lo32 -
1444                 }
1445             }

```

```

1447     if(err == BZ_RUN_OK)
1448         err = ZIP_OK;
1449     }
1450     else
1451 #endif
1452     {
1453         zi->ci.stream.next_in = (Bytef*)buf;
1454         zi->ci.stream.avail_in = len;

1456         while ((err==ZIP_OK) && (zi->ci.stream.avail_in>0))
1457         {
1458             if (zi->ci.stream.avail_out == 0)
1459             {
1460                 if (zip64FlushWriteBuffer(zi) == ZIP_ERRNO)
1461                     err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1462                 zi->ci.stream.avail_out = (uInt)Z_BUFSIZE;
1463                 zi->ci.stream.next_out = zi->ci.buffered_data;
1464             }

1467             if(err != ZIP_OK)
1468                 break;

1470             if ((zi->ci.method == Z_DEFLATED) && (!zi->ci.raw))
1471             {
1472                 uLong uTotalOutBefore = zi->ci.stream.total_out;
1473                 err=deflate(&zi->ci.stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
1474                 if(uTotalOutBefore > zi->ci.stream.total_out)
1475                 {
1476                     int bBreak = 0;
1477                     bBreak++;
1478                 }

1480                 zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data += (uInt)(zi->ci.stream.total_out - uT
1481             }
1482             else
1483             {
1484                 uInt copy_this,i;
1485                 if (zi->ci.stream.avail_in < zi->ci.stream.avail_out)
1486                     copy_this = zi->ci.stream.avail_in;
1487                 else
1488                     copy_this = zi->ci.stream.avail_out;

1490                 for (i = 0; i < copy_this; i++)
1491                     *(((char*)zi->ci.stream.next_out)+i) =
1492                     *(((const char*)zi->ci.stream.next_in)+i);
1493                 {
1494                     zi->ci.stream.avail_in -= copy_this;
1495                     zi->ci.stream.avail_out -= copy_this;
1496                     zi->ci.stream.next_in += copy_this;
1497                     zi->ci.stream.next_out += copy_this;
1498                     zi->ci.stream.total_in += copy_this;
1499                     zi->ci.stream.total_out += copy_this;
1500                     zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data += copy_this;
1501                 }
1502             }
1503         } // while(...)
1504     }

1506     return err;
1507 }

1509 extern int ZEXPORT zipCloseFileInZipRaw (zipFile file, uLong uncompressed_size,
1510 {
1511     return zipCloseFileInZipRaw64 (file, uncompressed_size, crc32);
1512 }

```

```

1514 extern int ZEXPORT zipCloseFileInZipRaw64 (zipFile file, ZPOS64_T uncompressed_s
1515 {
1516     zip64_internal* zi;
1517     ZPOS64_T compressed_size;
1518     uLong invalidValue = 0xffffffff;
1519     short datasize = 0;
1520     int err=ZIP_OK;

1522     if (file == NULL)
1523         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;
1524     zi = (zip64_internal*)file;

1526     if (zi->in_opened_file_inzip == 0)
1527         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;
1528     zi->ci.stream.avail_in = 0;

1530     if ((zi->ci.method == Z_DEFLATED) && (!zi->ci.raw))
1531     {
1532         while (err==ZIP_OK)
1533         {
1534             uLong uTotalOutBefore;
1535             if (zi->ci.stream.avail_out == 0)
1536             {
1537                 if (zip64FlushWriteBuffer(zi) == ZIP_ERR
1538                     err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1539                 zi->ci.stream.avail_out = (uInt)Z_BUFSIZ
1540                 zi->ci.stream.next_out = zi->ci.buffered
1541             }
1542             uTotalOutBefore = zi->ci.stream.total_out;
1543             err=deflate(&zi->ci.stream, Z_FINISH);
1544             zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data += (uInt)(zi->ci.str
1545         }

1546     }
1547     else if ((zi->ci.method == Z_BZIP2ED) && (!zi->ci.raw))
1548     {
1549 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
1550         err = BZ_FINISH_OK;
1551         while (err==BZ_FINISH_OK)
1552         {
1553             uLong uTotalOutBefore;
1554             if (zi->ci.bstream.avail_out == 0)
1555             {
1556                 if (zip64FlushWriteBuffer(zi) == ZIP_ERRNO)
1557                     err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1558                 zi->ci.bstream.avail_out = (uInt)Z_BUFSIZE;
1559                 zi->ci.bstream.next_out = (char*)zi->ci.buffered_data;
1560             }
1561             uTotalOutBefore = zi->ci.bstream.total_out_lo32;
1562             err=BZ2_bzCompress(&zi->ci.bstream, BZ_FINISH);
1563             if(err == BZ_STREAM_END)
1564                 err = Z_STREAM_END;

1566             zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data += (uInt)(zi->ci.bstream.total_out_lo32 - uT
1567         }

1569         if(err == BZ_FINISH_OK)
1570             err = ZIP_OK;
1571     #endif
1572     }

1574     if (err==Z_STREAM_END)
1575         err=ZIP_OK; /* this is normal */

1577     if ((zi->ci.pos_in_buffered_data>0) && (err==ZIP_OK))
1578     {

```

```

1579     if (zip64FlushWriteBuffer(zi)==ZIP_ERRNO)
1580         err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1581     }
1582
1583     if ((zi->ci.method == Z_DEFLATED) && (!zi->ci.raw))
1584     {
1585         int tmp_err = deflateEnd(&zi->ci.stream);
1586         if (err == ZIP_OK)
1587             err = tmp_err;
1588         zi->ci.stream_initialised = 0;
1589     }
1590 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
1591     else if((zi->ci.method == Z_BZIP2ED) && (!zi->ci.raw))
1592     {
1593         int tmperr = BZ2_bzCompressEnd(&zi->ci.bstream);
1594         if (err==ZIP_OK)
1595             err = tmperr;
1596         zi->ci.stream_initialised = 0;
1597     }
1598 #endif
1599
1600     if (!zi->ci.raw)
1601     {
1602         crc32 = (uLong)zi->ci.crc32;
1603         uncompressed_size = zi->ci.totalUncompressedData;
1604     }
1605     compressed_size = zi->ci.totalCompressedData;
1606
1607 #   ifndef NOCRYPT
1608     compressed_size += zi->ci.crypt_header_size;
1609 #   endif
1610
1611     // update Current Item crc and sizes,
1612     if(compressed_size >= 0xffffffff || uncompressed_size >= 0xffffffff || zi->c
1613     {
1614         /*version Made by*/
1615         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+4,(uLong)45,2);
1616         /*version needed*/
1617         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+6,(uLong)45,2);
1618     }
1619 }
1620
1621 zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+16,crc32,4); /*crc*/
1622
1623
1624 if(compressed_size >= 0xffffffff)
1625     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+20, invalidValue,4); /*
1626 else
1627     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+20, compressed_size,4);
1628
1629 /// set internal file attributes field
1630 if (zi->ci.stream.data_type == Z_ASCII)
1631     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+36,(uLong)Z_ASCII,2);
1632
1633 if(uncompressed_size >= 0xffffffff)
1634     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+24, invalidValue,4); /*
1635 else
1636     zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+24, uncompressed_size,4
1637
1638 // Add ZIP64 extra info field for uncompressed size
1639 if(uncompressed_size >= 0xffffffff)
1640     datasize += 8;
1641
1642 // Add ZIP64 extra info field for compressed size
1643 if(compressed_size >= 0xffffffff)
1644     datasize += 8;

```

```

1646     // Add ZIP64 extra info field for relative offset to local file header of cu
1647     if(zi->ci.pos_local_header >= 0xffffffff)
1648         datasize += 8;
1649
1650     if(datasize > 0)
1651     {
1652         char* p = NULL;
1653
1654         if((uLong)(datasize + 4) > zi->ci.size_centralExtraFree)
1655         {
1656             // we can not write more data to the buffer that we have room for.
1657             return ZIP_BADZIPFILE;
1658         }
1659
1660         p = zi->ci.central_header + zi->ci.size_centralheader;
1661
1662         // Add Extra Information Header for 'ZIP64 information'
1663         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(p, 0x0001, 2); // HeaderID
1664         p += 2;
1665         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(p, datasize, 2); // DataSize
1666         p += 2;
1667
1668         if(uncompressed_size >= 0xffffffff)
1669         {
1670             zip64local_putValue_inmemory(p, uncompressed_size, 8);
1671             p += 8;
1672         }
1673
1674         if(compressed_size >= 0xffffffff)
1675         {
1676             zip64local_putValue_inmemory(p, compressed_size, 8);
1677             p += 8;
1678         }
1679
1680         if(zi->ci.pos_local_header >= 0xffffffff)
1681         {
1682             zip64local_putValue_inmemory(p, zi->ci.pos_local_header, 8);
1683             p += 8;
1684         }
1685
1686         // Update how much extra free space we got in the memory buffer
1687         // and increase the centralheader size so the new ZIP64 fields are include
1688         // ( 4 below is the size of HeaderID and DataSize field )
1689         zi->ci.size_centralExtraFree -= datasize + 4;
1690         zi->ci.size_centralheader += datasize + 4;
1691
1692         // Update the extra info size field
1693         zi->ci.size_centralExtra += datasize + 4;
1694         zip64local_putValue_inmemory(zi->ci.central_header+30,(uLong)zi->ci.size_c
1695     }
1696
1697     if (err==ZIP_OK)
1698         err = add_data_in_datablock(&zi->central_dir, zi->ci.central_header, (uL
1699
1700     free(zi->ci.central_header);
1701
1702     if (err==ZIP_OK)
1703     {
1704         // Update the LocalFileHeader with the new values.
1705
1706         ZPOS64_T cur_pos_inzip = ZTELL64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream);
1707
1708         if (ZSEEK64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream, zi->ci.pos_local_header + 14,
1709             err = ZIP_ERRNO;

```

```

1711     if (err==ZIP_OK)
1712         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,crc32,4); /
1714     if(uncompressed_size >= 0xffffffff || compressed_size >= 0xffffffff )
1715     {
1716         if(zi->ci.pos_zip64extrainfo > 0)
1717         {
1718             // Update the size in the ZIP64 extended field.
1719             if (ZSEEK64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream, zi->ci.pos_zip64extrainfo
1720                 err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1722         if (err==ZIP_OK) /* compressed size, unknown */
1723             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, uncompr
1725         if (err==ZIP_OK) /* uncompressed size, unknown */
1726             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, compres
1727         }
1728     } else
1729         err = ZIP_BADZIPFILE; // Caller passed zip64 = 0, so no room for z
1730     }
1731     else
1732     {
1733         if (err==ZIP_OK) /* compressed size, unknown */
1734             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,compresse
1736         if (err==ZIP_OK) /* uncompressed size, unknown */
1737             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,uncompres
1738     }
1740     if (ZSEEK64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream, cur_pos_inzip,ZLIB_FILEFUNC_S
1741         err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1742     }
1744     zi->number_entry ++;
1745     zi->in_opened_file_inzip = 0;
1747     return err;
1748 }
1750 extern int ZEXPORT zipCloseFileInZip (zipFile file)
1751 {
1752     return zipCloseFileInZipRaw (file,0,0);
1753 }
1755 int Write_Zip64EndOfCentralDirectoryLocator(zip64_internal* zi, ZPOS64_T zip64eoc
1756 {
1757     int err = ZIP_OK;
1758     ZPOS64_T pos = zip64eocd_pos_inzip - zi->add_position_when_writing_offset;
1760     err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)ZIP64ENDLOCHEA
1762     /*num disks*/
1763     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* number of the disk with the start of the central directo
1764         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)0,4);
1766     /*relative offset*/
1767     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* Relative offset to the Zip64EndOfCentralDirectory */
1768         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream, pos,8);
1770     /*total disks*/ /* Do not support spawning of disk so always say 1 here*/
1771     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* number of the disk with the start of the central directo
1772         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)1,4);
1774     return err;
1775 }

```

```

1777 int Write_Zip64EndOfCentralDirectoryRecord(zip64_internal* zi, uLong size_centra
1778 {
1779     int err = ZIP_OK;
1781     uLong Zip64DataSize = 44;
1783     err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)ZIP64ENDHEADER
1785     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* size of this 'zip64 end of central directory' */
1786         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(ZPOS64_T)Zip64Data
1788     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* version made by */
1789         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)45,2);
1791     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* version needed */
1792         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)45,2);
1794     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* number of this disk */
1795         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)0,4);
1797     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* number of the disk with the start of the central directory
1798         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)0,4);
1800     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* total number of entries in the central dir on this disk */
1801         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, zi->number_entry,
1803     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* total number of entries in the central dir */
1804         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc, zi->filestream, zi->number_entry,
1806     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* size of the central directory */
1807         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(ZPOS64_T)size_cent
1809     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* offset of start of central directory with respect to the s
1810     {
1811         ZPOS64_T pos = centraldir_pos_inzip - zi->add_position_when_writing_offset;
1812         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream, (ZPOS64_T)pos,8);
1813     }
1814     return err;
1815 }
1816 int Write_EndOfCentralDirectoryRecord(zip64_internal* zi, uLong size_centraldir,
1817 {
1818     int err = ZIP_OK;
1820     /*signature*/
1821     err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)ENDHEADERMAGIC
1823     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* number of this disk */
1824         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)0,2);
1826     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* number of the disk with the start of the central directory
1827         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)0,2);
1829     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* total number of entries in the central dir on this disk */
1830     {
1831         {
1832             if(zi->number_entry >= 0xFFFF)
1833                 err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)0xffff,2
1834             else
1835                 err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)zi->numb
1836         }
1837     }
1839     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* total number of entries in the central dir */
1840     {
1841         if(zi->number_entry >= 0xFFFF)
1842             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)0xffff,2);

```



```

1843     else
1844         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)zi->number
1845     }

1847     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* size of the central directory */
1848         err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)size_central

1850     if (err==ZIP_OK) /* offset of start of central directory with respect to the s
1851     {
1852         ZPOS64_T pos = centraldir_pos_inzip - zi->add_position_when_writing_offset;
1853         if(pos >= 0xffffffff)
1854         {
1855             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream, (uLong)0xffffffff
1856         }
1857         else
1858             err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream, (uLong)(centrald
1859     }

1861     return err;
1862 }

1864 int Write_GlobalComment(zip64_internal* zi, const char* global_comment)
1865 {
1866     int err = ZIP_OK;
1867     uInt size_global_comment = 0;

1869     if(global_comment != NULL)
1870         size_global_comment = (uInt)strlen(global_comment);

1872     err = zip64local_putValue(&zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream,(uLong)size_global_co

1874     if (err == ZIP_OK && size_global_comment > 0)
1875     {
1876         if (ZWRITE64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream, global_comment, size_global_comm
1877             err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1878     }
1879     return err;
1880 }

1882 extern int ZEXPORT zipClose (zipFile file, const char* global_comment)
1883 {
1884     zip64_internal* zi;
1885     int err = 0;
1886     uLong size_centraldir = 0;
1887     ZPOS64_T centraldir_pos_inzip;
1888     ZPOS64_T pos;

1890     if (file == NULL)
1891         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;

1893     zi = (zip64_internal*)file;

1895     if (zi->in_opened_file_inzip == 1)
1896     {
1897         err = zipCloseFileInZip (file);
1898     }

1900 #ifndef NO_ADDFILEINEXISTINGZIP
1901     if (global_comment==NULL)
1902         global_comment = zi->globalcomment;
1903 #endif

1905     centraldir_pos_inzip = ZTELL64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream);

1907     if (err==ZIP_OK)
1908     {

```

```

1909         linkedlist_datablock_internal* ldi = zi->central_dir.first_block;
1910         while (ldi!=NULL)
1911         {
1912             if ((err==ZIP_OK) && (ldi->filled_in_this_block>0))
1913             {
1914                 if (ZWRITE64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream, ldi->data, ldi->fill
1915                     err = ZIP_ERRNO;
1916             }

1918             size_centraldir += ldi->filled_in_this_block;
1919             ldi = ldi->next_datablock;
1920         }
1921     }
1922     free_linkedlist(&(zi->central_dir));

1924     pos = centraldir_pos_inzip - zi->add_position_when_writing_offset;
1925     if(pos >= 0xffffffff || zi->number_entry > 0xFFFF)
1926     {
1927         ZPOS64_T Zip64EOCDpos = ZTELL64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream);
1928         Write_Zip64EndOfCentralDirectoryRecord(zi, size_centraldir, centraldir_pos

1930         Write_Zip64EndOfCentralDirectoryLocator(zi, Zip64EOCDpos);
1931     }

1933     if (err==ZIP_OK)
1934         err = Write_EndOfCentralDirectoryRecord(zi, size_centraldir, centraldir_po

1936     if(err == ZIP_OK)
1937         err = Write_GlobalComment(zi, global_comment);

1939     if (ZCLOSE64(zi->z_filefunc,zi->filestream) != 0)
1940         if (err == ZIP_OK)
1941             err = ZIP_ERRNO;

1943 #ifndef NO_ADDFILEINEXISTINGZIP
1944     TRYFREE(zi->globalcomment);
1945 #endif
1946     TRYFREE(zi);

1948     return err;
1949 }

1951 extern int ZEXPORT zipRemoveExtraInfoBlock (char* pData, int* dataLen, short sHe
1952 {
1953     char* p = pData;
1954     int size = 0;
1955     char* pNewHeader;
1956     char* pTmp;
1957     short header;
1958     short dataSize;

1960     int retVal = ZIP_OK;

1962     if(pData == NULL || *dataLen < 4)
1963         return ZIP_PARAMERROR;

1965     pNewHeader = (char*)ALLOC(*dataLen);
1966     pTmp = pNewHeader;

1968     while(p < (pData + *dataLen))
1969     {
1970         header = *(short*)p;
1971         dataSize = *((short*)p)+1);

1973         if( header == sHeader ) // Header found.
1974         {

```

```
1975     p += dataSize + 4; // skip it. do not copy to temp buffer
1976     }
1977     else
1978     {
1979         // Extra Info block should not be removed, So copy it to the temp buffer.
1980         memcpy(pTmp, p, dataSize + 4);
1981         p += dataSize + 4;
1982         size += dataSize + 4;
1983     }
1985 }
1987 if(size < *dataLen)
1988 {
1989     // clean old extra info block.
1990     memset(pData,0, *dataLen);
1992     // copy the new extra info block over the old
1993     if(size > 0)
1994         memcpy(pData, pNewHeader, size);
1996     // set the new extra info size
1997     *dataLen = size;
1999     retVal = ZIP_OK;
2000 }
2001 else
2002     retVal = ZIP_ERRNO;
2004 TRYFREE(pNewHeader);
2006 return retVal;
2007 }
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/zip.h 1

```
*****
15366 Wed Apr 1 15:57:15 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/zip.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zip.h -- IO on .zip files using zlib
2 Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010
3 part of the MiniZip project - ( http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html

5 Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant ( http://www.winimage.

7 Modifications for Zip64 support
8 Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson ( http://result42.com )

10 For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

12 -----

14 Condition of use and distribution are the same than zlib :

16 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
17 warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
18 arising from the use of this software.

20 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
21 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
22 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

24 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
25 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
26 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
27 appreciated but is not required.
28 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
29 misrepresented as being the original software.
30 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

32 -----

34 Changes

36 See header of zip.h

38 */

40 #ifndef _zip12_H
41 #define _zip12_H

43 #ifdef __cplusplus
44 extern "C" {
45 #endif

47 // #define HAVE_BZIP2

49 #ifndef _ZLIB_H
50 #include "zlib.h"
51 #endif

53 #ifndef _ZLIBIOAPI_H
54 #include "ioapi.h"
55 #endif

57 #ifdef HAVE_BZIP2
58 #include "bzlib.h"
59 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/minizip/zip.h 2

```
61 #define Z_BZIP2ED 12

63 #if defined(STRICTZIP) || defined(STRICTZIPUNZIP)
64 /* like the STRICT of WIN32, we define a pointer that cannot be converted
65 from (void*) without cast */
66 typedef struct TagzipFile__ { int unused; } zipFile__;
67 typedef zipFile__ *zipFile;
68 #else
69 typedef voidp zipFile;
70 #endif

72 #define ZIP_OK (0)
73 #define ZIP_EOF (0)
74 #define ZIP_ERRNO (Z_ERRNO)
75 #define ZIP_PARAMERROR (-102)
76 #define ZIP_BADZIPFILE (-103)
77 #define ZIP_INTERNALERROR (-104)

79 #ifndef DEF_MEM_LEVEL
80 # if MAX_MEM_LEVEL >= 8
81 # define DEF_MEM_LEVEL 8
82 # else
83 # define DEF_MEM_LEVEL MAX_MEM_LEVEL
84 # endif
85 #endif
86 /* default memLevel */

88 /* tm_zip contain date/time info */
89 typedef struct tm_zip_s
90 {
91     uInt tm_sec; /* seconds after the minute - [0,59] */
92     uInt tm_min; /* minutes after the hour - [0,59] */
93     uInt tm_hour; /* hours since midnight - [0,23] */
94     uInt tm_mday; /* day of the month - [1,31] */
95     uInt tm_mon; /* months since January - [0,11] */
96     uInt tm_year; /* years - [1980..2044] */
97 } tm_zip;

99 typedef struct
100 {
101     tm_zip tmz_date; /* date in understandable format */
102     uLong dosDate; /* if dos_date == 0, tmz_date is used */
103     /* uLong flag; /* general purpose bit flag 2 bytes */

105     uLong internal_fa; /* internal file attributes 2 bytes */
106     uLong external_fa; /* external file attributes 4 bytes */
107 } zip_fileinfo;

109 typedef const char* zipcharpc;

112 #define APPEND_STATUS_CREATE (0)
113 #define APPEND_STATUS_CREATEAFTER (1)
114 #define APPEND_STATUS_ADDINZIP (2)

116 extern zipFile ZEXPORT zipOpen OF((const char *pathname, int append));
117 extern zipFile ZEXPORT zipOpen64 OF((const void *pathname, int append));
118 /*
119 Create a zipfile.
120 pathname contain on Windows XP a filename like "c:\\zlib\\zlib113.zip" or o
121 an Unix computer "zlib/zlib113.zip".
122 if the file pathname exist and append==APPEND_STATUS_CREATEAFTER, the zip
123 will be created at the end of the file.
124 (useful if the file contain a self extractor code)
125 if the file pathname exist and append==APPEND_STATUS_ADDINZIP, we will
126 add files in existing zip (be sure you don't add file that doesn't exist)
```

```

127     If the zipfile cannot be opened, the return value is NULL.
128     Else, the return value is a zipFile Handle, usable with other function
129     of this zip package.
130 */

132 /* Note : there is no delete function into a zipfile.
133    If you want delete file into a zipfile, you must open a zipfile, and create a
134    Of course, you can use RAW reading and writing to copy the file you did not wa
135 */

137 extern zipFile ZEXPORT zipOpen2 OF((const char *pathname,
138     int append,
139     zipcharpc* globalcomment,
140     zlib_filefunc_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));

142 extern zipFile ZEXPORT zipOpen2_64 OF((const void *pathname,
143     int append,
144     zipcharpc* globalcomment,
145     zlib_filefunc64_def* pzlib_filefunc_def));

147 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip OF((zipFile file,
148     const char* filename,
149     const zip_fileinfo* zipfi,
150     const void* extrafield_local,
151     uInt size_extrafield_local,
152     const void* extrafield_global,
153     uInt size_extrafield_global,
154     const char* comment,
155     int method,
156     int level));

158 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip64 OF((zipFile file,
159     const char* filename,
160     const zip_fileinfo* zipfi,
161     const void* extrafield_local,
162     uInt size_extrafield_local,
163     const void* extrafield_global,
164     uInt size_extrafield_global,
165     const char* comment,
166     int method,
167     int level,
168     int zip64));

170 /*
171    Open a file in the ZIP for writing.
172    filename : the filename in zip (if NULL, '-' without quote will be used
173    *zipfi contain supplemental information
174    if extrafield_local!=NULL and size_extrafield_local>0, extrafield_local
175    contains the extrafield data the the local header
176    if extrafield_global!=NULL and size_extrafield_global>0, extrafield_global
177    contains the extrafield data the the local header
178    if comment != NULL, comment contain the comment string
179    method contain the compression method (0 for store, Z_DEFLATED for deflate)
180    level contain the level of compression (can be Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION)
181    zip64 is set to 1 if a zip64 extended information block should be added to the
182    this MUST be '1' if the uncompressed size is >= 0xffffffff.

184 */

187 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip2 OF((zipFile file,
188     const char* filename,
189     const zip_fileinfo* zipfi,
190     const void* extrafield_local,
191     uInt size_extrafield_local,
192     const void* extrafield_global,

```

```

193     uInt size_extrafield_global,
194     const char* comment,
195     int method,
196     int level,
197     int raw));

200 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip2_64 OF((zipFile file,
201     const char* filename,
202     const zip_fileinfo* zipfi,
203     const void* extrafield_local,
204     uInt size_extrafield_local,
205     const void* extrafield_global,
206     uInt size_extrafield_global,
207     const char* comment,
208     int method,
209     int level,
210     int raw,
211     int zip64));
212 /*
213    Same than zipOpenNewFileInZip, except if raw=1, we write raw file
214 */

216 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip3 OF((zipFile file,
217     const char* filename,
218     const zip_fileinfo* zipfi,
219     const void* extrafield_local,
220     uInt size_extrafield_local,
221     const void* extrafield_global,
222     const char* comment,
223     const char* comment,
224     int method,
225     int level,
226     int raw,
227     int windowBits,
228     int memLevel,
229     int strategy,
230     const char* password,
231     uLong crcForCrypting));

233 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip3_64 OF((zipFile file,
234     const char* filename,
235     const zip_fileinfo* zipfi,
236     const void* extrafield_local,
237     uInt size_extrafield_local,
238     const void* extrafield_global,
239     uInt size_extrafield_global,
240     const char* comment,
241     int method,
242     int level,
243     int raw,
244     int windowBits,
245     int memLevel,
246     int strategy,
247     const char* password,
248     uLong crcForCrypting,
249     int zip64
250     ));

252 /*
253    Same than zipOpenNewFileInZip2, except
254    windowBits,memLevel,,strategy : see parameter strategy in deflateInit2
255    password : crypting password (NULL for no crypting)
256    crcForCrypting : crc of file to compress (needed for crypting)
257 */

```

```

259 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip4 OF((zipFile file,
260     const char* filename,
261     const zip_fileinfo* zipfi,
262     const void* extrafield_local,
263     uInt size_extrafield_local,
264     const void* extrafield_global,
265     uInt size_extrafield_global,
266     const char* comment,
267     int method,
268     int level,
269     int raw,
270     int windowBits,
271     int memLevel,
272     int strategy,
273     const char* password,
274     uLong crcForCryping,
275     uLong versionMadeBy,
276     uLong flagBase
277     ));

280 extern int ZEXPORT zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 OF((zipFile file,
281     const char* filename,
282     const zip_fileinfo* zipfi,
283     const void* extrafield_local,
284     uInt size_extrafield_local,
285     const void* extrafield_global,
286     uInt size_extrafield_global,
287     const char* comment,
288     int method,
289     int level,
290     int raw,
291     int windowBits,
292     int memLevel,
293     int strategy,
294     const char* password,
295     uLong crcForCryping,
296     uLong versionMadeBy,
297     uLong flagBase,
298     int zip64
299     ));
300 /*
301  Same than zipOpenNewFileInZip4, except
302  versionMadeBy : value for Version made by field
303  flag : value for flag field (compression level info will be added)
304  */

307 extern int ZEXPORT zipWriteInFileInZip OF((zipFile file,
308     const void* buf,
309     unsigned len));
310 /*
311  Write data in the zipfile
312  */

314 extern int ZEXPORT zipCloseFileInZip OF((zipFile file));
315 /*
316  Close the current file in the zipfile
317  */

319 extern int ZEXPORT zipCloseFileInZipRaw OF((zipFile file,
320     uLong uncompressed_size,
321     uLong crc32));

323 extern int ZEXPORT zipCloseFileInZipRaw64 OF((zipFile file,
324     ZPOS64_T uncompressed_size,

```

```

325     uLong crc32));
327 /*
328  Close the current file in the zipfile, for file opened with
329  parameter raw=1 in zipOpenNewFileInZip2
330  uncompressed_size and crc32 are value for the uncompressed size
331  */

333 extern int ZEXPORT zipClose OF((zipFile file,
334     const char* global_comment));
335 /*
336  Close the zipfile
337  */

340 extern int ZEXPORT zipRemoveExtraInfoBlock OF((char* pData, int* dataLen, short
341  /*
342  zipRemoveExtraInfoBlock - Added by Mathias Svensson

344  Remove extra information block from a extra information data for the local fil
346  It is needed to remove ZIP64 extra information blocks when before data is writ
348  0x0001 is the signature header for the ZIP64 extra information blocks

350  usage.
351  Remove ZIP64 Extra information from a central director e
352  zipRemoveExtraInfoBlock(pCenDirExtraFieldData, &nCenDirExtraFieldD

354  Remove ZIP64 Extra information from a Local File Header
355  zipRemoveExtraInfoBlock(pLocalHeaderExtraFieldData, &nLocalHeaderExtraFi
356  */

358 #ifdef __cplusplus
359 }
360 #endif

362 #endif /* _zip64_H */

```

```

*****
15687 Wed Apr 1 15:57:15 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/pascal/example.pas
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 (* example.c -- usage example of the zlib compression library
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2003 Jean-loup Gailly.
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  *
5  * Pascal translation
6  * Copyright (C) 1998 by Jacques Nomssi Nzali.
7  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in readme.txt
8  *
9  * Adaptation to the zlibpas interface
10 * Copyright (C) 2003 by Cosmin Truta.
11 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in readme.txt
12 *)

14 program example;

16 {$DEFINE TEST_COMPRESS}
17 {DO NOT $DEFINE TEST_GZIO}
18 {$DEFINE TEST_DEFLATE}
19 {$DEFINE TEST_INFLATE}
20 {$DEFINE TEST_FLUSH}
21 {$DEFINE TEST_SYNC}
22 {$DEFINE TEST_DICT}

24 uses SysUtils, zlibpas;

26 const TESTFILE = 'foo.gz';

28 (* "hello world" would be more standard, but the repeated "hello"
29  * stresses the compression code better, sorry...
30  *)
31 const hello: PChar = 'hello, hello!';

33 const dictionary: PChar = 'hello';

35 var dictId: LongInt; (* Adler32 value of the dictionary *)

37 procedure CHECK_ERR(err: Integer; msg: String);
38 begin
39   if err <> Z_OK then
40     begin
41       WriteLn(msg, ' error: ', err);
42       Halt(1);
43     end;
44 end;

46 procedure EXIT_ERR(const msg: String);
47 begin
48   WriteLn('Error: ', msg);
49   Halt(1);
50 end;

52 (* =====
53  * Test compress and uncompress
54  *)
55 {$IFDEF TEST_COMPRESS}
56 procedure test_compress(compr: Pointer; comprLen: LongInt;
57                        uncompr: Pointer; uncomprLen: LongInt);
58 var err: Integer;
59     len: LongInt;
60 begin

```

```

61   len := StrLen(hello)+1;

63   err := compress(compr, comprLen, hello, len);
64   CHECK_ERR(err, 'compress');

66   StrCopy(PChar(uncompr), 'garbage');

68   err := uncompress(uncompr, uncomprLen, compr, comprLen);
69   CHECK_ERR(err, 'uncompress');

71   if StrComp(PChar(uncompr), hello) <> 0 then
72     EXIT_ERR('bad uncompress')
73   else
74     WriteLn('uncompress(): ', PChar(uncompr));
75 end;
76 {$ENDIF}

78 (* =====
79  * Test read/write of .gz files
80  *)
81 {$IFDEF TEST_GZIO}
82 procedure test_gzio(const fname: PChar; (* compressed file name *)
83                   uncompr: Pointer;
84                   uncomprLen: LongInt);
85 var err: Integer;
86     len: Integer;
87     zfile: gzFile;
88     pos: LongInt;
89 begin
90   len := StrLen(hello)+1;

92   zfile := gzopen(fname, 'wb');
93   if zfile = NIL then
94     begin
95       WriteLn('gzopen error');
96       Halt(1);
97     end;
98   gzputc(zfile, 'h');
99   if gzputs(zfile, 'ello') <> 4 then
100     begin
101       WriteLn('gzputs err: ', gzerror(zfile, err));
102       Halt(1);
103     end;
104   {$IFDEF GZ_FORMAT_STRING}
105   if gzprintf(zfile, '%s!', 'hello') <> 8 then
106     begin
107       WriteLn('gzprintf err: ', gzerror(zfile, err));
108       Halt(1);
109     end;
110   {$ELSE}
111   if gzputs(zfile, 'hello!') <> 8 then
112     begin
113       WriteLn('gzputs err: ', gzerror(zfile, err));
114       Halt(1);
115     end;
116   {$ENDIF}
117   gzseek(zfile, 1, SEEK_CUR); (* add one zero byte *)
118   gzclose(zfile);

120   zfile := gzopen(fname, 'rb');
121   if zfile = NIL then
122     begin
123       WriteLn('gzopen error');
124       Halt(1);
125     end;

```

```

127  StrCopy(PChar(uncompr), 'garbage');

129  if gzread(zfile, uncompr, uncomprLen) <> len then
130  begin
131    WriteLn('gzread err: ', gzerror(zfile, err));
132    Halt(1);
133  end;
134  if StrComp(PChar(uncompr), hello) <> 0 then
135  begin
136    WriteLn('bad gzread: ', PChar(uncompr));
137    Halt(1);
138  end
139  else
140    WriteLn('gzread(): ', PChar(uncompr));

142  pos := gzseek(zfile, -8, SEEK_CUR);
143  if (pos <> 6) or (gztell(zfile) <> pos) then
144  begin
145    WriteLn('gzseek error, pos=', pos, ', gztell=', gztell(zfile));
146    Halt(1);
147  end;

149  if gzgetc(zfile) <> ' ' then
150  begin
151    WriteLn('gzgetc error');
152    Halt(1);
153  end;

155  if gzungetc(' ', zfile) <> ' ' then
156  begin
157    WriteLn('gzungetc error');
158    Halt(1);
159  end;

161  gzgets(zfile, PChar(uncompr), uncomprLen);
162  uncomprLen := StrLen(PChar(uncompr));
163  if uncomprLen <> 7 then (* "hello!" *)
164  begin
165    WriteLn('gzgets err after gzseek: ', gzerror(zfile, err));
166    Halt(1);
167  end;
168  if StrComp(PChar(uncompr), hello + 6) <> 0 then
169  begin
170    WriteLn('bad gzgets after gzseek');
171    Halt(1);
172  end
173  else
174    WriteLn('gzgets() after gzseek: ', PChar(uncompr));

176  gzclose(zfile);
177 end;
178 {$ENDIF}

180 (* =====
181 * Test deflate with small buffers
182 *)
183 {$IFDEF TEST_DEFLATE}
184 procedure test_deflate(compr: Pointer; comprLen: LongInt);
185 var c_stream: z_stream; (* compression stream *)
186     err: Integer;
187     len: LongInt;
188 begin
189   len := StrLen(hello)+1;

191   c_stream.zalloc := NIL;
192   c_stream.zfree := NIL;

```

```

193   c_stream.opaque := NIL;

195   err := deflateInit(c_stream, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION);
196   CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflateInit');

198   c_stream.next_in := hello;
199   c_stream.next_out := compr;

201   while (c_stream.total_in <> len) and
202         (c_stream.total_out < comprLen) do
203   begin
204     c_stream.avail_out := 1; { force small buffers }
205     c_stream.avail_in := 1;
206     err := deflate(c_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
207     CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflate');
208   end;

210   (* Finish the stream, still forcing small buffers: *)
211   while TRUE do
212   begin
213     c_stream.avail_out := 1;
214     err := deflate(c_stream, Z_FINISH);
215     if err = Z_STREAM_END then
216       break;
217     CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflate');
218   end;

220   err := deflateEnd(c_stream);
221   CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflateEnd');
222 end;
223 {$ENDIF}

225 (* =====
226 * Test inflate with small buffers
227 *)
228 {$IFDEF TEST_INFLATE}
229 procedure test_inflate(compr: Pointer; comprLen : LongInt;
230                      uncompr: Pointer; uncomprLen : LongInt);
231 var err: Integer;
232     d_stream: z_stream; (* decompression stream *)
233 begin
234   StrCopy(PChar(uncompr), 'garbage');

236   d_stream.zalloc := NIL;
237   d_stream.zfree := NIL;
238   d_stream.opaque := NIL;

240   d_stream.next_in := compr;
241   d_stream.avail_in := 0;
242   d_stream.next_out := uncompr;

244   err := inflateInit(d_stream);
245   CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflateInit');

247   while (d_stream.total_out < uncomprLen) and
248         (d_stream.total_in < comprLen) do
249   begin
250     d_stream.avail_out := 1; (* force small buffers *)
251     d_stream.avail_in := 1;
252     err := inflate(d_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
253     if err = Z_STREAM_END then
254       break;
255     CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflate');
256   end;

258   err := inflateEnd(d_stream);

```

```

259 CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflateEnd');

261 if StrComp(PChar(uncompr), hello) <> 0 then
262     EXIT_ERR('bad inflate')
263 else
264     WriteLn('inflate(): ', PChar(uncompr));
265 end;
266 {$ENDIF}

268 (* =====
269 * Test deflate with large buffers and dynamic change of compression level
270 *)
271 {$IFDEF TEST_DEFLATE}
272 procedure test_large_deflate(compr: Pointer; comprLen: LongInt;
273     uncompr: Pointer; uncomprLen: LongInt);
274 var c_stream: z_stream; (* compression stream *)
275     err: Integer;
276 begin
277     c_stream.zalloc := NIL;
278     c_stream.zfree := NIL;
279     c_stream.opaque := NIL;

281     err := deflateInit(c_stream, Z_BEST_SPEED);
282     CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflateInit');

284     c_stream.next_out := compr;
285     c_stream.avail_out := Integer(comprLen);

287     (* At this point, uncompr is still mostly zeroes, so it should compress
288     * very well:
289     *)
290     c_stream.next_in := uncompr;
291     c_stream.avail_in := Integer(uncomprLen);
292     err := deflate(c_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
293     CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflate');
294     if c_stream.avail_in <> 0 then
295         EXIT_ERR('deflate not greedy');

297     (* Feed in already compressed data and switch to no compression: *)
298     deflateParams(c_stream, Z_NO_COMPRESSION, Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY);
299     c_stream.next_in := compr;
300     c_stream.avail_in := Integer(comprLen div 2);
301     err := deflate(c_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
302     CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflate');

304     (* Switch back to compressing mode: *)
305     deflateParams(c_stream, Z_BEST_COMPRESSION, Z_FILTERED);
306     c_stream.next_in := uncompr;
307     c_stream.avail_in := Integer(uncomprLen);
308     err := deflate(c_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
309     CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflate');

311     err := deflate(c_stream, Z_FINISH);
312     if err <> Z_STREAM_END then
313         EXIT_ERR('deflate should report Z_STREAM_END');

315     err := deflateEnd(c_stream);
316     CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflateEnd');
317 end;
318 {$ENDIF}

320 (* =====
321 * Test inflate with large buffers
322 *)
323 {$IFDEF TEST_INFLATE}
324 procedure test_large_inflate(compr: Pointer; comprLen: LongInt;

```

```

325     uncompr: Pointer; uncomprLen: LongInt);
326 var err: Integer;
327     d_stream: z_stream; (* decompression stream *)
328 begin
329     StrCopy(PChar(uncompr), 'garbage');

331     d_stream.zalloc := NIL;
332     d_stream.zfree := NIL;
333     d_stream.opaque := NIL;

335     d_stream.next_in := compr;
336     d_stream.avail_in := Integer(comprLen);

338     err := inflateInit(d_stream);
339     CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflateInit');

341     while TRUE do
342     begin
343         d_stream.next_out := uncompr;          (* discard the output *)
344         d_stream.avail_out := Integer(uncomprLen);
345         err := inflate(d_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
346         if err = Z_STREAM_END then
347             break;
348         CHECK_ERR(err, 'large inflate');
349     end;

351     err := inflateEnd(d_stream);
352     CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflateEnd');

354     if d_stream.total_out <> 2 * uncomprLen + comprLen div 2 then
355     begin
356         WriteLn('bad large inflate: ', d_stream.total_out);
357         Halt(1);
358     end
359     else
360         WriteLn('large_inflate(): OK');
361 end;
362 {$ENDIF}

364 (* =====
365 * Test deflate with full flush
366 *)
367 {$IFDEF TEST_FLUSH}
368 procedure test_flush(compr: Pointer; var comprLen : LongInt);
369 var c_stream: z_stream; (* compression stream *)
370     err: Integer;
371     len: Integer;
372 begin
373     len := StrLen(hello)+1;

375     c_stream.zalloc := NIL;
376     c_stream.zfree := NIL;
377     c_stream.opaque := NIL;

379     err := deflateInit(c_stream, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION);
380     CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflateInit');

382     c_stream.next_in := hello;
383     c_stream.next_out := compr;
384     c_stream.avail_in := 3;
385     c_stream.avail_out := Integer(comprLen);
386     err := deflate(c_stream, Z_FULL_FLUSH);
387     CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflate');

389     Inc(PByteArray(compr)^[3]); (* force an error in first compressed block *)
390     c_stream.avail_in := len - 3;

```



```

392  err := deflate(c_stream, Z_FINISH);
393  if err <> Z_STREAM_END then
394    CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflate');

396  err := deflateEnd(c_stream);
397  CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflateEnd');

399  comprLen := c_stream.total_out;
400  end;
401  {$ENDIF}

403  (* =====
404  * Test inflateSync()
405  *)
406  {$IFDEF TEST_SYNC}
407  procedure test_sync(compr: Pointer; comprLen: LongInt;
408                    uncompr: Pointer; uncomprLen : LongInt);
409  var err: Integer;
410      d_stream: z_stream; (* decompression stream *)
411  begin
412    StrCopy(PChar(uncompr), 'garbage');

414    d_stream.zalloc := NIL;
415    d_stream.zfree := NIL;
416    d_stream.opaque := NIL;

418    d_stream.next_in := compr;
419    d_stream.avail_in := 2; (* just read the zlib header *)

421    err := inflateInit(d_stream);
422    CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflateInit');

424    d_stream.next_out := uncompr;
425    d_stream.avail_out := Integer(uncomprLen);

427    inflate(d_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
428    CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflate');

430    d_stream.avail_in := Integer(comprLen-2); (* read all compressed data *)
431    err := inflateSync(d_stream); (* but skip the damaged part *)
432    CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflateSync');

434    err := inflate(d_stream, Z_FINISH);
435    if err <> Z_DATA_ERROR then
436      EXIT_ERR('inflate should report DATA_ERROR');
437      (* Because of incorrect adler32 *)

439    err := inflateEnd(d_stream);
440    CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflateEnd');

442    WriteLn('after inflateSync(): hel', PChar(uncompr));
443  end;
444  {$ENDIF}

446  (* =====
447  * Test deflate with preset dictionary
448  *)
449  {$IFDEF TEST_DICT}
450  procedure test_dict_deflate(compr: Pointer; comprLen: LongInt);
451  var c_stream: z_stream; (* compression stream *)
452      err: Integer;
453  begin
454    c_stream.zalloc := NIL;
455    c_stream.zfree := NIL;
456    c_stream.opaque := NIL;

```

```

458  err := deflateInit(c_stream, Z_BEST_COMPRESSION);
459  CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflateInit');

461  err := deflateSetDictionary(c_stream, dictionary, StrLen(dictionary));
462  CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflateSetDictionary');

464  dictId := c_stream.adler;
465  c_stream.next_out := compr;
466  c_stream.avail_out := Integer(comprLen);

468  c_stream.next_in := hello;
469  c_stream.avail_in := StrLen(hello)+1;

471  err := deflate(c_stream, Z_FINISH);
472  if err <> Z_STREAM_END then
473    EXIT_ERR('deflate should report Z_STREAM_END');

475  err := deflateEnd(c_stream);
476  CHECK_ERR(err, 'deflateEnd');
477  end;
478  {$ENDIF}

480  (* =====
481  * Test inflate with a preset dictionary
482  *)
483  {$IFDEF TEST_DICT}
484  procedure test_dict_inflate(compr: Pointer; comprLen: LongInt;
485                            uncompr: Pointer; uncomprLen: LongInt);
486  var err: Integer;
487      d_stream: z_stream; (* decompression stream *)
488  begin
489    StrCopy(PChar(uncompr), 'garbage');

491    d_stream.zalloc := NIL;
492    d_stream.zfree := NIL;
493    d_stream.opaque := NIL;

495    d_stream.next_in := compr;
496    d_stream.avail_in := Integer(comprLen);

498    err := inflateInit(d_stream);
499    CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflateInit');

501    d_stream.next_out := uncompr;
502    d_stream.avail_out := Integer(uncomprLen);

504    while TRUE do
505      begin
506        err := inflate(d_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
507        if err = Z_STREAM_END then
508          break;
509        if err = Z_NEED_DICT then
510          begin
511            if d_stream.adler <> dictId then
512              EXIT_ERR('unexpected dictionary');
513            err := inflateSetDictionary(d_stream, dictionary, StrLen(dictionary));
514            end;
515            CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflate with dict');
516          end;

518        err := inflateEnd(d_stream);
519        CHECK_ERR(err, 'inflateEnd');

521        if StrComp(PChar(uncompr), hello) <> 0 then
522          EXIT_ERR('bad inflate with dict')

```

```

523 else
524   WriteLn('inflate with dictionary: ', PChar(uncompr));
525 end;
526 {$ENDIF}

528 var compr, uncompr: Pointer;
529     comprLen, uncomprLen: LongInt;

531 begin
532   if zlibVersion^ <> ZLIB_VERSION[1] then
533     EXIT_ERR('Incompatible zlib version');

535   WriteLn('zlib version: ', zlibVersion);
536   WriteLn('zlib compile flags: ', Format('0x%x', [zlibCompileFlags]));

538   comprLen := 10000 * SizeOf(Integer); (* don't overflow on MSDOS *)
539   uncomprLen := comprLen;
540   GetMem(compr, comprLen);
541   GetMem(uncompr, uncomprLen);
542   if (compr = NIL) or (uncompr = NIL) then
543     EXIT_ERR('Out of memory');
544   (* compr and uncompr are cleared to avoid reading uninitialized
545    * data and to ensure that uncompr compresses well.
546    *)
547   FillChar(compr^, comprLen, 0);
548   FillChar(uncompr^, uncomprLen, 0);

550   {$IFDEF TEST_COMPRESS}
551   WriteLn('** Testing compress');
552   test_compress(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
553   {$ENDIF}

555   {$IFDEF TEST_GZIO}
556   WriteLn('** Testing gzio');
557   if ParamCount >= 1 then
558     test_gzio(ParamStr(1), uncompr, uncomprLen)
559   else
560     test_gzio(TESTFILE, uncompr, uncomprLen);
561   {$ENDIF}

563   {$IFDEF TEST_DEFLATE}
564   WriteLn('** Testing deflate with small buffers');
565   test_deflate(compr, comprLen);
566   {$ENDIF}
567   {$IFDEF TEST_INFLATE}
568   WriteLn('** Testing inflate with small buffers');
569   test_inflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
570   {$ENDIF}

572   {$IFDEF TEST_DEFLATE}
573   WriteLn('** Testing deflate with large buffers');
574   test_large_deflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
575   {$ENDIF}
576   {$IFDEF TEST_INFLATE}
577   WriteLn('** Testing inflate with large buffers');
578   test_large_inflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
579   {$ENDIF}

581   {$IFDEF TEST_FLUSH}
582   WriteLn('** Testing deflate with full flush');
583   test_flush(compr, comprLen);
584   {$ENDIF}
585   {$IFDEF TEST_SYNC}
586   WriteLn('** Testing inflateSync');
587   test_sync(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
588   {$ENDIF}

```

```

589   comprLen := uncomprLen;

591   {$IFDEF TEST_DICT}
592   WriteLn('** Testing deflate and inflate with preset dictionary');
593   test_dict_deflate(compr, comprLen);
594   test_dict_inflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
595   {$ENDIF}

597   FreeMem(compr, comprLen);
598   FreeMem(uncompr, uncomprLen);
599 end.

```

3004 Wed Apr 1 15:57:16 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/pascal/readme.txt
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib

2 This directory contains a Pascal (Delphi, Kylix) interface to the
3 zlib data compression library.

6 Directory listing
7 =====

9 zlibd32.mak makefile for Borland C++
10 example.pas usage example of zlib
11 zlibpas.pas the Pascal interface to zlib
12 readme.txt this file

15 Compatibility notes
16 =====

18 - Although the name "zlib" would have been more normal for the
19 zlibpas unit, this name is already taken by Borland's ZLib unit.
20 This is somehow unfortunate, because that unit is not a genuine
21 interface to the full-fledged zlib functionality, but a suite of
22 class wrappers around zlib streams. Other essential features,
23 such as checksums, are missing.
24 It would have been more appropriate for that unit to have a name
25 like "ZStreams", or something similar.

27 - The C and zlib-supplied types int, uInt, long, uLong, etc. are
28 translated directly into Pascal types of similar sizes (Integer,
29 LongInt, etc.), to avoid namespace pollution. In particular,
30 there is no conversion of unsigned int into a Pascal unsigned
31 integer. The Word type is non-portable and has the same size
32 (16 bits) both in a 16-bit and in a 32-bit environment, unlike
33 Integer. Even if there is a 32-bit Cardinal type, there is no
34 real need for unsigned int in zlib under a 32-bit environment.

36 - Except for the callbacks, the zlib function interfaces are
37 assuming the calling convention normally used in Pascal
38 (__pascal for DOS and Windows16, __fastcall for Windows32).
39 Since the cdecl keyword is used, the old Turbo Pascal does
40 not work with this interface.

42 - The gz* function interfaces are not translated, to avoid
43 interfacing problems with the C runtime library. Besides,
44 gzprintf(gzFile file, const char *format, ...)
45 cannot be translated into Pascal.

48 Legal issues
49 =====

51 The zlibpas interface is:
52 Copyright (C) 1995-2003 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler.
53 Copyright (C) 1998 by Bob Dellaca.
54 Copyright (C) 2003 by Cosmin Truta.

56 The example program is:
57 Copyright (C) 1995-2003 by Jean-loup Gailly.
58 Copyright (C) 1998,1999,2000 by Jacques Nomssi Nzali.
59 Copyright (C) 2003 by Cosmin Truta.

61 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
62 warranty. In no event will the author be held liable for any damages
63 arising from the use of this software.

65 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
66 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
67 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

- 69 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
70 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
71 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
72 appreciated but is not required.
- 73 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
74 misrepresented as being the original software.
- 75 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/pascal/zlibd32.mak

1

2360 Wed Apr 1 15:57:16 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/pascal/zlibd32.mak
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 # Makefile for zlib
2 # For use with Delphi and C++ Builder under Win32
3 # Updated for zlib 1.2.x by Cosmin Truta

5 # ----- Borland C++ -----

7 # This project uses the Delphi (fastcall/register) calling convention:
8 LOC = -DZEXPORT=__fastcall -DZEXPORTVA=__cdecl

10 CC = bcc32
11 LD = bcc32
12 AR = tlib
13 # do not use "-pr" in CFLAGS
14 CFLAGS = -a -d -k- -O2 $(LOC)
15 LDFLAGS =

18 # variables
19 ZLIB_LIB = zlib.lib

21 OBJ1 = adler32.obj compress.obj crc32.obj deflate.obj gzclose.obj gzlib.obj gzre
22 OBJ2 = gzwrite.obj infback.obj inffast.obj inflate.obj inftrees.obj trees.obj un
23 OBJP1 = +adler32.obj+compress.obj+crc32.obj+deflate.obj+gzclose.obj+gzlib.obj+gz
24 OBJP2 = +gzwrite.obj+infback.obj+inffast.obj+inflate.obj+inftrees.obj+trees.obj+

27 # targets
28 all: $(ZLIB_LIB) example.exe minigzip.exe

30 .c.obj:
31     $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) $.c

33 adler32.obj: adler32.c zlib.h zconf.h

35 compress.obj: compress.c zlib.h zconf.h

37 crc32.obj: crc32.c zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h

39 deflate.obj: deflate.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

41 gzclose.obj: gzclose.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

43 gzlib.obj: gzlib.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

45 gzread.obj: gzread.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

47 gzwrite.obj: gzwrite.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

49 infback.obj: infback.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
50 inffast.h inffixed.h

52 inffast.obj: inffast.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
53 inffast.h

55 inflate.obj: inflate.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
56 inffast.h inffixed.h

58 inftrees.obj: inftrees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h

60 trees.obj: trees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h deflate.h trees.h
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/pascal/zlibd32.mak

2

```
62 uncompr.obj: uncompr.c zlib.h zconf.h

64 zutil.obj: zutil.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

66 example.obj: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h

68 minigzip.obj: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h

71 # For the sake of the old Borland make,
72 # the command line is cut to fit in the MS-DOS 128 byte limit:
73 $(ZLIB_LIB): $(OBJ1) $(OBJ2)
74     -del $(ZLIB_LIB)
75     $(AR) $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJP1)
76     $(AR) $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJP2)

79 # testing
80 test: example.exe minigzip.exe
81     example
82     echo hello world | minigzip | minigzip -d

84 example.exe: example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
85     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

87 minigzip.exe: minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
88     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

91 # cleanup
92 clean:
93     -del *.obj
94     -del *.exe
95     -del *.lib
96     -del *.tds
97     -del zlib.bak
98     -del foo.gz
```

```

*****
10126 Wed Apr 1 15:57:16 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/pascal/zlibpas.pas
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 (* zlibpas -- Pascal interface to the zlib data compression library
2 *
3 * Copyright (C) 2003 Cosmin Truta.
4 * Derived from original sources by Bob Dellaca.
5 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in readme.txt
6 *)

8 unit zlibpas;

10 interface

12 const
13   ZLIB_VERSION = '1.2.8';
14   ZLIB_VERNUM = $1280;

16 type
17   alloc_func = function(opaque: Pointer; items, size: Integer): Pointer;
18               cdecl;
19   free_func  = procedure(opaque, address: Pointer);
20               cdecl;

22   in_func    = function(opaque: Pointer; var buf: PByte): Integer;
23               cdecl;
24   out_func   = function(opaque: Pointer; buf: PByte; size: Integer): Integer;
25               cdecl;

27   z_streamp = ^z_stream;
28   z_stream  = packed record
29     next_in: PChar;      (* next input byte *)
30     avail_in: Integer;   (* number of bytes available at next_in *)
31     total_in: LongInt;  (* total nb of input bytes read so far *)

33     next_out: PChar;    (* next output byte should be put there *)
34     avail_out: Integer; (* remaining free space at next_out *)
35     total_out: LongInt; (* total nb of bytes output so far *)

37     msg: PChar;        (* last error message, NULL if no error *)
38     state: Pointer;    (* not visible by applications *)

40     zalloc: alloc_func; (* used to allocate the internal state *)
41     zfree: free_func;   (* used to free the internal state *)
42     opaque: Pointer;    (* private data object passed to zalloc and zfree *)

44     data_type: Integer; (* best guess about the data type: ascii or binary *)
45     Adler: LongInt;     (* Adler32 value of the uncompressed data *)
46     reserved: LongInt; (* reserved for future use *)
47   end;

49   gz_headerp = ^gz_header;
50   gz_header  = packed record
51     text: Integer;      (* true if compressed data believed to be text *)
52     time: LongInt;     (* modification time *)
53     xflags: Integer;   (* extra flags (not used when writing a gzip file) *)
54     os: Integer;       (* operating system *)
55     extra: PChar;      (* pointer to extra field or Z_NULL if none *)
56     extra_len: Integer; (* extra field length (valid if extra != Z_NULL) *)
57     extra_max: Integer; (* space at extra (only when reading header) *)
58     name: PChar;       (* pointer to zero-terminated file name or Z_NULL *)
59     name_max: Integer; (* space at name (only when reading header) *)
60     comment: PChar;    (* pointer to zero-terminated comment or Z_NULL *)

```

```

61   comm_max: Integer; (* space at comment (only when reading header) *)
62   hcrc: Integer;     (* true if there was or will be a header crc *)
63   done: Integer;     (* true when done reading gzip header *)
64   end;

66 (* constants *)
67 const
68   Z_NO_FLUSH      = 0;
69   Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH = 1;
70   Z_SYNC_FLUSH    = 2;
71   Z_FULL_FLUSH    = 3;
72   Z_FINISH        = 4;
73   Z_BLOCK         = 5;
74   Z_TREES         = 6;

76   Z_OK            = 0;
77   Z_STREAM_END    = 1;
78   Z_NEED_DICT     = 2;
79   Z_ERRNO         = -1;
80   Z_STREAM_ERROR  = -2;
81   Z_DATA_ERROR    = -3;
82   Z_MEM_ERROR     = -4;
83   Z_BUF_ERROR     = -5;
84   Z_VERSION_ERROR = -6;

86   Z_NO_COMPRESSION      = 0;
87   Z_BEST_SPEED          = 1;
88   Z_BEST_COMPRESSION    = 9;
89   Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION = -1;

91   Z_FILTERED          = 1;
92   Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY      = 2;
93   Z_RLE               = 3;
94   Z_FIXED             = 4;
95   Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY  = 0;

97   Z_BINARY = 0;
98   Z_TEXT   = 1;
99   Z_ASCII  = 1;
100  Z_UNKNOWN = 2;

102  Z_DEFLATED = 8;

104 (* basic functions *)
105 function zlibVersion: PChar;
106 function deflateInit(var strm: z_stream; level: Integer): Integer;
107 function deflate(var strm: z_stream; flush: Integer): Integer;
108 function deflateEnd(var strm: z_stream): Integer;
109 function inflateInit(var strm: z_stream): Integer;
110 function inflate(var strm: z_stream; flush: Integer): Integer;
111 function inflateEnd(var strm: z_stream): Integer;

113 (* advanced functions *)
114 function deflateInit2(var strm: z_stream; level, method, windowBits,
115                      memLevel, strategy: Integer): Integer;
116 function deflateSetDictionary(var strm: z_stream; const dictionary: PChar;
117                               dictLength: Integer): Integer;
118 function deflateCopy(var dest, source: z_stream): Integer;
119 function deflateReset(var strm: z_stream): Integer;
120 function deflateParams(var strm: z_stream; level, strategy: Integer): Integer;
121 function deflateTune(var strm: z_stream; good_length, max_lazy, nice_length, max
122                    function deflateBound(var strm: z_stream; sourceLen: LongInt): LongInt;
123                    function deflatePending(var strm: z_stream; var pending: Integer; var bits: Inte
124                    function deflatePrime(var strm: z_stream; bits, value: Integer): Integer;
125                    function deflateSetHeader(var strm: z_stream; head: gz_header): Integer;
126                    function inflateInit2(var strm: z_stream; windowBits: Integer): Integer;

```

```

127 function inflateSetDictionary(var strm: z_stream; const dictionary: PChar;
128     dictLength: Integer): Integer;
129 function inflateSync(var strm: z_stream): Integer;
130 function inflateCopy(var dest, source: z_stream): Integer;
131 function inflateReset(var strm: z_stream): Integer;
132 function inflateReset2(var strm: z_stream; windowBits: Integer): Integer;
133 function inflatePrime(var strm: z_stream; bits, value: Integer): Integer;
134 function inflateMark(var strm: z_stream): LongInt;
135 function inflateGetHeader(var strm: z_stream; var head: gz_header): Integer;
136 function inflateBackInit(var strm: z_stream;
137     windowBits: Integer; window: PChar): Integer;
138 function inflateBack(var strm: z_stream; in_fn: in_func; in_desc: Pointer;
139     out_fn: out_func; out_desc: Pointer): Integer;
140 function inflateBackEnd(var strm: z_stream): Integer;
141 function zlibCompileFlags: LongInt;

143 (* utility functions *)
144 function compress(dest: PChar; var destLen: LongInt;
145     const source: PChar; sourceLen: LongInt): Integer;
146 function compress2(dest: PChar; var destLen: LongInt;
147     const source: PChar; sourceLen: LongInt;
148     level: Integer): Integer;
149 function compressBound(sourceLen: LongInt): LongInt;
150 function uncompress(dest: PChar; var destLen: LongInt;
151     const source: PChar; sourceLen: LongInt): Integer;

153 (* checksum functions *)
154 function Adler32(adler: LongInt; const buf: PChar; len: Integer): LongInt;
155 function Adler32_combine(adler1, adler2, len2: LongInt): LongInt;
156 function CRC32(crc: LongInt; const buf: PChar; len: Integer): LongInt;
157 function CRC32_combine(crc1, crc2, len2: LongInt): LongInt;

159 (* various hacks, don't look :) *)
160 function deflateInit_(var strm: z_stream; level: Integer;
161     const version: PChar; stream_size: Integer): Integer;
162 function inflateInit_(var strm: z_stream; const version: PChar;
163     stream_size: Integer): Integer;
164 function deflateInit2_(var strm: z_stream;
165     level, method, windowBits, memLevel, strategy: Integer;
166     const version: PChar; stream_size: Integer): Integer;
167 function inflateInit2_(var strm: z_stream; windowBits: Integer;
168     const version: PChar; stream_size: Integer): Integer;
169 function inflateBackInit_(var strm: z_stream;
170     windowBits: Integer; window: PChar;
171     const version: PChar; stream_size: Integer): Integer;

174 implementation

176 {$L adler32.obj}
177 {$L compress.obj}
178 {$L crc32.obj}
179 {$L deflate.obj}
180 {$L infback.obj}
181 {$L inffast.obj}
182 {$L inflate.obj}
183 {$L inftrees.obj}
184 {$L trees.obj}
185 {$L uncompr.obj}
186 {$L zutil.obj}

188 function Adler32; external;
189 function Adler32_combine; external;
190 function compress; external;
191 function compress2; external;
192 function compressBound; external;

```

```

193 function CRC32; external;
194 function CRC32_combine; external;
195 function deflate; external;
196 function deflateBound; external;
197 function deflateCopy; external;
198 function deflateEnd; external;
199 function deflateInit_; external;
200 function deflateInit2_; external;
201 function deflateParams; external;
202 function deflatePending; external;
203 function deflatePrime; external;
204 function deflateReset; external;
205 function deflateSetDictionary; external;
206 function deflateSetHeader; external;
207 function deflateTune; external;
208 function inflate; external;
209 function inflateBack; external;
210 function inflateBackEnd; external;
211 function inflateBackInit_; external;
212 function inflateCopy; external;
213 function inflateEnd; external;
214 function inflateGetHeader; external;
215 function inflateInit_; external;
216 function inflateInit2_; external;
217 function inflateMark; external;
218 function inflatePrime; external;
219 function inflateReset; external;
220 function inflateReset2; external;
221 function inflateSetDictionary; external;
222 function inflateSync; external;
223 function uncompress; external;
224 function zlibCompileFlags; external;
225 function zlibVersion; external;

227 function deflateInit(var strm: z_stream; level: Integer): Integer;
228 begin
229     Result := deflateInit_(strm, level, ZLIB_VERSION, sizeof(z_stream));
230 end;

232 function deflateInit2(var strm: z_stream; level, method, windowBits, memLevel,
233     strategy: Integer): Integer;
234 begin
235     Result := deflateInit2_(strm, level, method, windowBits, memLevel, strategy,
236         ZLIB_VERSION, sizeof(z_stream));
237 end;

239 function inflateInit(var strm: z_stream): Integer;
240 begin
241     Result := inflateInit_(strm, ZLIB_VERSION, sizeof(z_stream));
242 end;

244 function inflateInit2(var strm: z_stream; windowBits: Integer): Integer;
245 begin
246     Result := inflateInit2_(strm, windowBits, ZLIB_VERSION, sizeof(z_stream));
247 end;

249 function inflateBackInit(var strm: z_stream;
250     windowBits: Integer; window: PChar): Integer;
251 begin
252     Result := inflateBackInit_(strm, windowBits, window,
253         ZLIB_VERSION, sizeof(z_stream));
254 end;

256 function _malloc(Size: Integer): Pointer; cdecl;
257 begin
258     GetMem(Result, Size);

```

```
259 end;

261 procedure _free(Block: Pointer); cdecl;
262 begin
263   FreeMem(Block);
264 end;

266 procedure _memset(P: Pointer; B: Byte; count: Integer); cdecl;
267 begin
268   FillChar(P^, count, B);
269 end;

271 procedure _memcpy(dest, source: Pointer; count: Integer); cdecl;
272 begin
273   Move(source^, dest^, count);
274 end;

276 end.
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/puff/Makefile

1

1899 Wed Apr 1 15:57:16 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/puff/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 CFLAGS=-O
3 puff: puff.o pufftest.o
5 puff.o: puff.h
7 pufftest.o: puff.h
9 test: puff
10     puff zeros.raw
12 puft: puff.c puff.h pufftest.o
13     cc -fprofile-arcs -ftest-coverage -o puft puff.c pufftest.o
15 # puff full coverage test (should say 100%)
16 cov: puft
17     @rm -f *.gcov *.gcda
18     @puft -w zeros.raw 2>&1 | cat > /dev/null
19     @echo '04' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 2
20     @echo '00' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 2
21     @echo '00 00 00 00 00' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 2
22     @echo '00 01 00 fe ff' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 2
23     @echo '01 01 00 fe ff 0a' | xxd -r -p | puft -f 2>&1 | cat > /dev/null
24     @echo '02 7e ff ff' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 246
25     @echo '02' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 2
26     @echo '04 80 49 92 24 49 92 24 0f b4 ff ff c3 04' | xxd -r -p | puft 2>
27     @echo '04 80 49 92 24 49 92 24 71 ff ff 93 11 00' | xxd -r -p | puft 2>
28     @echo '04 c0 81 08 00 00 00 20 7f eb 0b 00 00' | xxd -r -p | puft 2>
29     @echo '0b 00 00' | xxd -r -p | puft -f 2>&1 | cat > /dev/null
30     @echo '1a 07' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 246
31     @echo '0c c0 81 00 00 00 00 90 ff 6b 04' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/n
32     @puft -f zeros.raw 2>&1 | cat > /dev/null
33     @echo 'fc 00 00' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 253
34     @echo '04 00 fe ff' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 252
35     @echo '04 00 24 49' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -eq 251
36     @echo '04 80 49 92 24 49 92 24 0f b4 ff ff c3 84' | xxd -r -p | puft 2>
37     @echo '04 00 24 e9 ff ff' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -e
38     @echo '04 00 24 e9 ff 6d' | xxd -r -p | puft 2> /dev/null || test $$? -e
39     @gcov -n puff.c
41 clean:
42     rm -f puff puft *.o *.gc*
```



```
*****
```

```
3076 Wed Apr 1 15:57:16 2015
```

```
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/puff/README
```

```
5470 libz should be part of illumos
```

```
1002 Integrate zlib
```

```
*****
```

```
1 Puff -- A Simple Inflate
2 3 Mar 2003
3 Mark Adler
4 madler@alummi.caltech.edu
```

```
6 What this is --
```

```
8 puff.c provides the routine puff() to decompress the deflate data format. It
9 does so more slowly than zlib, but the code is about one-fifth the size of the
10 inflate code in zlib, and written to be very easy to read.
```

```
12 Why I wrote this --
```

```
14 puff.c was written to document the deflate format unambiguously, by virtue of
15 being working C code. It is meant to supplement RFC 1951, which formally
16 describes the deflate format. I have received many questions on details of the
17 deflate format, and I hope that reading this code will answer those questions.
18 puff.c is heavily commented with details of the deflate format, especially
19 those little nooks and crannies of the format that might not be obvious from a
20 specification.
```

```
22 puff.c may also be useful in applications where code size or memory usage is a
23 very limited resource, and speed is not as important.
```

```
25 How to use it --
```

```
27 Well, most likely you should just be reading puff.c and using zlib for actual
28 applications, but if you must ...
```

```
30 Include puff.h in your code, which provides this prototype:
```

```
32 int puff(unsigned char *dest,          /* pointer to destination pointer */
33           unsigned long *destlen,     /* amount of output space */
34           unsigned char *source,      /* pointer to source data pointer */
35           unsigned long *sourcelen);  /* amount of input available */
```

```
37 Then you can call puff() to decompress a deflate stream that is in memory in
38 its entirety at source, to a sufficiently sized block of memory for the
39 decompressed data at dest. puff() is the only external symbol in puff.c. The
40 only C library functions that puff.c needs are setjmp() and longjmp(), which
41 are used to simplify error checking in the code to improve readability. puff.c
42 does no memory allocation, and uses less than 2K bytes off of the stack.
```

```
44 If destlen is not enough space for the uncompressed data, then inflate will
45 return an error without writing more than destlen bytes. Note that this means
46 that in order to decompress the deflate data successfully, you need to know
47 the size of the uncompressed data ahead of time.
```

```
49 If needed, puff() can determine the size of the uncompressed data with no
50 output space. This is done by passing dest equal to (unsigned char *)0. Then
51 the initial value of *destlen is ignored and *destlen is set to the length of
52 the uncompressed data. So if the size of the uncompressed data is not known,
53 then two passes of puff() can be used--first to determine the size, and second
54 to do the actual inflation after allocating the appropriate memory. Not
55 pretty, but it works. (This is one of the reasons you should be using zlib.)
```

```
57 The deflate format is self-terminating. If the deflate stream does not end
58 in *sourcelen bytes, puff() will return an error without reading at or past
59 endsource.
```

```
61 On return, *sourcelen is updated to the amount of input data consumed, and
62 *destlen is updated to the size of the uncompressed data. See the comments
63 in puff.c for the possible return codes for puff().
```

```

*****
37886 Wed Apr 1 15:57:16 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/puff/puff.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * puff.c
3  * Copyright (C) 2002-2013 Mark Adler
4  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in puff.h
5  * version 2.3, 21 Jan 2013
6  *
7  * puff.c is a simple inflate written to be an unambiguous way to specify the
8  * deflate format. It is not written for speed but rather simplicity. As a
9  * side benefit, this code might actually be useful when small code is more
10 * important than speed, such as bootstrap applications. For typical deflate
11 * data, zlib's inflate() is about four times as fast as puff(). zlib's
12 * inflate compiles to around 20K on my machine, whereas puff.c compiles to
13 * around 4K on my machine (a PowerPC using GNU cc). If the faster decode()
14 * function here is used, then puff() is only twice as slow as zlib's
15 * inflate().
16 *
17 * All dynamically allocated memory comes from the stack. The stack required
18 * is less than 2K bytes. This code is compatible with 16-bit int's and
19 * assumes that long's are at least 32 bits. puff.c uses the short data type,
20 * assumed to be 16 bits, for arrays in order to to conserve memory. The code
21 * works whether integers are stored big endian or little endian.
22 *
23 * In the comments below are "Format notes" that describe the inflate process
24 * and document some of the less obvious aspects of the format. This source
25 * code is meant to supplement RFC 1951, which formally describes the deflate
26 * format:
27 *
28 *   http://www.zlib.org/rfc-deflate.html
29 */

31 /*
32  * Change history:
33  *
34  * 1.0 10 Feb 2002 - First version
35  * 1.1 17 Feb 2002 - Clarifications of some comments and notes
36  *                  - Update puff() dest and source pointers on negative
37  *                  - errors to facilitate debugging deflators
38  *                  - Remove longest from struct huffman -- not needed
39  *                  - Simplify offs[] index in construct()
40  *                  - Add input size and checking, using longjmp() to
41  *                  - maintain easy readability
42  *                  - Use short data type for large arrays
43  *                  - Use pointers instead of long to specify source and
44  *                  - destination sizes to avoid arbitrary 4 GB limits
45  * 1.2 17 Mar 2002 - Add faster version of decode(), doubles speed (!),
46  *                  - but leave simple version for readability
47  *                  - Make sure invalid distances detected if pointers
48  *                  - are 16 bits
49  *                  - Fix fixed codes table error
50  *                  - Provide a scanning mode for determining size of
51  *                  - uncompressed data
52  * 1.3 20 Mar 2002 - Go back to lengths for puff() parameters [Gailly]
53  *                  - Add a puff.h file for the interface
54  *                  - Add braces in puff() for else do [Gailly]
55  *                  - Use indexes instead of pointers for readability
56  * 1.4 31 Mar 2002 - Simplify construct() code set check
57  *                  - Fix some comments
58  *                  - Add FIXLCODES #define
59  * 1.5 6 Apr 2002  - Minor comment fixes
60  * 1.6 7 Aug 2002  - Minor format changes

```

```

61 * 1.7 3 Mar 2003 - Added test code for distribution
62 *              - Added zlib-like license
63 * 1.8 9 Jan 2004 - Added some comments on no distance codes case
64 * 1.9 21 Feb 2008 - Fix bug on 16-bit integer architectures [Pohland]
65 *              - Catch missing end-of-block symbol error
66 * 2.0 25 Jul 2008 - Add #define to permit distance too far back
67 *              - Add option in TEST code for puff to write the data
68 *              - Add option in TEST code to skip input bytes
69 *              - Allow TEST code to read from piped stdin
70 * 2.1 4 Apr 2010 - Avoid variable initialization for happier compilers
71 *              - Avoid unsigned comparisons for even happier compilers
72 * 2.2 25 Apr 2010 - Fix bug in variable initializations [Oberhumer]
73 *              - Add const where appropriate [Oberhumer]
74 *              - Split if's and ?'s for coverage testing
75 *              - Break out test code to separate file
76 *              - Move NIL to puff.h
77 *              - Allow incomplete code only if single code length is 1
78 *              - Add full code coverage test to Makefile
79 * 2.3 21 Jan 2013 - Check for invalid code length codes in dynamic blocks
80 */

82 #include <setjmp.h>          /* for setjmp(), longjmp(), and jmp_buf */
83 #include "puff.h"          /* prototype for puff() */

85 #define local static        /* for local function definitions */

87 /*
88  * Maximums for allocations and loops. It is not useful to change these --
89  * they are fixed by the deflate format.
90  */
91 #define MAXBITS 15          /* maximum bits in a code */
92 #define MAXLCODES 286      /* maximum number of literal/length codes */
93 #define MAXDCODES 30       /* maximum number of distance codes */
94 #define MAXCODES (MAXLCODES+MAXDCODES) /* maximum codes lengths to read */
95 #define FIXLCODES 288      /* number of fixed literal/length codes */

97 /* input and output state */
98 struct state {
99     /* output state */
100    unsigned char *out;      /* output buffer */
101    unsigned long outlen;    /* available space at out */
102    unsigned long outcnt;    /* bytes written to out so far */

104    /* input state */
105    const unsigned char *in; /* input buffer */
106    unsigned long inlen;     /* available input at in */
107    unsigned long incnt;     /* bytes read so far */
108    int bitbuf;              /* bit buffer */
109    int bitcnt;              /* number of bits in bit buffer */

111    /* input limit error return state for bits() and decode() */
112    jmp_buf env;
113 };

115 /*
116  * Return need bits from the input stream. This always leaves less than
117  * eight bits in the buffer. bits() works properly for need == 0.
118  *
119  * Format notes:
120  *
121  * - Bits are stored in bytes from the least significant bit to the most
122  *   significant bit. Therefore bits are dropped from the bottom of the bit
123  *   buffer, using shift right, and new bytes are appended to the top of the
124  *   bit buffer, using shift left.
125  */
126 local int bits(struct state *s, int need)

```

```

127 {
128     long val;          /* bit accumulator (can use up to 20 bits) */

130     /* load at least need bits into val */
131     val = s->bitbuf;
132     while (s->bitcnt < need) {
133         if (s->incnt == s->inlen)
134             longjmp(s->env, 1);          /* out of input */
135         val |= (long)(s->in[s->incnt++]) << s->bitcnt; /* load eight bits */
136         s->bitcnt += 8;
137     }

139     /* drop need bits and update buffer, always zero to seven bits left */
140     s->bitbuf = (int)(val >> need);
141     s->bitcnt -= need;

143     /* return need bits, zeroing the bits above that */
144     return (int)(val & ((1L << need) - 1));
145 }

147 /*
148 * Process a stored block.
149 *
150 * Format notes:
151 *
152 * - After the two-bit stored block type (00), the stored block length and
153 *   stored bytes are byte-aligned for fast copying. Therefore any leftover
154 *   bits in the byte that has the last bit of the type, as many as seven, are
155 *   discarded. The value of the discarded bits are not defined and should not
156 *   be checked against any expectation.
157 *
158 * - The second inverted copy of the stored block length does not have to be
159 *   checked, but it's probably a good idea to do so anyway.
160 *
161 * - A stored block can have zero length. This is sometimes used to byte-align
162 *   subsets of the compressed data for random access or partial recovery.
163 */
164 local int stored(struct state *s)
165 {
166     unsigned len;      /* length of stored block */

168     /* discard leftover bits from current byte (assumes s->bitcnt < 8) */
169     s->bitbuf = 0;
170     s->bitcnt = 0;

172     /* get length and check against its one's complement */
173     if (s->incnt + 4 > s->inlen)
174         return 2;          /* not enough input */
175     len = s->in[s->incnt++];
176     len |= s->in[s->incnt++] << 8;
177     if (s->in[s->incnt++] != (~len & 0xff) ||
178         s->in[s->incnt++] != ((~len >> 8) & 0xff))
179         return -2;        /* didn't match complement! */

181     /* copy len bytes from in to out */
182     if (s->incnt + len > s->inlen)
183         return 2;          /* not enough input */
184     if (s->out != NIL) {
185         if (s->outcnt + len > s->outlen)
186             return 1;      /* not enough output space */
187         while (len-->0)
188             s->out[s->outcnt++] = s->in[s->incnt++];
189     }
190     else {
191         /* just scanning */
192         s->outcnt += len;
193         s->incnt += len;

```

```

193     }

195     /* done with a valid stored block */
196     return 0;
197 }

199 /*
200 * Huffman code decoding tables. count[1..MAXBITS] is the number of symbols of
201 * each length, which for a canonical code are stepped through in order.
202 * symbol[] are the symbol values in canonical order, where the number of
203 * entries is the sum of the counts in count[]. The decoding process can be
204 * seen in the function decode() below.
205 */
206 struct huffman {
207     short *count;      /* number of symbols of each length */
208     short *symbol;     /* canonically ordered symbols */
209 };

211 /*
212 * Decode a code from the stream s using huffman table h. Return the symbol or
213 * a negative value if there is an error. If all of the lengths are zero, i.e.
214 * an empty code, or if the code is incomplete and an invalid code is received,
215 * then -10 is returned after reading MAXBITS bits.
216 *
217 * Format notes:
218 *
219 * - The codes as stored in the compressed data are bit-reversed relative to
220 *   a simple integer ordering of codes of the same lengths. Hence below the
221 *   bits are pulled from the compressed data one at a time and used to
222 *   build the code value reversed from what is in the stream in order to
223 *   permit simple integer comparisons for decoding. A table-based decoding
224 *   scheme (as used in zlib) does not need to do this reversal.
225 *
226 * - The first code for the shortest length is all zeros. Subsequent codes of
227 *   the same length are simply integer increments of the previous code. When
228 *   moving up a length, a zero bit is appended to the code. For a complete
229 *   code, the last code of the longest length will be all ones.
230 *
231 * - Incomplete codes are handled by this decoder, since they are permitted
232 *   in the deflate format. See the format notes for fixed() and dynamic().
233 */
234 #ifndef SLOW
235 local int decode(struct state *s, const struct huffman *h)
236 {
237     int len;           /* current number of bits in code */
238     int code;          /* len bits being decoded */
239     int first;         /* first code of length len */
240     int count;         /* number of codes of length len */
241     int index;         /* index of first code of length len in symbol table */

243     code = first = index = 0;
244     for (len = 1; len <= MAXBITS; len++) {
245         code |= bits(s, 1);          /* get next bit */
246         count = h->count[len];
247         if (code - count < first)    /* if length len, return symbol */
248             return h->symbol[index + (code - first)];
249         index += count;              /* else update for next length */
250         first += count;
251         first <<= 1;
252         code <<= 1;
253     }
254     return -10;                    /* ran out of codes */
255 }

257 /*
258 * A faster version of decode() for real applications of this code. It's not

```

```

259 * as readable, but it makes puff() twice as fast. And it only makes the code
260 * a few percent larger.
261 */
262 #else /* !SLOW */
263 local int decode(struct state *s, const struct huffman *h)
264 {
265     int len;          /* current number of bits in code */
266     int code;        /* len bits being decoded */
267     int first;       /* first code of length len */
268     int count;       /* number of codes of length len */
269     int index;       /* index of first code of length len in symbol table */
270     int bitbuf;      /* bits from stream */
271     int left;        /* bits left in next or left to process */
272     short *next;     /* next number of codes */

274     bitbuf = s->bitbuf;
275     left = s->bitcnt;
276     code = first = index = 0;
277     len = 1;
278     next = h->count + 1;
279     while (1) {
280         while (left-- > 0) {
281             code |= bitbuf & 1;
282             bitbuf >>= 1;
283             count = *next++;
284             if (code - count < first) { /* if length len, return symbol */
285                 s->bitbuf = bitbuf;
286                 s->bitcnt = (s->bitcnt - len) & 7;
287                 return h->symbol[index + (code - first)];
288             }
289             index += count;          /* else update for next length */
290             first += count;
291             first <<= 1;
292             code <<= 1;
293             len++;
294         }
295         left = (MAXBITS+1) - len;
296         if (left == 0)
297             break;
298         if (s->incnt == s->inlen)
299             longjmp(s->env, 1);      /* out of input */
300         bitbuf = s->in[s->incnt++];
301         if (left > 8)
302             left = 8;
303     }
304     return -10;                      /* ran out of codes */
305 }
306 #endif /* SLOW */

308 /*
309 * Given the list of code lengths length[0..n-1] representing a canonical
310 * Huffman code for n symbols, construct the tables required to decode those
311 * codes. Those tables are the number of codes of each length, and the symbols
312 * sorted by length, retaining their original order within each length. The
313 * return value is zero for a complete code set, negative for an over-
314 * subscribed code set, and positive for an incomplete code set. The tables
315 * can be used if the return value is zero or positive, but they cannot be used
316 * if the return value is negative. If the return value is zero, it is not
317 * possible for decode() using that table to return an error--any stream of
318 * enough bits will resolve to a symbol. If the return value is positive, then
319 * it is possible for decode() using that table to return an error for received
320 * codes past the end of the incomplete lengths.
321 *
322 * Not used by decode(), but used for error checking, h->count[0] is the number
323 * of the n symbols not in the code. So n - h->count[0] is the number of
324 * codes. This is useful for checking for incomplete codes that have more than

```

```

325 * one symbol, which is an error in a dynamic block.
326 *
327 * Assumption: for all i in 0..n-1, 0 <= length[i] <= MAXBITS
328 * This is assured by the construction of the length arrays in dynamic() and
329 * fixed() and is not verified by construct().
330 *
331 * Format notes:
332 *
333 * - Permitted and expected examples of incomplete codes are one of the fixed
334 * codes and any code with a single symbol which in deflate is coded as one
335 * bit instead of zero bits. See the format notes for fixed() and dynamic().
336 *
337 * - Within a given code length, the symbols are kept in ascending order for
338 * the code bits definition.
339 */
340 local int construct(struct huffman *h, const short *length, int n)
341 {
342     int symbol;       /* current symbol when stepping through length[] */
343     int len;         /* current length when stepping through h->count[] */
344     int left;        /* number of possible codes left of current length */
345     short offs[MAXBITS+1]; /* offsets in symbol table for each length */

347     /* count number of codes of each length */
348     for (len = 0; len <= MAXBITS; len++)
349         h->count[len] = 0;
350     for (symbol = 0; symbol < n; symbol++)
351         (h->count[length[symbol]])++; /* assumes lengths are within bounds */
352     if (h->count[0] == n) /* no codes! */
353         return 0; /* complete, but decode() will fail */

355     /* check for an over-subscribed or incomplete set of lengths */
356     left = 1; /* one possible code of zero length */
357     for (len = 1; len <= MAXBITS; len++) {
358         left <<= 1; /* one more bit, double codes left */
359         left -= h->count[len]; /* deduct count from possible codes */
360         if (left < 0)
361             return left; /* over-subscribed--return negative */
362     } /* left > 0 means incomplete */

364     /* generate offsets into symbol table for each length for sorting */
365     offs[1] = 0;
366     for (len = 1; len < MAXBITS; len++)
367         offs[len + 1] = offs[len] + h->count[len];

369     /*
370     * put symbols in table sorted by length, by symbol order within each
371     * length
372     */
373     for (symbol = 0; symbol < n; symbol++)
374         if (length[symbol] != 0)
375             h->symbol[offs[length[symbol]]++] = symbol;

377     /* return zero for complete set, positive for incomplete set */
378     return left;
379 }

381 /*
382 * Decode literal/length and distance codes until an end-of-block code.
383 *
384 * Format notes:
385 *
386 * - Compressed data that is after the block type if fixed or after the code
387 * description if dynamic is a combination of literals and length/distance
388 * pairs terminated by and end-of-block code. Literals are simply Huffman
389 * coded bytes. A length/distance pair is a coded length followed by a
390 * coded distance to represent a string that occurs earlier in the

```

```

391 *   uncompressed data that occurs again at the current location.
392 *
393 * - Literals, lengths, and the end-of-block code are combined into a single
394 *   code of up to 286 symbols. They are 256 literals (0..255), 29 length
395 *   symbols (257..285), and the end-of-block symbol (256).
396 *
397 * - There are 256 possible lengths (3..258), and so 29 symbols are not enough
398 *   to represent all of those. Lengths 3..10 and 258 are in fact represented
399 *   by just a length symbol. Lengths 11..257 are represented as a symbol and
400 *   some number of extra bits that are added as an integer to the base length
401 *   of the length symbol. The number of extra bits is determined by the base
402 *   length symbol. These are in the static arrays below, lens[] for the base
403 *   lengths and lext[] for the corresponding number of extra bits.
404 *
405 * - The reason that 258 gets its own symbol is that the longest length is used
406 *   often in highly redundant files. Note that 258 can also be coded as the
407 *   base value 227 plus the maximum extra value of 31. While a good deflate
408 *   should never do this, it is not an error, and should be decoded properly.
409 *
410 * - If a length is decoded, including its extra bits if any, then it is
411 *   followed a distance code. There are up to 30 distance symbols. Again
412 *   there are many more possible distances (1..32768), so extra bits are added
413 *   to a base value represented by the symbol. The distances 1..4 get their
414 *   own symbol, but the rest require extra bits. The base distances and
415 *   corresponding number of extra bits are below in the static arrays dist[]
416 *   and dext[].
417 *
418 * - Literal bytes are simply written to the output. A length/distance pair is
419 *   an instruction to copy previously uncompressed bytes to the output. The
420 *   copy is from distance bytes back in the output stream, copying for length
421 *   bytes.
422 *
423 * - Distances pointing before the beginning of the output data are not
424 *   permitted.
425 *
426 * - Overlapped copies, where the length is greater than the distance, are
427 *   allowed and common. For example, a distance of one and a length of 258
428 *   simply copies the last byte 258 times. A distance of four and a length of
429 *   twelve copies the last four bytes three times. A simple forward copy
430 *   ignoring whether the length is greater than the distance or not implements
431 *   this correctly. You should not use memcpy() since its behavior is not
432 *   defined for overlapped arrays. You should not use memmove() or bcopy()
433 *   since though their behavior -is- defined for overlapping arrays, it is
434 *   defined to do the wrong thing in this case.
435 */
436 local int codes(struct state *s,
437                const struct huffman *lencode,
438                const struct huffman *distcode)
439 {
440     int symbol;          /* decoded symbol */
441     int len;            /* length for copy */
442     unsigned dist;      /* distance for copy */
443     static const short lens[29] = { /* Size base for length codes 257..285 */
444         3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 23, 27, 31,
445         35, 43, 51, 59, 67, 83, 99, 115, 131, 163, 195, 227, 258};
446     static const short lext[29] = { /* Extra bits for length codes 257..285 */
447         0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2,
448         3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 0};
449     static const short dists[30] = { /* Offset base for distance codes 0..29 */
450         1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 13, 17, 25, 33, 49, 65, 97, 129, 193,
451         257, 385, 513, 769, 1025, 1537, 2049, 3073, 4097, 6145,
452         8193, 12289, 16385, 24577};
453     static const short dext[30] = { /* Extra bits for distance codes 0..29 */
454         0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 5, 6, 6,
455         7, 7, 8, 8, 9, 9, 10, 10, 11, 11,
456         12, 12, 13, 13};

```

```

458     /* decode literals and length/distance pairs */
459     do {
460         symbol = decode(s, lencode);
461         if (symbol < 0)
462             return symbol;          /* invalid symbol */
463         if (symbol < 256) {         /* literal: symbol is the byte */
464             /* write out the literal */
465             if (s->out != NIL) {
466                 if (s->outcnt == s->outlen)
467                     return 1;
468                 s->out[s->outcnt] = symbol;
469             }
470             s->outcnt++;
471         }
472         else if (symbol > 256) {     /* length */
473             /* get and compute length */
474             symbol -= 257;
475             if (symbol >= 29)
476                 return -10;        /* invalid fixed code */
477             len = lens[symbol] + bits(s, lext[symbol]);

479             /* get and check distance */
480             symbol = decode(s, distcode);
481             if (symbol < 0)
482                 return symbol;     /* invalid symbol */
483             dist = dists[symbol] + bits(s, dext[symbol]);
484 #ifndef INFLATE_ALLOW_INVALID_DISTANCE_TOOFAR_ARRR
485             if (dist > s->outcnt)
486                 return -11;       /* distance too far back */
487 #endif

489             /* copy length bytes from distance bytes back */
490             if (s->out != NIL) {
491                 if (s->outcnt + len > s->outlen)
492                     return 1;
493                 while (len-- > 0)
494                     s->out[s->outcnt] =
495 #ifndef INFLATE_ALLOW_INVALID_DISTANCE_TOOFAR_ARRR
496                         dist > s->outcnt ?
497                         0 :
498 #endif
499                     s->out[s->outcnt - dist];
500                 s->outcnt++;
501             }
502             else
503                 s->outcnt += len;
504             }
505         } while (symbol != 256);     /* end of block symbol */

508     /* done with a valid fixed or dynamic block */
509     return 0;
510 }

512 /*
513 * Process a fixed codes block.
514 *
515 * Format notes:
516 *
517 * - This block type can be useful for compressing small amounts of data for
518 *   which the size of the code descriptions in a dynamic block exceeds the
519 *   benefit of custom codes for that block. For fixed codes, no bits are
520 *   spent on code descriptions. Instead the code lengths for literal/length
521 *   codes and distance codes are fixed. The specific lengths for each symbol
522 *   can be seen in the "for" loops below.

```

```

523 *
524 * - The literal/length code is complete, but has two symbols that are invalid
525 * and should result in an error if received. This cannot be implemented
526 * simply as an incomplete code since those two symbols are in the "middle"
527 * of the code. They are eight bits long and the longest literal/length\
528 * code is nine bits. Therefore the code must be constructed with those
529 * symbols, and the invalid symbols must be detected after decoding.
530 *
531 * - The fixed distance codes also have two invalid symbols that should result
532 * in an error if received. Since all of the distance codes are the same
533 * length, this can be implemented as an incomplete code. Then the invalid
534 * codes are detected while decoding.
535 */
536 local int fixed(struct state *s)
537 {
538     static int virgin = 1;
539     static short lencnt[MAXBITS+1], lensym[FIXLCODES];
540     static short distcnt[MAXBITS+1], distsym[MAXDCODES];
541     static struct huffman lencode, distcode;

543     /* build fixed huffman tables if first call (may not be thread safe) */
544     if (virgin) {
545         int symbol;
546         short lengths[FIXLCODES];

548         /* construct lencode and distcode */
549         lencode.count = lencnt;
550         lencode.symbol = lensym;
551         distcode.count = distcnt;
552         distcode.symbol = distsym;

554         /* literal/length table */
555         for (symbol = 0; symbol < 144; symbol++)
556             lengths[symbol] = 8;
557         for (; symbol < 256; symbol++)
558             lengths[symbol] = 9;
559         for (; symbol < 280; symbol++)
560             lengths[symbol] = 7;
561         for (; symbol < FIXLCODES; symbol++)
562             lengths[symbol] = 8;
563         construct(&lencode, lengths, FIXLCODES);

565         /* distance table */
566         for (symbol = 0; symbol < MAXDCODES; symbol++)
567             lengths[symbol] = 5;
568         construct(&distcode, lengths, MAXDCODES);

570         /* do this just once */
571         virgin = 0;
572     }

574     /* decode data until end-of-block code */
575     return codes(s, &lencode, &distcode);
576 }

578 /*
579 * Process a dynamic codes block.
580 *
581 * Format notes:
582 *
583 * - A dynamic block starts with a description of the literal/length and
584 * distance codes for that block. New dynamic blocks allow the compressor to
585 * rapidly adapt to changing data with new codes optimized for that data.
586 *
587 * - The codes used by the deflate format are "canonical", which means that
588 * the actual bits of the codes are generated in an unambiguous way simply

```

```

589 * from the number of bits in each code. Therefore the code descriptions
590 * are simply a list of code lengths for each symbol.
591 *
592 * - The code lengths are stored in order for the symbols, so lengths are
593 * provided for each of the literal/length symbols, and for each of the
594 * distance symbols.
595 *
596 * - If a symbol is not used in the block, this is represented by a zero as
597 * as the code length. This does not mean a zero-length code, but rather
598 * that no code should be created for this symbol. There is no way in the
599 * deflate format to represent a zero-length code.
600 *
601 * - The maximum number of bits in a code is 15, so the possible lengths for
602 * any code are 1..15.
603 *
604 * - The fact that a length of zero is not permitted for a code has an
605 * interesting consequence. Normally if only one symbol is used for a given
606 * code, then in fact that code could be represented with zero bits. However
607 * in deflate, that code has to be at least one bit. So for example, if
608 * only a single distance base symbol appears in a block, then it will be
609 * represented by a single code of length one, in particular one 0 bit. This
610 * is an incomplete code, since if a 1 bit is received, it has no meaning,
611 * and should result in an error. So incomplete distance codes of one symbol
612 * should be permitted, and the receipt of invalid codes should be handled.
613 *
614 * - It is also possible to have a single literal/length code, but that code
615 * must be the end-of-block code, since every dynamic block has one. This
616 * is not the most efficient way to create an empty block (an empty fixed
617 * block is fewer bits), but it is allowed by the format. So incomplete
618 * literal/length codes of one symbol should also be permitted.
619 *
620 * - If there are only literal codes and no lengths, then there are no distance
621 * codes. This is represented by one distance code with zero bits.
622 *
623 * - The list of up to 286 length/literal lengths and up to 30 distance lengths
624 * are themselves compressed using Huffman codes and run-length encoding. In
625 * the list of code lengths, a 0 symbol means no code, a 1..15 symbol means
626 * that length, and the symbols 16, 17, and 18 are run-length instructions.
627 * Each of 16, 17, and 18 are followed by extra bits to define the length of
628 * the run. 16 copies the last length 3 to 6 times. 17 represents 3 to 10
629 * zero lengths, and 18 represents 11 to 138 zero lengths. Unused symbols
630 * are common, hence the special coding for zero lengths.
631 *
632 * - The symbols for 0..18 are Huffman coded, and so that code must be
633 * described first. This is simply a sequence of up to 19 three-bit values
634 * representing no code (0) or the code length for that symbol (1..7).
635 *
636 * - A dynamic block starts with three fixed-size counts from which is computed
637 * the number of literal/length code lengths, the number of distance code
638 * lengths, and the number of code length code lengths (ok, you come up with
639 * a better name!) in the code descriptions. For the literal/length and
640 * distance codes, lengths after those provided are considered zero, i.e. no
641 * code. The code length code lengths are received in a permuted order (see
642 * the order[] array below) to make a short code length code length list more
643 * likely. As it turns out, very short and very long codes are less likely
644 * to be seen in a dynamic code description, hence what may appear initially
645 * to be a peculiar ordering.
646 *
647 * - Given the number of literal/length code lengths (nlen) and distance code
648 * lengths (ndist), then they are treated as one long list of nlen + ndist
649 * code lengths. Therefore run-length coding can and often does cross the
650 * boundary between the two sets of lengths.
651 *
652 * - So to summarize, the code description at the start of a dynamic block is
653 * three counts for the number of code lengths for the literal/length codes,
654 * the distance codes, and the code length codes. This is followed by the

```

```

655 * code length code lengths, three bits each. This is used to construct the
656 * code length code which is used to read the remainder of the lengths. Then
657 * the literal/length code lengths and distance lengths are read as a single
658 * set of lengths using the code length codes. Codes are constructed from
659 * the resulting two sets of lengths, and then finally you can start
660 * decoding actual compressed data in the block.
661 *
662 * - For reference, a "typical" size for the code description in a dynamic
663 * block is around 80 bytes.
664 */
665 local int dynamic(struct state *s)
666 {
667     int nlen, ndist, ncode;          /* number of lengths in descriptor */
668     int index;                      /* index of lengths[] */
669     int err;                         /* construct() return value */
670     short lengths[MAXCODES];        /* descriptor code lengths */
671     short lencnt[MAXBITS+1], lensym[MAXLCODES]; /* lencode memory */
672     short distcnt[MAXBITS+1], distsym[MAXDCODES]; /* distcode memory */
673     struct huffman lencode, distcode; /* length and distance codes */
674     static const short order[19] = /* permutation of code length codes */
675         {16, 17, 18, 0, 8, 7, 9, 6, 10, 5, 11, 4, 12, 3, 13, 2, 14, 1, 15};

677 /* construct lencode and distcode */
678 lencode.count = lencnt;
679 lencode.symbol = lensym;
680 distcode.count = distcnt;
681 distcode.symbol = distsym;

683 /* get number of lengths in each table, check lengths */
684 nlen = bits(s, 5) + 257;
685 ndist = bits(s, 5) + 1;
686 ncode = bits(s, 4) + 4;
687 if (nlen > MAXLCODES || ndist > MAXDCODES)
688     return -3; /* bad counts */

690 /* read code length code lengths (really), missing lengths are zero */
691 for (index = 0; index < ncode; index++)
692     lengths[order[index]] = bits(s, 3);
693 for (; index < 19; index++)
694     lengths[order[index]] = 0;

696 /* build huffman table for code lengths codes (use lencode temporarily) */
697 err = construct(&lencode, lengths, 19);
698 if (err != 0) /* require complete code set here */
699     return -4;

701 /* read length/literal and distance code length tables */
702 index = 0;
703 while (index < nlen + ndist) {
704     int symbol; /* decoded value */
705     int len; /* last length to repeat */

707     symbol = decode(s, &lencode);
708     if (symbol < 0)
709         return symbol; /* invalid symbol */
710     if (symbol < 16) /* length in 0..15 */
711         lengths[index++] = symbol;
712     else {
713         len = 0; /* repeat instruction */
714         if (symbol == 16) { /* assume repeating zeros */
715             if (index == 0)
716                 return -5; /* no last length! */
717             len = lengths[index - 1]; /* last length */
718             symbol = 3 + bits(s, 2);
719         }
720         else if (symbol == 17) /* repeat zero 3..10 times */

```

```

721         symbol = 3 + bits(s, 3);
722     else /* == 18, repeat zero 11..138 times */
723         symbol = 11 + bits(s, 7);
724     if (index + symbol > nlen + ndist)
725         return -6; /* too many lengths! */
726     while (symbol--) /* repeat last or zero symbol times */
727         lengths[index++] = len;
728 }
729 }

731 /* check for end-of-block code -- there better be one! */
732 if (lengths[256] == 0)
733     return -9;

735 /* build huffman table for literal/length codes */
736 err = construct(&lencode, lengths, nlen);
737 if (err && (err < 0 || nlen != lencode.count[0] + lencode.count[1]))
738     return -7; /* incomplete code ok only for single length 1 code */

740 /* build huffman table for distance codes */
741 err = construct(&distcode, lengths + nlen, ndist);
742 if (err && (err < 0 || ndist != distcode.count[0] + distcode.count[1]))
743     return -8; /* incomplete code ok only for single length 1 code */

745 /* decode data until end-of-block code */
746 return codes(s, &lencode, &distcode);
747 }

749 /*
750 * Inflate source to dest. On return, destlen and sourcelen are updated to the
751 * size of the uncompressed data and the size of the deflate data respectively.
752 * On success, the return value of puff() is zero. If there is an error in the
753 * source data, i.e. it is not in the deflate format, then a negative value is
754 * returned. If there is not enough input available or there is not enough
755 * output space, then a positive error is returned. In that case, destlen and
756 * sourcelen are not updated to facilitate retrying from the beginning with the
757 * provision of more input data or more output space. In the case of invalid
758 * inflate data (a negative error), the dest and source pointers are updated to
759 * facilitate the debugging of deflators.
760 *
761 * puff() also has a mode to determine the size of the uncompressed output with
762 * no output written. For this dest must be (unsigned char *)0. In this case,
763 * the input value of *destlen is ignored, and on return *destlen is set to the
764 * size of the uncompressed output.
765 *
766 * The return codes are:
767 *
768 * 2: available inflate data did not terminate
769 * 1: output space exhausted before completing inflate
770 * 0: successful inflate
771 * -1: invalid block type (type == 3)
772 * -2: stored block length did not match one's complement
773 * -3: dynamic block code description: too many length or distance codes
774 * -4: dynamic block code description: code lengths codes incomplete
775 * -5: dynamic block code description: repeat lengths with no first length
776 * -6: dynamic block code description: repeat more than specified lengths
777 * -7: dynamic block code description: invalid literal/length code lengths
778 * -8: dynamic block code description: invalid distance code lengths
779 * -9: dynamic block code description: missing end-of-block code
780 * -10: invalid literal/length or distance code in fixed or dynamic block
781 * -11: distance is too far back in fixed or dynamic block
782 *
783 * Format notes:
784 *
785 * - Three bits are read for each block to determine the kind of block and
786 * whether or not it is the last block. Then the block is decoded and the

```

```

787 * process repeated if it was not the last block.
788 *
789 * - The leftover bits in the last byte of the deflate data after the last
790 * block (if it was a fixed or dynamic block) are undefined and have no
791 * expected values to check.
792 */
793 int puff(unsigned char *dest,          /* pointer to destination pointer */
794          unsigned long *destlen,      /* amount of output space */
795          const unsigned char *source, /* pointer to source data pointer */
796          unsigned long *sourcelen)    /* amount of input available */
797 {
798     struct state s;          /* input/output state */
799     int last, type;         /* block information */
800     int err;                /* return value */
801
802     /* initialize output state */
803     s.out = dest;
804     s.outlen = *destlen;    /* ignored if dest is NIL */
805     s.outcnt = 0;
806
807     /* initialize input state */
808     s.in = source;
809     s.inlen = *sourcelen;
810     s.incnt = 0;
811     s.bitbuf = 0;
812     s.bitcnt = 0;
813
814     /* return if bits() or decode() tries to read past available input */
815     if (setjmp(s.env) != 0) /* if came back here via longjmp() */
816         err = 2;          /* then skip do-loop, return error */
817     else {
818         /* process blocks until last block or error */
819         do {
820             last = bits(&s, 1); /* one if last block */
821             type = bits(&s, 2); /* block type 0..3 */
822             err = type == 0 ?
823                 stored(&s) :
824                 (type == 1 ?
825                  fixed(&s) :
826                  (type == 2 ?
827                   dynamic(&s) :
828                    -1)); /* type == 3, invalid */
829             if (err != 0)
830                 break; /* return with error */
831         } while (!last);
832     }
833
834     /* update the lengths and return */
835     if (err <= 0) {
836         *destlen = s.outcnt;
837         *sourcelen = s.incnt;
838     }
839     return err;
840 }

```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/puff/puff.h

1

1415 Wed Apr 1 15:57:16 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/puff/puff.h

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 /* puff.h
2 Copyright (C) 2002-2013 Mark Adler, all rights reserved
3 version 2.3, 21 Jan 2013

5 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
6 warranty. In no event will the author be held liable for any damages
7 arising from the use of this software.

9 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
10 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
11 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

13 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
14 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
15 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
16 appreciated but is not required.
17 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
18 misrepresented as being the original software.
19 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

21 Mark Adler madler@alummi.caltech.edu
22 */

25 /*
26 * See puff.c for purpose and usage.
27 */
28 #ifndef NIL
29 # define NIL ((unsigned char *)0) /* for no output option */
30 #endif

32 int puff(unsigned char *dest, /* pointer to destination pointer */
33 unsigned long *destlen, /* amount of output space */
34 const unsigned char *source, /* pointer to source data pointer */
35 unsigned long *sourcelen); /* amount of input available */
```

```

*****
4917 Wed Apr 1 15:57:16 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/puff/pufftest.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * pufftest.c
3  * Copyright (C) 2002-2013 Mark Adler
4  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in puff.h
5  * version 2.3, 21 Jan 2013
6  */

8 /* Example of how to use puff().

10 Usage: puff [-w] [-f] [-nnn] file
11 ... | puff [-w] [-f] [-nnn]

13 where file is the input file with deflate data, nnn is the number of bytes
14 of input to skip before inflating (e.g. to skip a zlib or gzip header), and
15 -w is used to write the decompressed data to stdout. -f is for coverage
16 testing, and causes pufftest to fail with not enough output space (-f does
17 a write like -w, so -w is not required). */

19 #include <stdio.h>
20 #include <stdlib.h>
21 #include "puff.h"

23 #if defined(MSDOS) || defined(OS2) || defined(WIN32) || defined(__CYGWIN__)
24 # include <fcntl.h>
25 # include <io.h>
26 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file) setmode(fileno(file), O_BINARY)
27 #else
28 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file)
29 #endif

31 #define local static

33 /* Return size times approximately the cube root of 2, keeping the result as 1,
34 3, or 5 times a power of 2 -- the result is always > size, until the result
35 is the maximum value of an unsigned long, where it remains. This is useful
36 to keep reallocations less than ~33% over the actual data. */
37 local size_t bythirds(size_t size)
38 {
39     int n;
40     size_t m;

42     m = size;
43     for (n = 0; m; n++)
44         m >>= 1;
45     if (n < 3)
46         return size + 1;
47     n -= 3;
48     m = size >> n;
49     m += m == 6 ? 2 : 1;
50     m <<= n;
51     return m > size ? m : (size_t)(-1);
52 }

54 /* Read the input file *name, or stdin if name is NULL, into allocated memory.
55 Reallocate to larger buffers until the entire file is read in. Return a
56 pointer to the allocated data, or NULL if there was a memory allocation
57 failure. *len is the number of bytes of data read from the input file (even
58 if load() returns NULL). If the input file was empty or could not be opened
59 or read, *len is zero. */
60 local void *load(const char *name, size_t *len)

```

```

61 {
62     size_t size;
63     void *buf, *swap;
64     FILE *in;

66     *len = 0;
67     buf = malloc(size = 4096);
68     if (buf == NULL)
69         return NULL;
70     in = name == NULL ? stdin : fopen(name, "rb");
71     if (in != NULL) {
72         for (;;) {
73             *len += fread((char *)buf + *len, 1, size - *len, in);
74             if (*len < size) break;
75             size = bythirds(size);
76             if (size == *len || (swap = realloc(buf, size)) == NULL) {
77                 free(buf);
78                 buf = NULL;
79                 break;
80             }
81             buf = swap;
82         }
83         fclose(in);
84     }
85     return buf;
86 }

88 int main(int argc, char **argv)
89 {
90     int ret, put = 0, fail = 0;
91     unsigned skip = 0;
92     char *arg, *name = NULL;
93     unsigned char *source = NULL, *dest;
94     size_t len = 0;
95     unsigned long sourcelen, destlen;

97     /* process arguments */
98     while (arg = **++argv, --argc)
99         if (arg[0] == '-') {
100             if (arg[1] == 'w' && arg[2] == 0)
101                 put = 1;
102             else if (arg[1] == 'f' && arg[2] == 0)
103                 fail = 1, put = 1;
104             else if (arg[1] >= '0' && arg[1] <= '9')
105                 skip = (unsigned)atoi(arg + 1);
106             else {
107                 fprintf(stderr, "invalid option %s\n", arg);
108                 return 3;
109             }
110         }
111     else if (name != NULL) {
112         fprintf(stderr, "only one file name allowed\n");
113         return 3;
114     }
115     else
116         name = arg;
117     source = load(name, &len);
118     if (source == NULL) {
119         fprintf(stderr, "memory allocation failure\n");
120         return 4;
121     }
122     if (len == 0) {
123         fprintf(stderr, "could not read %s, or it was empty\n",
124             name == NULL ? "<stdin>" : name);
125         free(source);
126         return 3;

```

```
127     }
128     if (skip >= len) {
129         fprintf(stderr, "skip request of %d leaves no input\n", skip);
130         free(source);
131         return 3;
132     }
133
134     /* test inflate data with offset skip */
135     len -= skip;
136     sourcelen = (unsigned long)len;
137     ret = puff(NIL, &destlen, source + skip, &sourcelen);
138     if (ret)
139         fprintf(stderr, "puff() failed with return code %d\n", ret);
140     else {
141         fprintf(stderr, "puff() succeeded uncompressing %lu bytes\n", destlen);
142         if (sourcelen < len) fprintf(stderr, "%lu compressed bytes unused\n",
143                                     len - sourcelen);
144     }
145
146     /* if requested, inflate again and write decompressed data to stdout */
147     if (put && ret == 0) {
148         if (fail)
149             destlen >>= 1;
150         dest = malloc(destlen);
151         if (dest == NULL) {
152             fprintf(stderr, "memory allocation failure\n");
153             free(source);
154             return 4;
155         }
156         puff(dest, &destlen, source + skip, &sourcelen);
157         SET_BINARY_MODE(stdout);
158         fwrite(dest, 1, destlen, stdout);
159         free(dest);
160     }
161
162     /* clean up */
163     free(source);
164     return ret;
165 }
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/puff/zeros.raw

1

```
*****  
    2517 Wed Apr  1 15:57:17 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/puff/zeros.raw  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

```

*****
7643 Wed Apr 1 15:57:17 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/testzlib/testzlib.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <windows.h>
4
5 #include "zlib.h"
6
7
8 void MyDoMinus64(LARGE_INTEGER *R,LARGE_INTEGER A,LARGE_INTEGER B)
9 {
10     R->HighPart = A.HighPart - B.HighPart;
11     if (A.LowPart >= B.LowPart)
12         R->LowPart = A.LowPart - B.LowPart;
13     else
14     {
15         R->LowPart = A.LowPart - B.LowPart;
16         R->HighPart --;
17     }
18 }
19
20 #ifdef _M_X64
21 // see http://msdn2.microsoft.com/library/twchhe95(en-us,vs.80).aspx for __rdtsc
22 unsigned __int64 res=__rdtsc(void);
23 void BeginCountRdtsc(LARGE_INTEGER * pbeginTime64)
24 {
25     // printf("rdtsc = %I64x\n",__rdtsc());
26     pbeginTime64->QuadPart=__rdtsc();
27 }
28
29 LARGE_INTEGER GetResRdtsc(LARGE_INTEGER beginTime64,BOOL fComputeTimeQueryPerf)
30 {
31     LARGE_INTEGER LIres;
32     unsigned __int64 res=__rdtsc()-((unsigned __int64)(beginTime64.QuadPart));
33     LIres.QuadPart=res;
34     // printf("rdtsc = %I64x\n",__rdtsc());
35     return LIres;
36 }
37 #else
38 #ifdef _M_IX86
39 void myGetRDTSC32(LARGE_INTEGER * pbeginTime64)
40 {
41     DWORD dwEdx,dwEax;
42     _asm
43     {
44         rdtsc
45         mov dwEax,eax
46         mov dwEdx,edx
47     }
48     pbeginTime64->LowPart=dwEax;
49     pbeginTime64->HighPart=dwEdx;
50 }
51
52 void BeginCountRdtsc(LARGE_INTEGER * pbeginTime64)
53 {
54     myGetRDTSC32(pbeginTime64);
55 }
56
57 LARGE_INTEGER GetResRdtsc(LARGE_INTEGER beginTime64,BOOL fComputeTimeQueryPerf)
58 {
59     LARGE_INTEGER LIres,endTime64;
60     myGetRDTSC32(&endTime64);

```

```

61
62     LIres.LowPart=LIres.HighPart=0;
63     MyDoMinus64(&LIres,endTime64,beginTime64);
64     return LIres;
65 }
66 #else
67 void myGetRDTSC32(LARGE_INTEGER * pbeginTime64)
68 {
69 }
70
71 void BeginCountRdtsc(LARGE_INTEGER * pbeginTime64)
72 {
73 }
74
75 LARGE_INTEGER GetResRdtsc(LARGE_INTEGER beginTime64,BOOL fComputeTimeQueryPerf)
76 {
77     LARGE_INTEGER lr;
78     lr.QuadPart=0;
79     return lr;
80 }
81 #endif
82 #endif
83
84 void BeginCountPerfCounter(LARGE_INTEGER * pbeginTime64,BOOL fComputeTimeQueryPe
85 {
86     if ((!fComputeTimeQueryPerf) || (!QueryPerformanceCounter(pbeginTime64)))
87     {
88         pbeginTime64->LowPart = GetTickCount();
89         pbeginTime64->HighPart = 0;
90     }
91 }
92
93 DWORD GetMsecSincePerfCounter(LARGE_INTEGER beginTime64,BOOL fComputeTimeQueryPe
94 {
95     LARGE_INTEGER endTime64,ticksPerSecond,ticks;
96     DWORDLONG ticksShifted,tickSecShifted;
97     DWORD dwLog=16+0;
98     DWORD dwRet;
99     if ((!fComputeTimeQueryPerf) || (!QueryPerformanceCounter(&endTime64)))
100         dwRet = (GetTickCount() - beginTime64.LowPart)*1;
101     else
102     {
103         MyDoMinus64(&ticks,endTime64,beginTime64);
104         QueryPerformanceFrequency(&ticksPerSecond);
105
106         {
107             ticksShifted = Int64ShrlMod32(*(DWORDLONG*)&ticks,dwLog);
108             tickSecShifted = Int64ShrlMod32(*(DWORDLONG*)&ticksPerSecond,dwLog);
109         }
110
111         dwRet = (DWORD)((((DWORD)ticksShifted)*1000)/(DWORD)(tickSecShifted));
112         dwRet *=1;
113     }
114     return dwRet;
115 }
116
117 }
118
119 int ReadFileMemory(const char* filename,long* plFileSize,unsigned char** pFilePt
120 {
121     FILE* stream;
122     unsigned char* ptr;
123     int retVal=1;
124     stream=fopen(filename, "rb");
125     if (stream==NULL)
126         return 0;

```

```

127     fseek(stream,0,SEEK_END);
128
129     *pFileSize=ftell(stream);
130     fseek(stream,0,SEEK_SET);
131     ptr=malloc((*pFileSize)+1);
132     if (ptr==NULL)
133         retVal=0;
134     else
135     {
136         if (fread(ptr, 1, *pFileSize,stream) != (*pFileSize))
137             retVal=0;
138     }
139     fclose(stream);
140     *pFilePtr=ptr;
141     return retVal;
142 }
143
144 int main(int argc, char *argv[])
145 {
146     int BlockSizeCompress=0x8000;
147     int BlockSizeUncompress=0x8000;
148     int cprLevel=Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION ;
149     long lFileSize;
150     unsigned char* FilePtr;
151     long lBufferSizeCpr;
152     long lBufferSizeUncpr;
153     long lCompressedSize=0;
154     unsigned char* CprPtr;
155     unsigned char* UncprPtr;
156     long lSizeCpr,lSizeUncpr;
157     DWORD dwGetTick,dwMsecQP;
158     LARGE_INTEGER li_qp,li_rdtsc,dwResRdtsc;
159
160     if (argc<=1)
161     {
162         printf("run TestZlib <File> [BlockSizeCompress] [BlockSizeUncompress] [c
163         return 0;
164     }
165
166     if (ReadFileMemory(argv[1],&lFileSize,&FilePtr)==0)
167     {
168         printf("error reading %s\n",argv[1]);
169         return 1;
170     }
171     else printf("file %s read, %u bytes\n",argv[1],lFileSize);
172
173     if (argc>=3)
174         BlockSizeCompress=atol(argv[2]);
175
176     if (argc>=4)
177         BlockSizeUncompress=atol(argv[3]);
178
179     if (argc>=5)
180         cprLevel=(int)atol(argv[4]);
181
182     lBufferSizeCpr = lFileSize + (lFileSize/0x10) + 0x200;
183     lBufferSizeUncpr = lBufferSizeCpr;
184
185     CprPtr=(unsigned char*)malloc(lBufferSizeCpr + BlockSizeCompress);
186
187     BeginCountPerfCounter(&li_qp,TRUE);
188     dwGetTick=GetTickCount();
189     BeginCountRdtsc(&li_rdtsc);
190     {
191         z_stream zcpr;

```

```

193     int ret=Z_OK;
194     long lOrigToDo = lFileSize;
195     long lOrigDone = 0;
196     int step=0;
197     memset(&zcpr,0,sizeof(z_stream));
198     deflateInit(&zcpr,cprLevel);
199
200     zcpr.next_in = FilePtr;
201     zcpr.next_out = CprPtr;
202
203     do
204     {
205         long all_read_before = zcpr.total_in;
206         zcpr.avail_in = min(lOrigToDo,BlockSizeCompress);
207         zcpr.avail_out = BlockSizeCompress;
208         ret=deflate(&zcpr,(zcpr.avail_in==lOrigToDo) ? Z_FINISH : Z_SYNC_FLU
209         lOrigDone += (zcpr.total_in-all_read_before);
210         lOrigToDo -= (zcpr.total_in-all_read_before);
211         step++;
212     } while (ret==Z_OK);
213
214     lSizeCpr=zcpr.total_out;
215     deflateEnd(&zcpr);
216     dwGetTick=GetTickCount()-dwGetTick;
217     dwMsecQP=GetMsecSincePerfCounter(li_qp,TRUE);
218     dwResRdtsc=GetResRdtsc(li_rdtsc,TRUE);
219     printf("total compress size = %u, in %u step\n",lSizeCpr,step);
220     printf("time = %u msec = %f sec\n",dwGetTick,dwGetTick/(double)1000.);
221     printf("defcpr time QP = %u msec = %f sec\n",dwMsecQP,dwMsecQP/(double)1
222     printf("defcpr result rdtsc = %I64x\n",dwResRdtsc.QuadPart);
223
224 }
225
226 CprPtr=(unsigned char*)realloc(CprPtr,lSizeCpr);
227 UncprPtr=(unsigned char*)malloc(lBufferSizeUncpr + BlockSizeUncompress);
228
229 BeginCountPerfCounter(&li_qp,TRUE);
230 dwGetTick=GetTickCount();
231 BeginCountRdtsc(&li_rdtsc);
232 {
233     z_stream zcpr;
234     int ret=Z_OK;
235     long lOrigToDo = lSizeCpr;
236     long lOrigDone = 0;
237     int step=0;
238     memset(&zcpr,0,sizeof(z_stream));
239     inflateInit(&zcpr);
240
241     zcpr.next_in = CprPtr;
242     zcpr.next_out = UncprPtr;
243
244     do
245     {
246         long all_read_before = zcpr.total_in;
247         zcpr.avail_in = min(lOrigToDo,BlockSizeUncompress);
248         zcpr.avail_out = BlockSizeUncompress;
249         ret=inflate(&zcpr,Z_SYNC_FLUSH);
250         lOrigDone += (zcpr.total_in-all_read_before);
251         lOrigToDo -= (zcpr.total_in-all_read_before);
252         step++;
253     } while (ret==Z_OK);
254
255     lSizeUncpr=zcpr.total_out;
256     inflateEnd(&zcpr);
257     dwGetTick=GetTickCount()-dwGetTick;

```

```
259     dwMsecQP=GetMsecSincePerfCounter(li_qp,TRUE);
260     dwResRdtsc=GetResRdtsc(li_rdtsc,TRUE);
261     printf("total uncompress size = %u, in %u step\n",lSizeUncpr,step);
262     printf("time = %u msec = %f sec\n",dwGetTick,dwGetTick/(double)1000.);
263     printf("uncpr time QP = %u msec = %f sec\n",dwMsecQP,dwMsecQP/(double)1
264     printf("uncpr result rdtsc = %I64x\n\n",dwResRdtsc.QuadPart);
265 }
266
267 if (lSizeUncpr==lFileSize)
268 {
269     if (memcmp(FilePtr,UncprPtr,lFileSize)==0)
270         printf("compare ok\n");
271 }
272
273
274 return 0;
275 }
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/testzlib/testzlib.txt

1

205 Wed Apr 1 15:57:17 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/testzlib/testzlib.txt

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 To build testzLib with Visual Studio 2005:

2

3 copy to a directory file from :

4 - root of zLib tree

5 - contrib/testzlib

6 - contrib/masmx86

7 - contrib/masmx64

8 - contrib/vstudio/vc7

9

10 and open testzlib8.sln

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/untgz/Makefile

1

234 Wed Apr 1 15:57:17 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/untgz/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 CC=cc

2 CFLAGS=-g

4 untgz: untgz.o ../../libz.a

5 \$(CC) \$(CFLAGS) -o untgz untgz.o -L../../ -lz

7 untgz.o: untgz.c ../../zlib.h

8 \$(CC) \$(CFLAGS) -c -I../../ untgz.c

10 ../../libz.a:

11 cd ../../; ./configure; make

13 clean:

14 rm -f untgz untgz.o *~

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/untgz/Makefile.msc

1

281 Wed Apr 1 15:57:17 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/untgz/Makefile.msc

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 CC=c1

2 CFLAGS=-MD

4 untgz.exe: untgz.obj ..\..\zlib.lib

5 \$(CC) \$(CFLAGS) untgz.obj ..\..\zlib.lib

7 untgz.obj: untgz.c ..\..\zlib.h

8 \$(CC) \$(CFLAGS) -c -I..\.. untgz.c

10 ..\..\zlib.lib:

11 cd ..\..\.

12 \$(MAKE) -f win32\makefile.msc

13 cd contrib\untgz

15 clean:

16 -del untgz.obj

17 -del untgz.exe

```

*****
16542 Wed Apr 1 15:57:17 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/untgz/untgz.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * untgz.c -- Display contents and extract files from a gzip'd TAR file
3  *
4  * written by Pedro A. Aranda Gutierrez <paag@tid.es>
5  * adaptation to Unix by Jean-loup Gailly <jloup@gzip.org>
6  * various fixes by Cosmin Truta <cosmint@cs.ubbcluj.ro>
7  */
8
9 #include <stdio.h>
10 #include <stdlib.h>
11 #include <string.h>
12 #include <time.h>
13 #include <errno.h>
14
15 #include "zlib.h"
16
17 #ifndef unix
18 # include <unistd.h>
19 #else
20 # include <direct.h>
21 # include <io.h>
22 #endif
23
24 #ifndef WIN32
25 #include <windows.h>
26 # ifdef F_OK
27 #   define F_OK 0
28 # endif
29 # define mkdir(dirname,mode) _mkdir(dirname)
30 # ifdef _MSC_VER
31 #   define access(path,mode) _access(path,mode)
32 #   define chmod(path,mode) _chmod(path,mode)
33 #   define strdup(str) _strdup(str)
34 # endif
35 #else
36 # include <utime.h>
37 #endif
38
39 /* values used in typeflag field */
40
41 #define REGTYPE '0' /* regular file */
42 #define AREGTYPE '\0' /* regular file */
43 #define LNKTTYPE '1' /* link */
44 #define SYMTTYPE '2' /* reserved */
45 #define CHRTYPE '3' /* character special */
46 #define BLKTYPE '4' /* block special */
47 #define DIRTYPE '5' /* directory */
48 #define FIFOTYPE '6' /* FIFO special */
49 #define CONTTYPE '7' /* reserved */
50
51 /* GNU tar extensions */
52
53 #define GNUTYPE_DUMPDIR 'D' /* file names from dumped directory */
54 #define GNUTYPE_LONGLINK 'K' /* long link name */
55 #define GNUTYPE_LONGNAME 'L' /* long file name */
56 #define GNUTYPE_MULTIVOL 'M' /* continuation of file from another volume */
57 #define GNUTYPE_NAMES 'N' /* file name that does not fit into main hdr */
58 #define GNUTYPE_SPARSE 'S' /* sparse file */
59 #define GNUTYPE_VOLHDR 'V' /* tape/volume header */

```

```

63 /* tar header */
64
65 #define BLOCKSIZE 512
66 #define SHORTNAME_SIZE 100
67
68 struct tar_header
69 {
70     /* byte offset */
71     char name[100]; /* 0 */
72     char mode[8]; /* 100 */
73     char uid[8]; /* 108 */
74     char gid[8]; /* 116 */
75     char size[12]; /* 124 */
76     char mtime[12]; /* 136 */
77     char chksum[8]; /* 148 */
78     char typeflag; /* 156 */
79     char linkname[100]; /* 157 */
80     char magic[6]; /* 257 */
81     char version[2]; /* 263 */
82     char uname[32]; /* 265 */
83     char gname[32]; /* 297 */
84     char devmajor[8]; /* 329 */
85     char devminor[8]; /* 337 */
86     char prefix[155]; /* 345 */
87 };
88
89 union tar_buffer
90 {
91     char buffer[BLOCKSIZE];
92     struct tar_header header;
93 };
94
95 struct attr_item
96 {
97     struct attr_item *next;
98     char *fname;
99     int mode;
100     time_t time;
101 };
102
103 enum { TGZ_EXTRACT, TGZ_LIST, TGZ_INVALID };
104
105 char *TGZfname OF((const char *));
106 void TGZnotfound OF((const char *));
107
108 int getoct OF((char *, int));
109 char *strtime OF((time_t *));
110 int setfiletime OF((char *, time_t));
111 void push_attr OF((struct attr_item **, char *, int, time_t));
112 void restore_attr OF((struct attr_item **));
113
114 int ExprMatch OF((char *, char *));
115
116 int makedir OF((char *));
117 int matchname OF((int, int, char **, char *));
118
119 void error OF((const char *));
120 int tar OF((gzFile, int, int, int, char **));
121
122 void help OF((int));
123 int main OF((int, char **));
124
125 char *prog;

```

```

127 const char *TGZsuffix[] = { "\0", ".tar", ".tar.gz", ".taz", ".tgz", NULL };
129 /* return the file name of the TGZ archive */
130 /* or NULL if it does not exist */
132 char *TGZfname (const char *arcname)
133 {
134     static char buffer[1024];
135     int origlen,i;
137     strcpy(buffer,arcname);
138     origlen = strlen(buffer);
140     for (i=0; TGZsuffix[i]; i++)
141     {
142         strcpy(buffer+origlen,TGZsuffix[i]);
143         if (access(buffer,F_OK) == 0)
144             return buffer;
145     }
146     return NULL;
147 }
150 /* error message for the filename */
152 void TGZnotfound (const char *arcname)
153 {
154     int i;
156     fprintf(stderr,"%s: Couldn't find ",prog);
157     for (i=0;TGZsuffix[i];i++)
158         fprintf(stderr,(TGZsuffix[i+1]) ? "%s%s, " : "or %s%s\n",
159                 arcname,
160                 TGZsuffix[i]);
161     exit(1);
162 }
165 /* convert octal digits to int */
166 /* on error return -1 */
168 int getoct (char *p,int width)
169 {
170     int result = 0;
171     char c;
173     while (width--)
174     {
175         c = *p++;
176         if (c == 0)
177             break;
178         if (c == ' ')
179             continue;
180         if (c < '0' || c > '7')
181             return -1;
182         result = result * 8 + (c - '0');
183     }
184     return result;
185 }
188 /* convert time_t to string */
189 /* use the "YYYY/MM/DD hh:mm:ss" format */
191 char *strtime (time_t *t)
192 {

```

```

193 struct tm *local;
194 static char result[32];
196 local = localtime(t);
197 sprintf(result,"%4d/%02d/%02d %02d:%02d:%02d",
198         local->tm_year+1900, local->tm_mon+1, local->tm_mday,
199         local->tm_hour, local->tm_min, local->tm_sec);
200 return result;
201 }
204 /* set file time */
206 int setfiletime (char *fname,time_t ftime)
207 {
208     #ifdef WIN32
209     static int isWinNT = -1;
210     SYSTEMTIME st;
211     FILETIME loctm, modft;
212     struct tm *loctm;
213     HANDLE hFile;
214     int result;
216     loctm = localtime(&ftime);
217     if (loctm == NULL)
218         return -1;
220     st.wYear = (WORD)loctm->tm_year + 1900;
221     st.wMonth = (WORD)loctm->tm_mon + 1;
222     st.wDayOfWeek = (WORD)loctm->tm_wday;
223     st.wDay = (WORD)loctm->tm_mday;
224     st.wHour = (WORD)loctm->tm_hour;
225     st.wMinute = (WORD)loctm->tm_min;
226     st.wSecond = (WORD)loctm->tm_sec;
227     st.wMilliseconds = 0;
228     if (!SystemTimeToFileTime(&st, &loctm) ||
229         !LocalFileTimeToFileTime(&loctm, &modft))
230         return -1;
232     if (isWinNT < 0)
233         isWinNT = (GetVersion() < 0x80000000) ? 1 : 0;
234     hFile = CreateFile(fname, GENERIC_WRITE, 0, NULL, OPEN_EXISTING,
235                       (isWinNT ? FILE_FLAG_BACKUP_SEMANTICS : 0),
236                       NULL);
237     if (hFile == INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE)
238         return -1;
239     result = SetFileTime(hFile, NULL, NULL, &modft) ? 0 : -1;
240     CloseHandle(hFile);
241     return result;
242     #else
243     struct utimbuf settime;
245     settime.actime = settime.modtime = ftime;
246     return utime(fname,&settime);
247     #endif
248 }
251 /* push file attributes */
253 void push_attr(struct attr_item **list,char *fname,int mode,time_t time)
254 {
255     struct attr_item *item;
257     item = (struct attr_item *)malloc(sizeof(struct attr_item));
258     if (item == NULL)

```

```

259     error("Out of memory");
260     item->fname = strdup(fname);
261     item->mode = mode;
262     item->time = time;
263     item->next = *list;
264     *list = item;
265 }

268 /* restore file attributes */

270 void restore_attr(struct attr_item **list)
271 {
272     struct attr_item *item, *prev;

274     for (item = *list; item != NULL; )
275     {
276         setfiletime(item->fname,item->time);
277         chmod(item->fname,item->mode);
278         prev = item;
279         item = item->next;
280         free(prev);
281     }
282     *list = NULL;
283 }

286 /* match regular expression */

288 #define ISSPECIAL(c) (((c) == '*') || ((c) == '/'))

290 int ExprMatch (char *string,char *expr)
291 {
292     while (1)
293     {
294         if (ISSPECIAL(*expr))
295         {
296             if (*expr == '/')
297             {
298                 if (*string != '\\' && *string != '/')
299                     return 0;
300                 string ++; expr++;
301             }
302             else if (*expr == '*')
303             {
304                 if (*expr ++ == 0)
305                     return 1;
306                 while (**string != *expr)
307                     if (*string == 0)
308                         return 0;
309             }
310         }
311         else
312         {
313             if (*string != *expr)
314                 return 0;
315             if (*expr++ == 0)
316                 return 1;
317             string++;
318         }
319     }
320 }

323 /* recursive mkdir */
324 /* abort on ENOENT; ignore other errors like "directory already exists" */

```

```

325 /* return 1 if OK */
326 /*      0 on error */

328 int mkdir (char *newdir)
329 {
330     char *buffer = strdup(newdir);
331     char *p;
332     int len = strlen(buffer);

334     if (len <= 0) {
335         free(buffer);
336         return 0;
337     }
338     if (buffer[len-1] == '/') {
339         buffer[len-1] = '\0';
340     }
341     if (mkdir(buffer, 0755) == 0)
342     {
343         free(buffer);
344         return 1;
345     }

347     p = buffer+1;
348     while (1)
349     {
350         char hold;

352         while(*p && *p != '\\' && *p != '/')
353             p++;
354         hold = *p;
355         *p = 0;
356         if ((mkdir(buffer, 0755) == -1) && (errno == ENOENT))
357         {
358             fprintf(stderr,"%s: Couldn't create directory %s\n",prog,buffer);
359             free(buffer);
360             return 0;
361         }
362         if (hold == 0)
363             break;
364         *p++ = hold;
365     }
366     free(buffer);
367     return 1;
368 }

371 int matchname (int argc,int argc,char **argv,char *fname)
372 {
373     if (arg == argc) /* no arguments given (untgz tgzarchive) */
374         return 1;

376     while (arg < argc)
377         if (ExprMatch(fname,argv[arg++]))
378             return 1;

380     return 0; /* ignore this for the moment being */
381 }

384 /* tar file list or extract */

386 int tar (gzFile in,int action,int arg,int argc,char **argv)
387 {
388     union tar_buffer buffer;
389     int len;
390     int err;

```

```

391 int    getheader = 1;
392 int    remaining = 0;
393 FILE   *outfile = NULL;
394 char   fname[BLOCKSIZE];
395 int    tarmode;
396 time_t tartime;
397 struct attr_item *attributes = NULL;

399 if (action == TGZ_LIST)
400     printf("  date      time      size      file\n")
401     "-----"
402 while (1)
403     {
404     len = gzread(in, &buffer, BLOCKSIZE);
405     if (len < 0)
406         error(gzerror(in, &err));
407     /*
408     * Always expect complete blocks to process
409     * the tar information.
410     */
411     if (len != BLOCKSIZE)
412     {
413         action = TGZ_INVALID; /* force error exit */
414         remaining = 0; /* force I/O cleanup */
415     }

417     /*
418     * If we have to get a tar header
419     */
420     if (getheader >= 1)
421     {
422         /*
423         * if we met the end of the tar
424         * or the end-of-tar block,
425         * we are done
426         */
427         if (len == 0 || buffer.header.name[0] == 0)
428             break;

430         tarmode = getoct(buffer.header.mode,8);
431         tartime = (time_t)getoct(buffer.header.mtime,12);
432         if (tarmode == -1 || tartime == (time_t)-1)
433         {
434             buffer.header.name[0] = 0;
435             action = TGZ_INVALID;
436         }

438         if (getheader == 1)
439         {
440             strncpy(fname,buffer.header.name,SHORTNAMESIZE);
441             if (fname[SHORTNAMESIZE-1] != 0)
442                 fname[SHORTNAMESIZE] = 0;
443         }
444         else
445         {
446             /*
447             * The file name is longer than SHORTNAMESIZE
448             */
449             if (strncmp(fname,buffer.header.name,SHORTNAMESIZE-1) != 0)
450                 error("bad long name");
451             getheader = 1;
452         }

454         /*
455         * Act according to the type flag
456         */

```

```

457     switch (buffer.header.typeflag)
458     {
459     case DIRTYPE:
460         if (action == TGZ_LIST)
461             printf(" %s <dir> %s\n",strtime(&starttime),fname);
462         if (action == TGZ_EXTRACT)
463         {
464             mkdir(fname);
465             push_attr(&attributes,fname,tarmode,tartime);
466         }
467         break;
468     case REGTYPE:
469     case AREGTYPE:
470         remaining = getoct(buffer.header.size,12);
471         if (remaining == -1)
472         {
473             action = TGZ_INVALID;
474             break;
475         }
476         if (action == TGZ_LIST)
477             printf(" %s %9d %s\n",strtime(&starttime),remaining,fname);
478         else if (action == TGZ_EXTRACT)
479         {
480             if (matchname(arg,argc,argv,fname))
481             {
482                 outfile = fopen(fname,"wb");
483                 if (outfile == NULL) {
484                     /* try creating directory */
485                     char *p = strrchr(fname, '/');
486                     if (p != NULL) {
487                         *p = '\0';
488                         mkdir(fname);
489                         *p = '/';
490                         outfile = fopen(fname,"wb");
491                     }
492                 }
493                 if (outfile != NULL)
494                     printf("Extracting %s\n",fname);
495                 else
496                     fprintf(stderr, "%s: Couldn't create %s",prog,fname);
497             }
498             else
499                 outfile = NULL;
500         }
501         getheader = 0;
502         break;
503     case GNUTYPE_LONGLINK:
504     case GNUTYPE_LONGNAME:
505         remaining = getoct(buffer.header.size,12);
506         if (remaining < 0 || remaining >= BLOCKSIZE)
507         {
508             action = TGZ_INVALID;
509             break;
510         }
511         len = gzread(in, fname, BLOCKSIZE);
512         if (len < 0)
513             error(gzerror(in, &err));
514         if (fname[BLOCKSIZE-1] != 0 || (int)strlen(fname) > remaining)
515         {
516             action = TGZ_INVALID;
517             break;
518         }
519         getheader = 2;
520         break;
521     default:
522         if (action == TGZ_LIST)

```

```

523     printf(" %s <---> %s\n",strtime(&tartime),fname);
524     break;
525 }
526 }
527 else
528 {
529     unsigned int bytes = (remaining > BLOCKSIZE) ? BLOCKSIZE : remaining;

531     if (outfile != NULL)
532     {
533         if (fwrite(&buffer,sizeof(char),bytes,outfile) != bytes)
534         {
535             fprintf(stderr,
536                 "%s: Error writing %s -- skipping\n",prog,fname);
537             fclose(outfile);
538             outfile = NULL;
539             remove(fname);
540         }
541     }
542     remaining -= bytes;
543 }

545 if (remaining == 0)
546 {
547     getheader = 1;
548     if (outfile != NULL)
549     {
550         fclose(outfile);
551         outfile = NULL;
552         if (action != TGZ_INVALID)
553             push_attr(&attributes,fname,tarmode,tartime);
554     }
555 }

557 /*
558  * Abandon if errors are found
559  */
560 if (action == TGZ_INVALID)
561 {
562     error("broken archive");
563     break;
564 }
565 }

567 /*
568  * Restore file modes and time stamps
569  */
570 restore_attr(&attributes);

572 if (gzclose(in) != Z_OK)
573     error("failed gzclose");

575 return 0;
576 }

579 /* ===== */

581 void help(int exitval)
582 {
583     printf("untgz version 0.2.1\n"
584         "  using zlib version %s\n\n",
585         zlibVersion());
586     printf("Usage: untgz file.tgz          extract all files\n"
587         "      untgz file.tgz fname ...  extract selected files\n"
588         "      untgz -l file.tgz         list archive contents\n"

```

```

589     "      untgz -h                    display this help\n");
590     exit(exitval);
591 }

593 void error(const char *msg)
594 {
595     fprintf(stderr, "%s: %s\n", prog, msg);
596     exit(1);
597 }

600 /* ===== */

602 #if defined(WIN32) && defined(__GNUC__)
603 int _CRT_glob = 0; /* disable argument globbing in MinGW */
604 #endif

606 int main(int argc,char **argv)
607 {
608     int action = TGZ_EXTRACT;
609     int arg = 1;
610     char *TGZfile;
611     gzFile *f;

613     prog = strrchr(argv[0],'\');
614     if (prog == NULL)
615     {
616         prog = strrchr(argv[0],'/');
617         if (prog == NULL)
618         {
619             prog = strrchr(argv[0],':');
620             if (prog == NULL)
621                 prog = argv[0];
622             else
623                 prog++;
624         }
625     }
626     else
627         prog++;
628     else
629         prog++;

631     if (argc == 1)
632         help(0);

634     if (strcmp(argv[arg],"-l") == 0)
635     {
636         action = TGZ_LIST;
637         if (argc == ++arg)
638             help(0);
639     }
640     else if (strcmp(argv[arg],"-h") == 0)
641     {
642         help(0);
643     }

645     if ((TGZfile = TGZfname(argv[arg])) == NULL)
646         TGZnotfound(argv[arg]);

648     ++arg;
649     if ((action == TGZ_LIST) && (arg != argc))
650         help(1);

652 /*
653  * Process the TGZ file
654  */

```

```
655     switch(action)
656     {
657     case TGZ_LIST:
658     case TGZ_EXTRACT:
659         f = gzopen(TGZfile,"rb");
660         if (f == NULL)
661         {
662             fprintf(stderr,"%s: Couldn't gzopen %s\n",prog,TGZfile);
663             return 1;
664         }
665         exit(tar(f, action, arg, argc, argv));
666     break;
667
668     default:
669         error("Unknown option");
670         exit(1);
671     }
672
673     return 0;
674 }
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/readme.txt

1

2512 Wed Apr 1 15:57:17 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/readme.txt

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 Building instructions for the DLL versions of Zlib 1.2.8

2 =====

3

4 This directory contains projects that build zlib and minizip using

5 Microsoft Visual C++ 9.0/10.0.

6

7 You don't need to build these projects yourself. You can download the

8 binaries from:

9 <http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll>

10

11 More information can be found at this site.

12

13

14

15

16

17 Build instructions for Visual Studio 2008 (32 bits or 64 bits)

18 -----

19 - Uncompress current zlib, including all contrib/* files

20 - Compile assembly code (with Visual Studio Command Prompt) by running:

21 `bld_ml64.bat` (in `contrib\masmx64`)

22 `bld_ml32.bat` (in `contrib\masmx86`)

23 - Open `contrib\vstudio\vc9\zlibvc.sln` with Microsoft Visual C++ 2008

24 - Or run: `vcbuild /rebuild contrib\vstudio\vc9\zlibvc.sln "Release|Win32"`

25

26 Build instructions for Visual Studio 2010 (32 bits or 64 bits)

27 -----

28 - Uncompress current zlib, including all contrib/* files

29 - Open `contrib\vstudio\vc10\zlibvc.sln` with Microsoft Visual C++ 2010

30

31 Build instructions for Visual Studio 2012 (32 bits or 64 bits)

32 -----

33 - Uncompress current zlib, including all contrib/* files

34 - Open `contrib\vstudio\vc11\zlibvc.sln` with Microsoft Visual C++ 2012

35

36

37 Important

38 -----

39 - To use `zlibwapi.dll` in your application, you must define the

40 macro `ZLIB_WINAPI` when compiling your application's source files.

41

42

43 Additional notes

44 -----

45 - This DLL, named `zlibwapi.dll`, is compatible to the old `zlib.dll` built

46 by Gilles Vollant from the `zlib 1.1.x` sources, and distributed at

47 <http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll>

48 It uses the `WINAPI` calling convention for the exported functions, and

49 includes the `minizip` functionality. If your application needs that

50 particular build of `zlib.dll`, you can rename `zlibwapi.dll` to `zlib.dll`.

51

52 - The new DLL was renamed because there exist several incompatible

53 versions of `zlib.dll` on the Internet.

54

55 - There is also an official DLL build of `zlib`, named `zlib1.dll`. This one

56 is exporting the functions using the `CDECL` convention. See the file

57 `win32\DLL_FAQ.txt` found in this `zlib` distribution.

58

59 - There used to be a `ZLIB_DLL` macro in `zlib 1.1.x`, but now this symbol

60 has a slightly different effect. To avoid compatibility problems, do

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/readme.txt

2

61 not define it here.

62

63

64 Gilles Vollant

65 info@winimage.com

```

*****
18969 Wed Apr 1 15:57:18 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/miniunz.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
21 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
25 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 </ItemGroup>
29 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
30 <ProjectGuid>{C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}</ProjectGuid>
31 <Keyword>Win32Proj</Keyword>
32 </PropertyGroup>
33 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
34 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
35 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
36 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
37 </PropertyGroup>
38 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
39 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
40 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
41 </PropertyGroup>
42 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
43 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
44 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
45 </PropertyGroup>
46 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
47 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
48 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
49 </PropertyGroup>
50 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
51 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
52 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
53 </PropertyGroup>
54 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
55 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
56 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
57 </PropertyGroup>
58 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
59 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
60 </ImportGroup>

```

```

61 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
62 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
63 </ImportGroup>
64 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
65 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
66 </ImportGroup>
67 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
68 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
69 </ImportGroup>
70 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
71 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
72 </ImportGroup>
73 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
74 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
75 </ImportGroup>
76 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
77 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
78 </ImportGroup>
79 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
80 <PropertyGroup>
81 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
82 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\MiniUn
83 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\MiniUn
84 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">t
85 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">
86 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Mini
87 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Mini
88 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
89 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'
90 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\MiniUnzi
91 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\MiniUnzi
92 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">tru
93 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">fa
94 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Min
95 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Min
96 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
97 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
98 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\MiniUn
99 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\MiniUn
100 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">f
101 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">
102 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\M
103 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\M
104 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium
105 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itaniu
106 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
107 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itaniu
108 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
109 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
110 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
111 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
112 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'"
113 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" /
114 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
115 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
116 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
117 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
118 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
119 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
120 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
121 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64
122 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
123 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
124 </PropertyGroup>
125 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
126 <ClCompile>

```

```

127 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
128 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
129 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32; CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
130 <MinimalRebuild>>true</MinimalRebuild>
131 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
132 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebug</RuntimeLibrary>
133 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
134 <PrecompiledHeader>
135 </PrecompiledHeader>
136 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
137 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
138 <DebugInformationFormat>EditAndContinue</DebugInformationFormat>
139 </ClCompile>
140 <Link>
141 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDependen
142 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
143 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
144 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
145 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
146 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
147 <DataExecutionPrevention>
148 </DataExecutionPrevention>
149 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
150 </Link>
151 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
152 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
153 <ClCompile>
154 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
155 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
156 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
157 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
158 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32; CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
159 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
160 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
161 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
162 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
163 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
164 <PrecompiledHeader>
165 </PrecompiledHeader>
166 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
167 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
168 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
169 </ClCompile>
170 <Link>
171 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDepend
172 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
173 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
174 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
175 <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
176 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
177 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
178 <DataExecutionPrevention>
179 </DataExecutionPrevention>
180 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
181 </Link>
182 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
183 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
184 <Midl>
185 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
186 </Midl>
187 <ClCompile>
188 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
189 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
190 <PreprocessorDefinitions>CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
191 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
192 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>

```

```

193 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
194 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
195 <PrecompiledHeader>
196 </PrecompiledHeader>
197 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
198 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
199 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
200 </ClCompile>
201 <Link>
202 <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDependen
203 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
204 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
205 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
206 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
207 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
208 </Link>
209 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
210 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
211 <Midl>
212 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
213 </Midl>
214 <ClCompile>
215 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
216 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
217 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
218 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
219 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
220 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
221 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
222 <PrecompiledHeader>
223 </PrecompiledHeader>
224 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
225 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
226 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
227 </ClCompile>
228 <Link>
229 <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDepende
230 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
231 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
232 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
233 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
234 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
235 </Link>
236 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
237 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
238 <Midl>
239 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
240 </Midl>
241 <ClCompile>
242 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
243 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
244 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
245 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
246 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
247 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
248 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
249 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
250 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
251 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
252 <PrecompiledHeader>
253 </PrecompiledHeader>
254 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
255 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
256 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
257 </ClCompile>
258 <Link>

```

```
259     <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepend
260     <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
261     <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
262     <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
263     <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
264     <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
265     <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
266     </Link>
267 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
268 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
269     <Midl>
270     <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
271     </Midl>
272     <ClCompile>
273     <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
274     <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
275     <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
276     <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
277     <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
278     <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
279     <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
280     <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
281     <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
282     <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
283     <PrecompiledHeader>
284     </PrecompiledHeader>
285     <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
286     <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
287     <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
288     </ClCompile>
289     <Link>
290     <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepen
291     <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
292     <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
293     <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
294     <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
295     <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
296     <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
297     </Link>
298 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
299 <ItemGroup>
300     <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\miniunz.c" />
301 </ItemGroup>
302 <ItemGroup>
303     <ProjectReference Include="zlibvc.vcxproj">
304     <Project>{8fd826f8-3739-44e6-8cc8-997122e53b8d}</Project>
305     </ProjectReference>
306 </ItemGroup>
307 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
308 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
309 </ImportGroup>
310 </Project>
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/miniunz.vcxproj.filters 1

921 Wed Apr 1 15:57:18 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/miniunz.vcxproj.filters

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/developer/msbuild
3 <ItemGroup>
4 <Filter Include="Source Files">
5 <UniqueIdentifier>{048af943-022b-4db6-beeb-a54c34774ee2}</UniqueIdentifier>
6 <Extensions>cpp;c;cxx;def;odl;idl;hpj;bat;asm</Extensions>
7 </Filter>
8 <Filter Include="Header Files">
9 <UniqueIdentifier>{c1d600d2-888f-4aea-b73e-8b0dd9befa0c}</UniqueIdentifier>
10 <Extensions>h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;inc</Extensions>
11 </Filter>
12 <Filter Include="Resource Files">
13 <UniqueIdentifier>{0844199a-966b-4f19-81db-1e0125e141b9}</UniqueIdentifier>
14 <Extensions>rc;ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;rgs;gif;jpg;jpeg;jpe</Extension
15 </Filter>
16 </ItemGroup>
17 <ItemGroup>
18 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\miniunz.c">
19 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
20 </ClCompile>
21 </ItemGroup>
22 </Project>
```

```

*****
18549 Wed Apr 1 15:57:18 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/minizip.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
21 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
25 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 </ItemGroup>
29 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
30 <ProjectGuid>{48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}</ProjectGuid>
31 <Keyword>Win32Proj</Keyword>
32 </PropertyGroup>
33 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
34 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
35 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
36 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
37 </PropertyGroup>
38 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
39 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
40 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
41 </PropertyGroup>
42 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
43 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
44 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
45 </PropertyGroup>
46 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
47 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
48 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
49 </PropertyGroup>
50 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
51 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
52 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
53 </PropertyGroup>
54 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
55 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
56 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
57 </PropertyGroup>
58 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
59 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
60 </ImportGroup>

```

```

61 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
62 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
63 </ImportGroup>
64 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
65 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
66 </ImportGroup>
67 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
68 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
69 </ImportGroup>
70 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
71 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
72 </ImportGroup>
73 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
74 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
75 </ImportGroup>
76 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
77 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
78 </ImportGroup>
79 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
80 <PropertyGroup>
81 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
82 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\MiniZi
83 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\MiniZi
84 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">t
85 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">
86 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Mini
87 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Mini
88 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
89 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\$(Config
90 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\$(Config
91 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">tru
92 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">fa
93 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\$(C
94 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\$(C
95 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
96 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'
97 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\$(Conf
98 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\$(Conf
99 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">f
100 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\
101 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\
102 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium
103 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
104 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
105 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
106 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
107 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
108 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
109 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'"
110 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" /
111 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
112 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
113 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
114 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
115 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
116 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
117 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
118 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64
119 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
120 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
121 </PropertyGroup>
122 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
123 <ClCompile>
124 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
125 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
126 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE

```

```

127 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
128 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
129 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebug</RuntimeLibrary>
130 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
131 <PrecompiledHeader>
132 </PrecompiledHeader>
133 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
134 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
135 <DebugInformationFormat>EditAndContinue</DebugInformationFormat>
136 </ClCompile>
137 <Link>
138 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDependen
139 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
140 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
141 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)minizip.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
142 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
143 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
144 <DataExecutionPrevention>
145 </DataExecutionPrevention>
146 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
147 </Link>
148 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
149 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
150 <ClCompile>
151 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
152 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
153 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
154 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
155 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
156 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
157 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
158 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
159 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
160 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
161 <PrecompiledHeader>
162 </PrecompiledHeader>
163 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
164 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
165 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
166 </ClCompile>
167 <Link>
168 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepend
169 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
170 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
171 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
172 <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
173 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
174 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
175 <DataExecutionPrevention>
176 </DataExecutionPrevention>
177 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
178 </Link>
179 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
180 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
181 <Midl>
182 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
183 </Midl>
184 <ClCompile>
185 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
186 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
187 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
188 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
189 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
190 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
191 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
192 <PrecompiledHeader>

```

```

193 </PrecompiledHeader>
194 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
195 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
196 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
197 </ClCompile>
198 <Link>
199 <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDependen
200 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
201 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
202 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)minizip.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
203 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
204 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
205 </Link>
206 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
207 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
208 <Midl>
209 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
210 </Midl>
211 <ClCompile>
212 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
213 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
214 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
215 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
216 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
217 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
218 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
219 <PrecompiledHeader>
220 </PrecompiledHeader>
221 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
222 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
223 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
224 </ClCompile>
225 <Link>
226 <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepende
227 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
228 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
229 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)minizip.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
230 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
231 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
232 </Link>
233 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
234 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
235 <Midl>
236 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
237 </Midl>
238 <ClCompile>
239 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
240 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
241 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
242 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
243 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
244 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
245 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
246 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
247 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
248 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
249 <PrecompiledHeader>
250 </PrecompiledHeader>
251 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
252 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
253 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
254 </ClCompile>
255 <Link>
256 <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepend
257 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
258 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>

```

```
259     <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
260     <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
261     <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
262     <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
263 </Link>
264 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
265 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
266 <Midl>
267     <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
268 </Midl>
269 <ClCompile>
270     <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
271     <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
272     <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
273     <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
274     <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
275     <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
276     <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
277     <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
278     <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
279     <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
280     <PrecompiledHeader>
281 </PrecompiledHeader>
282     <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
283     <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
284     <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
285 </ClCompile>
286 <Link>
287     <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepen
288     <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
289     <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
290     <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
291     <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
292     <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
293     <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
294 </Link>
295 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
296 <ItemGroup>
297     <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\minizip.c" />
298 </ItemGroup>
299 <ItemGroup>
300     <ProjectReference Include="zlibvc.vcxproj">
301     <Project>{8fd826f8-3739-44e6-8cc8-997122e53b8d}</Project>
302 </ProjectReference>
303 </ItemGroup>
304 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
305 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
306 </ImportGroup>
307 </Project>
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/minizip.vcxproj.filters 1

921 Wed Apr 1 15:57:18 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/minizip.vcxproj.filters

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/developer/msbuild
3 <ItemGroup>
4 <Filter Include="Source Files">
5 <UniqueIdentifier>{c0419b40-bf50-40da-b153-ff74215b79de}</UniqueIdentifier
6 <Extensions>cpp;c;cxx;def;odl;idl;hpj;bat;asm</Extensions>
7 </Filter>
8 <Filter Include="Header Files">
9 <UniqueIdentifier>{bb87b070-735b-478e-92ce-7383abb2f36c}</UniqueIdentifier
10 <Extensions>h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;inc</Extensions>
11 </Filter>
12 <Filter Include="Resource Files">
13 <UniqueIdentifier>{f46ab6a6-548f-43cb-ae96-681abb5bd5db}</UniqueIdentifier
14 <Extensions>rc;ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;rgs;gif;jpg;jpeg;jpe</Extension
15 </Filter>
16 </ItemGroup>
17 <ItemGroup>
18 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\minizip.c">
19 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
20 </ClCompile>
21 </ItemGroup>
22 </Project>
```

```

*****
27312 Wed Apr 1 15:57:18 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/testzlib.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32">
21 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64">
25 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
29 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
30 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
31 </ProjectConfiguration>
32 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
33 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
34 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
35 </ProjectConfiguration>
36 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
37 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
38 <Platform>x64</Platform>
39 </ProjectConfiguration>
40 </ItemGroup>
41 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
42 <ProjectGuid>{AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}</ProjectGuid>
43 <RootNamespace>testzlib</RootNamespace>
44 <Keyword>Win32Proj</Keyword>
45 </PropertyGroup>
46 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
47 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
48 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
49 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
50 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
51 </PropertyGroup>
52 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|W
53 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
54 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
55 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
56 </PropertyGroup>
57 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
58 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
59 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
60 </PropertyGroup>

```

```

61 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
62 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
63 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
64 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
65 </PropertyGroup>
66 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|I
67 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
68 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
69 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
70 </PropertyGroup>
71 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
72 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
73 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
74 </PropertyGroup>
75 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
76 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
77 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
78 </PropertyGroup>
79 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x
80 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
81 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
82 </PropertyGroup>
83 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
84 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
85 </PropertyGroup>
86 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
87 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
88 </ImportGroup>
89 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
90 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
91 </ImportGroup>
92 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win
93 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
94 </ImportGroup>
95 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
96 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
97 </ImportGroup>
98 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
99 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
100 </ImportGroup>
101 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Ita
102 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
103 </ImportGroup>
104 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
105 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
106 </ImportGroup>
107 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
108 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
109 </ImportGroup>
110 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64
111 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
112 </ImportGroup>
113 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
114 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
115 </ImportGroup>
116 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
117 <PropertyGroup>
118 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
119 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\TestZl
120 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\TestZl
121 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">t
122 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">
123 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
124 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
125 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutA
126 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithout

```

```

127 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Test
128 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Test
129 <LinkIncremental Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
130 <GenerateManifest Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
131 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\TestZlib
132 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\TestZlib
133 <GenerateManifest Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">fa
134 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Test
135 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Test
136 <LinkIncremental Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
137 <GenerateManifest Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
138 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
139 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
140 <GenerateManifest Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithout
141 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
142 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
143 <LinkIncremental Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutA
144 <GenerateManifest Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithout
145 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\TestZl
146 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\TestZl
147 <GenerateManifest Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">
148 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\T
149 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\T
150 <LinkIncremental Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium
151 <GenerateManifest Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Itaniu
152 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
153 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
154 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debu
155 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
156 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
157 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debu
158 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
159 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" /
160 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debu
161 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
162 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
163 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Rele
164 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
165 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
166 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Rele
167 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
168 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
169 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Rele
170 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
171 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
172 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Rele
173 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Win
174 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
175 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Rele
176 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|x64
177 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
178 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Rele
179 </PropertyGroup>
180 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
181 <ClCompile>
182 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
183 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
184 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_DEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CR
185 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
186 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
187 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebug</RuntimeLibrary>
188 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
189 <PrecompiledHeader>
190 </PrecompiledHeader>
191 <AssemblerOutput>AssemblyAndSourceCode</AssemblerOutput>
192 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>

```

```

193 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
194 <DebugInformationFormat>EditAndContinue</DebugInformationFormat>
195 </ClCompile>
196 <Link>
197 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\masmx86\inffas32.
198 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
199 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
200 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
201 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
202 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
203 <DataExecutionPrevention>
204 </DataExecutionPrevention>
205 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
206 </Link>
207 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
208 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
209 <ClCompile>
210 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
211 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
212 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
213 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
214 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO
215 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
216 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
217 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
218 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
219 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
220 <PrecompiledHeader>
221 </PrecompiledHeader>
222 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
223 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
224 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
225 </ClCompile>
226 <Link>
227 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
228 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
229 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
230 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
231 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
232 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
233 <DataExecutionPrevention>
234 </DataExecutionPrevention>
235 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
236 </Link>
237 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
238 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="$(Configuration) |(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
239 <ClCompile>
240 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
241 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
242 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
243 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
244 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CR
245 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
246 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
247 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
248 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
249 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
250 <PrecompiledHeader>
251 </PrecompiledHeader>
252 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
253 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
254 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
255 </ClCompile>
256 <Link>
257 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\masmx86\inffas32.
258 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>

```

```

259 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
260 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
261 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
262 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
263 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
264 <DataExecutionPrevention>
265 </DataExecutionPrevention>
266 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
267 </Link>
268 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
269 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
270 <ClCompile>
271 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
272 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;DEBUG;CONSOLE;CR
273 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
274 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
275 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
276 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
277 </ClCompile>
278 <Link>
279 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx64\gvmnt64.obj;..\..\masmx64\inffasx64.
280 </Link>
281 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
282 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
283 <Midl>
284 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
285 </Midl>
286 <ClCompile>
287 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
288 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
289 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;DEBUG;CONSOLE;CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRE
290 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
291 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
292 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
293 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
294 <PrecompiledHeader>
295 </PrecompiledHeader>
296 <AssemblerOutput>AssemblyAndSourceCode</AssemblerOutput>
297 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
298 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
299 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
300 </ClCompile>
301 <Link>
302 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
303 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
304 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
305 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
306 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
307 </Link>
308 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
309 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
310 <ClCompile>
311 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
312 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;CONSOLE;CRT_NONSTDC_NO
313 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
314 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
315 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
316 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
317 </ClCompile>
318 <Link>
319 <AdditionalDependencies>% (AdditionalDependencies)</AdditionalDependencies>
320 </Link>
321 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
322 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
323 <Midl>
324 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>

```

```

325 </Midl>
326 <ClCompile>
327 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
328 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
329 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
330 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
331 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;CONSOLE;CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRE
332 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
333 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
334 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
335 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
336 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
337 <PrecompiledHeader>
338 </PrecompiledHeader>
339 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
340 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
341 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
342 </ClCompile>
343 <Link>
344 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
345 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
346 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
347 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
348 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
349 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
350 </Link>
351 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
352 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
353 <ClCompile>
354 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
355 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;CONSOLE;CR
356 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
357 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
358 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
359 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
360 </ClCompile>
361 <Link>
362 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx64\gvmnt64.obj;..\..\masmx64\inffasx64.
363 </Link>
364 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
365 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
366 <Midl>
367 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
368 </Midl>
369 <ClCompile>
370 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
371 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
372 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
373 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
374 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;CONSOLE;CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRE
375 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
376 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
377 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
378 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
379 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
380 <PrecompiledHeader>
381 </PrecompiledHeader>
382 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
383 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
384 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
385 </ClCompile>
386 <Link>
387 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
388 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
389 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
390 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>

```

```
391 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
392 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
393 </Link>
394 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
395 <ItemGroup>
396 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\adler32.c" />
397 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\compress.c" />
398 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\crc32.c" />
399 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\deflate.c" />
400 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffback.c" />
401 <ClCompile Include="..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c">
402 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
403 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
404 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
405 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
406 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
407 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'=='Release|Win
408 </ClCompile>
409 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffast.c" />
410 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inflate.c" />
411 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inftrees.c" />
412 <ClCompile Include="..\..\testzlib\testzlib.c" />
413 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\trees.c" />
414 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\uncompr.c" />
415 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\zutil.c" />
416 </ItemGroup>
417 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
418 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
419 </ImportGroup>
420 </Project>
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/testzlib.vcxproj.filters 1

2139 Wed Apr 1 15:57:18 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/testzlib.vcxproj.filters

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/developer/msbuild
3 <ItemGroup>
4 <Filter Include="Source Files">
5 <UniqueIdentifier>{c1f6a2e3-5da5-4955-8653-310d3efe05a9}</UniqueIdentifier>
6 <Extensions>cpp;c;cxx;def;odl;idl;hpj;bat;asm</Extensions>
7 </Filter>
8 <Filter Include="Header Files">
9 <UniqueIdentifier>{c2aaffdc-2c95-4d6f-8466-4bec5890af2c}</UniqueIdentifier>
10 <Extensions>h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;inc</Extensions>
11 </Filter>
12 <Filter Include="Resource Files">
13 <UniqueIdentifier>{c274fe07-05f2-461c-964b-f6341e4e7eb5}</UniqueIdentifier>
14 <Extensions>rc;ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;rgs;gif;jpg;jpeg;jpe</Extension
15 </Filter>
16 </ItemGroup>
17 <ItemGroup>
18 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\adler32.c">
19 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
20 </ClCompile>
21 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\compress.c">
22 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
23 </ClCompile>
24 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\crc32.c">
25 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
26 </ClCompile>
27 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\deflate.c">
28 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
29 </ClCompile>
30 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\infback.c">
31 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
32 </ClCompile>
33 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c">
34 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
35 </ClCompile>
36 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffast.c">
37 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
38 </ClCompile>
39 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inflate.c">
40 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
41 </ClCompile>
42 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inftrees.c">
43 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
44 </ClCompile>
45 <ClCompile Include="..\..\testzlib\testzlib.c">
46 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
47 </ClCompile>
48 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\trees.c">
49 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
50 </ClCompile>
51 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\uncompr.c">
52 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
53 </ClCompile>
54 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\zutil.c">
55 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
56 </ClCompile>
57 </ItemGroup>
58 </Project>
```

```

*****
19022 Wed Apr 1 15:57:18 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/testzlibdll.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
21 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
25 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 </ItemGroup>
29 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
30 <ProjectGuid>{C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}</ProjectGuid>
31 <Keyword>Win32Proj</Keyword>
32 </PropertyGroup>
33 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
34 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
35 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
36 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
37 </PropertyGroup>
38 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
39 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
40 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
41 </PropertyGroup>
42 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium' " L
43 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
44 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
45 </PropertyGroup>
46 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
47 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
48 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
49 </PropertyGroup>
50 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
51 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
52 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
53 </PropertyGroup>
54 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
55 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
56 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
57 </PropertyGroup>
58 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
59 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
60 </ImportGroup>

```

```

61 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
62 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
63 </ImportGroup>
64 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
65 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
66 </ImportGroup>
67 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
68 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
69 </ImportGroup>
70 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
71 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
72 </ImportGroup>
73 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
74 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
75 </ImportGroup>
76 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
77 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
78 </ImportGroup>
79 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
80 <PropertyGroup>
81 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
82 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\TestZl
83 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\TestZl
84 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">t
85 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">
86 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Test
87 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Test
88 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
89 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'
90 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\TestZlib
91 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\TestZlib
92 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">tru
93 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">fa
94 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Tes
95 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Tes
96 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
97 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'
98 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\TestZl
99 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\TestZl
100 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">f
101 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">
102 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\T
103 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\T
104 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium
105 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itaniu
106 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
107 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
108 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
109 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
110 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
111 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
112 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'"
113 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" /
114 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
115 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
116 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
117 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
118 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
119 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
120 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
121 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64
122 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
123 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
124 </PropertyGroup>
125 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
126 <ClCompile>

```

```

127 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
128 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
129 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32; CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
130 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
131 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
132 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebug</RuntimeLibrary>
133 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
134 <PrecompiledHeader>
135 </PrecompiledHeader>
136 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
137 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
138 <DebugInformationFormat>EditAndContinue</DebugInformationFormat>
139 </ClCompile>
140 <Link>
141 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDependen
142 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
143 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
144 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
145 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
146 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
147 <DataExecutionPrevention>
148 </DataExecutionPrevention>
149 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
150 </Link>
151 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
152 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
153 <ClCompile>
154 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
155 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
156 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
157 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
158 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32; CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
159 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
160 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
161 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
162 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
163 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
164 <PrecompiledHeader>
165 </PrecompiledHeader>
166 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
167 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
168 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
169 </ClCompile>
170 <Link>
171 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDepend
172 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
173 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
174 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
175 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
176 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
177 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
178 <DataExecutionPrevention>
179 </DataExecutionPrevention>
180 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
181 </Link>
182 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
183 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
184 <Midl>
185 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
186 </Midl>
187 <ClCompile>
188 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
189 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
190 <PreprocessorDefinitions>CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
191 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
192 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>

```

```

193 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
194 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
195 <PrecompiledHeader>
196 </PrecompiledHeader>
197 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
198 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
199 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
200 </ClCompile>
201 <Link>
202 <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDependen
203 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
204 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
205 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
206 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
207 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
208 </Link>
209 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
210 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
211 <Midl>
212 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
213 </Midl>
214 <ClCompile>
215 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
216 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
217 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
218 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
219 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
220 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
221 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
222 <PrecompiledHeader>
223 </PrecompiledHeader>
224 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
225 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
226 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
227 </ClCompile>
228 <Link>
229 <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDepende
230 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
231 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
232 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
233 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
234 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
235 </Link>
236 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
237 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">
238 <Midl>
239 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
240 </Midl>
241 <ClCompile>
242 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
243 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
244 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
245 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
246 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED; CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
247 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
248 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
249 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
250 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
251 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
252 <PrecompiledHeader>
253 </PrecompiledHeader>
254 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
255 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
256 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
257 </ClCompile>
258 <Link>

```



```
259 <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepend
260 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
261 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
262 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
263 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
264 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
265 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
266 </Link>
267 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
268 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
269 <Midl>
270 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
271 </Midl>
272 <ClCompile>
273 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
274 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
275 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
276 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
277 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
278 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
279 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
280 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
281 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
282 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
283 <PrecompiledHeader>
284 </PrecompiledHeader>
285 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
286 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
287 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
288 </ClCompile>
289 <Link>
290 <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepen
291 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
292 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
293 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
294 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
295 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
296 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
297 </Link>
298 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
299 <ItemGroup>
300 <ClCompile Include="..\..\testzlib\testzlib.c" />
301 </ItemGroup>
302 <ItemGroup>
303 <ProjectReference Include="zlibvc.vcxproj">
304 <Project>{8fd826f8-3739-44e6-8cc8-997122e53b8d}</Project>
305 </ProjectReference>
306 </ItemGroup>
307 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
308 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
309 </ImportGroup>
310 </Project>
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/testzlibdll.vcxproj.filters 1

923 Wed Apr 1 15:57:18 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/testzlibdll.vcxproj.filters

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/developer/msbuild
3 <ItemGroup>
4 <Filter Include="Source Files">
5 <UniqueIdentifier>{fa61a89f-93fc-4c89-b29e-36224b7592f4}</UniqueIdentifier
6 <Extensions>cpp;c;cxx;def;odl;idl;hpj;bat;asm</Extensions>
7 </Filter>
8 <Filter Include="Header Files">
9 <UniqueIdentifier>{d4b85da0-2ba2-4934-b57f-e2584e3848ee}</UniqueIdentifier
10 <Extensions>h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;inc</Extensions>
11 </Filter>
12 <Filter Include="Resource Files">
13 <UniqueIdentifier>{e573e075-00bd-4a7d-bd67-a8cc9bfc5aca}</UniqueIdentifier
14 <Extensions>rc;ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;rgs;gif;jpg;jpeg;jpe</Extension
15 </Filter>
16 </ItemGroup>
17 <ItemGroup>
18 <ClCompile Include="..\..\testzlib\testzlib.c">
19 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
20 </ClCompile>
21 </ItemGroup>
22 </Project>
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/zlib.rc

1

948 Wed Apr 1 15:57:19 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/zlib.rc

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #include <windows.h>
2
3 #define IDR_VERSION1 1
4 IDR_VERSION1 VERSIONINFO MOVEABLE IMPURE LOADONCALL DISCARDABLE
5 FILEVERSION 1,2,8,0
6 PRODUCTVERSION 1,2,8,0
7 FILEFLAGSMASK VS_FFI_FILEFLAGSMASK
8 FILEFLAGS 0
9 FILEOS VOS_DOS_WINDOWS32
10 FILETYPE VFT_DLL
11 FILESUBTYPE 0 // not used
12 BEGIN
13 BLOCK "StringFileInfo"
14 BEGIN
15 BLOCK "040904E4"
16 //language ID = U.S. English, char set = Windows, Multilingual
17
18 BEGIN
19 VALUE "FileDescription", "zlib data compression and ZIP file I/O library\0"
20 VALUE "FileVersion", "1.2.8\0"
21 VALUE "InternalName", "zlib\0"
22 VALUE "OriginalFilename", "zlibwapi.dll\0"
23 VALUE "ProductName", "ZLib.DLL\0"
24 VALUE "Comments", "DLL support by Alessandro Iacopetti & Gilles Vollant\0"
25 VALUE "LegalCopyright", "(C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly & Mark Adler\0"
26 END
27 END
28 BLOCK "VarFileInfo"
29 BEGIN
30 VALUE "Translation", 0x0409, 1252
31 END
32 END
```

```

*****
28012 Wed Apr 1 15:57:19 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/zlibstat.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32">
21 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64">
25 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
29 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
30 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
31 </ProjectConfiguration>
32 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
33 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
34 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
35 </ProjectConfiguration>
36 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
37 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
38 <Platform>x64</Platform>
39 </ProjectConfiguration>
40 </ItemGroup>
41 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
42 <ProjectGuid>{745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}</ProjectGuid>
43 </PropertyGroup>
44 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
45 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|W
46 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
47 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
48 </PropertyGroup>
49 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
50 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
51 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
52 </PropertyGroup>
53 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
54 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
55 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
56 </PropertyGroup>
57 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|I
58 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
59 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
60 </PropertyGroup>

```

```

61 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
62 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
63 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
64 </PropertyGroup>
65 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
66 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
67 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
68 </PropertyGroup>
69 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x
70 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
71 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
72 </PropertyGroup>
73 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
74 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
75 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
76 </PropertyGroup>
77 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
78 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
79 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
80 </PropertyGroup>
81 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
82 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
83 </ImportGroup>
84 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win
85 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
86 </ImportGroup>
87 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
88 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
89 </ImportGroup>
90 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
91 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
92 </ImportGroup>
93 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Ita
94 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
95 </ImportGroup>
96 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
97 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
98 </ImportGroup>
99 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
100 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
101 </ImportGroup>
102 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64
103 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
104 </ImportGroup>
105 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
106 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
107 </ImportGroup>
108 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
109 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
110 </ImportGroup>
111 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
112 <PropertyGroup>
113 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
114 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\ZlibSt
115 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\ZlibSt
116 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Zlib
117 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Zlib
118 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
119 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
120 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\ZlibStat
121 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\ZlibStat
122 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Zli
123 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Zli
124 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\ZlibSt
125 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\ZlibSt
126 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\Z

```

```

127 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\Z
128 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
129 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
130 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
131 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
132 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
133 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
134 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
135 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
136 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
137 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
138 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'"
139 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" /
140 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
141 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
142 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
143 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
144 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
145 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
146 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
147 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
148 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
149 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
150 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
151 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
152 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
153 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
154 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
155 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
156 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64
157 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
158 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
159 </PropertyGroup>
160 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
161 <ClCompile>
162 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
163 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
164 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_
165 <ExceptionHandling>
166 </ExceptionHandling>
167 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebug</RuntimeLibrary>
168 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
169 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutpu
170 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
171 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
172 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
173 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
174 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
175 <DebugInformationFormat>OldStyle</DebugInformationFormat>
176 </ClCompile>
177 <ResourceCompile>
178 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
179 </ResourceCompile>
180 <Lib>
181 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:X86 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Additi
182 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
183 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
184 </Lib>
185 <PreBuildEvent>
186 <Command>cd ..\..\masmx86
187 bld_ml32.bat</Command>
188 </PreBuildEvent>
189 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
190 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
191 <ClCompile>
192 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>

```

```

193 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
194 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_
195 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
196 <ExceptionHandling>
197 </ExceptionHandling>
198 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
199 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
200 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
201 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutpu
202 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
203 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
204 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
205 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
206 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
207 </ClCompile>
208 <ResourceCompile>
209 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
210 </ResourceCompile>
211 <Lib>
212 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:X86 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Additi
213 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\masmx86\inf32.
214 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
215 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
216 </Lib>
217 <PreBuildEvent>
218 <Command>cd ..\..\masmx86
219 bld_ml32.bat</Command>
220 </PreBuildEvent>
221 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
222 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
223 <ClCompile>
224 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
225 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
226 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_
227 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
228 <ExceptionHandling>
229 </ExceptionHandling>
230 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
231 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
232 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
233 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutpu
234 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
235 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
236 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
237 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
238 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
239 </ClCompile>
240 <ResourceCompile>
241 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
242 </ResourceCompile>
243 <Lib>
244 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:X86 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Additi
245 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
246 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
247 </Lib>
248 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
249 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
250 <Midl>
251 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
252 </Midl>
253 <ClCompile>
254 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
255 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
256 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE
257 <ExceptionHandling>
258 </ExceptionHandling>

```

```

259 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
260 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
261 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>
262 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
263 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
264 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
265 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
266 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
267 <DebugInformationFormat>OldStyle</DebugInformationFormat>
268 </ClCompile>
269 <ResourceCompile>
270 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
271 </ResourceCompile>
272 <Lib>
273 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:AMD64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
274 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
275 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
276 </Lib>
277 <PreBuildEvent>
278 <Command>cd ..\..\masm64
279 bld_ml64.bat</Command>
280 </PreBuildEvent>
281 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
282 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'>
283 <Midl>
284 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
285 </Midl>
286 <ClCompile>
287 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
288 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\masm64\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</AdditionalIncludeDirectories>
289 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE</PreprocessorDefinitions>
290 <ExceptionHandling>
291 </ExceptionHandling>
292 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
293 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
294 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>
295 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
296 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
297 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
298 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
299 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
300 <DebugInformationFormat>OldStyle</DebugInformationFormat>
301 </ClCompile>
302 <ResourceCompile>
303 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
304 </ResourceCompile>
305 <Lib>
306 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:IA64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
307 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
308 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
309 </Lib>
310 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
311 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'>
312 <Midl>
313 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
314 </Midl>
315 <ClCompile>
316 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
317 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\masm64\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</AdditionalIncludeDirectories>
318 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE</PreprocessorDefinitions>
319 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
320 <ExceptionHandling>
321 </ExceptionHandling>
322 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
323 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
324 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>

```

```

325 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>
326 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
327 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
328 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
329 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
330 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
331 </ClCompile>
332 <ResourceCompile>
333 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
334 </ResourceCompile>
335 <Lib>
336 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:AMD64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
337 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masm64\gvm64.obj;..\..\masm64\inffas64.obj</AdditionalDependencies>
338 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
339 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
340 </Lib>
341 <PreBuildEvent>
342 <Command>cd ..\..\masm64
343 bld_ml64.bat</Command>
344 </PreBuildEvent>
345 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
346 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'>
347 <Midl>
348 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
349 </Midl>
350 <ClCompile>
351 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
352 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\masm64\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</AdditionalIncludeDirectories>
353 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE</PreprocessorDefinitions>
354 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
355 <ExceptionHandling>
356 </ExceptionHandling>
357 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
358 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
359 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
360 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>
361 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
362 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
363 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
364 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
365 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
366 </ClCompile>
367 <ResourceCompile>
368 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
369 </ResourceCompile>
370 <Lib>
371 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:IA64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
372 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
373 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
374 </Lib>
375 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
376 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutDebug|x64'>
377 <Midl>
378 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
379 </Midl>
380 <ClCompile>
381 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
382 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\masm64\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</AdditionalIncludeDirectories>
383 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE</PreprocessorDefinitions>
384 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
385 <ExceptionHandling>
386 </ExceptionHandling>
387 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
388 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
389 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
390 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>

```

```

391 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)\AssemblerListingLocation>
392 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)\ObjectFileName>
393 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName>
394 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
395 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
396 </ClCompile>
397 <ResourceCompile>
398 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
399 </ResourceCompile>
400 <Lib>
401 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:AMD64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Addi
402 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
403 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
404 </Lib>
405 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
406 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
407 <Midl>
408 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
409 </Midl>
410 <ClCompile>
411 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
412 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
413 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE
414 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
415 <ExceptionHandling>
416 </ExceptionHandling>
417 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
418 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
419 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
420 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutpu
421 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)\AssemblerListingLocation>
422 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)\ObjectFileName>
423 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName>
424 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
425 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
426 </ClCompile>
427 <ResourceCompile>
428 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
429 </ResourceCompile>
430 <Lib>
431 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:IA64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Addit
432 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
433 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
434 </Lib>
435 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
436 <ItemGroup>
437 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\adler32.c" />
438 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\compress.c" />
439 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\crc32.c" />
440 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\deflate.c" />
441 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzclose.c" />
442 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzlib.c" />
443 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzread.c" />
444 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzwrite.c" />
445 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffback.c" />
446 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c">
447 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
448 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
449 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
450 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
451 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
452 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
453 </ClCompile>
454 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffast.c" />
455 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inflate.c" />
456 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inftrees.c" />

```

```

457 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\ioapi.c" />
458 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\trees.c" />
459 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\uncompr.c" />
460 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\unzip.c" />
461 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\zip.c" />
462 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\zutil.c" />
463 </ItemGroup>
464 <ItemGroup>
465 <ResourceCompile Include="zlib.rc" />
466 </ItemGroup>
467 <ItemGroup>
468 <None Include="zlibvc.def" />
469 </ItemGroup>
470 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
471 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
472 </ImportGroup>
473 </Project>

```

```

*****
2514 Wed Apr 1 15:57:19 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/zlibstat.vcxproj.filters
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/developer/msbuild
3 <ItemGroup>
4 <Filter Include="Source Files">
5 <UniqueIdentifier>{174213f6-7f66-4ae8-a3a8-ale0ale6ffdd}</UniqueIdentifier
6 </Filter>
7 </ItemGroup>
8 <ItemGroup>
9 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\adler32.c">
10 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
11 </ClCompile>
12 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\compress.c">
13 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
14 </ClCompile>
15 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\crc32.c">
16 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
17 </ClCompile>
18 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\deflate.c">
19 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
20 </ClCompile>
21 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzclose.c">
22 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
23 </ClCompile>
24 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzlib.c">
25 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
26 </ClCompile>
27 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzread.c">
28 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
29 </ClCompile>
30 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzwrite.c">
31 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
32 </ClCompile>
33 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffback.c">
34 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
35 </ClCompile>
36 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c">
37 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
38 </ClCompile>
39 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffast.c">
40 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
41 </ClCompile>
42 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inflate.c">
43 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
44 </ClCompile>
45 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inftrees.c">
46 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
47 </ClCompile>
48 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\ioapi.c">
49 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
50 </ClCompile>
51 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\trees.c">
52 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
53 </ClCompile>
54 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\uncompr.c">
55 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
56 </ClCompile>
57 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\unzip.c">
58 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
59 </ClCompile>
60 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\zip.c">

```

```

61 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
62 </ClCompile>
63 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\zutil.c">
64 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
65 </ClCompile>
66 </ItemGroup>
67 <ItemGroup>
68 <ResourceCompile Include="zlib.rc">
69 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
70 </ResourceCompile>
71 </ItemGroup>
72 <ItemGroup>
73 <None Include="zlibvc.def">
74 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
75 </None>
76 </ItemGroup>
77 </Project>

```



```

*****
6756 Wed Apr 1 15:57:19 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/zlibvc.def
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 LIBRARY
2 ; zlib data compression and ZIP file I/O library
3
4 VERSION          1.2.8
5
6 EXPORTS
7     adler32                @1
8     compress                @2
9     crc32                   @3
10    deflate                  @4
11    deflateCopy              @5
12    deflateEnd               @6
13    deflateInit2_           @7
14    deflateInit_             @8
15    deflateParams            @9
16    deflateReset             @10
17    deflateSetDictionary     @11
18    gzclose                  @12
19    gzdopen                  @13
20    gzerror                  @14
21    gzflush                  @15
22    gzopen                   @16
23    gzread                   @17
24    gzwrite                  @18
25    inflate                  @19
26    inflateEnd               @20
27    inflateInit2_           @21
28    inflateInit_             @22
29    inflateReset             @23
30    inflateSetDictionary     @24
31    inflateSync              @25
32    uncompress               @26
33    zlibVersion              @27
34    gzprintf                 @28
35    gzputc                   @29
36    gzgetc                   @30
37    gzseek                   @31
38    gzrewind                 @32
39    gztell                   @33
40    gzeof                    @34
41    gzsetparams              @35
42    zError                   @36
43    inflateSyncPoint         @37
44    get_crc_table            @38
45    compress2                 @39
46    gzputs                   @40
47    gzgets                   @41
48    inflateCopy              @42
49    inflateBackInit_         @43
50    inflateBack               @44
51    inflateBackEnd           @45
52    compressBound            @46
53    deflateBound             @47
54    gzclearerr               @48
55    gzungetc                 @49
56    zlibCompileFlags         @50
57    deflatePrime              @51
58    deflatePending           @52
59
60    unzOpen                   @61

```

```

61    unzClose                  @62
62    unzGetGlobalInfo         @63
63    unzGetCurrentFileInfo    @64
64    unzGoToFirstFile         @65
65    unzGoToNextFile          @66
66    unzOpenCurrentFile       @67
67    unzReadCurrentFile       @68
68    unzOpenCurrentFile3      @69
69    unzTell                   @70
70    unzEOF                    @71
71    unzCloseCurrentFile      @72
72    unzGetGlobalComment      @73
73    unzStringFileNameCompare @74
74    unzLocateFile            @75
75    unzGetLocalExtrafield    @76
76    unzOpen2                  @77
77    unzOpenCurrentFile2      @78
78    unzOpenCurrentFilePassword @79
79
80    zipOpen                   @80
81    zipOpenNewFileInZip       @81
82    zipWriteInFileInZip       @82
83    zipCloseFileInZip         @83
84    zipClose                   @84
85    zipOpenNewFileInZip2      @86
86    zipCloseFileInZipRaw      @87
87    zipOpen2                   @88
88    zipOpenNewFileInZip3      @89
89
90    unzGetFilePos             @100
91    unzGoToFilePos           @101
92
93    fill_win32_filefunc       @110
94
95 ; zlibwapi v1.2.4 added:
96    fill_win32_filefunc64     @111
97    fill_win32_filefunc64A    @112
98    fill_win32_filefunc64W    @113
99
100   unzOpen64                  @120
101   unzOpen2_64                @121
102   unzGetGlobalInfo64         @122
103   unzGetCurrentFileInfo64    @124
104   unzGetCurrentFileZStreamPos64 @125
105   unzTell64                  @126
106   unzGetFilePos64            @127
107   unzGoToFilePos64           @128
108
109   zipOpen64                   @130
110   zipOpen2_64                 @131
111   zipOpenNewFileInZip64       @132
112   zipOpenNewFileInZip2_64     @133
113   zipOpenNewFileInZip3_64     @134
114   zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64     @135
115   zipCloseFileInZipRaw64      @136
116
117 ; zlib1 v1.2.4 added:
118   adler32_combine             @140
119   crc32_combine               @142
120   deflateSetHeader            @144
121   deflateTune                  @145
122   gzbuffer                     @146
123   gzclose_r                   @147
124   gzclose_w                   @148
125   gzdirect                     @149
126   gzoffset                     @150

```

```
127     inflateGetHeader      @156
128     inflateMark          @157
129     inflatePrime         @158
130     inflateReset2       @159
131     inflateUndermine     @160
132
133 ; zlib1 v1.2.6 added:
134     gzgetc_              @161
135     inflateResetKeep     @163
136     deflateResetKeep    @164
137
138 ; zlib1 v1.2.7 added:
139     gzopen_w            @165
140
141 ; zlib1 v1.2.8 added:
142     inflateGetDictionary @166
143     gzvprintf           @167
```

```

*****
10153 Wed Apr 1 15:57:20 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/zlibvc.sln
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 i>?
2 Microsoft Visual Studio Solution File, Format Version 11.00
3 # Visual Studio 2010
4 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "zlibvc", "zlibvc.vcxproj",
5 EndProject
6 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "zlibstat", "zlibstat.vcxproj"
7 EndProject
8 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "testzlib", "testzlib.vcxproj"
9 EndProject
10 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "testzlibdll", "testzlibdll.
11 EndProject
12 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "minizip", "minizip.vcxproj"
13 EndProject
14 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "miniunz", "miniunz.vcxproj"
15 EndProject
16 Global
17     GlobalSection(SolutionConfigurationPlatforms) = preSolution
18         Debug|Itanium = Debug|Itanium
19         Debug|Win32 = Debug|Win32
20         Debug|x64 = Debug|x64
21         Release|Itanium = Release|Itanium
22         Release|Win32 = Release|Win32
23         Release|x64 = Release|x64
24         ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium = ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
25         ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32 = ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32
26         ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64 = ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64
27     EndGlobalSection
28     GlobalSection(ProjectConfigurationPlatforms) = postSolution
29         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
30         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
31         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
32         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
33         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
34         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
35         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
36         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
37         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
38         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
39         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
40         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
41         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
42         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
43         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
44         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.B
45         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
46         {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
47         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
48         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
49         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
50         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
51         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
52         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
53         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
54         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
55         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
56         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
57         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
58         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
59         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
60         {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium

```

```

61 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
62 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.B
63 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
64 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
65 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
66 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
67 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
68 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
69 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
70 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
71 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
72 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
73 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
74 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
75 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
76 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
77 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
78 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
79 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
80 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.B
81 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
82 {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
83 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
84 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
85 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
86 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
87 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
88 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
89 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
90 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
91 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
92 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
93 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
94 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
95 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
96 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
97 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
98 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
99 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
100 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
101 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
102 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
103 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
104 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
105 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
106 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
107 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
108 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
109 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
110 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
111 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
112 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
113 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
114 {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
115 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
116 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
117 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
118 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
119 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
120 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
121 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
122 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
123 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
124 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
125 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
126 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel

```

```
127     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
128     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
129     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
130     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
131     EndGlobalSection
132     GlobalSection(SolutionProperties) = preSolution
133         HideSolutionNode = FALSE
134     EndGlobalSection
135 EndGlobal
```

```

*****
40243 Wed Apr 1 15:57:20 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/zlibvc.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32">
21 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64">
25 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
29 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
30 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
31 </ProjectConfiguration>
32 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
33 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
34 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
35 </ProjectConfiguration>
36 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
37 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
38 <Platform>x64</Platform>
39 </ProjectConfiguration>
40 </ItemGroup>
41 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
42 <ProjectGuid>{8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}</ProjectGuid>
43 </PropertyGroup>
44 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
45 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
46 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
47 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
48 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
49 </PropertyGroup>
50 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|W
51 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
52 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
53 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
54 </PropertyGroup>
55 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
56 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
57 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
58 </PropertyGroup>
59 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium' " L
60 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>

```

```

61 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
62 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
63 </PropertyGroup>
64 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|I
65 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
66 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
67 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
68 </PropertyGroup>
69 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
70 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
71 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
72 </PropertyGroup>
73 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
74 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
75 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
76 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
77 </PropertyGroup>
78 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x
79 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
80 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
81 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
82 </PropertyGroup>
83 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
84 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
85 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
86 </PropertyGroup>
87 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
88 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
89 </ImportGroup>
90 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
91 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
92 </ImportGroup>
93 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win
94 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
95 </ImportGroup>
96 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
97 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
98 </ImportGroup>
99 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
100 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
101 </ImportGroup>
102 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Ita
103 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
104 </ImportGroup>
105 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
106 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
107 </ImportGroup>
108 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
109 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
110 </ImportGroup>
111 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64
112 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
113 </ImportGroup>
114 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
115 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
116 </ImportGroup>
117 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
118 </PropertyGroup>
119 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
120 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\ZlibDl
121 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\ZlibDl
122 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">t
123 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">
124 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
125 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
126 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutA

```

```

127 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithout
128 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Zlib
129 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Zlib
130 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
131 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
132 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\ZlibDll$
133 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\ZlibDll$
134 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">tru
135 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">fa
136 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Zli
137 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Zli
138 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
139 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
140 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
141 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
142 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutA
143 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithout
144 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
145 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
146 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutA
147 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithout
148 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\ZlibDl
149 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\ZlibDl
150 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">f
151 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">
152 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\Z
153 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\Z
154 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium
155 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itaniu
156 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
157 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
158 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
159 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
160 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
161 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
162 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64"
163 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64" /
164 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
165 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
166 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
167 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
168 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
169 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
170 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
171 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
172 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
173 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
174 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
175 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
176 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
177 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
178 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
179 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
180 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64
181 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
182 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
183 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">zlibwa
184 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Wi
185 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">zlib
186 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">zlibwapi
187 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x6
188 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">zlibwa
189 </PropertyGroup>
190 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
191 <Midl>
192 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe

```

```

193 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
194 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
195 <TargetEnvironment>Win32</TargetEnvironment>
196 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
197 </Midl>
198 <ClCompile>
199 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
200 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
201 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
202 <ExceptionHandler>
203 </ExceptionHandler>
204 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebug</RuntimeLibrary>
205 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
206 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
207 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
208 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
209 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
210 <BrowseInformation>
211 </BrowseInformation>
212 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
213 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
214 <DebugInformationFormat>EditAndContinue</DebugInformationFormat>
215 </ClCompile>
216 <ResourceCompile>
217 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
218 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
219 </ResourceCompile>
220 <Link>
221 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:I386 %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
222 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\masmx86\inffas32.
223 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
224 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
225 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
226 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
227 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
228 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
229 <DataExecutionPrevention>
230 </DataExecutionPrevention>
231 </Link>
232 <PreBuildEvent>
233 <Command>cd ..\..\masmx86
234 bld_ml32.bat</Command>
235 </PreBuildEvent>
236 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
237 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
238 <Midl>
239 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
240 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
241 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
242 <TargetEnvironment>Win32</TargetEnvironment>
243 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
244 </Midl>
245 <ClCompile>
246 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
247 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
248 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
249 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
250 <ExceptionHandler>
251 </ExceptionHandler>
252 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
253 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
254 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
255 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
256 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
257 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
258 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>

```

```

259 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName>
260 <BrowseInformation>
261 </BrowseInformation>
262 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
263 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
264 </ClCompile>
265 <ResourceCompile>
266 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
267 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
268 </ResourceCompile>
269 <Link>
270 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:I386 %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
271 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
272 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
273 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
274 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
275 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
276 <RandomizedBaseAddress>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
277 <DataExecutionPrevention>
278 </DataExecutionPrevention>
279 </Link>
280 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
281 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
282 <Midl>
283 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
284 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
285 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
286 <TargetEnvironment>Win32</TargetEnvironment>
287 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)\zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
288 </Midl>
289 <ClCompile>
290 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
291 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
292 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
293 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
294 <ExceptionHandler>
295 </ExceptionHandler>
296 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
297 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
298 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
299 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)\zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
300 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
301 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)\AssemblerListingLocation>
302 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)\ObjectFileName>
303 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName>
304 <BrowseInformation>
305 </BrowseInformation>
306 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
307 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
308 </ClCompile>
309 <ResourceCompile>
310 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
311 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
312 </ResourceCompile>
313 <Link>
314 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:I386 %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
315 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\masmx86\inffas32.
316 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
317 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
318 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
319 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
320 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
321 <RandomizedBaseAddress>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
322 <DataExecutionPrevention>
323 </DataExecutionPrevention>
324 </Link>

```

```

325 <PreBuildEvent>
326 <Command>cd ..\..\masmx86
327 bld_ml32.bat</Command>
328 </PreBuildEvent>
329 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
330 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'>
331 <Midl>
332 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
333 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
334 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
335 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
336 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)\zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
337 </Midl>
338 <ClCompile>
339 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
340 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
341 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
342 <ExceptionHandler>
343 </ExceptionHandler>
344 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
345 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
346 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)\zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
347 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)\AssemblerListingLocation>
348 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)\ObjectFileName>
349 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName>
350 <BrowseInformation>
351 </BrowseInformation>
352 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
353 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
354 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
355 </ClCompile>
356 <ResourceCompile>
357 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
358 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
359 </ResourceCompile>
360 <Link>
361 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.obj;..\..\masmx64\inffasx64.
362 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
363 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
364 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
365 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
366 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
367 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
368 </Link>
369 <PreBuildEvent>
370 <Command>cd ..\..\masmx64
371 bld_ml64.bat</Command>
372 </PreBuildEvent>
373 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
374 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
375 <Midl>
376 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
377 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
378 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
379 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
380 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)\zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
381 </Midl>
382 <ClCompile>
383 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
384 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
385 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
386 <ExceptionHandler>
387 </ExceptionHandler>
388 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
389 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
390 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)\zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF

```

```

391 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)\AssemblerListingLocation
392 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)\ObjectFileName
393 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName
394 <BrowseInformation>
395 </BrowseInformation>
396 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
397 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
398 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
399 </ClCompile>
400 <ResourceCompile>
401 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
402 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
403 </ResourceCompile>
404 <Link>
405 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
406 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
407 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
408 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
409 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
410 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
411 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
412 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
413 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
414 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
415 </Link>
416 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
417 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
418 <Midl>
419 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
420 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
421 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
422 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
423 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
424 </Midl>
425 <ClCompile>
426 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
427 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
428 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
429 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
430 <ExceptionHandling>
431 </ExceptionHandling>
432 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
433 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
434 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
435 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
436 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
437 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)\AssemblerListingLocation
438 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)\ObjectFileName
439 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName
440 <BrowseInformation>
441 </BrowseInformation>
442 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
443 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
444 </ClCompile>
445 <ResourceCompile>
446 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
447 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
448 </ResourceCompile>
449 <Link>
450 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
451 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
452 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
453 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
454 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
455 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
456 </Link>

```

```

457 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
458 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
459 <Midl>
460 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
461 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
462 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
463 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
464 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
465 </Midl>
466 <ClCompile>
467 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
468 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
469 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
470 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
471 <ExceptionHandling>
472 </ExceptionHandling>
473 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
474 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
475 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
476 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
477 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
478 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)\AssemblerListingLocation
479 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)\ObjectFileName
480 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName
481 <BrowseInformation>
482 </BrowseInformation>
483 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
484 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
485 </ClCompile>
486 <ResourceCompile>
487 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
488 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
489 </ResourceCompile>
490 <Link>
491 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
492 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
493 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
494 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
495 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
496 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
497 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
498 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
499 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
500 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
501 </Link>
502 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
503 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64' "
504 <Midl>
505 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
506 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
507 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
508 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
509 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
510 </Midl>
511 <ClCompile>
512 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
513 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
514 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
515 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
516 <ExceptionHandling>
517 </ExceptionHandling>
518 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
519 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
520 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
521 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
522 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>

```



```

523 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)\AssemblerListingLocation
524 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)\ObjectFileName
525 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName
526 <BrowseInformation>
527 </BrowseInformation>
528 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
529 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
530 </ClCompile>
531 <ResourceCompile>
532 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
533 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
534 </ResourceCompile>
535 <Link>
536 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.obj;..\..\masmx64\inffasx64.
537 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
538 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
539 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
540 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
541 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
542 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
543 </Link>
544 <PreBuildEvent>
545 <Command>cd ..\..\masmx64
546 bld_ml64.bat</Command>
547 </PreBuildEvent>
548 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
549 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
550 <Midl>
551 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
552 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
553 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
554 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
555 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
556 </Midl>
557 <ClCompile>
558 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
559 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
560 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
561 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
562 <ExceptionHandling>
563 </ExceptionHandling>
564 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
565 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
566 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
567 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
568 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
569 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)\AssemblerListingLocation
570 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)\ObjectFileName
571 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)\ProgramDataBaseFileName
572 <BrowseInformation>
573 </BrowseInformation>
574 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
575 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
576 </ClCompile>
577 <ResourceCompile>
578 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
579 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
580 </ResourceCompile>
581 <Link>
582 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
583 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
584 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
585 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
586 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
587 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
588 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>

```

```

589 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
590 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
591 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
592 </Link>
593 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
594 <ItemGroup>
595 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\adler32.c" />
596 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\compress.c" />
597 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\crc32.c" />
598 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\deflate.c" />
599 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzclose.c" />
600 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzlib.c" />
601 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzread.c" />
602 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzwrite.c" />
603 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffback.c" />
604 <ClCompile Include="..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c">
605 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
606 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
607 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
608 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
609 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
610 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
611 </ClCompile>
612 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffast.c" />
613 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inflate.c" />
614 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inftrees.c" />
615 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\ioapi.c" />
616 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\iowin32.c" />
617 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\trees.c" />
618 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\uncompr.c" />
619 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\unzip.c">
620 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='
621 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea
622 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='
623 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea
624 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='
625 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea
626 </ClCompile>
627 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\zip.c">
628 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='
629 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea
630 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='
631 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea
632 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='
633 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea
634 </ClCompile>
635 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\zutil.c" />
636 </ItemGroup>
637 <ItemGroup>
638 <ResourceCompile Include="zlib.rc" />
639 </ItemGroup>
640 <ItemGroup>
641 <None Include="zlibvc.def" />
642 </ItemGroup>
643 <ItemGroup>
644 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\deflate.h" />
645 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\inffblock.h" />
646 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\inffcodes.h" />
647 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\inffast.h" />
648 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\inftrees.h" />
649 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\infutil.h" />
650 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\zconf.h" />
651 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\zlib.h" />
652 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\zutil.h" />
653 </ItemGroup>
654 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/zlibvc.vcxproj

11

```
655 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">  
656 </ImportGroup>  
657 </Project>
```

```

*****
4039 Wed Apr 1 15:57:20 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc10/zlibvc.vcxproj.filters
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/developer/msbuild
3 <ItemGroup>
4 <Filter Include="Source Files">
5 <UniqueIdentifier>{07934a85-8b61-443d-a0ee-b2eedb74f3cd}</UniqueIdentifier>
6 <Extensions>cpp;c;cxx;rc;def;r;odl;hpj;bat;for;f90</Extensions>
7 </Filter>
8 <Filter Include="Header Files">
9 <UniqueIdentifier>{1d99675b-433d-4a21-9e50-ed4ab8b19762}</UniqueIdentifier>
10 <Extensions>h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;fi;fd</Extensions>
11 </Filter>
12 <Filter Include="Resource Files">
13 <UniqueIdentifier>{431c0958-fa71-44d0-9084-2d19d100c0cc}</UniqueIdentifier>
14 <Extensions>ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;cnt;rtf;gif;jpg;jpeg;jpe</Extensio
15 </Filter>
16 </ItemGroup>
17 <ItemGroup>
18 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\adler32.c">
19 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
20 </ClCompile>
21 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\compress.c">
22 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
23 </ClCompile>
24 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\crc32.c">
25 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
26 </ClCompile>
27 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\deflate.c">
28 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
29 </ClCompile>
30 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzclose.c">
31 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
32 </ClCompile>
33 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzlib.c">
34 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
35 </ClCompile>
36 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzread.c">
37 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
38 </ClCompile>
39 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzwrite.c">
40 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
41 </ClCompile>
42 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffback.c">
43 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
44 </ClCompile>
45 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c">
46 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
47 </ClCompile>
48 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffast.c">
49 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
50 </ClCompile>
51 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inflate.c">
52 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
53 </ClCompile>
54 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inftrees.c">
55 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
56 </ClCompile>
57 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\minizip\ioapi.c">
58 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
59 </ClCompile>
60 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\minizip\iowin32.c">

```

```

61 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
62 </ClCompile>
63 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\trees.c">
64 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
65 </ClCompile>
66 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\uncompr.c">
67 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
68 </ClCompile>
69 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\minizip\unzip.c">
70 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
71 </ClCompile>
72 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\minizip\zip.c">
73 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
74 </ClCompile>
75 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\zutil.c">
76 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
77 </ClCompile>
78 </ItemGroup>
79 <ItemGroup>
80 <ResourceCompile Include="zlib.rc">
81 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
82 </ResourceCompile>
83 </ItemGroup>
84 <ItemGroup>
85 <None Include="zlibvc.def">
86 <Filter>Source Files</Filter>
87 </None>
88 </ItemGroup>
89 <ItemGroup>
90 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\deflate.h">
91 <Filter>Header Files</Filter>
92 </ClInclude>
93 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\infblock.h">
94 <Filter>Header Files</Filter>
95 </ClInclude>
96 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\infcodes.h">
97 <Filter>Header Files</Filter>
98 </ClInclude>
99 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\inffast.h">
100 <Filter>Header Files</Filter>
101 </ClInclude>
102 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\inftrees.h">
103 <Filter>Header Files</Filter>
104 </ClInclude>
105 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\infutil.h">
106 <Filter>Header Files</Filter>
107 </ClInclude>
108 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\zconf.h">
109 <Filter>Header Files</Filter>
110 </ClInclude>
111 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\zlib.h">
112 <Filter>Header Files</Filter>
113 </ClInclude>
114 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\zutil.h">
115 <Filter>Header Files</Filter>
116 </ClInclude>
117 </ItemGroup>
118 </Project>

```

```

*****
19150 Wed Apr 1 15:57:20 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/miniunz.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
21 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
25 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 </ItemGroup>
29 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
30 <ProjectGuid>{C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}</ProjectGuid>
31 <Keyword>Win32Proj</Keyword>
32 </PropertyGroup>
33 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
34 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
35 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
36 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
37 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
38 </PropertyGroup>
39 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
40 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
41 <CharacterSet>Unicode</CharacterSet>
42 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
43 </PropertyGroup>
44 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
45 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
46 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
47 </PropertyGroup>
48 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
49 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
50 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
51 </PropertyGroup>
52 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
53 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
54 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
55 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
56 </PropertyGroup>
57 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
58 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
59 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
60 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>

```

```

61 </PropertyGroup>
62 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
63 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
64 </ImportGroup>
65 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
66 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
67 </ImportGroup>
68 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
69 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
70 </ImportGroup>
71 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
72 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
73 </ImportGroup>
74 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
75 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
76 </ImportGroup>
77 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
78 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
79 </ImportGroup>
80 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
81 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
82 </ImportGroup>
83 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
84 <PropertyGroup>
85 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
86 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\MiniUn
87 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\MiniUn
88 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">t
89 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">
90 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Mini
91 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Mini
92 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
93 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
94 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\MiniUnzi
95 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\MiniUnzi
96 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">tru
97 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">fa
98 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Min
99 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Min
100 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
101 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'
102 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\MiniUn
103 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\MiniUn
104 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">f
105 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">
106 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\M
107 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\M
108 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itaniu
109 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itaniu
110 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
111 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
112 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
113 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
114 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
115 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
116 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'"
117 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" /
118 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
119 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
120 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
121 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
122 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
123 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
124 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
125 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64
126 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"

```

```

127 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
128 </PropertyGroup>
129 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
130 <ClCompile>
131 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
132 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
133 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
134 <MinimalRebuild>>true</MinimalRebuild>
135 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
136 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
137 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
138 <PrecompiledHeader>
139 </PrecompiledHeader>
140 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
141 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
142 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
143 </ClCompile>
144 <Link>
145 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDependen
146 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
147 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
148 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
149 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
150 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
151 <DataExecutionPrevention>
152 </DataExecutionPrevention>
153 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
154 </Link>
155 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
156 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
157 <ClCompile>
158 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
159 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
160 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
161 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
162 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
163 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
164 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
165 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
166 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
167 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
168 <PrecompiledHeader>
169 </PrecompiledHeader>
170 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
171 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
172 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
173 </ClCompile>
174 <Link>
175 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepend
176 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
177 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
178 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
179 <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
180 <EnableCOMDATFolding>>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
181 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
182 <DataExecutionPrevention>
183 </DataExecutionPrevention>
184 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
185 </Link>
186 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
187 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
188 <Midl>
189 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
190 </Midl>
191 <ClCompile>
192 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>

```

```

193 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
194 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
195 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
196 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
197 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
198 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
199 <PrecompiledHeader>
200 </PrecompiledHeader>
201 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
202 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
203 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
204 </ClCompile>
205 <Link>
206 <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDependen
207 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
208 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
209 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
210 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
211 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
212 </Link>
213 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
214 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
215 <Midl>
216 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
217 </Midl>
218 <ClCompile>
219 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
220 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
221 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
222 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
223 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
224 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
225 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
226 <PrecompiledHeader>
227 </PrecompiledHeader>
228 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
229 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
230 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
231 </ClCompile>
232 <Link>
233 <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepende
234 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
235 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
236 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
237 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
238 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
239 </Link>
240 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
241 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
242 <Midl>
243 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
244 </Midl>
245 <ClCompile>
246 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
247 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
248 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
249 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
250 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
251 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
252 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
253 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
254 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
255 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
256 <PrecompiledHeader>
257 </PrecompiledHeader>
258 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>

```

```
259     <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
260     <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
261 </ClCompile>
262 <Link>
263     <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepend
264     <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
265     <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
266     <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
267     <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
268     <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
269     <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
270 </Link>
271 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
272 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
273 <Midl>
274     <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
275 </Midl>
276 <ClCompile>
277     <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
278     <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
279     <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
280     <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
281     <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
282     <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
283     <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
284     <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
285     <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
286     <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
287     <PrecompiledHeader>
288     </PrecompiledHeader>
289     <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
290     <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
291     <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
292 </ClCompile>
293 <Link>
294     <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepen
295     <OutputFile>$(OutDir)miniunz.exe</OutputFile>
296     <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
297     <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
298     <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
299     <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
300     <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
301 </Link>
302 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
303 <ItemGroup>
304     <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\miniunz.c" />
305 </ItemGroup>
306 <ItemGroup>
307     <ProjectReference Include="zlibvc.vcxproj">
308     <Project>{8fd826f8-3739-44e6-8cc8-997122e53b8d}</Project>
309 </ProjectReference>
310 </ItemGroup>
311 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
312 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
313 </ImportGroup>
314 </Project>
```

```

*****
18730 Wed Apr 1 15:57:20 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/minizip.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
21 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
25 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 </ItemGroup>
29 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
30 <ProjectGuid>{48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}</ProjectGuid>
31 <Keyword>Win32Proj</Keyword>
32 </PropertyGroup>
33 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
34 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
35 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
36 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
37 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
38 </PropertyGroup>
39 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
40 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
41 <CharacterSet>Unicode</CharacterSet>
42 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
43 </PropertyGroup>
44 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
45 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
46 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
47 </PropertyGroup>
48 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
49 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
50 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
51 </PropertyGroup>
52 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
53 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
54 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
55 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
56 </PropertyGroup>
57 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
58 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
59 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
60 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>

```

```

61 </PropertyGroup>
62 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
63 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
64 </ImportGroup>
65 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
66 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
67 </ImportGroup>
68 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
69 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
70 </ImportGroup>
71 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
72 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
73 </ImportGroup>
74 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
75 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
76 </ImportGroup>
77 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
78 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
79 </ImportGroup>
80 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
81 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
82 </ImportGroup>
83 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
84 <PropertyGroup>
85 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
86 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\MiniZi
87 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\MiniZi
88 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">t
89 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">
90 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Mini
91 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Mini
92 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">
93 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\$(Config
94 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\$(Config
95 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">tru
96 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">fa
97 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\$(C
98 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\$(C
99 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
100 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
101 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\$(Conf
102 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\$(Conf
103 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">f
104 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\
105 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\
106 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium
107 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
108 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
109 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
110 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
111 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
112 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
113 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'"
114 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" /
115 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
116 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
117 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
118 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
119 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
120 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
121 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
122 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64
123 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
124 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
125 </PropertyGroup>
126 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"

```

```

127 <ClCompile>
128 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
129 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
130 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
131 <MinimalRebuild>>true</MinimalRebuild>
132 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
133 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
134 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
135 <PrecompiledHeader>
136 </PrecompiledHeader>
137 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
138 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
139 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
140 </ClCompile>
141 <Link>
142 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDependen
143 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
144 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
145 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)minizip.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
146 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
147 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
148 <DataExecutionPrevention>
149 </DataExecutionPrevention>
150 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
151 </Link>
152 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
153 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
154 <ClCompile>
155 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
156 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
157 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
158 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
159 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
160 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
161 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
162 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
163 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
164 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
165 <PrecompiledHeader>
166 </PrecompiledHeader>
167 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
168 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
169 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
170 </ClCompile>
171 <Link>
172 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDepend
173 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
174 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
175 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
176 <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
177 <EnableCOMDATFolding>>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
178 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
179 <DataExecutionPrevention>
180 </DataExecutionPrevention>
181 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
182 </Link>
183 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
184 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'>
185 <Midl>
186 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
187 </Midl>
188 <ClCompile>
189 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
190 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
191 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
192 <MinimalRebuild>>true</MinimalRebuild>

```

```

193 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
194 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
195 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
196 <PrecompiledHeader>
197 </PrecompiledHeader>
198 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
199 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
200 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
201 </ClCompile>
202 <Link>
203 <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDependen
204 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
205 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
206 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)minizip.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
207 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
208 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
209 </Link>
210 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
211 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
212 <Midl>
213 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
214 </Midl>
215 <ClCompile>
216 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
217 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
218 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
219 <MinimalRebuild>>true</MinimalRebuild>
220 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
221 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
222 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
223 <PrecompiledHeader>
224 </PrecompiledHeader>
225 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
226 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
227 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
228 </ClCompile>
229 <Link>
230 <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;% (AdditionalDepende
231 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
232 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
233 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)minizip.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
234 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
235 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
236 </Link>
237 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
238 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'>
239 <Midl>
240 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
241 </Midl>
242 <ClCompile>
243 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
244 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
245 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
246 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
247 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
248 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
249 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
250 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
251 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
252 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
253 <PrecompiledHeader>
254 </PrecompiledHeader>
255 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
256 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
257 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
258 </ClCompile>

```



```
259 <Link>
260 <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepend
261 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
262 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
263 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
264 <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
265 <EnableCOMDATFolding>>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
266 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
267 </Link>
268 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
269 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
270 <Midl>
271 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
272 </Midl>
273 <ClCompile>
274 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
275 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
276 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
277 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
278 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
279 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
280 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
281 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
282 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
283 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
284 <PrecompiledHeader>
285 </PrecompiledHeader>
286 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
287 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
288 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
289 </ClCompile>
290 <Link>
291 <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepen
292 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)minizip.exe</OutputFile>
293 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
294 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
295 <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
296 <EnableCOMDATFolding>>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
297 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
298 </Link>
299 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
300 <ItemGroup>
301 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\minizip.c" />
302 </ItemGroup>
303 <ItemGroup>
304 <ProjectReference Include="zlibvc.vcxproj">
305 <Project>{8fd826f8-3739-44e6-8cc8-997122e53b8d}</Project>
306 </ProjectReference>
307 </ItemGroup>
308 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
309 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
310 </ImportGroup>
311 </Project>
```

```

*****
27583 Wed Apr 1 15:57:20 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/testzlib.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32">
21 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64">
25 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
29 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
30 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
31 </ProjectConfiguration>
32 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
33 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
34 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
35 </ProjectConfiguration>
36 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
37 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
38 <Platform>x64</Platform>
39 </ProjectConfiguration>
40 </ItemGroup>
41 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
42 <ProjectGuid>{AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}</ProjectGuid>
43 <RootNamespace>testzlib</RootNamespace>
44 <Keyword>Win32Proj</Keyword>
45 </PropertyGroup>
46 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
47 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
48 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
49 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
50 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
51 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
52 </PropertyGroup>
53 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|W
54 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
55 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
56 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
57 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
58 </PropertyGroup>
59 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
60 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>

```

```

61 <CharacterSet>Unicode</CharacterSet>
62 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
63 </PropertyGroup>
64 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
65 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
66 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
67 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
68 </PropertyGroup>
69 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|I
70 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
71 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
72 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
73 </PropertyGroup>
74 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
75 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
76 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
77 </PropertyGroup>
78 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
79 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
80 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
81 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
82 </PropertyGroup>
83 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x
84 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
85 <WholeProgramOptimization>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
86 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
87 </PropertyGroup>
88 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
89 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
90 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
91 </PropertyGroup>
92 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
93 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
94 </ImportGroup>
95 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
96 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
97 </ImportGroup>
98 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win
99 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
100 </ImportGroup>
101 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
102 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
103 </ImportGroup>
104 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
105 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
106 </ImportGroup>
107 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Ita
108 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
109 </ImportGroup>
110 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
111 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
112 </ImportGroup>
113 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
114 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
115 </ImportGroup>
116 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64
117 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
118 </ImportGroup>
119 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
120 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
121 </ImportGroup>
122 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
123 <PropertyGroup>
124 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
125 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\TestZl
126 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\TestZl

```

```

127 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">t
128 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">
129 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
130 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
131 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutA
132 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithout
133 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Test
134 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Test
135 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
136 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
137 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\TestZlib
138 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\TestZlib
139 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">fa
140 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Tes
141 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Tes
142 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
143 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'
144 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
145 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
146 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithout
147 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
148 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
149 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutA
150 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithout
151 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\TestZl
152 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\TestZl
153 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">T
154 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\T
155 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\T
156 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium
157 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itaniu
158 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
159 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
160 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
161 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
162 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
163 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
164 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'"
165 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" /
166 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
167 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
168 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWitho
169 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
170 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
171 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWitho
172 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
173 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
174 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWitho
175 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
176 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
177 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
178 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
179 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
180 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
181 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
182 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64
183 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
184 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
185 </PropertyGroup>
186 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
187 <ClCompile>
188 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
189 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
190 <PreprocessorDefinitions>SMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_DEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CR
191 <MinimalRebuild>>true</MinimalRebuild>
192 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>

```

```

193 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
194 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
195 <PrecompiledHeader>
196 </PrecompiledHeader>
197 <AssemblerOutput>AssemblyAndSourceCode</AssemblerOutput>
198 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
199 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
200 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
201 </ClCompile>
202 <Link>
203 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\masmx86\inffas32.
204 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
205 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
206 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
207 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
208 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
209 <DataExecutionPrevention>
210 </DataExecutionPrevention>
211 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
212 </Link>
213 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
214 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
215 <ClCompile>
216 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
217 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
218 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
219 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
220 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO
221 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
222 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
223 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
224 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
225 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
226 <PrecompiledHeader>
227 </PrecompiledHeader>
228 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
229 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
230 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
231 </ClCompile>
232 <Link>
233 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
234 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
235 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
236 <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
237 <EnableCOMDATFolding>>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
238 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
239 <DataExecutionPrevention>
240 </DataExecutionPrevention>
241 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
242 </Link>
243 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
244 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
245 <ClCompile>
246 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
247 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
248 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
249 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\;%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
250 <PreprocessorDefinitions>SMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CR
251 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
252 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
253 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
254 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
255 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
256 <PrecompiledHeader>
257 </PrecompiledHeader>
258 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>

```

```

259 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
260 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
261 </ClCompile>
262 <Link>
263 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\masmx86\inffas32.
264 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
265 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
266 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
267 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
268 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
269 <RandomizedBaseAddress>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
270 <DataExecutionPrevention>
271 </DataExecutionPrevention>
272 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
273 </Link>
274 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
275 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
276 <ClCompile>
277 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
278 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_DEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CR
279 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
280 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
281 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
282 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
283 </ClCompile>
284 <Link>
285 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.obj;..\..\masmx64\inffasx64.
286 </Link>
287 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
288 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
289 <Midl>
290 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
291 </Midl>
292 <ClCompile>
293 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
294 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
295 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_DEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRE
296 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
297 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
298 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
299 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
300 <PrecompiledHeader>
301 </PrecompiledHeader>
302 <AssemblerOutput>AssemblyAndSourceCode</AssemblerOutput>
303 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
304 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
305 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
306 </ClCompile>
307 <Link>
308 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
309 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
310 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
311 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
312 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
313 </Link>
314 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
315 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
316 <ClCompile>
317 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
318 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_NDEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO
319 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
320 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
321 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
322 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
323 </ClCompile>
324 <Link>

```

```

325 <AdditionalDependencies>%(AdditionalDependencies)</AdditionalDependencies>
326 </Link>
327 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
328 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
329 <Midl>
330 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
331 </Midl>
332 <ClCompile>
333 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
334 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
335 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
336 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
337 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_NDEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRE
338 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
339 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
340 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
341 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
342 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
343 <PrecompiledHeader>
344 </PrecompiledHeader>
345 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
346 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
347 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
348 </ClCompile>
349 <Link>
350 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
351 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
352 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
353 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
354 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
355 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
356 </Link>
357 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
358 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
359 <ClCompile>
360 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
361 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_NDEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CR
362 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
363 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
364 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
365 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
366 </ClCompile>
367 <Link>
368 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.obj;..\..\masmx64\inffasx64.
369 </Link>
370 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
371 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
372 <Midl>
373 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
374 </Midl>
375 <ClCompile>
376 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
377 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
378 <OmitFramePointers>true</OmitFramePointers>
379 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\%(AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</Ad
380 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_NDEBUG;_CONSOLE;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRE
381 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
382 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
383 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
384 <BufferSecurityCheck>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
385 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
386 <PrecompiledHeader>
387 </PrecompiledHeader>
388 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
389 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
390 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>

```

```
391 </ClCompile>
392 <Link>
393 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.exe</OutputFile>
394 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
395 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
396 <OptimizeReferences>true</OptimizeReferences>
397 <EnableCOMDATFolding>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
398 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
399 </Link>
400 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
401 <ItemGroup>
402 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\adler32.c" />
403 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\compress.c" />
404 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\crc32.c" />
405 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\deflate.c" />
406 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffback.c" />
407 <ClCompile Include="..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c">
408 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)'=='Debug|Itani' $(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani' />
409 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)'=='Debug|Win32' $(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32' />
410 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)'=='ReleaseWith' $(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith' />
411 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)'=='ReleaseWith' $(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith' />
412 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)'=='Release|Ita' $(Platform)'=='Release|Ita' />
413 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)'=='Release|Win' $(Platform)'=='Release|Win' />
414 </ClCompile>
415 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffast.c" />
416 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inflate.c" />
417 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inftrees.c" />
418 <ClCompile Include="..\..\testzlib\testzlib.c" />
419 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\trees.c" />
420 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\uncompr.c" />
421 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\zutil.c" />
422 </ItemGroup>
423 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
424 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
425 </ImportGroup>
426 </Project>
```

```

*****
19203 Wed Apr 1 15:57:20 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/testzlibdll.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
21 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
25 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 </ItemGroup>
29 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
30 <ProjectGuid>{C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}</ProjectGuid>
31 <Keyword>Win32Proj</Keyword>
32 </PropertyGroup>
33 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
34 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
35 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
36 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
37 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
38 </PropertyGroup>
39 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
40 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
41 <CharacterSet>Unicode</CharacterSet>
42 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
43 </PropertyGroup>
44 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
45 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
46 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
47 </PropertyGroup>
48 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
49 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
50 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
51 </PropertyGroup>
52 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
53 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
54 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
55 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
56 </PropertyGroup>
57 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
58 <ConfigurationType>Application</ConfigurationType>
59 <CharacterSet>MultiByte</CharacterSet>
60 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>

```

```

61 </PropertyGroup>
62 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
63 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
64 </ImportGroup>
65 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
66 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
67 </ImportGroup>
68 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
69 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
70 </ImportGroup>
71 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
72 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
73 </ImportGroup>
74 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
75 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
76 </ImportGroup>
77 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
78 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
79 </ImportGroup>
80 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
81 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
82 </ImportGroup>
83 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
84 <PropertyGroup>
85 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
86 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\TestZl
87 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\TestZl
88 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">t
89 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">
90 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Test
91 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Test
92 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
93 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'"
94 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\TestZlib
95 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">x64\TestZlib
96 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">tru
97 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">fa
98 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Tes
99 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Tes
100 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'"
101 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'
102 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\TestZl
103 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">x64\TestZl
104 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">f
105 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'">
106 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\T
107 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\T
108 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itaniu
109 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itaniu
110 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
111 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
112 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
113 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
114 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
115 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
116 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'"
117 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" /
118 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debu
119 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
120 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
121 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
122 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
123 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
124 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
125 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64
126 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"

```

```

127 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Rele
128 </PropertyGroup>
129 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'"
130 <ClCompile>
131 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
132 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
133 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
134 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
135 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
136 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
137 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
138 <PrecompiledHeader>
139 </PrecompiledHeader>
140 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
141 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
142 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
143 </ClCompile>
144 <Link>
145 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDependen
146 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
147 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
148 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
149 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
150 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
151 <DataExecutionPrevention>
152 </DataExecutionPrevention>
153 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
154 </Link>
155 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
156 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
157 <ClCompile>
158 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
159 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
160 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
161 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
162 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
163 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
164 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
165 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
166 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
167 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
168 <PrecompiledHeader>
169 </PrecompiledHeader>
170 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
171 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
172 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
173 </ClCompile>
174 <Link>
175 <AdditionalDependencies>x86\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepend
176 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
177 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
178 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
179 <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
180 <EnableCOMDATFolding>>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
181 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
182 <DataExecutionPrevention>
183 </DataExecutionPrevention>
184 <TargetMachine>MachineX86</TargetMachine>
185 </Link>
186 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
187 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
188 <Midl>
189 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
190 </Midl>
191 <ClCompile>
192 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>

```

```

193 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
194 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
195 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
196 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
197 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
198 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
199 <PrecompiledHeader>
200 </PrecompiledHeader>
201 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
202 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
203 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
204 </ClCompile>
205 <Link>
206 <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDependen
207 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
208 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
209 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
210 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
211 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
212 </Link>
213 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
214 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium
215 <Midl>
216 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
217 </Midl>
218 <ClCompile>
219 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
220 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
221 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
222 <MinimalRebuild>true</MinimalRebuild>
223 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
224 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
225 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
226 <PrecompiledHeader>
227 </PrecompiledHeader>
228 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
229 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
230 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
231 </ClCompile>
232 <Link>
233 <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepende
234 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
235 <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
236 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)testzlib.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
237 <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
238 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
239 </Link>
240 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
241 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
242 <Midl>
243 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
244 </Midl>
245 <ClCompile>
246 <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
247 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
248 <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
249 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
250 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
251 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
252 <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
253 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
254 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
255 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
256 <PrecompiledHeader>
257 </PrecompiledHeader>
258 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>

```

```
259     <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
260     <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
261 </ClCompile>
262 <Link>
263     <AdditionalDependencies>x64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepend
264     <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
265     <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
266     <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
267     <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
268     <EnableCOMDATFolding>>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
269     <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
270 </Link>
271 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
272 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
273 <Midl>
274     <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
275 </Midl>
276 <ClCompile>
277     <Optimization>MaxSpeed</Optimization>
278     <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
279     <OmitFramePointers>>true</OmitFramePointers>
280     <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\minizip;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
281     <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
282     <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
283     <BasicRuntimeChecks>Default</BasicRuntimeChecks>
284     <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
285     <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
286     <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
287     <PrecompiledHeader>
288     </PrecompiledHeader>
289     <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
290     <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
291     <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
292 </ClCompile>
293 <Link>
294     <AdditionalDependencies>ia64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibwapi.lib;%(AdditionalDepen
295     <OutputFile>$(OutDir)testzlibdll.exe</OutputFile>
296     <GenerateDebugInformation>>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
297     <SubSystem>Console</SubSystem>
298     <OptimizeReferences>>true</OptimizeReferences>
299     <EnableCOMDATFolding>>true</EnableCOMDATFolding>
300     <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
301 </Link>
302 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
303 <ItemGroup>
304     <ClCompile Include="..\..\testzlib\testzlib.c" />
305 </ItemGroup>
306 <ItemGroup>
307     <ProjectReference Include="zlibvc.vcxproj">
308     <Project>{8fd826f8-3739-44e6-8cc8-997122e53b8d}</Project>
309 </ProjectReference>
310 </ItemGroup>
311 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
312 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
313 </ImportGroup>
314 </Project>
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/zlib.rc

1

948 Wed Apr 1 15:57:21 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/zlib.rc

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #include <windows.h>
2
3 #define IDR_VERSION1 1
4 IDR_VERSION1 VERSIONINFO MOVEABLE IMPURE LOADONCALL DISCARDABLE
5 FILEVERSION 1,2,8,0
6 PRODUCTVERSION 1,2,8,0
7 FILEFLAGSMASK VS_FFI_FILEFLAGSMASK
8 FILEFLAGS 0
9 FILEOS VOS_DOS_WINDOWS32
10 FILETYPE VFT_DLL
11 FILESUBTYPE 0 // not used
12 BEGIN
13 BLOCK "StringFileInfo"
14 BEGIN
15 BLOCK "040904E4"
16 //language ID = U.S. English, char set = Windows, Multilingual
17
18 BEGIN
19 VALUE "FileDescription", "zlib data compression and ZIP file I/O library\0"
20 VALUE "FileVersion", "1.2.8\0"
21 VALUE "InternalName", "zlib\0"
22 VALUE "OriginalFilename", "zlibwapi.dll\0"
23 VALUE "ProductName", "ZLib.DLL\0"
24 VALUE "Comments", "DLL support by Alessandro Iacopetti & Gilles Vollant\0"
25 VALUE "LegalCopyright", "(C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly & Mark Adler\0"
26 END
27 END
28 BLOCK "VarFileInfo"
29 BEGIN
30 VALUE "Translation", 0x0409, 1252
31 END
32 END
```

```

*****
27927 Wed Apr 1 15:57:21 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/zlibstat.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32">
21 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64">
25 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
29 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
30 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
31 </ProjectConfiguration>
32 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
33 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
34 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
35 </ProjectConfiguration>
36 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
37 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
38 <Platform>x64</Platform>
39 </ProjectConfiguration>
40 </ItemGroup>
41 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
42 <ProjectGuid>{745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}</ProjectGuid>
43 </PropertyGroup>
44 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
45 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|W
46 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
47 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
48 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
49 </PropertyGroup>
50 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
51 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
52 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
53 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
54 </PropertyGroup>
55 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
56 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
57 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
58 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
59 <CharacterSet>Unicode</CharacterSet>
60 </PropertyGroup>

```

```

61 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|I
62 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
63 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
64 </PropertyGroup>
65 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
66 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
67 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
68 </PropertyGroup>
69 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
70 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
71 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
72 </PropertyGroup>
73 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x
74 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
75 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
76 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
77 </PropertyGroup>
78 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
79 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
80 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
81 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
82 </PropertyGroup>
83 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
84 <ConfigurationType>StaticLibrary</ConfigurationType>
85 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
86 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
87 </PropertyGroup>
88 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
89 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
90 </ImportGroup>
91 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win
92 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
93 </ImportGroup>
94 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
95 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
96 </ImportGroup>
97 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
98 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
99 </ImportGroup>
100 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Ita
101 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
102 </ImportGroup>
103 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
104 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
105 </ImportGroup>
106 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
107 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
108 </ImportGroup>
109 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64
110 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
111 </ImportGroup>
112 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
113 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
114 </ImportGroup>
115 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
116 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
117 </ImportGroup>
118 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
119 <PropertyGroup>
120 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>
121 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\ZlibSt
122 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'">x86\ZlibSt
123 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Zlib
124 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'">x86\Zlib
125 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
126 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'

```

```

127 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|x64'">x64\ZlibStat
128 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|x64'">x64\ZlibStat
129 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Zli
130 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Zli
131 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|x64'">x64\ZlibSt
132 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|x64'">x64\ZlibSt
133 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\Z
134 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|Itanium'">ia64\Z
135 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
136 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
137 <OutDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
138 <IntDir Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
139 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|Itani
140 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|Itanium
141 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debu
142 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|Win32
143 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|Win32'"
144 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debu
145 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|x64'"
146 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|x64'" /
147 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debu
148 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWith
149 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWithou
150 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Rele
151 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWith
152 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWithou
153 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Rele
154 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWith
155 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWithou
156 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Rele
157 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|Ita
158 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|Itani
159 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Rele
160 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|Win
161 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|Win32
162 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Rele
163 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|x64
164 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|x64'"
165 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Rele
166 </PropertyGroup>
167 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|Win32'"
168 <ClCompile>
169 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
170 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
171 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_
172 <ExceptionHandling>
173 </ExceptionHandling>
174 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
175 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
176 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutpu
177 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
178 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
179 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
180 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
181 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
182 <DebugInformationFormat>OldStyle</DebugInformationFormat>
183 </ClCompile>
184 <ResourceCompile>
185 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
186 </ResourceCompile>
187 <Lib>
188 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:X86 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Additi
189 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
190 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
191 </Lib>
192 </ItemDefinitionGroup>

```

```

193 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Release|Win32
194 <ClCompile>
195 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
196 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
197 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_
198 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
199 <ExceptionHandling>
200 </ExceptionHandling>
201 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
202 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
203 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
204 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutpu
205 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
206 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
207 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
208 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
209 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
210 </ClCompile>
211 <ResourceCompile>
212 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
213 </ResourceCompile>
214 <Lib>
215 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:X86 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Additi
216 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\..\masmx86\inffas32.
217 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
218 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
219 </Lib>
220 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
221 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='ReleaseWithou
222 <ClCompile>
223 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
224 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
225 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_
226 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
227 <ExceptionHandling>
228 </ExceptionHandling>
229 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
230 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
231 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
232 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutpu
233 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
234 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
235 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
236 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
237 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
238 </ClCompile>
239 <ResourceCompile>
240 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
241 </ResourceCompile>
242 <Lib>
243 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:X86 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Additi
244 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
245 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
246 </Lib>
247 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
248 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="$(Configuration) $(Platform)"=='Debug|x64'">
249 <Midl>
250 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
251 </Midl>
252 <ClCompile>
253 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
254 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
255 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE
256 <ExceptionHandling>
257 </ExceptionHandling>
258 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>

```

```

259 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
260 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>
261 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
262 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
263 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
264 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
265 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
266 <DebugInformationFormat>OldStyle</DebugInformationFormat>
267 </ClCompile>
268 <ResourceCompile>
269 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
270 </ResourceCompile>
271 <Lib>
272 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:AMD64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
273 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
274 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
275 </Lib>
276 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
277 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'>
278 <Midl>
279 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
280 </Midl>
281 <ClCompile>
282 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
283 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;% (AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</AdditionalIncludeDirectories>
284 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE</PreprocessorDefinitions>
285 <ExceptionHandling>
286 </ExceptionHandling>
287 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
288 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
289 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>
290 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
291 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
292 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
293 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
294 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
295 <DebugInformationFormat>OldStyle</DebugInformationFormat>
296 </ClCompile>
297 <ResourceCompile>
298 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
299 </ResourceCompile>
300 <Lib>
301 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:IA64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
302 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
303 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
304 </Lib>
305 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
306 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'>
307 <Midl>
308 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
309 </Midl>
310 <ClCompile>
311 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
312 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;% (AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</AdditionalIncludeDirectories>
313 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE</PreprocessorDefinitions>
314 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
315 <ExceptionHandling>
316 </ExceptionHandling>
317 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
318 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
319 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
320 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>
321 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
322 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
323 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
324 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>

```

```

325 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
326 </ClCompile>
327 <ResourceCompile>
328 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
329 </ResourceCompile>
330 <Lib>
331 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:AMD64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
332 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.obj;..\..\masmx64\inffasx64.lib</AdditionalDependencies>
333 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
334 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
335 </Lib>
336 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
337 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'>
338 <Midl>
339 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
340 </Midl>
341 <ClCompile>
342 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
343 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;% (AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</AdditionalIncludeDirectories>
344 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE</PreprocessorDefinitions>
345 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
346 <ExceptionHandling>
347 </ExceptionHandling>
348 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
349 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
350 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
351 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>
352 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
353 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
354 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
355 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
356 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
357 </ClCompile>
358 <ResourceCompile>
359 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
360 </ResourceCompile>
361 <Lib>
362 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:IA64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
363 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
364 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
365 </Lib>
366 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
367 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|WithoutDebug'>
368 <Midl>
369 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
370 </Midl>
371 <ClCompile>
372 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
373 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;% (AdditionalIncludeDirectories)</AdditionalIncludeDirectories>
374 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE</PreprocessorDefinitions>
375 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
376 <ExceptionHandling>
377 </ExceptionHandling>
378 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
379 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
380 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
381 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>
382 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
383 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
384 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
385 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
386 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
387 </ClCompile>
388 <ResourceCompile>
389 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
390 </ResourceCompile>

```

```

391 <Lib>
392 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:AMD64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Addi
393 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
394 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
395 </Lib>
396 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
397 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
398 <Midl>
399 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
400 </Midl>
401 <ClCompile>
402 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
403 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;% (AdditionalIncludeDi
404 <PreprocessorDefinitions>ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE
405 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
406 <ExceptionHandling>
407 </ExceptionHandling>
408 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
409 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
410 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
411 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibstat.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutpu
412 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
413 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
414 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
415 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
416 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
417 </ClCompile>
418 <ResourceCompile>
419 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
420 </ResourceCompile>
421 </Lib>
422 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:IA64 /NODEFAULTLIB %(AdditionalOptions)</Addit
423 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibstat.lib</OutputFile>
424 <SuppressStartupBanner>>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
425 </Lib>
426 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
427 <ItemGroup>
428 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\adler32.c" />
429 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\compress.c" />
430 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\crc32.c" />
431 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\deflate.c" />
432 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzclose.c" />
433 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzlib.c" />
434 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzread.c" />
435 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzwrite.c" />
436 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffback.c" />
437 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c">
438 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
439 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
440 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
441 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
442 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
443 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
444 </ClCompile>
445 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffast.c" />
446 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inflate.c" />
447 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inftrees.c" />
448 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\minizip\ioapi.c" />
449 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\minizip\trees.c" />
450 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\uncompr.c" />
451 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\unzip.c" />
452 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\zip.c" />
453 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\zutil.c" />
454 </ItemGroup>
455 <ItemGroup>
456 <ResourceCompile Include="zlib.rc" />

```

```

457 </ItemGroup>
458 <ItemGroup>
459 <None Include="zlibvc.def" />
460 </ItemGroup>
461 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />
462 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">
463 </ImportGroup>
464 </Project>

```

```

*****
6756 Wed Apr 1 15:57:21 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/zlibvc.def
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 LIBRARY
2 ; zlib data compression and ZIP file I/O library
3
4 VERSION          1.2.8
5
6 EXPORTS
7     adler32                @1
8     compress                @2
9     crc32                   @3
10    deflate                 @4
11    deflateCopy              @5
12    deflateEnd               @6
13    deflateInit2_           @7
14    deflateInit_             @8
15    deflateParams            @9
16    deflateReset             @10
17    deflateSetDictionary     @11
18    gzclose                  @12
19    gzdopen                  @13
20    gzerror                  @14
21    gzflush                  @15
22    gzopen                   @16
23    gzread                   @17
24    gzwrite                  @18
25    inflate                  @19
26    inflateEnd               @20
27    inflateInit2_           @21
28    inflateInit_             @22
29    inflateReset             @23
30    inflateSetDictionary     @24
31    inflateSync              @25
32    uncompress               @26
33    zlibVersion              @27
34    gzprintf                 @28
35    gzputc                   @29
36    gzgetc                   @30
37    gzseek                   @31
38    gzrewind                 @32
39    gztell                   @33
40    gzeof                    @34
41    gzsetparams              @35
42    zError                   @36
43    inflateSyncPoint         @37
44    get_crc_table            @38
45    compress2                 @39
46    gzputs                   @40
47    gzgets                   @41
48    inflateCopy              @42
49    inflateBackInit_         @43
50    inflateBack               @44
51    inflateBackEnd           @45
52    compressBound            @46
53    deflateBound              @47
54    gzclearerr               @48
55    gzungetc                 @49
56    zlibCompileFlags         @50
57    deflatePrime              @51
58    deflatePending           @52
59
60    unzOpen                   @61

```

```

61    unzClose                  @62
62    unzGetGlobalInfo         @63
63    unzGetCurrentFileInfo    @64
64    unzGoToFirstFile         @65
65    unzGoToNextFile          @66
66    unzOpenCurrentFile       @67
67    unzReadCurrentFile       @68
68    unzOpenCurrentFile3      @69
69    unzTell                   @70
70    unzEOF                    @71
71    unzCloseCurrentFile      @72
72    unzGetGlobalComment      @73
73    unzStringFileNameCompare @74
74    unzLocateFile            @75
75    unzGetLocalExtrafield    @76
76    unzOpen2                  @77
77    unzOpenCurrentFile2      @78
78    unzOpenCurrentFilePassword @79
79
80    zipOpen                   @80
81    zipOpenNewFileInZip       @81
82    zipWriteInFileInZip      @82
83    zipCloseFileInZip        @83
84    zipClose                  @84
85    zipOpenNewFileInZip2     @86
86    zipCloseFileInZipRaw     @87
87    zipOpen2                  @88
88    zipOpenNewFileInZip3     @89
89
90    unzGetFilePos             @100
91    unzGoToFilePos           @101
92
93    fill_win32_filefunc       @110
94
95 ; zlibwapi v1.2.4 added:
96    fill_win32_filefunc64     @111
97    fill_win32_filefunc64A    @112
98    fill_win32_filefunc64W    @113
99
100   unzOpen64                  @120
101   unzOpen2_64                @121
102   unzGetGlobalInfo64         @122
103   unzGetCurrentFileInfo64    @124
104   unzGetCurrentFileZStreamPos64 @125
105   unzTell64                  @126
106   unzGetFilePos64            @127
107   unzGoToFilePos64           @128
108
109   zipOpen64                   @130
110   zipOpen2_64                 @131
111   zipOpenNewFileInZip64       @132
112   zipOpenNewFileInZip2_64     @133
113   zipOpenNewFileInZip3_64     @134
114   zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64     @135
115   zipCloseFileInZipRaw64      @136
116
117 ; zlib1 v1.2.4 added:
118   adler32_combine              @140
119   crc32_combine                @142
120   deflateSetHeader             @144
121   deflateTune                  @145
122   gzbuffer                     @146
123   gzclose_r                    @147
124   gzclose_w                    @148
125   gzdirect                     @149
126   gzoffset                     @150

```

```
127     inflateGetHeader      @156
128     inflateMark           @157
129     inflatePrime          @158
130     inflateReset2         @159
131     inflateUndermine      @160
132
133 ; zlib1 v1.2.6 added:
134     gzgetc_                @161
135     inflateResetKeep      @163
136     deflateResetKeep      @164
137
138 ; zlib1 v1.2.7 added:
139     gzopen_w               @165
140
141 ; zlib1 v1.2.8 added:
142     inflateGetDictionary  @166
143     gzvprintf              @167
```

```

*****
8539 Wed Apr 1 15:57:21 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/zlibvc.sln
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1  i>?
2  Microsoft Visual Studio Solution File, Format Version 12.00
3  # Visual Studio 2012
4  Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "zlibvc", "zlibvc.vcxproj",
5  EndProject
6  Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "zlibstat", "zlibstat.vcxproj",
7  EndProject
8  Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "testzlib", "testzlib.vcxproj",
9  EndProject
10 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "testzlibdll", "testzlibdll",
11 EndProject
12 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "minizip", "minizip.vcxproj",
13 EndProject
14 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "miniunz", "miniunz.vcxproj",
15 EndProject
16 Global
17     GlobalSection(SolutionConfigurationPlatforms) = preSolution
18         Debug|Itanium = Debug|Itanium
19         Debug|Win32 = Debug|Win32
20         Debug|x64 = Debug|x64
21         Release|Itanium = Release|Itanium
22         Release|Win32 = Release|Win32
23         Release|x64 = Release|x64
24         ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium = ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
25         ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32 = ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32
26         ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64 = ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64
27     EndGlobalSection
28     GlobalSection(ProjectConfigurationPlatforms) = postSolution
29     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
30     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
31     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
32     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
33     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
34     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
35     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
36     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
37     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
38     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
39     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
40     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
41     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.B
42     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
43     {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
44     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
45     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
46     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
47     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
48     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
49     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
50     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
51     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
52     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
53     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
54     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
55     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
56     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.B
57     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
58     {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
59     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
60     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D

```

```

61     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
62     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
63     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
64     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
65     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
66     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
67     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
68     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
69     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
70     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
71     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.B
72     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
73     {AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
74     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
75     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
76     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
77     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
78     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
79     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
80     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
81     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
82     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
83     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
84     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
85     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
86     {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
87     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
88     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
89     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
90     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
91     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
92     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
93     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
94     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
95     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
96     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
97     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
98     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
99     {48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
100    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
101    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
102    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
103    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
104    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
105    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
106    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
107    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
108    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
109    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
110    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
111    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
112    {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
113    EndGlobalSection
114    GlobalSection(SolutionProperties) = preSolution
115        HideSolutionNode = FALSE
116    EndGlobalSection
117 EndGlobal

```



```

*****
42016 Wed Apr 1 15:57:21 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc11/zlibvc.vcxproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="4.0" xmlns="http://schemas.microso
3 <ItemGroup Label="ProjectConfigurations">
4 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Itanium">
5 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
6 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
7 </ProjectConfiguration>
8 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|Win32">
9 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
10 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
11 </ProjectConfiguration>
12 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Debug|x64">
13 <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
14 <Platform>x64</Platform>
15 </ProjectConfiguration>
16 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium">
17 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
18 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
19 </ProjectConfiguration>
20 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32">
21 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
22 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
23 </ProjectConfiguration>
24 <ProjectConfiguration Include="ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64">
25 <Configuration>ReleaseWithoutAsm</Configuration>
26 <Platform>x64</Platform>
27 </ProjectConfiguration>
28 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Itanium">
29 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
30 <Platform>Itanium</Platform>
31 </ProjectConfiguration>
32 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|Win32">
33 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
34 <Platform>Win32</Platform>
35 </ProjectConfiguration>
36 <ProjectConfiguration Include="Release|x64">
37 <Configuration>Release</Configuration>
38 <Platform>x64</Platform>
39 </ProjectConfiguration>
40 </ItemGroup>
41 <PropertyGroup Label="Globals">
42 <ProjectGuid>{8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}</ProjectGuid>
43 </PropertyGroup>
44 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.Default.props" />
45 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Lab
46 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
47 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
48 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
49 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
50 </PropertyGroup>
51 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|W
52 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
53 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
54 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
55 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
56 </PropertyGroup>
57 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label
58 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
59 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
60 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>

```

```

61 <CharacterSet>Unicode</CharacterSet>
62 </PropertyGroup>
63 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" L
64 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
65 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
66 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
67 </PropertyGroup>
68 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|I
69 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
70 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
71 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
72 </PropertyGroup>
73 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Lab
74 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
75 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
76 </PropertyGroup>
77 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label
78 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
79 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
80 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
81 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
82 </PropertyGroup>
83 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x
84 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
85 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
86 <WholeProgramOptimization>>true</WholeProgramOptimization>
87 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
88 </PropertyGroup>
89 <PropertyGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="
90 <ConfigurationType>DynamicLibrary</ConfigurationType>
91 <UseOfMfc>>false</UseOfMfc>
92 <PlatformToolset>v110</PlatformToolset>
93 </PropertyGroup>
94 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.props" />
95 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionSettings">
96 </ImportGroup>
97 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32'" Label
98 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
99 </ImportGroup>
100 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win
101 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
102 </ImportGroup>
103 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32'" Label="
104 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
105 </ImportGroup>
106 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itanium'" Lab
107 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
108 </ImportGroup>
109 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|Ita
110 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
111 </ImportGroup>
112 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'" Label
113 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
114 </ImportGroup>
115 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'" Label="
116 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
117 </ImportGroup>
118 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64
119 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
120 </ImportGroup>
121 <ImportGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'" Label="Pr
122 <Import Project="$(UserRootDir)\Microsoft.Cpp.$(Platform).user.props" Condit
123 </ImportGroup>
124 <PropertyGroup Label="UserMacros" />
125 <PropertyGroup>
126 <_ProjectFileVersion>10.0.30128.1</_ProjectFileVersion>

```

```

127 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Win32'">x86\ZlibD1
128 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Win32'">x86\ZlibD1
129 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Win32'">t
130 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Win32'">
131 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
132 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32'
133 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutA
134 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithout
135 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Win32'">x86\Zlib
136 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Win32'">x86\Zlib
137 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Win32'"
138 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Win32'
139 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|x64'">x64\ZlibD11$
140 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|x64'">x64\ZlibD11$
141 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|x64'">tru
142 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|x64'">fa
143 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Zli
144 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Itanium'">ia64\Zli
145 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Itanium'"
146 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Itanium'"
147 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
148 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64'">
149 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutA
150 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithout
151 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
152 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itaniu
153 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutA
154 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithout
155 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|x64'">x64\ZlibD1
156 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|x64'">x64\ZlibD1
157 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|x64'">f
158 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|x64'">f
159 <OutDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Itanium'">ia64\Z
160 <IntDir Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Itanium'">ia64\Z
161 <LinkIncremental Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Itanium
162 <GenerateManifest Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Itaniu
163 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Itani
164 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Itaniu
165 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debu
166 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Win32
167 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Win32'"
168 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debu
169 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|x64'"
170 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|x64'" /
171 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debu
172 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWith
173 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithou
174 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Rele
175 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWith
176 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithou
177 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Rele
178 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWith
179 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithou
180 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Rele
181 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Ita
182 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Itani
183 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Rele
184 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Win
185 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Win32
186 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Rele
187 <CodeAnalysisRuleSet Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|x64
188 <CodeAnalysisRules Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|x64'
189 <CodeAnalysisRuleAssemblies Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Rele
190 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Win32'">zlibwapi
191 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutAsm|Wi
192 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|Win32'">zlib

```

```

193 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|x64'">zlibwapi
194 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithoutAsm|x6
195 <TargetName Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Release|x64'">zlibwapi
196 </PropertyGroup>
197 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'Debug|Win32'"
198 <Midl>
199 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
200 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
201 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
202 <TargetEnvironment>Win32</TargetEnvironment>
203 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
204 </Midl>
205 <ClCompile>
206 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
207 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
208 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
209 <ExceptionHandling>
210 </ExceptionHandling>
211 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
212 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
213 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutput
214 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
215 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
216 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
217 <BrowseInformation>
218 </BrowseInformation>
219 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
220 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
221 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
222 </ClCompile>
223 <ResourceCompile>
224 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
225 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
226 </ResourceCompile>
227 <Link>
228 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:I386 %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
229 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\masmx86\inffas32.
230 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
231 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
232 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
233 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
234 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
235 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
236 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
237 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
238 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
239 <DataExecutionPrevention>
240 </DataExecutionPrevention>
241 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
242 </Link>
243 <PreBuildEvent>
244 <Command>cd ..\..\masmx86
245 bld_ml32.bat</Command>
246 </PreBuildEvent>
247 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
248 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration) $(Platform)'"== 'ReleaseWithou
249 <Midl>
250 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
251 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
252 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
253 <TargetEnvironment>Win32</TargetEnvironment>
254 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
255 </Midl>
256 <ClCompile>
257 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
258 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi

```

```

259 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
260 <StringPooling>>true</StringPooling>
261 <ExceptionHandling>
262 </ExceptionHandling>
263 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
264 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
265 <FunctionLevelLinking>>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
266 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
267 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
268 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
269 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
270 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
271 <BrowseInformation>
272 </BrowseInformation>
273 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
274 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
275 </ClCompile>
276 <ResourceCompile>
277 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
278 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
279 </ResourceCompile>
280 <Link>
281 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:I386 %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
282 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
283 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
284 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
285 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
286 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
287 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
288 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
289 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
290 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
291 <DataExecutionPrevention>
292 </DataExecutionPrevention>
293 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
294 </Link>
295 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
296 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win32
297 <Midl>
298 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
299 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
300 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
301 <TargetEnvironment>Win32</TargetEnvironment>
302 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
303 </Midl>
304 <ClCompile>
305 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
306 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
307 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
308 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
309 <ExceptionHandling>
310 </ExceptionHandling>
311 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreaded</RuntimeLibrary>
312 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
313 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
314 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
315 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
316 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
317 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
318 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
319 <BrowseInformation>
320 </BrowseInformation>
321 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
322 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
323 </ClCompile>
324 <ResourceCompile>

```

```

325 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
326 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
327 </ResourceCompile>
328 <Link>
329 <AdditionalOptions>/MACHINE:I386 %(AdditionalOptions)</AdditionalOptions>
330 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx86\match686.obj;..\..\masmx86\inffas32.
331 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
332 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
333 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
334 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
335 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
336 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
337 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
338 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
339 <RandomizedBaseAddress>>false</RandomizedBaseAddress>
340 <DataExecutionPrevention>
341 </DataExecutionPrevention>
342 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
343 </Link>
344 <PreBuildEvent>
345 <Command>cd ..\..\masmx86
346 bld_ml32.bat</Command>
347 </PreBuildEvent>
348 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
349 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|x64'">
350 <Midl>
351 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
352 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
353 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
354 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
355 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
356 </Midl>
357 <ClCompile>
358 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
359 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
360 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
361 <ExceptionHandling>
362 </ExceptionHandling>
363 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
364 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
365 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
366 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
367 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
368 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
369 <BrowseInformation>
370 </BrowseInformation>
371 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
372 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
373 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
374 </ClCompile>
375 <ResourceCompile>
376 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
377 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
378 </ResourceCompile>
379 <Link>
380 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx64\gvm64.obj;..\..\masmx64\inffasx64.
381 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
382 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
383 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
384 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
385 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
386 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
387 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
388 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
389 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
390 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>

```

```

391 </Link>
392 <PreBuildEvent>
393 <Command>cd ..\..\contrib\masmx64
394 bld_ml64.bat</Command>
395 </PreBuildEvent>
396 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
397 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itanium'>
398 <Midl>
399 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
400 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
401 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
402 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
403 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
404 </Midl>
405 <ClCompile>
406 <Optimization>Disabled</Optimization>
407 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
408 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
409 <ExceptionHandling>
410 </ExceptionHandling>
411 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDebugDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
412 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
413 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
414 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
415 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
416 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
417 <BrowseInformation>
418 </BrowseInformation>
419 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
420 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
421 <DebugInformationFormat>ProgramDatabase</DebugInformationFormat>
422 </ClCompile>
423 <ResourceCompile>
424 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_DEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
425 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
426 </ResourceCompile>
427 <Link>
428 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
429 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
430 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
431 <GenerateDebugInformation>true</GenerateDebugInformation>
432 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
433 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
434 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
435 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
436 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
437 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
438 </Link>
439 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
440 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
441 <Midl>
442 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
443 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
444 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
445 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
446 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
447 </Midl>
448 <ClCompile>
449 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
450 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
451 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
452 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
453 <ExceptionHandling>
454 </ExceptionHandling>
455 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
456 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>

```

```

457 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
458 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
459 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
460 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
461 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
462 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
463 <BrowseInformation>
464 </BrowseInformation>
465 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
466 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
467 </ClCompile>
468 <ResourceCompile>
469 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
470 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
471 </ResourceCompile>
472 <Link>
473 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
474 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
475 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
476 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
477 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
478 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
479 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
480 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
481 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
482 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
483 </Link>
484 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
485 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWithou
486 <Midl>
487 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
488 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
489 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
490 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
491 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
492 </Midl>
493 <ClCompile>
494 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
495 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\.;..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
496 <PreprocessorDefinitions>WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DE
497 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
498 <ExceptionHandling>
499 </ExceptionHandling>
500 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
501 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
502 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
503 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
504 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
505 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
506 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
507 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
508 <BrowseInformation>
509 </BrowseInformation>
510 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
511 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
512 </ClCompile>
513 <ResourceCompile>
514 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
515 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
516 </ResourceCompile>
517 <Link>
518 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
519 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
520 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
521 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
522 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>

```

```

523 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
524 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
525 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
526 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
527 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
528 </Link>
529 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
530 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|x64'"
531 <Midl>
532 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
533 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
534 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
535 <TargetEnvironment>X64</TargetEnvironment>
536 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
537 </Midl>
538 <ClCompile>
539 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
540 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
541 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
542 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
543 <ExceptionHandling>
544 </ExceptionHandling>
545 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
546 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
547 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
548 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
549 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
550 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
551 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
552 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
553 <BrowseInformation>
554 </BrowseInformation>
555 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
556 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
557 </ClCompile>
558 <ResourceCompile>
559 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
560 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
561 </ResourceCompile>
562 <Link>
563 <AdditionalDependencies>..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.obj;..\..\masmx64\inffasx64.
564 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
565 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
566 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
567 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
568 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
569 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
570 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
571 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
572 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
573 <TargetMachine>MachineX64</TargetMachine>
574 </Link>
575 <PreBuildEvent>
576 <Command>cd ..\..\masmx64
577 bld_ml64.bat</Command>
578 </PreBuildEvent>
579 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
580 <ItemDefinitionGroup Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Itani
581 <Midl>
582 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
583 <MkTypLibCompatible>true</MkTypLibCompatible>
584 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
585 <TargetEnvironment>Itanium</TargetEnvironment>
586 <TypeLibraryName>$(OutDir)zlibvc.tlb</TypeLibraryName>
587 </Midl>
588 <ClCompile>

```

```

589 <InlineFunctionExpansion>OnlyExplicitInline</InlineFunctionExpansion>
590 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories>..\..\..\..\..\masmx86;%(AdditionalIncludeDi
591 <PreprocessorDefinitions>_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED;_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECAT
592 <StringPooling>true</StringPooling>
593 <ExceptionHandling>
594 </ExceptionHandling>
595 <RuntimeLibrary>MultiThreadedDLL</RuntimeLibrary>
596 <BufferSecurityCheck>>false</BufferSecurityCheck>
597 <FunctionLevelLinking>true</FunctionLevelLinking>
598 <PrecompiledHeaderOutputFile>$(IntDir)zlibvc.pch</PrecompiledHeaderOutputF
599 <AssemblerOutput>All</AssemblerOutput>
600 <AssemblerListingLocation>$(IntDir)</AssemblerListingLocation>
601 <ObjectFileName>$(IntDir)</ObjectFileName>
602 <ProgramDataBaseFileName>$(OutDir)</ProgramDataBaseFileName>
603 <BrowseInformation>
604 </BrowseInformation>
605 <WarningLevel>Level3</WarningLevel>
606 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
607 </ClCompile>
608 <ResourceCompile>
609 <PreprocessorDefinitions>NDEBUG;%(PreprocessorDefinitions)</PreprocessorDe
610 <Culture>0x040c</Culture>
611 </ResourceCompile>
612 <Link>
613 <OutputFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.dll</OutputFile>
614 <SuppressStartupBanner>true</SuppressStartupBanner>
615 <IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>>false</IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries>
616 <ModuleDefinitionFile>.\zlibvc.def</ModuleDefinitionFile>
617 <ProgramDatabaseFile>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.pdb</ProgramDatabaseFile>
618 <GenerateMapFile>true</GenerateMapFile>
619 <MapFileName>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.map</MapFileName>
620 <SubSystem>Windows</SubSystem>
621 <ImportLibrary>$(OutDir)zlibwapi.lib</ImportLibrary>
622 <TargetMachine>MachineIA64</TargetMachine>
623 </Link>
624 </ItemDefinitionGroup>
625 <ItemGroup>
626 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\adler32.c" />
627 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\compress.c" />
628 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\crc32.c" />
629 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\deflate.c" />
630 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzclose.c" />
631 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzlib.c" />
632 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzread.c" />
633 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\gzwrite.c" />
634 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffack.c" />
635 <ClCompile Include="..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c">
636 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Itani
637 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Debug|Win32
638 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='ReleaseWith
639 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Ita
640 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
641 <ExcludedFromBuild Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Release|Win
642 </ClCompile>
643 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inffast.c" />
644 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inflate.c" />
645 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\inftrees.c" />
646 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\ioapi.c" />
647 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\iowin32.c" />
648 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\trees.c" />
649 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\uncompr.c" />
650 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\unzip.c">
651 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='
652 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea
653 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='
654 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea

```

```
655 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='  
656 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea  
657 </ClCompile>  
658 <ClCompile Include="..\..\minizip\zip.c">  
659 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='  
660 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea  
661 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='  
662 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea  
663 <AdditionalIncludeDirectories Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='  
664 <PreprocessorDefinitions Condition="'$(Configuration)|$(Platform)'=='Relea  
665 </ClCompile>  
666 <ClCompile Include="..\..\..\zutil.c" />  
667 </ItemGroup>  
668 <ItemGroup>  
669 <ResourceCompile Include="zlib.rc" />  
670 </ItemGroup>  
671 <ItemGroup>  
672 <None Include="zlibvc.def" />  
673 </ItemGroup>  
674 <ItemGroup>  
675 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\deflate.h" />  
676 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\infblock.h" />  
677 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\infcodes.h" />  
678 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\inffast.h" />  
679 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\inftrees.h" />  
680 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\infutil.h" />  
681 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\zconf.h" />  
682 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\zlib.h" />  
683 <ClInclude Include="..\..\..\zutil.h" />  
684 </ItemGroup>  
685 <Import Project="$(VCTargetsPath)\Microsoft.Cpp.targets" />  
686 <ImportGroup Label="ExtensionTargets">  
687 </ImportGroup>  
688 </Project>
```

12939 Wed Apr 1 15:57:21 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/miniunz.vcproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="Windows-1252"?>
2 <VisualStudioProject
3   ProjectType="Visual C++"
4   Version="9.00"
5   Name="miniunz"
6   ProjectGUID="{C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}"
7   Keyword="Win32Proj"
8   TargetFrameworkVersion="131072"
9 >
10 <Platforms>
11   <Platform
12     Name="Win32"
13   />
14   <Platform
15     Name="x64"
16   />
17   <Platform
18     Name="Itanium"
19   />
20 </Platforms>
21 <ToolFiles>
22 </ToolFiles>
23 <Configurations>
24   <Configuration
25     Name="Debug|Win32"
26     OutputDirectory="x86\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)"
27     IntermediateDirectory="x86\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)"
28     ConfigurationType="1"
29     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
30     CharacterSet="2"
31   >
32     <Tool
33       Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
34     />
35     <Tool
36       Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
37     />
38     <Tool
39       Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
40     />
41     <Tool
42       Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
43     />
44     <Tool
45       Name="VCIDLTool"
46     />
47     <Tool
48       Name="VCLCompilerTool"
49       Optimization="0"
50       AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\min
51       PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
52       MinimalRebuild="true"
53       BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
54       RuntimeLibrary="1"
55       BufferSecurityCheck="false"
56       UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
57       AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
58       WarningLevel="3"
59       Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
60       DebugInformationFormat="4"
```

```
61 />
62 <Tool
63   Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
64 />
65 <Tool
66   Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
67 />
68 <Tool
69   Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
70 />
71 <Tool
72   Name="VCLinkerTool"
73   AdditionalDependencies="x86\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwap
74   OutputFile="$(OutDir)/miniunz.exe"
75   LinkIncremental="2"
76   GenerateManifest="false"
77   GenerateDebugInformation="true"
78   ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/miniunz.pdb"
79   SubSystem="1"
80   RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
81   DataExecutionPrevention="0"
82   TargetMachine="1"
83 />
84 <Tool
85   Name="VCALinkTool"
86 />
87 <Tool
88   Name="VCManifestTool"
89 />
90 <Tool
91   Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
92 />
93 <Tool
94   Name="VCBscMakeTool"
95 />
96 <Tool
97   Name="VCFxCopTool"
98 />
99 <Tool
100   Name="VCApVerifierTool"
101 />
102 <Tool
103   Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
104 />
105 </Configuration>
106 <Configuration
107   Name="Release|Win32"
108   OutputDirectory="x86\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)"
109   IntermediateDirectory="x86\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)"
110   ConfigurationType="1"
111   InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
112   CharacterSet="2"
113 >
114   <Tool
115     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
116   />
117   <Tool
118     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
119   />
120   <Tool
121     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
122   />
123   <Tool
124     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
125   />
126   <Tool
```

```

127     Name="VCIDLTool"
128     />
129     <Tool
130     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
131     Optimization="2"
132     InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
133     OmitFramePointers="true"
134     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
135     PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
136     StringPooling="true"
137     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
138     RuntimeLibrary="0"
139     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
140     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
141     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
142     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
143     WarningLevel="3"
144     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
145     DebugInformationFormat="3"
146     />
147     <Tool
148     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
149     />
150     <Tool
151     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
152     />
153     <Tool
154     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
155     />
156     <Tool
157     Name="VCLinkerTool"
158     AdditionalDependencies="x86\ZlibDllRelease\zlibw
159     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/miniunz.exe"
160     LinkIncremental="1"
161     GenerateManifest="false"
162     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
163     SubSystem="1"
164     OptimizeReferences="2"
165     EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
166     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
167     RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
168     DataExecutionPrevention="0"
169     TargetMachine="1"
170     />
171     <Tool
172     Name="VCALinkTool"
173     />
174     <Tool
175     Name="VCManifestTool"
176     />
177     <Tool
178     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
179     />
180     <Tool
181     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
182     />
183     <Tool
184     Name="VCFxCopTool"
185     />
186     <Tool
187     Name="VCAAppVerifierTool"
188     />
189     <Tool
190     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
191     />
192 </Configuration>

```

```

193     <Configuration
194     Name="Debug|x64"
195     OutputDirectory="x64\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)"
196     IntermediateDirectory="x64\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)
197     ConfigurationType="1"
198     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
199     CharacterSet="2"
200     >
201     <Tool
202     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
203     />
204     <Tool
205     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
206     />
207     <Tool
208     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
209     />
210     <Tool
211     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
212     />
213     <Tool
214     Name="VCIDLTool"
215     TargetEnvironment="3"
216     />
217     <Tool
218     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
219     Optimization="0"
220     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
221     PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
222     MinimalRebuild="true"
223     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
224     RuntimeLibrary="3"
225     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
226     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
227     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
228     WarningLevel="3"
229     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
230     DebugInformationFormat="3"
231     />
232     <Tool
233     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
234     />
235     <Tool
236     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
237     />
238     <Tool
239     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
240     />
241     <Tool
242     Name="VCLinkerTool"
243     AdditionalDependencies="x64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwap
244     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/miniunz.exe"
245     LinkIncremental="2"
246     GenerateManifest="false"
247     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
248     ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/miniunz.pdb"
249     SubSystem="1"
250     TargetMachine="17"
251     />
252     <Tool
253     Name="VCALinkTool"
254     />
255     <Tool
256     Name="VCManifestTool"
257     />
258     <Tool

```



```

259         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
260     />
261     <Tool
262         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
263     />
264     <Tool
265         Name="VCFxCopTool"
266     />
267     <Tool
268         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
269     />
270     <Tool
271         Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
272     />
273     <Tool
274         Name="VCPstBuildEventTool"
275     />
276 </Configuration>
277 <Configuration
278     Name="Debug|Itanium"
279     OutputDirectory="ia64\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)"
280     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)
281     ConfigurationType="1"
282     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
283     CharacterSet="2"
284 >
285     <Tool
286         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
287     />
288     <Tool
289         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
290     />
291     <Tool
292         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
293     />
294     <Tool
295         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
296     />
297     <Tool
298         Name="VCMIDLTool"
299         TargetEnvironment="2"
300     />
301     <Tool
302         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
303         Optimization="0"
304         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
305         PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
306         MinimalRebuild="true"
307         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
308         RuntimeLibrary="3"
309         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
310         UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
311         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
312         WarningLevel="3"
313         Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
314         DebugInformationFormat="3"
315     />
316     <Tool
317         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
318     />
319     <Tool
320         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
321     />
322     <Tool
323         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
324     />

```

```

325     <Tool
326         Name="VCLinkerTool"
327         AdditionalDependencies="ia64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwa
328         OutputFile="$(OutDir)/miniunz.exe"
329         LinkIncremental="2"
330         GenerateManifest="false"
331         GenerateDebugInformation="true"
332         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/miniunz.pdb"
333         SubSystem="1"
334         TargetMachine="5"
335     />
336     <Tool
337         Name="VCALinkTool"
338     />
339     <Tool
340         Name="VCManifestTool"
341     />
342     <Tool
343         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
344     />
345     <Tool
346         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
347     />
348     <Tool
349         Name="VCFxCopTool"
350     />
351     <Tool
352         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
353     />
354     <Tool
355         Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
356     />
357     <Tool
358         Name="VCPstBuildEventTool"
359     />
360 </Configuration>
361 <Configuration
362     Name="Release|x64"
363     OutputDirectory="x64\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)"
364     IntermediateDirectory="x64\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)
365     ConfigurationType="1"
366     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
367     CharacterSet="2"
368 >
369     <Tool
370         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
371     />
372     <Tool
373         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
374     />
375     <Tool
376         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
377     />
378     <Tool
379         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
380     />
381     <Tool
382         Name="VCMIDLTool"
383         TargetEnvironment="3"
384     />
385     <Tool
386         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
387         Optimization="2"
388         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
389         OmitFramePointers="true"
390         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min

```

```

391     PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
392     StringPooling="true"
393     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
394     RuntimeLibrary="2"
395     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
396     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
397     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
398     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
399     WarningLevel="3"
400     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
401     DebugInformationFormat="3"
402     />
403     <Tool
404     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
405     />
406     <Tool
407     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
408     />
409     <Tool
410     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
411     />
412     <Tool
413     Name="VCLinkerTool"
414     AdditionalDependencies="x64\ZlibDllRelease\zlib
415     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/miniunz.exe"
416     LinkIncremental="1"
417     GenerateManifest="false"
418     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
419     SubSystem="1"
420     OptimizeReferences="2"
421     EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
422     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
423     TargetMachine="17"
424     />
425     <Tool
426     Name="VCALinkTool"
427     />
428     <Tool
429     Name="VCManifestTool"
430     />
431     <Tool
432     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
433     />
434     <Tool
435     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
436     />
437     <Tool
438     Name="VCFxCopTool"
439     />
440     <Tool
441     Name="VCAAppVerifierTool"
442     />
443     <Tool
444     Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
445     />
446     <Tool
447     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
448     />
449     </Configuration>
450     <Configuration
451     Name="Release|Itanium"
452     OutputDirectory="ia64\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)"
453     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\MiniUnzip$(ConfigurationName)
454     ConfigurationType="1"
455     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
456     CharacterSet="2"

```

```

457     >
458     <Tool
459     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
460     />
461     <Tool
462     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
463     />
464     <Tool
465     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
466     />
467     <Tool
468     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
469     />
470     <Tool
471     Name="VCIDLTool"
472     TargetEnvironment="2"
473     />
474     <Tool
475     Name="VCLCompilerTool"
476     Optimization="2"
477     InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
478     OmitFramePointers="true"
479     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
480     PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
481     StringPooling="true"
482     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
483     RuntimeLibrary="2"
484     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
485     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
486     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
487     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
488     WarningLevel="3"
489     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
490     DebugInformationFormat="3"
491     />
492     <Tool
493     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
494     />
495     <Tool
496     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
497     />
498     <Tool
499     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
500     />
501     <Tool
502     Name="VCLinkerTool"
503     AdditionalDependencies="ia64\ZlibDllRelease\zlib
504     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/miniunz.exe"
505     LinkIncremental="1"
506     GenerateManifest="false"
507     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
508     SubSystem="1"
509     OptimizeReferences="2"
510     EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
511     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
512     TargetMachine="5"
513     />
514     <Tool
515     Name="VCALinkTool"
516     />
517     <Tool
518     Name="VCManifestTool"
519     />
520     <Tool
521     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
522     />

```

```
523     <Tool
524         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
525     />
526     <Tool
527         Name="VCFxCopTool"
528     />
529     <Tool
530         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
531     />
532     <Tool
533         Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
534     />
535     <Tool
536         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
537     />
538 </Configuration>
539 </Configurations>
540 <References>
541 </References>
542 <Files>
543     <Filter
544         Name="Source Files"
545         Filter="cpp;c;cxx;def;odl;idl;hpj;bat;asm"
546     >
547         <File
548             RelativePath="..\..\minizip\miniunz.c"
549         >
550     </File>
551 </Filter>
552     <Filter
553         Name="Header Files"
554         Filter="h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;inc"
555     >
556 </Filter>
557     <Filter
558         Name="Resource Files"
559         Filter="rc;ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;rgs;gif;jpg;jpeg;
560     >
561 </Filter>
562 </Files>
563 <Globals>
564 </Globals>
565 </VisualStudioProject>
```

```

*****
12753 Wed Apr 1 15:57:21 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/minizip.vcproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="Windows-1252"?>
2 <VisualStudioProject
3   ProjectType="Visual C++"
4   Version="9.00"
5   Name="minizip"
6   ProjectGUID="{48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}"
7   Keyword="Win32Proj"
8   TargetFrameworkVersion="131072"
9   >
10  <Platforms>
11    <Platform
12      Name="Win32"
13    />
14    <Platform
15      Name="x64"
16    />
17    <Platform
18      Name="Itanium"
19    />
20  </Platforms>
21  <ToolFiles>
22  </ToolFiles>
23  <Configurations>
24    <Configuration
25      Name="Debug|Win32"
26      OutputDirectory="x86\MiniZip$(ConfigurationName)"
27      IntermediateDirectory="x86\MiniZip$(ConfigurationName)\T
28      ConfigurationType="1"
29      InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
30      CharacterSet="2"
31    >
32      <Tool
33        Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
34      />
35      <Tool
36        Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
37      />
38      <Tool
39        Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
40      />
41      <Tool
42        Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
43      />
44      <Tool
45        Name="VCIDLTool"
46      />
47      <Tool
48        Name="VCLCompilerTool"
49        Optimization="0"
50        AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\min
51        PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
52        MinimalRebuild="true"
53        BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
54        RuntimeLibrary="1"
55        BufferSecurityCheck="false"
56        UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
57        AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
58        WarningLevel="3"
59        Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
60        DebugInformationFormat="4"

```

```

61 />
62 <Tool
63   Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
64 />
65 <Tool
66   Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
67 />
68 <Tool
69   Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
70 />
71 <Tool
72   Name="VCLinkerTool"
73   AdditionalDependencies="x86\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwap
74   OutputFile="$(OutDir)/minizip.exe"
75   LinkIncremental="2"
76   GenerateManifest="false"
77   GenerateDebugInformation="true"
78   ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/minizip.pdb"
79   SubSystem="1"
80   RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
81   DataExecutionPrevention="0"
82   TargetMachine="1"
83 />
84 <Tool
85   Name="VCALinkTool"
86 />
87 <Tool
88   Name="VCManifestTool"
89 />
90 <Tool
91   Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
92 />
93 <Tool
94   Name="VCBscMakeTool"
95 />
96 <Tool
97   Name="VCFxCopTool"
98 />
99 <Tool
100   Name="VCApVerifierTool"
101 />
102 <Tool
103   Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
104 />
105 </Configuration>
106 <Configuration
107   Name="Release|Win32"
108   OutputDirectory="x86\MiniZip$(ConfigurationName)"
109   IntermediateDirectory="x86\MiniZip$(ConfigurationName)\T
110   ConfigurationType="1"
111   InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
112   CharacterSet="2"
113 >
114 <Tool
115   Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
116 />
117 <Tool
118   Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
119 />
120 <Tool
121   Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
122 />
123 <Tool
124   Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
125 />
126 <Tool

```

```

127     Name="VCMIDLTool"
128     />
129     <Tool
130     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
131     Optimization="2"
132     InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
133     OmitFramePointers="true"
134     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
135     PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
136     StringPooling="true"
137     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
138     RuntimeLibrary="0"
139     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
140     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
141     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
142     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
143     WarningLevel="3"
144     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
145     DebugInformationFormat="3"
146     />
147     <Tool
148     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
149     />
150     <Tool
151     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
152     />
153     <Tool
154     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
155     />
156     <Tool
157     Name="VCLinkerTool"
158     AdditionalDependencies="x86\ZlibDllRelease\zlibw
159     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/minizip.exe"
160     LinkIncremental="1"
161     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
162     SubSystem="1"
163     OptimizeReferences="2"
164     EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
165     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
166     RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
167     DataExecutionPrevention="0"
168     TargetMachine="1"
169     />
170     <Tool
171     Name="VCALinkTool"
172     />
173     <Tool
174     Name="VCManifestTool"
175     />
176     <Tool
177     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
178     />
179     <Tool
180     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
181     />
182     <Tool
183     Name="VCFxCopTool"
184     />
185     <Tool
186     Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
187     />
188     <Tool
189     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
190     />
191 </Configuration>
192 </Configuration>

```

```

193     Name="Debug|x64"
194     OutputDirectory="x64\$(ConfigurationName)"
195     IntermediateDirectory="x64\$(ConfigurationName)"
196     ConfigurationType="1"
197     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
198     CharacterSet="2"
199     >
200     <Tool
201     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
202     />
203     <Tool
204     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
205     />
206     <Tool
207     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
208     />
209     <Tool
210     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
211     />
212     <Tool
213     Name="VCMIDLTool"
214     TargetEnvironment="3"
215     />
216     <Tool
217     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
218     Optimization="0"
219     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
220     PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
221     MinimalRebuild="true"
222     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
223     RuntimeLibrary="3"
224     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
225     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
226     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
227     WarningLevel="3"
228     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
229     DebugInformationFormat="3"
230     />
231     <Tool
232     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
233     />
234     <Tool
235     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
236     />
237     <Tool
238     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
239     />
240     <Tool
241     Name="VCLinkerTool"
242     AdditionalDependencies="x64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwap
243     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/minizip.exe"
244     LinkIncremental="2"
245     GenerateManifest="false"
246     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
247     ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/minizip.pdb"
248     SubSystem="1"
249     TargetMachine="17"
250     />
251     <Tool
252     Name="VCALinkTool"
253     />
254     <Tool
255     Name="VCManifestTool"
256     />
257     <Tool
258     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"

```

```

259     />
260     <Tool
261         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
262     />
263     <Tool
264         Name="VCFxCopTool"
265     />
266     <Tool
267         Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
268     />
269     <Tool
270         Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
271     />
272     <Tool
273         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
274     />
275 </Configuration>
276 <Configuration
277     Name="Debug|Itanium"
278     OutputDirectory="ia64\$(ConfigurationName)"
279     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\$(ConfigurationName)"
280     ConfigurationType="1"
281     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
282     CharacterSet="2"
283 >
284     <Tool
285         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
286     />
287     <Tool
288         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
289     />
290     <Tool
291         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
292     />
293     <Tool
294         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
295     />
296     <Tool
297         Name="VCIDLTool"
298         TargetEnvironment="2"
299     />
300     <Tool
301         Name="VCLCompilerTool"
302         Optimization="0"
303         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
304         PreprocessorDefinitions=_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
305         MinimalRebuild=true"
306         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
307         RuntimeLibrary="3"
308         BufferSecurityCheck=false"
309         UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
310         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
311         WarningLevel="3"
312         Detect64BitPortabilityProblems=true"
313         DebugInformationFormat="3"
314     />
315     <Tool
316         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
317     />
318     <Tool
319         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
320     />
321     <Tool
322         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
323     />
324     <Tool

```

```

325         Name="VCLinkerTool"
326         AdditionalDependencies="ia64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwa
327         OutputFile="$(OutDir)/minizip.exe"
328         LinkIncremental="2"
329         GenerateManifest=false"
330         GenerateDebugInformation=true"
331         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/minizip.pdb"
332         SubSystem="1"
333         TargetMachine="5"
334     />
335     <Tool
336         Name="VCALinkTool"
337     />
338     <Tool
339         Name="VCManifestTool"
340     />
341     <Tool
342         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
343     />
344     <Tool
345         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
346     />
347     <Tool
348         Name="VCFxCopTool"
349     />
350     <Tool
351         Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
352     />
353     <Tool
354         Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
355     />
356     <Tool
357         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
358     />
359 </Configuration>
360 <Configuration
361     Name="Release|x64"
362     OutputDirectory="x64\$(ConfigurationName)"
363     IntermediateDirectory="x64\$(ConfigurationName)"
364     ConfigurationType="1"
365     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
366     CharacterSet="2"
367 >
368     <Tool
369         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
370     />
371     <Tool
372         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
373     />
374     <Tool
375         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
376     />
377     <Tool
378         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
379     />
380     <Tool
381         Name="VCIDLTool"
382         TargetEnvironment="3"
383     />
384     <Tool
385         Name="VCLCompilerTool"
386         Optimization="2"
387         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
388         OmitFramePointers=true"
389         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
390         PreprocessorDefinitions=_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA

```

```

391         StringPooling="true"
392         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
393         RuntimeLibrary="2"
394         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
395         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
396         UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
397         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
398         WarningLevel="3"
399         Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
400         DebugInformationFormat="3"
401     />
402     <Tool
403         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
404     />
405     <Tool
406         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
407     />
408     <Tool
409         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
410     />
411     <Tool
412         Name="VCLinkerTool"
413         AdditionalDependencies="x64\ZlibDllRelease\zlibw
414         OutputFile="$(OutDir)/minizip.exe"
415         LinkIncremental="1"
416         GenerateDebugInformation="true"
417         SubSystem="1"
418         OptimizeReferences="2"
419         EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
420         OptimizeForWindows98="1"
421         TargetMachine="17"
422     />
423     <Tool
424         Name="VCALinkTool"
425     />
426     <Tool
427         Name="VCManifestTool"
428     />
429     <Tool
430         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
431     />
432     <Tool
433         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
434     />
435     <Tool
436         Name="VCFxCopTool"
437     />
438     <Tool
439         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
440     />
441     <Tool
442         Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
443     />
444     <Tool
445         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
446     />
447 </Configuration>
448 <Configuration
449     Name="Release|Itanium"
450     OutputDirectory="ia64\$(ConfigurationName)"
451     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\$(ConfigurationName)"
452     ConfigurationType="1"
453     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
454     CharacterSet="2"
455     >
456     <Tool

```

```

457         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
458     />
459     <Tool
460         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
461     />
462     <Tool
463         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
464     />
465     <Tool
466         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
467     />
468     <Tool
469         Name="VCIDLTool"
470         TargetEnvironment="2"
471     />
472     <Tool
473         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
474         Optimization="2"
475         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
476         OmitFramePointers="true"
477         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
478         PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
479         StringPooling="true"
480         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
481         RuntimeLibrary="2"
482         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
483         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
484         UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
485         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
486         WarningLevel="3"
487         Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
488         DebugInformationFormat="3"
489     />
490     <Tool
491         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
492     />
493     <Tool
494         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
495     />
496     <Tool
497         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
498     />
499     <Tool
500         Name="VCLinkerTool"
501         AdditionalDependencies="ia64\ZlibDllRelease\zlib
502         OutputFile="$(OutDir)/minizip.exe"
503         LinkIncremental="1"
504         GenerateDebugInformation="true"
505         SubSystem="1"
506         OptimizeReferences="2"
507         EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
508         OptimizeForWindows98="1"
509         TargetMachine="5"
510     />
511     <Tool
512         Name="VCALinkTool"
513     />
514     <Tool
515         Name="VCManifestTool"
516     />
517     <Tool
518         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
519     />
520     <Tool
521         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
522     />

```

```
523         <Tool
524             Name="VCFxCopTool"
525         />
526         <Tool
527             Name="VCApVerifierTool"
528         />
529         <Tool
530             Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
531         />
532         <Tool
533             Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
534         />
535     </Configuration>
536 </Configurations>
537 <References>
538 </References>
539 <Files>
540     <Filter
541         Name="Source Files"
542         Filter="cpp;c;cxx;def;odl;idl;hpj;bat;asm"
543     >
544         <File
545             RelativePath="..\..\minizip\minizip.c"
546         >
547     </File>
548 </Filter>
549     <Filter
550         Name="Header Files"
551         Filter="h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;inc"
552     >
553 </Filter>
554     <Filter
555         Name="Resource Files"
556         Filter="rc;ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;rgs;gif;jpg;jpeg;
557     >
558 </Filter>
559 </Files>
560 <Globals>
561 </Globals>
562 </VisualStudioProject>
```



```

*****
18951 Wed Apr 1 15:57:22 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/testzlib.vcproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="Windows-1252"?>
2 <VisualStudioProject
3   ProjectType="Visual C++"
4   Version="9,00"
5   Name="testzlib"
6   ProjectGUID="{AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}"
7   RootNamespace="testzlib"
8   Keyword="Win32Proj"
9   TargetFrameworkVersion="131072"
10  >
11  <Platforms>
12    <Platform
13      Name="Win32"
14    />
15    <Platform
16      Name="x64"
17    />
18    <Platform
19      Name="Itanium"
20    />
21  </Platforms>
22  <ToolFiles>
23  </ToolFiles>
24  <Configurations>
25    <Configuration
26      Name="Debug|Win32"
27      OutputDirectory="x86\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)"
28      IntermediateDirectory="x86\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)\
29      ConfigurationType="1"
30      CharacterSet="2"
31    >
32      <Tool
33        Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
34      />
35      <Tool
36        Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
37      />
38      <Tool
39        Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
40      />
41      <Tool
42        Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
43      />
44      <Tool
45        Name="VCIDLTool"
46      />
47      <Tool
48        Name="VCLCompilerTool"
49        Optimization="0"
50        AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\.."
51        PreprocessorDefinitions="ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_
52        MinimalRebuild="true"
53        BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
54        RuntimeLibrary="1"
55        BufferSecurityCheck="false"
56        UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
57        AssemblerOutput="4"
58        AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
59        WarningLevel="3"
60        Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"

```

```

61   DebugInformationFormat="4"
62   />
63   <Tool
64     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
65   />
66   <Tool
67     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
68   />
69   <Tool
70     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
71   />
72   <Tool
73     Name="VCLinkerTool"
74     AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx86\match686.o
75     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
76     LinkIncremental="2"
77     GenerateManifest="false"
78     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
79     ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.pdb"
80     SubSystem="1"
81     RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
82     DataExecutionPrevention="0"
83     TargetMachine="1"
84   />
85   <Tool
86     Name="VCALinkTool"
87   />
88   <Tool
89     Name="VCManifestTool"
90   />
91   <Tool
92     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
93   />
94   <Tool
95     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
96   />
97   <Tool
98     Name="VCFxCopTool"
99   />
100  <Tool
101    Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
102  />
103  <Tool
104    Name="VCPPostBuildEventTool"
105  />
106  </Configuration>
107  <Configuration
108    Name="Debug|x64"
109    OutputDirectory="x64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)"
110    IntermediateDirectory="x64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)\
111    ConfigurationType="1"
112  >
113    <Tool
114      Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
115    />
116    <Tool
117      Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
118    />
119    <Tool
120      Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
121    />
122    <Tool
123      Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
124    />
125    <Tool
126      Name="VCIDLTool"

```

```

127     />
128     <Tool
129         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
130         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\.."
131         PreprocessorDefinitions="ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_
132         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
133         RuntimeLibrary="3"
134         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
135         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\\"
136     />
137     <Tool
138         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
139     />
140     <Tool
141         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
142     />
143     <Tool
144         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
145     />
146     <Tool
147         Name="VCLinkerTool"
148         AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.ob
149         GenerateManifest="false"
150     />
151     <Tool
152         Name="VCALinkTool"
153     />
154     <Tool
155         Name="VCManifestTool"
156     />
157     <Tool
158         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
159     />
160     <Tool
161         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
162     />
163     <Tool
164         Name="VCFxCopTool"
165     />
166     <Tool
167         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
168     />
169     <Tool
170         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
171     />
172 </Configuration>
173 <Configuration
174     Name="Debug|Itanium"
175     OutputDirectory="ia64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)"
176     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)
177     ConfigurationType="1"
178     CharacterSet="2"
179     >
180     <Tool
181         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
182     />
183     <Tool
184         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
185     />
186     <Tool
187         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
188     />
189     <Tool
190         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
191     />
192     <Tool

```

```

193         Name="VCIDLTool"
194         TargetEnvironment="2"
195     />
196     <Tool
197         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
198         Optimization="0"
199         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\.."
200         PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_WINAPI;_DEBUG;_CON
201         MinimalRebuild="true"
202         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
203         RuntimeLibrary="3"
204         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
205         UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
206         AssemblerOutput="4"
207         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\\"
208         WarningLevel="3"
209         Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
210         DebugInformationFormat="3"
211     />
212     <Tool
213         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
214     />
215     <Tool
216         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
217     />
218     <Tool
219         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
220     />
221     <Tool
222         Name="VCLinkerTool"
223         OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
224         LinkIncremental="2"
225         GenerateManifest="false"
226         GenerateDebugInformation="true"
227         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.pdb"
228         SubSystem="1"
229         TargetMachine="5"
230     />
231     <Tool
232         Name="VCALinkTool"
233     />
234     <Tool
235         Name="VCManifestTool"
236     />
237     <Tool
238         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
239     />
240     <Tool
241         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
242     />
243     <Tool
244         Name="VCFxCopTool"
245     />
246     <Tool
247         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
248     />
249     <Tool
250         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
251     />
252 </Configuration>
253 <Configuration
254     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32"
255     OutputDirectory="x86\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)"
256     IntermediateDirectory="x86\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)\
257     ConfigurationType="1"
258     CharacterSet="2"

```

```

259 WholeProgramOptimization="1"
260 >
261 <Tool
262     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
263 />
264 <Tool
265     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
266 />
267 <Tool
268     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
269 />
270 <Tool
271     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
272 />
273 <Tool
274     Name="VCIDLTool"
275 />
276 <Tool
277     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
278     Optimization="2"
279     InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
280     OmitFramePointers="true"
281     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\.."
282     PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBU
283     StringPooling="true"
284     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
285     RuntimeLibrary="0"
286     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
287     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
288     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
289     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
290     WarningLevel="3"
291     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
292     DebugInformationFormat="3"
293 />
294 <Tool
295     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
296 />
297 <Tool
298     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
299 />
300 <Tool
301     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
302 />
303 <Tool
304     Name="VCLinkerTool"
305     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
306     LinkIncremental="1"
307     GenerateManifest="false"
308     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
309     SubSystem="1"
310     OptimizeReferences="2"
311     EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
312     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
313     RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
314     DataExecutionPrevention="0"
315     TargetMachine="1"
316 />
317 <Tool
318     Name="VCALinkTool"
319 />
320 <Tool
321     Name="VCManifestTool"
322 />
323 <Tool
324     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"

```

```

325 />
326 <Tool
327     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
328 />
329 <Tool
330     Name="VCFxCopTool"
331 />
332 <Tool
333     Name="VCApVerifierTool"
334 />
335 <Tool
336     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
337 />
338 </Configuration>
339 <Configuration
340     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64"
341     OutputDirectory="x64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)"
342     IntermediateDirectory="x64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)\
343     ConfigurationType="1"
344     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
345 >
346 <Tool
347     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
348 />
349 <Tool
350     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
351 />
352 <Tool
353     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
354 />
355 <Tool
356     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
357 />
358 <Tool
359     Name="VCIDLTool"
360 />
361 <Tool
362     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
363     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\.."
364     PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBU
365     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
366     RuntimeLibrary="2"
367     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
368     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
369 />
370 <Tool
371     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
372 />
373 <Tool
374     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
375 />
376 <Tool
377     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
378 />
379 <Tool
380     Name="VCLinkerTool"
381     AdditionalDependencies=""
382     GenerateManifest="false"
383 />
384 <Tool
385     Name="VCALinkTool"
386 />
387 <Tool
388     Name="VCManifestTool"
389 />
390 <Tool

```

```

391         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
392     />
393     <Tool
394         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
395     />
396     <Tool
397         Name="VCFxCopTool"
398     />
399     <Tool
400         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
401     />
402     <Tool
403         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
404     />
405 </Configuration>
406 <Configuration
407     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium"
408     OutputDirectory="ia64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)"
409     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)\"
410     ConfigurationType="1"
411     CharacterSet="2"
412     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
413 >
414     <Tool
415         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
416     />
417     <Tool
418         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
419     />
420     <Tool
421         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
422     />
423     <Tool
424         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
425     />
426     <Tool
427         Name="VCIDLTool"
428         TargetEnvironment="2"
429     />
430     <Tool
431         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
432         Optimization="2"
433         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
434         OmitFramePointers="true"
435         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\.."
436         PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;_CON
437         StringPooling="true"
438         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
439         RuntimeLibrary="2"
440         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
441         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
442         UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
443         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\\"
444         WarningLevel="3"
445         Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
446         DebugInformationFormat="3"
447     />
448     <Tool
449         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
450     />
451     <Tool
452         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
453     />
454     <Tool
455         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
456     />

```

```

457     <Tool
458         Name="VCLinkerTool"
459         OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
460         LinkIncremental="1"
461         GenerateManifest="false"
462         GenerateDebugInformation="true"
463         SubSystem="1"
464         OptimizeReferences="2"
465         EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
466         OptimizeForWindows98="1"
467         TargetMachine="5"
468     />
469     <Tool
470         Name="VCALinkTool"
471     />
472     <Tool
473         Name="VCManifestTool"
474     />
475     <Tool
476         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
477     />
478     <Tool
479         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
480     />
481     <Tool
482         Name="VCFxCopTool"
483     />
484     <Tool
485         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
486     />
487     <Tool
488         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
489     />
490 </Configuration>
491 <Configuration
492     Name="Release|Win32"
493     OutputDirectory="x86\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)"
494     IntermediateDirectory="x86\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)\"
495     ConfigurationType="1"
496     CharacterSet="2"
497     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
498 >
499     <Tool
500         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
501     />
502     <Tool
503         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
504     />
505     <Tool
506         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
507     />
508     <Tool
509         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
510     />
511     <Tool
512         Name="VCIDLTool"
513     />
514     <Tool
515         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
516         Optimization="2"
517         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
518         OmitFramePointers="true"
519         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\.."
520         PreprocessorDefinitions="ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_
521         StringPooling="true"
522         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"

```

```

523     RuntimeLibrary="0"
524     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
525     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
526     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
527     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
528     WarningLevel="3"
529     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
530     DebugInformationFormat="3"
531     />
532     <Tool
533     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
534     />
535     <Tool
536     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
537     />
538     <Tool
539     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
540     />
541     <Tool
542     Name="VCLinkerTool"
543     AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx86\match686.o
544     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
545     LinkIncremental="1"
546     GenerateManifest="false"
547     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
548     SubSystem="1"
549     OptimizeReferences="2"
550     EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
551     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
552     RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
553     DataExecutionPrevention="0"
554     TargetMachine="1"
555     />
556     <Tool
557     Name="VCALinkTool"
558     />
559     <Tool
560     Name="VCManifestTool"
561     />
562     <Tool
563     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
564     />
565     <Tool
566     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
567     />
568     <Tool
569     Name="VCFxCopTool"
570     />
571     <Tool
572     Name="VCApVerifierTool"
573     />
574     <Tool
575     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
576     />
577 </Configuration>
578 <Configuration
579     Name="Release|x64"
580     OutputDirectory="x64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)"
581     IntermediateDirectory="x64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)\
582     ConfigurationType="1"
583     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
584     >
585     <Tool
586     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
587     />
588     <Tool

```

```

589     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
590     />
591     <Tool
592     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
593     />
594     <Tool
595     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
596     />
597     <Tool
598     Name="VCIDLTool"
599     />
600     <Tool
601     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
602     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\.."
603     PreprocessorDefinitions="ASMV;ASMINF;WIN32;ZLIB_
604     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
605     RuntimeLibrary="0"
606     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
607     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
608     />
609     <Tool
610     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
611     />
612     <Tool
613     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
614     />
615     <Tool
616     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
617     />
618     <Tool
619     Name="VCLinkerTool"
620     AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.ob
621     GenerateManifest="false"
622     />
623     <Tool
624     Name="VCALinkTool"
625     />
626     <Tool
627     Name="VCManifestTool"
628     />
629     <Tool
630     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
631     />
632     <Tool
633     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
634     />
635     <Tool
636     Name="VCFxCopTool"
637     />
638     <Tool
639     Name="VCApVerifierTool"
640     />
641     <Tool
642     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
643     />
644 </Configuration>
645 <Configuration
646     Name="Release|Itanium"
647     OutputDirectory="ia64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)"
648     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\TestZlib$(ConfigurationName)
649     ConfigurationType="1"
650     CharacterSet="2"
651     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
652     >
653     <Tool
654     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"

```

```

655     />
656     <Tool
657         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
658     />
659     <Tool
660         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
661     />
662     <Tool
663         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
664     />
665     <Tool
666         Name="VCMIDLTool"
667         TargetEnvironment="2"
668     />
669     <Tool
670         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
671         Optimization="2"
672         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
673         OmitFramePointers="true"
674         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\.."
675         PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_WINAPI;NDEBUG;_CON
676         StringPooling="true"
677         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
678         RuntimeLibrary="2"
679         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
680         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
681         UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
682         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
683         WarningLevel="3"
684         Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
685         DebugInformationFormat="3"
686     />
687     <Tool
688         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
689     />
690     <Tool
691         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
692     />
693     <Tool
694         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
695     />
696     <Tool
697         Name="VCLinkerTool"
698         OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
699         LinkIncremental="1"
700         GenerateManifest="false"
701         GenerateDebugInformation="true"
702         SubSystem="1"
703         OptimizeReferences="2"
704         EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
705         OptimizeForWindows98="1"
706         TargetMachine="5"
707     />
708     <Tool
709         Name="VCALinkTool"
710     />
711     <Tool
712         Name="VCManifestTool"
713     />
714     <Tool
715         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
716     />
717     <Tool
718         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
719     />
720     <Tool

```

```

721         Name="VCFxCopTool"
722     />
723     <Tool
724         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
725     />
726     <Tool
727         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
728     />
729     </Configuration>
730 </Configurations>
731 <References>
732 </References>
733 <Files>
734     <Filter
735         Name="Source Files"
736         Filter="cpp;c;cxx;def;odl;idl;hpj;bat;asm"
737     >
738     <File
739         RelativePath="..\..\..\adler32.c"
740     >
741     </File>
742     <File
743         RelativePath="..\..\..\compress.c"
744     >
745     </File>
746     <File
747         RelativePath="..\..\..\crc32.c"
748     >
749     </File>
750     <File
751         RelativePath="..\..\..\deflate.c"
752     >
753     </File>
754     <File
755         RelativePath="..\..\..\inffas.c"
756     >
757     </File>
758     <File
759         RelativePath="..\..\..\inffas8664.c"
760     >
761     <FileConfiguration
762         Name="Debug|Win32"
763         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
764     >
765     <Tool
766         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
767     />
768     </FileConfiguration>
769     <FileConfiguration
770         Name="Debug|Itanium"
771         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
772     >
773     <Tool
774         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
775     />
776     </FileConfiguration>
777     <FileConfiguration
778         Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32"
779         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
780     >
781     <Tool
782         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
783     />
784     </FileConfiguration>
785     <FileConfiguration
786         Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium"

```

```

787         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
788     >
789     <Tool
790         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
791     />
792 </FileConfiguration>
793 <FileConfiguration
794     Name="Release|Win32"
795     ExcludedFromBuild="true"
796 >
797     <Tool
798         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
799     />
800 </FileConfiguration>
801 <FileConfiguration
802     Name="Release|Itanium"
803     ExcludedFromBuild="true"
804 >
805     <Tool
806         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
807     />
808 </FileConfiguration>
809 </File>
810 <File
811     RelativePath="..\..\..\inffast.c"
812 >
813 </File>
814 <File
815     RelativePath="..\..\..\inflate.c"
816 >
817 </File>
818 <File
819     RelativePath="..\..\..\inftrees.c"
820 >
821 </File>
822 <File
823     RelativePath="..\..\testzlib\testzlib.c"
824 >
825 </File>
826 <File
827     RelativePath="..\..\..\trees.c"
828 >
829 </File>
830 <File
831     RelativePath="..\..\..\uncompr.c"
832 >
833 </File>
834 <File
835     RelativePath="..\..\..\zutil.c"
836 >
837 </File>
838 </Filter>
839 <Filter
840     Name="Header Files"
841     Filter="h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;inc"
842 >
843 </Filter>
844 <Filter
845     Name="Resource Files"
846     Filter="rc;ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;rgs;gif;jpg;jpeg;
847 >
848 </Filter>
849 </Files>
850 <Globals>
851 </Globals>
852 </VisualStudioProject>

```

```

*****
12978 Wed Apr 1 15:57:22 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/testzlibdll.vcproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="Windows-1252"?>
2 <VisualStudioProject
3   ProjectType="Visual C++"
4   Version="9.00"
5   Name="TestZlibDll"
6   ProjectGUID="{C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}"
7   Keyword="Win32Proj"
8   TargetFrameworkVersion="131072"
9 >
10 <Platforms>
11   <Platform
12     Name="Win32"
13   />
14   <Platform
15     Name="x64"
16   />
17   <Platform
18     Name="Itanium"
19   />
20 </Platforms>
21 <ToolFiles>
22 </ToolFiles>
23 <Configurations>
24   <Configuration
25     Name="Debug|Win32"
26     OutputDirectory="x86\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
27     IntermediateDirectory="x86\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
28     ConfigurationType="1"
29     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
30     CharacterSet="2"
31   >
32     <Tool
33       Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
34     />
35     <Tool
36       Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
37     />
38     <Tool
39       Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
40     />
41     <Tool
42       Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
43     />
44     <Tool
45       Name="VCIDLTool"
46     />
47     <Tool
48       Name="VCLCompilerTool"
49       Optimization="0"
50       AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\min
51       PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
52       MinimalRebuild="true"
53       BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
54       RuntimeLibrary="1"
55       BufferSecurityCheck="false"
56       UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
57       AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\\"
58       WarningLevel="3"
59       Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
60       DebugInformationFormat="4"

```

```

61 />
62 <Tool
63   Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
64 />
65 <Tool
66   Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
67 />
68 <Tool
69   Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
70 />
71 <Tool
72   Name="VCLinkerTool"
73   AdditionalDependencies="x86\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwap
74   OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
75   LinkIncremental="2"
76   GenerateManifest="false"
77   GenerateDebugInformation="true"
78   ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.pdb"
79   SubSystem="1"
80   RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
81   DataExecutionPrevention="0"
82   TargetMachine="1"
83 />
84 <Tool
85   Name="VCALinkTool"
86 />
87 <Tool
88   Name="VCManifestTool"
89 />
90 <Tool
91   Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
92 />
93 <Tool
94   Name="VCBscMakeTool"
95 />
96 <Tool
97   Name="VCFxCopTool"
98 />
99 <Tool
100   Name="VCApVerifierTool"
101 />
102 <Tool
103   Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
104 />
105 </Configuration>
106 <Configuration
107   Name="Release|Win32"
108   OutputDirectory="x86\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
109   IntermediateDirectory="x86\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
110   ConfigurationType="1"
111   InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
112   CharacterSet="2"
113 >
114   <Tool
115     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
116   />
117   <Tool
118     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
119   />
120   <Tool
121     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
122   />
123   <Tool
124     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
125   />
126   <Tool

```



```

127     Name="VCIDLTool"
128     />
129     <Tool
130     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
131     Optimization="2"
132     InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
133     OmitFramePointers="true"
134     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\min
135     PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
136     StringPooling="true"
137     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
138     RuntimeLibrary="0"
139     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
140     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
141     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
142     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
143     WarningLevel="3"
144     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
145     DebugInformationFormat="3"
146     />
147     <Tool
148     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
149     />
150     <Tool
151     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
152     />
153     <Tool
154     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
155     />
156     <Tool
157     Name="VCLinkerTool"
158     AdditionalDependencies="x86\ZlibDllRelease\zlibw
159     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
160     LinkIncremental="1"
161     GenerateManifest="false"
162     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
163     SubSystem="1"
164     OptimizeReferences="2"
165     EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
166     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
167     RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
168     DataExecutionPrevention="0"
169     TargetMachine="1"
170     />
171     <Tool
172     Name="VCALinkTool"
173     />
174     <Tool
175     Name="VCManifestTool"
176     />
177     <Tool
178     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
179     />
180     <Tool
181     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
182     />
183     <Tool
184     Name="VCFxCopTool"
185     />
186     <Tool
187     Name="VCAAppVerifierTool"
188     />
189     <Tool
190     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
191     />
192 </Configuration>

```

```

193     <Configuration
194     Name="Debug|x64"
195     OutputDirectory="x64\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
196     IntermediateDirectory="x64\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationNam
197     ConfigurationType="1"
198     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
199     CharacterSet="2"
200     >
201     <Tool
202     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
203     />
204     <Tool
205     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
206     />
207     <Tool
208     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
209     />
210     <Tool
211     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
212     />
213     <Tool
214     Name="VCIDLTool"
215     TargetEnvironment="3"
216     />
217     <Tool
218     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
219     Optimization="0"
220     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\min
221     PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
222     MinimalRebuild="true"
223     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
224     RuntimeLibrary="3"
225     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
226     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
227     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
228     WarningLevel="3"
229     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
230     DebugInformationFormat="3"
231     />
232     <Tool
233     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
234     />
235     <Tool
236     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
237     />
238     <Tool
239     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
240     />
241     <Tool
242     Name="VCLinkerTool"
243     AdditionalDependencies="x64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwap
244     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
245     LinkIncremental="2"
246     GenerateManifest="false"
247     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
248     ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.pdb"
249     SubSystem="1"
250     TargetMachine="17"
251     />
252     <Tool
253     Name="VCALinkTool"
254     />
255     <Tool
256     Name="VCManifestTool"
257     />
258     <Tool

```

```

259         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
260     />
261     <Tool
262         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
263     />
264     <Tool
265         Name="VCFxCopTool"
266     />
267     <Tool
268         Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
269     />
270     <Tool
271         Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
272     />
273     <Tool
274         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
275     />
276 </Configuration>
277 <Configuration
278     Name="Debug|Itanium"
279     OutputDirectory="ia64\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
280     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)
281     ConfigurationType="1"
282     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.v.props"
283     CharacterSet="2"
284 >
285     <Tool
286         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
287     />
288     <Tool
289         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
290     />
291     <Tool
292         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
293     />
294     <Tool
295         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
296     />
297     <Tool
298         Name="VCIDLTool"
299         TargetEnvironment="2"
300     />
301     <Tool
302         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
303         Optimization="0"
304         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
305         PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED
306         MinimalRebuild="true"
307         BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
308         RuntimeLibrary="3"
309         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
310         UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
311         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
312         WarningLevel="3"
313         Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
314         DebugInformationFormat="3"
315     />
316     <Tool
317         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
318     />
319     <Tool
320         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
321     />
322     <Tool
323         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
324     />

```

```

325     <Tool
326         Name="VCLinkerTool"
327         AdditionalDependencies="ia64\ZlibDllDebug\zlibwa
328         OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
329         LinkIncremental="2"
330         GenerateManifest="false"
331         GenerateDebugInformation="true"
332         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.pdb"
333         SubSystem="1"
334         TargetMachine="5"
335     />
336     <Tool
337         Name="VCALinkTool"
338     />
339     <Tool
340         Name="VCManifestTool"
341     />
342     <Tool
343         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
344     />
345     <Tool
346         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
347     />
348     <Tool
349         Name="VCFxCopTool"
350     />
351     <Tool
352         Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
353     />
354     <Tool
355         Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
356     />
357     <Tool
358         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
359     />
360 </Configuration>
361 <Configuration
362     Name="Release|x64"
363     OutputDirectory="x64\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
364     IntermediateDirectory="x64\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)
365     ConfigurationType="1"
366     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.v.props"
367     CharacterSet="2"
368 >
369     <Tool
370         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
371     />
372     <Tool
373         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
374     />
375     <Tool
376         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
377     />
378     <Tool
379         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
380     />
381     <Tool
382         Name="VCIDLTool"
383         TargetEnvironment="3"
384     />
385     <Tool
386         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
387         Optimization="2"
388         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
389         OmitFramePointers="true"
390         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min

```

```

391     PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
392     StringPooling="true"
393     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
394     RuntimeLibrary="2"
395     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
396     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
397     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
398     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
399     WarningLevel="3"
400     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
401     DebugInformationFormat="3"
402     />
403 <Tool
404     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
405     />
406 <Tool
407     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
408     />
409 <Tool
410     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
411     />
412 <Tool
413     Name="VCLinkerTool"
414     AdditionalDependencies="x64\ZlibDllRelease\zlib
415     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
416     LinkIncremental="1"
417     GenerateManifest="false"
418     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
419     SubSystem="1"
420     OptimizeReferences="2"
421     EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
422     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
423     TargetMachine="17"
424     />
425 <Tool
426     Name="VCALinkTool"
427     />
428 <Tool
429     Name="VCManifestTool"
430     />
431 <Tool
432     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
433     />
434 <Tool
435     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
436     />
437 <Tool
438     Name="VCFxCopTool"
439     />
440 <Tool
441     Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
442     />
443 <Tool
444     Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
445     />
446 <Tool
447     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
448     />
449 </Configuration>
450 <Configuration
451     Name="Release|Itanium"
452     OutputDirectory="ia64\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationName) "
453     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\TestZlibDll$(ConfigurationNa
454     ConfigurationType="1"
455     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
456     CharacterSet="2"

```

```

457     >
458 <Tool
459     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
460     />
461 <Tool
462     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
463     />
464 <Tool
465     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
466     />
467 <Tool
468     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
469     />
470 <Tool
471     Name="VCIDLTool"
472     TargetEnvironment="2"
473     />
474 <Tool
475     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
476     Optimization="2"
477     InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
478     OmitFramePointers="true"
479     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\min
480     PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
481     StringPooling="true"
482     BasicRuntimeChecks="0"
483     RuntimeLibrary="2"
484     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
485     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
486     UsePrecompiledHeader="0"
487     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
488     WarningLevel="3"
489     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
490     DebugInformationFormat="3"
491     />
492 <Tool
493     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
494     />
495 <Tool
496     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
497     />
498 <Tool
499     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
500     />
501 <Tool
502     Name="VCLinkerTool"
503     AdditionalDependencies="ia64\ZlibDllRelease\zlib
504     OutputFile="$(OutDir)/testzlib.exe"
505     LinkIncremental="1"
506     GenerateManifest="false"
507     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
508     SubSystem="1"
509     OptimizeReferences="2"
510     EnableCOMDATFolding="2"
511     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
512     TargetMachine="5"
513     />
514 <Tool
515     Name="VCALinkTool"
516     />
517 <Tool
518     Name="VCManifestTool"
519     />
520 <Tool
521     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
522     />

```

```
523     <Tool
524         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
525     />
526     <Tool
527         Name="VCFxCopTool"
528     />
529     <Tool
530         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
531     />
532     <Tool
533         Name="VCWebDeploymentTool"
534     />
535     <Tool
536         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
537     />
538 </Configuration>
539 </Configurations>
540 <References>
541 </References>
542 <Files>
543     <Filter
544         Name="Source Files"
545         Filter="cpp;c;cxx;def;odl;idl;hpj;bat;asm"
546     >
547         <File
548             RelativePath="..\..\testzlib\testzlib.c"
549         >
550     </File>
551 </Filter>
552     <Filter
553         Name="Header Files"
554         Filter="h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;inc"
555     >
556 </Filter>
557     <Filter
558         Name="Resource Files"
559         Filter="rc;ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;rgs;gif;jpg;jpeg;
560     >
561 </Filter>
562 </Files>
563 <Globals>
564 </Globals>
565 </VisualStudioProject>
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/zlib.rc

1

948 Wed Apr 1 15:57:22 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/zlib.rc

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #include <windows.h>
2
3 #define IDR_VERSION1 1
4 IDR_VERSION1 VERSIONINFO MOVEABLE IMPURE LOADONCALL DISCARDABLE
5 FILEVERSION 1,2,8,0
6 PRODUCTVERSION 1,2,8,0
7 FILEFLAGSMASK VS_FFI_FILEFLAGSMASK
8 FILEFLAGS 0
9 FILEOS VOS_DOS_WINDOWS32
10 FILETYPE VFT_DLL
11 FILESUBTYPE 0 // not used
12 BEGIN
13 BLOCK "StringFileInfo"
14 BEGIN
15 BLOCK "040904E4"
16 //language ID = U.S. English, char set = Windows, Multilingual
17
18 BEGIN
19 VALUE "FileDescription", "zlib data compression and ZIP file I/O library\0"
20 VALUE "FileVersion", "1.2.8\0"
21 VALUE "InternalName", "zlib\0"
22 VALUE "OriginalFilename", "zlibwapi.dll\0"
23 VALUE "ProductName", "ZLib.DLL\0"
24 VALUE "Comments", "DLL support by Alessandro Iacopetti & Gilles Vollant\0"
25 VALUE "LegalCopyright", "(C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly & Mark Adler\0"
26 END
27 END
28 BLOCK "VarFileInfo"
29 BEGIN
30 VALUE "Translation", 0x0409, 1252
31 END
32 END
```

19532 Wed Apr 1 15:57:22 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/zlibstat.vcproj

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="Windows-1252"?>
2 <VisualStudioProject
3   ProjectType="Visual C++"
4   Version="9,00"
5   Name="zlibstat"
6   ProjectGUID="{745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}"
7   TargetFrameworkVersion="131072"
8   >
9   <Platforms>
10    <Platform
11      Name="Win32"
12    />
13    <Platform
14      Name="x64"
15    />
16    <Platform
17      Name="Itanium"
18    />
19  </Platforms>
20  <ToolFiles>
21  </ToolFiles>
22  <Configurations>
23    <Configuration
24      Name="Debug|Win32"
25      OutputDirectory="x86\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)"
26      IntermediateDirectory="x86\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)\
27      ConfigurationType="4"
28      InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
29      UseOfMFC="0"
30      ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
31    >
32      <Tool
33        Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
34      />
35      <Tool
36        Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
37      />
38      <Tool
39        Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
40      />
41      <Tool
42        Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
43      />
44      <Tool
45        Name="VCIDLTool"
46      />
47      <Tool
48        Name="VCLCompilerTool"
49        Optimization="0"
50        AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
51        PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_
52        ExceptionHandling="0"
53        RuntimeLibrary="1"
54        BufferSecurityCheck="false"
55        PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibstat.pch"
56        AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
57        ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
58        ProgramDataBaseFile="$(OutDir)\
59        WarningLevel="3"
60        SuppressStartupBanner="true"

```

```

61      Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
62      DebugInformationFormat="1"
63    />
64    <Tool
65      Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
66    />
67    <Tool
68      Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
69      Culture="1036"
70    />
71    <Tool
72      Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
73    />
74    <Tool
75      Name="VCLibrarianTool"
76      AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:X86 /NODEFAULTLIB"
77      OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibstat.lib"
78      SuppressStartupBanner="true"
79    />
80    <Tool
81      Name="VCALinkTool"
82    />
83    <Tool
84      Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
85    />
86    <Tool
87      Name="VCBscMakeTool"
88    />
89    <Tool
90      Name="VCFxCopTool"
91    />
92    <Tool
93      Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
94    />
95  </Configuration>
96  <Configuration
97    Name="Debug|x64"
98    OutputDirectory="x64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)"
99    IntermediateDirectory="x64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)\
100    ConfigurationType="4"
101    InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
102    UseOfMFC="0"
103    ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
104  >
105    <Tool
106      Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
107    />
108    <Tool
109      Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
110    />
111    <Tool
112      Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
113    />
114    <Tool
115      Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
116    />
117    <Tool
118      Name="VCIDLTool"
119      TargetEnvironment="3"
120    />
121    <Tool
122      Name="VCLCompilerTool"
123      Optimization="0"
124      AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
125      PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTD
126      ExceptionHandling="0"

```

```

127     RuntimeLibrary="3"
128     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
129     PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibstat.pch"
130     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
131     ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
132     ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\
133     WarningLevel="3"
134     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
135     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
136     DebugInformationFormat="1"
137   />
138   <Tool
139     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
140   />
141   <Tool
142     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
143     Culture="1036"
144   />
145   <Tool
146     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
147   />
148   <Tool
149     Name="VCLibrarianTool"
150     AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:AMD64 /NODEFAULTLIB"
151     OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibstat.lib"
152     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
153   />
154   <Tool
155     Name="VCALinkTool"
156   />
157   <Tool
158     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
159   />
160   <Tool
161     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
162   />
163   <Tool
164     Name="VCFxCopTool"
165   />
166   <Tool
167     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
168   />
169 </Configuration>
170 <Configuration
171   Name="Debug|Itanium"
172   OutputDirectory="ia64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)"
173   IntermediateDirectory="ia64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)
174   ConfigurationType="4"
175   InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
176   UseOfMFC="0"
177   ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
178 >
179   <Tool
180     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
181   />
182   <Tool
183     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
184   />
185   <Tool
186     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
187   />
188   <Tool
189     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
190   />
191   <Tool
192     Name="VCIDLTool"

```

```

193     TargetEnvironment="2"
194   />
195   <Tool
196     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
197     Optimization="0"
198     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
199     PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTD
200     ExceptionHandling="0"
201     RuntimeLibrary="3"
202     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
203     PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibstat.pch"
204     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
205     ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
206     ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\
207     WarningLevel="3"
208     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
209     Detect64BitPortabilityProblems="true"
210     DebugInformationFormat="1"
211   />
212   <Tool
213     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
214   />
215   <Tool
216     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
217     Culture="1036"
218   />
219   <Tool
220     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
221   />
222   <Tool
223     Name="VCLibrarianTool"
224     AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:IA64 /NODEFAULTLIB"
225     OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibstat.lib"
226     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
227   />
228   <Tool
229     Name="VCALinkTool"
230   />
231   <Tool
232     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
233   />
234   <Tool
235     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
236   />
237   <Tool
238     Name="VCFxCopTool"
239   />
240   <Tool
241     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
242   />
243 </Configuration>
244 <Configuration
245   Name="Release|Win32"
246   OutputDirectory="x86\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)"
247   IntermediateDirectory="x86\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)\
248   ConfigurationType="4"
249   InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
250   UseOfMFC="0"
251   ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
252 >
253   <Tool
254     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
255   />
256   <Tool
257     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
258   />

```

```

259     <Tool
260         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
261     />
262     <Tool
263         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
264     />
265     <Tool
266         Name="VCMIDLTool"
267     />
268     <Tool
269         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
270         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
271         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
272         PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_
273         StringPooling="true"
274         ExceptionHandling="0"
275         RuntimeLibrary="0"
276         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
277         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
278         PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibstat.pch"
279         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
280         ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
281         ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\
282         WarningLevel="3"
283         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
284     />
285     <Tool
286         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
287     />
288     <Tool
289         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
290         Culture="1036"
291     />
292     <Tool
293         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
294     />
295     <Tool
296         Name="VCLibrarianTool"
297         AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:X86 /NODEFAULTLIB"
298         AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx86\match686.o
299         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibstat.lib"
300         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
301     />
302     <Tool
303         Name="VCALinkTool"
304     />
305     <Tool
306         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
307     />
308     <Tool
309         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
310     />
311     <Tool
312         Name="VCFxCopTool"
313     />
314     <Tool
315         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
316     />
317 </Configuration>
318 <Configuration
319     Name="Release|x64"
320     OutputDirectory="x64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)"
321     IntermediateDirectory="x64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)\
322     ConfigurationType="4"
323     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.v.props"
324     UseOfMFC="0"

```

```

325     ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
326 >
327     <Tool
328         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
329     />
330     <Tool
331         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
332     />
333     <Tool
334         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
335     />
336     <Tool
337         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
338     />
339     <Tool
340         Name="VCMIDLTool"
341         TargetEnvironment="3"
342     />
343     <Tool
344         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
345         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
346         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
347         PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTD
348         StringPooling="true"
349         ExceptionHandling="0"
350         RuntimeLibrary="2"
351         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
352         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
353         PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibstat.pch"
354         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
355         ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
356         ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\
357         WarningLevel="3"
358         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
359     />
360     <Tool
361         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
362     />
363     <Tool
364         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
365         Culture="1036"
366     />
367     <Tool
368         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
369     />
370     <Tool
371         Name="VCLibrarianTool"
372         AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:AMD64 /NODEFAULTLIB"
373         AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.ob
374         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibstat.lib"
375         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
376     />
377     <Tool
378         Name="VCALinkTool"
379     />
380     <Tool
381         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
382     />
383     <Tool
384         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
385     />
386     <Tool
387         Name="VCFxCopTool"
388     />
389     <Tool
390         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"

```



```

391     />
392   </Configuration>
393   <Configuration
394     Name="Release|Itanium"
395     OutputDirectory="ia64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)"
396     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)
397     ConfigurationType="4"
398     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
399     UseOfMFC="0"
400     ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
401   >
402     <Tool
403       Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
404     />
405     <Tool
406       Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
407     />
408     <Tool
409       Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
410     />
411     <Tool
412       Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
413     />
414     <Tool
415       Name="VCIDLTool"
416       TargetEnvironment="2"
417     />
418     <Tool
419       Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
420       InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
421       AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
422       PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTD
423       StringPooling="true"
424       ExceptionHandling="0"
425       RuntimeLibrary="2"
426       BufferSecurityCheck="false"
427       EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
428       PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibstat.pch"
429       AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\\"
430       ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\\"
431       ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\\"
432       WarningLevel="3"
433       SuppressStartupBanner="true"
434     />
435     <Tool
436       Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
437     />
438     <Tool
439       Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
440       Culture="1036"
441     />
442     <Tool
443       Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
444     />
445     <Tool
446       Name="VCLibrarianTool"
447       AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:IA64 /NODEFAULTLIB"
448       OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibstat.lib"
449       SuppressStartupBanner="true"
450     />
451     <Tool
452       Name="VCALinkTool"
453     />
454     <Tool
455       Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
456     />

```

```

457     <Tool
458       Name="VCBscMakeTool"
459     />
460     <Tool
461       Name="VCFxCopTool"
462     />
463     <Tool
464       Name="VCPoostBuildEventTool"
465     />
466   </Configuration>
467   <Configuration
468     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32"
469     OutputDirectory="x86\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)"
470     IntermediateDirectory="x86\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)\
471     ConfigurationType="4"
472     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
473     UseOfMFC="0"
474     ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
475   >
476     <Tool
477       Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
478     />
479     <Tool
480       Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
481     />
482     <Tool
483       Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
484     />
485     <Tool
486       Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
487     />
488     <Tool
489       Name="VCIDLTool"
490     />
491     <Tool
492       Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
493       InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
494       AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
495       PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_
496       StringPooling="true"
497       ExceptionHandling="0"
498       RuntimeLibrary="0"
499       BufferSecurityCheck="false"
500       EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
501       PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibstat.pch"
502       AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\\"
503       ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\\"
504       ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\\"
505       WarningLevel="3"
506       SuppressStartupBanner="true"
507     />
508     <Tool
509       Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
510     />
511     <Tool
512       Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
513       Culture="1036"
514     />
515     <Tool
516       Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
517     />
518     <Tool
519       Name="VCLibrarianTool"
520       AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:X86 /NODEFAULTLIB"
521       OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibstat.lib"
522       SuppressStartupBanner="true"

```

```

523     />
524     <Tool
525         Name="VCALinkTool"
526     />
527     <Tool
528         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
529     />
530     <Tool
531         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
532     />
533     <Tool
534         Name="VCFxCopTool"
535     />
536     <Tool
537         Name="VCPPostBuildEventTool"
538     />
539 </Configuration>
540 <Configuration
541     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64"
542     OutputDirectory="x64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)"
543     IntermediateDirectory="x64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)\
544     ConfigurationType="4"
545     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
546     UseOfMFC="0"
547     ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
548 >
549     <Tool
550         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
551     />
552     <Tool
553         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
554     />
555     <Tool
556         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
557     />
558     <Tool
559         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
560     />
561     <Tool
562         Name="VCMIDLTool"
563         TargetEnvironment="3"
564     />
565     <Tool
566         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
567         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
568         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
569         PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTD
570         StringPooling="true"
571         ExceptionHandling="0"
572         RuntimeLibrary="2"
573         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
574         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
575         PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibstat.pch"
576         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
577         ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
578         ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\
579         WarningLevel="3"
580         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
581     />
582     <Tool
583         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
584     />
585     <Tool
586         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
587         Culture="1036"
588     />

```

```

589     <Tool
590         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
591     />
592     <Tool
593         Name="VCLibrarianTool"
594         AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:AMD64 /NODEFAULTLIB"
595         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibstat.lib"
596         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
597     />
598     <Tool
599         Name="VCALinkTool"
600     />
601     <Tool
602         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
603     />
604     <Tool
605         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
606     />
607     <Tool
608         Name="VCFxCopTool"
609     />
610     <Tool
611         Name="VCPPostBuildEventTool"
612     />
613 </Configuration>
614 <Configuration
615     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium"
616     OutputDirectory="ia64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)"
617     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\ZlibStat$(ConfigurationName)
618     ConfigurationType="4"
619     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
620     UseOfMFC="0"
621     ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
622 >
623     <Tool
624         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
625     />
626     <Tool
627         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
628     />
629     <Tool
630         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
631     />
632     <Tool
633         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
634     />
635     <Tool
636         Name="VCMIDLTool"
637         TargetEnvironment="2"
638     />
639     <Tool
640         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
641         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
642         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
643         PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_WINAPI;_CRT_NONSTD
644         StringPooling="true"
645         ExceptionHandling="0"
646         RuntimeLibrary="2"
647         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
648         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
649         PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibstat.pch"
650         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
651         ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
652         ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\
653         WarningLevel="3"
654         SuppressStartupBanner="true"

```

```

655     />
656     <Tool
657         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
658     />
659     <Tool
660         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
661         Culture="1036"
662     />
663     <Tool
664         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
665     />
666     <Tool
667         Name="VCLibrarianTool"
668         AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:IA64 /NODEFAULTLIB"
669         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibstat.lib"
670         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
671     />
672     <Tool
673         Name="VCALinkTool"
674     />
675     <Tool
676         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
677     />
678     <Tool
679         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
680     />
681     <Tool
682         Name="VCFxCopTool"
683     />
684     <Tool
685         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
686     />
687 </Configuration>
688 </Configurations>
689 <References>
690 </References>
691 <Files>
692     <Filter
693         Name="Source Files"
694     >
695         <File
696             RelativePath="..\..\..\adler32.c"
697         >
698         </File>
699         <File
700             RelativePath="..\..\..\compress.c"
701         >
702         </File>
703         <File
704             RelativePath="..\..\..\crc32.c"
705         >
706         </File>
707         <File
708             RelativePath="..\..\..\deflate.c"
709         >
710         </File>
711         <File
712             RelativePath="..\..\..\gzclose.c"
713         >
714         </File>
715         <File
716             RelativePath="..\..\..\gzguts.h"
717         >
718         </File>
719         <File
720             RelativePath="..\..\..\zlib.c"

```

```

721     >
722 </File>
723 <File
724     RelativePath="..\..\..\gzread.c"
725 >
726 </File>
727 <File
728     RelativePath="..\..\..\gzwrite.c"
729 >
730 </File>
731 <File
732     RelativePath="..\..\..\inffback.c"
733 >
734 </File>
735 <File
736     RelativePath="..\..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c"
737 >
738 <FileConfiguration
739     Name="Debug|Win32"
740     ExcludedFromBuild="true"
741 >
742     <Tool
743         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
744     />
745 </FileConfiguration>
746 <FileConfiguration
747     Name="Debug|Itanium"
748     ExcludedFromBuild="true"
749 >
750     <Tool
751         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
752     />
753 </FileConfiguration>
754 <FileConfiguration
755     Name="Release|Win32"
756     ExcludedFromBuild="true"
757 >
758     <Tool
759         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
760     />
761 </FileConfiguration>
762 <FileConfiguration
763     Name="Release|Itanium"
764     ExcludedFromBuild="true"
765 >
766     <Tool
767         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
768     />
769 </FileConfiguration>
770 <FileConfiguration
771     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32"
772     ExcludedFromBuild="true"
773 >
774     <Tool
775         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
776     />
777 </FileConfiguration>
778 <FileConfiguration
779     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium"
780     ExcludedFromBuild="true"
781 >
782     <Tool
783         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
784     />
785 </FileConfiguration>
786 </File>

```

```
787     <File
788         RelativePath="..\..\..\inffast.c"
789     >
790 </File>
791 <File
792     RelativePath="..\..\..\inflate.c"
793 >
794 </File>
795 <File
796     RelativePath="..\..\..\inftrees.c"
797 >
798 </File>
799 <File
800     RelativePath="..\..\minizip\ioapi.c"
801 >
802 </File>
803 <File
804     RelativePath="..\..\..\trees.c"
805 >
806 </File>
807 <File
808     RelativePath="..\..\..\uncompr.c"
809 >
810 </File>
811 <File
812     RelativePath="..\..\minizip\unzip.c"
813 >
814 </File>
815 <File
816     RelativePath="..\..\minizip\zip.c"
817 >
818 </File>
819 <File
820     RelativePath=".\zlib.rc"
821 >
822 </File>
823 <File
824     RelativePath=".\zlibvc.def"
825 >
826 </File>
827 <File
828     RelativePath="..\..\..\zutil.c"
829 >
830 </File>
831 </Filter>
832 </Files>
833 <Globals>
834 </Globals>
835 </VisualStudioProject>
```

6756 Wed Apr 1 15:57:22 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/zlibvc.def
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 LIBRARY
2 ; zlib data compression and ZIP file I/O library
3
4 VERSION 1.2.8
5
6 EXPORTS
7     Adler32 @1
8     Compress @2
9     CRC32 @3
10    Deflate @4
11    DeflateCopy @5
12    DeflateEnd @6
13    DeflateInit2_ @7
14    DeflateInit_ @8
15    DeflateParams @9
16    DeflateReset @10
17    DeflateSetDictionary @11
18    GzClose @12
19    Gzdopen @13
20    GzError @14
21    GzFlush @15
22    GzOpen @16
23    GzRead @17
24    GzWrite @18
25    Inflate @19
26    InflateEnd @20
27    InflateInit2_ @21
28    InflateInit_ @22
29    InflateReset @23
30    InflateSetDictionary @24
31    InflateSync @25
32    Uncompress @26
33    ZlibVersion @27
34    GzPrintf @28
35    Gzputc @29
36    Gzgetc @30
37    Gzseek @31
38    Gzrewind @32
39    Gztell @33
40    GzEOF @34
41    GzSetParams @35
42    ZError @36
43    InflateSyncPoint @37
44    Get_crc_table @38
45    Compress2 @39
46    Gzputs @40
47    Gzgets @41
48    InflateCopy @42
49    InflateBackInit_ @43
50    InflateBack @44
51    InflateBackEnd @45
52    CompressBound @46
53    DeflateBound @47
54    GzClearerr @48
55    Gzungetc @49
56    ZlibCompileFlags @50
57    DeflatePrime @51
58    DeflatePending @52
59
60    unzOpen @61
```

```
61    unzClose @62
62    unzGetGlobalInfo @63
63    unzGetCurrentFileInfo @64
64    unzGoToFirstFile @65
65    unzGoToNextFile @66
66    unzOpenCurrentFile @67
67    unzReadCurrentFile @68
68    unzOpenCurrentFile3 @69
69    unzTell @70
70    unzEOF @71
71    unzCloseCurrentFile @72
72    unzGetGlobalComment @73
73    unzStringFileNameCompare @74
74    unzLocateFile @75
75    unzGetLocalExtrafield @76
76    unzOpen2 @77
77    unzOpenCurrentFile2 @78
78    unzOpenCurrentFilePassword @79
79
80    zipOpen @80
81    zipOpenNewFileInZip @81
82    zipWriteInFileInZip @82
83    zipCloseFileInZip @83
84    zipClose @84
85    zipOpenNewFileInZip2 @86
86    zipCloseFileInZipRaw @87
87    zipOpen2 @88
88    zipOpenNewFileInZip3 @89
89
90    unzGetFilePos @100
91    unzGoToFilePos @101
92
93    fill_win32_filefunc @110
94
95 ; zlibwapi v1.2.4 added:
96    fill_win32_filefunc64 @111
97    fill_win32_filefunc64A @112
98    fill_win32_filefunc64W @113
99
100    unzOpen64 @120
101    unzOpen2_64 @121
102    unzGetGlobalInfo64 @122
103    unzGetCurrentFileInfo64 @124
104    unzGetCurrentFileZStreamPos64 @125
105    unzTell64 @126
106    unzGetFilePos64 @127
107    unzGoToFilePos64 @128
108
109    zipOpen64 @130
110    zipOpen2_64 @131
111    zipOpenNewFileInZip64 @132
112    zipOpenNewFileInZip2_64 @133
113    zipOpenNewFileInZip3_64 @134
114    zipOpenNewFileInZip4_64 @135
115    zipCloseFileInZipRaw64 @136
116
117 ; zlib1 v1.2.4 added:
118    adler32_combine @140
119    crc32_combine @142
120    deflateSetHeader @144
121    deflateTune @145
122    gzbuffer @146
123    gzclose_r @147
124    gzclose_w @148
125    gzdirect @149
126    gzoffset @150
```

127	inflateGetHeader	@156
128	inflateMark	@157
129	inflatePrime	@158
130	inflateReset2	@159
131	inflateUndermine	@160
132		
133	; zlib1 v1.2.6 added:	
134	gzgetc_	@161
135	inflateResetKeep	@163
136	deflateResetKeep	@164
137		
138	; zlib1 v1.2.7 added:	
139	gzopen_w	@165
140		
141	; zlib1 v1.2.8 added:	
142	inflateGetDictionary	@166
143	gzvprintf	@167

```

*****
10612 Wed Apr 1 15:57:22 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/zlibvc.sln
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 i>?
2 Microsoft Visual Studio Solution File, Format Version 10.00
3 # Visual Studio 2008
4 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "zlibvc", "zlibvc.vcproj", ""
5 EndProject
6 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "zlibstat", "zlibstat.vcproj"
7 EndProject
8 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "testzlib", "testzlib.vcproj"
9 EndProject
10 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "TestZlibDll", "testzlibdll.
11 ProjectSection(ProjectDependencies) = postProject
12 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D} = {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC
13 EndProjectSection
14 EndProject
15 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "minizip", "minizip.vcproj",
16 ProjectSection(ProjectDependencies) = postProject
17 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D} = {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC
18 EndProjectSection
19 EndProject
20 Project("{8BC9CEB8-8B4A-11D0-8D11-00A0C91BC942}") = "miniunz", "miniunz.vcproj",
21 ProjectSection(ProjectDependencies) = postProject
22 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D} = {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC
23 EndProjectSection
24 EndProject
25 Global
26 GlobalSection(SolutionConfigurationPlatforms) = preSolution
27 Debug|Itanium = Debug|Itanium
28 Debug|Win32 = Debug|Win32
29 Debug|x64 = Debug|x64
30 Release|Itanium = Release|Itanium
31 Release|Win32 = Release|Win32
32 Release|x64 = Release|x64
33 ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium = ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
34 ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32 = ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32
35 ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64 = ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64
36 EndGlobalSection
37 GlobalSection(ProjectConfigurationPlatforms) = postSolution
38 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
39 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
40 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
41 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
42 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
43 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
44 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
45 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
46 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
47 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
48 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
49 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
50 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
51 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
52 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
53 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.B
54 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
55 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
56 {8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
57 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
58 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
59 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
60 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
{745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb

```

```

61 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
62 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
63 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
64 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
65 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
66 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
67 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
68 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
69 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
70 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
71 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.B
72 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
73 {745DEC58-EBB3-47A9-A9B8-4C6627C01BF8}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
74 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
75 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
76 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
77 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
78 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
79 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
80 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
81 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
82 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
83 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
84 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
85 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
86 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
87 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
88 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
89 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.B
90 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
91 AA6666AA-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Bui
92 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
93 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
94 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
95 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
96 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
97 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
98 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
99 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
100 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
101 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
102 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
103 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
104 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
105 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
106 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
107 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694366A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
108 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
109 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
110 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D
111 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
112 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
113 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
114 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
115 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
116 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
117 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
118 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
119 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
120 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
121 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
122 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
123 48CDD9DC-E09F-4135-9C0C-4FE50C3C654B}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
124 452F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Itanium.ActiveCfg =
125 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Itanium.Build.0 = D
126 C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Win32.ActiveCfg = D

```

```
127 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|Win32.Build.0 = Deb
128 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|x64.ActiveCfg = Deb
129 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Debug|x64.Build.0 = Debug
130 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Itanium.ActiveCfg
131 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Itanium.Build.0 =
132 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Win32.ActiveCfg =
133 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|Win32.Build.0 = R
134 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|x64.ActiveCfg = R
135 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.Release|x64.Build.0 = Rel
136 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
137 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium
138 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32.A
139 {C52F9E7B-498A-42BE-8DB4-85A15694382A}.ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64.Act
140 EndGlobalSection
141 GlobalSection(SolutionProperties) = preSolution
142 HideSolutionNode = FALSE
143 EndGlobalSection
144 EndGlobal
```



```

*****
28028 Wed Apr 1 15:57:22 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/contrib/vstudio/vc9/zlibvc.vcproj
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="Windows-1252"?>
2 <VisualStudioProject
3   ProjectType="Visual C++"
4   Version="9,00"
5   Name="zlibvc"
6   ProjectGUID="{8FD826F8-3739-44E6-8CC8-997122E53B8D}"
7   RootNamespace="zlibvc"
8   TargetFrameworkVersion="131072"
9   >
10  <Platforms>
11    <Platform
12      Name="Win32"
13    />
14    <Platform
15      Name="x64"
16    />
17    <Platform
18      Name="Itanium"
19    />
20  </Platforms>
21  <ToolFiles>
22  </ToolFiles>
23  <Configurations>
24    <Configuration
25      Name="Debug|Win32"
26      OutputDirectory="x86\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
27      IntermediateDirectory="x86\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)\T
28      ConfigurationType="2"
29      InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
30      UseOfMFC="0"
31      ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
32    >
33    <Tool
34      Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
35    />
36    <Tool
37      Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
38    />
39    <Tool
40      Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
41    />
42    <Tool
43      Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
44    />
45    <Tool
46      Name="VCMIDLTool"
47      PreprocessorDefinitions="_DEBUG"
48      MkTypLibCompatible="true"
49      SuppressStartupBanner="true"
50      TargetEnvironment="1"
51      TypeLibraryName="$(OutDir)/zlibvc.tlb"
52    />
53    <Tool
54      Name="VCLCompilerTool"
55      Optimization="0"
56      AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
57      PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
58      ExceptionHandling="0"
59      RuntimeLibrary="1"
60      BufferSecurityCheck="false"

```

```

61   PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibvc.pch"
62   AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
63   ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
64   ProgramDataBaseFile="$(OutDir)\
65   BrowseInformation="0"
66   WarningLevel="3"
67   SuppressStartupBanner="true"
68   DebugInformationFormat="4"
69 />
70 <Tool
71   Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
72 />
73 <Tool
74   Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
75   PreprocessorDefinitions="_DEBUG"
76   Culture="1036"
77 />
78 <Tool
79   Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
80 />
81 <Tool
82   Name="VCLinkerTool"
83   AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:I386"
84   AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx86\match686.o
85   OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.dll"
86   LinkIncremental="2"
87   SuppressStartupBanner="true"
88   GenerateManifest="false"
89   ModuleDefinitionFile="..\zlibvc.def"
90   GenerateDebugInformation="true"
91   ProgramDataBaseFile="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.pdb"
92   GenerateMapFile="true"
93   MapFileName="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.map"
94   SubSystem="2"
95   RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
96   DataExecutionPrevention="0"
97   ImportLibrary="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.lib"
98 />
99 <Tool
100   Name="VCALinkTool"
101 />
102 <Tool
103   Name="VCManifestTool"
104 />
105 <Tool
106   Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
107 />
108 <Tool
109   Name="VCBscMakeTool"
110 />
111 <Tool
112   Name="VCFxCopTool"
113 />
114 <Tool
115   Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
116 />
117 <Tool
118   Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
119 />
120 </Configuration>
121 <Configuration
122   Name="Debug|x64"
123   OutputDirectory="x64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
124   IntermediateDirectory="x64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)\T
125   ConfigurationType="2"
126   InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"

```

```

127 UseOfMFC="0"
128 ATLMinimizesCRuntimeLibraryUsage="false"
129 >
130 <Tool
131     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
132 />
133 <Tool
134     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
135 />
136 <Tool
137     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
138 />
139 <Tool
140     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
141 />
142 <Tool
143     Name="VCIDLTool"
144     PreprocessorDefinitions="_DEBUG"
145     MkTypLibCompatible="true"
146     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
147     TargetEnvironment="3"
148     TypeLibraryName="$(OutDir)/zlibvc.tlb"
149 />
150 <Tool
151     Name="VCLCompilerTool"
152     Optimization="0"
153     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
154     PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
155     ExceptionHandling="0"
156     RuntimeLibrary="3"
157     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
158     PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibvc.pch"
159     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\\"
160     ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\\"
161     ProgramDataBaseFile="$(OutDir)\\"
162     BrowseInformation="0"
163     WarningLevel="3"
164     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
165     DebugInformationFormat="3"
166 />
167 <Tool
168     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
169 />
170 <Tool
171     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
172     PreprocessorDefinitions="_DEBUG"
173     Culture="1036"
174 />
175 <Tool
176     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
177 />
178 <Tool
179     Name="VCLinkerTool"
180     AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx64\gvm64.ob
181     OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.dll"
182     LinkIncremental="2"
183     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
184     GenerateManifest="false"
185     ModuleDefinitionFile=".\zlibvc.def"
186     GenerateDebugInformation="true"
187     ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.pdb"
188     GenerateMapFile="true"
189     MapFileName="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.map"
190     SubSystem="2"
191     ImportLibrary="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.lib"
192     TargetMachine="17"

```

```

193 />
194 <Tool
195     Name="VCALinkTool"
196 />
197 <Tool
198     Name="VCManifestTool"
199 />
200 <Tool
201     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
202 />
203 <Tool
204     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
205 />
206 <Tool
207     Name="VCFxCopTool"
208 />
209 <Tool
210     Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
211 />
212 <Tool
213     Name="VCPPostBuildEventTool"
214 />
215 </Configuration>
216 <Configuration
217     Name="Debug|Itanium"
218     OutputDirectory="ia64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
219     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)\
220     ConfigurationType="2"
221     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
222     UseOfMFC="0"
223     ATLMinimizesCRuntimeLibraryUsage="false"
224 >
225 <Tool
226     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
227 />
228 <Tool
229     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
230 />
231 <Tool
232     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
233 />
234 <Tool
235     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
236 />
237 <Tool
238     Name="VCIDLTool"
239     PreprocessorDefinitions="_DEBUG"
240     MkTypLibCompatible="true"
241     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
242     TargetEnvironment="2"
243     TypeLibraryName="$(OutDir)/zlibvc.tlb"
244 />
245 <Tool
246     Name="VCLCompilerTool"
247     Optimization="0"
248     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
249     PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
250     ExceptionHandling="0"
251     RuntimeLibrary="3"
252     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
253     PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibvc.pch"
254     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\\"
255     ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\\"
256     ProgramDataBaseFile="$(OutDir)\\"
257     BrowseInformation="0"
258     WarningLevel="3"

```

```

259         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
260         DebugInformationFormat="3"
261     />
262     <Tool
263         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
264     />
265     <Tool
266         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
267         PreprocessorDefinitions="_DEBUG"
268         Culture="1036"
269     />
270     <Tool
271         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
272     />
273     <Tool
274         Name="VCLinkerTool"
275         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.dll"
276         LinkIncremental="2"
277         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
278         GenerateManifest="false"
279         ModuleDefinitionFile=". \zlibvc.def"
280         GenerateDebugInformation="true"
281         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.pdb"
282         GenerateMapFile="true"
283         MapFileName="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.map"
284         SubSystem="2"
285         ImportLibrary="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.lib"
286         TargetMachine="5"
287     />
288     <Tool
289         Name="VCALinkTool"
290     />
291     <Tool
292         Name="VCManifestTool"
293     />
294     <Tool
295         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
296     />
297     <Tool
298         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
299     />
300     <Tool
301         Name="VCFxCopTool"
302     />
303     <Tool
304         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
305     />
306     <Tool
307         Name="VCPoBuildEventTool"
308     />
309 </Configuration>
310 <Configuration
311     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32"
312     OutputDirectory="x86\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
313     IntermediateDirectory="x86\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)\T
314     ConfigurationType="2"
315     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
316     UseOfMFC="0"
317     ATLMinimizesCRuntimeLibraryUsage="false"
318     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
319     >
320     <Tool
321         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
322     />
323     <Tool
324         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"

```

```

325     />
326     <Tool
327         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
328     />
329     <Tool
330         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
331     />
332     <Tool
333         Name="VCMIDLTool"
334         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
335         MkTypLibCompatible="true"
336         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
337         TargetEnvironment="1"
338         TypeLibraryName="$(OutDir)/zlibvc.tlb"
339     />
340     <Tool
341         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
342         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
343         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
344         PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
345         StringPooling="true"
346         ExceptionHandling="0"
347         RuntimeLibrary="2"
348         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
349         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
350         PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibvc.pch"
351         AssemblerOutput="2"
352         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
353         ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
354         ProgramDataBaseFile="$(OutDir)\
355         BrowseInformation="0"
356         WarningLevel="3"
357         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
358     />
359     <Tool
360         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
361     />
362     <Tool
363         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
364         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
365         Culture="1036"
366     />
367     <Tool
368         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
369     />
370     <Tool
371         Name="VCLinkerTool"
372         AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:I386"
373         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.dll"
374         LinkIncremental="1"
375         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
376         GenerateManifest="false"
377         IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries="false"
378         ModuleDefinitionFile=". \zlibvc.def"
379         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.pdb"
380         GenerateMapFile="true"
381         MapFileName="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.map"
382         SubSystem="2"
383         OptimizeForWindows98="1"
384         RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
385         DataExecutionPrevention="0"
386         ImportLibrary="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.lib"
387     />
388     <Tool
389         Name="VCALinkTool"
390     />

```

```

391     <Tool
392         Name="VCManifestTool"
393     />
394     <Tool
395         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
396     />
397     <Tool
398         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
399     />
400     <Tool
401         Name="VCFxCopTool"
402     />
403     <Tool
404         Name="VCAAppVerifierTool"
405     />
406     <Tool
407         Name="VCPPostBuildEventTool"
408     />
409 </Configuration>
410 <Configuration
411     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|x64"
412     OutputDirectory="x64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
413     IntermediateDirectory="x64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)\T
414     ConfigurationType="2"
415     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
416     UseOfMFC="0"
417     ATLMinimizesCRuntimeLibraryUsage="false"
418     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
419     >
420     <Tool
421         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
422     />
423     <Tool
424         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
425     />
426     <Tool
427         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
428     />
429     <Tool
430         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
431     />
432     <Tool
433         Name="VCMIDLTool"
434         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
435         MkTypLibCompatible="true"
436         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
437         TargetEnvironment="3"
438         TypeLibraryName="$(OutDir)/zlibvc.tlb"
439     />
440     <Tool
441         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
442         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
443         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
444         PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
445         StringPooling="true"
446         ExceptionHandling="0"
447         RuntimeLibrary="2"
448         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
449         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
450         PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibvc.pch"
451         AssemblerOutput="2"
452         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\\"
453         ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\\"
454         ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\\"
455         BrowseInformation="0"
456         WarningLevel="3"

```

```

457         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
458     />
459     <Tool
460         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
461     />
462     <Tool
463         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
464         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
465         Culture="1036"
466     />
467     <Tool
468         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
469     />
470     <Tool
471         Name="VCLinkerTool"
472         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.dll"
473         LinkIncremental="1"
474         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
475         GenerateManifest="false"
476         IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries="false"
477         ModuleDefinitionFile=".\zlibvc.def"
478         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.pdb"
479         GenerateMapFile="true"
480         MapFileName="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.map"
481         SubSystem="2"
482         OptimizeForWindows98="1"
483         ImportLibrary="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.lib"
484         TargetMachine="17"
485     />
486     <Tool
487         Name="VCALinkTool"
488     />
489     <Tool
490         Name="VCManifestTool"
491     />
492     <Tool
493         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
494     />
495     <Tool
496         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
497     />
498     <Tool
499         Name="VCFxCopTool"
500     />
501     <Tool
502         Name="VCAAppVerifierTool"
503     />
504     <Tool
505         Name="VCPPostBuildEventTool"
506     />
507 </Configuration>
508 <Configuration
509     Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium"
510     OutputDirectory="ia64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
511     IntermediateDirectory="ia64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)\
512     ConfigurationType="2"
513     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
514     UseOfMFC="0"
515     ATLMinimizesCRuntimeLibraryUsage="false"
516     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
517     >
518     <Tool
519         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
520     />
521     <Tool
522         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"

```

```

523     />
524     <Tool
525         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
526     />
527     <Tool
528         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
529     />
530     <Tool
531         Name="VCMIDLTool"
532         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
533         MkTypLibCompatible="true"
534         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
535         TargetEnvironment="2"
536         TypeLibraryName="$(OutDir)/zlibvc.tlb"
537     />
538     <Tool
539         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
540         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
541         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
542         PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
543         StringPooling="true"
544         ExceptionHandling="0"
545         RuntimeLibrary="2"
546         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
547         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
548         PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibvc.pch"
549         AssemblerOutput="2"
550         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
551         ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
552         ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\
553         BrowseInformation="0"
554         WarningLevel="3"
555         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
556     />
557     <Tool
558         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
559     />
560     <Tool
561         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
562         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
563         Culture="1036"
564     />
565     <Tool
566         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
567     />
568     <Tool
569         Name="VCLinkerTool"
570         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.dll"
571         LinkIncremental="1"
572         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
573         GenerateManifest="false"
574         IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries="false"
575         ModuleDefinitionFile=".\zlibvc.def"
576         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.pdb"
577         GenerateMapFile="true"
578         MapFileName="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.map"
579         SubSystem="2"
580         OptimizeForWindows98="1"
581         ImportLibrary="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.lib"
582         TargetMachine="5"
583     />
584     <Tool
585         Name="VCALinkTool"
586     />
587     <Tool
588         Name="VCManifestTool"

```

```

589     />
590     <Tool
591         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
592     />
593     <Tool
594         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
595     />
596     <Tool
597         Name="VCFxCopTool"
598     />
599     <Tool
600         Name="VCAppVerifierTool"
601     />
602     <Tool
603         Name="VCPoBuildEventTool"
604     />
605     </Configuration>
606     <Configuration
607         Name="Release|Win32"
608         OutputDirectory="x86\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
609         IntermediateDirectory="x86\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)\T
610         ConfigurationType="2"
611         InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
612         UseOfMFC="0"
613         ATLMinimizesCRuntimeLibraryUsage="false"
614         WholeProgramOptimization="1"
615     >
616     <Tool
617         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
618     />
619     <Tool
620         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
621     />
622     <Tool
623         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
624     />
625     <Tool
626         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
627     />
628     <Tool
629         Name="VCMIDLTool"
630         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
631         MkTypLibCompatible="true"
632         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
633         TargetEnvironment="1"
634         TypeLibraryName="$(OutDir)/zlibvc.tlb"
635     />
636     <Tool
637         Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
638         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
639         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
640         PreprocessorDefinitions="WIN32;_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_D
641         StringPooling="true"
642         ExceptionHandling="0"
643         RuntimeLibrary="0"
644         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
645         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
646         PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibvc.pch"
647         AssemblerOutput="2"
648         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
649         ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
650         ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(OutDir)\
651         BrowseInformation="0"
652         WarningLevel="3"
653         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
654     />

```

```

655     <Tool
656         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
657     />
658     <Tool
659         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
660         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
661         Culture="1036"
662     />
663     <Tool
664         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
665     />
666     <Tool
667         Name="VCLinkerTool"
668         AdditionalOptions="/MACHINE:I386"
669         AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx86\match686.o
670         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.dll"
671         LinkIncremental="1"
672         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
673         GenerateManifest="false"
674         IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries="false"
675         ModuleDefinitionFile="..\zlibvc.def"
676         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.pdb"
677         GenerateMapFile="true"
678         MapFileName="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.map"
679         SubSystem="2"
680         OptimizeForWindows98="1"
681         RandomizedBaseAddress="1"
682         DataExecutionPrevention="0"
683         ImportLibrary="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.lib"
684     />
685     <Tool
686         Name="VCALinkTool"
687     />
688     <Tool
689         Name="VCManifestTool"
690     />
691     <Tool
692         Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
693     />
694     <Tool
695         Name="VCBscMakeTool"
696     />
697     <Tool
698         Name="VCFxCopTool"
699     />
700     <Tool
701         Name="VCApVerifierTool"
702     />
703     <Tool
704         Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
705     />
706 </Configuration>
707 <Configuration
708     Name="Release|x64"
709     OutputDirectory="x64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)"
710     IntermediateDirectory="x64\ZlibDll$(ConfigurationName)\T
711     ConfigurationType="2"
712     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
713     UseOfMFC="0"
714     ATLMinimizesCRunTimeLibraryUsage="false"
715     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
716 >
717     <Tool
718         Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
719     />
720     <Tool

```

```

721         Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
722     />
723     <Tool
724         Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
725     />
726     <Tool
727         Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
728     />
729     <Tool
730         Name="VCIDLTool"
731         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
732         MkTypLibCompatible="true"
733         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
734         TargetEnvironment="3"
735         TypeLibraryName="$(OutDir)/zlibvc.tlb"
736     />
737     <Tool
738         Name="VCLCompilerTool"
739         InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
740         AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
741         PreprocessorDefinitions="_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
742         StringPooling="true"
743         ExceptionHandling="0"
744         RuntimeLibrary="2"
745         BufferSecurityCheck="false"
746         EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
747         PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)/zlibvc.pch"
748         AssemblerOutput="2"
749         AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
750         ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
751         ProgramDataBaseFile="$(OutDir)\
752         BrowseInformation="0"
753         WarningLevel="3"
754         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
755     />
756     <Tool
757         Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
758     />
759     <Tool
760         Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
761         PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
762         Culture="1036"
763     />
764     <Tool
765         Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
766     />
767     <Tool
768         Name="VCLinkerTool"
769         AdditionalDependencies="..\..\masmx64\gvmat64.ob
770         OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.dll"
771         LinkIncremental="1"
772         SuppressStartupBanner="true"
773         GenerateManifest="false"
774         IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries="false"
775         ModuleDefinitionFile="..\zlibvc.def"
776         ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.pdb"
777         GenerateMapFile="true"
778         MapFileName="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.map"
779         SubSystem="2"
780         OptimizeForWindows98="1"
781         ImportLibrary="$(OutDir)/zlibwapi.lib"
782         TargetMachine="17"
783     />
784     <Tool
785         Name="VCALinkTool"
786     />

```

```
787 <Tool
788     Name="VCManifestTool"
789 />
790 <Tool
791     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
792 />
793 <Tool
794     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
795 />
796 <Tool
797     Name="VCFxCopTool"
798 />
799 <Tool
800     Name="VCApPVerifierTool"
801 />
802 <Tool
803     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
804 />
805 </Configuration>
806 <Configuration
807     Name="Release|Itanium"
808     OutputDirectory="$(IntDir)\$(ConfigurationName)"
809     IntermediateDirectory="$(IntDir)\$(ConfigurationName)\
810     ConfigurationType="2"
811     InheritedPropertySheets="UpgradeFromVC70.vsprops"
812     UseOfMFC="0"
813     ATLMinimizesCRuntimeLibraryUsage="false"
814     WholeProgramOptimization="1"
815 >
816 <Tool
817     Name="VCPreBuildEventTool"
818 />
819 <Tool
820     Name="VCCustomBuildTool"
821 />
822 <Tool
823     Name="VCXMLDataGeneratorTool"
824 />
825 <Tool
826     Name="VCWebServiceProxyGeneratorTool"
827 />
828 <Tool
829     Name="VCIDLTool"
830     PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
831     MktypLibCompatible="true"
832     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
833     TargetEnvironment="2"
834     TypeLibraryName="$(IntDir)\zlibvc.tlb"
835 />
836 <Tool
837     Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
838     InlineFunctionExpansion="1"
839     AdditionalIncludeDirectories="..\..\..\..\mas
840     PreprocessorDefinitions=_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECA
841     StringPooling="true"
842     ExceptionHandling="0"
843     RuntimeLibrary="2"
844     BufferSecurityCheck="false"
845     EnableFunctionLevelLinking="true"
846     PrecompiledHeaderFile="$(IntDir)\zlibvc.pch"
847     AssemblerOutput="2"
848     AssemblerListingLocation="$(IntDir)\
849     ObjectFile="$(IntDir)\
850     ProgramDataBaseFileName="$(IntDir)\
851     BrowseInformation="0"
852     WarningLevel="3"
```

```
853     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
854 />
855 <Tool
856     Name="VCManagedResourceCompilerTool"
857 />
858 <Tool
859     Name="VCResourceCompilerTool"
860     PreprocessorDefinitions="NDEBUG"
861     Culture="1036"
862 />
863 <Tool
864     Name="VCPreLinkEventTool"
865 />
866 <Tool
867     Name="VCLinkerTool"
868     OutputFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.dll"
869     LinkIncremental="1"
870     SuppressStartupBanner="true"
871     GenerateManifest="false"
872     IgnoreAllDefaultLibraries="false"
873     ModuleDefinitionFile="..\zlibvc.def"
874     ProgramDatabaseFile="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.pdb"
875     GenerateMapFile="true"
876     MapFileName="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.map"
877     SubSystem="2"
878     OptimizeForWindows98="1"
879     ImportLibrary="$(OutDir)\zlibwapi.lib"
880     TargetMachine="5"
881 />
882 <Tool
883     Name="VCALinkTool"
884 />
885 <Tool
886     Name="VCManifestTool"
887 />
888 <Tool
889     Name="VCXDCMakeTool"
890 />
891 <Tool
892     Name="VCBscMakeTool"
893 />
894 <Tool
895     Name="VCFxCopTool"
896 />
897 <Tool
898     Name="VCApPVerifierTool"
899 />
900 <Tool
901     Name="VCPostBuildEventTool"
902 />
903 </Configuration>
904 </Configurations>
905 <References>
906 </References>
907 <Files>
908 <Filter
909     Name="Source Files"
910     Filter="*.cpp;*.c;*.cxx;*.rc;*.def;*.r;*.odl;*.hpj;*.bat;*.for;*.f90"
911 >
912 <File
913     RelativePath="..\..\..\adler32.c"
914 >
915 </File>
916 <File
917     RelativePath="..\..\..\compress.c"
918 >
```

```

919     </File>
920     <File
921         RelativePath="..\..\..\crc32.c"
922     >
923     </File>
924     <File
925         RelativePath="..\..\..\deflate.c"
926     >
927     </File>
928     <File
929         RelativePath="..\..\..\gzclose.c"
930     >
931     </File>
932     <File
933         RelativePath="..\..\..\gzguts.h"
934     >
935     </File>
936     <File
937         RelativePath="..\..\..\gzlib.c"
938     >
939     </File>
940     <File
941         RelativePath="..\..\..\gzread.c"
942     >
943     </File>
944     <File
945         RelativePath="..\..\..\gzwrite.c"
946     >
947     </File>
948     <File
949         RelativePath="..\..\..\inffback.c"
950     >
951     </File>
952     <File
953         RelativePath="..\..\masmx64\inffas8664.c"
954     >
955     <FileConfiguration
956         Name="Debug|Win32"
957         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
958     >
959         <Tool
960             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
961         />
962     </FileConfiguration>
963     <FileConfiguration
964         Name="Debug|Itanium"
965         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
966     >
967         <Tool
968             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
969         />
970     </FileConfiguration>
971     <FileConfiguration
972         Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Win32"
973         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
974     >
975         <Tool
976             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
977         />
978     </FileConfiguration>
979     <FileConfiguration
980         Name="ReleaseWithoutAsm|Itanium"
981         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
982     >
983         <Tool
984             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"

```

```

985     />
986     </FileConfiguration>
987     <FileConfiguration
988         Name="Release|Win32"
989         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
990     >
991         <Tool
992             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
993         />
994     </FileConfiguration>
995     <FileConfiguration
996         Name="Release|Itanium"
997         ExcludedFromBuild="true"
998     >
999         <Tool
1000             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
1001         />
1002     </FileConfiguration>
1003     </File>
1004     <File
1005         RelativePath="..\..\..\inffast.c"
1006     >
1007     </File>
1008     <File
1009         RelativePath="..\..\..\inflate.c"
1010     >
1011     </File>
1012     <File
1013         RelativePath="..\..\..\inftrees.c"
1014     >
1015     </File>
1016     <File
1017         RelativePath="..\..\minizip\ioapi.c"
1018     >
1019     </File>
1020     <File
1021         RelativePath="..\..\minizip\iowin32.c"
1022     >
1023     </File>
1024     <File
1025         RelativePath="..\..\..\trees.c"
1026     >
1027     </File>
1028     <File
1029         RelativePath="..\..\..\uncompr.c"
1030     >
1031     </File>
1032     <File
1033         RelativePath="..\..\minizip\unzip.c"
1034     >
1035     <FileConfiguration
1036         Name="Release|Win32"
1037     >
1038         <Tool
1039             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
1040             AdditionalIncludeDirectories=""
1041             PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_IN"
1042         />
1043     </FileConfiguration>
1044     <FileConfiguration
1045         Name="Release|x64"
1046     >
1047         <Tool
1048             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
1049             AdditionalIncludeDirectories=""
1050             PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_IN"

```



```

1051     />
1052     </FileConfiguration>
1053     <FileConfiguration
1054         Name="Release|Itanium"
1055     >
1056         <Tool
1057             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
1058             AdditionalIncludeDirectories=""
1059             PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_IN
1060         />
1061     </FileConfiguration>
1062 </File>
1063 <File
1064     RelativePath="..\..\minizip\zip.c"
1065 >
1066     <FileConfiguration
1067         Name="Release|Win32"
1068     >
1069         <Tool
1070             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
1071             AdditionalIncludeDirectories=""
1072             PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_IN
1073         />
1074     </FileConfiguration>
1075     <FileConfiguration
1076         Name="Release|x64"
1077     >
1078         <Tool
1079             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
1080             AdditionalIncludeDirectories=""
1081             PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_IN
1082         />
1083     </FileConfiguration>
1084     <FileConfiguration
1085         Name="Release|Itanium"
1086     >
1087         <Tool
1088             Name="VCCLCompilerTool"
1089             AdditionalIncludeDirectories=""
1090             PreprocessorDefinitions="ZLIB_IN
1091         />
1092     </FileConfiguration>
1093 </File>
1094 <File
1095     RelativePath=".\zlib.rc"
1096 >
1097 </File>
1098 <File
1099     RelativePath=".\zlibvc.def"
1100 >
1101 </File>
1102 <File
1103     RelativePath="..\..\..\zutil.c"
1104 >
1105 </File>
1106 </Filter>
1107 <Filter
1108     Name="Header Files"
1109     Filter="h;hpp;hxx;hm;inl;fi;fd"
1110 >
1111     <File
1112         RelativePath="..\..\..\deflate.h"
1113     >
1114 </File>
1115 <File
1116     RelativePath="..\..\..\infblock.h"

```

```

1117 >
1118 </File>
1119 <File
1120     RelativePath="..\..\..\infcodes.h"
1121 >
1122 </File>
1123 <File
1124     RelativePath="..\..\..\inffast.h"
1125 >
1126 </File>
1127 <File
1128     RelativePath="..\..\..\infrees.h"
1129 >
1130 </File>
1131 <File
1132     RelativePath="..\..\..\infutil.h"
1133 >
1134 </File>
1135 <File
1136     RelativePath="..\..\..\zconf.h"
1137 >
1138 </File>
1139 <File
1140     RelativePath="..\..\..\zlib.h"
1141 >
1142 </File>
1143 <File
1144     RelativePath="..\..\..\zutil.h"
1145 >
1146 </File>
1147 </Filter>
1148 <Filter
1149     Name="Resource Files"
1150     Filter="ico;cur;bmp;dlg;rc2;rct;bin;cnt;rtf;gif;jpg;jpeg
1151 >
1152 </Filter>
1153 </Files>
1154 </Globals>
1155 </Globals>
1156 </VisualStudioProject>

```

```

*****
13174 Wed Apr 1 15:57:23 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/crc32.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* crc32.c -- compute the CRC-32 of a data stream
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2006, 2010, 2011, 2012 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  *
5  * Thanks to Rodney Brown <rbrown64@csc.com.au> for his contribution of faster
6  * CRC methods: exclusive-oring 32 bits of data at a time, and pre-computing
7  * tables for updating the shift register in one step with three exclusive-ors
8  * instead of four steps with four exclusive-ors. This results in about a
9  * factor of two increase in speed on a Power PC G4 (PPC7455) using gcc -O3.
10 */
11
12 /* @(#) $Id$ */
13
14 /*
15  Note on the use of DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE: there is no mutex or semaphore
16  protection on the static variables used to control the first-use generation
17  of the crc tables. Therefore, if you #define DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE, you should
18  first call get_crc_table() to initialize the tables before allowing more than
19  one thread to use crc32().
20
21  DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE and MAKECRCH can be #defined to write out crc32.h.
22  */
23
24 #ifndef MAKECRCH
25 # include <stdio.h>
26 # ifndef DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE
27 #   define DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE
28 # endif /* !DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE */
29 #endif /* MAKECRCH */
30
31 #include "zutil.h" /* for STDC and FAR definitions */
32
33 #define local static
34
35 /* Definitions for doing the crc four data bytes at a time. */
36 #if !defined(NOBYFOUR) && defined(Z_U4)
37 #   define BYFOUR
38 #endif
39 #ifndef BYFOUR
40     local unsigned long crc32_little OF((unsigned long,
41     const unsigned char FAR *, unsigned));
42     local unsigned long crc32_big OF((unsigned long,
43     const unsigned char FAR *, unsigned));
44 #   define TBLS 8
45 #else
46 #   define TBLS 1
47 #endif /* BYFOUR */
48
49 /* Local functions for crc concatenation */
50 local unsigned long gf2_matrix_times OF((unsigned long *mat,
51 unsigned long vec));
52 local void gf2_matrix_square OF((unsigned long *square, unsigned long *mat));
53 local uLong crc32_combine OF((uLong crc1, uLong crc2, z_off64_t len2));
54
55 #ifndef DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE
56
57 local volatile int crc_table_empty = 1;
58 local z_crc_t FAR crc_table[TBLS][256];
59 local void make_crc_table OF((void));

```

```

61 #ifdef MAKECRCH
62     local void write_table OF((FILE *, const z_crc_t FAR *));
63 #endif /* MAKECRCH */
64 /*
65  Generate tables for a byte-wise 32-bit CRC calculation on the polynomial:
66  x^32+x^26+x^23+x^22+x^16+x^12+x^11+x^10+x^8+x^7+x^5+x^4+x^2+x+1.
67
68  Polynomials over GF(2) are represented in binary, one bit per coefficient,
69  with the lowest powers in the most significant bit. Then adding polynomials
70  is just exclusive-or, and multiplying a polynomial by x is a right shift by
71  one. If we call the above polynomial p, and represent a byte as the
72  polynomial q, also with the lowest power in the most significant bit (so the
73  byte 0xb1 is the polynomial x^7+x^3+x+1), then the CRC is (q*x^32) mod p,
74  where a mod b means the remainder after dividing a by b.
75
76  This calculation is done using the shift-register method of multiplying and
77  taking the remainder. The register is initialized to zero, and for each
78  incoming bit, x^32 is added mod p to the register if the bit is a one (where
79  x^32 mod p is p*x^32 = x^26+...+1), and the register is multiplied mod p by
80  x (which is shifting right by one and adding x^32 mod p if the bit shifted
81  out is a one). We start with the highest power (least significant bit) of
82  q and repeat for all eight bits of q.
83
84  The first table is simply the CRC of all possible eight bit values. This is
85  all the information needed to generate CRCs on data a byte at a time for all
86  combinations of CRC register values and incoming bytes. The remaining tables
87  allow for word-at-a-time CRC calculation for both big-endian and little-
88  endian machines, where a word is four bytes.
89  */
90 local void make_crc_table()
91 {
92     z_crc_t c;
93     int n, k;
94     z_crc_t poly; /* polynomial exclusive-or pattern */
95     /* terms of polynomial defining this crc (except x^32): */
96     static volatile int first = 1; /* flag to limit concurrent making */
97     static const unsigned char p[] = {0,1,2,4,5,7,8,10,11,12,16,22,23,26};
98
99     /* See if another task is already doing this (not thread-safe, but better
100    than nothing -- significantly reduces duration of vulnerability in
101    case the advice about DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE is ignored) */
102     if (first) {
103         first = 0;
104
105         /* make exclusive-or pattern from polynomial (0xedb88320UL) */
106         poly = 0;
107         for (n = 0; n < (int)(sizeof(p)/sizeof(unsigned char)); n++)
108             poly |= (z_crc_t)1 << (31 - p[n]);
109
110         /* generate a crc for every 8-bit value */
111         for (n = 0; n < 256; n++) {
112             c = (z_crc_t)n;
113             for (k = 0; k < 8; k++)
114                 c = c & 1 ? poly ^ (c >> 1) : c >> 1;
115             crc_table[0][n] = c;
116         }
117     }
118 #ifndef BYFOUR
119     /* generate crc for each value followed by one, two, and three zeros,
120     and then the byte reversal of those as well as the first table */
121     for (n = 0; n < 256; n++) {
122         c = crc_table[0][n];
123         crc_table[4][n] = ZSWAP32(c);
124         for (k = 1; k < 4; k++) {
125             c = crc_table[0][c & 0xff] ^ (c >> 8);
126             crc_table[k][n] = c;

```

```

127     crc_table[k + 4][n] = ZSWAP32(c);
128     }
129     }
130 #endif /* BYFOUR */

132     crc_table_empty = 0;
133     }
134     else { /* not first */
135         /* wait for the other guy to finish (not efficient, but rare) */
136         while (crc_table_empty)
137             ;
138     }

140 #ifndef MAKECRCH
141     /* write out CRC tables to crc32.h */
142     {
143         FILE *out;

145         out = fopen("crc32.h", "w");
146         if (out == NULL) return;
147         fprintf(out, "/* crc32.h -- tables for rapid CRC calculation\n");
148         fprintf(out, " * Generated automatically by crc32.c\n *\n\n");
149         fprintf(out, "local const z_crc_t FAR ");
150         fprintf(out, "crc_table[TBLS][256] =\n{\n  {\n");
151         write_table(out, crc_table[0]);
152 #   ifdef BYFOUR
153         fprintf(out, "#ifdef BYFOUR\n");
154         for (k = 1; k < 8; k++) {
155             fprintf(out, " },\n  {\n");
156             write_table(out, crc_table[k]);
157         }
158         fprintf(out, "#endif\n");
159 #   endif /* BYFOUR */
160         fprintf(out, " }\n};\n");
161         fclose(out);
162     }
163 #endif /* MAKECRCH */
164 }

166 #ifndef MAKECRCH
167 local void write_table(out, table)
168     FILE *out;
169     const z_crc_t FAR *table;
170 {
171     int n;

173     for (n = 0; n < 256; n++)
174         fprintf(out, "%0x%08lxUL%s", n % 5 ? " : " : " ",
175             (unsigned long)(table[n]),
176             n == 255 ? "\n" : (n % 5 == 4 ? ",\n" : ", "));
177 }
178 #endif /* MAKECRCH */

180 #else /* !DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE */
181 /* =====
182  * Tables of CRC-32s of all single-byte values, made by make_crc_table().
183  */
184 #include "crc32.h"
185 #endif /* DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE */

187 /* =====
188  * This function can be used by asm versions of crc32()
189  */
190 const z_crc_t FAR * ZEXPORT get_crc_table()
191 {
192 #ifdef DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE

```

```

193     if (crc_table_empty)
194         make_crc_table();
195 #endif /* DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE */
196     return (const z_crc_t FAR *)crc_table;
197 }

199 /* ===== */
200 #define DO1 crc = crc_table[0][((int)crc ^ (*buf++) & 0xff) ^ (crc >> 8)]
201 #define DO8 DO1; DO1; DO1; DO1; DO1; DO1; DO1; DO1

203 /* ===== */
204 unsigned long ZEXPORT crc32(crc, buf, len)
205     unsigned long crc;
206     const unsigned char FAR *buf;
207     uInt len;
208 {
209     if (buf == Z_NULL) return 0UL;

211 #ifndef DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE
212     if (crc_table_empty)
213         make_crc_table();
214 #endif /* DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE */

216 #ifndef BYFOUR
217     if (sizeof(void *) == sizeof(ptrdiff_t)) {
218         z_crc_t endian;

220         endian = 1;
221         if (*(unsigned char *)&endian)
222             return crc32_little(crc, buf, len);
223         else
224             return crc32_big(crc, buf, len);
225     }
226 #endif /* BYFOUR */
227     crc = crc ^ 0xffffffffUL;
228     while (len >= 8) {
229         DO8;
230         len -= 8;
231     }
232     if (len) do {
233         DO1;
234     } while (--len);
235     return crc ^ 0xffffffffUL;
236 }

238 #ifndef BYFOUR

240 /* ===== */
241 #define DOLIT4 c ^= *buf4++; \
242     c = crc_table[3][c & 0xff] ^ crc_table[2][(c >> 8) & 0xff] ^ \
243     crc_table[1][(c >> 16) & 0xff] ^ crc_table[0][c >> 24]
244 #define DOLIT32 DOLIT4; DOLIT4; DOLIT4; DOLIT4; DOLIT4; DOLIT4; DOLIT4; DOLIT4

246 /* ===== */
247 local unsigned long crc32_little(crc, buf, len)
248     unsigned long crc;
249     const unsigned char FAR *buf;
250     unsigned len;
251 {
252     register z_crc_t c;
253     register const z_crc_t FAR *buf4;

255     c = (z_crc_t)crc;
256     c = ~c;
257     while (len && ((ptrdiff_t)buf & 3)) {
258         c = crc_table[0][((c ^ *buf++) & 0xff) ^ (c >> 8)];

```

```

259     len--;
260 }

262 buf4 = (const z_crc_t FAR *)(const void FAR *)buf;
263 while (len >= 32) {
264     DOLIT32;
265     len -= 32;
266 }
267 while (len >= 4) {
268     DOLIT4;
269     len -= 4;
270 }
271 buf = (const unsigned char FAR *)buf4;

273 if (len) do {
274     c = crc_table[0][(c ^ *buf++) & 0xff] ^ (c >> 8);
275 } while (--len);
276 c = ~c;
277 return (unsigned long)c;
278 }

280 /* ===== */
281 #define DOBIG4 c ^= *buf4; \
282     c = crc_table[4][(c & 0xff] ^ crc_table[5][(c >> 8) & 0xff] ^ \
283     crc_table[6][(c >> 16) & 0xff] ^ crc_table[7][(c >> 24)
284 #define DOBIG32 DOBIG4; DOBIG4; DOBIG4; DOBIG4; DOBIG4; DOBIG4; DOBIG4

286 /* ===== */
287 local unsigned long crc32_big(crc, buf, len)
288     unsigned long crc;
289     const unsigned char FAR *buf;
290     unsigned len;
291 {
292     register z_crc_t c;
293     register const z_crc_t FAR *buf4;

295     c = ZSWAP32((z_crc_t)crc);
296     c = ~c;
297     while (len && ((ptrdiff_t)buf & 3)) {
298         c = crc_table[4][(c >> 24) ^ *buf++] ^ (c << 8);
299         len--;
300     }

302     buf4 = (const z_crc_t FAR *)(const void FAR *)buf;
303     buf4--;
304     while (len >= 32) {
305         DOBIG32;
306         len -= 32;
307     }
308     while (len >= 4) {
309         DOBIG4;
310         len -= 4;
311     }
312     buf4++;
313     buf = (const unsigned char FAR *)buf4;

315     if (len) do {
316         c = crc_table[4][(c >> 24) ^ *buf++] ^ (c << 8);
317     } while (--len);
318     c = ~c;
319     return (unsigned long)(ZSWAP32(c));
320 }

322 #endif /* BYFOUR */

324 #define GF2_DIM 32     /* dimension of GF(2) vectors (length of CRC) */

```

```

326 /* ===== */
327 local unsigned long gf2_matrix_times(mat, vec)
328     unsigned long *mat;
329     unsigned long vec;
330 {
331     unsigned long sum;

333     sum = 0;
334     while (vec) {
335         if (vec & 1)
336             sum ^= *mat;
337         vec >>= 1;
338         mat++;
339     }
340     return sum;
341 }

343 /* ===== */
344 local void gf2_matrix_square(square, mat)
345     unsigned long *square;
346     unsigned long *mat;
347 {
348     int n;

350     for (n = 0; n < GF2_DIM; n++)
351         square[n] = gf2_matrix_times(mat, mat[n]);
352 }

354 /* ===== */
355 local uLong crc32_combine_(crc1, crc2, len2)
356     uLong crc1;
357     uLong crc2;
358     z_off64_t len2;
359 {
360     int n;
361     unsigned long row;
362     unsigned long even[GF2_DIM]; /* even-power-of-two zeros operator */
363     unsigned long odd[GF2_DIM]; /* odd-power-of-two zeros operator */

365     /* degenerate case (also disallow negative lengths) */
366     if (len2 <= 0)
367         return crc1;

369     /* put operator for one zero bit in odd */
370     odd[0] = 0xedb88320UL; /* CRC-32 polynomial */
371     row = 1;
372     for (n = 1; n < GF2_DIM; n++) {
373         odd[n] = row;
374         row <<= 1;
375     }

377     /* put operator for two zero bits in even */
378     gf2_matrix_square(even, odd);

380     /* put operator for four zero bits in odd */
381     gf2_matrix_square(odd, even);

383     /* apply len2 zeros to crc1 (first square will put the operator for one
384     zero byte, eight zero bits, in even) */
385     do {
386         /* apply zeros operator for this bit of len2 */
387         gf2_matrix_square(even, odd);
388         if (len2 & 1)
389             crc1 = gf2_matrix_times(even, crc1);
390         len2 >>= 1;

```

```
392     /* if no more bits set, then done */
393     if (len2 == 0)
394         break;
395
396     /* another iteration of the loop with odd and even swapped */
397     gf2_matrix_square(odd, even);
398     if (len2 & 1)
399         crc1 = gf2_matrix_times(odd, crc1);
400     len2 >>= 1;
401
402     /* if no more bits set, then done */
403 } while (len2 != 0);
404
405 /* return combined crc */
406 crc1 ^= crc2;
407 return crc1;
408 }
409
410 /* ===== */
411 uLong ZEXPORT crc32_combine(crc1, crc2, len2)
412     uLong crc1;
413     uLong crc2;
414     z_off_t len2;
415 {
416     return crc32_combine_(crc1, crc2, len2);
417 }
418
419 uLong ZEXPORT crc32_combine64(crc1, crc2, len2)
420     uLong crc1;
421     uLong crc2;
422     z_off64_t len2;
423 {
424     return crc32_combine_(crc1, crc2, len2);
425 }
```



```
391 0xc8c07bdfUL, 0xada7c767UL, 0x43087275UL, 0x266fcecduL, 0x707fad95UL,
392 0x1518112dUL, 0xfbb7a43fUL, 0x9ed01887UL, 0x27e8cf1aUL, 0x428f73a2UL,
393 0xac20c6b0UL, 0xc9477a08UL, 0x3eaf32a0UL, 0x5bc88e18UL, 0xb5673b0aUL,
394 0xd00087b2UL, 0x6938502fUL, 0xc0c5fec9UL, 0xe2f05985UL, 0x8797e53dUL,
395 0xd1878665UL, 0xb4e03addUL, 0x5a4f8fcfUL, 0x3f283377UL, 0x8610e4eaUL,
396 0xe3775852UL, 0x0dd8ed40UL, 0x68bf51f8UL, 0xa1f82bf0UL, 0xc49f9748UL,
397 0x2a30225aUL, 0x4f579ee2UL, 0xf66f497fUL, 0x9308f5c7UL, 0x7da740d5UL,
398 0x18c0fc6dUL, 0x4ed09f35UL, 0x2bb7238dUL, 0xc518969fUL, 0xa07f2a27UL,
399 0x1947fdbauL, 0x7c204102UL, 0x928ff410UL, 0xf7e848a8UL, 0x3d58149bUL,
400 0x583fa823UL, 0xb6901d31UL, 0xd3f7a189UL, 0x6acf7614UL, 0x0fa8caacUL,
401 0xe1077fbeeUL, 0x846c0306UL, 0xd270a05eUL, 0xb7171ce6UL, 0x59b8a9f4UL,
402 0x3cdf154cUL, 0x85e7c2d1UL, 0xe0807e69UL, 0x0e2fcb7bUL, 0x6b4877c3UL,
403 0xa20f0dcbUL, 0xc768b173UL, 0x29c70461UL, 0x4ca0b8d9UL, 0xf5986f44UL,
404 0x90ffd3fcUL, 0x7e5066eeUL, 0x1b37da56UL, 0x4d27b90eUL, 0x284005b6UL,
405 0xc6eEb0a4UL, 0xa3880c1cUL, 0x1ab0db81UL, 0x7fd76739UL, 0x9178d22bUL,
406 0xf41f6e93UL, 0x03f7263bUL, 0x66909a83UL, 0x883f2f91UL, 0xed589329UL,
407 0x546044b4UL, 0x3107f80cUL, 0xdfa84d1eUL, 0xbacff1a6UL, 0xecd92feUL,
408 0x89b82e46UL, 0x67179b54UL, 0x027027ecUL, 0xbb48f071UL, 0xde2f4cc9UL,
409 0x3080f9dbUL, 0x55e74563UL, 0x9ca03f6bUL, 0xf9c783d3UL, 0x176836c1UL,
410 0x720f8a79UL, 0xcb375de4UL, 0xae50e15cUL, 0x40ff544eUL, 0x2598e8f6UL,
411 0x73888baeUL, 0x16ef3716UL, 0xf8408204UL, 0x9d273ebcUL, 0x241fe921UL,
412 0x41785599UL, 0xafd7e08bUL, 0xcab05c33UL, 0x3bb659edUL, 0x5ed1e555UL,
413 0xb07e5047UL, 0xd519ecffUL, 0x6c213b62UL, 0x094687daUL, 0xe7e932c8UL,
414 0x828e8e70UL, 0xd49eed28UL, 0xb1f95190UL, 0x5f56e482UL, 0x3a31583aUL,
415 0x83098fa7UL, 0xe66e331fUL, 0x08c1860dUL, 0x6da63ab5UL, 0xa4e140bdUL,
416 0xc186fc05UL, 0x2f294917UL, 0x4a4ef5afUL, 0xf3762232UL, 0x96119e8aUL,
417 0x78be2b98UL, 0x1dd99720UL, 0x4bc9f478UL, 0x2eae48c0UL, 0xc001fdd2UL,
418 0xa566416aUL, 0x1c5e96f7UL, 0x79392a4fUL, 0x97969f5dUL, 0xf2f123e5UL,
419 0x05196b4dUL, 0x607ed7f5UL, 0x8ed162e7UL, 0xebb6de5fUL, 0x528e09c2UL,
420 0x37e9b57aUL, 0xd9460068UL, 0xbc21bcd0UL, 0xea31df88UL, 0x8f566330UL,
421 0x61f9d622UL, 0x049e6a9aUL, 0xbda6bd07UL, 0xd8c101bfUL, 0x366eb4adUL,
422 0x53090815UL, 0x9a4e721dUL, 0xff29cea5UL, 0x11867bb7UL, 0x74e1c70fUL,
423 0xcd91092UL, 0xa8beac2aUL, 0x46111938UL, 0x2376a580UL, 0x7566c6d8UL,
424 0x10017a60UL, 0xfeaecf72UL, 0x9bc973caUL, 0x22f1a457UL, 0x479618efUL,
425 0xa939adfdUL, 0xcc5e1145UL, 0x06ee4d76UL, 0x6389f1ceUL, 0x8d2644dcUL,
426 0xe841f864UL, 0x51792ff9UL, 0x341e9341UL, 0xdab12653UL, 0xbf69aebUL,
427 0xe9c6f9b3UL, 0x8ca1450bUL, 0x620ef019UL, 0x07694ca1UL, 0xbe519b3cUL,
428 0xdb362784UL, 0x35999296UL, 0x50fe2e2eUL, 0x99b95426UL, 0xfcdde89eUL,
429 0x12715d8cUL, 0x7716e134UL, 0xce2e36a9UL, 0xab498a11UL, 0x45e63f03UL,
430 0x208183bbUL, 0x7691e0e3UL, 0x13f65c5bUL, 0xfd59e949UL, 0x983e55f1UL,
431 0x2106826cUL, 0x44613ed4UL, 0xaace8bc6UL, 0xcfa9377eUL, 0x38417fd6UL,
432 0x5d26c36eUL, 0xb389767cUL, 0xd6eeca4UL, 0x6fd61d59UL, 0x0ab1a1e1UL,
433 0xe41e14f3UL, 0x8179a84bUL, 0xd769cb13UL, 0xb20e77abUL, 0x5ca1c2b9UL,
434 0x39c67e01UL, 0x80fea99cUL, 0xe5991524UL, 0x0b36a036UL, 0x6e511c8eUL,
435 0xa7166686UL, 0xc271da3eUL, 0x2cde6f2cUL, 0x49b9d394UL, 0xf0810409UL,
436 0x95e6b8b1UL, 0x7b490da3UL, 0x1e2eb11bUL, 0x483ed243UL, 0x2d596efbUL,
437 0xc3f6dbe9UL, 0xa6916751UL, 0x1fa9b0ccUL, 0x7ace0c74UL, 0x9461b966UL,
438 0xf10605deUL
439 #endif
440 }
441 };
```

```

*****
71940 Wed Apr 1 15:57:23 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/deflate.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* deflate.c -- compress data using the deflation algorithm
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /*
7  * ALGORITHM
8  *
9  * The "deflation" process depends on being able to identify portions
10 * of the input text which are identical to earlier input (within a
11 * sliding window trailing behind the input currently being processed).
12 *
13 * The most straightforward technique turns out to be the fastest for
14 * most input files: try all possible matches and select the longest.
15 * The key feature of this algorithm is that insertions into the string
16 * dictionary are very simple and thus fast, and deletions are avoided
17 * completely. Insertions are performed at each input character, whereas
18 * string matches are performed only when the previous match ends. So it
19 * is preferable to spend more time in matches to allow very fast string
20 * insertions and avoid deletions. The matching algorithm for small
21 * strings is inspired from that of Rabin & Karp. A brute force approach
22 * is used to find longer strings when a small match has been found.
23 * A similar algorithm is used in comic (by Jan-Mark Wams) and freeze
24 * (by Leonid Broukhis).
25 * A previous version of this file used a more sophisticated algorithm
26 * (by Fiala and Greene) which is guaranteed to run in linear amortized
27 * time, but has a larger average cost, uses more memory and is patented.
28 * However the F&G algorithm may be faster for some highly redundant
29 * files if the parameter max_chain_length (described below) is too large.
30 *
31 * ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
32 *
33 * The idea of lazy evaluation of matches is due to Jan-Mark Wams, and
34 * I found it in 'freeze' written by Leonid Broukhis.
35 * Thanks to many people for bug reports and testing.
36 *
37 * REFERENCES
38 *
39 * Deutsch, L.P., "DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification".
40 * Available in http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1951
41 *
42 * A description of the Rabin and Karp algorithm is given in the book
43 * "Algorithms" by R. Sedgewick, Addison-Wesley, p252.
44 *
45 * Fiala, E.R., and Greene, D.H.
46 * Data Compression with Finite Windows, Comm.ACM, 32,4 (1989) 490-595
47 *
48 */

50 /* @(#) $Id$ */

52 #include "deflate.h"

54 const char deflate_copyright[] =
55     " deflate 1.2.8 Copyright 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler ";
56 /*
57  * If you use the zlib library in a product, an acknowledgment is welcome
58  * in the documentation of your product. If for some reason you cannot
59  * include such an acknowledgment, I would appreciate that you keep this
60  * copyright string in the executable of your product.

```

```

61 */

63 #ifndef LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY
64 /* =====
65  * Function prototypes.
66  */
67 typedef enum {
68     need_more,      /* block not completed, need more input or more output */
69     block_done,     /* block flush performed */
70     finish_started, /* finish started, need only more output at next deflate */
71     finish_done,    /* finish done, accept no more input or output */
72 } block_state;

74 typedef block_state (*compress_func) OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
75 /* Compression function. Returns the block state after the call. */

77 local void fill_window OF((deflate_state *s));
78 local block_state deflate_stored OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
79 local block_state deflate_fast OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
80 #ifndef FASTEST
81 local block_state deflate_slow OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
82 #endif
83 local block_state deflate_rle OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
84 local block_state deflate_huff OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
85 local void lm_init OF((deflate_state *s));
86 local void putShortMSB OF((deflate_state *s, uInt b));
87 local void flush_pending OF((z_streamp strm));
88 local int read_buf OF((z_streamp strm, Bytef *buf, unsigned size));
89 #ifdef ASMV
90     void match_init OF((void)); /* asm code initialization */
91     uInt longest_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos cur_match));
92 #else
93 #ifndef ORIG_LONGEST_MATCH
94     local uInt longest_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos cur_match));
95 #else
96     uInt longest_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos cur_match));
97 #endif
98 #endif

100 #ifdef DEBUG
101 local void check_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos start, IPos match,
102     int length));
103 #endif
104 #endif /* ! LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY */

106 /* =====
107  * Local data
108  */

110 #define NIL 0
111 /* Tail of hash chains */

113 #ifndef LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY
114 #ifndef TOO_FAR
115 #define TOO_FAR 4096
116 #endif
117 /* Matches of length 3 are discarded if their distance exceeds TOO_FAR */

119 /* Values for max_lazy_match, good_match and max_chain_length, depending on
120  * the desired pack level (0..9). The values given below have been tuned to
121  * exclude worst case performance for pathological files. Better values may be
122  * found for specific files.
123  */
124 typedef struct config_s {
125     uInt good_length; /* reduce lazy search above this match length */
126     uInt max_lazy;    /* do not perform lazy search above this match length */

```

```

127     ush nice_length; /* quit search above this match length */
128     ush max_chain;
129     compress_func func;
130 } config;

132 #ifdef FASTEST
133 local const config configuration_table[2] = {
134 /* good lazy nice chain */
135 /* 0 */ {0, 0, 0, 0, deflate_stored}, /* store only */
136 /* 1 */ {4, 4, 8, 4, deflate_fast}; /* max speed, no lazy matches */
137 #else
138 local const config configuration_table[10] = {
139 /* good lazy nice chain */
140 /* 0 */ {0, 0, 0, 0, deflate_stored}, /* store only */
141 /* 1 */ {4, 4, 8, 4, deflate_fast}, /* max speed, no lazy matches */
142 /* 2 */ {4, 5, 16, 8, deflate_fast},
143 /* 3 */ {4, 6, 32, 32, deflate_fast},

144 /* 4 */ {4, 4, 16, 16, deflate_slow}, /* lazy matches */
145 /* 5 */ {8, 16, 32, 32, deflate_slow},
146 /* 6 */ {8, 16, 128, 128, deflate_slow},
147 /* 7 */ {8, 32, 128, 256, deflate_slow},
148 /* 8 */ {32, 128, 258, 1024, deflate_slow},
149 /* 9 */ {32, 258, 258, 4096, deflate_slow}; /* max compression */
150 #endif

153 /* Note: the deflate() code requires max_lazy >= MIN_MATCH and max_chain >= 4
154 * For deflate_fast() (levels <= 3) good is ignored and lazy has a different
155 * meaning.
156 */

158 #define EQUAL 0
159 /* result of memcmp for equal strings */

161 #ifndef NO_DUMMY_DECL
162 struct static_tree_desc_s {int dummy;}; /* for buggy compilers */
163 #endif

165 /* rank Z_BLOCK between Z_NO_FLUSH and Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH */
166 #define RANK(f) (((f) << 1) - ((f) > 4 ? 9 : 0))

168 /* =====
169 * Update a hash value with the given input byte
170 * IN assertion: all calls to UPDATE_HASH are made with consecutive
171 * input characters, so that a running hash key can be computed from the
172 * previous key instead of complete recalculation each time.
173 */
174 #define UPDATE_HASH(s,h,c) (h = (((h)<<s->hash_shift) ^ (c)) & s->hash_mask)

177 /* =====
178 * Insert string str in the dictionary and set match head to the previous head
179 * of the hash chain (the most recent string with same hash key). Return
180 * the previous length of the hash chain.
181 * If this file is compiled with -DFASTEST, the compression level is forced
182 * to 1, and no hash chains are maintained.
183 * IN assertion: all calls to INSERT_STRING are made with consecutive
184 * input characters and the first MIN_MATCH bytes of str are valid
185 * (except for the last MIN_MATCH-1 bytes of the input file).
186 */
187 #ifdef FASTEST
188 #define INSERT_STRING(s, str, match_head) \
189 (UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[(str) + (MIN_MATCH-1)]), \
190 match_head = s->head[s->ins_h], \
191 s->head[s->ins_h] = (Pos)(str))
192 #else

```

```

193 #define INSERT_STRING(s, str, match_head) \
194 (UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[(str) + (MIN_MATCH-1)]), \
195 match_head = s->prev[(str) & s->w_mask] = s->head[s->ins_h], \
196 s->head[s->ins_h] = (Pos)(str))
197 #endif

199 /* =====
200 * Initialize the hash table (avoiding 64K overflow for 16 bit systems).
201 * prev[] will be initialized on the fly.
202 */
203 #define CLEAR_HASH(s) \
204 s->head[s->hash_size-1] = NIL; \
205 zmemzero((Bytef *)s->head, (unsigned)(s->hash_size-1)*sizeof(*s->head));

207 /* ===== */
208 int ZEXPORT deflateInit_(strm, level, version, stream_size)
209 z_stream strm;
210 int level;
211 const char *version;
212 int stream_size;
213 {
214     return deflateInit2_(strm, level, Z_DEFLATED, MAX_WBITS, DEF_MEM_LEVEL,
215                         Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY, version, stream_size);
216     /* To do: ignore strm->next_in if we use it as window */
217 }

219 /* ===== */
220 int ZEXPORT deflateInit2_(strm, level, method, windowBits, memLevel, strategy,
221                          version, stream_size)
222 z_stream strm;
223 int level;
224 int method;
225 int windowBits;
226 int memLevel;
227 int strategy;
228 const char *version;
229 int stream_size;
230 {
231     deflate_state *s;
232     int wrap = 1;
233     static const char my_version[] = ZLIB_VERSION;

235     ushf *overlay;
236     /* We overlay pending_buf and d_buf+l_buf. This works since the average
237      * output size for (length,distance) codes is <= 24 bits.
238      */

240     if (version == Z_NULL || version[0] != my_version[0] ||
241         stream_size != sizeof(z_stream)) {
242         return Z_VERSION_ERROR;
243     }
244     if (strm == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

246     strm->msg = Z_NULL;
247     if (strm->zalloc == (alloc_func)0) {
248 #ifdef Z_SOLO
249         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
250 #else
251         strm->zalloc = zcalloc;
252         strm->opaque = (voidpf)0;
253 #endif
254     }
255     if (strm->zfree == (free_func)0)
256 #ifdef Z_SOLO
257         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
258 #else

```

```

259     strm->zfree = zcfree;
260 #endif

262 #ifndef FASTEST
263     if (level != 0) level = 1;
264 #else
265     if (level == Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION) level = 6;
266 #endif

268     if (windowBits < 0) { /* suppress zlib wrapper */
269         wrap = 0;
270         windowBits = -windowBits;
271     }
272 #ifdef GZIP
273     else if (windowBits > 15) {
274         wrap = 2; /* write gzip wrapper instead */
275         windowBits -= 16;
276     }
277 #endif
278     if (memLevel < 1 || memLevel > MAX_MEM_LEVEL || method != Z_DEFLATED ||
279         windowBits < 8 || windowBits > 15 || level < 0 || level > 9 ||
280         strategy < 0 || strategy > Z_FIXED) {
281         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
282     }
283     if (windowBits == 8) windowBits = 9; /* until 256-byte window bug fixed */
284     s = (deflate_state *) ZALLOC(strm, 1, sizeof(deflate_state));
285     if (s == Z_NULL) return Z_MEM_ERROR;
286     strm->state = (struct internal_state FAR *)s;
287     s->strm = strm;

289     s->wrap = wrap;
290     s->gzhead = Z_NULL;
291     s->w_bits = windowBits;
292     s->w_size = 1 << s->w_bits;
293     s->w_mask = s->w_size - 1;

295     s->hash_bits = memLevel + 7;
296     s->hash_size = 1 << s->hash_bits;
297     s->hash_mask = s->hash_size - 1;
298     s->hash_shift = ((s->hash_bits+MIN_MATCH-1)/MIN_MATCH);

300     s->window = (Bytef *) ZALLOC(strm, s->w_size, 2*sizeof(Byte));
301     s->prev = (Posf *) ZALLOC(strm, s->w_size, sizeof(Pos));
302     s->head = (Posf *) ZALLOC(strm, s->hash_size, sizeof(Pos));

304     s->high_water = 0; /* nothing written to s->window yet */

306     s->lit_bufsize = 1 << (memLevel + 6); /* 16K elements by default */

308     overlay = (ushf *) ZALLOC(strm, s->lit_bufsize, sizeof(ush)+2);
309     s->pending_buf = (uchf *) overlay;
310     s->pending_buf_size = (ulg)s->lit_bufsize * (sizeof(ush)+2L);

312     if (s->window == Z_NULL || s->prev == Z_NULL || s->head == Z_NULL ||
313         s->pending_buf == Z_NULL) {
314         s->status = FINISH_STATE;
315         strm->msg = ERR_MSG(Z_MEM_ERROR);
316         deflateEnd (strm);
317         return Z_MEM_ERROR;
318     }
319     s->d_buf = overlay + s->lit_bufsize/sizeof(ush);
320     s->l_buf = s->pending_buf + (1+sizeof(ush))*s->lit_bufsize;

322     s->level = level;
323     s->strategy = strategy;
324     s->method = (Byte)method;

```

```

326     return deflateReset(strm);
327 }

329 /* ===== */
330 int ZEXPORT deflateSetDictionary (strm, dictionary, dictLength)
331     z_streamp strm;
332     const Bytef *dictionary;
333     uInt dictLength;
334 {
335     deflate_state *s;
336     uInt str, n;
337     int wrap;
338     unsigned avail;
339     z_const unsigned char *next;

341     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL || dictionary == Z_NULL)
342         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
343     s = strm->state;
344     wrap = s->wrap;
345     if (wrap == 2 || (wrap == 1 && s->status != INIT_STATE) || s->lookahead)
346         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

348     /* when using zlib wrappers, compute Adler-32 for provided dictionary */
349     if (wrap == 1)
350         strm->adler = adler32(strm->adler, dictionary, dictLength);
351     s->wrap = 0; /* avoid computing Adler-32 in read_buf */

353     /* if dictionary would fill window, just replace the history */
354     if (dictLength >= s->w_size) {
355         if (wrap == 0) { /* already empty otherwise */
356             CLEAR_HASH(s);
357             s->strstart = 0;
358             s->block_start = 0L;
359             s->insert = 0;
360         }
361         dictionary += dictLength - s->w_size; /* use the tail */
362         dictLength = s->w_size;
363     }

365     /* insert dictionary into window and hash */
366     avail = strm->avail_in;
367     next = strm->next_in;
368     strm->avail_in = dictLength;
369     strm->next_in = (z_const Bytef *)dictionary;
370     fill_window(s);
371     while (s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH) {
372         str = s->strstart;
373         n = s->lookahead - (MIN_MATCH-1);
374         do {
375             UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[str + MIN_MATCH-1]);
376 #ifndef FASTEST
377             s->prev[str & s->w_mask] = s->head[s->ins_h];
378 #endif
379             s->head[s->ins_h] = (Pos)str;
380             str++;
381         } while (--n);
382         s->strstart = str;
383         s->lookahead = MIN_MATCH-1;
384         fill_window(s);
385     }
386     s->strstart += s->lookahead;
387     s->block_start = (long)s->strstart;
388     s->insert = s->lookahead;
389     s->lookahead = 0;
390     s->match_length = s->prev_length = MIN_MATCH-1;

```

```

391     s->match_available = 0;
392     strm->next_in = next;
393     strm->avail_in = avail;
394     s->wrap = wrap;
395     return Z_OK;
396 }

398 /* ===== */
399 int ZEXPORT deflateResetKeep (strm)
400     z_streamp strm;
401 {
402     deflate_state *s;

404     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL ||
405         strm->zalloc == (alloc_func)0 || strm->zfree == (free_func)0) {
406         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
407     }

409     strm->total_in = strm->total_out = 0;
410     strm->msg = Z_NULL; /* use zfree if we ever allocate msg dynamically */
411     strm->data_type = Z_UNKNOWN;

413     s = (deflate_state *)strm->state;
414     s->pending = 0;
415     s->pending_out = s->pending_buf;

417     if (s->wrap < 0) {
418         s->wrap = -s->wrap; /* was made negative by deflate(..., Z_FINISH); */
419     }
420     s->status = s->wrap ? INIT_STATE : BUSY_STATE;
421     strm->adler =
422 #ifdef GZIP
423     s->wrap == 2 ? crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0) :
424 #endif
425     Adler32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
426     s->last_flush = Z_NO_FLUSH;

428     _tr_init(s);

430     return Z_OK;
431 }

433 /* ===== */
434 int ZEXPORT deflateReset (strm)
435     z_streamp strm;
436 {
437     int ret;

439     ret = deflateResetKeep(strm);
440     if (ret == Z_OK)
441         lm_init(strm->state);
442     return ret;
443 }

445 /* ===== */
446 int ZEXPORT deflateSetHeader (strm, head)
447     z_streamp strm;
448     gz_headerp head;
449 {
450     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
451     if (strm->state->wrap != 2) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
452     strm->state->gzhead = head;
453     return Z_OK;
454 }

456 /* ===== */

```

```

457 int ZEXPORT deflatePending (strm, pending, bits)
458     unsigned *pending;
459     int *bits;
460     z_streamp strm;
461 {
462     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
463     if (pending != Z_NULL)
464         *pending = strm->state->pending;
465     if (bits != Z_NULL)
466         *bits = strm->state->bi_valid;
467     return Z_OK;
468 }

470 /* ===== */
471 int ZEXPORT deflatePrime (strm, bits, value)
472     z_streamp strm;
473     int bits;
474     int value;
475 {
476     deflate_state *s;
477     int put;

479     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
480     s = strm->state;
481     if ((Bytef *) (s->d_buf) < s->pending_out + ((Buf_size + 7) >> 3))
482         return Z_BUF_ERROR;
483     do {
484         put = Buf_size - s->bi_valid;
485         if (put > bits)
486             put = bits;
487         s->bi_buf |= (ush)((value & ((1 << put) - 1)) << s->bi_valid);
488         s->bi_valid += put;
489         _tr_flush_bits(s);
490         value >>= put;
491         bits -= put;
492     } while (bits);
493     return Z_OK;
494 }

496 /* ===== */
497 int ZEXPORT deflateParams(strm, level, strategy)
498     z_streamp strm;
499     int level;
500     int strategy;
501 {
502     deflate_state *s;
503     compress_func func;
504     int err = Z_OK;

506     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
507     s = strm->state;

509 #ifdef FASTEST
510     if (level != 0) level = 1;
511 #else
512     if (level == Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION) level = 6;
513 #endif
514     if (level < 0 || level > 9 || strategy < 0 || strategy > Z_FIXED) {
515         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
516     }
517     func = configuration_table[s->level].func;

519     if ((strategy != s->strategy || func != configuration_table[level].func) &&
520         strm->total_in != 0) {
521         /* Flush the last buffer: */
522         err = deflate(strm, Z_BLOCK);

```

```

523     if (err == Z_BUF_ERROR && s->pending == 0)
524         err = Z_OK;
525     }
526     if (s->level != level) {
527         s->level = level;
528         s->max_lazy_match = configuration_table[level].max_lazy;
529         s->good_match = configuration_table[level].good_length;
530         s->nice_match = configuration_table[level].nice_length;
531         s->max_chain_length = configuration_table[level].max_chain;
532     }
533     s->strategy = strategy;
534     return err;
535 }

537 /* ===== */
538 int ZEXPORT deflateTune(strm, good_length, max_lazy, nice_length, max_chain)
539     z_streamp strm;
540     int good_length;
541     int max_lazy;
542     int nice_length;
543     int max_chain;
544 {
545     deflate_state *s;

547     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
548     s = strm->state;
549     s->good_match = good_length;
550     s->max_lazy_match = max_lazy;
551     s->nice_match = nice_length;
552     s->max_chain_length = max_chain;
553     return Z_OK;
554 }

556 /* ===== */
557 * For the default windowBits of 15 and memLevel of 8, this function returns
558 * a close to exact, as well as small, upper bound on the compressed size.
559 * They are coded as constants here for a reason--if the #define's are
560 * changed, then this function needs to be changed as well. The return
561 * value for 15 and 8 only works for those exact settings.
562 *
563 * For any setting other than those defaults for windowBits and memLevel,
564 * the value returned is a conservative worst case for the maximum expansion
565 * resulting from using fixed blocks instead of stored blocks, which deflate
566 * can emit on compressed data for some combinations of the parameters.
567 *
568 * This function could be more sophisticated to provide closer upper bounds for
569 * every combination of windowBits and memLevel. But even the conservative
570 * upper bound of about 14% expansion does not seem onerous for output buffer
571 * allocation.
572 */
573 uLong ZEXPORT deflateBound(strm, sourceLen)
574     z_streamp strm;
575     uLong sourceLen;
576 {
577     deflate_state *s;
578     uLong complen, wraplen;
579     Bytef *str;

581     /* conservative upper bound for compressed data */
582     complen = sourceLen +
583         ((sourceLen + 7) >> 3) + ((sourceLen + 63) >> 6) + 5;

585     /* if can't get parameters, return conservative bound plus zlib wrapper */
586     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL)
587         return complen + 6;

```

```

589     /* compute wrapper length */
590     s = strm->state;
591     switch (s->wrap) {
592     case 0: /* raw deflate */
593         wraplen = 0;
594         break;
595     case 1: /* zlib wrapper */
596         wraplen = 6 + (s->strstart ? 4 : 0);
597         break;
598     case 2: /* gzip wrapper */
599         wraplen = 18;
600         if (s->gzhead != Z_NULL) { /* user-supplied gzip header */
601             if (s->gzhead->extra != Z_NULL)
602                 wraplen += 2 + s->gzhead->extra_len;
603             str = s->gzhead->name;
604             if (str != Z_NULL)
605                 do {
606                     wraplen++;
607                 } while (*str++);
608             str = s->gzhead->comment;
609             if (str != Z_NULL)
610                 do {
611                     wraplen++;
612                 } while (*str++);
613             if (s->gzhead->hcrc)
614                 wraplen += 2;
615         }
616         break;
617     default: /* for compiler happiness */
618         wraplen = 6;
619     }

621     /* if not default parameters, return conservative bound */
622     if (s->w_bits != 15 || s->hash_bits != 8 + 7)
623         return complen + wraplen;

625     /* default settings: return tight bound for that case */
626     return sourceLen + (sourceLen >> 12) + (sourceLen >> 14) +
627         (sourceLen >> 25) + 13 - 6 + wraplen;
628 }

630 /* ===== */
631 * Put a short in the pending buffer. The 16-bit value is put in MSB order.
632 * IN assertion: the stream state is correct and there is enough room in
633 * pending_buf.
634 */
635 local void putShortMSB(s, b)
636     deflate_state *s;
637     uInt b;
638 {
639     put_byte(s, (Byte)(b >> 8));
640     put_byte(s, (Byte)(b & 0xff));
641 }

643 /* ===== */
644 * Flush as much pending output as possible. All deflate() output goes
645 * through this function so some applications may wish to modify it
646 * to avoid allocating a large strm->next_out buffer and copying into it.
647 * (See also read_buf()).
648 */
649 local void flush_pending(strm)
650     z_streamp strm;
651 {
652     unsigned len;
653     deflate_state *s = strm->state;

```

```

655     _tr_flush_bits(s);
656     len = s->pending;
657     if (len > strm->avail_out) len = strm->avail_out;
658     if (len == 0) return;

660     memcpy(strm->next_out, s->pending_out, len);
661     strm->next_out += len;
662     s->pending_out += len;
663     strm->total_out += len;
664     strm->avail_out -= len;
665     s->pending -= len;
666     if (s->pending == 0) {
667         s->pending_out = s->pending_buf;
668     }
669 }

671 /* ===== */
672 int ZEXPORT deflate (strm, flush)
673     z_streamp strm;
674     int flush;
675 {
676     int old_flush; /* value of flush param for previous deflate call */
677     deflate_state *s;

679     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL ||
680         flush > Z_BLOCK || flush < 0) {
681         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
682     }
683     s = strm->state;

685     if (strm->next_out == Z_NULL ||
686         (strm->next_in == Z_NULL && strm->avail_in != 0) ||
687         (s->status == FINISH_STATE && flush != Z_FINISH)) {
688         ERR_RETURN(strm, Z_STREAM_ERROR);
689     }
690     if (strm->avail_out == 0) ERR_RETURN(strm, Z_BUF_ERROR);

692     s->strm = strm; /* just in case */
693     old_flush = s->last_flush;
694     s->last_flush = flush;

696     /* Write the header */
697     if (s->status == INIT_STATE) {
698 #ifdef GZIP
699         if (s->wrap == 2) {
700             strm->adler = crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
701             put_byte(s, 31);
702             put_byte(s, 139);
703             put_byte(s, 8);
704             if (s->gzhead == Z_NULL) {
705                 put_byte(s, 0);
706                 put_byte(s, 0);
707                 put_byte(s, 0);
708                 put_byte(s, 0);
709                 put_byte(s, 0);
710                 put_byte(s, s->level == 9 ? 2 :
711                     (s->strategy >= Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY || s->level < 2 ?
712                     4 : 0));
713                 put_byte(s, OS_CODE);
714                 s->status = BUSY_STATE;
715             }
716             else {
717                 put_byte(s, (s->gzhead->text ? 1 : 0) +
718                     (s->gzhead->hcrc ? 2 : 0) +
719                     (s->gzhead->extra == Z_NULL ? 0 : 4) +
720                     (s->gzhead->name == Z_NULL ? 0 : 8) +

```

```

721         (s->gzhead->comment == Z_NULL ? 0 : 16)
722     );
723     put_byte(s, (Byte)(s->gzhead->time & 0xff));
724     put_byte(s, (Byte)((s->gzhead->time >> 8) & 0xff));
725     put_byte(s, (Byte)(s->gzhead->time >> 16) & 0xff);
726     put_byte(s, (Byte)((s->gzhead->time >> 24) & 0xff));
727     put_byte(s, s->level == 9 ? 2 :
728         (s->strategy >= Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY || s->level < 2 ?
729         4 : 0));
730     put_byte(s, s->gzhead->os & 0xff);
731     if (s->gzhead->extra != Z_NULL) {
732         put_byte(s, s->gzhead->extra_len & 0xff);
733         put_byte(s, (s->gzhead->extra_len >> 8) & 0xff);
734     }
735     if (s->gzhead->hcrc)
736         strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf,
737             s->pending);
738     s->gzindex = 0;
739     s->status = EXTRA_STATE;
740 }
741 }
742 else
743 #endif
744 {
745     uInt header = (Z_DEFLATED + ((s->w_bits-8)<<4)) << 8;
746     uInt level_flags;

748     if (s->strategy >= Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY || s->level < 2)
749         level_flags = 0;
750     else if (s->level < 6)
751         level_flags = 1;
752     else if (s->level == 6)
753         level_flags = 2;
754     else
755         level_flags = 3;
756     header |= (level_flags << 6);
757     if (s->strstart != 0) header |= PRESET_DICT;
758     header += 31 - (header % 31);

760     s->status = BUSY_STATE;
761     putShortMSB(s, header);

763     /* Save the Adler32 of the preset dictionary: */
764     if (s->strstart != 0) {
765         putShortMSB(s, (uInt)(strm->adler >> 16));
766         putShortMSB(s, (uInt)(strm->adler & 0xffff));
767     }
768     strm->adler = Adler32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
769 }
770 }
771 #ifdef GZIP
772 if (s->status == EXTRA_STATE) {
773     if (s->gzhead->extra != Z_NULL) {
774         uint beg = s->pending; /* start of bytes to update crc */

776         while (s->gzindex < (s->gzhead->extra_len & 0xffff)) {
777             if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
778                 if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
779                     strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
780                         s->pending - beg);
781                 flush_pending(strm);
782                 beg = s->pending;
783                 if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size)
784                     break;
785             }
786             put_byte(s, s->gzhead->extra[s->gzindex]);

```

```

787     s->gzindex++;
788 }
789 if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
790     strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
791         s->pending - beg);
792 if (s->gzindex == s->gzhead->extra_len) {
793     s->gzindex = 0;
794     s->status = NAME_STATE;
795 }
796 }
797 else
798     s->status = NAME_STATE;
799 }
800 if (s->status == NAME_STATE) {
801     if (s->gzhead->name != Z_NULL) {
802         uInt beg = s->pending; /* start of bytes to update crc */
803         int val;
804
805         do {
806             if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
807                 if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
808                     strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
809                         s->pending - beg);
810                 flush_pending(strm);
811                 beg = s->pending;
812                 if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
813                     val = 1;
814                     break;
815                 }
816             }
817             val = s->gzhead->name[s->gzindex++];
818             put_byte(s, val);
819         } while (val != 0);
820         if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
821             strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
822                 s->pending - beg);
823         if (val == 0) {
824             s->gzindex = 0;
825             s->status = COMMENT_STATE;
826         }
827     }
828     else
829         s->status = COMMENT_STATE;
830 }
831 if (s->status == COMMENT_STATE) {
832     if (s->gzhead->comment != Z_NULL) {
833         uInt beg = s->pending; /* start of bytes to update crc */
834         int val;
835
836         do {
837             if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
838                 if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
839                     strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
840                         s->pending - beg);
841                 flush_pending(strm);
842                 beg = s->pending;
843                 if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
844                     val = 1;
845                     break;
846                 }
847             }
848             val = s->gzhead->comment[s->gzindex++];
849             put_byte(s, val);
850         } while (val != 0);
851         if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
852             strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,

```

```

853         s->pending - beg);
854         if (val == 0)
855             s->status = HCRC_STATE;
856     }
857     else
858         s->status = HCRC_STATE;
859 }
860 if (s->status == HCRC_STATE) {
861     if (s->gzhead->hcrc) {
862         if (s->pending + 2 > s->pending_buf_size)
863             flush_pending(strm);
864         if (s->pending + 2 <= s->pending_buf_size) {
865             put_byte(s, (Byte)(strm->adler & 0xff));
866             put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->adler >> 8) & 0xff));
867             strm->adler = crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
868             s->status = BUSY_STATE;
869         }
870     }
871     else
872         s->status = BUSY_STATE;
873 }
874 #endif
875
876 /* Flush as much pending output as possible */
877 if (s->pending != 0) {
878     flush_pending(strm);
879     if (strm->avail_out == 0) {
880         /* Since avail_out is 0, deflate will be called again with
881          * more output space, but possibly with both pending and
882          * avail_in equal to zero. There won't be anything to do,
883          * but this is not an error situation so make sure we
884          * return OK instead of BUF_ERROR at next call of deflate:
885          */
886         s->last_flush = -1;
887         return Z_OK;
888     }
889 }
890
891 /* Make sure there is something to do and avoid duplicate consecutive
892 * flushes. For repeated and useless calls with Z_FINISH, we keep
893 * returning Z_STREAM_END instead of Z_BUF_ERROR.
894 */
895 } else if (strm->avail_in == 0 && RANK(flush) <= RANK(old_flush) &&
896     flush != Z_FINISH) {
897     ERR_RETURN(strm, Z_BUF_ERROR);
898 }
899
900 /* User must not provide more input after the first FINISH: */
901 if (s->status == FINISH_STATE && strm->avail_in != 0) {
902     ERR_RETURN(strm, Z_BUF_ERROR);
903 }
904
905 /* Start a new block or continue the current one.
906 */
907 if (strm->avail_in != 0 || s->lookahead != 0 ||
908     (flush != Z_NO_FLUSH && s->status != FINISH_STATE)) {
909     block_state bstate;
910
911     bstate = s->strategy == Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY ? deflate_huff(s, flush) :
912         (s->strategy == Z_RLE ? deflate_rle(s, flush) :
913             (*(configuration_table[s->level].func))(s, flush));
914
915     if (bstate == finish_started || bstate == finish_done) {
916         s->status = FINISH_STATE;
917     }
918     if (bstate == need_more || bstate == finish_started) {
919         if (strm->avail_out == 0) {

```



```

919     s->last_flush = -1; /* avoid BUF_ERROR next call, see above */
920 }
921 return Z_OK;
922 /* If flush != Z_NO_FLUSH && avail_out == 0, the next call
923  * of deflate should use the same flush parameter to make sure
924  * that the flush is complete. So we don't have to output an
925  * empty block here, this will be done at next call. This also
926  * ensures that for a very small output buffer, we emit at most
927  * one empty block.
928  */
929 }
930 if (bstate == block_done) {
931     if (flush == Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH) {
932         _tr_align(s);
933     } else if (flush != Z_BLOCK) { /* FULL_FLUSH or SYNC_FLUSH */
934         _tr_stored_block(s, (char*)0, 0L, 0);
935         /* For a full flush, this empty block will be recognized
936          * as a special marker by inflate_sync().
937          */
938         if (flush == Z_FULL_FLUSH) {
939             CLEAR_HASH(s); /* forget history */
940             if (s->lookahead == 0) {
941                 s->strstart = 0;
942                 s->block_start = 0L;
943                 s->insert = 0;
944             }
945         }
946     }
947     flush_pending(strm);
948     if (strm->avail_out == 0) {
949         s->last_flush = -1; /* avoid BUF_ERROR at next call, see above */
950         return Z_OK;
951     }
952 }
953 }
954 Assert(strm->avail_out > 0, "bug2");

956 if (flush != Z_FINISH) return Z_OK;
957 if (s->wrap <= 0) return Z_STREAM_END;

959 /* Write the trailer */
960 #ifdef GZIP
961     if (s->wrap == 2) {
962         put_byte(s, (Byte)(strm->adler & 0xff));
963         put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->adler >> 8) & 0xff));
964         put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->adler >> 16) & 0xff));
965         put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->adler >> 24) & 0xff));
966         put_byte(s, (Byte)(strm->total_in & 0xff));
967         put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->total_in >> 8) & 0xff));
968         put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->total_in >> 16) & 0xff));
969         put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->total_in >> 24) & 0xff));
970     }
971     else
972 #endif
973     {
974         putShortMSB(s, (uInt)(strm->adler >> 16));
975         putShortMSB(s, (uInt)(strm->adler & 0xffff));
976     }
977     flush_pending(strm);
978     /* If avail_out is zero, the application will call deflate again
979      * to flush the rest.
980      */
981     if (s->wrap > 0) s->wrap = -s->wrap; /* write the trailer only once! */
982     return s->pending != 0 ? Z_OK : Z_STREAM_END;
983 }

```

```

985 /* ===== */
986 int ZEXPORT deflateEnd (strm)
987     z_stream strm;
988 {
989     int status;

991     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

993     status = strm->state->status;
994     if (status != INIT_STATE &&
995         status != EXTRA_STATE &&
996         status != NAME_STATE &&
997         status != COMMENT_STATE &&
998         status != HCRC_STATE &&
999         status != BUSY_STATE &&
1000         status != FINISH_STATE) {
1001         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1002     }

1004     /* Deallocate in reverse order of allocations: */
1005     TRY_FREE(strm, strm->state->pending_buf);
1006     TRY_FREE(strm, strm->state->head);
1007     TRY_FREE(strm, strm->state->prev);
1008     TRY_FREE(strm, strm->state->window);

1010     ZFREE(strm, strm->state);
1011     strm->state = Z_NULL;

1013     return status == BUSY_STATE ? Z_DATA_ERROR : Z_OK;
1014 }

1016 /* ===== */
1017 * Copy the source state to the destination state.
1018 * To simplify the source, this is not supported for 16-bit MSDOS (which
1019 * doesn't have enough memory anyway to duplicate compression states).
1020 */
1021 int ZEXPORT deflateCopy (dest, source)
1022     z_stream dest;
1023     z_stream source;
1024 {
1025     #ifdef MAXSEG_64K
1026         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1027     #else
1028         deflate_state *ds;
1029         deflate_state *ss;
1030         ushf *overlay;

1033         if (source == Z_NULL || dest == Z_NULL || source->state == Z_NULL) {
1034             return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1035         }

1037         ss = source->state;

1039         zmemcpy((voidpf)dest, (voidpf)source, sizeof(z_stream));

1041         ds = (deflate_state *) ZALLOC(dest, 1, sizeof(deflate_state));
1042         if (ds == Z_NULL) return Z_MEM_ERROR;
1043         dest->state = (struct internal_state FAR *) ds;
1044         zmemcpy((voidpf)ds, (voidpf)ss, sizeof(deflate_state));
1045         ds->strm = dest;

1047         ds->window = (Bytef *) ZALLOC(dest, ds->w_size, 2*sizeof(Byte));
1048         ds->prev = (Posf *) ZALLOC(dest, ds->w_size, sizeof(Pos));
1049         ds->head = (Posf *) ZALLOC(dest, ds->hash_size, sizeof(Pos));
1050         overlay = (ushf *) ZALLOC(dest, ds->lit_bufsize, sizeof(ush)+2);

```

```

1051     ds->pending_buf = (uchf *) overlay;

1053     if (ds->window == Z_NULL || ds->prev == Z_NULL || ds->head == Z_NULL ||
1054         ds->pending_buf == Z_NULL) {
1055         deflateEnd (dest);
1056         return Z_MEM_ERROR;
1057     }
1058     /* following zmemcpy do not work for 16-bit MSDOS */
1059     zmemcpy(ds->window, ss->window, ds->w_size * 2 * sizeof(Byte));
1060     zmemcpy((voidpf)ds->prev, (voidpf)ss->prev, ds->w_size * sizeof(Pos));
1061     zmemcpy((voidpf)ds->head, (voidpf)ss->head, ds->hash_size * sizeof(Pos));
1062     zmemcpy(ds->pending_buf, ss->pending_buf, (uInt)ds->pending_buf_size);

1064     ds->pending_out = ds->pending_buf + (ss->pending_out - ss->pending_buf);
1065     ds->d_buf = overlay + ds->lit_bufsize/sizeof(ush);
1066     ds->l_buf = ds->pending_buf + (1+sizeof(ush))*ds->lit_bufsize;

1068     ds->l_desc.dyn_tree = ds->dyn_ltree;
1069     ds->d_desc.dyn_tree = ds->dyn_dtree;
1070     ds->bl_desc.dyn_tree = ds->bl_tree;

1072     return Z_OK;
1073 #endif /* MAXSEG_64K */
1074 }

1076 /* =====
1077 * Read a new buffer from the current input stream, update the Adler32
1078 * and total number of bytes read. All deflate() input goes through
1079 * this function so some applications may wish to modify it to avoid
1080 * allocating a large strm->next_in buffer and copying from it.
1081 * (See also flush_pending()).
1082 */
1083 local int read_buf(strm, buf, size)
1084     z_stream strm;
1085     Bytef *buf;
1086     unsigned size;
1087 {
1088     unsigned len = strm->avail_in;

1090     if (len > size) len = size;
1091     if (len == 0) return 0;

1093     strm->avail_in -= len;

1095     zmemcpy(buf, strm->next_in, len);
1096     if (strm->state->wrap == 1) {
1097         strm->adler = Adler32(strm->adler, buf, len);
1098     }
1099 #ifdef GZIP
1100     else if (strm->state->wrap == 2) {
1101         strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, buf, len);
1102     }
1103 #endif
1104     strm->next_in += len;
1105     strm->total_in += len;

1107     return (int)len;
1108 }

1110 /* =====
1111 * Initialize the "longest match" routines for a new zlib stream
1112 */
1113 local void lm_init (s)
1114     deflate_state *s;
1115 {
1116     s->window_size = (ulg)2L*s->w_size;

```

```

1118     CLEAR_HASH(s);

1120     /* Set the default configuration parameters:
1121     */
1122     s->max_lazy_match = configuration_table[s->level].max_lazy;
1123     s->good_match = configuration_table[s->level].good_length;
1124     s->nice_match = configuration_table[s->level].nice_length;
1125     s->max_chain_length = configuration_table[s->level].max_chain;

1127     s->strstart = 0;
1128     s->block_start = 0L;
1129     s->lookahead = 0;
1130     s->insert = 0;
1131     s->match_length = s->prev_length = MIN_MATCH-1;
1132     s->match_available = 0;
1133     s->ins_h = 0;
1134 #ifndef FASTEST
1135 #ifdef ASMV
1136     match_init(); /* initialize the asm code */
1137 #endif
1138 #endif
1139 }
1140 #endif /* ! LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY */

1142 #if defined(ORIG_LONGEST_MATCH) || defined(ORIG_LONGEST_MATCH_GLOBAL)
1143 #ifndef FASTEST
1144 /* =====
1145 * Set match_start to the longest match starting at the given string and
1146 * return its length. Matches shorter or equal to prev_length are discarded,
1147 * in which case the result is equal to prev_length and match_start is
1148 * garbage.
1149 * IN assertions: cur_match is the head of the hash chain for the current
1150 * string (strstart) and its distance is <= MAX_DIST, and prev_length >= 1
1151 * OUT assertion: the match length is not greater than s->lookahead.
1152 */
1153 #ifndef ASMV
1154 /* For 80x86 and 680x0, an optimized version will be provided in match.asm or
1155 * match.S. The code will be functionally equivalent.
1156 */
1157 #ifdef ORIG_LONGEST_MATCH_GLOBAL
1158 uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
1159 #else
1160 local uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
1161 #endif
1162     deflate_state *s;
1163     IPos cur_match; /* current match */
1164 {
1165     unsigned chain_length = s->max_chain_length; /* max hash chain length */
1166     register Bytef *scan = s->window + s->strstart; /* current string */
1167     register Bytef *match; /* matched string */
1168     register int len; /* length of current match */
1169     int best_len = s->prev_length; /* best match length so far */
1170     int nice_match = s->nice_match; /* stop if match long enough */
1171     IPos limit = s->strstart + (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) ?
1172         s->strstart - (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) : NIL;
1173     /* Stop when cur_match becomes <= limit. To simplify the code,
1174     * we prevent matches with the string of window index 0.
1175     */
1176     Posf *prev = s->prev;
1177     uInt wmask = s->w_mask;

1179 #ifdef UNALIGNED_OK
1180     /* Compare two bytes at a time. Note: this is not always beneficial.
1181     * Try with and without -DUNALIGNED_OK to check.
1182     */

```

```

1183 register Bytef *strend = s->window + s->strstart + MAX_MATCH - 1;
1184 register ush scan_start = *(ushf*)scan;
1185 register ush scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1);
1186 #else
1187 register Bytef *strend = s->window + s->strstart + MAX_MATCH;
1188 register Byte scan_endl = scan[best_len-1];
1189 register Byte scan_end = scan[best_len];
1190 #endif

1192 /* The code is optimized for HASH_BITS >= 8 and MAX_MATCH-2 multiple of 16.
1193  * It is easy to get rid of this optimization if necessary.
1194  */
1195 Assert(s->hash_bits >= 8 && MAX_MATCH == 258, "Code too clever");

1197 /* Do not waste too much time if we already have a good match: */
1198 if (s->prev_length >= s->good_match) {
1199     chain_length >>= 2;
1200 }
1201 /* Do not look for matches beyond the end of the input. This is necessary
1202  * to make deflate deterministic.
1203  */
1204 if ((uInt)nice_match > s->lookahead) nice_match = s->lookahead;

1206 Assert((ulg)s->strstart <= s->window_size-MIN_LOOKAHEAD, "need lookahead");

1208 do {
1209     Assert(cur_match < s->strstart, "no future");
1210     match = s->window + cur_match;

1212     /* Skip to next match if the match length cannot increase
1213      * or if the match length is less than 2. Note that the checks below
1214      * for insufficient lookahead only occur occasionally for performance
1215      * reasons. Therefore uninitialized memory will be accessed, and
1216      * conditional jumps will be made that depend on those values.
1217      * However the length of the match is limited to the lookahead, so
1218      * the output of deflate is not affected by the uninitialized values.
1219      */
1220 #if (defined(UNALIGNED_OK) && MAX_MATCH == 258)
1221     /* This code assumes sizeof(unsigned short) == 2. Do not use
1222      * UNALIGNED_OK if your compiler uses a different size.
1223      */
1224     if (*(ushf*)(match+best_len-1) != scan_end ||
1225         *(ushf*)match != scan_start) continue;
1226 #else
1227     /* It is not necessary to compare scan[2] and match[2] since they are
1228      * always equal when the other bytes match, given that the hash keys
1229      * are equal and that HASH_BITS >= 8. Compare 2 bytes at a time at
1230      * strstart+3, +5, ... up to strstart+257. We check for insufficient
1231      * lookahead only every 4th comparison; the 128th check will be made
1232      * at strstart+257. If MAX_MATCH-2 is not a multiple of 8, it is
1233      * necessary to put more guard bytes at the end of the window, or
1234      * to check more often for insufficient lookahead.
1235      */
1236     Assert(scan[2] == match[2], "scan[2]?");
1237     scan++, match++;
1238     do {
1239         } while (*(ushf*)(scan+=2) == *(ushf*)(match+=2) &&
1240                *(ushf*)(scan+=2) == *(ushf*)(match+=2) &&
1241                *(ushf*)(scan+=2) == *(ushf*)(match+=2) &&
1242                *(ushf*)(scan+=2) == *(ushf*)(match+=2) &&
1243                scan < strend);
1244     /* The funny "do {}" generates better code on most compilers */

1246     /* Here, scan <= window+strstart+257 */
1247     Assert(scan <= s->window+(unsigned)(s->window_size-1), "wild scan");
1248     if (*scan == *match) scan++;

```

```

1250     len = (MAX_MATCH - 1) - (int)(strend-scan);
1251     scan = strend - (MAX_MATCH-1);

1253 #else /* UNALIGNED_OK */

1255     if (match[best_len] != scan_end ||
1256         match[best_len-1] != scan_endl ||
1257         *match != *scan ||
1258         **match != scan[1]) continue;

1260     /* The check at best_len-1 can be removed because it will be made
1261      * again later. (This heuristic is not always a win.)
1262      * It is not necessary to compare scan[2] and match[2] since they
1263      * are always equal when the other bytes match, given that
1264      * the hash keys are equal and that HASH_BITS >= 8.
1265      */
1266     scan += 2, match++;
1267     Assert(*scan == *match, "match[2]?");

1269     /* We check for insufficient lookahead only every 8th comparison;
1270      * the 256th check will be made at strstart+258.
1271      */
1272     do {
1273     } while (**+scan == **match && **scan == **match &&
1274            ***scan == ***match && ***scan == ***match &&
1275            ****scan == ****match && ****scan == ****match &&
1276            *****scan == *****match && *****scan == *****match &&
1277            scan < strend);

1279     Assert(scan <= s->window+(unsigned)(s->window_size-1), "wild scan");

1281     len = MAX_MATCH - (int)(strend - scan);
1282     scan = strend - MAX_MATCH;

1284 #endif /* UNALIGNED_OK */

1286     if (len > best_len) {
1287         s->match_start = cur_match;
1288         best_len = len;
1289         if (len >= nice_match) break;
1290 #ifdef UNALIGNED_OK
1291         scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1);
1292 #else
1293         scan_endl = scan[best_len-1];
1294         scan_end = scan[best_len];
1295 #endif
1296     }
1297     } while ((cur_match = prev[cur_match & wmask]) > limit
1298             && --chain_length != 0);

1300     if ((uInt)best_len <= s->lookahead) return (uInt)best_len;
1301     return s->lookahead;
1302 }
1303 #endif /* ASMV */
1304 #endif /* ORIG LONGEST_MATCH */

1306 #else /* FASTEST */

1308 /* -----
1309  * Optimized version for FASTEST only
1310  */
1311 local uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
1312     deflate_state *s;
1313     IPos cur_match;
1314     /* current match */

```

```

1315 register Bytef *scan = s->window + s->strstart; /* current string */
1316 register Bytef *match; /* matched string */
1317 register int len; /* length of current match */
1318 register Bytef *strend = s->window + s->strstart + MAX_MATCH;

1320 /* The code is optimized for HASH_BITS >= 8 and MAX_MATCH-2 multiple of 16.
1321 * It is easy to get rid of this optimization if necessary.
1322 */
1323 Assert(s->hash_bits >= 8 && MAX_MATCH == 258, "Code too clever");

1325 Assert((ulg)s->strstart <= s->window_size-MIN_LOOKAHEAD, "need lookahead");

1327 Assert(cur_match < s->strstart, "no future");

1329 match = s->window + cur_match;

1331 /* Return failure if the match length is less than 2:
1332 */
1333 if (match[0] != scan[0] || match[1] != scan[1]) return MIN_MATCH-1;

1335 /* The check at best_len-1 can be removed because it will be made
1336 * again later. (This heuristic is not always a win.)
1337 * It is not necessary to compare scan[2] and match[2] since they
1338 * are always equal when the other bytes match, given that
1339 * the hash keys are equal and that HASH_BITS >= 8.
1340 */
1341 scan += 2, match += 2;
1342 Assert(*scan == *match, "match[2]?");

1344 /* We check for insufficient lookahead only every 8th comparison;
1345 * the 256th check will be made at strstart+258.
1346 */
1347 do {
1348 } while ( (++scan == ++match && ++scan == ++match &&
1349 ++scan == ++match && ++scan == ++match &&
1350 ++scan == ++match && ++scan == ++match &&
1351 ++scan == ++match && ++scan == ++match &&
1352 scan < strend);

1354 Assert(scan <= s->window+(unsigned)(s->window_size-1), "wild scan");

1356 len = MAX_MATCH - (int)(strend - scan);

1358 if (len < MIN_MATCH) return MIN_MATCH - 1;

1360 s->match_start = cur_match;
1361 return (uInt)len <= s->lookahead ? (uInt)len : s->lookahead;
1362 }

1364 #endif /* FASTEST */

1366 #ifndef LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY
1367 #ifdef DEBUG
1368 /* =====
1369 * Check that the match at match_start is indeed a match.
1370 */
1371 local void check_match(s, start, match, length)
1372 deflate_state *s;
1373 IPos start, match;
1374 int length;
1375 {
1376 /* check that the match is indeed a match */
1377 if (zmemcmp(s->window + match,
1378 s->window + start, length) != EQUAL) {
1379 fprintf(stderr, " start %u, match %u, length %d\n",
1380 start, match, length);

```

```

1381 do {
1382 fprintf(stderr, "%c%c", s->window[match++], s->window[start++]);
1383 } while (--length != 0);
1384 z_error("invalid match");
1385 }
1386 if (z_verbose > 1) {
1387 fprintf(stderr, "\\[%d,%d]", start-match, length);
1388 do { putc(s->window[start++], stderr); } while (--length != 0);
1389 }
1390 }
1391 #else
1392 # define check_match(s, start, match, length)
1393 #endif /* DEBUG */

1395 /* =====
1396 * Fill the window when the lookahead becomes insufficient.
1397 * Updates strstart and lookahead.
1398 *
1399 * IN assertion: lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD
1400 * OUT assertions: strstart <= window_size-MIN_LOOKAHEAD
1401 * At least one byte has been read, or avail_in == 0; reads are
1402 * performed for at least two bytes (required for the zip translate_eol
1403 * option -- not supported here).
1404 */
1405 local void fill_window(s)
1406 deflate_state *s;
1407 {
1408 register unsigned n, m;
1409 register Posf *p;
1410 unsigned more; /* Amount of free space at the end of the window. */
1411 uInt wsize = s->w_size;

1413 Assert(s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD, "already enough lookahead");

1415 do {
1416 more = (unsigned)(s->window_size - (ulg)s->lookahead - (ulg)s->strstart);

1418 /* Deal with !@#% 64K limit: */
1419 if (sizeof(int) <= 2) {
1420 if (more == 0 && s->strstart == 0 && s->lookahead == 0) {
1421 more = wsize;

1423 } else if (more == (unsigned)(-1)) {
1424 /* Very unlikely, but possible on 16 bit machine if
1425 * strstart == 0 && lookahead == 1 (input done a byte at time)
1426 */
1427 more--;
1428 }
1429 }

1431 /* If the window is almost full and there is insufficient lookahead,
1432 * move the upper half to the lower one to make room in the upper half.
1433 */
1434 if (s->strstart >= wsize+MAX_DIST(s)) {

1436 zmemcpy(s->window, s->window+wsize, (unsigned)wsize);
1437 s->match_start -= wsize;
1438 s->strstart -= wsize; /* we now have strstart >= MAX_DIST */
1439 s->block_start -= (long) wsize;

1441 /* Slide the hash table (could be avoided with 32 bit values
1442 at the expense of memory usage). We slide even when level == 0
1443 to keep the hash table consistent if we switch back to level > 0
1444 later. (Using level 0 permanently is not an optimal usage of
1445 zlib, so we don't care about this pathological case.)
1446 */

```

```

1447     n = s->hash_size;
1448     p = &s->head[n];
1449     do {
1450         m = *--p;
1451         *p = (Pos)(m >= wsize ? m-wsize : NIL);
1452     } while (--n);

1454     n = wsize;
1455 #ifndef FASTEST
1456     p = &s->prev[n];
1457     do {
1458         m = *--p;
1459         *p = (Pos)(m >= wsize ? m-wsize : NIL);
1460         /* If n is not on any hash chain, prev[n] is garbage but
1461          * its value will never be used.
1462          */
1463     } while (--n);
1464 #endif
1465     more += wsize;
1466     if (s->strm->avail_in == 0) break;

1469 /* If there was no sliding:
1470  *   strstart <= WSIZE+MAX_DIST-1 && lookahead <= MIN_LOOKAHEAD - 1 &&
1471  *   more == window_size - lookahead - strstart
1472  * => more >= window_size - (MIN_LOOKAHEAD-1 + WSIZE + MAX_DIST-1)
1473  * => more >= window_size - 2*WSIZE + 2
1474  * In the BIG_MEM or MMAP case (not yet supported),
1475  *   window_size == input_size + MIN_LOOKAHEAD &&
1476  *   strstart + s->lookahead <= input_size => more >= MIN_LOOKAHEAD.
1477  * Otherwise, window_size == 2*WSIZE so more >= 2.
1478  * If there was sliding, more >= WSIZE. So in all cases, more >= 2.
1479  */
1480 Assert(more >= 2, "more < 2");

1482     n = read_buf(s->strm, s->window + s->strstart + s->lookahead, more);
1483     s->lookahead += n;

1485 /* Initialize the hash value now that we have some input: */
1486 if (s->lookahead + s->insert >= MIN_MATCH) {
1487     uInt str = s->strstart - s->insert;
1488     s->ins_h = s->window[str];
1489     UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[str + 1]);
1490 #if MIN_MATCH != 3
1491     Call UPDATE_HASH() MIN_MATCH-3 more times
1492 #endif
1493     while (s->insert) {
1494         UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[str + MIN_MATCH-1]);
1495 #ifndef FASTEST
1496         s->prev[str & s->w_mask] = s->head[s->ins_h];
1497 #endif
1498         s->head[s->ins_h] = (Pos)str;
1499         str++;
1500         s->insert--;
1501         if (s->lookahead + s->insert < MIN_MATCH)
1502             break;
1503     }
1504 }
1505 /* If the whole input has less than MIN_MATCH bytes, ins_h is garbage,
1506  * but this is not important since only literal bytes will be emitted.
1507  */

1509 } while (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD && s->strm->avail_in != 0);

1511 /* If the WIN_INIT bytes after the end of the current data have never been
1512  * written, then zero those bytes in order to avoid memory check reports of

```

```

1513  * the use of uninitialized (or uninitialised as Julian writes) bytes by
1514  * the longest match routines. Update the high water mark for the next
1515  * time through here. WIN_INIT is set to MAX_MATCH since the longest match
1516  * routines allow scanning to strstart + MAX_MATCH, ignoring lookahead.
1517  */
1518 if (s->high_water < s->window_size) {
1519     ulg curr = s->strstart + (ulg)(s->lookahead);
1520     ulg init;

1522     if (s->high_water < curr) {
1523         /* Previous high water mark below current data -- zero WIN_INIT
1524          * bytes or up to end of window, whichever is less.
1525          */
1526         init = s->window_size - curr;
1527         if (init > WIN_INIT)
1528             init = WIN_INIT;
1529         zmemzero(s->window + curr, (unsigned)init);
1530         s->high_water = curr + init;
1531     }
1532     else if (s->high_water < (ulg)curr + WIN_INIT) {
1533         /* High water mark at or above current data, but below current data
1534          * plus WIN_INIT -- zero out to current data plus WIN_INIT, or up
1535          * to end of window, whichever is less.
1536          */
1537         init = (ulg)curr + WIN_INIT - s->high_water;
1538         if (init > s->window_size - s->high_water)
1539             init = s->window_size - s->high_water;
1540         zmemzero(s->window + s->high_water, (unsigned)init);
1541         s->high_water += init;
1542     }
1543 }

1545 Assert((ulg)s->strstart <= s->window_size - MIN_LOOKAHEAD,
1546        "not enough room for search");
1547 }

1549 /* =====
1550  * Flush the current block, with given end-of-file flag.
1551  * IN assertion: strstart is set to the end of the current match.
1552  */
1553 #define FLUSH_BLOCK_ONLY(s, last) { \
1554     _tr_flush_block(s, (s->block_start - s->high_water) \
1555         (charf *)&s->window[(unsigned)s->block_start] : \
1556         (charf *)Z_NULL), \
1557         (ulg)((long)s->strstart - s->block_start), \
1558         (last)); \
1559     s->block_start = s->strstart; \
1560     flush_pending(s->strm); \
1561     Tracev((stderr, "[FLUSH]")); \
1562 }

1564 /* Same but force premature exit if necessary. */
1565 #define FLUSH_BLOCK(s, last) { \
1566     FLUSH_BLOCK_ONLY(s, last); \
1567     if (s->strm->avail_out == 0) return (last) ? finish_started : need_more; \
1568 }

1570 /* =====
1571  * Copy without compression as much as possible from the input stream, return
1572  * the current block state.
1573  * This function does not insert new strings in the dictionary since
1574  * uncompressible data is probably not useful. This function is used
1575  * only for the level=0 compression option.
1576  * NOTE: this function should be optimized to avoid extra copying from
1577  * window to pending_buf.
1578  */

```

```

1579 local block_state deflate_stored(s, flush)
1580     deflate_state *s;
1581     int flush;
1582 {
1583     /* Stored blocks are limited to 0xffff bytes, pending_buf is limited
1584      * to pending_buf_size, and each stored block has a 5 byte header:
1585      */
1586     ulg max_block_size = 0xffff;
1587     ulg max_start;

1589     if (max_block_size > s->pending_buf_size - 5) {
1590         max_block_size = s->pending_buf_size - 5;
1591     }

1593     /* Copy as much as possible from input to output: */
1594     for (;;) {
1595         /* Fill the window as much as possible: */
1596         if (s->lookahead <= 1) {

1598             Assert(s->strstart < s->w_size+MAX_DIST(s) ||
1599                 s->block_start >= (long)s->w_size, "slide too late");

1601             fill_window(s);
1602             if (s->lookahead == 0 && flush == Z_NO_FLUSH) return need_more;

1604             if (s->lookahead == 0) break; /* flush the current block */
1605         }
1606         Assert(s->block_start >= 0L, "block gone");

1608         s->strstart += s->lookahead;
1609         s->lookahead = 0;

1611         /* Emit a stored block if pending_buf will be full: */
1612         max_start = s->block_start + max_block_size;
1613         if (s->strstart == 0 || (ulg)s->strstart >= max_start) {
1614             /* strstart == 0 is possible when wraparound on 16-bit machine */
1615             s->lookahead = (uInt)(s->strstart - max_start);
1616             s->strstart = (uInt)max_start;
1617             FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1618         }
1619         /* Flush if we may have to slide, otherwise block_start may become
1620          * negative and the data will be gone:
1621          */
1622         if (s->strstart - (uInt)s->block_start >= MAX_DIST(s)) {
1623             FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1624         }
1625     }
1626     s->insert = 0;
1627     if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1628         FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1629         return finish_done;
1630     }
1631     if ((long)s->strstart > s->block_start)
1632         FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1633     return block_done;
1634 }

1636 /* =====
1637  * Compress as much as possible from the input stream, return the current
1638  * block state.
1639  * This function does not perform lazy evaluation of matches and inserts
1640  * new strings in the dictionary only for unmatched strings or for short
1641  * matches. It is used only for the fast compression options.
1642  */
1643 local block_state deflate_fast(s, flush)
1644     deflate_state *s;

```

```

1645     int flush;
1646     {
1647         IPos hash_head; /* head of the hash chain */
1648         int bflush; /* set if current block must be flushed */

1650     for (;;) {
1651         /* Make sure that we always have enough lookahead, except
1652          * at the end of the input file. We need MAX_MATCH bytes
1653          * for the next match, plus MIN_MATCH bytes to insert the
1654          * string following the next match.
1655          */
1656         if (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD) {
1657             fill_window(s);
1658             if (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD && flush == Z_NO_FLUSH) {
1659                 return need_more;
1660             }
1661             if (s->lookahead == 0) break; /* flush the current block */
1662         }

1664         /* Insert the string window[strstart .. strstart+2] in the
1665          * dictionary, and set hash_head to the head of the hash chain:
1666          */
1667         hash_head = NIL;
1668         if (s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH) {
1669             INSERT_STRING(s, s->strstart, hash_head);
1670         }

1672         /* Find the longest match, discarding those <= prev_length.
1673          * At this point we have always match_length < MIN_MATCH
1674          */
1675         if (hash_head != NIL && s->strstart - hash_head <= MAX_DIST(s)) {
1676             /* To simplify the code, we prevent matches with the string
1677              * of window index 0 (in particular we have to avoid a match
1678              * of the string with itself at the start of the input file).
1679              */
1680             s->match_length = longest_match(s, hash_head);
1681             /* longest_match() sets match_start */
1682         }
1683         if (s->match_length >= MIN_MATCH) {
1684             check_match(s, s->strstart, s->match_start, s->match_length);

1686             _tr_tally_dist(s, s->strstart - s->match_start,
1687                 s->match_length - MIN_MATCH, bflush);

1689             s->lookahead -= s->match_length;

1691             /* Insert new strings in the hash table only if the match length
1692              * is not too large. This saves time but degrades compression.
1693              */
1694             #ifndef FASTEST
1695             if (s->match_length <= s->max_insert_length &&
1696                 s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH) {
1697                 s->match_length--; /* string at strstart already in table */
1698                 do {
1699                     s->strstart++;
1700                     INSERT_STRING(s, s->strstart, hash_head);
1701                     /* strstart never exceeds WSIZE-MAX_MATCH, so there are
1702                      * always MIN_MATCH bytes ahead.
1703                     */
1704                 } while (--s->match_length != 0);
1705                 s->strstart++;
1706             } else
1707             #endif
1708             {
1709                 s->strstart += s->match_length;
1710                 s->match_length = 0;

```

```

1711     s->ins_h = s->window[s->strstart];
1712     UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[s->strstart+1]);
1713 #if MIN_MATCH != 3
1714     Call UPDATE_HASH() MIN_MATCH-3 more times
1715 #endif
1716     /* If lookahead < MIN_MATCH, ins_h is garbage, but it does not
1717     * matter since it will be recomputed at next deflate call.
1718     */
1719 }
1720 } else {
1721     /* No match, output a literal byte */
1722     Tracevv((stderr,"%c", s->window[s->strstart]));
1723     _tr_tally_lit (s, s->window[s->strstart], bflush);
1724     s->lookahead--;
1725     s->strstart++;
1726 }
1727 if (bflush) FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1728 }
1729 s->insert = s->strstart < MIN_MATCH-1 ? s->strstart : MIN_MATCH-1;
1730 if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1731     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1732     return finish_done;
1733 }
1734 if (s->last_lit)
1735     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1736 return block_done;
1737 }

1739 #ifndef FASTEST
1740 /* =====
1741 * Same as above, but achieves better compression. We use a lazy
1742 * evaluation for matches: a match is finally adopted only if there is
1743 * no better match at the next window position.
1744 */
1745 local block_state deflate_slow(s, flush)
1746     deflate_state *s;
1747     int flush;
1748 {
1749     IPos hash_head;          /* head of hash chain */
1750     int bflush;             /* set if current block must be flushed */

1752     /* Process the input block. */
1753     for (;;) {
1754         /* Make sure that we always have enough lookahead, except
1755          * at the end of the input file. We need MAX_MATCH bytes
1756          * for the next match, plus MIN_MATCH bytes to insert the
1757          * string following the next match.
1758          */
1759         if (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD) {
1760             fill_window(s);
1761             if (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD && flush == Z_NO_FLUSH) {
1762                 return need_more;
1763             }
1764             if (s->lookahead == 0) break; /* flush the current block */
1765         }

1767         /* Insert the string window[strstart .. strstart+2] in the
1768          * dictionary, and set hash_head to the head of the hash chain:
1769          */
1770         hash_head = NIL;
1771         if (s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH) {
1772             INSERT_STRING(s, s->strstart, hash_head);
1773         }

1775         /* Find the longest match, discarding those <= prev_length.
1776          */

```

```

1777     s->prev_length = s->match_length, s->prev_match = s->match_start;
1778     s->match_length = MIN_MATCH-1;

1780     if (hash_head != NIL && s->prev_length < s->max_lazy_match &&
1781         s->strstart - hash_head <= MAX_DIST(s)) {
1782         /* To simplify the code, we prevent matches with the string
1783          * of window index 0 (in particular we have to avoid a match
1784          * of the string with itself at the start of the input file).
1785          */
1786         s->match_length = longest_match (s, hash_head);
1787         /* longest_match() sets match_start */

1789         if (s->match_length <= 5 && (s->strategy == Z_FILTERED
1790 #if TOO_FAR <= 32767
1791         || (s->match_length == MIN_MATCH &&
1792             s->strstart - s->match_start > TOO_FAR)
1793 #endif
1794         )) {

1796             /* If prev_match is also MIN_MATCH, match_start is garbage
1797              * but we will ignore the current match anyway.
1798              */
1799             s->match_length = MIN_MATCH-1;
1800         }
1801     }
1802     /* If there was a match at the previous step and the current
1803     * match is not better, output the previous match:
1804     */
1805     if (s->prev_length >= MIN_MATCH && s->match_length <= s->prev_length) {
1806         uint max_insert = s->strstart + s->lookahead - MIN_MATCH;
1807         /* Do not insert strings in hash table beyond this. */

1809         check_match(s, s->strstart-1, s->prev_match, s->prev_length);

1811         _tr_tally_dist(s, s->strstart -1 - s->prev_match,
1812             s->prev_length - MIN_MATCH, bflush);

1814         /* Insert in hash table all strings up to the end of the match.
1815          * strstart-1 and strstart are already inserted. If there is not
1816          * enough lookahead, the last two strings are not inserted in
1817          * the hash table.
1818          */
1819         s->lookahead -= s->prev_length-1;
1820         s->prev_length -= 2;
1821         do {
1822             if (++s->strstart <= max_insert) {
1823                 INSERT_STRING(s, s->strstart, hash_head);
1824             }
1825         } while (--s->prev_length != 0);
1826         s->match_available = 0;
1827         s->match_length = MIN_MATCH-1;
1828         s->strstart++;

1830         if (bflush) FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);

1832     } else if (s->match_available) {
1833         /* If there was no match at the previous position, output a
1834          * single literal. If there was a match but the current match
1835          * is longer, truncate the previous match to a single literal.
1836          */
1837         Tracevv((stderr,"%c", s->window[s->strstart-1]));
1838         _tr_tally_lit(s, s->window[s->strstart-1], bflush);
1839         if (bflush) {
1840             FLUSH_BLOCK_ONLY(s, 0);
1841         }
1842         s->strstart++;

```

```

1843     s->lookahead--;
1844     if (s->strm->avail_out == 0) return need_more;
1845 } else {
1846     /* There is no previous match to compare with, wait for
1847     * the next step to decide.
1848     */
1849     s->match_available = 1;
1850     s->strstart++;
1851     s->lookahead--;
1852 }
1853 }
1854 Assert (flush != Z_NO_FLUSH, "no flush?");
1855 if (s->match_available) {
1856     Tracevv((stderr,"%c", s->window[s->strstart-1]));
1857     _tr_tally_lit(s, s->window[s->strstart-1], bflush);
1858     s->match_available = 0;
1859 }
1860 s->insert = s->strstart < MIN_MATCH-1 ? s->strstart : MIN_MATCH-1;
1861 if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1862     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1863     return finish_done;
1864 }
1865 if (s->last_lit)
1866     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1867 return block_done;
1868 }
1869 #endif /* FASTEST */

1871 /* =====
1872 * For Z_RLE, simply look for runs of bytes, generate matches only of distance
1873 * one. Do not maintain a hash table. (It will be regenerated if this run of
1874 * deflate switches away from Z_RLE.)
1875 */
1876 local block_state deflate_rle(s, flush)
1877 deflate_state *s;
1878 int flush;
1879 {
1880     int bflush;           /* set if current block must be flushed */
1881     uInt prev;           /* byte at distance one to match */
1882     Bytef *scan, *strend; /* scan goes up to strend for length of run */

1884     for (;;) {
1885         /* Make sure that we always have enough lookahead, except
1886         * at the end of the input file. We need MAX_MATCH bytes
1887         * for the longest run, plus one for the unrolled loop.
1888         */
1889         if (s->lookahead <= MAX_MATCH) {
1890             fill_window(s);
1891             if (s->lookahead <= MAX_MATCH && flush == Z_NO_FLUSH) {
1892                 return need_more;
1893             }
1894             if (s->lookahead == 0) break; /* flush the current block */
1895         }

1897         /* See how many times the previous byte repeats */
1898         s->match_length = 0;
1899         if (s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH && s->strstart > 0) {
1900             scan = s->window + s->strstart - 1;
1901             prev = *scan;
1902             if (prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan) {
1903                 strend = s->window + s->strstart + MAX_MATCH;
1904                 do {
1905                     } while (prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan &&
1906                             prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan &&
1907                             prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan &&
1908                             prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan &&

```

```

1909             scan < strend);
1910             s->match_length = MAX_MATCH - (int)(strend - scan);
1911             if (s->match_length > s->lookahead)
1912                 s->match_length = s->lookahead;
1913         }
1914         Assert(scan <= s->window+(uInt)(s->window_size-1), "wild scan");
1915     }

1917     /* Emit match if have run of MIN_MATCH or longer, else emit literal */
1918     if (s->match_length >= MIN_MATCH) {
1919         check_match(s, s->strstart, s->strstart - 1, s->match_length);
1920
1921         _tr_tally_dist(s, 1, s->match_length - MIN_MATCH, bflush);

1923         s->lookahead -= s->match_length;
1924         s->strstart += s->match_length;
1925         s->match_length = 0;
1926     } else {
1927         /* No match, output a literal byte */
1928         Tracevv((stderr,"%c", s->window[s->strstart]));
1929         _tr_tally_lit (s, s->window[s->strstart], bflush);
1930         s->lookahead--;
1931         s->strstart++;
1932     }
1933     if (bflush) FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1934 }
1935 s->insert = 0;
1936 if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1937     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1938     return finish_done;
1939 }
1940 if (s->last_lit)
1941     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1942 return block_done;
1943 }

1945 /* =====
1946 * For Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY, do not look for matches. Do not maintain a hash table.
1947 * (It will be regenerated if this run of deflate switches away from Huffman.)
1948 */
1949 local block_state deflate_huff(s, flush)
1950 deflate_state *s;
1951 int flush;
1952 {
1953     int bflush;           /* set if current block must be flushed */

1955     for (;;) {
1956         /* Make sure that we have a literal to write. */
1957         if (s->lookahead == 0) {
1958             fill_window(s);
1959             if (s->lookahead == 0) {
1960                 if (flush == Z_NO_FLUSH)
1961                     return need_more;
1962                 break; /* flush the current block */
1963             }
1964         }

1966         /* Output a literal byte */
1967         s->match_length = 0;
1968         Tracevv((stderr,"%c", s->window[s->strstart]));
1969         _tr_tally_lit (s, s->window[s->strstart], bflush);
1970         s->lookahead--;
1971         s->strstart++;
1972         if (bflush) FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1973     }
1974     s->insert = 0;

```



```
1975     if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1976         FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1977         return finish_done;
1978     }
1979     if (s->last_lit)
1980         FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1981     return block_done;
1982 }
1983 #endif /* ! LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY */
```

```

*****
71476 Wed Apr 1 15:57:23 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/deflate.c.-1-
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* deflate.c -- compress data using the deflation algorithm
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /*
7  * ALGORITHM
8  *
9  * The "deflation" process depends on being able to identify portions
10 * of the input text which are identical to earlier input (within a
11 * sliding window trailing behind the input currently being processed).
12 *
13 * The most straightforward technique turns out to be the fastest for
14 * most input files: try all possible matches and select the longest.
15 * The key feature of this algorithm is that insertions into the string
16 * dictionary are very simple and thus fast, and deletions are avoided
17 * completely. Insertions are performed at each input character, whereas
18 * string matches are performed only when the previous match ends. So it
19 * is preferable to spend more time in matches to allow very fast string
20 * insertions and avoid deletions. The matching algorithm for small
21 * strings is inspired from that of Rabin & Karp. A brute force approach
22 * is used to find longer strings when a small match has been found.
23 * A similar algorithm is used in comic (by Jan-Mark Wams) and freeze
24 * (by Leonid Broukhis).
25 * A previous version of this file used a more sophisticated algorithm
26 * (by Fiala and Greene) which is guaranteed to run in linear amortized
27 * time, but has a larger average cost, uses more memory and is patented.
28 * However the F&G algorithm may be faster for some highly redundant
29 * files if the parameter max_chain_length (described below) is too large.
30 *
31 * ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
32 *
33 * The idea of lazy evaluation of matches is due to Jan-Mark Wams, and
34 * I found it in 'freeze' written by Leonid Broukhis.
35 * Thanks to many people for bug reports and testing.
36 *
37 * REFERENCES
38 *
39 * Deutsch, L.P., "DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification".
40 * Available in http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1951
41 *
42 * A description of the Rabin and Karp algorithm is given in the book
43 * "Algorithms" by R. Sedgewick, Addison-Wesley, p252.
44 *
45 * Fiala, E.R., and Greene, D.H.
46 * Data Compression with Finite Windows, Comm.ACM, 32,4 (1989) 490-595
47 *
48 */

50 /* @(#) $Id$ */

52 #include "deflate.h"

54 const char deflate_copyright[] =
55 " deflate 1.2.8 Copyright 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler ";
56 /*
57  * If you use the zlib library in a product, an acknowledgment is welcome
58  * in the documentation of your product. If for some reason you cannot
59  * include such an acknowledgment, I would appreciate that you keep this
60  * copyright string in the executable of your product.

```

```

61 */

63 /* =====
64  * Function prototypes.
65  */
66 typedef enum {
67     need_more,      /* block not completed, need more input or more output */
68     block_done,    /* block flush performed */
69     finish_started, /* finish started, need only more output at next deflate */
70     finish_done,   /* finish done, accept no more input or output */
71 } block_state;

73 typedef block_state (*compress_func) OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
74 /* Compression function. Returns the block state after the call. */

76 local void fill_window OF((deflate_state *s));
77 local block_state deflate_stored OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
78 local block_state deflate_fast OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
79 #ifndef FASTEST
80 local block_state deflate_slow OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
81 #endif
82 local block_state deflate_rle OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
83 local block_state deflate_huff OF((deflate_state *s, int flush));
84 local void lm_init OF((deflate_state *s));
85 local void putShortMSB OF((deflate_state *s, uInt b));
86 local void flush_pending OF((z_streamp strm));
87 local int read_buf OF((z_streamp strm, Bytef *buf, unsigned size));
88 #ifdef ASMV
89 void match_init OF((void)); /* asm code initialization */
90 uInt longest_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos cur_match));
91 #else
92 local uInt longest_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos cur_match));
93 #endif

95 #ifdef DEBUG
96 local void check_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos start, IPos match,
97                          int length));
98 #endif

100 /* =====
101  * Local data
102  */

104 #define NIL 0
105 /* Tail of hash chains */

107 #ifndef TOO_FAR
108 # define TOO_FAR 4096
109 #endif
110 /* Matches of length 3 are discarded if their distance exceeds TOO_FAR */

112 /* Values for max_lazy_match, good_match and max_chain_length, depending on
113  * the desired pack level (0..9). The values given below have been tuned to
114  * exclude worst case performance for pathological files. Better values may be
115  * found for specific files.
116  */
117 typedef struct config_s {
118     uInt good_length; /* reduce lazy search above this match length */
119     uInt max_lazy;    /* do not perform lazy search above this match length */
120     uInt nice_length; /* quit search above this match length */
121     uInt max_chain;
122     compress_func compress_func;
123 } config;

125 #ifdef FASTEST
126 local const config configuration_table[2] = {

```

```

127 /*      good lazy nice chain */
128 /* 0 */ {0, 0, 0, 0, deflate_stored}, /* store only */
129 /* 1 */ {4, 4, 8, 4, deflate_fast}; /* max speed, no lazy matches */
130 #else
131 local const config configuration_table[10] = {
132 /*      good lazy nice chain */
133 /* 0 */ {0, 0, 0, 0, deflate_stored}, /* store only */
134 /* 1 */ {4, 4, 8, 4, deflate_fast}, /* max speed, no lazy matches */
135 /* 2 */ {4, 5, 16, 8, deflate_fast},
136 /* 3 */ {4, 6, 32, 32, deflate_fast},

138 /* 4 */ {4, 4, 16, 16, deflate_slow}, /* lazy matches */
139 /* 5 */ {8, 16, 32, 32, deflate_slow},
140 /* 6 */ {8, 16, 128, 128, deflate_slow},
141 /* 7 */ {8, 32, 128, 256, deflate_slow},
142 /* 8 */ {32, 128, 258, 1024, deflate_slow},
143 /* 9 */ {32, 258, 258, 4096, deflate_slow}; /* max compression */
144 #endif

146 /* Note: the deflate() code requires max_lazy >= MIN_MATCH and max_chain >= 4
147 * For deflate_fast() (levels <= 3) good is ignored and lazy has a different
148 * meaning.
149 */

151 #define EQUAL 0
152 /* result of memcmp for equal strings */

154 #ifndef NO_DUMMY_DECL
155 struct static_tree_desc_s {int dummy;}; /* for buggy compilers */
156 #endif

158 /* rank Z_BLOCK between Z_NO_FLUSH and Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH */
159 #define RANK(f) (((f) < 1) - ((f) > 4 ? 9 : 0))

161 /* =====
162 * Update a hash value with the given input byte
163 * IN assertion: all calls to UPDATE_HASH are made with consecutive
164 * input characters, so that a running hash key can be computed from the
165 * previous key instead of complete recalculation each time.
166 */
167 #define UPDATE_HASH(s,h,c) (h = ((h)<<s->hash_shift) ^ (c) & s->hash_mask)

170 /* =====
171 * Insert string str in the dictionary and set match_head to the previous head
172 * of the hash chain (the most recent string with same hash key). Return
173 * the previous length of the hash chain.
174 * If this file is compiled with -DFASTEST, the compression level is forced
175 * to 1, and no hash chains are maintained.
176 * IN assertion: all calls to INSERT_STRING are made with consecutive
177 * input characters and the first MIN_MATCH bytes of str are valid
178 * (except for the last MIN_MATCH-1 bytes of the input file).
179 */
180 #ifdef FASTEST
181 #define INSERT_STRING(s, str, match_head) \
182 (UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[(str) + (MIN_MATCH-1)]), \
183  match_head = s->head[s->ins_h], \
184  s->head[s->ins_h] = (Pos)(str))
185 #else
186 #define INSERT_STRING(s, str, match_head) \
187 (UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[(str) + (MIN_MATCH-1)]), \
188  match_head = s->prev[(str) & s->w_mask] = s->head[s->ins_h], \
189  s->head[s->ins_h] = (Pos)(str))
190 #endif

192 /* =====

```

```

193 * Initialize the hash table (avoiding 64K overflow for 16 bit systems).
194 * prev[] will be initialized on the fly.
195 */
196 #define CLEAR_HASH(s) \
197 s->head[s->hash_size-1] = NIL; \
198 zmemzero((Bytef *)s->head, (unsigned)(s->hash_size-1)*sizeof(*s->head));

200 /* ===== */
201 int ZEXPORT deflateInit_(strm, level, version, stream_size)
202     z_streamp strm;
203     int level;
204     const char *version;
205     int stream_size;
206 {
207     return deflateInit2_(strm, level, Z_DEFLATED, MAX_WBITS, DEF_MEM_LEVEL,
208                         Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY, version, stream_size);
209     /* To do: ignore strm->next_in if we use it as window */
210 }

212 /* ===== */
213 int ZEXPORT deflateInit2_(strm, level, method, windowBits, memLevel, strategy,
214                          version, stream_size)
215     z_streamp strm;
216     int level;
217     int method;
218     int windowBits;
219     int memLevel;
220     int strategy;
221     const char *version;
222     int stream_size;
223 {
224     deflate_state *s;
225     int wrap = 1;
226     static const char my_version[] = ZLIB_VERSION;

228     ushf *overlay;
229     /* We overlay pending_buf and d_buf+l_buf. This works since the average
230      * output size for (length,distance) codes is <= 24 bits.
231     */

233     if (version == Z_NULL || version[0] != my_version[0] ||
234         stream_size != sizeof(z_stream)) {
235         return Z_VERSION_ERROR;
236     }
237     if (strm == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

239     strm->msg = Z_NULL;
240     if (strm->zalloc == (alloc_func)0) {
241     #ifdef Z_SOLO
242         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
243     #else
244         strm->zalloc = zcalloc;
245         strm->opaque = (voidpf)0;
246     #endif
247     }
248     if (strm->zfree == (free_func)0)
249     #ifdef Z_SOLO
250         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
251     #else
252         strm->zfree = zcfree;
253     #endif

255     #ifdef FASTEST
256         if (level != 0) level = 1;
257     #else
258         if (level == Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION) level = 6;

```

```

259 #endif

261 if (windowBits < 0) { /* suppress zlib wrapper */
262     wrap = 0;
263     windowBits = -windowBits;
264 }
265 #ifdef GZIP
266 else if (windowBits > 15) {
267     wrap = 2; /* write gzip wrapper instead */
268     windowBits -= 16;
269 }
270 #endif
271 if (memLevel < 1 || memLevel > MAX_MEM_LEVEL || method != Z_DEFLATED ||
272     windowBits < 8 || windowBits > 15 || level < 0 || level > 9 ||
273     strategy < 0 || strategy > Z_FIXED) {
274     return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
275 }
276 if (windowBits == 8) windowBits = 9; /* until 256-byte window bug fixed */
277 s = (deflate_state *) ZALLOC(strm, 1, sizeof(deflate_state));
278 if (s == Z_NULL) return Z_MEM_ERROR;
279 strm->state = (struct internal_state FAR *)s;
280 s->strm = strm;

282 s->wrap = wrap;
283 s->gzhead = Z_NULL;
284 s->w_bits = windowBits;
285 s->w_size = 1 << s->w_bits;
286 s->w_mask = s->w_size - 1;

288 s->hash_bits = memLevel + 7;
289 s->hash_size = 1 << s->hash_bits;
290 s->hash_mask = s->hash_size - 1;
291 s->hash_shift = ((s->hash_bits+MIN_MATCH-1)/MIN_MATCH);

293 s->window = (Bytef *) ZALLOC(strm, s->w_size, 2*sizeof(Byte));
294 s->prev = (Posf *) ZALLOC(strm, s->w_size, sizeof(Pos));
295 s->head = (Posf *) ZALLOC(strm, s->hash_size, sizeof(Pos));

297 s->high_water = 0; /* nothing written to s->window yet */

299 s->lit_bufsize = 1 << (memLevel + 6); /* 16K elements by default */

301 overlay = (ushf *) ZALLOC(strm, s->lit_bufsize, sizeof(ush)+2);
302 s->pending_buf = (uchf *) overlay;
303 s->pending_buf_size = (ulg)s->lit_bufsize * (sizeof(ush)+2L);

305 if (s->window == Z_NULL || s->prev == Z_NULL || s->head == Z_NULL ||
306     s->pending_buf == Z_NULL) {
307     s->status = FINISH_STATE;
308     strm->msg = ERR_MSG(Z_MEM_ERROR);
309     deflateEnd (strm);
310     return Z_MEM_ERROR;
311 }
312 s->d_buf = overlay + s->lit_bufsize/sizeof(ush);
313 s->l_buf = s->pending_buf + (1+sizeof(ush))*s->lit_bufsize;

315 s->level = level;
316 s->strategy = strategy;
317 s->method = (Byte)method;

319 return deflateReset(strm);
320 }

322 /* ===== */
323 int ZEXPORT deflateSetDictionary (strm, dictionary, dictLength)
324     z_stream strm;

```

```

325     const Bytef *dictionary;
326     uInt dictLength;
327 {
328     deflate_state *s;
329     uInt str, n;
330     int wrap;
331     unsigned avail;
332     z_const unsigned char *next;

334     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL || dictionary == Z_NULL)
335         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
336     s = strm->state;
337     wrap = s->wrap;
338     if (wrap == 2 || (wrap == 1 && s->status != INIT_STATE) || s->lookahead)
339         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

341     /* when using zlib wrappers, compute Adler-32 for provided dictionary */
342     if (wrap == 1)
343         strm->adler = Adler32(strm->adler, dictionary, dictLength);
344     s->wrap = 0; /* avoid computing Adler-32 in read_buf */

346     /* if dictionary would fill window, just replace the history */
347     if (dictLength >= s->w_size) {
348         if (wrap == 0) { /* already empty otherwise */
349             CLEAR_HASH(s);
350             s->strstart = 0;
351             s->block_start = 0L;
352             s->insert = 0;
353         }
354         dictionary += dictLength - s->w_size; /* use the tail */
355         dictLength = s->w_size;
356     }

358     /* insert dictionary into window and hash */
359     avail = strm->avail_in;
360     next = strm->next_in;
361     strm->avail_in = dictLength;
362     strm->next_in = (z_const Bytef *)dictionary;
363     fill_window(s);
364     while (s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH) {
365         str = s->strstart;
366         n = s->lookahead - (MIN_MATCH-1);
367         do {
368             UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[str + MIN_MATCH-1]);
369 #ifndef FASTEST
370             s->prev[str & s->w_mask] = s->head[s->ins_h];
371 #endif
372             s->head[s->ins_h] = (Pos)str;
373             str++;
374         } while (--n);
375         s->strstart = str;
376         s->lookahead = MIN_MATCH-1;
377         fill_window(s);
378     }
379     s->strstart += s->lookahead;
380     s->block_start = (long)s->strstart;
381     s->insert = s->lookahead;
382     s->lookahead = 0;
383     s->match_length = s->prev_length = MIN_MATCH-1;
384     s->match_available = 0;
385     strm->next_in = next;
386     strm->avail_in = avail;
387     s->wrap = wrap;
388     return Z_OK;
389 }

```

```

391 /* ===== */
392 int ZEXPORT deflateResetKeep (strm)
393     z_streamp strm;
394 {
395     deflate_state *s;

397     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL ||
398         strm->zalloc == (alloc_func)0 || strm->zfree == (free_func)0) {
399         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
400     }

402     strm->total_in = strm->total_out = 0;
403     strm->msg = Z_NULL; /* use zfree if we ever allocate msg dynamically */
404     strm->data_type = Z_UNKNOWN;

406     s = (deflate_state *)strm->state;
407     s->pending = 0;
408     s->pending_out = s->pending_buf;

410     if (s->wrap < 0) {
411         s->wrap = -s->wrap; /* was made negative by deflate(..., Z_FINISH); */
412     }
413     s->status = s->wrap ? INIT_STATE : BUSY_STATE;
414     strm->adler =
415 #ifdef GZIP
416     s->wrap == 2 ? crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0) :
417 #endif
418     Adler32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
419     s->last_flush = Z_NO_FLUSH;

421     _tr_init(s);

423     return Z_OK;
424 }

426 /* ===== */
427 int ZEXPORT deflateReset (strm)
428     z_streamp strm;
429 {
430     int ret;

432     ret = deflateResetKeep(strm);
433     if (ret == Z_OK)
434         lm_init(strm->state);
435     return ret;
436 }

438 /* ===== */
439 int ZEXPORT deflateSetHeader (strm, head)
440     z_streamp strm;
441     gz_headerp head;
442 {
443     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
444     if (strm->state->wrap != 2) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
445     strm->state->gzhead = head;
446     return Z_OK;
447 }

449 /* ===== */
450 int ZEXPORT deflatePending (strm, pending, bits)
451     unsigned *pending;
452     int *bits;
453     z_streamp strm;
454 {
455     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
456     if (pending != Z_NULL)

```

```

457     *pending = strm->state->pending;
458     if (bits != Z_NULL)
459         *bits = strm->state->bi_valid;
460     return Z_OK;
461 }

463 /* ===== */
464 int ZEXPORT deflatePrime (strm, bits, value)
465     z_streamp strm;
466     int bits;
467     int value;
468 {
469     deflate_state *s;
470     int put;

472     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
473     s = strm->state;
474     if ((Bytef *)s->d_buf < s->pending_out + ((Buf_size + 7) >> 3))
475         return Z_BUF_ERROR;
476     do {
477         put = Buf_size - s->bi_valid;
478         if (put > bits)
479             put = bits;
480         s->bi_buf |= (ush)((value & ((1 << put) - 1)) << s->bi_valid);
481         s->bi_valid += put;
482         _tr_flush_bits(s);
483         value >>= put;
484         bits -= put;
485     } while (bits);
486     return Z_OK;
487 }

489 /* ===== */
490 int ZEXPORT deflateParams(strm, level, strategy)
491     z_streamp strm;
492     int level;
493     int strategy;
494 {
495     deflate_state *s;
496     compress_func func;
497     int err = Z_OK;

499     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
500     s = strm->state;

502 #ifdef FASTEST
503     if (level != 0) level = 1;
504 #else
505     if (level == Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION) level = 6;
506 #endif
507     if (level < 0 || level > 9 || strategy < 0 || strategy > Z_FIXED) {
508         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
509     }
510     func = configuration_table[s->level].func;

512     if ((strategy != s->strategy || func != configuration_table[level].func) &&
513         strm->total_in != 0) {
514         /* Flush the last buffer: */
515         err = deflate(strm, Z_BLOCK);
516         if (err == Z_BUF_ERROR && s->pending == 0)
517             err = Z_OK;
518     }
519     if (s->level != level) {
520         s->level = level;
521         s->max_lazy_match = configuration_table[level].max_lazy;
522         s->good_match = configuration_table[level].good_length;

```

```

523     s->nice_match      = configuration_table[level].nice_length;
524     s->max_chain_length = configuration_table[level].max_chain;
525 }
526 s->strategy = strategy;
527 return err;
528 }

530 /* ===== */
531 int ZEXPORT deflateTune(strm, good_length, max_lazy, nice_length, max_chain)
532     z_streamp strm;
533     int good_length;
534     int max_lazy;
535     int nice_length;
536     int max_chain;
537 {
538     deflate_state *s;

540     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
541     s = strm->state;
542     s->good_match = good_length;
543     s->max_lazy_match = max_lazy;
544     s->nice_match = nice_length;
545     s->max_chain_length = max_chain;
546     return Z_OK;
547 }

549 /* ===== */
550 * For the default windowBits of 15 and memLevel of 8, this function returns
551 * a close to exact, as well as small, upper bound on the compressed size.
552 * They are coded as constants here for a reason--if the #define's are
553 * changed, then this function needs to be changed as well. The return
554 * value for 15 and 8 only works for those exact settings.
555 *
556 * For any setting other than those defaults for windowBits and memLevel,
557 * the value returned is a conservative worst case for the maximum expansion
558 * resulting from using fixed blocks instead of stored blocks, which deflate
559 * can emit on compressed data for some combinations of the parameters.
560 *
561 * This function could be more sophisticated to provide closer upper bounds for
562 * every combination of windowBits and memLevel. But even the conservative
563 * upper bound of about 14% expansion does not seem onerous for output buffer
564 * allocation.
565 */
566 uLong ZEXPORT deflateBound(strm, sourceLen)
567     z_streamp strm;
568     uLong sourceLen;
569 {
570     deflate_state *s;
571     uLong complen, wraplen;
572     Bytef *str;

574     /* conservative upper bound for compressed data */
575     complen = sourceLen +
576         ((sourceLen + 7) >> 3) + ((sourceLen + 63) >> 6) + 5;

578     /* if can't get parameters, return conservative bound plus zlib wrapper */
579     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL)
580         return complen + 6;

582     /* compute wrapper length */
583     s = strm->state;
584     switch (s->wrap) {
585     case 0: /* raw deflate */
586         wraplen = 0;
587         break;
588     case 1: /* zlib wrapper */

```

```

589         wraplen = 6 + (s->strstart ? 4 : 0);
590         break;
591     case 2: /* gzip wrapper */
592         wraplen = 18;
593         if (s->gzhead != Z_NULL) { /* user-supplied gzip header */
594             if (s->gzhead->extra != Z_NULL)
595                 wraplen += 2 + s->gzhead->extra_len;
596             str = s->gzhead->name;
597             if (str != Z_NULL)
598                 do {
599                     wraplen++;
600                 } while (*str++);
601             str = s->gzhead->comment;
602             if (str != Z_NULL)
603                 do {
604                     wraplen++;
605                 } while (*str++);
606             if (s->gzhead->hcrc)
607                 wraplen += 2;
608         }
609         break;
610     default: /* for compiler happiness */
611         wraplen = 6;
612     }

614     /* if not default parameters, return conservative bound */
615     if (s->w_bits != 15 || s->hash_bits != 8 + 7)
616         return complen + wraplen;

618     /* default settings: return tight bound for that case */
619     return sourceLen + (sourceLen >> 12) + (sourceLen >> 14) +
620         (sourceLen >> 25) + 13 - 6 + wraplen;
621 }

623 /* ===== */
624 * Put a short in the pending buffer. The 16-bit value is put in MSB order.
625 * IN assertion: the stream state is correct and there is enough room in
626 * pending_buf.
627 */
628 local void putShortMSB(s, b)
629     deflate_state *s;
630     uInt b;
631 {
632     put_byte(s, (Byte)(b >> 8));
633     put_byte(s, (Byte)(b & 0xff));
634 }

636 /* ===== */
637 * Flush as much pending output as possible. All deflate() output goes
638 * through this function so some applications may wish to modify it
639 * to avoid allocating a large strm->next_out buffer and copying into it.
640 * (See also read_buf()).
641 */
642 local void flush_pending(strm)
643     z_streamp strm;
644 {
645     unsigned len;
646     deflate_state *s = strm->state;

648     _tr_flush_bits(s);
649     len = s->pending;
650     if (len > strm->avail_out) len = strm->avail_out;
651     if (len == 0) return;

653     zmemcpy(strm->next_out, s->pending_out, len);
654     strm->next_out += len;

```

```

655 s->pending_out += len;
656 strm->total_out += len;
657 strm->avail_out -= len;
658 s->pending -= len;
659 if (s->pending == 0) {
660     s->pending_out = s->pending_buf;
661 }
662 }

664 /* ===== */
665 int ZEXPORT deflate (strm, flush)
666     z_streamp strm;
667     int flush;
668 {
669     int old_flush; /* value of flush param for previous deflate call */
670     deflate_state *s;

672     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL ||
673         flush > Z_BLOCK || flush < 0) {
674         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
675     }
676     s = strm->state;

678     if (strm->next_out == Z_NULL ||
679         (strm->next_in == Z_NULL && strm->avail_in != 0) ||
680         (s->status == FINISH_STATE && flush != Z_FINISH)) {
681         ERR_RETURN(strm, Z_STREAM_ERROR);
682     }
683     if (strm->avail_out == 0) ERR_RETURN(strm, Z_BUF_ERROR);

685     s->strm = strm; /* just in case */
686     old_flush = s->last_flush;
687     s->last_flush = flush;

689     /* Write the header */
690     if (s->status == INIT_STATE) {
691 #ifdef GZIP
692         if (s->wrap == 2) {
693             strm->adler = crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
694             put_byte(s, 31);
695             put_byte(s, 139);
696             put_byte(s, 8);
697             if (s->gzhead == Z_NULL) {
698                 put_byte(s, 0);
699                 put_byte(s, 0);
700                 put_byte(s, 0);
701                 put_byte(s, 0);
702                 put_byte(s, 0);
703                 put_byte(s, s->level == 9 ? 2 :
704                     (s->strategy >= Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY || s->level < 2 ?
705                     4 : 0));
706                 put_byte(s, OS_CODE);
707                 s->status = BUSY_STATE;
708             }
709             else {
710                 put_byte(s, (s->gzhead->text ? 1 : 0) +
711                     (s->gzhead->hcrc ? 2 : 0) +
712                     (s->gzhead->extra == Z_NULL ? 0 : 4) +
713                     (s->gzhead->name == Z_NULL ? 0 : 8) +
714                     (s->gzhead->comment == Z_NULL ? 0 : 16)
715                     );
716                 put_byte(s, (Byte)(s->gzhead->time & 0xff));
717                 put_byte(s, (Byte)((s->gzhead->time >> 8) & 0xff));
718                 put_byte(s, (Byte)((s->gzhead->time >> 16) & 0xff));
719                 put_byte(s, (Byte)((s->gzhead->time >> 24) & 0xff));
720                 put_byte(s, s->level == 9 ? 2 :

```

```

721         (s->strategy >= Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY || s->level < 2 ?
722         4 : 0));
723         put_byte(s, s->gzhead->os & 0xff);
724         if (s->gzhead->extra != Z_NULL) {
725             put_byte(s, s->gzhead->extra_len & 0xff);
726             put_byte(s, (s->gzhead->extra_len >> 8) & 0xff);
727         }
728         if (s->gzhead->hcrc)
729             strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf,
730                 s->pending);
731         s->gzindex = 0;
732         s->status = EXTRA_STATE;
733     }
734 }
735 #endif
736 #endif
737 {
738     uInt header = (Z_DEFLATED + ((s->w_bits-8)<<4)) << 8;
739     uInt level_flags;

741     if (s->strategy >= Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY || s->level < 2)
742         level_flags = 0;
743     else if (s->level < 6)
744         level_flags = 1;
745     else if (s->level == 6)
746         level_flags = 2;
747     else
748         level_flags = 3;
749     header |= (level_flags << 6);
750     if (s->strstart != 0) header |= PRESET_DICT;
751     header += 31 - (header % 31);

753     s->status = BUSY_STATE;
754     putShortMSB(s, header);

756     /* Save the Adler32 of the preset dictionary: */
757     if (s->strstart != 0) {
758         putShortMSB(s, (uInt)(strm->adler >> 16));
759         putShortMSB(s, (uInt)(strm->adler & 0xffff));
760     }
761     strm->adler = adler32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
762 }
763 #endif
764 #ifdef GZIP
765     if (s->status == EXTRA_STATE) {
766         if (s->gzhead->extra != Z_NULL) {
767             uInt beg = s->pending; /* start of bytes to update crc */

769             while (s->gzindex < (s->gzhead->extra_len & 0xffff)) {
770                 if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
771                     if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
772                         strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
773                             s->pending - beg);
774                     flush_pending(strm);
775                     beg = s->pending;
776                     if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size)
777                         break;
778                 }
779                 put_byte(s, s->gzhead->extra[s->gzindex]);
780                 s->gzindex++;
781             }
782             if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
783                 strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
784                     s->pending - beg);
785             if (s->gzindex == s->gzhead->extra_len) {
786                 s->gzindex = 0;

```

```

787     s->status = NAME_STATE;
788     }
789     }
790     else
791     s->status = NAME_STATE;
792 }
793 if (s->status == NAME_STATE) {
794     if (s->gzhead->name != Z_NULL) {
795         uInt beg = s->pending; /* start of bytes to update crc */
796         int val;
797
798         do {
799             if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
800                 if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
801                     strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
802                                           s->pending - beg);
803                 flush_pending(strm);
804                 beg = s->pending;
805                 if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
806                     val = 1;
807                     break;
808                 }
809             }
810             val = s->gzhead->name[s->gzindex++];
811             put_byte(s, val);
812         } while (val != 0);
813         if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
814             strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
815                               s->pending - beg);
816         if (val == 0) {
817             s->gzindex = 0;
818             s->status = COMMENT_STATE;
819         }
820     }
821     else
822     s->status = COMMENT_STATE;
823 }
824 if (s->status == COMMENT_STATE) {
825     if (s->gzhead->comment != Z_NULL) {
826         uInt beg = s->pending; /* start of bytes to update crc */
827         int val;
828
829         do {
830             if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
831                 if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
832                     strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
833                                           s->pending - beg);
834                 flush_pending(strm);
835                 beg = s->pending;
836                 if (s->pending == s->pending_buf_size) {
837                     val = 1;
838                     break;
839                 }
840             }
841             val = s->gzhead->comment[s->gzindex++];
842             put_byte(s, val);
843         } while (val != 0);
844         if (s->gzhead->hcrc && s->pending > beg)
845             strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, s->pending_buf + beg,
846                               s->pending - beg);
847         if (val == 0)
848             s->status = HCRC_STATE;
849     }
850     else
851     s->status = HCRC_STATE;
852 }

```

```

853     if (s->status == HCRC_STATE) {
854         if (s->gzhead->hcrc) {
855             if (s->pending + 2 > s->pending_buf_size)
856                 flush_pending(strm);
857             if (s->pending + 2 <= s->pending_buf_size) {
858                 put_byte(s, (Byte)(strm->adler & 0xff));
859                 put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->adler >> 8) & 0xff));
860                 strm->adler = crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
861                 s->status = BUSY_STATE;
862             }
863         }
864         else
865             s->status = BUSY_STATE;
866     }
867 #endif
868
869 /* Flush as much pending output as possible */
870 if (s->pending != 0) {
871     flush_pending(strm);
872     if (strm->avail_out == 0) {
873         /* Since avail_out is 0, deflate will be called again with
874          * more output space, but possibly with both pending and
875          * avail_in equal to zero. There won't be anything to do,
876          * but this is not an error situation so make sure we
877          * return OK instead of BUF_ERROR at next call of deflate:
878          */
879         s->last_flush = -1;
880         return Z_OK;
881     }
882 }
883 /* Make sure there is something to do and avoid duplicate consecutive
884  * flushes. For repeated and useless calls with Z_FINISH, we keep
885  * returning Z_STREAM_END instead of Z_BUF_ERROR.
886  */
887 } else if (strm->avail_in == 0 && RANK(flush) <= RANK(old_flush) &&
888            flush != Z_FINISH) {
889     ERR_RETURN(strm, Z_BUF_ERROR);
890 }
891
892 /* User must not provide more input after the first FINISH: */
893 if (s->status == FINISH_STATE && strm->avail_in != 0) {
894     ERR_RETURN(strm, Z_BUF_ERROR);
895 }
896
897 /* Start a new block or continue the current one.
898  */
899 if (strm->avail_in != 0 || s->lookahead != 0 ||
900     (flush != Z_NO_FLUSH && s->status != FINISH_STATE)) {
901     block_state bstate;
902
903     bstate = s->strategy == Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY ? deflate_huff(s, flush) :
904             (s->strategy == Z_RLE ? deflate_rle(s, flush) :
905              (*(configuration_table[s->level].func))(s, flush));
906
907     if (bstate == finish_started || bstate == finish_done) {
908         s->status = FINISH_STATE;
909     }
910     if (bstate == need_more || bstate == finish_started) {
911         if (strm->avail_out == 0) {
912             s->last_flush = -1; /* avoid BUF_ERROR next call, see above */
913         }
914         return Z_OK;
915     }
916     /* If flush != Z_NO_FLUSH && avail_out == 0, the next call
917      * of deflate should use the same flush parameter to make sure
918      * that the flush is complete. So we don't have to output an
919      * empty block here, this will be done at next call. This also

```



```

919     * ensures that for a very small output buffer, we emit at most
920     * one empty block.
921     */
922 }
923 if (bstate == block_done) {
924     if (flush == Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH) {
925         _tr_align(s);
926     } else if (flush != Z_BLOCK) { /* FULL_FLUSH or SYNC_FLUSH */
927         _tr_stored_block(s, (char*)0, 0L, 0);
928         /* For a full flush, this empty block will be recognized
929          * as a special marker by inflate_sync().
930          */
931         if (flush == Z_FULL_FLUSH) {
932             CLEAR_HASH(s); /* forget history */
933             if (s->lookahead == 0) {
934                 s->strstart = 0;
935                 s->block_start = 0L;
936                 s->insert = 0;
937             }
938         }
939     }
940     flush_pending(strm);
941     if (strm->avail_out == 0) {
942         s->last_flush = -1; /* avoid BUF_ERROR at next call, see above */
943         return Z_OK;
944     }
945 }
946 }
947 Assert(strm->avail_out > 0, "bug2");

949 if (flush != Z_FINISH) return Z_OK;
950 if (s->wrap <= 0) return Z_STREAM_END;

952 /* Write the trailer */
953 #ifdef GZIP
954 if (s->wrap == 2) {
955     put_byte(s, (Byte)(strm->adler & 0xff));
956     put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->adler >> 8) & 0xff));
957     put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->adler >> 16) & 0xff));
958     put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->adler >> 24) & 0xff));
959     put_byte(s, (Byte)(strm->total_in & 0xff));
960     put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->total_in >> 8) & 0xff));
961     put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->total_in >> 16) & 0xff));
962     put_byte(s, (Byte)((strm->total_in >> 24) & 0xff));
963 }
964 else
965 #endif
966 {
967     putShortMSB(s, (uInt)(strm->adler >> 16));
968     putShortMSB(s, (uInt)(strm->adler & 0xffff));
969 }
970 flush_pending(strm);
971 /* If avail_out is zero, the application will call deflate again
972  * to flush the rest.
973  */
974 if (s->wrap > 0) s->wrap = -s->wrap; /* write the trailer only once! */
975 return s->pending != 0 ? Z_OK : Z_STREAM_END;
976 }

978 /* ===== */
979 int ZEXPORT deflateEnd (strm)
980     z_streamp strm;
981 {
982     int status;
984     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

```

```

986     status = strm->state->status;
987     if (status != INIT_STATE &&
988         status != EXTRA_STATE &&
989         status != NAME_STATE &&
990         status != COMMENT_STATE &&
991         status != HCRC_STATE &&
992         status != BUSY_STATE &&
993         status != FINISH_STATE) {
994         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
995     }
997     /* Deallocate in reverse order of allocations: */
998     TRY_FREE(strm, strm->state->pending_buf);
999     TRY_FREE(strm, strm->state->head);
1000    TRY_FREE(strm, strm->state->prev);
1001    TRY_FREE(strm, strm->state->window);

1003    ZFREE(strm, strm->state);
1004    strm->state = Z_NULL;

1006    return status == BUSY_STATE ? Z_DATA_ERROR : Z_OK;
1007 }

1009 /* ===== */
1010 * Copy the source state to the destination state.
1011 * To simplify the source, this is not supported for 16-bit MSDOS (which
1012 * doesn't have enough memory anyway to duplicate compression states).
1013 */
1014 int ZEXPORT deflateCopy (dest, source)
1015     z_streamp dest;
1016     z_streamp source;
1017 {
1018     #ifdef MAXSEG_64K
1019         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1020     #else
1021         deflate_state *ds;
1022         deflate_state *ss;
1023         ushf *overlay;

1026         if (source == Z_NULL || dest == Z_NULL || source->state == Z_NULL) {
1027             return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1028         }

1030         ss = source->state;

1032         zmemcpy((voidpf)dest, (voidpf)source, sizeof(z_stream));

1034         ds = (deflate_state *) ZALLOC(dest, 1, sizeof(deflate_state));
1035         if (ds == Z_NULL) return Z_MEM_ERROR;
1036         dest->state = (struct internal_state FAR *) ds;
1037         zmemcpy((voidpf)ds, (voidpf)ss, sizeof(deflate_state));
1038         ds->strm = dest;

1040         ds->window = (Bytef *) ZALLOC(dest, ds->w_size, 2*sizeof(Byte));
1041         ds->prev = (Posf *) ZALLOC(dest, ds->w_size, sizeof(Pos));
1042         ds->head = (Posf *) ZALLOC(dest, ds->hash_size, sizeof(Pos));
1043         overlay = (ushf *) ZALLOC(dest, ds->lit_bufsize, sizeof(ush)+2);
1044         ds->pending_buf = (uchf *) overlay;

1046         if (ds->window == Z_NULL || ds->prev == Z_NULL || ds->head == Z_NULL ||
1047             ds->pending_buf == Z_NULL) {
1048             deflateEnd (dest);
1049             return Z_MEM_ERROR;
1050         }

```

```

1051 /* following memcpy do not work for 16-bit MSDOS */
1052 memcpy(ds->window, ss->window, ds->w_size * 2 * sizeof(Byte));
1053 memcpy((voidpf)ds->prev, (voidpf)ss->prev, ds->w_size * sizeof(Pos));
1054 memcpy((voidpf)ds->head, (voidpf)ss->head, ds->hash_size * sizeof(Pos));
1055 memcpy(ds->pending_buf, ss->pending_buf, (uInt)ds->pending_buf_size);

1057 ds->pending_out = ds->pending_buf + (ss->pending_out - ss->pending_buf);
1058 ds->d_buf = overlay + ds->lit_bufsize/sizeof(ush);
1059 ds->l_buf = ds->pending_buf + (1+sizeof(ush))*ds->lit_bufsize;

1061 ds->l_desc.dyn_tree = ds->dyn_ltree;
1062 ds->d_desc.dyn_tree = ds->dyn_dtree;
1063 ds->bl_desc.dyn_tree = ds->bl_tree;

1065 return Z_OK;
1066 #endif /* MAXSEG_64K */
1067 }

1069 /* =====
1070 * Read a new buffer from the current input stream, update the Adler32
1071 * and total number of bytes read. All deflate() input goes through
1072 * this function so some applications may wish to modify it to avoid
1073 * allocating a large strm->next_in buffer and copying from it.
1074 * (See also flush_pending()).
1075 */
1076 local int read_buf(strm, buf, size)
1077     z_streamp strm;
1078     Bytef *buf;
1079     unsigned size;
1080 {
1081     unsigned len = strm->avail_in;

1083     if (len > size) len = size;
1084     if (len == 0) return 0;

1086     strm->avail_in -= len;

1088     memcpy(buf, strm->next_in, len);
1089     if (strm->state->wrap == 1) {
1090         strm->adler = Adler32(strm->adler, buf, len);
1091     }
1092 #ifdef GZIP
1093     else if (strm->state->wrap == 2) {
1094         strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, buf, len);
1095     }
1096 #endif
1097     strm->next_in += len;
1098     strm->total_in += len;

1100     return (int)len;
1101 }

1103 /* =====
1104 * Initialize the "longest match" routines for a new zlib stream
1105 */
1106 local void lm_init (s)
1107     deflate_state *s;
1108 {
1109     s->window_size = (ulg)2L*s->w_size;

1111     CLEAR_HASH(s);

1113     /* Set the default configuration parameters:
1114     */
1115     s->max_lazy_match = configuration_table[s->level].max_lazy;
1116     s->good_match = configuration_table[s->level].good_length;

```

```

1117     s->nice_match = configuration_table[s->level].nice_length;
1118     s->max_chain_length = configuration_table[s->level].max_chain;

1120     s->strstart = 0;
1121     s->block_start = 0L;
1122     s->lookahead = 0;
1123     s->insert = 0;
1124     s->match_length = s->prev_length = MIN_MATCH-1;
1125     s->match_available = 0;
1126     s->ins_h = 0;
1127 #ifndef FASTEST
1128 #ifdef ASMV
1129     match_init(); /* initialize the asm code */
1130 #endif
1131 #endif
1132 }

1134 #ifndef FASTEST
1135 /* =====
1136 * Set match_start to the longest match starting at the given string and
1137 * return its length. Matches shorter or equal to prev_length are discarded,
1138 * in which case the result is equal to prev_length and match_start is
1139 * garbage.
1140 * IN assertions: cur_match is the head of the hash chain for the current
1141 * string (strstart) and its distance is <= MAX_DIST, and prev_length >= 1
1142 * OUT assertion: the match length is not greater than s->lookahead.
1143 */
1144 #ifdef ASMV
1145 /* For 80x86 and 680x0, an optimized version will be provided in match.asm or
1146 * match.S. The code will be functionally equivalent.
1147 */
1148 local uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
1149     deflate_state *s;
1150     IPos cur_match; /* current match */
1151 {
1152     unsigned chain_length = s->max_chain_length; /* max hash chain length */
1153     register Bytef *scan = s->window + s->strstart; /* current string */
1154     register Bytef *match; /* matched string */
1155     register int len; /* length of current match */
1156     int best_len = s->prev_length; /* best match length so far */
1157     int nice_match = s->nice_match; /* stop if match long enough */
1158     IPos limit = s->strstart + (IPos)MAX_DIST(s);
1159     s->strstart - (IPos)MAX_DIST(s) : NIL;
1160     /* Stop when cur_match becomes <= limit. To simplify the code,
1161     * we prevent matches with the string of window index 0.
1162     */
1163     Posf *prev = s->prev;
1164     uInt wmask = s->w_mask;

1166 #ifdef UNALIGNED_OK
1167     /* Compare two bytes at a time. Note: this is not always beneficial.
1168     * Try with and without -DUNALIGNED_OK to check.
1169     */
1170     register Bytef *strend = s->window + s->strstart + MAX_MATCH - 1;
1171     register uInt scan_start = *(uInt*)scan;
1172     register uInt scan_end = *(uInt*)(scan+best_len-1);
1173 #else
1174     register Bytef *strend = s->window + s->strstart + MAX_MATCH;
1175     register Byte scan_end1 = scan[best_len-1];
1176     register Byte scan_end = scan[best_len];
1177 #endif

1179     /* The code is optimized for HASH_BITS >= 8 and MAX_MATCH-2 multiple of 16.
1180     * It is easy to get rid of this optimization if necessary.
1181     */
1182     Assert(s->hash_bits >= 8 && MAX_MATCH == 258, "Code too clever");

```

```

1184 /* Do not waste too much time if we already have a good match: */
1185 if (s->prev_length >= s->good_match) {
1186     chain_length >>= 2;
1187 }
1188 /* Do not look for matches beyond the end of the input. This is necessary
1189  * to make deflate deterministic.
1190  */
1191 if ((uInt)nice_match > s->lookahead) nice_match = s->lookahead;
1193 Assert((ulg)s->strstart <= s->window_size-MIN_LOOKAHEAD, "need lookahead");
1195 do {
1196     Assert(cur_match < s->strstart, "no future");
1197     match = s->window + cur_match;
1199     /* Skip to next match if the match length cannot increase
1200      * or if the match length is less than 2. Note that the checks below
1201      * for insufficient lookahead only occur occasionally for performance
1202      * reasons. Therefore uninitialized memory will be accessed, and
1203      * conditional jumps will be made that depend on those values.
1204      * However the length of the match is limited to the lookahead, so
1205      * the output of deflate is not affected by the uninitialized values.
1206      */
1207 #if (defined(UNALIGNED_OK) && MAX_MATCH == 258)
1208     /* This code assumes sizeof(unsigned short) == 2. Do not use
1209      * UNALIGNED_OK if your compiler uses a different size.
1210      */
1211     if (*(ushf*)(match+best_len-1) != scan_end ||
1212         *(ushf*)match != scan_start) continue;
1214     /* It is not necessary to compare scan[2] and match[2] since they are
1215      * always equal when the other bytes match, given that the hash keys
1216      * are equal and that HASH_BITS >= 8. Compare 2 bytes at a time at
1217      * strstart+3, +5, ... up to strstart+257. We check for insufficient
1218      * lookahead only every 4th comparison; the 128th check will be made
1219      * at strstart+257. If MAX_MATCH-2 is not a multiple of 8, it is
1220      * necessary to put more guard bytes at the end of the window, or
1221      * to check more often for insufficient lookahead.
1222      */
1223     Assert(scan[2] == match[2], "scan[2]?");
1224     scan++, match++;
1225     do {
1226     } while (*(ushf*)(scan+=2) == *(ushf*)(match+=2) &&
1227            *(ushf*)(scan+=2) == *(ushf*)(match+=2) &&
1228            *(ushf*)(scan+=2) == *(ushf*)(match+=2) &&
1229            *(ushf*)(scan+=2) == *(ushf*)(match+=2) &&
1230            scan < strend);
1231     /* The funny "do {}" generates better code on most compilers */
1233     /* Here, scan <= window+strstart+257 */
1234     Assert(scan <= s->window+(unsigned)(s->window_size-1), "wild scan");
1235     if (*scan == *match) scan++;
1237     len = (MAX_MATCH - 1) - (int)(strend-scan);
1238     scan = strend - (MAX_MATCH-1);
1240 #else /* UNALIGNED_OK */
1242     if (match[best_len] != scan_end ||
1243         match[best_len-1] != scan_end1 ||
1244         *match != *scan ||
1245         **++match != scan[1]) continue;
1247     /* The check at best_len-1 can be removed because it will be made
1248      * again later. (This heuristic is not always a win.)

```

```

1249     * It is not necessary to compare scan[2] and match[2] since they
1250     * are always equal when the other bytes match, given that
1251     * the hash keys are equal and that HASH_BITS >= 8.
1252     */
1253     scan += 2, match++;
1254     Assert(*scan == *match, "match[2]?");
1256     /* We check for insufficient lookahead only every 8th comparison;
1257      * the 256th check will be made at strstart+258.
1258      */
1259     do {
1260     } while (++scan == ++match && ++scan == ++match &&
1261            ++scan == ++match && ++scan == ++match &&
1262            ++scan == ++match && ++scan == ++match &&
1263            ++scan == ++match && ++scan == ++match &&
1264            scan < strend);
1266     Assert(scan <= s->window+(unsigned)(s->window_size-1), "wild scan");
1268     len = MAX_MATCH - (int)(strend - scan);
1269     scan = strend - MAX_MATCH;
1271 #endif /* UNALIGNED_OK */
1273     if (len > best_len) {
1274         s->match_start = cur_match;
1275         best_len = len;
1276         if (len >= nice_match) break;
1277 #ifdef UNALIGNED_OK
1278         scan_end = *(ushf*)(scan+best_len-1);
1279 #else
1280         scan_end1 = scan[best_len-1];
1281         scan_end = scan[best_len];
1282 #endif
1283     } while ((cur_match = prev[cur_match & wmask]) > limit
1284            && --chain_length != 0);
1287     if ((uInt)best_len <= s->lookahead) return (uInt)best_len;
1288     return s->lookahead;
1289 }
1290 #endif /* ASMV */
1292 #else /* FASTEST */
1294 /* -----
1295  * Optimized version for FASTEST only
1296  */
1297 local uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
1298     deflate_state *s;
1299     IPos cur_match;
1300     /* current match */
1301     {
1302     register Bytef *scan = s->window + s->strstart; /* current string */
1303     register Bytef *match; /* matched string */
1304     register int len; /* length of current match */
1305     register Bytef *strend = s->window + s->strstart + MAX_MATCH;
1306     /* The code is optimized for HASH_BITS >= 8 and MAX_MATCH-2 multiple of 16.
1307      * It is easy to get rid of this optimization if necessary.
1308      */
1309     Assert(s->hash_bits >= 8 && MAX_MATCH == 258, "Code too clever");
1311     Assert((ulg)s->strstart <= s->window_size-MIN_LOOKAHEAD, "need lookahead");
1313     Assert(cur_match < s->strstart, "no future");

```

```

1315     match = s->window + cur_match;

1317     /* Return failure if the match length is less than 2:
1318     */
1319     if (match[0] != scan[0] || match[1] != scan[1]) return MIN_MATCH-1;

1321     /* The check at best_len-1 can be removed because it will be made
1322     * again later. (This heuristic is not always a win.)
1323     * It is not necessary to compare scan[2] and match[2] since they
1324     * are always equal when the other bytes match, given that
1325     * the hash keys are equal and that HASH_BITS >= 8.
1326     */
1327     scan += 2, match += 2;
1328     Assert(*scan == *match, "match[2]?");

1330     /* We check for insufficient lookahead only every 8th comparison;
1331     * the 256th check will be made at strstart+258.
1332     */
1333     do {
1334     } while (***scan == **match && ***scan == **match &&
1335            ****scan == ****match && ****scan == ****match &&
1336            *****scan == *****match && *****scan == *****match &&
1337            ****+scan == ****+match && ****+scan == ****+match &&
1338            scan < strend);

1340     Assert(scan <= s->window+(unsigned)(s->window_size-1), "wild scan");

1342     len = MAX_MATCH - (int)(strend - scan);

1344     if (len < MIN_MATCH) return MIN_MATCH - 1;

1346     s->match_start = cur_match;
1347     return (uInt)len <= s->lookahead ? (uInt)len : s->lookahead;
1348 }

1350 #endif /* FASTEST */

1352 #ifdef DEBUG
1353 /* =====
1354  * Check that the match at match_start is indeed a match.
1355  */
1356 local void check_match(s, start, match, length)
1357     deflate_state *s;
1358     IPos start, match;
1359     int length;
1360 {
1361     /* check that the match is indeed a match */
1362     if (memcmp(s->window + match,
1363              s->window + start, length) != EQUAL) {
1364         fprintf(stderr, " start %u, match %u, length %d\n",
1365                start, match, length);
1366         do {
1367             fprintf(stderr, "%c%c", s->window[match++], s->window[start++]);
1368         } while (--length != 0);
1369         z_error("invalid match");
1370     }
1371     if (z_verbose > 1) {
1372         fprintf(stderr, "\\[%d,%d]", start-match, length);
1373         do { putc(s->window[start++], stderr); } while (--length != 0);
1374     }
1375 }
1376 #else
1377 # define check_match(s, start, match, length)
1378 #endif /* DEBUG */

1380 /* =====

```

```

1381     * Fill the window when the lookahead becomes insufficient.
1382     * Updates strstart and lookahead.
1383     *
1384     * IN assertion: lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD
1385     * OUT assertions: strstart <= window_size-MIN_LOOKAHEAD
1386     *   At least one byte has been read, or avail_in == 0; reads are
1387     *   performed for at least two bytes (required for the zip translate_eol
1388     *   option -- not supported here).
1389     */
1390 local void fill_window(s)
1391     deflate_state *s;
1392 {
1393     register unsigned n, m;
1394     register Posf *p;
1395     unsigned more; /* Amount of free space at the end of the window. */
1396     uInt wsize = s->w_size;

1398     Assert(s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD, "already enough lookahead");

1400     do {
1401         more = (unsigned)(s->window_size - (ulg)s->lookahead - (ulg)s->strstart);

1403         /* Deal with !@#% 64K limit: */
1404         if (sizeof(int) <= 2) {
1405             if (more == 0 && s->strstart == 0 && s->lookahead == 0) {
1406                 more = wsize;

1408             } else if (more == (unsigned)(-1)) {
1409                 /* Very unlikely, but possible on 16 bit machine if
1410                  * strstart == 0 && lookahead == 1 (input done a byte at time)
1411                  */
1412                 more--;
1413             }
1414         }

1416         /* If the window is almost full and there is insufficient lookahead,
1417         * move the upper half to the lower one to make room in the upper half.
1418         */
1419         if (s->strstart >= wsize+MAX_DIST(s)) {

1421             memcpy(s->window, s->window+wsize, (unsigned)wsize);
1422             s->match_start -= wsize;
1423             s->strstart -= wsize; /* we now have strstart >= MAX_DIST */
1424             s->block_start -= (long) wsize;

1426             /* Slide the hash table (could be avoided with 32 bit values
1427             at the expense of memory usage). We slide even when level == 0
1428             to keep the hash table consistent if we switch back to level > 0
1429             later. (Using level 0 permanently is not an optimal usage of
1430             zlib, so we don't care about this pathological case.)
1431             */
1432             n = s->hash_size;
1433             p = &s->head[n];
1434             do {
1435                 m = *--p;
1436                 *p = (Pos)(m >= wsize ? m-wsize : NIL);
1437             } while (--n);

1439             n = wsize;
1440 #ifndef FASTEST
1441             p = &s->prev[n];
1442             do {
1443                 m = *--p;
1444                 *p = (Pos)(m >= wsize ? m-wsize : NIL);
1445                 /* If n is not on any hash chain, prev[n] is garbage but
1446                  * its value will never be used.

```

```

1447     */
1448     } while (--n);
1449 #endif
1450     more += wsize;
1451 }
1452 if (s->strm->avail_in == 0) break;

1454 /* If there was no sliding:
1455 *   strstart <= WSIZE+MAX_DIST-1 && lookahead <= MIN_LOOKAHEAD - 1 &&
1456 *   more == window_size - lookahead - strstart
1457 * => more >= window_size - (MIN_LOOKAHEAD-1 + WSIZE + MAX_DIST-1)
1458 * => more >= window_size - 2*WSIZE + 2
1459 * In the BIG_MEM or MMAP case (not yet supported),
1460 *   window_size == input_size + MIN_LOOKAHEAD &&
1461 *   strstart + s->lookahead <= input_size => more >= MIN_LOOKAHEAD.
1462 * Otherwise, window_size == 2*WSIZE so more >= 2.
1463 * If there was sliding, more >= WSIZE. So in all cases, more >= 2.
1464 */
1465 Assert(more >= 2, "more < 2");

1467 n = read_buf(s->strm, s->window + s->strstart + s->lookahead, more);
1468 s->lookahead += n;

1470 /* Initialize the hash value now that we have some input: */
1471 if (s->lookahead + s->insert >= MIN_MATCH) {
1472     uInt str = s->strstart - s->insert;
1473     s->ins_h = s->window[str];
1474     UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[str + 1]);
1475 #if MIN_MATCH != 3
1476     Call UPDATE_HASH() MIN_MATCH-3 more times
1477 #endif
1478     while (s->insert) {
1479         UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[str + MIN_MATCH-1]);
1480 #ifndef FASTEST
1481         s->prev[str & s->w_mask] = s->head[s->ins_h];
1482 #endif
1483         s->head[s->ins_h] = (Pos)str;
1484         str++;
1485         s->insert--;
1486         if (s->lookahead + s->insert < MIN_MATCH)
1487             break;
1488     }
1489 }
1490 /* If the whole input has less than MIN_MATCH bytes, ins_h is garbage,
1491 * but this is not important since only literal bytes will be emitted.
1492 */

1494 } while (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD && s->strm->avail_in != 0);

1496 /* If the WIN_INIT bytes after the end of the current data have never been
1497 * written, then zero those bytes in order to avoid memory check reports of
1498 * the use of uninitialized (or uninitialised as Julian writes) bytes by
1499 * the longest match routines. Update the high water mark for the next
1500 * time through here. WIN_INIT is set to MAX_MATCH since the longest match
1501 * routines allow scanning to strstart + MAX_MATCH, ignoring lookahead.
1502 */
1503 if (s->high_water < s->window_size) {
1504     ulg curr = s->strstart + (ulg)(s->lookahead);
1505     ulg init;

1507     if (s->high_water < curr) {
1508         /* Previous high water mark below current data -- zero WIN_INIT
1509          * bytes or up to end of window, whichever is less.
1510          */
1511         init = s->window_size - curr;
1512         if (init > WIN_INIT)

```

```

1513         init = WIN_INIT;
1514         zmemzero(s->window + curr, (unsigned)init);
1515         s->high_water = curr + init;
1516     }
1517     else if (s->high_water < (ulg)curr + WIN_INIT) {
1518         /* High water mark at or above current data, but below current data
1519          * plus WIN_INIT -- zero out to current data plus WIN_INIT, or up
1520          * to end of window, whichever is less.
1521          */
1522         init = (ulg)curr + WIN_INIT - s->high_water;
1523         if (init > s->window_size - s->high_water)
1524             init = s->window_size - s->high_water;
1525         zmemzero(s->window + s->high_water, (unsigned)init);
1526         s->high_water += init;
1527     }
1528 }

1530 Assert((ulg)s->strstart <= s->window_size - MIN_LOOKAHEAD,
1531        "not enough room for search");
1532 }

1534 /* =====
1535 * Flush the current block, with given end-of-file flag.
1536 * IN assertion: strstart is set to the end of the current match.
1537 */
1538 #define FLUSH_BLOCK_ONLY(s, last) { \
1539     _tr_flush_block(s, (s->block_start >= 0L ? \
1540         (charf *)&s->window[(unsigned)s->block_start] : \
1541         (charf *)Z_NULL), \
1542         (ulg)((long)s->strstart - s->block_start), \
1543         (last)); \
1544     s->block_start = s->strstart; \
1545     flush_pending(s->strm); \
1546     Tracev((stderr, "[FLUSH]")); \
1547 }

1549 /* Same but force premature exit if necessary. */
1550 #define FLUSH_BLOCK(s, last) { \
1551     FLUSH_BLOCK_ONLY(s, last); \
1552     if (s->strm->avail_out == 0) return (last) ? finish_started : need_more; \
1553 }

1555 /* =====
1556 * Copy without compression as much as possible from the input stream, return
1557 * the current block state.
1558 * This function does not insert new strings in the dictionary since
1559 * uncompressible data is probably not useful. This function is used
1560 * only for the level=0 compression option.
1561 * NOTE: this function should be optimized to avoid extra copying from
1562 * window to pending_buf.
1563 */
1564 local block_state deflate_stored(s, flush)
1565     deflate_state *s;
1566     int flush;
1567 {
1568     /* Stored blocks are limited to 0xffff bytes, pending_buf is limited
1569      * to pending_buf_size, and each stored block has a 5 byte header:
1570      */
1571     ulg max_block_size = 0xffff;
1572     ulg max_start;

1574     if (max_block_size > s->pending_buf_size - 5) {
1575         max_block_size = s->pending_buf_size - 5;
1576     }

1578     /* Copy as much as possible from input to output: */

```

```

1579     for (;;) {
1580         /* Fill the window as much as possible: */
1581         if (s->lookahead <= 1) {

1583             Assert(s->strstart < s->w_size+MAX_DIST(s) ||
1584                   s->block_start >= (long)s->w_size, "slide too late");

1586             fill_window(s);
1587             if (s->lookahead == 0 && flush == Z_NO_FLUSH) return need_more;

1589             if (s->lookahead == 0) break; /* flush the current block */
1590         }
1591         Assert(s->block_start >= 0L, "block gone");

1593         s->strstart += s->lookahead;
1594         s->lookahead = 0;

1596         /* Emit a stored block if pending_buf will be full: */
1597         max_start = s->block_start + max_block_size;
1598         if (s->strstart == 0 || (ulg)s->strstart >= max_start) {
1599             /* strstart == 0 is possible when wraparound on 16-bit machine */
1600             s->lookahead = (uInt)(s->strstart - max_start);
1601             s->strstart = (uInt)max_start;
1602             FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1603         }
1604         /* Flush if we may have to slide, otherwise block_start may become
1605          * negative and the data will be gone:
1606          */
1607         if (s->strstart - (uInt)s->block_start >= MAX_DIST(s)) {
1608             FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1609         }
1610     }
1611     s->insert = 0;
1612     if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1613         FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1614         return finish_done;
1615     }
1616     if ((long)s->strstart > s->block_start)
1617         FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1618     return block_done;
1619 }

1621 /* =====
1622  * Compress as much as possible from the input stream, return the current
1623  * block state.
1624  * This function does not perform lazy evaluation of matches and inserts
1625  * new strings in the dictionary only for unmatched strings or for short
1626  * matches. It is used only for the fast compression options.
1627  */
1628 local block_state deflate_fast(s, flush)
1629     deflate_state *s;
1630     int flush;
1631 {
1632     IPos hash_head;      /* head of the hash chain */
1633     int bflush;         /* set if current block must be flushed */

1635     for (;;) {
1636         /* Make sure that we always have enough lookahead, except
1637          * at the end of the input file. We need MAX_MATCH bytes
1638          * for the next match, plus MIN_MATCH bytes to insert the
1639          * string following the next match.
1640          */
1641         if (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD) {
1642             fill_window(s);
1643             if (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD && flush == Z_NO_FLUSH) {
1644                 return need_more;

```

```

1645     }
1646     if (s->lookahead == 0) break; /* flush the current block */
1647 }

1649     /* Insert the string window[strstart .. strstart+2] in the
1650     * dictionary, and set hash_head to the head of the hash chain:
1651     */
1652     hash_head = NIL;
1653     if (s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH) {
1654         INSERT_STRING(s, s->strstart, hash_head);
1655     }

1657     /* Find the longest match, discarding those <= prev_length.
1658     * At this point we have always match_length < MIN_MATCH
1659     */
1660     if (hash_head != NIL && s->strstart - hash_head <= MAX_DIST(s)) {
1661         /* To simplify the code, we prevent matches with the string
1662          * of window index 0 (in particular we have to avoid a match
1663          * of the string with itself at the start of the input file).
1664          */
1665         s->match_length = longest_match(s, hash_head);
1666         /* longest_match() sets match_start */
1667     }
1668     if (s->match_length >= MIN_MATCH) {
1669         check_match(s, s->strstart, s->match_start, s->match_length);

1671         _tr_tally_dist(s, s->strstart - s->match_start,
1672                      s->match_length - MIN_MATCH, bflush);

1674         s->lookahead -= s->match_length;

1676         /* Insert new strings in the hash table only if the match length
1677          * is not too large. This saves time but degrades compression.
1678          */
1679     #ifndef FASTEST
1680         if (s->match_length <= s->max_insert_length &&
1681             s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH) {
1682             s->match_length--; /* string at strstart already in table */
1683             do {
1684                 s->strstart++;
1685                 INSERT_STRING(s, s->strstart, hash_head);
1686                 /* strstart never exceeds WSIZE-MAX_MATCH, so there are
1687                  * always MIN_MATCH bytes ahead.
1688                  */
1689             } while (--s->match_length != 0);
1690             s->strstart++;
1691         } else
1692     #endif
1693     {
1694         s->strstart += s->match_length;
1695         s->match_length = 0;
1696         s->ins_h = s->window[s->strstart];
1697         UPDATE_HASH(s, s->ins_h, s->window[s->strstart+1]);
1698     #if MIN_MATCH != 3
1699         Call UPDATE_HASH() MIN_MATCH-3 more times
1700     #endif

1701         /* If lookahead < MIN_MATCH, ins_h is garbage, but it does not
1702          * matter since it will be recomputed at next deflate call.
1703          */
1704     }
1705     } else {
1706         /* No match, output a literal byte */
1707         Tracevv((stderr, "%C", s->window[s->strstart]));
1708         _tr_tally_lit(s, s->window[s->strstart], bflush);
1709         s->lookahead--;
1710         s->strstart++;

```

```

1711     }
1712     if (bflush) FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1713 }
1714 s->insert = s->strstart < MIN_MATCH-1 ? s->strstart : MIN_MATCH-1;
1715 if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1716     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1717     return finish_done;
1718 }
1719 if (s->last_lit)
1720     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1721 return block_done;
1722 }

1724 #ifndef FASTEST
1725 /* =====
1726 * Same as above, but achieves better compression. We use a lazy
1727 * evaluation for matches: a match is finally adopted only if there is
1728 * no better match at the next window position.
1729 */
1730 local block_state deflate_slow(s, flush)
1731     deflate_state *s;
1732     int flush;
1733 {
1734     IPos hash_head;          /* head of hash chain */
1735     int bflush;             /* set if current block must be flushed */

1737     /* Process the input block. */
1738     for (;;) {
1739         /* Make sure that we always have enough lookahead, except
1740          * at the end of the input file. We need MAX_MATCH bytes
1741          * for the next match, plus MIN_MATCH bytes to insert the
1742          * string following the next match.
1743          */
1744         if (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD) {
1745             fill_window(s);
1746             if (s->lookahead < MIN_LOOKAHEAD && flush == Z_NO_FLUSH) {
1747                 return need_more;
1748             }
1749             if (s->lookahead == 0) break; /* flush the current block */
1750         }

1752         /* Insert the string window[strstart .. strstart+2] in the
1753          * dictionary, and set hash_head to the head of the hash chain:
1754          */
1755         hash_head = NIL;
1756         if (s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH) {
1757             INSERT_STRING(s, s->strstart, hash_head);
1758         }

1760         /* Find the longest match, discarding those <= prev_length.
1761          */
1762         s->prev_length = s->match_length, s->prev_match = s->match_start;
1763         s->match_length = MIN_MATCH-1;

1765         if (hash_head != NIL && s->prev_length < s->max_lazy_match &&
1766             s->strstart - hash_head <= MAX_DIST(s)) {
1767             /* To simplify the code, we prevent matches with the string
1768              * of window index 0 (in particular we have to avoid a match
1769              * of the string with itself at the start of the input file).
1770              */
1771             s->match_length = longest_match(s, hash_head);
1772             /* longest_match() sets match_start */

1774             if (s->match_length <= 5 && (s->strategy == Z_FILTERED
1775 #if TOO_FAR <= 32767
1776             || (s->match_length == MIN_MATCH &&

```

```

1777         s->strstart - s->match_start > TOO_FAR)
1778 #endif
1779     ) {
1781         /* If prev_match is also MIN_MATCH, match_start is garbage
1782          * but we will ignore the current match anyway.
1783          */
1784         s->match_length = MIN_MATCH-1;
1785     }
1786 }
1787 /* If there was a match at the previous step and the current
1788 * match is not better, output the previous match:
1789 */
1790 if (s->prev_length >= MIN_MATCH && s->match_length <= s->prev_length) {
1791     uint max_insert = s->strstart + s->lookahead - MIN_MATCH;
1792     /* Do not insert strings in hash table beyond this. */

1794     check_match(s, s->strstart-1, s->prev_match, s->prev_length);

1796     _tr_tally_dist(s, s->strstart - 1 - s->prev_match,
1797                 s->prev_length - MIN_MATCH, bflush);

1799     /* Insert in hash table all strings up to the end of the match.
1800      * strstart-1 and strstart are already inserted. If there is not
1801      * enough lookahead, the last two strings are not inserted in
1802      * the hash table.
1803      */
1804     s->lookahead -= s->prev_length-1;
1805     s->prev_length -= 2;
1806     do {
1807         if (++s->strstart <= max_insert) {
1808             INSERT_STRING(s, s->strstart, hash_head);
1809         }
1810     } while (--s->prev_length != 0);
1811     s->match_available = 0;
1812     s->match_length = MIN_MATCH-1;
1813     s->strstart++;

1815     if (bflush) FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);

1817 } else if (s->match_available) {
1818     /* If there was no match at the previous position, output a
1819      * single literal. If there was a match but the current match
1820      * is longer, truncate the previous match to a single literal.
1821      */
1822     Tracevv((stderr,"%c", s->window[s->strstart-1]));
1823     _tr_tally_lit(s, s->window[s->strstart-1], bflush);
1824     if (bflush) {
1825         FLUSH_BLOCK_ONLY(s, 0);
1826     }
1827     s->strstart++;
1828     s->lookahead--;
1829     if (s->strm->avail_out == 0) return need_more;
1830 } else {
1831     /* There is no previous match to compare with, wait for
1832      * the next step to decide.
1833      */
1834     s->match_available = 1;
1835     s->strstart++;
1836     s->lookahead--;
1837 }
1838 }
1839 Assert (flush != Z_NO_FLUSH, "no flush?");
1840 if (s->match_available) {
1841     Tracevv((stderr,"%c", s->window[s->strstart-1]));
1842     _tr_tally_lit(s, s->window[s->strstart-1], bflush);

```

```

1843     s->match_available = 0;
1844 }
1845 s->insert = s->strstart < MIN_MATCH-1 ? s->strstart : MIN_MATCH-1;
1846 if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1847     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1848     return finish_done;
1849 }
1850 if (s->last_lit)
1851     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1852 return block_done;
1853 }
1854 #endif /* FASTEST */

1856 /* =====
1857 * For Z_RLE, simply look for runs of bytes, generate matches only of distance
1858 * one. Do not maintain a hash table. (It will be regenerated if this run of
1859 * deflate switches away from Z_RLE.)
1860 */
1861 local block_state deflate_rle(s, flush)
1862     deflate_state *s;
1863     int flush;
1864 {
1865     int bflush;          /* set if current block must be flushed */
1866     uInt prev;          /* byte at distance one to match */
1867     Bytef *scan, *strend; /* scan goes up to strend for length of run */

1869     for (;;) {
1870         /* Make sure that we always have enough lookahead, except
1871          * at the end of the input file. We need MAX_MATCH bytes
1872          * for the longest run, plus one for the unrolled loop.
1873          */
1874         if (s->lookahead <= MAX_MATCH) {
1875             fill_window(s);
1876             if (s->lookahead <= MAX_MATCH && flush == Z_NO_FLUSH) {
1877                 return need_more;
1878             }
1879             if (s->lookahead == 0) break; /* flush the current block */
1880         }

1882         /* See how many times the previous byte repeats */
1883         s->match_length = 0;
1884         if (s->lookahead >= MIN_MATCH && s->strstart > 0) {
1885             scan = s->window + s->strstart - 1;
1886             prev = *scan;
1887             if (prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan) {
1888                 strend = s->window + s->strstart + MAX_MATCH;
1889                 do {
1890                     } while (prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan &&
1891                             prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan &&
1892                             prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan &&
1893                             prev == *++scan && prev == *++scan &&
1894                             scan < strend);
1895                 s->match_length = MAX_MATCH - (int)(strend - scan);
1896                 if (s->match_length > s->lookahead)
1897                     s->match_length = s->lookahead;
1898             }
1899             Assert(scan <= s->window+(uInt)(s->window_size-1), "wild scan");
1900         }

1902         /* Emit match if have run of MIN_MATCH or longer, else emit literal */
1903         if (s->match_length >= MIN_MATCH) {
1904             check_match(s, s->strstart, s->strstart - 1, s->match_length);

1906             _tr_tally_dist(s, 1, s->match_length - MIN_MATCH, bflush);

1908             s->lookahead -= s->match_length;

```

```

1909         s->strstart += s->match_length;
1910         s->match_length = 0;
1911     } else {
1912         /* No match, output a literal byte */
1913         Tracevv((stderr,"%c", s->window[s->strstart]));
1914         _tr_tally_lit(s, s->window[s->strstart], bflush);
1915         s->lookahead--;
1916         s->strstart++;
1917     }
1918     if (bflush) FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1919 }
1920 s->insert = 0;
1921 if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1922     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1923     return finish_done;
1924 }
1925 if (s->last_lit)
1926     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1927 return block_done;
1928 }

1930 /* =====
1931 * For Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY, do not look for matches. Do not maintain a hash table.
1932 * (It will be regenerated if this run of deflate switches away from Huffman.)
1933 */
1934 local block_state deflate_huff(s, flush)
1935     deflate_state *s;
1936     int flush;
1937 {
1938     int bflush;          /* set if current block must be flushed */

1940     for (;;) {
1941         /* Make sure that we have a literal to write. */
1942         if (s->lookahead == 0) {
1943             fill_window(s);
1944             if (s->lookahead == 0) {
1945                 if (flush == Z_NO_FLUSH)
1946                     return need_more;
1947                 break; /* flush the current block */
1948             }
1949         }

1951         /* Output a literal byte */
1952         s->match_length = 0;
1953         Tracevv((stderr,"%c", s->window[s->strstart]));
1954         _tr_tally_lit(s, s->window[s->strstart], bflush);
1955         s->lookahead--;
1956         s->strstart++;
1957         if (bflush) FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1958     }
1959     s->insert = 0;
1960     if (flush == Z_FINISH) {
1961         FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 1);
1962         return finish_done;
1963     }
1964     if (s->last_lit)
1965         FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
1966     return block_done;
1967 }

```



```

*****
12774 Wed Apr 1 15:57:23 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/deflate.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* deflate.h -- internal compression state
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2012 Jean-loup Gailly
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications. It is
7  part of the implementation of the compression library and is
8  subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.
9  */

11 /* @(#) $Id$ */

13 #ifndef DEFLATE_H
14 #define DEFLATE_H

16 #include "zutil.h"

18 /* define NO_GZIP when compiling if you want to disable gzip header and
19  trailer creation by deflate(). NO_GZIP would be used to avoid linking in
20  the crc code when it is not needed. For shared libraries, gzip encoding
21  should be left enabled. */
22 #ifndef NO_GZIP
23 # define GZIP
24 #endif

26 /* =====
27  * Internal compression state.
28  */

30 #define LENGTH_CODES 29
31 /* number of length codes, not counting the special END_BLOCK code */

33 #define LITERALS 256
34 /* number of literal bytes 0..255 */

36 #define L_CODES (LITERALS+1+LENGTH_CODES)
37 /* number of Literal or Length codes, including the END_BLOCK code */

39 #define D_CODES 30
40 /* number of distance codes */

42 #define BL_CODES 19
43 /* number of codes used to transfer the bit lengths */

45 #define HEAP_SIZE (2*L_CODES+1)
46 /* maximum heap size */

48 #define MAX_BITS 15
49 /* All codes must not exceed MAX_BITS bits */

51 #define Buf_size 16
52 /* size of bit buffer in bi_buf */

54 #define INIT_STATE 42
55 #define EXTRA_STATE 69
56 #define NAME_STATE 73
57 #define COMMENT_STATE 91
58 #define HCRC_STATE 103
59 #define BUSY_STATE 113
60 #define FINISH_STATE 666

```

```

61 /* Stream status */

64 /* Data structure describing a single value and its code string. */
65 typedef struct ct_data_s {
66     union {
67         ush freq; /* frequency count */
68         ush code; /* bit string */
69     } fc;
70     union {
71         ush dad; /* father node in Huffman tree */
72         ush len; /* length of bit string */
73     } dl;
74 } FAR ct_data;

76 #define Freq fc.freq
77 #define Code fc.code
78 #define Dad dl.dad
79 #define Len dl.len

81 typedef struct static_tree_desc_s static_tree_desc;

83 typedef struct tree_desc_s {
84     ct_data *dyn_tree; /* the dynamic tree */
85     int max_code; /* largest code with non zero frequency */
86     static_tree_desc *stat_desc; /* the corresponding static tree */
87 } FAR tree_desc;

89 typedef ush Pos;
90 typedef Pos FAR Posf;
91 typedef unsigned IPos;

93 /* A Pos is an index in the character window. We use short instead of int to
94  * save space in the various tables. IPos is used only for parameter passing.
95  */

97 typedef struct internal_state {
98     z_streamp strm; /* pointer back to this zlib stream */
99     int status; /* as the name implies */
100     Bytef *pending_buf; /* output still pending */
101     ulg pending_buf_size; /* size of pending_buf */
102     Bytef *pending_out; /* next pending byte to output to the stream */
103     uInt pending; /* nb of bytes in the pending buffer */
104     int wrap; /* bit 0 true for zlib, bit 1 true for gzip */
105     gz_headerp gzhead; /* gzip header information to write */
106     uInt gzindex; /* where in extra, name, or comment */
107     Byte method; /* can only be DEFLATED */
108     int last_flush; /* value of flush param for previous deflate call */

110     /* used by deflate.c: */

112     uInt w_size; /* LZ77 window size (32K by default) */
113     uInt w_bits; /* log2(w_size) (8..16) */
114     uInt w_mask; /* w_size - 1 */

116     Bytef *window;
117     /* Sliding window. Input bytes are read into the second half of the window,
118     * and move to the first half later to keep a dictionary of at least wSize
119     * bytes. With this organization, matches are limited to a distance of
120     * wSize-MAX_MATCH bytes, but this ensures that IO is always
121     * performed with a length multiple of the block size. Also, it limits
122     * the window size to 64K, which is quite useful on MSDOS.
123     * To do: use the user input buffer as sliding window.
124     */

126     ulg window_size;

```

```

127 /* Actual size of window: 2*wSize, except when the user input buffer
128 * is directly used as sliding window.
129 */

131 Posf *prev;
132 /* Link to older string with same hash index. To limit the size of this
133 * array to 64K, this link is maintained only for the last 32K strings.
134 * An index in this array is thus a window index modulo 32K.
135 */

137 Posf *head; /* Heads of the hash chains or NIL. */

139 uInt ins_h; /* hash index of string to be inserted */
140 uInt hash_size; /* number of elements in hash table */
141 uInt hash_bits; /* log2(hash_size) */
142 uInt hash_mask; /* hash_size-1 */

144 uInt hash_shift;
145 /* Number of bits by which ins_h must be shifted at each input
146 * step. It must be such that after MIN_MATCH steps, the oldest
147 * byte no longer takes part in the hash key, that is:
148 * hash_shift * MIN_MATCH >= hash_bits
149 */

151 long block_start;
152 /* Window position at the beginning of the current output block. Gets
153 * negative when the window is moved backwards.
154 */

156 uInt match_length; /* length of best match */
157 IPos prev_match; /* previous match */
158 int match_available; /* set if previous match exists */
159 uInt strstart; /* start of string to insert */
160 uInt match_start; /* start of matching string */
161 uInt lookahead; /* number of valid bytes ahead in window */

163 uInt prev_length;
164 /* Length of the best match at previous step. Matches not greater than this
165 * are discarded. This is used in the lazy match evaluation.
166 */

168 uInt max_chain_length;
169 /* To speed up deflation, hash chains are never searched beyond this
170 * length. A higher limit improves compression ratio but degrades the
171 * speed.
172 */

174 uInt max_lazy_match;
175 /* Attempt to find a better match only when the current match is strictly
176 * smaller than this value. This mechanism is used only for compression
177 * levels >= 4.
178 */
179 # define max_insert_length max_lazy_match
180 /* Insert new strings in the hash table only if the match length is not
181 * greater than this length. This saves time but degrades compression.
182 * max_insert_length is used only for compression levels <= 3.
183 */

185 int level; /* compression level (1..9) */
186 int strategy; /* favor or force Huffman coding*/

188 uInt good_match;
189 /* Use a faster search when the previous match is longer than this */

191 int nice_match; /* Stop searching when current match exceeds this */

```

```

193 /* used by trees.c: */
194 /* Didn't use ct_data typedef below to suppress compiler warning */
195 struct ct_data_s dyn_ltree[HEAP_SIZE]; /* literal and length tree */
196 struct ct_data_s dyn_dtree[2*D_CODES+1]; /* distance tree */
197 struct ct_data_s bl_tree[2*BL_CODES+1]; /* Huffman tree for bit lengths */

199 struct tree_desc_s l_desc; /* desc. for literal tree */
200 struct tree_desc_s d_desc; /* desc. for distance tree */
201 struct tree_desc_s bl_desc; /* desc. for bit length tree */

203 ush bl_count[MAX_BITS+1];
204 /* number of codes at each bit length for an optimal tree */

206 int heap[2*L_CODES+1]; /* heap used to build the Huffman trees */
207 int heap_len; /* number of elements in the heap */
208 int heap_max; /* element of largest frequency */
209 /* The sons of heap[n] are heap[2*n] and heap[2*n+1]. heap[0] is not used.
210 * The same heap array is used to build all trees.
211 */

213 uch depth[2*L_CODES+1];
214 /* Depth of each subtree used as tie breaker for trees of equal frequency
215 */

217 uchf *l_buf; /* buffer for literals or lengths */

219 uInt lit_bufsize;
220 /* Size of match buffer for literals/lengths. There are 4 reasons for
221 * limiting lit_bufsize to 64K:
222 * - frequencies can be kept in 16 bit counters
223 * - if compression is not successful for the first block, all input
224 * data is still in the window so we can still emit a stored block even
225 * when input comes from standard input. (This can also be done for
226 * all blocks if lit_bufsize is not greater than 32K.)
227 * - if compression is not successful for a file smaller than 64K, we can
228 * even emit a stored file instead of a stored block (saving 5 bytes).
229 * This is applicable only for zip (not gzip or zlib).
230 * - creating new Huffman trees less frequently may not provide fast
231 * adaptation to changes in the input data statistics. (Take for
232 * example a binary file with poorly compressible code followed by
233 * a highly compressible string table.) Smaller buffer sizes give
234 * fast adaptation but have of course the overhead of transmitting
235 * trees more frequently.
236 * - I can't count above 4
237 */

239 uInt last_lit; /* running index in l_buf */

241 ushf *d_buf;
242 /* Buffer for distances. To simplify the code, d_buf and l_buf have
243 * the same number of elements. To use different lengths, an extra flag
244 * array would be necessary.
245 */

247 ulg opt_len; /* bit length of current block with optimal trees */
248 ulg static_len; /* bit length of current block with static trees */
249 uInt matches; /* number of string matches in current block */
250 uInt insert; /* bytes at end of window left to insert */

252 #ifdef DEBUG
253 ulg compressed_len; /* total bit length of compressed file mod 2^32 */
254 ulg bits_sent; /* bit length of compressed data sent mod 2^32 */
255 #endif

257 ush bi_buf;
258 /* Output buffer. bits are inserted starting at the bottom (least

```

```

259     * significant bits).
260     */
261     int bi_valid;
262     /* Number of valid bits in bi_buf.  All bits above the last valid bit
263     * are always zero.
264     */
265
266     ulg high_water;
267     /* High water mark offset in window for initialized bytes -- bytes above
268     * this are set to zero in order to avoid memory check warnings when
269     * longest match routines access bytes past the input.  This is then
270     * updated to the new high water mark.
271     */
272 } FAR deflate_state;
273
274
275 /* Output a byte on the stream.
276  * IN assertion: there is enough room in pending_buf.
277  */
278 #define put_byte(s, c) {s->pending_buf[s->pending++] = (c);}
279
280
281 #define MIN_LOOKAHEAD (MAX_MATCH+MIN_MATCH+1)
282 /* Minimum amount of lookahead, except at the end of the input file.
283  * See deflate.c for comments about the MIN_MATCH+1.
284  */
285
286 #define MAX_DIST(s) ((s)->w_size-MIN_LOOKAHEAD)
287 /* In order to simplify the code, particularly on 16 bit machines, match
288  * distances are limited to MAX_DIST instead of WSIZE.
289  */
290
291 #define WIN_INIT MAX_MATCH
292 /* Number of bytes after end of data in window to initialize in order to avoid
293  * memory checker errors from longest match routines */
294
295 /* in trees.c */
296 void ZLIB_INTERNAL _tr_init OF((deflate_state *s));
297 int ZLIB_INTERNAL _tr_tally OF((deflate_state *s, unsigned dist, unsigned lc));
298 void ZLIB_INTERNAL _tr_flush_block OF((deflate_state *s, charf *buf,
299     ulg stored_len, int last));
300 void ZLIB_INTERNAL _tr_flush_bits OF((deflate_state *s));
301 void ZLIB_INTERNAL _tr_align OF((deflate_state *s));
302 void ZLIB_INTERNAL _tr_stored_block OF((deflate_state *s, charf *buf,
303     ulg stored_len, int last));
304
305 #define d_code(dist) \
306     ((dist) < 256 ? _dist_code[dist] : _dist_code[256+((dist)>>7)])
307 /* Mapping from a distance to a distance code.  dist is the distance - 1 and
308  * must not have side effects.  _dist_code[256] and _dist_code[257] are never
309  * used.
310  */
311
312 #ifndef DEBUG
313 /* Inline versions of _tr_tally for speed: */
314
315 #if defined(GEN_TREES_H) || !defined(STDC)
316     extern uch ZLIB_INTERNAL _length_code[];
317     extern uch ZLIB_INTERNAL _dist_code[];
318 #else
319     extern const uch ZLIB_INTERNAL _length_code[];
320     extern const uch ZLIB_INTERNAL _dist_code[];
321 #endif
322
323 #define _tr_tally_lit(s, c, flush) \
324     { uch cc = (c); \

```

```

325     s->d_buf[s->last_lit] = 0; \
326     s->l_buf[s->last_lit++] = cc; \
327     s->dyn_ltree[cc].Freq++; \
328     flush = (s->last_lit == s->lit_bufsize-1); \
329 }
330 #define _tr_tally_dist(s, distance, length, flush) \
331     { uch len = (length); \
332     ush dist = (distance); \
333     s->d_buf[s->last_lit] = dist; \
334     s->l_buf[s->last_lit++] = len; \
335     dist--; \
336     s->dyn_ltree[_length_code[len]+LITERALS+1].Freq++; \
337     s->dyn_dtree[_d_code(dist)].Freq++; \
338     flush = (s->last_lit == s->lit_bufsize-1); \
339 }
340 #else
341 #define _tr_tally_lit(s, c, flush) flush = _tr_tally(s, 0, c)
342 #define _tr_tally_dist(s, distance, length, flush) \
343     flush = _tr_tally(s, distance, length)
344 #endif
345
346 #endif /* DEFLATE_H */

```

```

*****
9335 Wed Apr 1 15:57:24 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/doc/algorithm.txt
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 1. Compression algorithm (deflate)

3 The deflation algorithm used by gzip (also zip and zlib) is a variation of
4 LZ77 (Lempel-Ziv 1977, see reference below). It finds duplicated strings in
5 the input data. The second occurrence of a string is replaced by a
6 pointer to the previous string, in the form of a pair (distance,
7 length). Distances are limited to 32K bytes, and lengths are limited
8 to 258 bytes. When a string does not occur anywhere in the previous
9 32K bytes, it is emitted as a sequence of literal bytes. (In this
10 description, 'string' must be taken as an arbitrary sequence of bytes,
11 and is not restricted to printable characters.)

13 Literals or match lengths are compressed with one Huffman tree, and
14 match distances are compressed with another tree. The trees are stored
15 in a compact form at the start of each block. The blocks can have any
16 size (except that the compressed data for one block must fit in
17 available memory). A block is terminated when deflate() determines that
18 it would be useful to start another block with fresh trees. (This is
19 somewhat similar to the behavior of LZW-based _compress_.)

21 Duplicated strings are found using a hash table. All input strings of
22 length 3 are inserted in the hash table. A hash index is computed for
23 the next 3 bytes. If the hash chain for this index is not empty, all
24 strings in the chain are compared with the current input string, and
25 the longest match is selected.

27 The hash chains are searched starting with the most recent strings, to
28 favor small distances and thus take advantage of the Huffman encoding.
29 The hash chains are singly linked. There are no deletions from the
30 hash chains, the algorithm simply discards matches that are too old.

32 To avoid a worst-case situation, very long hash chains are arbitrarily
33 truncated at a certain length, determined by a runtime option (level
34 parameter of deflateInit). So deflate() does not always find the longest
35 possible match but generally finds a match which is long enough.

37 deflate() also defers the selection of matches with a lazy evaluation
38 mechanism. After a match of length N has been found, deflate() searches for
39 a longer match at the next input byte. If a longer match is found, the
40 previous match is truncated to a length of one (thus producing a single
41 literal byte) and the process of lazy evaluation begins again. Otherwise,
42 the original match is kept, and the next match search is attempted only N
43 steps later.

45 The lazy match evaluation is also subject to a runtime parameter. If
46 the current match is long enough, deflate() reduces the search for a longer
47 match, thus speeding up the whole process. If compression ratio is more
48 important than speed, deflate() attempts a complete second search even if
49 the first match is already long enough.

51 The lazy match evaluation is not performed for the fastest compression
52 modes (level parameter 1 to 3). For these fast modes, new strings
53 are inserted in the hash table only when no match was found, or
54 when the match is not too long. This degrades the compression ratio
55 but saves time since there are both fewer insertions and fewer searches.

58 2. Decompression algorithm (inflate)
60 2.1 Introduction

```

```

62 The key question is how to represent a Huffman code (or any prefix code) so
63 that you can decode fast. The most important characteristic is that shorter
64 codes are much more common than longer codes, so pay attention to decoding the
65 short codes fast, and let the long codes take longer to decode.

67 inflate() sets up a first level table that covers some number of bits of
68 input less than the length of longest code. It gets that many bits from the
69 stream, and looks it up in the table. The table will tell if the next
70 code is that many bits or less and how many, and if it is, it will tell
71 the value, else it will point to the next level table for which inflate()
72 grabs more bits and tries to decode a longer code.

74 How many bits to make the first lookup is a tradeoff between the time it
75 takes to decode and the time it takes to build the table. If building the
76 table took no time (and if you had infinite memory), then there would only
77 be a first level table to cover all the way to the longest code. However,
78 building the table ends up taking a lot longer for more bits since short
79 codes are replicated many times in such a table. What inflate() does is
80 simply to make the number of bits in the first table a variable, and then
81 to set that variable for the maximum speed.

83 For inflate, which has 286 possible codes for the literal/length tree, the size
84 of the first table is nine bits. Also the distance trees have 30 possible
85 values, and the size of the first table is six bits. Note that for each of
86 those cases, the table ended up one bit longer than the 'average' code
87 length, i.e. the code length of an approximately flat code which would be a
88 little more than eight bits for 286 symbols and a little less than five bits
89 for 30 symbols.

92 2.2 More details on the inflate table lookup

94 Ok, you want to know what this cleverly obfuscated inflate tree actually
95 looks like. You are correct that it's not a Huffman tree. It is simply a
96 lookup table for the first, let's say, nine bits of a Huffman symbol. The
97 symbol could be as short as one bit or as long as 15 bits. If a particular
98 symbol is shorter than nine bits, then that symbol's translation is duplicated
99 in all those entries that start with that symbol's bits. For example, if the
100 symbol is four bits, then it's duplicated 32 times in a nine-bit table. If a
101 symbol is nine bits long, it appears in the table once.

103 If the symbol is longer than nine bits, then that entry in the table points
104 to another similar table for the remaining bits. Again, there are duplicated
105 entries as needed. The idea is that most of the time the symbol will be short
106 and there will only be one table look up. (That's whole idea behind data
107 compression in the first place.) For the less frequent long symbols, there
108 will be two lookups. If you had a compression method with really long
109 symbols, you could have as many levels of lookups as is efficient. For
110 inflate, two is enough.

112 So a table entry either points to another table (in which case nine bits in
113 the above example are gobbled), or it contains the translation for the symbol
114 and the number of bits to gobble. Then you start again with the next
115 ungobbled bit.

117 You may wonder: why not just have one lookup table for how ever many bits the
118 longest symbol is? The reason is that if you do that, you end up spending
119 more time filling in duplicate symbol entries than you do actually decoding.
120 At least for deflate's output that generates new trees every several 10's of
121 kbytes. You can imagine that filling in a 2^15 entry table for a 15-bit code
122 would take too long if you're only decoding several thousand symbols. At the
123 other extreme, you could make a new table for every bit in the code. In fact,
124 that's essentially a Huffman tree. But then you spend too much time
125 traversing the tree while decoding, even for short symbols.

```

127 So the number of bits for the first lookup table is a trade of the time to
 128 fill out the table vs. the time spent looking at the second level and above of
 129 the table.

131 Here is an example, scaled down:

133 The code being decoded, with 10 symbols, from 1 to 6 bits long:

135 A: 0
 136 B: 10
 137 C: 1100
 138 D: 11010
 139 E: 11011
 140 F: 11100
 141 G: 11101
 142 H: 11110
 143 I: 111110
 144 J: 111111

146 Let's make the first table three bits long (eight entries):

148 000: A,1
 149 001: A,1
 150 010: A,1
 151 011: A,1
 152 100: B,2
 153 101: B,2
 154 110: -> table X (gobble 3 bits)
 155 111: -> table Y (gobble 3 bits)

157 Each entry is what the bits decode as and how many bits that is, i.e. how
 158 many bits to gobble. Or the entry points to another table, with the number of
 159 bits to gobble implicit in the size of the table.

161 Table X is two bits long since the longest code starting with 110 is five bits
 162 long:

164 00: C,1
 165 01: C,1
 166 10: D,2
 167 11: E,2

169 Table Y is three bits long since the longest code starting with 111 is six
 170 bits long:

172 000: F,2
 173 001: F,2
 174 010: G,2
 175 011: G,2
 176 100: H,2
 177 101: H,2
 178 110: I,3
 179 111: J,3

181 So what we have here are three tables with a total of 20 entries that had to
 182 be constructed. That's compared to 64 entries for a single table. Or
 183 compared to 16 entries for a Huffman tree (six two entry tables and one four
 184 entry table). Assuming that the code ideally represents the probability of
 185 the symbols, it takes on the average 1.25 lookups per symbol. That's compared
 186 to one lookup for the single table, or 1.66 lookups per symbol for the
 187 Huffman tree.

189 There, I think that gives you a picture of what's going on. For inflate, the
 190 meaning of a particular symbol is often more than just a letter. It can be a
 191 byte (a "literal"), or it can be either a length or a distance which
 192 indicates a base value and a number of bits to fetch after the code that is

193 added to the base value. Or it might be the special end-of-block code. The
 194 data structures created in infrees.c try to encode all that information
 195 compactly in the tables.

198 Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
 199 jloup@zip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

202 References:

204 [LZ77] Ziv J., Lempel A., ``A Universal Algorithm for Sequential Data
 205 Compression,`` IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, Vol. 23, No. 3,
 206 pp. 337-343.

208 ``DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification`` available in
 209 <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1951>

 20502 Wed Apr 1 15:57:24 2015
 new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/doc/rfc1950.txt
 5470 libz should be part of illumos
 1002 Integrate zlib

7 Network Working Group P. Deutsch
 8 Request for Comments: 1950 Aladdin Enterprises
 9 Category: Informational J-L. Gailly
 10 Info-ZIP
 11 May 1996

14 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification version 3.3

16 Status of This Memo

18 This memo provides information for the Internet community. This memo
 19 does not specify an Internet standard of any kind. Distribution of
 20 this memo is unlimited.

22 IESG Note:

24 The IESG takes no position on the validity of any Intellectual
 25 Property Rights statements contained in this document.

27 Notices

29 Copyright (c) 1996 L. Peter Deutsch and Jean-Loup Gailly

31 Permission is granted to copy and distribute this document for any
 32 purpose and without charge, including translations into other
 33 languages and incorporation into compilations, provided that the
 34 copyright notice and this notice are preserved, and that any
 35 substantive changes or deletions from the original are clearly
 36 marked.

38 A pointer to the latest version of this and related documentation in
 39 HTML format can be found at the URL
 40 <ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/png/documents/zlib/zdoc-index.html>.

42 Abstract

44 This specification defines a lossless compressed data format. The
 45 data can be produced or consumed, even for an arbitrarily long
 46 sequentially presented input data stream, using only an a priori
 47 bounded amount of intermediate storage. The format presently uses
 48 the DEFLATE compression method but can be easily extended to use
 49 other compression methods. It can be implemented readily in a manner
 50 not covered by patents. This specification also defines the ADLER-32
 51 checksum (an extension and improvement of the Fletcher checksum),
 52 used for detection of data corruption, and provides an algorithm for
 53 computing it.

59 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

62 Table of Contents

64 1. Introduction 2
 65 1.1. Purpose 2
 66 1.2. Intended audience 3
 67 1.3. Scope 3
 68 1.4. Compliance 3
 69 1.5. Definitions of terms and conventions used 3
 70 1.6. Changes from previous versions 3
 71 2. Detailed specification 3
 72 2.1. Overall conventions 3
 73 2.2. Data format 4
 74 2.3. Compliance 7
 75 3. References 7
 76 4. Source code 8
 77 5. Security Considerations 8
 78 6. Acknowledgements 8
 79 7. Authors' Addresses 8
 80 8. Appendix: Rationale 9
 81 9. Appendix: Sample code10

83 1. Introduction

85 1.1. Purpose

87 The purpose of this specification is to define a lossless
 88 compressed data format that:

- 90 * Is independent of CPU type, operating system, file system,
 91 and character set, and hence can be used for interchange;
- 93 * Can be produced or consumed, even for an arbitrarily long
 94 sequentially presented input data stream, using only an a
 95 priori bounded amount of intermediate storage, and hence can
 96 be used in data communications or similar structures such as
 97 Unix filters;
- 99 * Can use a number of different compression methods;
- 101 * Can be implemented readily in a manner not covered by
 102 patents, and hence can be practiced freely.

104 The data format defined by this specification does not attempt to
 105 allow random access to compressed data.

114 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

117 1.2. Intended audience

119 This specification is intended for use by implementors of software
120 to compress data into zlib format and/or decompress data from zlib
121 format.

123 The text of the specification assumes a basic background in
124 programming at the level of bits and other primitive data
125 representations.

127 1.3. Scope

129 The specification specifies a compressed data format that can be
130 used for in-memory compression of a sequence of arbitrary bytes.

132 1.4. Compliance

134 Unless otherwise indicated below, a compliant decompressor must be
135 able to accept and decompress any data set that conforms to all
136 the specifications presented here; a compliant compressor must
137 produce data sets that conform to all the specifications presented
138 here.

140 1.5. Definitions of terms and conventions used

142 byte: 8 bits stored or transmitted as a unit (same as an octet).
143 (For this specification, a byte is exactly 8 bits, even on
144 machines which store a character on a number of bits different
145 from 8.) See below, for the numbering of bits within a byte.

147 1.6. Changes from previous versions

149 Version 3.1 was the first public release of this specification.
150 In version 3.2, some terminology was changed and the Adler-32
151 sample code was rewritten for clarity. In version 3.3, the
152 support for a preset dictionary was introduced, and the
153 specification was converted to RFC style.

155 2. Detailed specification

157 2.1. Overall conventions

159 In the diagrams below, a box like this:

```
161 +---+
162 |   | <-- the vertical bars might be missing
163 +---+
```

169 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

172 represents one byte; a box like this:

```
174 +-----+
175 |       |
176 +-----+
```

178 represents a variable number of bytes.

180 Bytes stored within a computer do not have a "bit order", since
181 they are always treated as a unit. However, a byte considered as
182 an integer between 0 and 255 does have a most- and least-
183 significant bit, and since we write numbers with the most-
184 significant digit on the left, we also write bytes with the most-
185 significant bit on the left. In the diagrams below, we number the
186 bits of a byte so that bit 0 is the least-significant bit, i.e.,
187 the bits are numbered:

```
189 +-----+
190 |76543210|
191 +-----+
```

193 Within a computer, a number may occupy multiple bytes. All
194 multi-byte numbers in the format described here are stored with
195 the MOST-significant byte first (at the lower memory address).
196 For example, the decimal number 520 is stored as:

```
198           0       1
199 +-----+-----+
200 |00000010|00001000|
201 +-----+-----+
202   ^         ^
203   |         |
204   + less significant byte = 8
205   + more significant byte = 2 x 256
```

207 2.2. Data format

209 A zlib stream has the following structure:

```
211           0       1
212 +-----+-----+
213 |CMF|FLG| (more-->)
214 +-----+
```

224 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

227 (if FLG.FDICT set)

```

229     0  1  2  3
230     +---+---+---+---+
231     |         | (more-->)
232     +---+---+---+---+

```

```

234     +-----+---+---+---+
235     |...compressed data...| ADLER32 |
236     +-----+---+---+---+

```

238 Any data which may appear after ADLER32 are not part of the zlib stream.

241 CMF (Compression Method and flags)

242 This byte is divided into a 4-bit compression method and a 4-bit information field depending on the compression method.

```

245     bits 0 to 3  CM      Compression method
246     bits 4 to 7  CINFO   Compression info

```

248 CM (Compression method)

249 This identifies the compression method used in the file. CM = 8 denotes the "deflate" compression method with a window size up to 32K. This is the method used by gzip and PNG (see references [1] and [2] in Chapter 3, below, for the reference documents). CM = 15 is reserved. It might be used in a future version of this specification to indicate the presence of an extra field before the compressed data.

257 CINFO (Compression info)

258 For CM = 8, CINFO is the base-2 logarithm of the LZ77 window size, minus eight (CINFO=7 indicates a 32K window size). Values of CINFO above 7 are not allowed in this version of the specification. CINFO is not defined in this specification for CM not equal to 8.

264 FLG (FLaGs)

265 This flag byte is divided as follows:

```

267     bits 0 to 4  FCHECK  (check bits for CMF and FLG)
268     bit 5       FDICT   (preset dictionary)
269     bits 6 to 7  FLEVEL  (compression level)

```

271 The FCHECK value must be such that CMF and FLG, when viewed as a 16-bit unsigned integer stored in MSB order (CMF*256 + FLG), is a multiple of 31.

279 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

282 FDICT (Preset dictionary)

283 If FDICT is set, a DICT dictionary identifier is present immediately after the FLG byte. The dictionary is a sequence of bytes which are initially fed to the compressor without producing any compressed output. DICT is the Adler-32 checksum of this sequence of bytes (see the definition of ADLER32 below). The decompressor can use this identifier to determine which dictionary has been used by the compressor.

291 FLEVEL (Compression level)

292 These flags are available for use by specific compression methods. The "deflate" method (CM = 8) sets these flags as follows:

```

296     0 - compressor used fastest algorithm
297     1 - compressor used fast algorithm
298     2 - compressor used default algorithm
299     3 - compressor used maximum compression, slowest algorithm

```

301 The information in FLEVEL is not needed for decompression; it is there to indicate if recompression might be worthwhile.

304 compressed data

305 For compression method 8, the compressed data is stored in the deflate compressed data format as described in the document "DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification" by L. Peter Deutsch. (See reference [3] in Chapter 3, below)

310 Other compressed data formats are not specified in this version of the zlib specification.

313 ADLER32 (Adler-32 checksum)

314 This contains a checksum value of the uncompressed data (excluding any dictionary data) computed according to Adler-32 algorithm. This algorithm is a 32-bit extension and improvement of the Fletcher algorithm, used in the ITU-T X.224 / ISO 8073 standard. See references [4] and [5] in Chapter 3, below)

320 Adler-32 is composed of two sums accumulated per byte: s1 is the sum of all bytes, s2 is the sum of all s1 values. Both sums are done modulo 65521. s1 is initialized to 1, s2 to zero. The Adler-32 checksum is stored as s2*65536 + s1 in most-significant-byte first (network) order.

334 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

337 2.3. Compliance

339 A compliant compressor must produce streams with correct CMF, FLG
340 and ADLER32, but need not support preset dictionaries. When the
341 zlib data format is used as part of another standard data format,
342 the compressor may use only preset dictionaries that are specified
343 by this other data format. If this other format does not use the
344 preset dictionary feature, the compressor must not set the FDICT
345 flag.

347 A compliant decompressor must check CMF, FLG, and ADLER32, and
348 provide an error indication if any of these have incorrect values.
349 A compliant decompressor must give an error indication if CM is
350 not one of the values defined in this specification (only the
351 value 8 is permitted in this version), since another value could
352 indicate the presence of new features that would cause subsequent
353 data to be interpreted incorrectly. A compliant decompressor must
354 give an error indication if FDICT is set and DICTID is not the
355 identifier of a known preset dictionary. A decompressor may
356 ignore FLEVEL and still be compliant. When the zlib data format
357 is being used as a part of another standard format, a compliant
358 decompressor must support all the preset dictionaries specified by
359 the other format. When the other format does not use the preset
360 dictionary feature, a compliant decompressor must reject any
361 stream in which the FDICT flag is set.

363 3. References

- 365 [1] Deutsch, L.P., "GZIP Compressed Data Format Specification",
366 available in ftp://ftp.uu.net/pub/archiving/zip/doc/
368 [2] Thomas Boutell, "PNG (Portable Network Graphics) specification",
369 available in ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/png/documents/
371 [3] Deutsch, L.P., "DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification",
372 available in ftp://ftp.uu.net/pub/archiving/zip/doc/
374 [4] Fletcher, J. G., "An Arithmetic Checksum for Serial
375 Transmissions," IEEE Transactions on Communications, Vol. COM-30,
376 No. 1, January 1982, pp. 247-252.
378 [5] ITU-T Recommendation X.224, Annex D, "Checksum Algorithms,"
379 November, 1993, pp. 144, 145. (Available from
380 gopher://info.itu.ch). ITU-T X.244 is also the same as ISO 8073.

389 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

392 4. Source code

394 Source code for a C language implementation of a "zlib" compliant
395 library is available at ftp://ftp.uu.net/pub/archiving/zip/zlib/.

397 5. Security Considerations

399 A decoder that fails to check the ADLER32 checksum value may be
400 subject to undetected data corruption.

402 6. Acknowledgements

404 Trademarks cited in this document are the property of their
405 respective owners.

407 Jean-Loup Gailly and Mark Adler designed the zlib format and wrote
408 the related software described in this specification. Glenn
409 Randers-Pehrson converted this document to RFC and HTML format.

411 7. Authors' Addresses

413 L. Peter Deutsch
414 Aladdin Enterprises
415 203 Santa Margarita Ave.
416 Menlo Park, CA 94025
418 Phone: (415) 322-0103 (AM only)
419 FAX: (415) 322-1734
420 EMail: <ghost@aladdin.com>

423 Jean-Loup Gailly

425 EMail: <gzip@prep.ai.mit.edu>

427 Questions about the technical content of this specification can be
428 sent by email to

430 Jean-Loup Gailly <gzip@prep.ai.mit.edu> and
431 Mark Adler <madler@alumni.caltech.edu>

433 Editorial comments on this specification can be sent by email to

435 L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com> and
436 Glenn Randers-Pehrson <randeg@alumni.rpi.edu>

444 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

447 8. Appendix: Rationale

449 8.1. Preset dictionaries

451 A preset dictionary is specially useful to compress short input
 452 sequences. The compressor can take advantage of the dictionary
 453 context to encode the input in a more compact manner. The
 454 decompressor can be initialized with the appropriate context by
 455 virtually decompressing a compressed version of the dictionary
 456 without producing any output. However for certain compression
 457 algorithms such as the deflate algorithm this operation can be
 458 achieved without actually performing any decompression.

460 The compressor and the decompressor must use exactly the same
 461 dictionary. The dictionary may be fixed or may be chosen among a
 462 certain number of predefined dictionaries, according to the kind
 463 of input data. The decompressor can determine which dictionary has
 464 been chosen by the compressor by checking the dictionary
 465 identifier. This document does not specify the contents of
 466 predefined dictionaries, since the optimal dictionaries are
 467 application specific. Standard data formats using this feature of
 468 the zlib specification must precisely define the allowed
 469 dictionaries.

471 8.2. The Adler-32 algorithm

473 The Adler-32 algorithm is much faster than the CRC32 algorithm yet
 474 still provides an extremely low probability of undetected errors.

476 The modulo on unsigned long accumulators can be delayed for 5552
 477 bytes, so the modulo operation time is negligible. If the bytes
 478 are a, b, c, the second sum is $3a + 2b + c + 3$, and so is position
 479 and order sensitive, unlike the first sum, which is just a
 480 checksum. That 65521 is prime is important to avoid a possible
 481 large class of two-byte errors that leave the check unchanged.
 482 (The Fletcher checksum uses 255, which is not prime and which also
 483 makes the Fletcher check insensitive to single byte changes $0 \leftrightarrow$
 484 255.)

486 The sum s1 is initialized to 1 instead of zero to make the length
 487 of the sequence part of s2, so that the length does not have to be
 488 checked separately. (Any sequence of zeroes has a Fletcher
 489 checksum of zero.)

499 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

502 9. Appendix: Sample code

504 The following C code computes the Adler-32 checksum of a data buffer.
 505 It is written for clarity, not for speed. The sample code is in the
 506 ANSI C programming language. Non C users may find it easier to read
 507 with these hints:

```
509 &      Bitwise AND operator.
510 >>    Bitwise right shift operator. When applied to an
511        unsigned quantity, as here, right shift inserts zero bit(s)
512        at the left.
513 <<    Bitwise left shift operator. Left shift inserts zero
514        bit(s) at the right.
515 ++    "n++" increments the variable n.
516 %     modulo operator: a % b is the remainder of a divided by b.
```

```
518 #define BASE 65521 /* largest prime smaller than 65536 */
```

```
520 /*
521  * Update a running Adler-32 checksum with the bytes buf[0..len-1]
522  * and return the updated checksum. The Adler-32 checksum should be
523  * initialized to 1.
```

```
525 Usage example:
```

```
527     unsigned long adler = 1L;

529     while (read_buffer(buffer, length) != EOF) {
530         adler = update_adler32(adler, buffer, length);
531     }
532     if (adler != original_adler) error();
533 */
534 unsigned long update_adler32(unsigned long adler,
535     unsigned char *buf, int len)
536 {
537     unsigned long s1 = adler & 0xffff;
538     unsigned long s2 = (adler >> 16) & 0xffff;
539     int n;

541     for (n = 0; n < len; n++) {
542         s1 = (s1 + buf[n]) % BASE;
543         s2 = (s2 + s1) % BASE;
544     }
545     return (s2 << 16) + s1;
546 }

548 /* Return the Adler32 of the bytes buf[0..len-1] */
```

554 RFC 1950 ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

```
557     unsigned long Adler32(unsigned char *buf, int len)
558     {
559         return update_adler32(1L, buf, len);
560     }
```

 36944 Wed Apr 1 15:57:24 2015
 new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/doc/rfc1951.txt
 5470 libz should be part of illumos
 1002 Integrate zlib

7 Network Working Group P. Deutsch
 8 Request for Comments: 1951 Aladdin Enterprises
 9 Category: Informational May 1996

12 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification version 1.3

14 Status of This Memo

16 This memo provides information for the Internet community. This memo
 17 does not specify an Internet standard of any kind. Distribution of
 18 this memo is unlimited.

20 IESG Note:

22 The IESG takes no position on the validity of any Intellectual
 23 Property Rights statements contained in this document.

25 Notices

27 Copyright (c) 1996 L. Peter Deutsch

29 Permission is granted to copy and distribute this document for any
 30 purpose and without charge, including translations into other
 31 languages and incorporation into compilations, provided that the
 32 copyright notice and this notice are preserved, and that any
 33 substantive changes or deletions from the original are clearly
 34 marked.

36 A pointer to the latest version of this and related documentation in
 37 HTML format can be found at the URL
 38 <ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/png/documents/zlib/zdoc-index.html>.

40 Abstract

42 This specification defines a lossless compressed data format that
 43 compresses data using a combination of the LZ77 algorithm and Huffman
 44 coding, with efficiency comparable to the best currently available
 45 general-purpose compression methods. The data can be produced or
 46 consumed, even for an arbitrarily long sequentially presented input
 47 data stream, using only an a priori bounded amount of intermediate
 48 storage. The format can be implemented readily in a manner not
 49 covered by patents.

59 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

62 Table of Contents

64 1. Introduction 2
 65 1.1. Purpose 2
 66 1.2. Intended audience 3
 67 1.3. Scope 3
 68 1.4. Compliance 3
 69 1.5. Definitions of terms and conventions used 3
 70 1.6. Changes from previous versions 4
 71 2. Compressed representation overview 4
 72 3. Detailed specification 5
 73 3.1. Overall conventions 5
 74 3.1.1. Packing into bytes 5
 75 3.2. Compressed block format 6
 76 3.2.1. Synopsis of prefix and Huffman coding 6
 77 3.2.2. Use of Huffman coding in the "deflate" format 7
 78 3.2.3. Details of block format 9
 79 3.2.4. Non-compressed blocks (BTYPE=00) 11
 80 3.2.5. Compressed blocks (length and distance codes) 11
 81 3.2.6. Compression with fixed Huffman codes (BTYPE=01) 12
 82 3.2.7. Compression with dynamic Huffman codes (BTYPE=10) .. 13
 83 3.3. Compliance 14
 84 4. Compression algorithm details 14
 85 5. References 16
 86 6. Security Considerations 16
 87 7. Source code 16
 88 8. Acknowledgements 16
 89 9. Author's Address 17

91 1. Introduction

93 1.1. Purpose

95 The purpose of this specification is to define a lossless
 96 compressed data format that:
 97 * Is independent of CPU type, operating system, file system,
 98 and character set, and hence can be used for interchange;
 99 * Can be produced or consumed, even for an arbitrarily long
 100 sequentially presented input data stream, using only an a
 101 priori bounded amount of intermediate storage, and hence
 102 can be used in data communications or similar structures
 103 such as Unix filters;
 104 * Compresses data with efficiency comparable to the best
 105 currently available general-purpose compression methods,
 106 and in particular considerably better than the "compress"
 107 program;
 108 * Can be implemented readily in a manner not covered by
 109 patents, and hence can be practiced freely;

114 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

117 * Is compatible with the file format produced by the current
118 widely used gzip utility, in that conforming decompressors
119 will be able to read data produced by the existing gzip
120 compressor.

122 The data format defined by this specification does not attempt to:

124 * Allow random access to compressed data;
125 * Compress specialized data (e.g., raster graphics) as well
126 as the best currently available specialized algorithms.

128 A simple counting argument shows that no lossless compression
129 algorithm can compress every possible input data set. For the
130 format defined here, the worst case expansion is 5 bytes per 32K-
131 byte block, i.e., a size increase of 0.015% for large data sets.
132 English text usually compresses by a factor of 2.5 to 3;
133 executable files usually compress somewhat less; graphical data
134 such as raster images may compress much more.

136 1.2. Intended audience

138 This specification is intended for use by implementors of software
139 to compress data into "deflate" format and/or decompress data from
140 "deflate" format.

142 The text of the specification assumes a basic background in
143 programming at the level of bits and other primitive data
144 representations. Familiarity with the technique of Huffman coding
145 is helpful but not required.

147 1.3. Scope

149 The specification specifies a method for representing a sequence
150 of bytes as a (usually shorter) sequence of bits, and a method for
151 packing the latter bit sequence into bytes.

153 1.4. Compliance

155 Unless otherwise indicated below, a compliant decompressor must be
156 able to accept and decompress any data set that conforms to all
157 the specifications presented here; a compliant compressor must
158 produce data sets that conform to all the specifications presented
159 here.

161 1.5. Definitions of terms and conventions used

163 Byte: 8 bits stored or transmitted as a unit (same as an octet).
164 For this specification, a byte is exactly 8 bits, even on machines

169 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

172 which store a character on a number of bits different from eight.
173 See below, for the numbering of bits within a byte.

175 String: a sequence of arbitrary bytes.

177 1.6. Changes from previous versions

179 There have been no technical changes to the deflate format since
180 version 1.1 of this specification. In version 1.2, some
181 terminology was changed. Version 1.3 is a conversion of the
182 specification to RFC style.

184 2. Compressed representation overview

186 A compressed data set consists of a series of blocks, corresponding
187 to successive blocks of input data. The block sizes are arbitrary,
188 except that non-compressible blocks are limited to 65,535 bytes.

190 Each block is compressed using a combination of the LZ77 algorithm
191 and Huffman coding. The Huffman trees for each block are independent
192 of those for previous or subsequent blocks; the LZ77 algorithm may
193 use a reference to a duplicated string occurring in a previous block,
194 up to 32K input bytes before.

196 Each block consists of two parts: a pair of Huffman code trees that
197 describe the representation of the compressed data part, and a
198 compressed data part. (The Huffman trees themselves are compressed
199 using Huffman encoding.) The compressed data consists of a series of
200 elements of two types: literal bytes (of strings that have not been
201 detected as duplicated within the previous 32K input bytes), and
202 pointers to duplicated strings, where a pointer is represented as a
203 pair <length, backward distance>. The representation used in the
204 "deflate" format limits distances to 32K bytes and lengths to 258
205 bytes, but does not limit the size of a block, except for
206 uncompressible blocks, which are limited as noted above.

208 Each type of value (literals, distances, and lengths) in the
209 compressed data is represented using a Huffman code, using one code
210 tree for literals and lengths and a separate code tree for distances.
211 The code trees for each block appear in a compact form just before
212 the compressed data for that block.

224 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

227 3. Detailed specification

229 3.1. Overall conventions In the diagrams below, a box like this:

```
231 +---+
232 |   | <-- the vertical bars might be missing
233 +---+
```

235 represents one byte; a box like this:

```
237 +=====+
238 |         |
239 +=====+
```

241 represents a variable number of bytes.

243 Bytes stored within a computer do not have a "bit order", since
244 they are always treated as a unit. However, a byte considered as
245 an integer between 0 and 255 does have a most- and least-
246 significant bit, and since we write numbers with the most-
247 significant digit on the left, we also write bytes with the most-
248 significant bit on the left. In the diagrams below, we number the
249 bits of a byte so that bit 0 is the least-significant bit, i.e.,
250 the bits are numbered:

```
252 +-----+
253 |76543210|
254 +-----+
```

256 Within a computer, a number may occupy multiple bytes. All
257 multi-byte numbers in the format described here are stored with
258 the least-significant byte first (at the lower memory address).
259 For example, the decimal number 520 is stored as:

```
261           0           1
262 +-----+-----+
263 |00001000|00000010|
264 +-----+-----+
265   ^         ^
266   |         |
267   + more significant byte = 2 x 256
268   + less significant byte = 8
```

270 3.1.1. Packing into bytes

272 This document does not address the issue of the order in which
273 bits of a byte are transmitted on a bit-sequential medium,
274 since the final data format described here is byte- rather than

279 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

282 bit-oriented. However, we describe the compressed block format
283 in below, as a sequence of data elements of various bit
284 lengths, not a sequence of bytes. We must therefore specify
285 how to pack these data elements into bytes to form the final
286 compressed byte sequence:

- 288 * Data elements are packed into bytes in order of
- 289 increasing bit number within the byte, i.e., starting
- 290 with the least-significant bit of the byte.
- 291 * Data elements other than Huffman codes are packed
- 292 starting with the least-significant bit of the data
- 293 element.
- 294 * Huffman codes are packed starting with the most-
- 295 significant bit of the code.

297 In other words, if one were to print out the compressed data as
298 a sequence of bytes, starting with the first byte at the
299 *right* margin and proceeding to the *left*, with the most-
300 significant bit of each byte on the left as usual, one would be
301 able to parse the result from right to left, with fixed-width
302 elements in the correct MSB-to-LSB order and Huffman codes in
303 bit-reversed order (i.e., with the first bit of the code in the
304 relative LSB position).

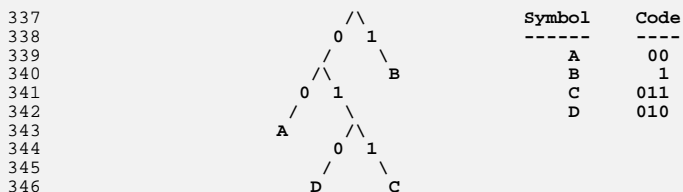
306 3.2. Compressed block format

308 3.2.1. Synopsis of prefix and Huffman coding

310 Prefix coding represents symbols from an a priori known
311 alphabet by bit sequences (codes), one code for each symbol, in
312 a manner such that different symbols may be represented by bit
313 sequences of different lengths, but a parser can always parse
314 an encoded string unambiguously symbol-by-symbol.

316 We define a prefix code in terms of a binary tree in which the
317 two edges descending from each non-leaf node are labeled 0 and
318 1 and in which the leaf nodes correspond one-for-one with (are
319 labeled with) the symbols of the alphabet; then the code for a
320 symbol is the sequence of 0's and 1's on the edges leading from
321 the root to the leaf labeled with that symbol. For example:

334 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996



348 A parser can decode the next symbol from an encoded input
349 stream by walking down the tree from the root, at each step
350 choosing the edge corresponding to the next input bit.

352 Given an alphabet with known symbol frequencies, the Huffman
353 algorithm allows the construction of an optimal prefix code
354 (one which represents strings with those symbol frequencies
355 using the fewest bits of any possible prefix codes for that
356 alphabet). Such a code is called a Huffman code. (See
357 reference [1] in Chapter 5, references for additional
358 information on Huffman codes.)

360 Note that in the "deflate" format, the Huffman codes for the
361 various alphabets must not exceed certain maximum code lengths.
362 This constraint complicates the algorithm for computing code
363 lengths from symbol frequencies. Again, see Chapter 5,
364 references for details.

366 3.2.2. Use of Huffman coding in the "deflate" format

368 The Huffman codes used for each alphabet in the "deflate"
369 format have two additional rules:

- 371 * All codes of a given bit length have lexicographically
372 consecutive values, in the same order as the symbols
373 they represent;
- 375 * Shorter codes lexicographically precede longer codes.

389 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

392 We could recode the example above to follow this rule as
393 follows, assuming that the order of the alphabet is ABCD:

Symbol	Code
A	10
B	0
C	110
D	111

402 I.e., 0 precedes 10 which precedes 11x, and 110 and 111 are
403 lexicographically consecutive.

405 Given this rule, we can define the Huffman code for an alphabet
406 just by giving the bit lengths of the codes for each symbol of
407 the alphabet in order; this is sufficient to determine the
408 actual codes. In our example, the code is completely defined
409 by the sequence of bit lengths (2, 1, 3, 3). The following
410 algorithm generates the codes as integers, intended to be read
411 from most- to least-significant bit. The code lengths are
412 initially in tree[I].Len; the codes are produced in
413 tree[I].Code.

415 1) Count the number of codes for each code length. Let
416 bl_count[N] be the number of codes of length N, N >= 1.

418 2) Find the numerical value of the smallest code for each
419 code length:

```

421 code = 0;
422 bl_count[0] = 0;
423 for (bits = 1; bits <= MAX_BITS; bits++) {
424   code = (code + bl_count[bits-1]) << 1;
425   next_code[bits] = code;
426 }

```

428 3) Assign numerical values to all codes, using consecutive
429 values for all codes of the same length with the base
430 values determined at step 2. Codes that are never used
431 (which have a bit length of zero) must not be assigned a
432 value.

```

434 for (n = 0; n <= max_code; n++) {
435   len = tree[n].Len;
436   if (len != 0) {
437     tree[n].Code = next_code[len];
438     next_code[len]++;
439   }

```

444 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

447 }

449 **Example:**

451 Consider the alphabet ABCDEFGH, with bit lengths (3, 3, 3, 3,
452 3, 2, 4, 4). After step 1, we have:

454	N	bl_count[N]
455	-	-----
456	2	1
457	3	5
458	4	2

460 Step 2 computes the following next_code values:

462	N	next_code[N]
463	-	-----
464	1	0
465	2	0
466	3	2
467	4	14

469 Step 3 produces the following code values:

471	Symbol	Length	Code
472	-----	-----	----
473	A	3	010
474	B	3	011
475	C	3	100
476	D	3	101
477	E	3	110
478	F	2	00
479	G	4	1110
480	H	4	1111

482 3.2.3. Details of block format

484 Each block of compressed data begins with 3 header bits
485 containing the following data:

487	first bit	BFINAL
488	next 2 bits	BTYPE

490 Note that the header bits do not necessarily begin on a byte
491 boundary, since a block does not necessarily occupy an integral
492 number of bytes.

499 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

502 **BFINAL** is set if and only if this is the last block of the data
503 set.

505 **BTYPE** specifies how the data are compressed, as follows:

507	00	- no compression
508	01	- compressed with fixed Huffman codes
509	10	- compressed with dynamic Huffman codes
510	11	- reserved (error)

512 The only difference between the two compressed cases is how the
513 Huffman codes for the literal/length and distance alphabets are
514 defined.

516 In all cases, the decoding algorithm for the actual data is as
517 follows:

```

519 do
520   read block header from input stream.
521   if stored with no compression
522     skip any remaining bits in current partially
523     processed byte
524   read LEN and NLEN (see next section)
525   copy LEN bytes of data to output
526   otherwise
527     if compressed with dynamic Huffman codes
528       read representation of code trees (see
529       subsection below)
530     loop (until end of block code recognized)
531       decode literal/length value from input stream
532       if value < 256
533         copy value (literal byte) to output stream
534       otherwise
535         if value = end of block (256)
536           break from loop
537         otherwise (value = 257..285)
538           decode distance from input stream
539
540       move backwards distance bytes in the output
541       stream, and copy length bytes from this
542       position to the output stream.
543     end loop
544   while not last block

```

546 Note that a duplicated string reference may refer to a string
547 in a previous block; i.e., the backward distance may cross one
548 or more block boundaries. However a distance cannot refer past
549 the beginning of the output stream. (An application using a

554 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

557 preset dictionary might discard part of the output stream; a
 558 distance can refer to that part of the output stream anyway)
 559 Note also that the referenced string may overlap the current
 560 position; for example, if the last 2 bytes decoded have values
 561 X and Y, a string reference with <length = 5, distance = 2>
 562 adds X,Y,X,Y,X to the output stream.

564 We now specify each compression method in turn.

566 3.2.4. Non-compressed blocks (BTYPE=00)

568 Any bits of input up to the next byte boundary are ignored.
 569 The rest of the block consists of the following information:

```

571     0  1  2  3  4...
572 +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
573 | LEN  | NLEN | ... LEN bytes of literal data...|
574 +-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

576 LEN is the number of data bytes in the block. NLEN is the
 577 one's complement of LEN.

579 3.2.5. Compressed blocks (length and distance codes)

581 As noted above, encoded data blocks in the "deflate" format
 582 consist of sequences of symbols drawn from three conceptually
 583 distinct alphabets: either literal bytes, from the alphabet of
 584 byte values (0..255), or <length, backward distance> pairs,
 585 where the length is drawn from (3..258) and the distance is
 586 drawn from (1..32,768). In fact, the literal and length
 587 alphabets are merged into a single alphabet (0..285), where
 588 values 0..255 represent literal bytes, the value 256 indicates
 589 end-of-block, and values 257..285 represent length codes
 590 (possibly in conjunction with extra bits following the symbol
 591 code) as follows:

609 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

Extra			Extra			Extra		
Code	Bits	Length(s)	Code	Bits	Lengths	Code	Bits	Length(s)
257	0	3	267	1	15,16	277	4	67-82
258	0	4	268	1	17,18	278	4	83-98
259	0	5	269	2	19-22	279	4	99-114
260	0	6	270	2	23-26	280	4	115-130
261	0	7	271	2	27-30	281	5	131-162
262	0	8	272	2	31-34	282	5	163-194
263	0	9	273	3	35-42	283	5	195-226
264	0	10	274	3	43-50	284	5	227-257
265	1	11,12	275	3	51-58	285	0	258
266	1	13,14	276	3	59-66			

626 The extra bits should be interpreted as a machine integer
 627 stored with the most-significant bit first, e.g., bits 1110
 628 represent the value 14.

Extra			Extra			Extra		
Code	Bits	Dist	Code	Bits	Dist	Code	Bits	Distance
0	0	1	10	4	33-48	20	9	1025-1536
1	0	2	11	4	49-64	21	9	1537-2048
2	0	3	12	5	65-96	22	10	2049-3072
3	0	4	13	5	97-128	23	10	3073-4096
4	1	5,6	14	6	129-192	24	11	4097-6144
5	1	7,8	15	6	193-256	25	11	6145-8192
6	2	9-12	16	7	257-384	26	12	8193-12288
7	2	13-16	17	7	385-512	27	12	12289-16384
8	3	17-24	18	8	513-768	28	13	16385-24576
9	3	25-32	19	8	769-1024	29	13	24577-32768

644 3.2.6. Compression with fixed Huffman codes (BTYPE=01)

646 The Huffman codes for the two alphabets are fixed, and are not
 647 represented explicitly in the data. The Huffman code lengths
 648 for the literal/length alphabet are:

Lit Value	Bits	Codes
0 - 143	8	00110000 through 10111111
144 - 255	9	110010000 through 111111111
256 - 279	7	0000000 through 0010111
280 - 287	8	11000000 through 11000111

664 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

667 The code lengths are sufficient to generate the actual codes,
668 as described above; we show the codes in the table for added
669 clarity. Literal/length values 286-287 will never actually
670 occur in the compressed data, but participate in the code
671 construction.

673 Distance codes 0-31 are represented by (fixed-length) 5-bit
674 codes, with possible additional bits as shown in the table
675 shown in Paragraph 3.2.5, above. Note that distance codes 30-
676 31 will never actually occur in the compressed data.

678 3.2.7. Compression with dynamic Huffman codes (BTYP=10)

680 The Huffman codes for the two alphabets appear in the block
681 immediately after the header bits and before the actual
682 compressed data, first the literal/length code and then the
683 distance code. Each code is defined by a sequence of code
684 lengths, as discussed in Paragraph 3.2.2, above. For even
685 greater compactness, the code length sequences themselves are
686 compressed using a Huffman code. The alphabet for code lengths
687 is as follows:

689 0 - 15: Represent code lengths of 0 - 15
690 16: Copy the previous code length 3 - 6 times.
691 The next 2 bits indicate repeat length
692 (0 = 3, ..., 3 = 6)
693 Example: Codes 8, 16 (+2 bits 11),
694 16 (+2 bits 10) will expand to
695 12 code lengths of 8 (1 + 6 + 5)
696 17: Repeat a code length of 0 for 3 - 10 times.
697 (3 bits of length)
698 18: Repeat a code length of 0 for 11 - 138 times
699 (7 bits of length)

701 A code length of 0 indicates that the corresponding symbol in
702 the literal/length or distance alphabet will not occur in the
703 block, and should not participate in the Huffman code
704 construction algorithm given earlier. If only one distance
705 code is used, it is encoded using one bit, not zero bits; in
706 this case there is a single code length of one, with one unused
707 code. One distance code of zero bits means that there are no
708 distance codes used at all (the data is all literals).

710 We can now define the format of the block:

712 5 Bits: HLIT, # of Literal/Length codes - 257 (257 - 286)
713 5 Bits: HDIST, # of Distance codes - 1 (1 - 32)
714 4 Bits: HLEN, # of Code Length codes - 4 (4 - 19)

719 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

722 (HLEN + 4) x 3 bits: code lengths for the code length
723 alphabet given just above, in the order: 16, 17, 18,
724 0, 8, 7, 9, 6, 10, 5, 11, 4, 12, 3, 13, 2, 14, 1, 15

726 These code lengths are interpreted as 3-bit integers
727 (0-7); as above, a code length of 0 means the
728 corresponding symbol (literal/length or distance code
729 length) is not used.

731 HLIT + 257 code lengths for the literal/length alphabet,
732 encoded using the code length Huffman code

734 HDIST + 1 code lengths for the distance alphabet,
735 encoded using the code length Huffman code

737 The actual compressed data of the block,
738 encoded using the literal/length and distance Huffman
739 codes

741 The literal/length symbol 256 (end of data),
742 encoded using the literal/length Huffman code

744 The code length repeat codes can cross from HLIT + 257 to the
745 HDIST + 1 code lengths. In other words, all code lengths form
746 a single sequence of HLIT + HDIST + 258 values.

748 3.3. Compliance

750 A compressor may limit further the ranges of values specified in
751 the previous section and still be compliant; for example, it may
752 limit the range of backward pointers to some value smaller than
753 32K. Similarly, a compressor may limit the size of blocks so that
754 a compressible block fits in memory.

756 A compliant decompressor must accept the full range of possible
757 values defined in the previous section, and must accept blocks of
758 arbitrary size.

760 4. Compression algorithm details

762 While it is the intent of this document to define the "deflate"
763 compressed data format without reference to any particular
764 compression algorithm, the format is related to the compressed
765 formats produced by LZ77 (Lempel-Ziv 1977, see reference [2] below);
766 since many variations of LZ77 are patented, it is strongly
767 recommended that the implementor of a compressor follow the general
768 algorithm presented here, which is known not to be patented per se.
769 The material in this section is not part of the definition of the

774 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

777 specification per se, and a compressor need not follow it in order to
778 be compliant.

780 The compressor terminates a block when it determines that starting a
781 new block with fresh trees would be useful, or when the block size
782 fills up the compressor's block buffer.

784 The compressor uses a chained hash table to find duplicated strings,
785 using a hash function that operates on 3-byte sequences. At any
786 given point during compression, let XYZ be the next 3 input bytes to
787 be examined (not necessarily all different, of course). First, the
788 compressor examines the hash chain for XYZ. If the chain is empty,
789 the compressor simply writes out X as a literal byte and advances one
790 byte in the input. If the hash chain is not empty, indicating that
791 the sequence XYZ (or, if we are unlucky, some other 3 bytes with the
792 same hash function value) has occurred recently, the compressor
793 compares all strings on the XYZ hash chain with the actual input data
794 sequence starting at the current point, and selects the longest
795 match.

797 The compressor searches the hash chains starting with the most recent
798 strings, to favor small distances and thus take advantage of the
799 Huffman encoding. The hash chains are singly linked. There are no
800 deletions from the hash chains; the algorithm simply discards matches
801 that are too old. To avoid a worst-case situation, very long hash
802 chains are arbitrarily truncated at a certain length, determined by a
803 run-time parameter.

805 To improve overall compression, the compressor optionally defers the
806 selection of matches ("lazy matching"): after a match of length N has
807 been found, the compressor searches for a longer match starting at
808 the next input byte. If it finds a longer match, it truncates the
809 previous match to a length of one (thus producing a single literal
810 byte) and then emits the longer match. Otherwise, it emits the
811 original match, and, as described above, advances N bytes before
812 continuing.

814 Run-time parameters also control this "lazy match" procedure. If
815 compression ratio is most important, the compressor attempts a
816 complete second search regardless of the length of the first match.
817 In the normal case, if the current match is "long enough", the
818 compressor reduces the search for a longer match, thus speeding up
819 the process. If speed is most important, the compressor inserts new
820 strings in the hash table only when no match was found, or when the
821 match is not "too long". This degrades the compression ratio but
822 saves time since there are both fewer insertions and fewer searches.

828 Deutsch Informational [Page 15]

829 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

832 5. References

834 [1] Huffman, D. A., "A Method for the Construction of Minimum
835 Redundancy Codes", Proceedings of the Institute of Radio
836 Engineers, September 1952, Volume 40, Number 9, pp. 1098-1101.

838 [2] Ziv J., Lempel A., "A Universal Algorithm for Sequential Data
839 Compression", IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, Vol. 23,
840 No. 3, pp. 337-343.

842 [3] Gailly, J.-L., and Adler, M., ZLIB documentation and sources,
843 available in ftp://ftp.uu.net/pub/archiving/zip/doc/

845 [4] Gailly, J.-L., and Adler, M., GZIP documentation and sources,
846 available as gzip-*.tar in ftp://prep.ai.mit.edu/pub/gnu/

848 [5] Schwartz, E. S., and Kallick, B. "Generating a canonical prefix
849 encoding." Comm. ACM, 7,3 (Mar. 1964), pp. 166-169.

851 [6] Hirschberg and Lelewer, "Efficient decoding of prefix codes,"
852 Comm. ACM, 33,4, April 1990, pp. 449-459.

854 6. Security Considerations

856 Any data compression method involves the reduction of redundancy in
857 the data. Consequently, any corruption of the data is likely to have
858 severe effects and be difficult to correct. Uncompressed text, on
859 the other hand, will probably still be readable despite the presence
860 of some corrupted bytes.

862 It is recommended that systems using this data format provide some
863 means of validating the integrity of the compressed data. See
864 reference [3], for example.

866 7. Source code

868 Source code for a C language implementation of a "deflate" compliant
869 compressor and decompressor is available within the zlib package at
870 ftp://ftp.uu.net/pub/archiving/zip/zlib/.

872 8. Acknowledgements

874 Trademarks cited in this document are the property of their
875 respective owners.

877 Phil Katz designed the deflate format. Jean-Loup Gailly and Mark
878 Adler wrote the related software described in this specification.
879 Glenn Randers-Pehrson converted this document to RFC and HTML format.

883 Deutsch Informational [Page 16]

884 RFC 1951 DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification May 1996

887 9. Author's Address

889 L. Peter Deutsch
890 Aladdin Enterprises
891 203 Santa Margarita Ave.
892 Menlo Park, CA 94025

894 Phone: (415) 322-0103 (AM only)
895 FAX: (415) 322-1734
896 EMail: <ghost@aladdin.com>

898 Questions about the technical content of this specification can be
899 sent by email to:

901 Jean-Loup Gailly <gzip@prep.ai.mit.edu> and
902 Mark Adler <madler@alumni.caltech.edu>

904 Editorial comments on this specification can be sent by email to:

906 L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com> and
907 Glenn Randers-Pehrson <randeg@alumni.rpi.edu>

 25037 Wed Apr 1 15:57:24 2015
 new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/doc/rfc1952.txt
 5470 libz should be part of illumos
 1002 Integrate zlib

7 Network Working Group P. Deutsch
 8 Request for Comments: 1952 Aladdin Enterprises
 9 Category: Informational May 1996

12 GZIP file format specification version 4.3

14 Status of This Memo

16 This memo provides information for the Internet community. This memo
 17 does not specify an Internet standard of any kind. Distribution of
 18 this memo is unlimited.

20 IESG Note:

22 The IESG takes no position on the validity of any Intellectual
 23 Property Rights statements contained in this document.

25 Notices

27 Copyright (c) 1996 L. Peter Deutsch

29 Permission is granted to copy and distribute this document for any
 30 purpose and without charge, including translations into other
 31 languages and incorporation into compilations, provided that the
 32 copyright notice and this notice are preserved, and that any
 33 substantive changes or deletions from the original are clearly
 34 marked.

36 A pointer to the latest version of this and related documentation in
 37 HTML format can be found at the URL
 38 <ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/png/documents/zlib/zdoc-index.html>.

40 Abstract

42 This specification defines a lossless compressed data format that is
 43 compatible with the widely used GZIP utility. The format includes a
 44 cyclic redundancy check value for detecting data corruption. The
 45 format presently uses the DEFLATE method of compression but can be
 46 easily extended to use other compression methods. The format can be
 47 implemented readily in a manner not covered by patents.

59 RFC 1952 GZIP File Format Specification May 1996

62 Table of Contents

64 1. Introduction 2
 65 1.1. Purpose 2
 66 1.2. Intended audience 3
 67 1.3. Scope 3
 68 1.4. Compliance 3
 69 1.5. Definitions of terms and conventions used 3
 70 1.6. Changes from previous versions 3
 71 2. Detailed specification 4
 72 2.1. Overall conventions 4
 73 2.2. File format 5
 74 2.3. Member format 5
 75 2.3.1. Member header and trailer 6
 76 2.3.1.1. Extra field 8
 77 2.3.1.2. Compliance 9
 78 3. References 9
 79 4. Security Considerations 10
 80 5. Acknowledgements 10
 81 6. Author's Address 10
 82 7. Appendix: Jean-Loup Gailly's gzip utility 11
 83 8. Appendix: Sample CRC Code 11

85 1. Introduction

87 1.1. Purpose

89 The purpose of this specification is to define a lossless
 90 compressed data format that:

- 92 * Is independent of CPU type, operating system, file system,
 93 and character set, and hence can be used for interchange;
- 94 * Can compress or decompress a data stream (as opposed to a
 95 randomly accessible file) to produce another data stream,
 96 using only an a priori bounded amount of intermediate
 97 storage, and hence can be used in data communications or
 98 similar structures such as Unix filters;
- 99 * Compresses data with efficiency comparable to the best
 100 currently available general-purpose compression methods,
 101 and in particular considerably better than the "compress"
 102 program;
- 103 * Can be implemented readily in a manner not covered by
 104 patents, and hence can be practiced freely;
- 105 * Is compatible with the file format produced by the current
 106 widely used gzip utility, in that conforming decompressors
 107 will be able to read data produced by the existing gzip
 108 compressor.

114 RFC 1952 GZIP File Format Specification May 1996

117 The data format defined by this specification does not attempt to:

- 119 * Provide random access to compressed data;
- 120 * Compress specialized data (e.g., raster graphics) as well as
- 121 the best currently available specialized algorithms.

123 1.2. Intended audience

125 This specification is intended for use by implementors of software
126 to compress data into gzip format and/or decompress data from gzip
127 format.

129 The text of the specification assumes a basic background in
130 programming at the level of bits and other primitive data
131 representations.

133 1.3. Scope

135 The specification specifies a compression method and a file format
136 (the latter assuming only that a file can store a sequence of
137 arbitrary bytes). It does not specify any particular interface to
138 a file system or anything about character sets or encodings
139 (except for file names and comments, which are optional).

141 1.4. Compliance

143 Unless otherwise indicated below, a compliant decompressor must be
144 able to accept and decompress any file that conforms to all the
145 specifications presented here; a compliant compressor must produce
146 files that conform to all the specifications presented here. The
147 material in the appendices is not part of the specification per se
148 and is not relevant to compliance.

150 1.5. Definitions of terms and conventions used

152 byte: 8 bits stored or transmitted as a unit (same as an octet).
153 (For this specification, a byte is exactly 8 bits, even on
154 machines which store a character on a number of bits different
155 from 8.) See below for the numbering of bits within a byte.

157 1.6. Changes from previous versions

159 There have been no technical changes to the gzip format since
160 version 4.1 of this specification. In version 4.2, some
161 terminology was changed, and the sample CRC code was rewritten for
162 clarity and to eliminate the requirement for the caller to do pre-
163 and post-conditioning. Version 4.3 is a conversion of the
164 specification to RFC style.

169 RFC 1952 GZIP File Format Specification May 1996

172 2. Detailed specification

174 2.1. Overall conventions

176 In the diagrams below, a box like this:

```
178 +---+
179 |   | <-- the vertical bars might be missing
180 +---+
```

182 represents one byte; a box like this:

```
184 +=====+
185 |         |
186 +=====+
```

188 represents a variable number of bytes.

190 Bytes stored within a computer do not have a "bit order", since
191 they are always treated as a unit. However, a byte considered as
192 an integer between 0 and 255 does have a most- and least-
193 significant bit, and since we write numbers with the most-
194 significant digit on the left, we also write bytes with the most-
195 significant bit on the left. In the diagrams below, we number the
196 bits of a byte so that bit 0 is the least-significant bit, i.e.,
197 the bits are numbered:

```
199 +-----+
200 |76543210|
201 +-----+
```

203 This document does not address the issue of the order in which
204 bits of a byte are transmitted on a bit-sequential medium, since
205 the data format described here is byte- rather than bit-oriented.

207 Within a computer, a number may occupy multiple bytes. All
208 multi-byte numbers in the format described here are stored with
209 the least-significant byte first (at the lower memory address).
210 For example, the decimal number 520 is stored as:

```
212           0           1
213 +-----+-----+
214 |00001000|00000010|
215 +-----+-----+
216   ^           ^
217   |           |
218   + more significant byte = 2 x 256
219   + less significant byte = 8
```

```

224 RFC 1952                GZIP File Format Specification                May 1996

227  2.2. File format

229  A gzip file consists of a series of "members" (compressed data
230  sets). The format of each member is specified in the following
231  section. The members simply appear one after another in the file,
232  with no additional information before, between, or after them.

234  2.3. Member format

236  Each member has the following structure:

238  +-----+
239  | ID1|ID2|CM |FLG|          MTIME          |XFL|OS | (more-->)
240  +-----+

242  (if FLG.FEXTRA set)

244  +-----+
245  | XLEN |...XLEN bytes of "extra field"...| (more-->)
246  +-----+

248  (if FLG.FNAME set)

250  +-----+
251  |...original file name, zero-terminated...| (more-->)
252  +-----+

254  (if FLG.FCOMMENT set)

256  +-----+
257  |...file comment, zero-terminated...| (more-->)
258  +-----+

260  (if FLG.FHCRC set)

262  +-----+
263  | CRC16 |
264  +-----+

266  +-----+
267  |...compressed blocks...| (more-->)
268  +-----+

270  0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7
271  +-----+
272  |          CRC32          |          ISIZE          |
273  +-----+

```

```

279 RFC 1952                GZIP File Format Specification                May 1996

282  2.3.1. Member header and trailer

284  ID1 (IDentification 1)
285  ID2 (IDentification 2)
286  These have the fixed values ID1 = 31 (0x1f, \037), ID2 = 139
287  (0x8b, \213), to identify the file as being in gzip format.

289  CM (Compression Method)
290  This identifies the compression method used in the file. CM
291  = 0-7 are reserved. CM = 8 denotes the "deflate"
292  compression method, which is the one customarily used by
293  gzip and which is documented elsewhere.

295  FLG (FLaGs)
296  This flag byte is divided into individual bits as follows:

298  bit 0  FTEXT
299  bit 1  FHCRC
300  bit 2  FEXTRA
301  bit 3  FNAME
302  bit 4  FCOMMENT
303  bit 5  reserved
304  bit 6  reserved
305  bit 7  reserved

307  If FTEXT is set, the file is probably ASCII text. This is
308  an optional indication, which the compressor may set by
309  checking a small amount of the input data to see whether any
310  non-ASCII characters are present. In case of doubt, FTEXT
311  is cleared, indicating binary data. For systems which have
312  different file formats for ascii text and binary data, the
313  decompressor can use FTEXT to choose the appropriate format.
314  We deliberately do not specify the algorithm used to set
315  this bit, since a compressor always has the option of
316  leaving it cleared and a decompressor always has the option
317  of ignoring it and letting some other program handle issues
318  of data conversion.

320  If FHCRC is set, a CRC16 for the gzip header is present,
321  immediately before the compressed data. The CRC16 consists
322  of the two least significant bytes of the CRC32 for all
323  bytes of the gzip header up to and not including the CRC16.
324  [The FHCRC bit was never set by versions of gzip up to
325  1.2.4, even though it was documented with a different
326  meaning in gzip 1.2.4.]

328  If FEXTRA is set, optional extra fields are present, as
329  described in a following section.

```

334 RFC 1952 GZIP File Format Specification May 1996

337 If FNAME is set, an original file name is present,
 338 terminated by a zero byte. The name must consist of ISO
 339 8859-1 (LATIN-1) characters; on operating systems using
 340 EBCDIC or any other character set for file names, the name
 341 must be translated to the ISO LATIN-1 character set. This
 342 is the original name of the file being compressed, with any
 343 directory components removed, and, if the file being
 344 compressed is on a file system with case insensitive names,
 345 forced to lower case. There is no original file name if the
 346 data was compressed from a source other than a named file;
 347 for example, if the source was stdin on a Unix system, there
 348 is no file name.

350 If FCOMMENT is set, a zero-terminated file comment is
 351 present. This comment is not interpreted; it is only
 352 intended for human consumption. The comment must consist of
 353 ISO 8859-1 (LATIN-1) characters. Line breaks should be
 354 denoted by a single line feed character (10 decimal).

356 Reserved FLG bits must be zero.

358 MTIME (Modification TIME)

359 This gives the most recent modification time of the original
 360 file being compressed. The time is in Unix format, i.e.,
 361 seconds since 00:00:00 GMT, Jan. 1, 1970. (Note that this
 362 may cause problems for MS-DOS and other systems that use
 363 local rather than Universal time.) If the compressed data
 364 did not come from a file, MTIME is set to the time at which
 365 compression started. MTIME = 0 means no time stamp is
 366 available.

368 XFL (eXtra FLags)

369 These flags are available for use by specific compression
 370 methods. The "deflate" method (CM = 8) sets these flags as
 371 follows:

373 XFL = 2 - compressor used maximum compression,
 374 slowest algorithm
 375 XFL = 4 - compressor used fastest algorithm

377 OS (Operating System)

378 This identifies the type of file system on which compression
 379 took place. This may be useful in determining end-of-line
 380 convention for text files. The currently defined values are
 381 as follows:

388 Deutsch Informational

[Page 7]

389 RFC 1952 GZIP File Format Specification May 1996

392 0 - FAT filesystem (MS-DOS, OS/2, NT/Win32)
 393 1 - Amiga
 394 2 - VMS (or OpenVMS)
 395 3 - Unix
 396 4 - VM/CMS
 397 5 - Atari TOS
 398 6 - HPFS filesystem (OS/2, NT)
 399 7 - Macintosh
 400 8 - Z-System
 401 9 - CP/M
 402 10 - TOPS-20
 403 11 - NTFS filesystem (NT)
 404 12 - QDOS
 405 13 - Acorn RISCOS
 406 255 - unknown

408 XLEN (eXtra LENgth)

409 If FLG.FEXTRA is set, this gives the length of the optional
 410 extra field. See below for details.

412 CRC32 (CRC-32)

413 This contains a Cyclic Redundancy Check value of the
 414 uncompressed data computed according to CRC-32 algorithm
 415 used in the ISO 3309 standard and in section 8.1.1.6.2 of
 416 ITU-T recommendation V.42. (See <http://www.iso.ch> for
 417 ordering ISO documents. See [gopher://info.itu.ch](http://info.itu.ch) for an
 418 online version of ITU-T V.42.)

420 ISIZE (Input SIZE)

421 This contains the size of the original (uncompressed) input
 422 data modulo 2^{32} .

424 2.3.1.1. Extra field

426 If the FLG.FEXTRA bit is set, an "extra field" is present in
 427 the header, with total length XLEN bytes. It consists of a
 428 series of subfields, each of the form:

```
430 +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
431 |SI1|SI2| LEN |... LEN bytes of subfield data ...|
432 +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

434 SI1 and SI2 provide a subfield ID, typically two ASCII letters
 435 with some mnemonic value. Jean-Loup Gailly
 436 <gzip@prep.ai.mit.edu> is maintaining a registry of subfield
 437 IDs; please send him any subfield ID you wish to use. Subfield
 438 IDs with SI2 = 0 are reserved for future use. The following
 439 IDs are currently defined:

443 Deutsch

Informational

[Page 8]

444 RFC 1952 GZIP File Format Specification May 1996

447	SI1	SI2	Data
448	-----	-----	----
449	0x41 ('A')	0x70 ('P')	Apollo file type information

451 LEN gives the length of the subfield data, excluding the 4
452 initial bytes.

454 2.3.1.2. Compliance

456 A compliant compressor must produce files with correct ID1,
457 ID2, CM, CRC32, and ISIZE, but may set all the other fields in
458 the fixed-length part of the header to default values (255 for
459 OS, 0 for all others). The compressor must set all reserved
460 bits to zero.

462 A compliant decompressor must check ID1, ID2, and CM, and
463 provide an error indication if any of these have incorrect
464 values. It must examine FEXTRA/XLEN, FNAME, FCOMMENT and FHCRC
465 at least so it can skip over the optional fields if they are
466 present. It need not examine any other part of the header or
467 trailer; in particular, a decompressor may ignore FTEXT and OS
468 and always produce binary output, and still be compliant. A
469 compliant decompressor must give an error indication if any
470 reserved bit is non-zero, since such a bit could indicate the
471 presence of a new field that would cause subsequent data to be
472 interpreted incorrectly.

474 3. References

- 476 [1] "Information Processing - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic
477 character sets - Part 1: Latin alphabet No.1" (ISO 8859-1:1987).
478 The ISO 8859-1 (Latin-1) character set is a superset of 7-bit
479 ASCII. Files defining this character set are available as
480 iso_8859-1.* in ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/png/documents/
482 [2] ISO 3309
484 [3] ITU-T recommendation V.42
486 [4] Deutsch, L.P., "DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification",
487 available in ftp://ftp.uu.net/pub/archiving/zip/doc/
489 [5] Gailly, J.-L., GZIP documentation, available as gzip-*.tar in
490 ftp://prep.ai.mit.edu/pub/gnu/
492 [6] Sarwate, D.V., "Computation of Cyclic Redundancy Checks via Table
493 Look-Up", Communications of the ACM, 31(8), pp.1008-1013.

498 Deutsch Informational [Page 9]

499 RFC 1952 GZIP File Format Specification May 1996

502 [7] Schwaderer, W.D., "CRC Calculation", April 85 PC Tech Journal,
503 pp.118-133.

505 [8] ftp://ftp.adelaide.edu.au/pub/rocksoft/papers/crc_v3.txt,
506 describing the CRC concept.

508 4. Security Considerations

510 Any data compression method involves the reduction of redundancy in
511 the data. Consequently, any corruption of the data is likely to have
512 severe effects and be difficult to correct. Uncompressed text, on
513 the other hand, will probably still be readable despite the presence
514 of some corrupted bytes.

516 It is recommended that systems using this data format provide some
517 means of validating the integrity of the compressed data, such as by
518 setting and checking the CRC-32 check value.

520 5. Acknowledgements

522 Trademarks cited in this document are the property of their
523 respective owners.

525 Jean-Loup Gailly designed the gzip format and wrote, with Mark Adler,
526 the related software described in this specification. Glenn
527 Randers-Pehrson converted this document to RFC and HTML format.

529 6. Author's Address

531 L. Peter Deutsch
532 Aladdin Enterprises
533 203 Santa Margarita Ave.
534 Menlo Park, CA 94025

536 Phone: (415) 322-0103 (AM only)
537 FAX: (415) 322-1734
538 EMail: <ghost@aladdin.com>

540 Questions about the technical content of this specification can be
541 sent by email to:

543 Jean-Loup Gailly <gzip@prep.ai.mit.edu> and
544 Mark Adler <madler@alummi.caltech.edu>

546 Editorial comments on this specification can be sent by email to:

548 L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com> and
549 Glenn Randers-Pehrson <randeg@alummi.rpi.edu>

553 Deutsch Informational [Page 10]

554 RFC 1952 GZIP File Format Specification May 1996

557 7. Appendix: Jean-Loup Gailly's gzip utility

559 The most widely used implementation of gzip compression, and the
560 original documentation on which this specification is based, were
561 created by Jean-Loup Gailly <gzip@prep.ai.mit.edu>. Since this
562 implementation is a de facto standard, we mention some more of its
563 features here. Again, the material in this section is not part of
564 the specification per se, and implementations need not follow it to
565 be compliant.

567 When compressing or decompressing a file, gzip preserves the
568 protection, ownership, and modification time attributes on the local
569 file system, since there is no provision for representing protection
570 attributes in the gzip file format itself. Since the file format
571 includes a modification time, the gzip decompressor provides a
572 command line switch that assigns the modification time from the file,
573 rather than the local modification time of the compressed input, to
574 the decompressed output.

576 8. Appendix: Sample CRC Code

578 The following sample code represents a practical implementation of
579 the CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check). (See also ISO 3309 and ITU-T V.42
580 for a formal specification.)

582 The sample code is in the ANSI C programming language. Non C users
583 may find it easier to read with these hints:

```
585   &     Bitwise AND operator.
586   ^     Bitwise exclusive-OR operator.
587   >>    Bitwise right shift operator. When applied to an
588          unsigned quantity, as here, right shift inserts zero
589          bit(s) at the left.
590   !     Logical NOT operator.
591   ++     "n++" increments the variable n.
592   0xNNN  0x introduces a hexadecimal (base 16) constant.
593          Suffix L indicates a long value (at least 32 bits).
```

```
595   /* Table of CRCs of all 8-bit messages. */
596   unsigned long crc_table[256];
```

```
598   /* Flag: has the table been computed? Initially false. */
599   int crc_table_computed = 0;
```

```
601   /* Make the table for a fast CRC. */
602   void make_crc_table(void)
603   {
604       unsigned long c;
```

609 RFC 1952 GZIP File Format Specification May 1996

```
612       int n, k;
613       for (n = 0; n < 256; n++) {
614           c = (unsigned long) n;
615           for (k = 0; k < 8; k++) {
616               if (c & 1) {
617                   c = 0xedb88320L ^ (c >> 1);
618               } else {
619                   c = c >> 1;
620               }
621           }
622           crc_table[n] = c;
623       }
624       crc_table_computed = 1;
625   }

627   /*
628    Update a running crc with the bytes buf[0..len-1] and return
629    the updated crc. The crc should be initialized to zero. Pre- and
630    post-conditioning (one's complement) is performed within this
631    function so it shouldn't be done by the caller. Usage example:

633       unsigned long crc = 0L;

635       while (read_buffer(buffer, length) != EOF) {
636           crc = update_crc(crc, buffer, length);
637       }
638       if (crc != original_crc) error();
639   */
640   unsigned long update_crc(unsigned long crc,
641                            unsigned char *buf, int len)
642   {
643       unsigned long c = crc ^ 0xffffffffL;
644       int n;

646       if (!crc_table_computed)
647           make_crc_table();
648       for (n = 0; n < len; n++) {
649           c = crc_table[(c ^ buf[n]) & 0xff] ^ (c >> 8);
650       }
651       return c ^ 0xffffffffL;
652   }

654   /* Return the CRC of the bytes buf[0..len-1]. */
655   unsigned long crc(unsigned char *buf, int len)
656   {
657       return update_crc(0L, buf, len);
658   }
```

5193 Wed Apr 1 15:57:25 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/doc/txtvsbin.txt
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib

1 A Fast Method for Identifying Plain Text Files
2 =====

5 Introduction
6 -----

8 Given a file coming from an unknown source, it is sometimes desirable
9 to find out whether the format of that file is plain text. Although
10 this may appear like a simple task, a fully accurate detection of the
11 file type requires heavy-duty semantic analysis on the file contents.
12 It is, however, possible to obtain satisfactory results by employing
13 various heuristics.

15 Previous versions of PKZip and other zip-compatible compression tools
16 were using a crude detection scheme: if more than 80% (4/5) of the bytes
17 found in a certain buffer are within the range [7..127], the file is
18 labeled as plain text, otherwise it is labeled as binary. A prominent
19 limitation of this scheme is the restriction to Latin-based alphabets.
20 Other alphabets, like Greek, Cyrillic or Asian, make extensive use of
21 the bytes within the range [128..255], and texts using these alphabets
22 are most often misidentified by this scheme; in other words, the rate
23 of false negatives is sometimes too high, which means that the recall
24 is low. Another weakness of this scheme is a reduced precision, due to
25 the false positives that may occur when binary files containing large
26 amounts of textual characters are misidentified as plain text.

28 In this article we propose a new, simple detection scheme that features
29 a much increased precision and a near-100% recall. This scheme is
30 designed to work on ASCII, Unicode and other ASCII-derived alphabets,
31 and it handles single-byte encodings (ISO-8859, MacRoman, KOI8, etc.)
32 and variable-sized encodings (ISO-2022, UTF-8, etc.). Wider encodings
33 (UCS-2/UTF-16 and UCS-4/UTF-32) are not handled, however.

36 The Algorithm
37 -----

39 The algorithm works by dividing the set of bytecodes [0..255] into three
40 categories:
41 - The white list of textual bytecodes:
42 9 (TAB), 10 (LF), 13 (CR), 32 (SPACE) to 255.
43 - The gray list of tolerated bytecodes:
44 7 (BEL), 8 (BS), 11 (VT), 12 (FF), 26 (SUB), 27 (ESC).
45 - The black list of undesired, non-textual bytecodes:
46 0 (NUL) to 6, 14 to 31.

48 If a file contains at least one byte that belongs to the white list and
49 no byte that belongs to the black list, then the file is categorized as
50 plain text; otherwise, it is categorized as binary. (The boundary case,
51 when the file is empty, automatically falls into the latter category.)

54 Rationale
55 -----

57 The idea behind this algorithm relies on two observations.

59 The first observation is that, although the full range of 7-bit codes
60 [0..127] is properly specified by the ASCII standard, most control

61 characters in the range [0..31] are not used in practice. The only
62 widely-used, almost universally-portable control codes are 9 (TAB),
63 10 (LF) and 13 (CR). There are a few more control codes that are
64 recognized on a reduced range of platforms and text viewers/editors:
65 7 (BEL), 8 (BS), 11 (VT), 12 (FF), 26 (SUB) and 27 (ESC); but these
66 codes are rarely (if ever) used alone, without being accompanied by
67 some printable text. Even the newer, portable text formats such as
68 XML avoid using control characters outside the list mentioned here.

70 The second observation is that most of the binary files tend to contain
71 control characters, especially 0 (NUL). Even though the older text
72 detection schemes observe the presence of non-ASCII codes from the range
73 [128..255], the precision rarely has to suffer if this upper range is
74 labeled as textual, because the files that are genuinely binary tend to
75 contain both control characters and codes from the upper range. On the
76 other hand, the upper range needs to be labeled as textual, because it
77 is used by virtually all ASCII extensions. In particular, this range is
78 used for encoding non-Latin scripts.

80 Since there is no counting involved, other than simply observing the
81 presence or the absence of some byte values, the algorithm produces
82 consistent results, regardless what alphabet encoding is being used.
83 (If counting were involved, it could be possible to obtain different
84 results on a text encoded, say, using ISO-8859-16 versus UTF-8.)

86 There is an extra category of plain text files that are "polluted" with
87 one or more black-listed codes, either by mistake or by peculiar design
88 considerations. In such cases, a scheme that tolerates a small fraction
89 of black-listed codes would provide an increased recall (i.e. more true
90 positives). This, however, incurs a reduced precision overall, since
91 false positives are more likely to appear in binary files that contain
92 large chunks of textual data. Furthermore, "polluted" plain text should
93 be regarded as binary by general-purpose text detection schemes, because
94 general-purpose text processing algorithms might not be applicable.
95 Under this premise, it is safe to say that our detection method provides
96 a near-100% recall.

98 Experiments have been run on many files coming from various platforms
99 and applications. We tried plain text files, system logs, source code,
100 formatted office documents, compiled object code, etc. The results
101 confirm the optimistic assumptions about the capabilities of this
102 algorithm.

105 --
106 Cosmin Truta
107 Last updated: 2006-May-28

1817 Wed Apr 1 15:57:25 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/README.examples

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 This directory contains examples of the use of zlib and other relevant
2 programs and documentation.

4 enough.c
5 calculation and justification of ENOUGH parameter in inftrees.h
6 - calculates the maximum table space used in inflate tree
7   construction over all possible Huffman codes

9 fitblk.c
10 compress just enough input to nearly fill a requested output size
11 - zlib isn't designed to do this, but fitblk does it anyway

13 gun.c
14 uncompress a gzip file
15 - illustrates the use of inflateBack() for high speed file-to-file
16   decompression using call-back functions
17 - is approximately twice as fast as gzip -d
18 - also provides Unix uncompress functionality, again twice as fast

20 gzappend.c
21 append to a gzip file
22 - illustrates the use of the Z_BLOCK flush parameter for inflate()
23 - illustrates the use of deflatePrime() to start at any bit

25 gzjoin.c
26 join gzip files without recalculating the crc or recompressing
27 - illustrates the use of the Z_BLOCK flush parameter for inflate()
28 - illustrates the use of crc32_combine()

30 gzlog.c
31 gzlog.h
32 efficiently and robustly maintain a message log file in gzip format
33 - illustrates use of raw deflate, Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH, deflatePrime(),
34   and deflateSetDictionary()
35 - illustrates use of a gzip header extra field

37 zlib_how.html
38 painfully comprehensive description of zpipe.c (see below)
39 - describes in excruciating detail the use of deflate() and inflate()

41 zpipe.c
42 reads and writes zlib streams from stdin to stdout
43 - illustrates the proper use of deflate() and inflate()
44 - deeply commented in zlib_how.html (see above)

46 zran.c
47 index a zlib or gzip stream and randomly access it
48 - illustrates the use of Z_BLOCK, inflatePrime(), and
49   inflateSetDictionary() to provide random access
```

```

*****
24338 Wed Apr 1 15:57:25 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/enough.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* enough.c -- determine the maximum size of inflate's Huffman code tables over
2  * all possible valid and complete Huffman codes, subject to a length limit.
3  * Copyright (C) 2007, 2008, 2012 Mark Adler
4  * Version 1.4 18 August 2012 Mark Adler
5  */

7 /* Version history:
8 1.0 3 Jan 2007 First version (derived from codecount.c version 1.4)
9 1.1 4 Jan 2007 Use faster incremental table usage computation
10
11 1.2 5 Jan 2007 Comments clean up
12 As inflate does, decrease root for short codes
13 Refuse cases where inflate would increase root
14 1.3 17 Feb 2008 Add argument for initial root table size
15 Fix bug for initial root table size == max - 1
16 Use a macro to compute the history index
17 1.4 18 Aug 2012 Avoid shifts more than bits in type (caused endless loop!)
18 Clean up comparisons of different types
19 Clean up code indentation
20 */

22 /*
23 Examine all possible Huffman codes for a given number of symbols and a
24 maximum code length in bits to determine the maximum table size for zlib's
25 inflate. Only complete Huffman codes are counted.

27 Two codes are considered distinct if the vectors of the number of codes per
28 length are not identical. So permutations of the symbol assignments result
29 in the same code for the counting, as do permutations of the assignments of
30 the bit values to the codes (i.e. only canonical codes are counted).

32 We build a code from shorter to longer lengths, determining how many symbols
33 are coded at each length. At each step, we have how many symbols remain to
34 be coded, what the last code length used was, and how many bit patterns of
35 that length remain unused. Then we add one to the code length and double the
36 number of unused patterns to graduate to the next code length. We then
37 assign all portions of the remaining symbols to that code length that
38 preserve the properties of a correct and eventually complete code. Those
39 properties are: we cannot use more bit patterns than are available; and when
40 all the symbols are used, there are exactly zero possible bit patterns
41 remaining.

43 The inflate Huffman decoding algorithm uses two-level lookup tables for
44 speed. There is a single first-level table to decode codes up to root bits
45 in length (root == 9 in the current inflate implementation). The table
46 has 1 << root entries and is indexed by the next root bits of input. Codes
47 shorter than root bits have replicated table entries, so that the correct
48 entry is pointed to regardless of the bits that follow the short code. If
49 the code is longer than root bits, then the table entry points to a second-
50 level table. The size of that table is determined by the longest code with
51 that root-bit prefix. If that longest code has length len, then the table
52 has size 1 << (len - root), to index the remaining bits in that set of
53 codes. Each subsequent root-bit prefix then has its own sub-table. The
54 total number of table entries required by the code is calculated
55 incrementally as the number of codes at each bit length is populated. When
56 all of the codes are shorter than root bits, then root is reduced to the
57 longest code length, resulting in a single, smaller, one-level table.

59 The inflate algorithm also provides for small values of root (relative to
60 the log2 of the number of symbols), where the shortest code has more bits

```

```

61 than root. In that case, root is increased to the length of the shortest
62 code. This program, by design, does not handle that case, so it is verified
63 that the number of symbols is less than 2^(root + 1).

65 In order to speed up the examination (by about ten orders of magnitude for
66 the default arguments), the intermediate states in the build-up of a code
67 are remembered and previously visited branches are pruned. The memory
68 required for this will increase rapidly with the total number of symbols and
69 the maximum code length in bits. However this is a very small price to pay
70 for the vast speedup.

72 First, all of the possible Huffman codes are counted, and reachable
73 intermediate states are noted by a non-zero count in a saved-results array.
74 Second, the intermediate states that lead to (root + 1) bit or longer codes
75 are used to look at all sub-codes from those junctures for their inflate
76 memory usage. (The amount of memory used is not affected by the number of
77 codes of root bits or less in length.) Third, the visited states in the
78 construction of those sub-codes and the associated calculation of the table
79 size is recalled in order to avoid recalculating from the same juncture.
80 Beginning the code examination at (root + 1) bit codes, which is enabled by
81 identifying the reachable nodes, accounts for about six of the orders of
82 magnitude of improvement for the default arguments. About another four
83 orders of magnitude come from not revisiting previous states. Out of
84 approximately 2x10^16 possible Huffman codes, only about 2x10^6 sub-codes
85 need to be examined to cover all of the possible table memory usage cases
86 for the default arguments of 286 symbols limited to 15-bit codes.

88 Note that an unsigned long long type is used for counting. It is quite easy
89 to exceed the capacity of an eight-byte integer with a large number of
90 symbols and a large maximum code length, so multiple-precision arithmetic
91 would need to replace the unsigned long long arithmetic in that case. This
92 program will abort if an overflow occurs. The big_t type identifies where
93 the counting takes place.

95 An unsigned long long type is also used for calculating the number of
96 possible codes remaining at the maximum length. This limits the maximum
97 code length to the number of bits in a long long minus the number of bits
98 needed to represent the symbols in a flat code. The code_t type identifies
99 where the bit pattern counting takes place.
100 */

102 #include <stdio.h>
103 #include <stdlib.h>
104 #include <string.h>
105 #include <assert.h>

107 #define local static

109 /* special data types */
110 typedef unsigned long long big_t; /* type for code counting */
111 typedef unsigned long long code_t; /* type for bit pattern counting */
112 struct tab { /* type for been here check */
113     size_t len; /* length of bit vector in char's */
114     char *vec; /* allocated bit vector */
115 };

117 /* The array for saving results, num[], is indexed with this triplet:

119     syms: number of symbols remaining to code
120     left: number of available bit patterns at length len
121     len: number of bits in the codes currently being assigned

123     Those indices are constrained thusly when saving results:

125     syms: 3..totsym (totsym == total symbols to code)
126     left: 2..syms - 1, but only the evens (so syms == 8 -> 2, 4, 6)

```

```

127     len: 1..max - 1 (max == maximum code length in bits)

129     syms == 2 is not saved since that immediately leads to a single code. left
130     must be even, since it represents the number of available bit patterns at
131     the current length, which is double the number at the previous length.
132     left ends at syms-1 since left == syms immediately results in a single code.
133     (left > sym is not allowed since that would result in an incomplete code.)
134     len is less than max, since the code completes immediately when len == max.

136     The offset into the array is calculated for the three indices with the
137     first one (syms) being outermost, and the last one (len) being innermost.
138     We build the array with length max-1 lists for the len index, with syms-3
139     of those for each symbol. There are totsymb-2 of those, with each one
140     varying in length as a function of sym. See the calculation of index in
141     count() for the index, and the calculation of size in main() for the size
142     of the array.

144     For the deflate example of 286 symbols limited to 15-bit codes, the array
145     has 284,284 entries, taking up 2.17 MB for an 8-byte big_t. More than
146     half of the space allocated for saved results is actually used -- not all
147     possible triplets are reached in the generation of valid Huffman codes.
148 */

150 /* The array for tracking visited states, done[], is itself indexed identically
151    to the num[] array as described above for the (syms, left, len) triplet.
152    Each element in the array is further indexed by the (mem, rem) doublet,
153    where mem is the amount of inflate table space used so far, and rem is the
154    remaining unused entries in the current inflate sub-table. Each indexed
155    element is simply one bit indicating whether the state has been visited or
156    not. Since the ranges for mem and rem are not known a priori, each bit
157    vector is of a variable size, and grows as needed to accommodate the visited
158    states. mem and rem are used to calculate a single index in a triangular
159    array. Since the range of mem is expected in the default case to be about
160    ten times larger than the range of rem, the array is skewed to reduce the
161    memory usage, with eight times the range for mem than for rem. See the
162    calculations for offset and bit in beenhere() for the details.

164     For the deflate example of 286 symbols limited to 15-bit codes, the bit
165     vectors grow to total approximately 21 MB, in addition to the 4.3 MB done[]
166     array itself.
167 */

169 /* Globals to avoid propagating constants or constant pointers recursively */
170 local int max;          /* maximum allowed bit length for the codes */
171 local int root;        /* size of base code table in bits */
172 local int large;       /* largest code table so far */
173 local size_t size;     /* number of elements in num and done */
174 local int *code;       /* number of symbols assigned to each bit length */
175 local big_t *num;      /* saved results array for code counting */
176 local struct tab *done; /* states already evaluated array */

178 /* Index function for num[] and done[] */
179 #define INDEX(i,j,k) (((size_t)((i-1)>>1))*((i-2)>>1)+(j>>1)-1)*(max-1)+k-1

181 /* Free allocated space. Uses globals code, num, and done. */
182 local void cleanup(void)
183 {
184     size_t n;

186     if (done != NULL) {
187         for (n = 0; n < size; n++)
188             if (done[n].len)
189                 free(done[n].vec);
190         free(done);
191     }
192     if (num != NULL)

```

```

193         free(num);
194     if (code != NULL)
195         free(code);
196 }

198 /* Return the number of possible Huffman codes using bit patterns of lengths
199    len through max inclusive, coding syms symbols, with left bit patterns of
200    length len unused -- return -1 if there is an overflow in the counting.
201    Keep a record of previous results in num to prevent repeating the same
202    calculation. Uses the globals max and num. */
203 local big_t count(int syms, int len, int left)
204 {
205     big_t sum;          /* number of possible codes from this juncture */
206     big_t got;         /* value returned from count() */
207     int least;         /* least number of syms to use at this juncture */
208     int most;          /* most number of syms to use at this juncture */
209     int use;           /* number of bit patterns to use in next call */
210     size_t index;      /* index of this case in *num */

212     /* see if only one possible code */
213     if (syms == left)
214         return 1;

216     /* note and verify the expected state */
217     assert(syms > left && left > 0 && len < max);

219     /* see if we've done this one already */
220     index = INDEX(syms, left, len);
221     got = num[index];
222     if (got)
223         return got;    /* we have -- return the saved result */

225     /* we need to use at least this many bit patterns so that the code won't be
226        incomplete at the next length (more bit patterns than symbols) */
227     least = (left << 1) - syms;
228     if (least < 0)
229         least = 0;

231     /* we can use at most this many bit patterns, lest there not be enough
232        available for the remaining symbols at the maximum length (if there were
233        no limit to the code length, this would become: most = left - 1) */
234     most = (((code_t)left << (max - len)) - syms) /
235            (((code_t)1 << (max - len)) - 1);

237     /* count all possible codes from this juncture and add them up */
238     sum = 0;
239     for (use = least; use <= most; use++) {
240         got = count(syms - use, len + 1, (left - use) << 1);
241         sum += got;
242         if (got == (big_t)0 - 1 || sum < got) /* overflow */
243             return (big_t)0 - 1;
244     }

246     /* verify that all recursive calls are productive */
247     assert(sum != 0);

249     /* save the result and return it */
250     num[index] = sum;
251     return sum;
252 }

254 /* Return true if we've been here before, set to true if not. Set a bit in a
255    bit vector to indicate visiting this state. Each (syms,len,left) state
256    has a variable size bit vector indexed by (mem,rem). The bit vector is
257    lengthened if needed to allow setting the (mem,rem) bit. */
258 local int beenhere(int syms, int len, int left, int mem, int rem)

```

```

259 {
260     size_t index;        /* index for this state's bit vector */
261     size_t offset;      /* offset in this state's bit vector */
262     int bit;            /* mask for this state's bit */
263     size_t length;      /* length of the bit vector in bytes */
264     char *vector;       /* new or enlarged bit vector */

266     /* point to vector for (syms,left,len), bit in vector for (mem,rem) */
267     index = INDEX(syms, left, len);
268     mem -= 1 << root;
269     offset = (mem >> 3) + rem;
270     offset = ((offset * (offset + 1)) >> 1) + rem;
271     bit = 1 << (mem & 7);

273     /* see if we've been here */
274     length = done[index].len;
275     if (offset < length && (done[index].vec[offset] & bit) != 0)
276         return 1;      /* done this! */

278     /* we haven't been here before -- set the bit to show we have now */

280     /* see if we need to lengthen the vector in order to set the bit */
281     if (length <= offset) {
282         /* if we have one already, enlarge it, zero out the appended space */
283         if (length) {
284             do {
285                 length <<= 1;
286             } while (length <= offset);
287             vector = realloc(done[index].vec, length);
288             if (vector != NULL)
289                 memset(vector + done[index].len, 0, length - done[index].len);
290         }

292         /* otherwise we need to make a new vector and zero it out */
293         else {
294             length = 1 << (len - root);
295             while (length <= offset)
296                 length <<= 1;
297             vector = calloc(length, sizeof(char));
298         }

300         /* in either case, bail if we can't get the memory */
301         if (vector == NULL) {
302             fputs("abort: unable to allocate enough memory\n", stderr);
303             cleanup();
304             exit(1);
305         }

307         /* install the new vector */
308         done[index].len = length;
309         done[index].vec = vector;
310     }

312     /* set the bit */
313     done[index].vec[offset] |= bit;
314     return 0;
315 }

317 /* Examine all possible codes from the given node (syms, len, left). Compute
318 the amount of memory required to build inflate's decoding tables, where the
319 number of code structures used so far is mem, and the number remaining in
320 the current sub-table is rem. Uses the globals max, code, root, large, and
321 done. */
322 local void examine(int syms, int len, int left, int mem, int rem)
323 {
324     int least;          /* least number of syms to use at this juncture */

```

```

325     int most;          /* most number of syms to use at this juncture */
326     int use;           /* number of bit patterns to use in next call */

328     /* see if we have a complete code */
329     if (syms == left) {
330         /* set the last code entry */
331         code[len] = left;

333         /* complete computation of memory used by this code */
334         while (rem < left) {
335             left -= rem;
336             rem = 1 << (len - root);
337             mem += rem;
338         }
339         assert(rem == left);

341         /* if this is a new maximum, show the entries used and the sub-code */
342         if (mem > large) {
343             large = mem;
344             printf("max %d: ", mem);
345             for (use = root + 1; use <= max; use++)
346                 if (code[use])
347                     printf("%d[%d] ", code[use], use);
348             putchar('\n');
349             fflush(stdout);
350         }

352         /* remove entries as we drop back down in the recursion */
353         code[len] = 0;
354         return;
355     }

357     /* prune the tree if we can */
358     if (beehere(syms, len, left, mem, rem))
359         return;

361     /* we need to use at least this many bit patterns so that the code won't be
362 incomplete at the next length (more bit patterns than symbols) */
363     least = (left << 1) - syms;
364     if (least < 0)
365         least = 0;

367     /* we can use at most this many bit patterns, lest there not be enough
368 available for the remaining symbols at the maximum length (if there were
369 no limit to the code length, this would become: most = left - 1) */
370     most = (((code_t)left << (max - len)) - syms) /
371            (((code_t)1 << (max - len)) - 1);

373     /* occupy least table spaces, creating new sub-tables as needed */
374     use = least;
375     while (rem < use) {
376         use -= rem;
377         rem = 1 << (len - root);
378         mem += rem;
379     }
380     rem -= use;

382     /* examine codes from here, updating table space as we go */
383     for (use = least; use <= most; use++) {
384         code[len] = use;
385         examine(syms - use, len + 1, (left - use) << 1,
386                 mem + (rem ? 1 << (len - root) : 0), rem << 1);
387         if (rem == 0) {
388             rem = 1 << (len - root);
389             mem += rem;
390         }

```



```

391     rem--;
392 }

394 /* remove entries as we drop back down in the recursion */
395 code[len] = 0;
396 }

398 /* Look at all sub-codes starting with root + 1 bits. Look at only the valid
399 intermediate code states (syms, left, len). For each completed code,
400 calculate the amount of memory required by inflate to build the decoding
401 tables. Find the maximum amount of memory required and show the code that
402 requires that maximum. Uses the globals max, root, and num. */
403 local void enough(int syms)
404 {
405     int n;           /* number of remaining symbols for this node */
406     int left;       /* number of unused bit patterns at this length */
407     size_t index;   /* index of this case in *num */

409     /* clear code */
410     for (n = 0; n <= max; n++)
411         code[n] = 0;

413     /* look at all (root + 1) bit and longer codes */
414     large = 1 << root;           /* base table */
415     if (root < max)             /* otherwise, there's only a base table */
416         for (n = 3; n <= syms; n++)
417             for (left = 2; left < n; left += 2)
418                 {
419                     /* look at all reachable (root + 1) bit nodes, and the
420                      resulting codes (complete at root + 2 or more) */
421                     index = INDEX(n, left, root + 1);
422                     if (root + 1 < max && num[index]) /* reachable node */
423                         examine(n, root + 1, left, 1 << root, 0);

425                     /* also look at root bit codes with completions at root + 1
426                      bits (not saved in num, since complete), just in case */
427                     if (num[index - 1] && n <= left << 1)
428                         examine((n - left) << 1, root + 1, (n - left) << 1,
429                                 1 << root, 0);
430                 }

432     /* done */
433     printf("done: maximum of %d table entries\n", large);
434 }

436 /*
437 Examine and show the total number of possible Huffman codes for a given
438 maximum number of symbols, initial root table size, and maximum code length
439 in bits -- those are the command arguments in that order. The default
440 values are 286, 9, and 15 respectively, for the deflate literal/length code.
441 The possible codes are counted for each number of coded symbols from two to
442 the maximum. The counts for each of those and the total number of codes are
443 shown. The maximum number of inflate table entries is then calculated
444 across all possible codes. Each new maximum number of table entries and the
445 associated sub-code (starting at root + 1 == 10 bits) is shown.

447 To count and examine Huffman codes that are not length-limited, provide a
448 maximum length equal to the number of symbols minus one.

450 For the deflate literal/length code, use "enough". For the deflate distance
451 code, use "enough 30 6".

453 This uses the %llu printf format to print big_t numbers, which assumes that
454 big_t is an unsigned long long. If the big_t type is changed (for example
455 to a multiple precision type), the method of printing will also need to be
456 updated.

```

```

457 */
458 int main(int argc, char **argv)
459 {
460     int syms;           /* total number of symbols to code */
461     int n;             /* number of symbols to code for this run */
462     big_t got;         /* return value of count() */
463     big_t sum;         /* accumulated number of codes over n */
464     code_t word;       /* for counting bits in code_t */

466     /* set up globals for cleanup() */
467     code = NULL;
468     num = NULL;
469     done = NULL;

471     /* get arguments -- default to the deflate literal/length code */
472     syms = 286;
473     root = 9;
474     max = 15;
475     if (argc > 1) {
476         syms = atoi(argv[1]);
477         if (argc > 2) {
478             root = atoi(argv[2]);
479             if (argc > 3)
480                 max = atoi(argv[3]);
481         }
482     }
483     if (argc > 4 || syms < 2 || root < 1 || max < 1) {
484         fputs("invalid arguments, need: [sym >= 2 [root >= 1 [max >= 1]]\n",
485             stderr);
486         return 1;
487     }

489     /* if not restricting the code length, the longest is syms - 1 */
490     if (max > syms - 1)
491         max = syms - 1;

493     /* determine the number of bits in a code_t */
494     for (n = 0, word = 1; word; n++, word <<= 1)
495         ;

497     /* make sure that the calculation of most will not overflow */
498     if (max > n || (code_t)(syms - 2) >= (((code_t)0 - 1) >> (max - 1))) {
499         fputs("abort: code length too long for internal types\n", stderr);
500         return 1;
501     }

503     /* reject impossible code requests */
504     if (((code_t)(syms - 1) > ((code_t)1 << max) - 1) {
505         fprintf(stderr, "%d symbols cannot be coded in %d bits\n",
506             syms, max);
507         return 1;
508     }

510     /* allocate code vector */
511     code = calloc(max + 1, sizeof(int));
512     if (code == NULL) {
513         fputs("abort: unable to allocate enough memory\n", stderr);
514         return 1;
515     }

517     /* determine size of saved results array, checking for overflows,
518     allocate and clear the array (set all to zero with calloc()) */
519     if (syms == 2) /* iff max == 1 */
520         num = NULL; /* won't be saving any results */
521     else {
522         size = syms >> 1;

```

```
523     if (size > ((size_t)0 - 1) / (n = (syms - 1) >> 1) ||
524         (size *= n, size > ((size_t)0 - 1) / (n = max - 1)) ||
525         (size *= n, size > ((size_t)0 - 1) / sizeof(big_t)) ||
526         (num = calloc(size, sizeof(big_t))) == NULL) {
527         fputs("abort: unable to allocate enough memory\n", stderr);
528         cleanup();
529         return 1;
530     }
531 }

533 /* count possible codes for all numbers of symbols, add up counts */
534 sum = 0;
535 for (n = 2; n <= syms; n++) {
536     got = count(n, 1, 2);
537     sum += got;
538     if (got == (big_t)0 - 1 || sum < got) { /* overflow */
539         fputs("abort: can't count that high!\n", stderr);
540         cleanup();
541         return 1;
542     }
543     printf("%llu %d-codes\n", got, n);
544 }
545 printf("%llu total codes for 2 to %d symbols", sum, syms);
546 if (max < syms - 1)
547     printf(" (%d-bit length limit)\n", max);
548 else
549     puts(" (no length limit)");

551 /* allocate and clear done array for beenhere() */
552 if (syms == 2)
553     done = NULL;
554 else if (size > ((size_t)0 - 1) / sizeof(struct tab) ||
555         (done = calloc(size, sizeof(struct tab))) == NULL) {
556     fputs("abort: unable to allocate enough memory\n", stderr);
557     cleanup();
558     return 1;
559 }

561 /* find and show maximum inflate table usage */
562 if (root > max) /* reduce root to max length */
563     root = max;
564 if ((code_t)syms < ((code_t)1 << (root + 1)))
565     enough(syms);
566 else
567     puts("cannot handle minimum code lengths > root");

569 /* done */
570 cleanup();
571 return 0;
572 }
```

```

*****
8594 Wed Apr 1 15:57:25 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/fitblk.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* fitblk.c: example of fitting compressed output to a specified size
2 Not copyrighted -- provided to the public domain
3 Version 1.1 25 November 2004 Mark Adler */

5 /* Version history:
6 1.0 24 Nov 2004 First version
7 1.1 25 Nov 2004 Change deflateInit2() to deflateInit()
8 Use fixed-size, stack-allocated raw buffers
9 Simplify code moving compression to subroutines
10 Use assert() for internal errors
11 Add detailed description of approach
12 */

14 /* Approach to just fitting a requested compressed size:

16 fitblk performs three compression passes on a portion of the input
17 data in order to determine how much of that input will compress to
18 nearly the requested output block size. The first pass generates
19 enough deflate blocks to produce output to fill the requested
20 output size plus a specified excess amount (see the EXCESS define
21 below). The last deflate block may go quite a bit past that, but
22 is discarded. The second pass decompresses and recompresses just
23 the compressed data that fit in the requested plus excess sized
24 buffer. The deflate process is terminated after that amount of
25 input, which is less than the amount consumed on the first pass.
26 The last deflate block of the result will be of a comparable size
27 to the final product, so that the header for that deflate block and
28 the compression ratio for that block will be about the same as in
29 the final product. The third compression pass decompresses the
30 result of the second step, but only the compressed data up to the
31 requested size minus an amount to allow the compressed stream to
32 complete (see the MARGIN define below). That will result in a
33 final compressed stream whose length is less than or equal to the
34 requested size. Assuming sufficient input and a requested size
35 greater than a few hundred bytes, the shortfall will typically be
36 less than ten bytes.

38 If the input is short enough that the first compression completes
39 before filling the requested output size, then that compressed
40 stream is return with no recompression.

42 EXCESS is chosen to be just greater than the shortfall seen in a
43 two pass approach similar to the above. That shortfall is due to
44 the last deflate block compressing more efficiently with a smaller
45 header on the second pass. EXCESS is set to be large enough so
46 that there is enough uncompressed data for the second pass to fill
47 out the requested size, and small enough so that the final deflate
48 block of the second pass will be close in size to the final deflate
49 block of the third and final pass. MARGIN is chosen to be just
50 large enough to assure that the final compression has enough room
51 to complete in all cases.
52 */

54 #include <stdio.h>
55 #include <stdlib.h>
56 #include <assert.h>
57 #include "zlib.h"

59 #define local static

```

```

61 /* print nastygram and leave */
62 local void quit(char *why)
63 {
64     fprintf(stderr, "fitblk abort: %s\n", why);
65     exit(1);
66 }

68 #define RAWLEN 4096 /* intermediate uncompressed buffer size */

70 /* compress from file to def until provided buffer is full or end of
71 input reached; return last deflate() return value, or Z_ERRNO if
72 there was read error on the file */
73 local int partcompress(FILE *in, z_stream def)
74 {
75     int ret, flush;
76     unsigned char raw[RAWLEN];

78     flush = Z_NO_FLUSH;
79     do {
80         def->avail_in = fread(raw, 1, RAWLEN, in);
81         if (ferror(in))
82             return Z_ERRNO;
83         def->next_in = raw;
84         if (feof(in))
85             flush = Z_FINISH;
86         ret = deflate(def, flush);
87         assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR);
88     } while (def->avail_out != 0 && flush == Z_NO_FLUSH);
89     return ret;
90 }

92 /* recompress from inf's input to def's output; the input for inf and
93 the output for def are set in those structures before calling;
94 return last deflate() return value, or Z_MEM_ERROR if inflate()
95 was not able to allocate enough memory when it needed to */
96 local int recompress(z_stream inf, z_stream def)
97 {
98     int ret, flush;
99     unsigned char raw[RAWLEN];

101     flush = Z_NO_FLUSH;
102     do {
103         /* decompress */
104         inf->avail_out = RAWLEN;
105         inf->next_out = raw;
106         ret = inflate(inf, Z_NO_FLUSH);
107         assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR && ret != Z_DATA_ERROR &&
108             ret != Z_NEED_DICT);
109         if (ret == Z_MEM_ERROR)
110             return ret;

112         /* compress what was decompressed until done or no room */
113         def->avail_in = RAWLEN - inf->avail_out;
114         def->next_in = raw;
115         if (inf->avail_out != 0)
116             flush = Z_FINISH;
117         ret = deflate(def, flush);
118         assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR);
119     } while (ret != Z_STREAM_END && def->avail_out != 0);
120     return ret;
121 }

123 #define EXCESS 256 /* empirically determined stream overage */
124 #define MARGIN 8 /* amount to back off for completion */

126 /* compress from stdin to fixed-size block on stdout */

```

```

127 int main(int argc, char **argv)
128 {
129     int ret;                /* return code */
130     unsigned size;         /* requested fixed output block size */
131     unsigned have;        /* bytes written by deflate() call */
132     unsigned char *blk;   /* intermediate and final stream */
133     unsigned char *tmp;   /* close to desired size stream */
134     z_stream def, inf;    /* zlib deflate and inflate states */

136     /* get requested output size */
137     if (argc != 2)
138         quit("need one argument: size of output block");
139     ret = strtoul(argv[1], argv + 1, 10);
140     if (argv[1][0] != 0)
141         quit("argument must be a number");
142     if (ret < 8)          /* 8 is minimum zlib stream size */
143         quit("need positive size of 8 or greater");
144     size = (unsigned)ret;

146     /* allocate memory for buffers and compression engine */
147     blk = malloc(size + EXCESS);
148     def.zalloc = Z_NULL;
149     def.zfree = Z_NULL;
150     def.opaque = Z_NULL;
151     ret = deflateInit(&def, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION);
152     if (ret != Z_OK || blk == NULL)
153         quit("out of memory");

155     /* compress from stdin until output full, or no more input */
156     def.avail_out = size + EXCESS;
157     def.next_out = blk;
158     ret = partcompress(stdin, &def);
159     if (ret == Z_ERRNO)
160         quit("error reading input");

162     /* if it all fit, then size was undersubscribed -- done! */
163     if (ret == Z_STREAM_END && def.avail_out >= EXCESS) {
164         /* write block to stdout */
165         have = size + EXCESS - def.avail_out;
166         if (fwrite(blk, 1, have, stdout) != have || ferror(stdout))
167             quit("error writing output");

169         /* clean up and print results to stderr */
170         ret = deflateEnd(&def);
171         assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR);
172         free(blk);
173         fprintf(stderr,
174             "%u bytes unused out of %u requested (all input)\n",
175             size - have, size);
176         return 0;
177     }

179     /* it didn't all fit -- set up for recompression */
180     inf.zalloc = Z_NULL;
181     inf.zfree = Z_NULL;
182     inf.opaque = Z_NULL;
183     inf.avail_in = 0;
184     inf.next_in = Z_NULL;
185     ret = inflateInit(&inf);
186     tmp = malloc(size + EXCESS);
187     if (ret != Z_OK || tmp == NULL)
188         quit("out of memory");
189     ret = deflateReset(&def);
190     assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR);

192     /* do first recompression close to the right amount */

```

```

193     inf.avail_in = size + EXCESS;
194     inf.next_in = blk;
195     def.avail_out = size + EXCESS;
196     def.next_out = tmp;
197     ret = recompress(&inf, &def);
198     if (ret == Z_MEM_ERROR)
199         quit("out of memory");

201     /* set up for next recompression */
202     ret = inflateReset(&inf);
203     assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR);
204     ret = deflateReset(&def);
205     assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR);

207     /* do second and final recompression (third compression) */
208     inf.avail_in = size - MARGIN; /* assure stream will complete */
209     inf.next_in = tmp;
210     def.avail_out = size;
211     def.next_out = blk;
212     ret = recompress(&inf, &def);
213     if (ret == Z_MEM_ERROR)
214         quit("out of memory");
215     assert(ret == Z_STREAM_END); /* otherwise MARGIN too small */

217     /* done -- write block to stdout */
218     have = size - def.avail_out;
219     if (fwrite(blk, 1, have, stdout) != have || ferror(stdout))
220         quit("error writing output");

222     /* clean up and print results to stderr */
223     free(tmp);
224     ret = inflateEnd(&inf);
225     assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR);
226     ret = deflateEnd(&def);
227     assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR);
228     free(blk);
229     fprintf(stderr,
230         "%u bytes unused out of %u requested (%lu input)\n",
231         size - have, size, def.total_in);
232     return 0;
233 }

```

```

*****
25942 Wed Apr 1 15:57:25 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/gun.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* gun.c -- simple gunzip to give an example of the use of inflateBack()
2  * Copyright (C) 2003, 2005, 2008, 2010, 2012 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  Version 1.7 12 August 2012 Mark Adler */

6 /* Version history:
7  1.0 16 Feb 2003 First version for testing of inflateBack()
8  1.1 21 Feb 2005 Decompress concatenated gzip streams
9
10 Remove use of "this" variable (C++ keyword)
11 Fix return value for in()
12 Improve allocation failure checking
13 Add typecasting for void * structures
14 Add -h option for command version and usage
15 Add a bunch of comments
16 1.2 20 Mar 2005 Add Unix compress (LZW) decompression
17 Copy file attributes from input file to output file
18 1.3 12 Jun 2005 Add casts for error messages [Oberhumer]
19 1.4 8 Dec 2006 LZW decompression speed improvements
20 1.5 9 Feb 2008 Avoid warning in latest version of gcc
21 1.6 17 Jan 2010 Avoid signed/unsigned comparison warnings
22 1.7 12 Aug 2012 Update for z_const usage in zlib 1.2.8
23 */

24 /*
25 gun [ -t ] [ name ... ]

27 decompresses the data in the named gzip files. If no arguments are given,
28 gun will decompress from stdin to stdout. The names must end in .gz, -gz,
29 .z, -z, _z, or .Z. The uncompressed data will be written to a file name
30 with the suffix stripped. On success, the original file is deleted. On
31 failure, the output file is deleted. For most failures, the command will
32 continue to process the remaining names on the command line. A memory
33 allocation failure will abort the command. If -t is specified, then the
34 listed files or stdin will be tested as gzip files for integrity (without
35 checking for a proper suffix), no output will be written, and no files
36 will be deleted.

38 Like gzip, gun allows concatenated gzip streams and will decompress them,
39 writing all of the uncompressed data to the output. Unlike gzip, gun allows
40 an empty file on input, and will produce no error writing an empty output
41 file.

43 gun will also decompress files made by Unix compress, which uses LZW
44 compression. These files are automatically detected by virtue of their
45 magic header bytes. Since the end of Unix compress stream is marked by the
46 end-of-file, they cannot be concatenated. If a Unix compress stream is
47 encountered in an input file, it is the last stream in that file.

49 Like gunzip and uncompress, the file attributes of the original compressed
50 file are maintained in the final uncompressed file, to the extent that the
51 user permissions allow it.

53 On my Mac OS X PowerPC G4, gun is almost twice as fast as gunzip (version
54 1.2.4) is on the same file, when gun is linked with zlib 1.2.2. Also the
55 LZW decompression provided by gun is about twice as fast as the standard
56 Unix uncompress command.
57 */

59 /* external functions and related types and constants */
60 #include <stdio.h> /* fprintf() */

```

```

61 #include <stdlib.h> /* malloc(), free() */
62 #include <string.h> /* strerror(), strcmp(), strlen(), memcpy() */
63 #include <errno.h> /* errno */
64 #include <fcntl.h> /* open() */
65 #include <unistd.h> /* read(), write(), close(), chown(), unlink() */
66 #include <sys/types.h>
67 #include <sys/stat.h> /* stat(), chmod() */
68 #include <utime.h> /* utime() */
69 #include "zlib.h" /* inflateBackInit(), inflateBack(), */
70 /* inflateBackEnd(), crc32() */

72 /* function declaration */
73 #define local static

75 /* buffer constants */
76 #define SIZE 32768U /* input and output buffer sizes */
77 #define PIECE 16384 /* limits i/o chunks for 16-bit int case */

79 /* structure for infbac() to pass to input function in() -- it maintains the
80 input file and a buffer of size SIZE */
81 struct ind {
82     int infile;
83     unsigned char *inbuf;
84 };

86 /* Load input buffer, assumed to be empty, and return bytes loaded and a
87 pointer to them. read() is called until the buffer is full, or until it
88 returns end-of-file or error. Return 0 on error. */
89 local unsigned in(void *in_desc, z_const unsigned char **buf)
90 {
91     int ret;
92     unsigned len;
93     unsigned char *next;
94     struct ind *me = (struct ind *)in_desc;

96     next = me->inbuf;
97     *buf = next;
98     len = 0;
99     do {
100         ret = PIECE;
101         if ((unsigned)ret > SIZE - len)
102             ret = (int)(SIZE - len);
103         ret = (int)read(me->infile, next, ret);
104         if (ret == -1) {
105             len = 0;
106             break;
107         }
108         next += ret;
109         len += ret;
110     } while (ret != 0 && len < SIZE);
111     return len;
112 }

114 /* structure for infbac() to pass to output function out() -- it maintains the
115 output file, a running CRC-32 check on the output and the total number of
116 bytes output, both for checking against the gzip trailer. (The length in
117 the gzip trailer is stored modulo 2^32, so it's ok if a long is 32 bits and
118 the output is greater than 4 GB.) */
119 struct outd {
120     int outfile;
121     int check; /* true if checking crc and total */
122     unsigned long crc;
123     unsigned long total;
124 };

126 /* Write output buffer and update the CRC-32 and total bytes written. write()

```

```

127 is called until all of the output is written or an error is encountered.
128 On success out() returns 0. For a write failure, out() returns 1. If the
129 output file descriptor is -1, then nothing is written.
130 */
131 local int out(void *out_desc, unsigned char *buf, unsigned len)
132 {
133     int ret;
134     struct outd *me = (struct outd *)out_desc;
135
136     if (me->check) {
137         me->crc = crc32(me->crc, buf, len);
138         me->total += len;
139     }
140     if (me->outfile != -1)
141         do {
142             ret = PIECE;
143             if ((unsigned)ret > len)
144                 ret = (int)len;
145             ret = (int)write(me->outfile, buf, ret);
146             if (ret == -1)
147                 return 1;
148             buf += ret;
149             len -= ret;
150         } while (len != 0);
151     return 0;
152 }
153
154 /* next input byte macro for use inside lumpipe() and gunpipe() */
155 #define NEXT() (have ? 0 : (have = in(indp, &next)), \
156               last = have ? (have--, (int)(*next++)) : -1)
157
158 /* memory for gunpipe() and lumpipe() --
159    the first 256 entries of prefix[] and suffix[] are never used, could
160    have offset the index, but it's faster to waste the memory */
161 unsigned char inbuf[SIZE]; /* input buffer */
162 unsigned char outbuf[SIZE]; /* output buffer */
163 unsigned short prefix[65536]; /* index to LZW prefix string */
164 unsigned char suffix[65536]; /* one-character LZW suffix */
165 unsigned char match[65280 + 2]; /* buffer for reversed match or gzip
166                                32K sliding window */
167
168 /* throw out what's left in the current bits byte buffer (this is a vestigial
169    aspect of the compressed data format derived from an implementation that
170    made use of a special VAX machine instruction!) */
171 #define FLUSHCODE() \
172     do { \
173         left = 0; \
174         rem = 0; \
175         if (chunk > have) { \
176             chunk -= have; \
177             have = 0; \
178             if (NEXT() == -1) \
179                 break; \
180             chunk--; \
181             if (chunk > have) { \
182                 chunk = have = 0; \
183                 break; \
184             } \
185         } \
186         have -= chunk; \
187         next += chunk; \
188         chunk = 0; \
189     } while (0)
190
191 /* Decompress a compress (LZW) file from indp to outfile. The compress magic
192    header (two bytes) has already been read and verified. There are have bytes

```

```

193 of buffered input at next. strm is used for passing error information back
194 to gunpipe().
195
196 lumpipe() will return Z_OK on success, Z_BUF_ERROR for an unexpected end of
197 file, read error, or write error (a write error indicated by strm->next_in
198 not equal to Z_NULL), or Z_DATA_ERROR for invalid input.
199 */
200 local int lumpipe(unsigned have, z_const unsigned char *next, struct ind *indp,
201                  int outfile, z_stream *strm)
202 {
203     int last; /* last byte read by NEXT(), or -1 if EOF */
204     unsigned chunk; /* bytes left in current chunk */
205     int left; /* bits left in rem */
206     unsigned rem; /* unused bits from input */
207     int bits; /* current bits per code */
208     unsigned code; /* code, table traversal index */
209     unsigned mask; /* mask for current bits codes */
210     int max; /* maximum bits per code for this stream */
211     unsigned flags; /* compress flags, then block compress flag */
212     unsigned end; /* last valid entry in prefix/suffix tables */
213     unsigned temp; /* current code */
214     unsigned prev; /* previous code */
215     unsigned final; /* last character written for previous code */
216     unsigned stack; /* next position for reversed string */
217     unsigned outcnt; /* bytes in output buffer */
218     struct outd outd; /* output structure */
219     unsigned char *p;
220
221     /* set up output */
222     outd.outfile = outfile;
223     outd.check = 0;
224
225     /* process remainder of compress header -- a flags byte */
226     flags = NEXT();
227     if (last == -1)
228         return Z_BUF_ERROR;
229     if (flags & 0x60) {
230         strm->msg = (char *)"unknown lzw flags set";
231         return Z_DATA_ERROR;
232     }
233     max = flags & 0x1f;
234     if (max < 9 || max > 16) {
235         strm->msg = (char *)"lzw bits out of range";
236         return Z_DATA_ERROR;
237     }
238     if (max == 9) /* 9 doesn't really mean 9 */
239         max = 10;
240     flags &= 0x80; /* true if block compress */
241
242     /* clear table */
243     bits = 9;
244     mask = 0x1ff;
245     end = flags ? 256 : 255;
246
247     /* set up: get first 9-bit code, which is the first decompressed byte, but
248        don't create a table entry until the next code */
249     if (NEXT() == -1) /* no compressed data is ok */
250         return Z_OK;
251     final = prev = (unsigned)last; /* low 8 bits of code */
252     if (NEXT() == -1) /* missing a bit */
253         return Z_BUF_ERROR;
254     if (last & 1) /* code must be < 256 */
255         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid lzw code";
256         return Z_DATA_ERROR;
257     }
258     rem = (unsigned)last >> 1; /* remaining 7 bits */

```

```

259 left = 7;
260 chunk = bits - 2; /* 7 bytes left in this chunk */
261 outbuf[0] = (unsigned char)final; /* write first decompressed byte */
262 outcnt = 1;

264 /* decode codes */
265 stack = 0;
266 for (;;) {
267     /* if the table will be full after this, increment the code size */
268     if (end >= mask && bits < max) {
269         FLUSHCODE();
270         bits++;
271         mask <<= 1;
272         mask++;
273     }

275     /* get a code of length bits */
276     if (chunk == 0) /* decrement chunk modulo bits */
277         chunk = bits;
278     code = rem; /* low bits of code */
279     if (NEXT() == -1) /* EOF is end of compressed data */
280         /* write remaining buffered output */
281         if (outcnt && out(&outd, outbuf, outcnt)) {
282             strm->next_in = outbuf; /* signal write error */
283             return Z_BUF_ERROR;
284         }
285     return Z_OK;
286 }
287 code += (unsigned)last << left; /* middle (or high) bits of code */
288 left += 8;
289 chunk--;
290 if (bits > left) { /* need more bits */
291     if (NEXT() == -1) /* can't end in middle of code */
292         return Z_BUF_ERROR;
293     code += (unsigned)last << left; /* high bits of code */
294     left += 8;
295     chunk--;
296 }
297 code &= mask; /* mask to current code length */
298 left -= bits; /* number of unused bits */
299 rem = (unsigned)last >> (8 - left); /* unused bits from last byte */

301 /* process clear code (256) */
302 if (code == 256 && flags) {
303     FLUSHCODE();
304     bits = 9; /* initialize bits and mask */
305     mask = 0x1ff;
306     end = 255; /* empty table */
307     continue; /* get next code */
308 }

310 /* special code to reuse last match */
311 temp = code; /* save the current code */
312 if (code > end) {
313     /* Be picky on the allowed code here, and make sure that the code
314     we drop through (prev) will be a valid index so that random
315     input does not cause an exception. The code != end + 1 check is
316     empirically derived, and not checked in the original uncompress
317     code. If this ever causes a problem, that check could be safely
318     removed. Leaving this check in greatly improves gun's ability
319     to detect random or corrupted input after a compress header.
320     In any case, the prev > end check must be retained. */
321     if (code != end + 1 || prev > end) {
322         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid lzw code";
323         return Z_DATA_ERROR;
324     }

```

```

325     match[stack++] = (unsigned char)final;
326     code = prev;
327 }

329 /* walk through linked list to generate output in reverse order */
330 p = match + stack;
331 while (code >= 256) {
332     *p++ = suffix[code];
333     code = prefix[code];
334 }
335 stack = p - match;
336 match[stack++] = (unsigned char)code;
337 final = code;

339 /* link new table entry */
340 if (end < mask) {
341     end++;
342     prefix[end] = (unsigned short)prev;
343     suffix[end] = (unsigned char)final;
344 }

346 /* set previous code for next iteration */
347 prev = temp;

349 /* write output in forward order */
350 while (stack > SIZE - outcnt) {
351     while (outcnt < SIZE)
352         outbuf[outcnt++] = match[--stack];
353     if (out(&outd, outbuf, outcnt)) {
354         strm->next_in = outbuf; /* signal write error */
355         return Z_BUF_ERROR;
356     }
357     outcnt = 0;
358 }
359 p = match + stack;
360 do {
361     outbuf[outcnt++] = *--p;
362 } while (p > match);
363 stack = 0;

365 /* loop for next code with final and prev as the last match, rem and
366 left provide the first 0..7 bits of the next code, end is the last
367 valid table entry */
368 }
369 }

371 /* Decompress a gzip file from infile to outfile. strm is assumed to have been
372 successfully initialized with inflateBackInit(). The input file may consist
373 of a series of gzip streams, in which case all of them will be decompressed
374 to the output file. If outfile is -1, then the gzip stream(s) integrity is
375 checked and nothing is written.

377 The return value is a zlib error code: Z_MEM_ERROR if out of memory,
378 Z_DATA_ERROR if the header or the compressed data is invalid, or if the
379 trailer CRC-32 check or length doesn't match, Z_BUF_ERROR if the input ends
380 prematurely or a write error occurs, or Z_ERRNO if junk (not a another gzip
381 stream) follows a valid gzip stream.
382 */
383 local int gunpipe(z_stream *strm, int infile, int outfile)
384 {
385     int ret, first, last;
386     unsigned have, flags, len;
387     z_const unsigned char *next = NULL;
388     struct ind ind, *indp;
389     struct outd outd;

```

```

391  /* setup input buffer */
392  ind.infile = infile;
393  ind.inbuf = inbuf;
394  indp = &ind;

396  /* decompress concatenated gzip streams */
397  have = 0; /* no input data read in yet */
398  first = 1; /* looking for first gzip header */
399  strm->next_in = Z_NULL; /* so Z_BUF_ERROR means EOF */
400  for (;;) {
401  /* look for the two magic header bytes for a gzip stream */
402  if (NEXT() == -1) {
403      ret = Z_OK;
404      break; /* empty gzip stream is ok */
405  }
406  if (last != 31 || (NEXT() != 139 && last != 157)) {
407      strm->msg = (char *)"incorrect header check";
408      ret = first ? Z_DATA_ERROR : Z_ERRNO;
409      break; /* not a gzip or compress header */
410  }
411  first = 0; /* next non-header is junk */

413  /* process a compress (LZW) file -- can't be concatenated after this */
414  if (last == 157) {
415      ret = lunpipe(have, next, indp, outfile, strm);
416      break;
417  }

419  /* process remainder of gzip header */
420  ret = Z_BUF_ERROR;
421  if (NEXT() != 8) { /* only deflate method allowed */
422      if (last == -1) break;
423      strm->msg = (char *)"unknown compression method";
424      ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
425      break;
426  }
427  flags = NEXT(); /* header flags */
428  NEXT(); /* discard mod time, xflgs, os */
429  NEXT();
430  NEXT();
431  NEXT();
432  NEXT();
433  NEXT();
434  if (last == -1) break;
435  if (flags & 0xe0) {
436      strm->msg = (char *)"unknown header flags set";
437      ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
438      break;
439  }
440  if (flags & 4) { /* extra field */
441      len = NEXT();
442      len += (unsigned)(NEXT()) << 8;
443      if (last == -1) break;
444      while (len > have) {
445          len -= have;
446          have = 0;
447          if (NEXT() == -1) break;
448          len--;
449      }
450      if (last == -1) break;
451      have += len;
452      next += len;
453  }
454  if (flags & 8) /* file name */
455      while (NEXT() != 0 && last != -1)
456          ;

```

```

457  if (flags & 16) /* comment */
458      while (NEXT() != 0 && last != -1)
459          ;
460  if (flags & 2) { /* header crc */
461      NEXT();
462      NEXT();
463  }
464  if (last == -1) break;

466  /* set up output */
467  outd.outfile = outfile;
468  outd.check = 1;
469  outd.crc = crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
470  outd.total = 0;

472  /* decompress data to output */
473  strm->next_in = next;
474  strm->avail_in = have;
475  ret = inflateBack(strm, in, indp, out, &outd);
476  if (ret != Z_STREAM_END) break;
477  next = strm->next_in;
478  have = strm->avail_in;
479  strm->next_in = Z_NULL; /* so Z_BUF_ERROR means EOF */

481  /* check trailer */
482  ret = Z_BUF_ERROR;
483  if (NEXT() != (int)(outd.crc & 0xff) ||
484      NEXT() != (int)((outd.crc >> 8) & 0xff) ||
485      NEXT() != (int)((outd.crc >> 16) & 0xff) ||
486      NEXT() != (int)((outd.crc >> 24) & 0xff)) {
487      /* crc error */
488      if (last != -1) {
489          strm->msg = (char *)"incorrect data check";
490          ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
491      }
492      break;
493  }
494  if (NEXT() != (int)(outd.total & 0xff) ||
495      NEXT() != (int)((outd.total >> 8) & 0xff) ||
496      NEXT() != (int)((outd.total >> 16) & 0xff) ||
497      NEXT() != (int)((outd.total >> 24) & 0xff)) {
498      /* length error */
499      if (last != -1) {
500          strm->msg = (char *)"incorrect length check";
501          ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
502      }
503      break;
504  }

506  /* go back and look for another gzip stream */
507  }

509  /* clean up and return */
510  return ret;
511 }

513 /* Copy file attributes, from -> to, as best we can. This is best effort, so
514 no errors are reported. The mode bits, including suid, sgid, and the sticky
515 bit are copied (if allowed), the owner's user id and group id are copied
516 (again if allowed), and the access and modify times are copied. */
517 local void copymeta(char *from, char *to)
518 {
519     struct stat was;
520     struct utimbuf when;

522     /* get all of from's Unix meta data, return if not a regular file */

```



```

523 if (stat(from, &was) != 0 || (was.st_mode & S_IFMT) != S_IFREG)
524     return;

526 /* set to's mode bits, ignore errors */
527 (void)chmod(to, was.st_mode & 0777);

529 /* copy owner's user and group, ignore errors */
530 (void)chown(to, was.st_uid, was.st_gid);

532 /* copy access and modify times, ignore errors */
533 when.actime = was.st_atime;
534 when.modtime = was.st_mtime;
535 (void)utime(to, &when);
536 }

538 /* Decompress the file inname to the file outname, of if test is true, just
539 decompress without writing and check the gzip trailer for integrity. If
540 inname is NULL or an empty string, read from stdin. If outname is NULL or
541 an empty string, write to stdout. strm is a pre-initialized inflateBack
542 structure. When appropriate, copy the file attributes from inname to
543 outname.

545 gunzip() returns 1 if there is an out-of-memory error or an unexpected
546 return code from gunpipe(). Otherwise it returns 0.
547 */
548 local int gunzip(z_stream *strm, char *inname, char *outname, int test)
549 {
550     int ret;
551     int infile, outfile;

553     /* open files */
554     if (inname == NULL || *inname == 0) {
555         inname = "-";
556         infile = 0; /* stdin */
557     }
558     else {
559         infile = open(inname, O_RDONLY, 0);
560         if (infile == -1) {
561             fprintf(stderr, "gun cannot open %s\n", inname);
562             return 0;
563         }
564     }
565     if (test)
566         outfile = -1;
567     else if (outname == NULL || *outname == 0) {
568         outname = "-";
569         outfile = 1; /* stdout */
570     }
571     else {
572         outfile = open(outname, O_CREAT | O_TRUNC | O_WRONLY, 0666);
573         if (outfile == -1) {
574             close(infile);
575             fprintf(stderr, "gun cannot create %s\n", outname);
576             return 0;
577         }
578     }
579     errno = 0;

581     /* decompress */
582     ret = gunpipe(strm, infile, outfile);
583     if (outfile > 2) close(outfile);
584     if (infile > 2) close(infile);

586     /* interpret result */
587     switch (ret) {
588     case Z_OK:

```

```

589     case Z_ERRNO:
590         if (infile > 2 && outfile > 2) {
591             copymeta(inname, outname); /* copy attributes */
592             unlink(inname);
593         }
594         if (ret == Z_ERRNO)
595             fprintf(stderr, "gun warning: trailing garbage ignored in %s\n",
596                     inname);
597         break;
598     case Z_DATA_ERROR:
599         if (outfile > 2) unlink(outname);
600         fprintf(stderr, "gun data error on %s: %s\n", inname, strm->msg);
601         break;
602     case Z_MEM_ERROR:
603         if (outfile > 2) unlink(outname);
604         fprintf(stderr, "gun out of memory error--aborting\n");
605         return 1;
606     case Z_BUF_ERROR:
607         if (outfile > 2) unlink(outname);
608         if (strm->next_in != Z_NULL) {
609             fprintf(stderr, "gun write error on %s: %s\n",
610                     outname, strerror(errno));
611         }
612         else if (errno) {
613             fprintf(stderr, "gun read error on %s: %s\n",
614                     inname, strerror(errno));
615         }
616         else {
617             fprintf(stderr, "gun unexpected end of file on %s\n",
618                     inname);
619         }
620         break;
621     default:
622         if (outfile > 2) unlink(outname);
623         fprintf(stderr, "gun internal error--aborting\n");
624         return 1;
625     }
626     return 0;
627 }

629 /* Process the gun command line arguments. See the command syntax near the
630 beginning of this source file. */
631 int main(int argc, char **argv)
632 {
633     int ret, len, test;
634     char *outname;
635     unsigned char *window;
636     z_stream strm;

638     /* initialize inflateBack state for repeated use */
639     window = match; /* reuse LZW match buffer */
640     strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
641     strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
642     strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
643     ret = inflateBackInit(&strm, 15, window);
644     if (ret != Z_OK) {
645         fprintf(stderr, "gun out of memory error--aborting\n");
646         return 1;
647     }

649     /* decompress each file to the same name with the suffix removed */
650     argc--;
651     argv++;
652     test = 0;
653     if (argc && strcmp(*argv, "-h") == 0) {
654         fprintf(stderr, "gun 1.6 (17 Jan 2010)\n");

```

```
655     fprintf(stderr, "Copyright (C) 2003-2010 Mark Adler\n");
656     fprintf(stderr, "usage: gun [-t] [file1.gz [file2.Z ...]]\n");
657     return 0;
658 }
659 if (argc && strcmp(*argv, "-t") == 0) {
660     test = 1;
661     argc--;
662     argv++;
663 }
664 if (argc)
665     do {
666         if (test)
667             outname = NULL;
668         else {
669             len = (int)strlen(*argv);
670             if (strcmp(*argv + len - 3, ".gz") == 0 ||
671                 strcmp(*argv + len - 3, "-gz") == 0)
672                 len -= 3;
673             else if (strcmp(*argv + len - 2, ".z") == 0 ||
674                 strcmp(*argv + len - 2, "-z") == 0 ||
675                 strcmp(*argv + len - 2, "_z") == 0 ||
676                 strcmp(*argv + len - 2, ".Z") == 0)
677                 len -= 2;
678             else {
679                 fprintf(stderr, "gun error: no gz type on %s--skipping\n",
680                     *argv);
681                 continue;
682             }
683             outname = malloc(len + 1);
684             if (outname == NULL) {
685                 fprintf(stderr, "gun out of memory error--aborting\n");
686                 ret = 1;
687                 break;
688             }
689             memcpy(outname, *argv, len);
690             outname[len] = 0;
691         }
692         ret = gunzip(&strm, *argv, outname, test);
693         if (outname != NULL) free(outname);
694         if (ret) break;
695     } while (argv++, --argc);
696 else
697     ret = gunzip(&strm, NULL, NULL, test);
699 /* clean up */
700 inflateBackEnd(&strm);
701 return ret;
702 }
```

```

*****
16977 Wed Apr 1 15:57:25 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/gzappend.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* gzappend -- command to append to a gzip file

3 Copyright (C) 2003, 2012 Mark Adler, all rights reserved
4 version 1.2, 11 Oct 2012

6 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
7 warranty. In no event will the author be held liable for any damages
8 arising from the use of this software.

10 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
11 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
12 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

14 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
15 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
16 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
17 appreciated but is not required.
18 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
19 misrepresented as being the original software.
20 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

22 Mark Adler madler@alumni.caltech.edu
23 */

25 /*
26 * Change history:
27 *
28 * 1.0 19 Oct 2003 - First version
29 * 1.1 4 Nov 2003 - Expand and clarify some comments and notes
30 * - Add version and copyright to help
31 * - Send help to stdout instead of stderr
32 * - Add some preemptive typecasts
33 * - Add L to constants in lseek() calls
34 * - Remove some debugging information in error messages
35 * - Use new data_type definition for zlib 1.2.1
36 * - Simplify and unify file operations
37 * - Finish off gzip file in gztrack()
38 * - Use deflatePrime() instead of adding empty blocks
39 * - Keep gzip file clean on appended file read errors
40 * - Use in-place rotate instead of auxiliary buffer
41 * (Why you ask? Because it was fun to write!)
42 * 1.2 11 Oct 2012 - Fix for proper z_const usage
43 * - Check for input buffer malloc failure
44 */

46 /*
47 gzappend takes a gzip file and appends to it, compressing files from the
48 command line or data from stdin. The gzip file is written to directly, to
49 avoid copying that file, in case it's large. Note that this results in the
50 unfriendly behavior that if gzappend fails, the gzip file is corrupted.

52 This program was written to illustrate the use of the new Z_BLOCK option of
53 zlib 1.2.x's inflate() function. This option returns from inflate() at each
54 block boundary to facilitate locating and modifying the last block bit at
55 the start of the final deflate block. Also whether using Z_BLOCK or not,
56 another required feature of zlib 1.2.x is that inflate() now provides the
57 number of unused bits in the last input byte used. gzappend will not work
58 with versions of zlib earlier than 1.2.1.

60 gzappend first decompresses the gzip file internally, discarding all but

```

```

61 the last 32K of uncompressed data, and noting the location of the last block
62 bit and the number of unused bits in the last byte of the compressed data.
63 The gzip trailer containing the CRC-32 and length of the uncompressed data
64 is verified. This trailer will be later overwritten.

66 Then the last block bit is cleared by seeking back in the file and rewriting
67 the byte that contains it. Seeking forward, the last byte of the compressed
68 data is saved along with the number of unused bits to initialize deflate.

70 A deflate process is initialized, using the last 32K of the uncompressed
71 data from the gzip file to initialize the dictionary. If the total
72 uncompressed data was less than 32K, then all of it is used to initialize
73 the dictionary. The deflate output bit buffer is also initialized with the
74 last bits from the original deflate stream. From here on, the data to
75 append is simply compressed using deflate, and written to the gzip file.
76 When that is complete, the new CRC-32 and uncompressed length are written
77 as the trailer of the gzip file.
78 */

80 #include <stdio.h>
81 #include <stdlib.h>
82 #include <string.h>
83 #include <fcntl.h>
84 #include <unistd.h>
85 #include "zlib.h"

87 #define local static
88 #define LGCHUNK 14
89 #define CHUNK (1U << LGCHUNK)
90 #define DSIZE 32768U

92 /* print an error message and terminate with extreme prejudice */
93 local void die(char *msg1, char *msg2)
94 {
95     fprintf(stderr, "gzappend error: %s%s\n", msg1, msg2);
96     exit(1);
97 }

99 /* return the greatest common divisor of a and b using Euclid's algorithm,
100 modified to be fast when one argument much greater than the other, and
101 coded to avoid unnecessary swapping */
102 local unsigned gcd(unsigned a, unsigned b)
103 {
104     unsigned c;

106     while (a && b)
107         if (a > b) {
108             c = b;
109             while (a - c >= c)
110                 c <<= 1;
111             a -= c;
112         }
113     else {
114         c = a;
115         while (b - c >= c)
116             c <<= 1;
117         b -= c;
118     }
119     return a + b;
120 }

122 /* rotate list[0..len-1] left by rot positions, in place */
123 local void rotate(unsigned char *list, unsigned len, unsigned rot)
124 {
125     unsigned char tmp;
126     unsigned cycles;

```

```

127 unsigned char *start, *last, *to, *from;
128
129 /* normalize rot and handle degenerate cases */
130 if (len < 2) return;
131 if (rot >= len) rot %= len;
132 if (rot == 0) return;
133
134 /* pointer to last entry in list */
135 last = list + (len - 1);
136
137 /* do simple left shift by one */
138 if (rot == 1) {
139     tmp = *list;
140     memcpy(list, list + 1, len - 1);
141     *last = tmp;
142     return;
143 }
144
145 /* do simple right shift by one */
146 if (rot == len - 1) {
147     tmp = *last;
148     memmove(list + 1, list, len - 1);
149     *list = tmp;
150     return;
151 }
152
153 /* otherwise do rotate as a set of cycles in place */
154 cycles = gcd(len, rot); /* number of cycles */
155 do {
156     start = from = list + cycles; /* start index is arbitrary */
157     tmp = *from; /* save entry to be overwritten */
158     for (;;) {
159         to = from; /* next step in cycle */
160         from += rot; /* go right rot positions */
161         if (from > last) from -= len; /* (pointer better not wrap) */
162         if (from == start) break; /* all but one shifted */
163         *to = *from; /* shift left */
164     }
165     *to = tmp; /* complete the circle */
166 } while (--cycles);
167 }
168
169 /* structure for gzip file read operations */
170 typedef struct {
171     int fd; /* file descriptor */
172     int size; /* 1 << size is bytes in buf */
173     unsigned left; /* bytes available at next */
174     unsigned char *buf; /* buffer */
175     z_const unsigned char *next; /* next byte in buffer */
176     char *name; /* file name for error messages */
177 } file;
178
179 /* reload buffer */
180 local int readin(file *in)
181 {
182     int len;
183
184     len = read(in->fd, in->buf, 1 << in->size);
185     if (len == -1) bye("error reading ", in->name);
186     in->left = (unsigned)len;
187     in->next = in->buf;
188     return len;
189 }
190
191 /* read from file in, exit if end-of-file */
192 local int readmore(file *in)

```

```

193 {
194     if (readin(in) == 0) bye("unexpected end of ", in->name);
195     return 0;
196 }
197
198 #define readl(in) (in->left == 0 ? readmore(in) : 0, \
199     in->left--, *(in->next)++)
200
201 /* skip over n bytes of in */
202 local void skip(file *in, unsigned n)
203 {
204     unsigned bypass;
205
206     if (n > in->left) {
207         n -= in->left;
208         bypass = n & ~((1U << in->size) - 1);
209         if (bypass) {
210             if (lseek(in->fd, (off_t)bypass, SEEK_CUR) == -1)
211                 bye("seeking ", in->name);
212             n -= bypass;
213         }
214         readmore(in);
215         if (n > in->left)
216             bye("unexpected end of ", in->name);
217     }
218     in->left -= n;
219     in->next += n;
220 }
221
222 /* read a four-byte unsigned integer, little-endian, from in */
223 unsigned long read4(file *in)
224 {
225     unsigned long val;
226
227     val = readl(in);
228     val += (unsigned)readl(in) << 8;
229     val += (unsigned long)readl(in) << 16;
230     val += (unsigned long)readl(in) << 24;
231     return val;
232 }
233
234 /* skip over gzip header */
235 local void gzheader(file *in)
236 {
237     int flags;
238     unsigned n;
239
240     if (readl(in) != 31 || readl(in) != 139) bye(in->name, " not a gzip file");
241     if (readl(in) != 8) bye("unknown compression method in", in->name);
242     flags = readl(in);
243     if (flags & 0xe0) bye("unknown header flags set in", in->name);
244     skip(in, 6);
245     if (flags & 4) {
246         n = readl(in);
247         n += (unsigned)(readl(in)) << 8;
248         skip(in, n);
249     }
250     if (flags & 8) while (readl(in) != 0);
251     if (flags & 16) while (readl(in) != 0);
252     if (flags & 2) skip(in, 2);
253 }
254
255 /* decompress gzip file "name", return strm with a deflate stream ready to
256 continue compression of the data in the gzip file, and return a file
257 descriptor pointing to where to write the compressed data -- the deflate
258 stream is initialized to compress using level "level" */

```

```

259 local int gzscan(char *name, z_stream *strm, int level)
260 {
261     int ret, lastbit, left, full;
262     unsigned have;
263     unsigned long crc, tot;
264     unsigned char *window;
265     off_t lastoff, end;
266     file gz;

268     /* open gzip file */
269     gz.name = name;
270     gz.fd = open(name, O_RDWR, 0);
271     if (gz.fd == -1) bye("cannot open ", name);
272     gz.buf = malloc(CHUNK);
273     if (gz.buf == NULL) bye("out of memory", "");
274     gz.size = LGCHUNK;
275     gz.left = 0;

277     /* skip gzip header */
278     gzheader(&gz);

280     /* prepare to decompress */
281     window = malloc(DSIZE);
282     if (window == NULL) bye("out of memory", "");
283     strm->zalloc = Z_NULL;
284     strm->zfree = Z_NULL;
285     strm->opaque = Z_NULL;
286     ret = inflateInit2(strm, -15);
287     if (ret != Z_OK) bye("out of memory", " or library mismatch");

289     /* decompress the deflate stream, saving append information */
290     lastbit = 0;
291     lastoff = lseek(gz.fd, 0L, SEEK_CUR) - gz.left;
292     left = 0;
293     strm->avail_in = gz.left;
294     strm->next_in = gz.next;
295     crc = crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
296     have = full = 0;
297     do {
298         /* if needed, get more input */
299         if (strm->avail_in == 0) {
300             readmore(&gz);
301             strm->avail_in = gz.left;
302             strm->next_in = gz.next;
303         }

305         /* set up output to next available section of sliding window */
306         strm->avail_out = DSIZE - have;
307         strm->next_out = window + have;

309         /* inflate and check for errors */
310         ret = inflate(strm, Z_BLOCK);
311         if (ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR) bye("internal stream error!", "");
312         if (ret == Z_MEM_ERROR) bye("out of memory", "");
313         if (ret == Z_DATA_ERROR)
314             bye("invalid compressed data--format violated in", name);

316         /* update crc and sliding window pointer */
317         crc = crc32(crc, window + have, DSIZE - have - strm->avail_out);
318         if (strm->avail_out)
319             have = DSIZE - strm->avail_out;
320         else {
321             have = 0;
322             full = 1;
323         }

```

```

325     /* process end of block */
326     if (strm->data_type & 128) {
327         if (strm->data_type & 64)
328             left = strm->data_type & 0x1f;
329         else {
330             lastbit = strm->data_type & 0x1f;
331             lastoff = lseek(gz.fd, 0L, SEEK_CUR) - strm->avail_in;
332         }
333     }
334     } while (ret != Z_STREAM_END);
335     inflateEnd(strm);
336     gz.left = strm->avail_in;
337     gz.next = strm->next_in;

339     /* save the location of the end of the compressed data */
340     end = lseek(gz.fd, 0L, SEEK_CUR) - gz.left;

342     /* check gzip trailer and save total for deflate */
343     if (crc != read4(&gz))
344         bye("invalid compressed data--crc mismatch in ", name);
345     tot = strm->total_out;
346     if ((tot & 0xffffffffUL) != read4(&gz))
347         bye("invalid compressed data--length mismatch in", name);

349     /* if not at end of file, warn */
350     if (gz.left || readin(&gz))
351         fprintf(stderr,
352             "gzappend warning: junk at end of gzip file overwritten\n");

354     /* clear last block bit */
355     lseek(gz.fd, lastoff - (lastbit != 0), SEEK_SET);
356     if (read(gz.fd, gz.buf, 1) != 1) bye("reading after seek on ", name);
357     *gz.buf = (unsigned char)(*gz.buf ^ (1 << ((8 - lastbit) & 7)));
358     lseek(gz.fd, -1L, SEEK_CUR);
359     if (write(gz.fd, gz.buf, 1) != 1) bye("writing after seek to ", name);

361     /* if window wrapped, build dictionary from window by rotating */
362     if (full) {
363         rotate(window, DSIZE, have);
364         have = DSIZE;
365     }

367     /* set up deflate stream with window, crc, total_in, and leftover bits */
368     ret = deflateInit2(strm, level, Z_DEFLATED, -15, 8, Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY);
369     if (ret != Z_OK) bye("out of memory", "");
370     deflateSetDictionary(strm, window, have);
371     strm->adler = crc;
372     strm->total_in = tot;
373     if (left) {
374         lseek(gz.fd, --end, SEEK_SET);
375         if (read(gz.fd, gz.buf, 1) != 1) bye("reading after seek on ", name);
376         deflatePrime(strm, 8 - left, *gz.buf);
377     }
378     lseek(gz.fd, end, SEEK_SET);

380     /* clean up and return */
381     free(window);
382     free(gz.buf);
383     return gz.fd;
384 }

386 /* append file "name" to gzip file gd using deflate stream strm -- if last
387 is true, then finish off the deflate stream at the end */
388 local void gzstack(char *name, int gd, z_stream *strm, int last)
389 {
390     int fd, len, ret;

```

```

391 unsigned left;
392 unsigned char *in, *out;

394 /* open file to compress and append */
395 fd = 0;
396 if (name != NULL) {
397     fd = open(name, O_RDONLY, 0);
398     if (fd == -1)
399         fprintf(stderr, "gzappend warning: %s not found, skipping ...\n",
400                 name);
401 }

403 /* allocate buffers */
404 in = malloc(CHUNK);
405 out = malloc(CHUNK);
406 if (in == NULL || out == NULL) bye("out of memory", "");

408 /* compress input file and append to gzip file */
409 do {
410     /* get more input */
411     len = read(fd, in, CHUNK);
412     if (len == -1) {
413         fprintf(stderr,
414                 "gzappend warning: error reading %s, skipping rest ...\n",
415                 name);
416         len = 0;
417     }
418     strm->avail_in = (unsigned)len;
419     strm->next_in = in;
420     if (len) strm->adler = crc32(strm->adler, in, (unsigned)len);

422     /* compress and write all available output */
423     do {
424         strm->avail_out = CHUNK;
425         strm->next_out = out;
426         ret = deflate(strm, last && len == 0 ? Z_FINISH : Z_NO_FLUSH);
427         left = CHUNK - strm->avail_out;
428         while (left) {
429             len = write(gd, out + CHUNK - strm->avail_out - left, left);
430             if (len == -1) bye("writing gzip file", "");
431             left -= (unsigned)len;
432         }
433     } while (strm->avail_out == 0 && ret != Z_STREAM_END);
434 } while (len != 0);

436 /* write trailer after last entry */
437 if (last) {
438     deflateEnd(strm);
439     out[0] = (unsigned char)(strm->adler);
440     out[1] = (unsigned char)(strm->adler >> 8);
441     out[2] = (unsigned char)(strm->adler >> 16);
442     out[3] = (unsigned char)(strm->adler >> 24);
443     out[4] = (unsigned char)(strm->total_in);
444     out[5] = (unsigned char)(strm->total_in >> 8);
445     out[6] = (unsigned char)(strm->total_in >> 16);
446     out[7] = (unsigned char)(strm->total_in >> 24);
447     len = 8;
448     do {
449         ret = write(gd, out + 8 - len, len);
450         if (ret == -1) bye("writing gzip file", "");
451         len -= ret;
452     } while (len);
453     close(gd);
454 }

456 /* clean up and return */

```

```

457 free(out);
458 free(in);
459 if (fd > 0) close(fd);
460 }

462 /* process the compression level option if present, scan the gzip file, and
463 append the specified files, or append the data from stdin if no other file
464 names are provided on the command line -- the gzip file must be writable
465 and seekable */
466 int main(int argc, char **argv)
467 {
468     int gd, level;
469     z_stream strm;

471     /* ignore command name */
472     argc--; argv++;

474     /* provide usage if no arguments */
475     if (*argv == NULL) {
476         printf(
477             "gzappend 1.2 (11 Oct 2012) Copyright (C) 2003, 2012 Mark Adler\n"
478             );
479         printf(
480             "usage: gzappend [-level] file.gz [ addthis [ andthis ... ]]\n");
481         return 0;
482     }

484     /* set compression level */
485     level = Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION;
486     if (argv[0][0] == '-') {
487         if (argv[0][1] < '0' || argv[0][1] > '9' || argv[0][2] != 0)
488             bye("invalid compression level", "");
489         level = argv[0][1] - '0';
490         if (++argv == NULL) bye("no gzip file name after options", "");
491     }

493     /* prepare to append to gzip file */
494     gd = gzscan(*argv++, &strm, level);

496     /* append files on command line, or from stdin if none */
497     if (*argv == NULL)
498         gzack(NULL, gd, &strm, 1);
499     else
500         do {
501             gzack(*argv, gd, &strm, argv[1] == NULL);
502         } while (++argv != NULL);
503     return 0;
504 }

```

```

*****
14132 Wed Apr 1 15:57:25 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/gzjoin.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* gzjoin -- command to join gzip files into one gzip file

3 Copyright (C) 2004, 2005, 2012 Mark Adler, all rights reserved
4 version 1.2, 14 Aug 2012

6 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
7 warranty. In no event will the author be held liable for any damages
8 arising from the use of this software.

10 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
11 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
12 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

14 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
15 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
16 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
17 appreciated but is not required.
18 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
19 misrepresented as being the original software.
20 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

22 Mark Adler madler@alumni.caltech.edu
23 */

25 /*
26 * Change history:
27 *
28 * 1.0 11 Dec 2004 - First version
29 * 1.1 12 Jun 2005 - Changed ssize_t to long for portability
30 * 1.2 14 Aug 2012 - Clean up for z_const usage
31 */

33 /*
34 gzjoin takes one or more gzip files on the command line and writes out a
35 single gzip file that will uncompress to the concatenation of the
36 uncompressed data from the individual gzip files. gzjoin does this without
37 having to recompress any of the data and without having to calculate a new
38 crc32 for the concatenated uncompressed data. gzjoin does however have to
39 decompress all of the input data in order to find the bits in the compressed
40 data that need to be modified to concatenate the streams.

42 gzjoin does not do an integrity check on the input gzip files other than
43 checking the gzip header and decompressing the compressed data. They are
44 otherwise assumed to be complete and correct.

46 Each joint between gzip files removes at least 18 bytes of previous trailer
47 and subsequent header, and inserts an average of about three bytes to the
48 compressed data in order to connect the streams. The output gzip file
49 has a minimal ten-byte gzip header with no file name or modification time.

51 This program was written to illustrate the use of the Z_BLOCK option of
52 inflate() and the crc32_combine() function. gzjoin will not compile with
53 versions of zlib earlier than 1.2.3.
54 */

56 #include <stdio.h> /* fputs(), fprintf(), fwrite(), putc() */
57 #include <stdlib.h> /* exit(), malloc(), free() */
58 #include <fcntl.h> /* open() */
59 #include <unistd.h> /* close(), read(), lseek() */
60 #include "zlib.h"

```

```

61 /* crc32(), crc32_combine(), inflateInit2(), inflate(), inflateEnd() */

63 #define local static

65 /* exit with an error (return a value to allow use in an expression) */
66 local int bail(char *why1, char *why2)
67 {
68     fprintf(stderr, "gzjoin error: %s%s, output incomplete\n", why1, why2);
69     exit(1);
70     return 0;
71 }

73 /* -- simple buffered file input with access to the buffer -- */

75 #define CHUNK 32768 /* must be a power of two and fit in unsigned */

77 /* bin buffered input file type */
78 typedef struct {
79     char *name; /* name of file for error messages */
80     int fd; /* file descriptor */
81     unsigned left; /* bytes remaining at next */
82     unsigned char *next; /* next byte to read */
83     unsigned char *buf; /* allocated buffer of length CHUNK */
84 } bin;

86 /* close a buffered file and free allocated memory */
87 local void bclose(bin *in)
88 {
89     if (in != NULL) {
90         if (in->fd != -1)
91             close(in->fd);
92         if (in->buf != NULL)
93             free(in->buf);
94         free(in);
95     }
96 }

98 /* open a buffered file for input, return a pointer to type bin, or NULL on
99 failure */
100 local bin *bopen(char *name)
101 {
102     bin *in;

104     in = malloc(sizeof(bin));
105     if (in == NULL)
106         return NULL;
107     in->buf = malloc(CHUNK);
108     in->fd = open(name, O_RDONLY, 0);
109     if (in->buf == NULL || in->fd == -1) {
110         bclose(in);
111         return NULL;
112     }
113     in->left = 0;
114     in->next = in->buf;
115     in->name = name;
116     return in;
117 }

119 /* load buffer from file, return -1 on read error, 0 or 1 on success, with
120 1 indicating that end-of-file was reached */
121 local int bload(bin *in)
122 {
123     long len;

125     if (in == NULL)
126         return -1;

```

```

127     if (in->left != 0)
128         return 0;
129     in->next = in->buf;
130     do {
131         len = (long)read(in->fd, in->buf + in->left, CHUNK - in->left);
132         if (len < 0)
133             return -1;
134         in->left += (unsigned)len;
135     } while (len != 0 && in->left < CHUNK);
136     return len == 0 ? 1 : 0;
137 }

139 /* get a byte from the file, bail if end of file */
140 #define bget(in) (in->left ? 0 : bload(in), \
141                 in->left ? (in->left--, *(in->next)++) : \
142                 bail("unexpected end of file on ", in->name))

144 /* get a four-byte little-endian unsigned integer from file */
145 local unsigned long bget4(bin *in)
146 {
147     unsigned long val;

149     val = bget(in);
150     val += (unsigned long)(bget(in)) << 8;
151     val += (unsigned long)(bget(in)) << 16;
152     val += (unsigned long)(bget(in)) << 24;
153     return val;
154 }

156 /* skip bytes in file */
157 local void bskip(bin *in, unsigned skip)
158 {
159     /* check pointer */
160     if (in == NULL)
161         return;

163     /* easy case -- skip bytes in buffer */
164     if (skip <= in->left) {
165         in->left -= skip;
166         in->next += skip;
167         return;
168     }

170     /* skip what's in buffer, discard buffer contents */
171     skip -= in->left;
172     in->left = 0;

174     /* seek past multiples of CHUNK bytes */
175     if (skip > CHUNK) {
176         unsigned left;

178         left = skip & (CHUNK - 1);
179         if (left == 0) {
180             /* exact number of chunks: seek all the way minus one byte to check
181              * for end-of-file with a read */
182             lseek(in->fd, skip - 1, SEEK_CUR);
183             if (read(in->fd, in->buf, 1) != 1)
184                 bail("unexpected end of file on ", in->name);
185             return;
186         }

188         /* skip the integral chunks, update skip with remainder */
189         lseek(in->fd, skip - left, SEEK_CUR);
190         skip = left;
191     }

```

```

193     /* read more input and skip remainder */
194     bload(in);
195     if (skip > in->left)
196         bail("unexpected end of file on ", in->name);
197     in->left -= skip;
198     in->next += skip;
199 }

201 /* -- end of buffered input functions -- */

203 /* skip the gzip header from file in */
204 local void gzhead(bin *in)
205 {
206     int flags;

208     /* verify gzip magic header and compression method */
209     if (bget(in) != 0x1f || bget(in) != 0x8b || bget(in) != 8)
210         bail(in->name, " is not a valid gzip file");

212     /* get and verify flags */
213     flags = bget(in);
214     if ((flags & 0xe0) != 0)
215         bail("unknown reserved bits set in ", in->name);

217     /* skip modification time, extra flags, and os */
218     bskip(in, 6);

220     /* skip extra field if present */
221     if (flags & 4) {
222         unsigned len;

224         len = bget(in);
225         len += (unsigned)(bget(in)) << 8;
226         bskip(in, len);
227     }

229     /* skip file name if present */
230     if (flags & 8)
231         while (bget(in) != 0)
232             ;

234     /* skip comment if present */
235     if (flags & 16)
236         while (bget(in) != 0)
237             ;

239     /* skip header crc if present */
240     if (flags & 2)
241         bskip(in, 2);
242 }

244 /* write a four-byte little-endian unsigned integer to out */
245 local void put4(unsigned long val, FILE *out)
246 {
247     putc(val & 0xff, out);
248     putc((val >> 8) & 0xff, out);
249     putc((val >> 16) & 0xff, out);
250     putc((val >> 24) & 0xff, out);
251 }

253 /* Load up zlib stream from buffered input, bail if end of file */
254 local void zpull(z_stream *strm, bin *in)
255 {
256     if (in->left == 0)
257         bload(in);
258     if (in->left == 0)

```



```

259     bail("unexpected end of file on ", in->name);
260     strm->avail_in = in->left;
261     strm->next_in = in->next;
262 }

264 /* Write header for gzip file to out and initialize trailer. */
265 local void gzinit(unsigned long *crc, unsigned long *tot, FILE *out)
266 {
267     fwrite("\x1f\x8b\x08\0\0\0\0\xff", 1, 10, out);
268     *crc = crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
269     *tot = 0;
270 }

272 /* Copy the compressed data from name, zeroing the last block bit of the last
273 block if clr is true, and adding empty blocks as needed to get to a byte
274 boundary. If clr is false, then the last block becomes the last block of
275 the output, and the gzip trailer is written. crc and tot maintains the
276 crc and length (modulo 2^32) of the output for the trailer. The resulting
277 gzip file is written to out. gzinit() must be called before the first call
278 of gzcopy() to write the gzip header and to initialize crc and tot. */
279 local void gzcopy(char *name, int clr, unsigned long *crc, unsigned long *tot,
280 FILE *out)
281 {
282     int ret;          /* return value from zlib functions */
283     int pos;         /* where the "last block" bit is in byte */
284     int last;       /* true if processing the last block */
285     bin *in;       /* buffered input file */
286     unsigned char *start; /* start of compressed data in buffer */
287     unsigned char *junk; /* buffer for uncompressed data -- discarded */
288     z_off_t len;    /* length of uncompressed data (support > 4 GB) */
289     z_stream strm; /* zlib inflate stream */

291     /* open gzip file and skip header */
292     in = bopen(name);
293     if (in == NULL)
294         bail("could not open ", name);
295     gzhead(in);

297     /* allocate buffer for uncompressed data and initialize raw inflate
298 stream */
299     junk = malloc(CHUNK);
300     strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
301     strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
302     strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
303     strm.avail_in = 0;
304     strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
305     ret = inflateInit2(&strm, -15);
306     if (junk == NULL || ret != Z_OK)
307         bail("out of memory", "");

309     /* inflate and copy compressed data, clear last-block bit if requested */
310     len = 0;
311     zpull(&strm, in);
312     start = in->next;
313     last = start[0] & 1;
314     if (last && clr)
315         start[0] &= ~1;
316     strm.avail_out = 0;
317     for (;;) {
318         /* if input used and output done, write used input and get more */
319         if (strm.avail_in == 0 && strm.avail_out != 0) {
320             fwrite(start, 1, strm.next_in - start, out);
321             start = in->buf;
322             in->left = 0;
323             zpull(&strm, in);
324         }

```

```

326     /* decompress -- return early when end-of-block reached */
327     strm.avail_out = CHUNK;
328     strm.next_out = junk;
329     ret = inflate(&strm, Z_BLOCK);
330     switch (ret) {
331     case Z_MEM_ERROR:
332         bail("out of memory", "");
333     case Z_DATA_ERROR:
334         bail("invalid compressed data in ", in->name);
335     }

337     /* update length of uncompressed data */
338     len += CHUNK - strm.avail_out;

340     /* check for block boundary (only get this when block copied out) */
341     if (strm.data_type & 128) {
342         /* if that was the last block, then done */
343         if (last)
344             break;

346         /* number of unused bits in last byte */
347         pos = strm.data_type & 7;

349         /* find the next last-block bit */
350         if (pos != 0) {
351             /* next last-block bit is in last used byte */
352             pos = 0x100 >> pos;
353             last = strm.next_in[-1] & pos;
354             if (last && clr)
355                 in->buf[strm.next_in - in->buf - 1] &= ~pos;
356         }
357     } else {
358         /* next last-block bit is in next unused byte */
359         if (strm.avail_in == 0) {
360             /* don't have that byte yet -- get it */
361             fwrite(start, 1, strm.next_in - start, out);
362             start = in->buf;
363             in->left = 0;
364             zpull(&strm, in);
365         }
366         last = strm.next_in[0] & 1;
367         if (last && clr)
368             in->buf[strm.next_in - in->buf] &= ~1;
369     }
370 }

371 }

373     /* update buffer with unused input */
374     in->left = strm.avail_in;
375     in->next = in->buf + (strm.next_in - in->buf);

377     /* copy used input, write empty blocks to get to byte boundary */
378     pos = strm.data_type & 7;
379     fwrite(start, 1, in->next - start - 1, out);
380     last = in->next[-1];
381     if (pos == 0 || !clr)
382         /* already at byte boundary, or last file: write last byte */
383         putc(last, out);
384     else {
385         /* append empty blocks to last byte */
386         last &= ((0x100 >> pos) - 1); /* assure unused bits are zero */
387         if (pos & 1) {
388             /* odd -- append an empty stored block */
389             putc(last, out);
390             if (pos == 1)

```

```
391         putc(0, out);          /* two more bits in block header */
392         fwrite("\0\0\xff\xff", 1, 4, out);
393     }
394     else {
395         /* even -- append 1, 2, or 3 empty fixed blocks */
396         switch (pos) {
397             case 6:
398                 putc(last | 8, out);
399                 last = 0;
400             case 4:
401                 putc(last | 0x20, out);
402                 last = 0;
403             case 2:
404                 putc(last | 0x80, out);
405                 putc(0, out);
406         }
407     }
408 }
409
410 /* update crc and tot */
411 *crc = crc32_combine(*crc, bget4(in), len);
412 *tot += (unsigned long)len;
413
414 /* clean up */
415 inflateEnd(&strm);
416 free(junk);
417 bclose(in);
418
419 /* write trailer if this is the last gzip file */
420 if (!clr) {
421     put4(*crc, out);
422     put4(*tot, out);
423 }
424 }
425
426 /* join the gzip files on the command line, write result to stdout */
427 int main(int argc, char **argv)
428 {
429     unsigned long crc, tot;      /* running crc and total uncompressed length */
430
431     /* skip command name */
432     argc--;
433     argv++;
434
435     /* show usage if no arguments */
436     if (argc == 0) {
437         fputs("gzjoin usage: gzjoin f1.gz [f2.gz [f3.gz ...]] > fjoin.gz\n",
438             stderr);
439         return 0;
440     }
441
442     /* join gzip files on command line and write to stdout */
443     gzinit(&crc, &tot, stdout);
444     while (argc-- > 0)
445         gzcopyp(argv++, argc, &crc, &tot, stdout);
446
447     /* done */
448     return 0;
449 }
```

```

*****
41467 Wed Apr 1 15:57:26 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/gzlog.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * gzlog.c
3  * Copyright (C) 2004, 2008, 2012 Mark Adler, all rights reserved
4  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in gzlog.h
5  * version 2.2, 14 Aug 2012
6  */

8 /*
9  gzlog provides a mechanism for frequently appending short strings to a gzip
10 file that is efficient both in execution time and compression ratio. The
11 strategy is to write the short strings in an uncompressed form to the end of
12 the gzip file, only compressing when the amount of uncompressed data has
13 reached a given threshold.

15 gzlog also provides protection against interruptions in the process due to
16 system crashes. The status of the operation is recorded in an extra field
17 in the gzip file, and is only updated once the gzip file is brought to a
18 valid state. The last data to be appended or compressed is saved in an
19 auxiliary file, so that if the operation is interrupted, it can be completed
20 the next time an append operation is attempted.

22 gzlog maintains another auxiliary file with the last 32K of data from the
23 compressed portion, which is preloaded for the compression of the subsequent
24 data. This minimizes the impact to the compression ratio of appending.
25 */

27 /*
28 Operations Concept:

30 Files (log name "foo"):
31 foo.gz -- gzip file with the complete log
32 foo.add -- last message to append or last data to compress
33 foo.dict -- dictionary of the last 32K of data for next compression
34 foo.temp -- temporary dictionary file for compression after this one
35 foo.lock -- lock file for reading and writing the other files
36 foo.repairs -- log file for log file recovery operations (not compressed)

38 gzip file structure:
39 - fixed-length (no file name) header with extra field (see below)
40 - compressed data ending initially with empty stored block
41 - uncompressed data filling out originally empty stored block and
42   subsequent stored blocks as needed (16K max each)
43 - gzip trailer
44 - no junk at end (no other gzip streams)

46 When appending data, the information in the first three items above plus the
47 foo.add file are sufficient to recover an interrupted append operation. The
48 extra field has the necessary information to restore the start of the last
49 stored block and determine where to append the data in the foo.add file, as
50 well as the crc and length of the gzip data before the append operation.

52 The foo.add file is created before the gzip file is marked for append, and
53 deleted after the gzip file is marked as complete. So if the append
54 operation is interrupted, the data to add will still be there. If due to
55 some external force, the foo.add file gets deleted between when the append
56 operation was interrupted and when recovery is attempted, the gzip file will
57 still be restored, but without the appended data.

59 When compressing data, the information in the first two items above plus the
60 foo.add file are sufficient to recover an interrupted compress operation.

```

```

61 The extra field has the necessary information to find the end of the
62 compressed data, and contains both the crc and length of just the compressed
63 data and of the complete set of data including the contents of the foo.add
64 file.

66 Again, the foo.add file is maintained during the compress operation in case
67 of an interruption. If in the unlikely event the foo.add file with the data
68 to be compressed is missing due to some external force, a gzip file with
69 just the previous compressed data will be reconstructed. In this case, all
70 of the data that was to be compressed is lost (approximately one megabyte).
71 This will not occur if all that happened was an interruption of the compress
72 operation.

74 The third state that is marked is the replacement of the old dictionary with
75 the new dictionary after a compress operation. Once compression is
76 complete, the gzip file is marked as being in the replace state. This
77 completes the gzip file, so an interrupt after being so marked does not
78 result in recompression. Then the dictionary file is replaced, and the gzip
79 file is marked as completed. This state prevents the possibility of
80 restarting compression with the wrong dictionary file.

82 All three operations are wrapped by a lock/unlock procedure. In order to
83 gain exclusive access to the log files, first a foo.lock file must be
84 exclusively created. When all operations are complete, the lock is
85 released by deleting the foo.lock file. If when attempting to create the
86 lock file, it already exists and the modify time of the lock file is more
87 than five minutes old (set by the PATIENCE define below), then the old
88 lock file is considered stale and deleted, and the exclusive creation of
89 the lock file is retried. To assure that there are no false assessments
90 of the staleness of the lock file, the operations periodically touch the
91 lock file to update the modified date.

93 Following is the definition of the extra field with all of the information
94 required to enable the above append and compress operations and their
95 recovery if interrupted. Multi-byte values are stored little endian
96 (consistent with the gzip format). File pointers are eight bytes long.
97 The crc's and lengths for the gzip trailer are four bytes long. (Note that
98 the length at the end of a gzip file is used for error checking only, and
99 for large files is actually the length modulo 2^32.) The stored block
100 length is two bytes long. The gzip extra field two-byte identification is
101 "ap" for append. It is assumed that writing the extra field to the file is
102 an "atomic" operation. That is, either all of the extra field is written
103 to the file, or none of it is, if the operation is interrupted right at the
104 point of updating the extra field. This is a reasonable assumption, since
105 the extra field is within the first 52 bytes of the file, which is smaller
106 than any expected block size for a mass storage device (usually 512 bytes or
107 larger).

109 Extra field (35 bytes):
110 - Pointer to first stored block length -- this points to the two-byte length
111   of the first stored block, which is followed by the two-byte, one's
112   complement of that length. The stored block length is preceded by the
113   three-bit header of the stored block, which is the actual start of the
114   stored block in the deflate format. See the bit offset field below.
115 - Pointer to the last stored block length. This is the same as above, but
116   for the last stored block of the uncompressed data in the gzip file.
117   Initially this is the same as the first stored block length pointer.
118   When the stored block gets to 16K (see the MAX_STORE define), then a new
119   stored block as added, at which point the last stored block length pointer
120   is different from the first stored block length pointer. When they are
121   different, the first bit of the last stored block header is eight bits, or
122   one byte back from the block length.
123 - Compressed data crc and length. This is the crc and length of the data
124   that is in the compressed portion of the deflate stream. These are used
125   only in the event that the foo.add file containing the data to compress is
126   lost after a compress operation is interrupted.

```

```

127 - Total data crc and length. This is the crc and length of all of the data
128 stored in the gzip file, compressed and uncompressed. It is used to
129 reconstruct the gzip trailer when compressing, as well as when recovering
130 interrupted operations.
131 - Final stored block length. This is used to quickly find where to append,
132 and allows the restoration of the original final stored block state when
133 an append operation is interrupted.
134 - First stored block start as the number of bits back from the final stored
135 block first length byte. This value is in the range of 3..10, and is
136 stored as the low three bits of the final byte of the extra field after
137 subtracting three (0..7). This allows the last-block bit of the stored
138 block header to be updated when a new stored block is added, for the case
139 when the first stored block and the last stored block are the same. (When
140 they are different, the numbers of bits back is known to be eight.) This
141 also allows for new compressed data to be appended to the old compressed
142 data in the compress operation, overwriting the previous first stored
143 block, or for the compressed data to be terminated and a valid gzip file
144 reconstructed on the off chance that a compression operation was
145 interrupted and the data to compress in the foo.add file was deleted.
146 - The operation in process. This is the next two bits in the last byte (the
147 bits under the mask 0x18). The are interpreted as 0: nothing in process,
148 1: append in process, 2: compress in process, 3: replace in process.
149 - The top three bits of the last byte in the extra field are reserved and
150 are currently set to zero.

152 Main procedure:
153 - Exclusively create the foo.lock file using the O_CREAT and O_EXCL modes of
154 the system open() call. If the modify time of an existing lock file is
155 more than PATIENCE seconds old, then the lock file is deleted and the
156 exclusive create is retried.
157 - Load the extra field from the foo.gz file, and see if an operation was in
158 progress but not completed. If so, apply the recovery procedure below.
159 - Perform the append procedure with the provided data.
160 - If the uncompressed data in the foo.gz file is 1MB or more, apply the
161 compress procedure.
162 - Delete the foo.lock file.

164 Append procedure:
165 - Put what to append in the foo.add file so that the operation can be
166 restarted if this procedure is interrupted.
167 - Mark the foo.gz extra field with the append operation in progress.
168 + Restore the original last-block bit and stored block length of the last
169 stored block from the information in the extra field, in case a previous
170 append operation was interrupted.
171 - Append the provided data to the last stored block, creating new stored
172 blocks as needed and updating the stored blocks last-block bits and
173 lengths.
174 - Update the crc and length with the new data, and write the gzip trailer.
175 - Write over the extra field (with a single write operation) with the new
176 pointers, lengths, and crc's, and mark the gzip file as not in process.
177 Though there is still a foo.add file, it will be ignored since nothing
178 is in process. If a foo.add file is leftover from a previously
179 completed operation, it is truncated when writing new data to it.
180 - Delete the foo.add file.

182 Compress and replace procedures:
183 - Read all of the uncompressed data in the stored blocks in foo.gz and write
184 it to foo.add. Also write foo.temp with the last 32K of that data to
185 provide a dictionary for the next invocation of this procedure.
186 - Rewrite the extra field marking foo.gz with a compression in process.
187 * If there is no data provided to compress (due to a missing foo.add file
188 when recovering), reconstruct and truncate the foo.gz file to contain
189 only the previous compressed data and proceed to the step after the next
190 one. Otherwise ...
191 - Compress the data with the dictionary in foo.dict, and write to the
192 foo.gz file starting at the bit immediately following the last previously

```

```

193 compressed block. If there is no foo.dict, proceed anyway with the
194 compression at slightly reduced efficiency. (For the foo.dict file to be
195 missing requires some external failure beyond simply the interruption of
196 a compress operation.) During this process, the foo.lock file is
197 periodically touched to assure that that file is not considered stale by
198 another process before we're done. The deflation is terminated with a
199 non-last empty static block (10 bits long), that is then located and
200 written over by a last-bit-set empty stored block.
201 - Append the crc and length of the data in the gzip file (previously
202 calculated during the append operations).
203 - Write over the extra field with the updated stored block offsets, bits
204 back, crc's, and lengths, and mark foo.gz as in process for a replacement
205 of the dictionary.
206 @ Delete the foo.add file.
207 - Replace foo.dict with foo.temp.
208 - Write over the extra field, marking foo.gz as complete.

210 Recovery procedure:
211 - If not a replace recovery, read in the foo.add file, and provide that data
212 to the appropriate recovery below. If there is no foo.add file, provide
213 a zero data length to the recovery. In that case, the append recovery
214 restores the foo.gz to the previous compressed + uncompressed data state.
215 For the the compress recovery, a missing foo.add file results in foo.gz
216 being restored to the previous compressed-only data state.
217 - Append recovery:
218   - Pick up append at + step above
219 - Compress recovery:
220   - Pick up compress at * step above
221 - Replace recovery:
222   - Pick up compress at @ step above
223 - Log the repair with a date stamp in foo.repairs
224 */

226 #include <sys/types.h>
227 #include <stdio.h> /* rename, fopen, fprintf, fclose */
228 #include <stdlib.h> /* malloc, free */
229 #include <string.h> /* strlen, strrchr, strcpy, strncpy, strcmp */
230 #include <fcntl.h> /* open */
231 #include <unistd.h> /* lseek, read, write, close, unlink, sleep, */
232 /* ftruncate, fsync */
233 #include <errno.h> /* errno */
234 #include <time.h> /* time, ctime */
235 #include <sys/stat.h> /* stat */
236 #include <sys/time.h> /* utimes */
237 #include "zlib.h" /* crc32 */

239 #include "gzlog.h" /* header for external access */

241 #define local static
242 typedef unsigned int uint;
243 typedef unsigned long ulong;

245 /* Macro for debugging to deterministically force recovery operations */
246 #ifdef DEBUG
247     #include <setjmp.h> /* longjmp */
248     jmp_buf gzlog_jump; /* where to go back to */
249     int gzlog_bail = 0; /* which point to bail at (1..8) */
250     int gzlog_count = -1; /* number of times through to wait */
251     # define BAIL(n) do { if (n == gzlog_bail && gzlog_count-- == 0) \
252         longjmp(gzlog_jump, gzlog_bail); } while (0)
253 #else
254     # define BAIL(n)
255 #endif

257 /* how old the lock file can be in seconds before considering it stale */
258 #define PATIENCE 300

```

```

260 /* maximum stored block size in Kbytes -- must be in 1..63 */
261 #define MAX_STORE 16

263 /* number of stored Kbytes to trigger compression (must be >= 32 to allow
264 dictionary construction, and <= 204 * MAX_STORE, in order for >> 10 to
265 discard the stored block headers contribution of five bytes each) */
266 #define TRIGGER 1024

268 /* size of a deflate dictionary (this cannot be changed) */
269 #define DICT 32768U

271 /* values for the operation (2 bits) */
272 #define NO_OP 0
273 #define APPEND_OP 1
274 #define COMPRESS_OP 2
275 #define REPLACE_OP 3

277 /* macros to extract little-endian integers from an unsigned byte buffer */
278 #define PULL2(p) ((p)[0]+((uint)((p)[1]<<8))
279 #define PULL4(p) (PULL2(p)+((ulong)PULL2(p+2)<<16))
280 #define PULL8(p) (PULL4(p)+((off_t)PULL4(p+4)<<32))

282 /* macros to store integers into a byte buffer in little-endian order */
283 #define PUT2(p,a) do {(p)[0]=a;(p)[1]=(a)>>8;} while(0)
284 #define PUT4(p,a) do {PUT2(p,a);PUT2(p+2,a>>16);} while(0)
285 #define PUT8(p,a) do {PUT4(p,a);PUT4(p+4,a>>32);} while(0)

287 /* internal structure for log information */
288 #define LOGID "\106\035\172" /* should be three non-zero characters */
289 struct log {
290     char id[4]; /* contains LOGID to detect inadvertent overwrites */
291     int fd; /* file descriptor for .gz file, opened read/write */
292     char *path; /* allocated path, e.g. "/var/log/foo" or "foo" */
293     char *end; /* end of path, for appending suffixes such as ".gz" */
294     off_t first; /* offset of first stored block first length byte */
295     int back; /* location of first block id in bits back from first */
296     uint stored; /* bytes currently in last stored block */
297     off_t last; /* offset of last stored block first length byte */
298     ulong ccrc; /* crc of compressed data */
299     ulong clen; /* length (modulo 2^32) of compressed data */
300     ulong tcrc; /* crc of total data */
301     ulong tlen; /* length (modulo 2^32) of total data */
302     time_t lock; /* last modify time of our lock file */
303 };

305 /* gzip header for gzlog */
306 local unsigned char log_gzhead[] = {
307     0x1f, 0x8b, /* magic gzip id */
308     8, /* compression method is deflate */
309     4, /* there is an extra field (no file name) */
310     0, 0, 0, 0, /* no modification time provided */
311     0, 0xff, /* no extra flags, no OS specified */
312     39, 0, 'a', 'p', 35, 0 /* extra field with "ap" subfield */
313 };
314 };

316 #define HEAD sizeof(log_gzhead) /* should be 16 */

318 /* initial gzip extra field content (52 == HEAD + EXTRA + 1) */
319 local unsigned char log_gzext[] = {
320     52, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, /* offset of first stored block length */
321     52, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, /* offset of last stored block length */
322     0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, /* compressed data crc and length */
323     0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, /* total data crc and length */
324     0, 0, /* final stored block data length */

```

```

325     5 /* op is NO_OP, last bit 8 bits back */
326 };

328 #define EXTRA sizeof(log_gzext) /* should be 35 */

330 /* initial gzip data and trailer */
331 local unsigned char log_gzbody[] = {
332     1, 0, 0, 0xff, 0xff, /* empty stored block (last) */
333     0, 0, 0, 0, /* crc */
334     0, 0, 0, 0 /* uncompressed length */
335 };

337 #define BODY sizeof(log_gzbody)

339 /* Exclusively create foo.lock in order to negotiate exclusive access to the
340 foo.* files. If the modify time of an existing lock file is greater than
341 PATIENCE seconds in the past, then consider the lock file to have been
342 abandoned, delete it, and try the exclusive create again. Save the lock
343 file modify time for verification of ownership. Return 0 on success, or -1
344 on failure, usually due to an access restriction or invalid path. Note that
345 if stat() or unlink() fails, it may be due to another process noticing the
346 abandoned lock file a smidge sooner and deleting it, so those are not
347 flagged as an error. */
348 local int log_lock(struct log *log)
349 {
350     int fd;
351     struct stat st;

353     strcpy(log->end, ".lock");
354     while ((fd = open(log->path, O_CREAT | O_EXCL, 0644)) < 0) {
355         if (errno != EEXIST)
356             return -1;
357         if (stat(log->path, &st) == 0 && time(NULL) - st.st_mtime > PATIENCE) {
358             unlink(log->path);
359             continue;
360         }
361         sleep(2); /* relinquish the CPU for two seconds while waiting */
362     }
363     close(fd);
364     if (stat(log->path, &st) == 0)
365         log->lock = st.st_mtime;
366     return 0;
367 }

369 /* Update the modify time of the lock file to now, in order to prevent another
370 task from thinking that the lock is stale. Save the lock file modify time
371 for verification of ownership. */
372 local void log_touch(struct log *log)
373 {
374     struct stat st;

376     strcpy(log->end, ".lock");
377     utimes(log->path, NULL);
378     if (stat(log->path, &st) == 0)
379         log->lock = st.st_mtime;
380 }

382 /* Check the log file modify time against what is expected. Return true if
383 this is not our lock. If it is our lock, touch it to keep it. */
384 local int log_check(struct log *log)
385 {
386     struct stat st;

388     strcpy(log->end, ".lock");
389     if (stat(log->path, &st) || st.st_mtime != log->lock)
390         return 1;

```

```

391 log_touch(log);
392 return 0;
393 }

395 /* Unlock a previously acquired lock, but only if it's ours. */
396 local void log_unlock(struct log *log)
397 {
398     if (log_check(log))
399         return;
400     strcpy(log->end, ".lock");
401     unlink(log->path);
402     log->lock = 0;
403 }

405 /* Check the gzip header and read in the extra field, filling in the values in
406 the log structure. Return op on success or -1 if the gzip header was not as
407 expected. op is the current operation in progress last written to the extra
408 field. This assumes that the gzip file has already been opened, with the
409 file descriptor log->fd. */
410 local int log_head(struct log *log)
411 {
412     int op;
413     unsigned char buf[HEAD + EXTRA];

415     if (lseek(log->fd, 0, SEEK_SET) < 0 ||
416         read(log->fd, buf, HEAD + EXTRA) != HEAD + EXTRA ||
417         memcmp(buf, log_gzhead, HEAD)) {
418         return -1;
419     }
420     log->first = PULL8(buf + HEAD);
421     log->last = PULL8(buf + HEAD + 8);
422     log->ccrc = PULL4(buf + HEAD + 16);
423     log->crlen = PULL4(buf + HEAD + 20);
424     log->tcrc = PULL4(buf + HEAD + 24);
425     log->tlen = PULL4(buf + HEAD + 28);
426     log->stored = PULL2(buf + HEAD + 32);
427     log->back = 3 + (buf[HEAD + 34] & 7);
428     op = (buf[HEAD + 34] >> 3) & 3;
429     return op;
430 }

432 /* Write over the extra field contents, marking the operation as op. Use fsync
433 to assure that the device is written to, and in the requested order. This
434 operation, and only this operation, is assumed to be atomic in order to
435 assure that the log is recoverable in the event of an interruption at any
436 point in the process. Return -1 if the write to foo.gz failed. */
437 local int log_mark(struct log *log, int op)
438 {
439     int ret;
440     unsigned char ext[EXTRA];

442     PUT8(ext, log->first);
443     PUT8(ext + 8, log->last);
444     PUT4(ext + 16, log->ccrc);
445     PUT4(ext + 20, log->crlen);
446     PUT4(ext + 24, log->tcrc);
447     PUT4(ext + 28, log->tlen);
448     PUT2(ext + 32, log->stored);
449     ext[34] = log->back - 3 + (op << 3);
450     fsync(log->fd);
451     ret = lseek(log->fd, HEAD, SEEK_SET) < 0 ||
452         write(log->fd, ext, EXTRA) != EXTRA ? -1 : 0;
453     fsync(log->fd);
454     return ret;
455 }

```

```

457 /* Rewrite the last block header bits and subsequent zero bits to get to a byte
458 boundary, setting the last block bit if last is true, and then write the
459 remainder of the stored block header (length and one's complement). Leave
460 the file pointer after the end of the last stored block data. Return -1 if
461 there is a read or write failure on the foo.gz file */
462 local int log_last(struct log *log, int last)
463 {
464     int back, len, mask;
465     unsigned char buf[6];

467     /* determine the locations of the bytes and bits to modify */
468     back = log->last == log->first ? log->back : 8;
469     len = back > 8 ? 2 : 1;          /* bytes back from log->last */
470     mask = 0x80 >> ((back - 1) & 7); /* mask for block last-bit */

472     /* get the byte to modify (one or two back) into buf[0] -- don't need to
473     read the byte if the last-bit is eight bits back, since in that case
474     the entire byte will be modified */
475     buf[0] = 0;
476     if (back != 8 && (lseek(log->fd, log->last - len, SEEK_SET) < 0 ||
477         read(log->fd, buf, 1) != 1))
478         return -1;

480     /* change the last-bit of the last stored block as requested -- note
481     that all bits above the last-bit are set to zero, per the type bits
482     of a stored block being 00 and per the convention that the bits to
483     bring the stream to a byte boundary are also zeros */
484     buf[1] = 0;
485     buf[2 - len] = (*buf & (mask - 1)) + (last ? mask : 0);

487     /* write the modified stored block header and lengths, move the file
488     pointer to after the last stored block data */
489     PUT2(buf + 2, log->stored);
490     PUT2(buf + 4, log->stored ^ 0xffff);
491     return lseek(log->fd, log->last - len, SEEK_SET) < 0 ||
492         write(log->fd, buf + 2 - len, len + 4) != len + 4 ||
493         lseek(log->fd, log->stored, SEEK_CUR) < 0 ? -1 : 0;
494 }

496 /* Append len bytes from data to the locked and open log file. len may be zero
497 if recovering and no .add file was found. In that case, the previous state
498 of the foo.gz file is restored. The data is appended uncompressed in
499 deflate stored blocks. Return -1 if there was an error reading or writing
500 the foo.gz file. */
501 local int log_append(struct log *log, unsigned char *data, size_t len)
502 {
503     uint put;
504     off_t end;
505     unsigned char buf[8];

507     /* set the last block last-bit and length, in case recovering an
508     interrupted append, then position the file pointer to append to the
509     block */
510     if (log_last(log, 1))
511         return -1;

513     /* append, adding stored blocks and updating the offset of the last stored
514     block as needed, and update the total crc and length */
515     while (len) {
516         /* append as much as we can to the last block */
517         put = (MAX_STORE << 10) - log->stored;
518         if (put > len)
519             put = (uint)len;
520         if (put) {
521             if (write(log->fd, data, put) != put)
522                 return -1;

```

```

523     BAIL(1);
524     log->tcrc = crc32(log->tcrc, data, put);
525     log->tlen += put;
526     log->stored += put;
527     data += put;
528     len -= put;
529 }

531 /* if we need to, add a new empty stored block */
532 if (len) {
533     /* mark current block as not last */
534     if (log_last(log, 0))
535         return -1;

537     /* point to new, empty stored block */
538     log->last += 4 + log->stored + 1;
539     log->stored = 0;
540 }

542 /* mark last block as last, update its length */
543 if (log_last(log, 1))
544     return -1;
545 BAIL(2);
546 }

548 /* write the new crc and length trailer, and truncate just in case (could
549 be recovering from partial append with a missing foo.add file) */
550 PUT4(buf, log->tcrc);
551 PUT4(buf + 4, log->tlen);
552 if (write(log->fd, buf, 8) != 8 ||
553     (end = lseek(log->fd, 0, SEEK_CUR)) < 0 || ftruncate(log->fd, end))
554     return -1;

556 /* write the extra field, marking the log file as done, delete .add file */
557 if (log_mark(log, NO_OP))
558     return -1;
559 strcpy(log->end, ".add");
560 unlink(log->path); /* ignore error, since may not exist */
561 return 0;
562 }

564 /* Replace the foo.dict file with the foo.temp file. Also delete the foo.add
565 file, since the compress operation may have been interrupted before that was
566 done. Returns 1 if memory could not be allocated, or -1 if reading or
567 writing foo.gz fails, or if the rename fails for some reason other than
568 foo.temp not existing. foo.temp not existing is a permitted error, since
569 the replace operation may have been interrupted after the rename is done,
570 but before foo.gz is marked as complete. */
571 local int log_replace(struct log *log)
572 {
573     int ret;
574     char *dest;

576     /* delete foo.add file */
577     strcpy(log->end, ".add");
578     unlink(log->path); /* ignore error, since may not exist */
579     BAIL(3);

581     /* rename foo.name to foo.dict, replacing foo.dict if it exists */
582     strcpy(log->end, ".dict");
583     dest = malloc(strlen(log->path) + 1);
584     if (dest == NULL)
585         return -2;
586     strcpy(dest, log->path);
587     strcpy(log->end, ".temp");
588     ret = rename(log->path, dest);

```

```

589     free(dest);
590     if (ret && errno != ENOENT)
591         return -1;
592     BAIL(4);

594     /* mark the foo.gz file as done */
595     return log_mark(log, NO_OP);
596 }

598 /* Compress the len bytes at data and append the compressed data to the
599 foo.gz deflate data immediately after the previous compressed data. This
600 overwrites the previous uncompressed data, which was stored in foo.add
601 and is the data provided in data[0..len-1]. If this operation is
602 interrupted, it picks up at the start of this routine, with the foo.add
603 file read in again. If there is no data to compress (len == 0), then we
604 simply terminate the foo.gz file after the previously compressed data,
605 appending a final empty stored block and the gzip trailer. Return -1 if
606 reading or writing the log.gz file failed, or -2 if there was a memory
607 allocation failure. */
608 local int log_compress(struct log *log, unsigned char *data, size_t len)
609 {
610     int fd;
611     uint got, max;
612     ssize_t dict;
613     off_t end;
614     z_stream strm;
615     unsigned char buf[DICTIONARY];

617     /* compress and append compressed data */
618     if (len) {
619         /* set up for deflate, allocating memory */
620         strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
621         strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
622         strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
623         if (deflateInit2(&strm, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION, Z_DEFLATED, -15, 8,
624             Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY) != Z_OK)
625             return -2;

627         /* read in dictionary (last 32K of data that was compressed) */
628         strcpy(log->end, ".dict");
629         fd = open(log->path, O_RDONLY, 0);
630         if (fd >= 0) {
631             dict = read(fd, buf, DICTIONARY);
632             close(fd);
633             if (dict < 0) {
634                 deflateEnd(&strm);
635                 return -1;
636             }
637             if (dict)
638                 deflateSetDictionary(&strm, buf, (uint)dict);
639         }
640         log_touch(log);

642         /* prime deflate with last bits of previous block, position write
643 pointer to write those bits and overwrite what follows */
644         if (lseek(log->fd, log->first - (log->back > 8 ? 2 : 1),
645             SEEK_SET) < 0 ||
646             read(log->fd, buf, 1) != 1 || lseek(log->fd, -1, SEEK_CUR) < 0) {
647             deflateEnd(&strm);
648             return -1;
649         }
650         deflatePrime(&strm, (8 - log->back) & 7, *buf);

652         /* compress, finishing with a partial non-last empty static block */
653         strm.next_in = data;
654         max = (((uint)0 - 1) >> 1) + 1; /* in case int smaller than size_t */

```

```

655     do {
656         strm.avail_in = len > max ? max : (uint)len;
657         len -= strm.avail_in;
658         do {
659             strm.avail_out = DICT;
660             strm.next_out = buf;
661             deflate(&strm, len ? Z_NO_FLUSH : Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH);
662             got = DICT - strm.avail_out;
663             if (got && write(log->fd, buf, got) != got) {
664                 deflateEnd(&strm);
665                 return -1;
666             }
667             log_touch(log);
668         } while (strm.avail_out == 0);
669     } while (len);
670     deflateEnd(&strm);
671     BAIL(5);

673     /* find start of empty static block -- scanning backwards the first one
674        bit is the second bit of the block, if the last byte is zero, then
675        we know the byte before that has a one in the top bit, since an
676        empty static block is ten bits long */
677     if ((log->first = lseek(log->fd, -1, SEEK_CUR)) < 0 ||
678         read(log->fd, buf, 1) != 1)
679         return -1;
680     log->first++;
681     if (*buf) {
682         log->back = 1;
683         while ((*buf & ((uint)1 << (8 - log->back++))) == 0)
684             ; /* guaranteed to terminate, since *buf != 0 */
685     }
686     else
687         log->back = 10;

689     /* update compressed crc and length */
690     log->ccrc = log->tcrc;
691     log->crlen = log->tlen;
692 }
693 else {
694     /* no data to compress -- fix up existing gzip stream */
695     log->tcrc = log->ccrc;
696     log->tlen = log->crlen;
697 }

699     /* complete and truncate gzip stream */
700     log->last = log->first;
701     log->stored = 0;
702     PUT4(buf, log->tcrc);
703     PUT4(buf + 4, log->tlen);
704     if (log_last(log, 1) || write(log->fd, buf, 8) != 8 ||
705         (end = lseek(log->fd, 0, SEEK_CUR)) < 0 || ftruncate(log->fd, end))
706         return -1;
707     BAIL(6);

709     /* mark as being in the replace operation */
710     if (log_mark(log, REPLACE_OP))
711         return -1;

713     /* execute the replace operation and mark the file as done */
714     return log_replace(log);
715 }

717 /* log a repair record to the .repairs file */
718 local void log_log(struct log *log, int op, char *record)
719 {
720     time_t now;

```

```

721     FILE *rec;

723     now = time(NULL);
724     strcpy(log->end, ".repairs");
725     rec = fopen(log->path, "a");
726     if (rec == NULL)
727         return;
728     fprintf(rec, "%.24s %s recovery: %s\n", ctime(&now), op == APPEND_OP ?
729         "append" : (op == COMPRESS_OP ? "compress" : "replace"), record);
730     fclose(rec);
731     return;
732 }

734 /* Recover the interrupted operation op. First read foo.add for recovering an
735 append or compress operation. Return -1 if there was an error reading or
736 writing foo.gz or reading an existing foo.add, or -2 if there was a memory
737 allocation failure. */
738 local int log_recover(struct log *log, int op)
739 {
740     int fd, ret = 0;
741     unsigned char *data = NULL;
742     size_t len = 0;
743     struct stat st;

745     /* log recovery */
746     log_log(log, op, "start");

748     /* load foo.add file if expected and present */
749     if (op == APPEND_OP || op == COMPRESS_OP) {
750         strcpy(log->end, ".add");
751         if (stat(log->path, &st) == 0 && st.st_size) {
752             len = (size_t)st.st_size;
753             if ((off_t)len != st.st_size ||
754                 (data = malloc(st.st_size)) == NULL) {
755                 log_log(log, op, "allocation failure");
756                 return -2;
757             }
758             if ((fd = open(log->path, O_RDONLY, 0)) < 0) {
759                 log_log(log, op, ".add file read failure");
760                 return -1;
761             }
762             ret = (size_t)read(fd, data, len) != len;
763             close(fd);
764             if (ret) {
765                 log_log(log, op, ".add file read failure");
766                 return -1;
767             }
768             log_log(log, op, "loaded .add file");
769         }
770         else
771             log_log(log, op, "missing .add file!");
772     }

774     /* recover the interrupted operation */
775     switch (op) {
776     case APPEND_OP:
777         ret = log_append(log, data, len);
778         break;
779     case COMPRESS_OP:
780         ret = log_compress(log, data, len);
781         break;
782     case REPLACE_OP:
783         ret = log_replace(log);
784     }

786     /* log status */

```



```

787     log_log(log, op, ret ? "failure" : "complete");
789     /* clean up */
790     if (data != NULL)
791         free(data);
792     return ret;
793 }

795 /* Close the foo.gz file (if open) and release the lock. */
796 local void log_close(struct log *log)
797 {
798     if (log->fd >= 0)
799         close(log->fd);
800     log->fd = -1;
801     log_unlock(log);
802 }

804 /* Open foo.gz, verify the header, and load the extra field contents, after
805 first creating the foo.lock file to gain exclusive access to the foo.*
806 files. If foo.gz does not exist or is empty, then write the initial header,
807 extra, and body content of an empty foo.gz log file. If there is an error
808 creating the lock file due to access restrictions, or an error reading or
809 writing the foo.gz file, or if the foo.gz file is not a proper log file for
810 this object (e.g. not a gzip file or does not contain the expected extra
811 field), then return true. If there is an error, the lock is released.
812 Otherwise, the lock is left in place. */
813 local int log_open(struct log *log)
814 {
815     int op;

817     /* release open file resource if left over -- can occur if lock lost
818 between gzlog_open() and gzlog_write() */
819     if (log->fd >= 0)
820         close(log->fd);
821     log->fd = -1;

823     /* negotiate exclusive access */
824     if (log_lock(log) < 0)
825         return -1;

827     /* open the log file, foo.gz */
828     strcpy(log->end, ".gz");
829     log->fd = open(log->path, O_RDWR | O_CREAT, 0644);
830     if (log->fd < 0) {
831         log_close(log);
832         return -1;
833     }

835     /* if new, initialize foo.gz with an empty log, delete old dictionary */
836     if (lseek(log->fd, 0, SEEK_END) == 0) {
837         if (write(log->fd, log_gzhead, HEAD) != HEAD ||
838             write(log->fd, log_gzext, EXTRA) != EXTRA ||
839             write(log->fd, log_gzbody, BODY) != BODY) {
840             log_close(log);
841             return -1;
842         }
843         strcpy(log->end, ".dict");
844         unlink(log->path);
845     }

847     /* verify log file and load extra field information */
848     if ((op = log_head(log)) < 0) {
849         log_close(log);
850         return -1;
851     }

```

```

853     /* check for interrupted process and if so, recover */
854     if (op != NO_OP && log_recover(log, op)) {
855         log_close(log);
856         return -1;
857     }

859     /* touch the lock file to prevent another process from grabbing it */
860     log_touch(log);
861     return 0;
862 }

864 /* See gzlog.h for the description of the external methods below */
865 gzlog *gzlog_open(char *path)
866 {
867     size_t n;
868     struct log *log;

870     /* check arguments */
871     if (path == NULL || *path == 0)
872         return NULL;

874     /* allocate and initialize log structure */
875     log = malloc(sizeof(struct log));
876     if (log == NULL)
877         return NULL;
878     strcpy(log->id, LOGID);
879     log->fd = -1;

881     /* save path and end of path for name construction */
882     n = strlen(path);
883     log->path = malloc(n + 9); /* allow for ".repairs" */
884     if (log->path == NULL) {
885         free(log);
886         return NULL;
887     }
888     strcpy(log->path, path);
889     log->end = log->path + n;

891     /* gain exclusive access and verify log file -- may perform a
892 recovery operation if needed */
893     if (log_open(log)) {
894         free(log->path);
895         free(log);
896         return NULL;
897     }

899     /* return pointer to log structure */
900     return log;
901 }

903 /* gzlog_compress() return values:
904 0: all good
905 -1: file i/o error (usually access issue)
906 -2: memory allocation failure
907 -3: invalid log pointer argument */
908 int gzlog_compress(gzlog *logd)
909 {
910     int fd, ret;
911     uint block;
912     size_t len, next;
913     unsigned char *data, buf[5];
914     struct log *log = logd;

916     /* check arguments */
917     if (log == NULL || strcmp(log->id, LOGID))
918         return -3;

```

```

920  /* see if we lost the lock -- if so get it again and reload the extra
921  field information (it probably changed), recover last operation if
922  necessary */
923  if (log_check(log) && log_open(log))
924  return -1;

926  /* create space for uncompressed data */
927  len = ((size_t)(log->last - log->first) & ~(((size_t)1 << 10) - 1)) +
928  log->stored;
929  if ((data = malloc(len)) == NULL)
930  return -2;

932  /* do statement here is just a cheap trick for error handling */
933  do {
934  /* read in the uncompressed data */
935  if (lseek(log->fd, log->first - 1, SEEK_SET) < 0)
936  break;
937  next = 0;
938  while (next < len) {
939  if (read(log->fd, buf, 5) != 5)
940  break;
941  block = PULL2(buf + 1);
942  if (next + block > len ||
943  read(log->fd, (char *)data + next, block) != block)
944  break;
945  next += block;
946  }
947  if (lseek(log->fd, 0, SEEK_CUR) != log->last + 4 + log->stored)
948  break;
949  log_touch(log);

951  /* write the uncompressed data to the .add file */
952  strcpy(log->end, ".add");
953  fd = open(log->path, O_WRONLY | O_CREAT | O_TRUNC, 0644);
954  if (fd < 0)
955  break;
956  ret = (size_t)write(fd, data, len) != len;
957  if (ret | close(fd))
958  break;
959  log_touch(log);

961  /* write the dictionary for the next compress to the .temp file */
962  strcpy(log->end, ".temp");
963  fd = open(log->path, O_WRONLY | O_CREAT | O_TRUNC, 0644);
964  if (fd < 0)
965  break;
966  next = DICT > len ? len : DICT;
967  ret = (size_t)write(fd, (char *)data + len - next, next) != next;
968  if (ret | close(fd))
969  break;
970  log_touch(log);

972  /* roll back to compressed data, mark the compress in progress */
973  log->last = log->first;
974  log->stored = 0;
975  if (log_mark(log, COMPRESS_OP))
976  break;
977  BAIL(7);

979  /* compress and append the data (clears mark) */
980  ret = log_compress(log, data, len);
981  free(data);
982  return ret;
983  } while (0);

```

```

985  /* broke out of do above on i/o error */
986  free(data);
987  return -1;
988  }

990  /* gzlog_write() return values:
991  0: all good
992  -1: file i/o error (usually access issue)
993  -2: memory allocation failure
994  -3: invalid log pointer argument */
995  int gzlog_write(gzlog *logd, void *data, size_t len)
996  {
997  int fd, ret;
998  struct log *log = logd;

1000  /* check arguments */
1001  if (log == NULL || strcmp(log->id, LOGID))
1002  return -3;
1003  if (data == NULL || len <= 0)
1004  return 0;

1006  /* see if we lost the lock -- if so get it again and reload the extra
1007  field information (it probably changed), recover last operation if
1008  necessary */
1009  if (log_check(log) && log_open(log))
1010  return -1;

1012  /* create and write .add file */
1013  strcpy(log->end, ".add");
1014  fd = open(log->path, O_WRONLY | O_CREAT | O_TRUNC, 0644);
1015  if (fd < 0)
1016  return -1;
1017  ret = (size_t)write(fd, data, len) != len;
1018  if (ret | close(fd))
1019  return -1;
1020  log_touch(log);

1022  /* mark log file with append in progress */
1023  if (log_mark(log, APPEND_OP))
1024  return -1;
1025  BAIL(8);

1027  /* append data (clears mark) */
1028  if (log_append(log, data, len))
1029  return -1;

1031  /* check to see if it's time to compress -- if not, then done */
1032  if (((log->last - log->first) >> 10) + (log->stored >> 10) < TRIGGER)
1033  return 0;

1035  /* time to compress */
1036  return gzlog_compress(log);
1037  }

1039  /* gzlog_close() return values:
1040  0: ok
1041  -3: invalid log pointer argument */
1042  int gzlog_close(gzlog *logd)
1043  {
1044  struct log *log = logd;

1046  /* check arguments */
1047  if (log == NULL || strcmp(log->id, LOGID))
1048  return -3;

1050  /* close the log file and release the lock */

```

```
1051     log_close(log);

1053     /* free structure and return */
1054     if (log->path != NULL)
1055         free(log->path);
1056     strcpy(log->id, "bad");
1057     free(log);
1058     return 0;
1059 }
```

```

*****
4557 Wed Apr 1 15:57:26 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/gzlog.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* gzlog.h
2 Copyright (C) 2004, 2008, 2012 Mark Adler, all rights reserved
3 version 2.2, 14 Aug 2012

5 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
6 warranty. In no event will the author be held liable for any damages
7 arising from the use of this software.

9 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
10 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
11 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

13 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
14 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
15 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
16 appreciated but is not required.
17 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
18 misrepresented as being the original software.
19 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

21 Mark Adler madler@alummi.caltech.edu
22 */

24 /* Version History:
25 1.0 26 Nov 2004 First version
26 2.0 25 Apr 2008 Complete redesign for recovery of interrupted operations
27 Interface changed slightly in that now path is a prefix
28 Compression now occurs as needed during gzlog_write()
29 gzlog_write() now always leaves the log file as valid gzip
30 2.1 8 Jul 2012 Fix argument checks in gzlog_compress() and gzlog_write()
31 2.2 14 Aug 2012 Clean up signed comparisons
32 */

34 /*
35 The gzlog object allows writing short messages to a gzipped log file,
36 opening the log file locked for small bursts, and then closing it. The log
37 object works by appending stored (uncompressed) data to the gzip file until
38 1 MB has been accumulated. At that time, the stored data is compressed, and
39 replaces the uncompressed data in the file. The log file is truncated to
40 its new size at that time. After each write operation, the log file is a
41 valid gzip file that can decompressed to recover what was written.

43 The gzlog operations can be interrupted at any point due to an application or
44 system crash, and the log file will be recovered the next time the log is
45 opened with gzlog_open().
46 */

48 #ifndef GZLOG_H
49 #define GZLOG_H

51 /* gzlog object type */
52 typedef void gzlog;

54 /* Open a gzlog object, creating the log file if it does not exist. Return
55 NULL on error. Note that gzlog_open() could take a while to complete if it
56 has to wait to verify that a lock is stale (possibly for five minutes), or
57 if there is significant contention with other instantiations of this object
58 when locking the resource. path is the prefix of the file names created by
59 this object. If path is "foo", then the log file will be "foo.gz", and
60 other auxiliary files will be created and destroyed during the process:

```

```

61 "foo.dict" for a compression dictionary, "foo.temp" for a temporary (next)
62 dictionary, "foo.add" for data being added or compressed, "foo.lock" for the
63 lock file, and "foo.repairs" to log recovery operations performed due to
64 interrupted gzlog operations. A gzlog_open() followed by a gzlog_close()
65 will recover a previously interrupted operation, if any. */
66 gzlog *gzlog_open(char *path);

68 /* Write to a gzlog object. Return zero on success, -1 if there is a file i/o
69 error on any of the gzlog files (this should not happen if gzlog_open()
70 succeeded, unless the device has run out of space or leftover auxiliary
71 files have permissions or ownership that prevent their use), -2 if there is
72 a memory allocation failure, or -3 if the log argument is invalid (e.g. if
73 it was not created by gzlog_open()). This function will write data to the
74 file uncompressed, until 1 MB has been accumulated, at which time that data
75 will be compressed. The log file will be a valid gzip file upon successful
76 return. */
77 int gzlog_write(gzlog *log, void *data, size_t len);

79 /* Force compression of any uncompressed data in the log. This should be used
80 sparingly, if at all. The main application would be when a log file will
81 not be appended to again. If this is used to compress frequently while
82 appending, it will both significantly increase the execution time and
83 reduce the compression ratio. The return codes are the same as for
84 gzlog_write(). */
85 int gzlog_compress(gzlog *log);

87 /* Close a gzlog object. Return zero on success, -3 if the log argument is
88 invalid. The log object is freed, and so cannot be referenced again. */
89 int gzlog_close(gzlog *log);

91 #endif

```

```

*****
29824 Wed Apr 1 15:57:26 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/zlib_how.html
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0 Transitional//EN"
2 "http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-html40/loose.dtd">
3 <html>
4 <head>
5 <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1">
6 <title>zlib Usage Example</title>
7 <!-- Copyright (c) 2004, 2005 Mark Adler. -->
8 </head>
9 <body bgcolor="#FFFFFF" text="#000000" link="#0000FF" vlink="#00A000">
10 <h2 align="center"> zlib Usage Example </h2>
11 We often get questions about how the <tt>deflate()</tt> and <tt>inflate()</tt> f
12 Users wonder when they should provide more input, when they should use more outp
13 what to do with a <tt>Z_BUF_ERROR</tt>, how to make sure the process terminates
14 so on. So for those who have read <tt>zlib.h</tt> (a few times), and
15 would like further edification, below is an annotated example in C of simple rou
16 from an input file to an output file using <tt>deflate()</tt> and <tt>inflate()</
17 annotations are interspersed between lines of the code. So please read between
18 We hope this helps explain some of the intricacies of <em>zlib</em>.
19 <p>
20 Without further adieu, here is the program <a href="zpipe.c"><tt>zpipe.c</tt></a>
21 <pre><b>
22 /* zpipe.c: example of proper use of zlib's inflate() and deflate()
23 Not copyrighted -- provided to the public domain
24 Version 1.4 11 December 2005 Mark Adler */
25
26 /* Version history:
27 1.0 30 Oct 2004 First version
28 1.1 8 Nov 2004 Add void casting for unused return values
29 Use switch statement for inflate() return values
30 1.2 9 Nov 2004 Add assertions to document zlib guarantees
31 1.3 6 Apr 2005 Remove incorrect assertion in inf()
32 1.4 11 Dec 2005 Add hack to avoid MSDOS end-of-line conversions
33 Avoid some compiler warnings for input and output buffers
34 */
35 </b></pre><!-- -->
36 We now include the header files for the required definitions. From
37 <tt>stdio.h</tt> we use <tt>fopen()</tt>, <tt>fread()</tt>, <tt>fwrite()</tt>,
38 <tt>feof()</tt>, <tt>ferror()</tt>, and <tt>fclose()</tt> for file i/o, and
39 <tt>fputs()</tt> for error messages. From <tt>string.h</tt> we use
40 <tt>strcmp()</tt> for command line argument processing.
41 From <tt>assert.h</tt> we use the <tt>assert()</tt> macro.
42 From <tt>zlib.h</tt>
43 we use the basic compression functions <tt>deflateInit()</tt>,
44 <tt>deflate()</tt>, and <tt>deflateEnd()</tt>, and the basic decompression
45 functions <tt>inflateInit()</tt>, <tt>inflate()</tt>, and
46 <tt>inflateEnd()</tt>.
47 <pre><b>
48 #include <tt>stdio.h</tt>;
49 #include <tt>string.h</tt>;
50 #include <tt>assert.h</tt>;
51 #include "zlib.h"
52 </b></pre><!-- -->
53 This is an ugly hack required to avoid corruption of the input and output data o
54 Windows/MS-DOS systems. Without this, those systems would assume that the input
55 files are text, and try to convert the end-of-line characters from one standard
56 another. That would corrupt binary data, and in particular would render the com
57 This sets the input and output to binary which suppresses the end-of-line conver
58 <tt>SET_BINARY_MODE()</tt> will be used later on <tt>stdin</tt> and <tt>stdout</
59 <pre><b>
60 #if defined(MSDOS) || defined(OS2) || defined(WIN32) || defined(__CYGWIN__)
```

```

61 # include <tt>fcntl.h</tt>;
62 # include <tt>io.h</tt>;
63 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file) setmode(fileno(file), O_BINARY)
64 #else
65 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file)
66 #endif
67 </b></pre><!-- -->
68 <tt>CHUNK</tt> is simply the buffer size for feeding data to and pulling data
69 from the <em>zlib</em> routines. Larger buffer sizes would be more efficient,
70 especially for <tt>inflate()</tt>. If the memory is available, buffers sizes
71 on the order of 128K or 256K bytes should be used.
72 <pre><b>
73 #define CHUNK 16384
74 </b></pre><!-- -->
75 The <tt>def()</tt> routine compresses data from an input file to an output file.
76 will be in the <em>zlib</em> format, which is different from the <em>gzip</em> o
77 formats. The <em>zlib</em> format has a very small header of only two bytes to a
78 <em>zlib</em> stream and to provide decoding information, and a four-byte trai
79 check value to verify the integrity of the uncompressed data after decoding.
80 <pre><b>
81 /* Compress from file source to file dest until EOF on source.
82 def() returns Z_OK on success, Z_MEM_ERROR if memory could not be
83 allocated for processing, Z_STREAM_ERROR if an invalid compression
84 level is supplied, Z_VERSION_ERROR if the version of zlib.h and the
85 version of the library linked do not match, or Z_ERRNO if there is
86 an error reading or writing the files. */
87 int def(FILE *source, FILE *dest, int level)
88 {
89 </b></pre>
90 Here are the local variables for <tt>def()</tt>. <tt>ret</tt> will be used for
91 return codes. <tt>flush</tt> will keep track of the current flushing state for
92 which is either no flushing, or flush to completion after the end of the input f
93 <tt>have</tt> is the amount of data returned from <tt>deflate()</tt>. The <tt>s</
94 is used to pass information to and from the <em>zlib</em> routines, and to maint
95 <tt>deflate()</tt> state. <tt>in</tt> and <tt>out</tt> are the input and output
96 <tt>deflate()</tt>.
97 <pre><b>
98     int ret, flush;
99     unsigned have;
100    z_stream strm;
101    unsigned char in[CHUNK];
102    unsigned char out[CHUNK];
103 </b></pre><!-- -->
104 The first thing we do is to initialize the <em>zlib</em> state for compression u
105 <tt>deflateInit()</tt>. This must be done before the first use of <tt>deflate()</
106 The <tt>zalloc</tt>, <tt>zfree</tt>, and <tt>opaque</tt> fields in the <tt>strm</
107 structure must be initialized before calling <tt>deflateInit()</tt>. Here they
108 set to the <em>zlib</em> constant <tt>Z_NULL</tt> to request that <em>zlib</em>
109 the default memory allocation routines. An application may also choose to provi
110 custom memory allocation routines here. <tt>deflateInit()</tt> will allocate on
111 order of 256K bytes for the internal state.
112 (See <a href="zlib_tech.html"><em>zlib Technical Details</em></a>.)
113 <p>
114 <tt>deflateInit()</tt> is called with a pointer to the structure to be initializ
115 the compression level, which is an integer in the range of -1 to 9. Lower compr
116 levels result in faster execution, but less compression. Higher levels result i
117 greater compression, but slower execution. The <em>zlib</em> constant Z_DEFAULT
118 equal to -1,
119 provides a good compromise between compression and speed and is equivalent to le
120 Level 0 actually does no compression at all, and in fact expands the data slight
121 the <em>zlib</em> format (it is not a byte-for-byte copy of the input).
122 More advanced applications of <em>zlib</em>
123 may use <tt>deflateInit2()</tt> here instead. Such an application may want to r
124 much memory will be used, at some price in compression. Or it may need to requ
125 <em>gzip</em> header and trailer instead of a <em>zlib</em> header and trailer,
126 encoding with no header or trailer at all.
```

```

127 <p>
128 We must check the return value of <tt>deflateInit()</tt> against the <em>zlib</em>
129 <tt>Z_OK</tt> to make sure that it was able to
130 allocate memory for the internal state, and that the provided arguments were val
131 <tt>deflateInit()</tt> will also check that the version of <em>zlib</em> that th
132 file came from matches the version of <em>zlib</em> actually linked with the pro
133 is especially important for environments in which <em>zlib</em> is a shared libr
134 <p>
135 Note that an application can initialize multiple, independent <em>zlib</em> stre
136 operate in parallel. The state information maintained in the structure allows t
137 routines to be reentrant.
138 <pre><b>
139     /* allocate deflate state */
140     strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
141     strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
142     strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
143     ret = deflateInit(&strm, level);
144     if (ret != Z_OK)
145         return ret;
146 </b></pre><!-- -->
147 With the pleasantries out of the way, now we can get down to business. The oute
148 reads all of the input file and exits at the bottom of the loop once end-of-file
149 This loop contains the only call of <tt>deflate()</tt>. So we must make sure th
150 input data has been processed and that all of the output data has been generated
151 before we fall out of the loop at the bottom.
152 <pre><b>
153     /* compress until end of file */
154     do {
155 </b></pre>
156 We start off by reading data from the input file. The number of bytes read is p
157 into <tt>avail_in</tt>, and a pointer to those bytes is put into <tt>next_in</tt>
158 check to see if end-of-file on the input has been reached. If we are at the end
159 <em>zlib</em> constant <tt>Z_FINISH</tt>, which is later passed to <tt>deflate()
160 indicate that this is the last chunk of input data to compress. We need to use
161 to check for end-of-file as opposed to seeing if fewer than <tt>CHUNK</tt> bytes
162 reason is that if the input file length is an exact multiple of <tt>CHUNK</tt>,
163 the fact that we got to the end-of-file, and not know to tell <tt>deflate()</tt>
164 up the compressed stream. If we are not yet at the end of the input, then the <
165 constant <tt>Z_NO_FLUSH</tt> will be passed to <tt>deflate</tt> to indicate that
166 in the middle of the uncompressed data.
167 <p>
168 If there is an error in reading from the input file, the process is aborted with
169 <tt>deflateEnd()</tt> being called to free the allocated <em>zlib</em> state bef
170 the error. We wouldn't want a memory leak, now would we? <tt>deflateEnd()</tt>
171 at any time after the state has been initialized. Once that's done, <tt>deflate
172 <tt>deflateInit2()</tt> would have to be called to start a new compression proc
173 no point here in checking the <tt>deflateEnd()</tt> return code. The deallocati
174 <pre><b>
175     strm.avail_in = fread(in, 1, CHUNK, source);
176     if (ferror(source)) {
177         (void)deflateEnd(&strm);
178         return Z_ERRNO;
179     }
180     flush = feof(source) ? Z_FINISH : Z_NO_FLUSH;
181     strm.next_in = in;
182 </b></pre><!-- -->
183 The inner <tt>do</tt>-loop passes our chunk of input data to <tt>deflate()</tt>,
184 keeps calling <tt>deflate()</tt> until it is done producing output. Once there
185 new output, <tt>deflate()</tt> is guaranteed to have consumed all of the input,
186 <tt>avail_in</tt> will be zero.
187 <pre><b>
188     /* run deflate() on input until output buffer not full, finish
189     compression if all of source has been read in */
190     do {
191 </b></pre>
192 Output space is provided to <tt>deflate()</tt> by setting <tt>avail_out</tt> to

```

```

193 of available output bytes and <tt>next_out</tt> to a pointer to that space.
194 <pre><b>
195     strm.avail_out = CHUNK;
196     strm.next_out = out;
197 </b></pre>
198 Now we call the compression engine itself, <tt>deflate()</tt>. It takes as many
199 <tt>avail_in</tt> bytes at <tt>next_in</tt> as it can process, and writes as man
200 <tt>avail_out</tt> bytes to <tt>next_out</tt>. Those counters and pointers are
201 updated past the input data consumed and the output data written. It is the amo
202 output space available that may limit how much input is consumed.
203 Hence the inner loop to make sure that
204 all of the input is consumed by providing more output space each time. Since <t
205 and <tt>next_in</tt> are updated by <tt>deflate()</tt>, we don't have to mess wi
206 between <tt>deflate()</tt> calls until it's all used up.
207 <p>
208 The parameters to <tt>deflate()</tt> are a pointer to the <tt>strm</tt> structur
209 the input and output information and the internal compression engine state, and
210 indicating whether and how to flush data to the output. Normally <tt>deflate</t
211 several K bytes of input data before producing any output (except for the header
212 to accumulate statistics on the data for optimum compression. It will then put
213 compressed data, and proceed to consume more input before the next burst. Event
214 <tt>deflate()</tt>
215 must be told to terminate the stream, complete the compression with provided inp
216 write out the trailer check value. <tt>deflate()</tt> will continue to compress
217 as the flush parameter is <tt>Z_NO_FLUSH</tt>. Once the <tt>Z_FINISH</tt> param
218 <tt>deflate()</tt> will begin to complete the compressed output stream. However
219 much output space is provided, <tt>deflate()</tt> may have to be called several
220 has provided the complete compressed stream, even after it has consumed all of t
221 parameter must continue to be <tt>Z_FINISH</tt> for those subsequent calls.
222 <p>
223 There are other values of the flush parameter that are used in more advanced app
224 force <tt>deflate()</tt> to produce a burst of output that encodes all of the in
225 so far, even if it wouldn't have otherwise, for example to control data latency
226 compressed data. You can also ask that <tt>deflate()</tt> do that as well as er
227 that point so that what follows can be decompressed independently, for example f
228 applications. Both requests will degrade compression by an amount depending on
229 requests are made.
230 <p>
231 <tt>deflate()</tt> has a return value that can indicate errors, yet we do not ch
232 not? Well, it turns out that <tt>deflate()</tt> can do no wrong here. Let's go
233 <tt>deflate()</tt>'s return values and dispense with them one by one. The possi
234 <tt>Z_OK</tt>, <tt>Z_STREAM_END</tt>, <tt>Z_STREAM_ERROR</tt>, or <tt>Z_BUF_ERRO
235 is, well, ok. <tt>Z_STREAM_END</tt> is also ok and will be returned for the las
236 <tt>deflate()</tt>. This is already guaranteed by calling <tt>deflate()</tt> wi
237 until it has no more output. <tt>Z_STREAM_ERROR</tt> is only possible if the st
238 initialized properly, but we did initialize it properly. There is no harm in ch
239 <tt>Z_STREAM_ERROR</tt> here, for example to check for the possibility that some
240 other part of the application inadvertently clobbered the memory containing the
241 <tt>Z_BUF_ERROR</tt> will be explained further below, but
242 suffice it to say that this is simply an indication that <tt>deflate()</tt> coul
243 more input or produce more output. <tt>deflate()</tt> can be called again with
244 or more available input, which it will be in this code.
245 <pre><b>
246     ret = deflate(&strm, flush); /* no bad return value */
247     assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR); /* state not clobbered */
248 </b></pre>
249 Now we compute how much output <tt>deflate()</tt> provided on the last call, whi
250 difference between how much space was provided before the call, and how much out
251 is still available after the call. Then that data, if any, is written to the ou
252 We can then reuse the output buffer for the next call of <tt>deflate()</tt>. Ag
253 is a file i/o error, we call <tt>deflateEnd()</tt> before returning to avoid a m
254 <pre><b>
255     have = CHUNK - strm.avail_out;
256     if (fwrite(out, 1, have, dest) != have || ferror(dest)) {
257         (void)deflateEnd(&strm);
258         return Z_ERRNO;

```

```

259     }
260 </b></pre>
261 The inner <tt>do</tt>-loop is repeated until the last <tt>deflate()</tt> call fa
262 provided output buffer. Then we know that <tt>deflate()</tt> has done as much a
263 the provided input, and that all of that input has been consumed. We can then f
264 loop and reuse the input buffer.
265 <p>
266 The way we tell that <tt>deflate()</tt> has no more output is by seeing that it
267 the output buffer, leaving <tt>avail_out</tt> greater than zero. However suppos
268 <tt>deflate()</tt> has no more output, but just so happened to exactly fill the
269 <tt>avail_out</tt> is zero, and we can't tell that <tt>deflate()</tt> has done a
270 As far as we know, <tt>deflate()</tt>
271 has more output for us. So we call it again. But now <tt>deflate()</tt> produc
272 at all, and <tt>avail_out</tt> remains unchanged as <tt>CHUNK</tt>. That <tt>de
273 wasn't able to do anything, either consume input or produce output, and so it re
274 <tt>Z_BUF_ERROR</tt>. (See, I told you I'd cover this later.) However this is
275 all. Now we finally have the desired indication that <tt>deflate()</tt> is real
276 and so we drop out of the inner loop to provide more input to <tt>deflate()</tt>
277 <p>
278 With <tt>flush</tt> set to <tt>Z_FINISH</tt>, this final set of <tt>deflate()</tt>
279 complete the output stream. Once that is done, subsequent calls of <tt>deflate()
280 <tt>Z_STREAM_ERROR</tt> if the flush parameter is not <tt>Z_FINISH</tt>, and do
281 until the state is reinitialized.
282 <p>
283 Some applications of <em>zlib</em> have two loops that call <tt>deflate()</tt>
284 instead of the single inner loop we have here. The first loop would call
285 without flushing and feed all of the data to <tt>deflate()</tt>. The second loo
286 <tt>deflate()</tt> with no more
287 data and the <tt>Z_FINISH</tt> parameter to complete the process. As you can se
288 example, that can be avoided by simply keeping track of the current flush state.
289 <pre><b>
290     } while (strm.avail_out == 0);
291     assert(strm.avail_in == 0); /* all input will be used */
292 </b></pre><!-- -->
293 Now we check to see if we have already processed all of the input file. That in
294 saved in the <tt>flush</tt> variable, so we see if that was set to <tt>Z_FINISH<
295 then we're done and we fall out of the outer loop. We're guaranteed to get <tt>
296 from the last <tt>deflate()</tt> call, since we ran it until the last chunk of i
297 consumed and all of the output was generated.
298 <pre><b>
299     /* done when last data in file processed */
300     } while (flush != Z_FINISH);
301     assert(ret == Z_STREAM_END); /* stream will be complete */
302 </b></pre><!-- -->
303 The process is complete, but we still need to deallocate the state to avoid a me
304 (or rather more like a memory hemorrhage if you didn't do this). Then
305 finally we can return with a happy return value.
306 <pre><b>
307     /* clean up and return */
308     (void)deflateEnd(&strm);
309     return Z_OK;
310 }
311 </b></pre><!-- -->
312 Now we do the same thing for decompression in the <tt>inf()</tt> routine. <tt>in
313 decompresses what is hopefully a valid <em>zlib</em> stream from the input file
314 uncompressed data to the output file. Much of the discussion above for <tt>def()
315 applies to <tt>inf()</tt> as well, so the discussion here will focus on the diff
316 the two.
317 <pre><b>
318 /* Decompress from file source to file dest until stream ends or EOF.
319 inf() returns Z_OK on success, Z_MEM_ERROR if memory could not be
320 allocated for processing, Z_DATA_ERROR if the deflate data is
321 invalid or incomplete, Z_VERSION_ERROR if the version of zlib.h and
322 the version of the library linked do not match, or Z_ERRNO if there
323 is an error reading or writing the files. */
324 int inf(FILE *source, FILE *dest)

```

```

325 {
326 </b></pre>
327 The local variables have the same functionality as they do for <tt>def()</tt>.
328 only difference is that there is no <tt>flush</tt> variable, since <tt>inflate()
329 can tell from the <em>zlib</em> stream itself when the stream is complete.
330 <pre><b>
331     int ret;
332     unsigned have;
333     z_stream strm;
334     unsigned char in[CHUNK];
335     unsigned char out[CHUNK];
336 </b></pre><!-- -->
337 The initialization of the state is the same, except that there is no compression
338 of course, and two more elements of the structure are initialized. <tt>avail_in
339 and <tt>next_in</tt> must be initialized before calling <tt>inflateInit()</tt>.
340 is because the application has the option to provide the start of the zlib strea
341 order for <tt>inflateInit()</tt> to have access to information about the compres
342 method to aid in memory allocation. In the current implementation of <em>zlib</em>
343 (up through versions 1.2.x), the method-dependent memory allocations are deferre
344 <tt>inflate()</tt> anyway. However those fields must be initialized since later
345 of <em>zlib</em> that provide more compression methods may take advantage of thi
346 In any case, no decompression is performed by <tt>inflateInit()</tt>, so the
347 <tt>avail_out</tt> and <tt>next_out</tt> fields do not need to be initialized be
348 <p>
349 Here <tt>avail_in</tt> is set to zero and <tt>next_in</tt> is set to <tt>Z_NULL</tt>
350 indicate that no input data is being provided.
351 <pre><b>
352     /* allocate inflate state */
353     strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
354     strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
355     strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
356     strm.avail_in = 0;
357     strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
358     ret = inflateInit(&strm);
359     if (ret != Z_OK)
360         return ret;
361 </b></pre><!-- -->
362 The outer <tt>do</tt>-loop decompresses input until <tt>inflate()</tt> indicates
363 that it has reached the end of the compressed data and has produced all of the u
364 output. This is in contrast to <tt>def()</tt> which processes all of the input
365 If end-of-file is reached before the compressed data self-terminates, then the c
366 data is incomplete and an error is returned.
367 <pre><b>
368     /* decompress until deflate stream ends or end of file */
369     do {
370 </b></pre>
371 We read input data and set the <tt>strm</tt> structure accordingly. If we've re
372 end of the input file, then we leave the outer loop and report an error, since t
373 compressed data is incomplete. Note that we may read more data than is eventual
374 by <tt>inflate()</tt>, if the input file continues past the <em>zlib</em> stream
375 For applications where <em>zlib</em> streams are embedded in other data, this ro
376 need to be modified to return the unused data, or at least indicate how much of
377 data was not used, so the application would know where to pick up after the <em>
378 <pre><b>
379         strm.avail_in = fread(in, 1, CHUNK, source);
380         if ((ferror(source)) {
381             (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
382             return Z_ERRNO;
383         }
384         if (strm.avail_in == 0)
385             break;
386         strm.next_in = in;
387 </b></pre><!-- -->
388 The inner <tt>do</tt>-loop has the same function it did in <tt>def()</tt>, which
389 keep calling <tt>inflate()</tt> until has generated all of the output it can wit
390 provided input.

```

```

391 <pre><b>
392     /* run inflate() on input until output buffer not full */
393     do {
394 </b></pre>
395 Just like in <tt>def()</tt>, the same output space is provided for each call of
396 <pre><b>
397     strm.avail_out = CHUNK;
398     strm.next_out = out;
399 </b></pre>
400 Now we run the decompression engine itself. There is no need to adjust the flus
401 the <em>zlib</em> format is self-terminating. The main difference here is that t
402 return values that we need to pay attention to. <tt>Z_DATA_ERROR</tt>
403 indicates that <tt>inflate()</tt> detected an error in the <em>zlib</em> compres
404 which means that either the data is not a <em>zlib</em> stream to begin with, or
405 corrupted somewhere along the way since it was compressed. The other error to b
406 <tt>Z_MEM_ERROR</tt>, which can occur since memory allocation is deferred until
407 needs it, unlike <tt>deflate()</tt>, whose memory is allocated at the start by <
408 <p>
409 Advanced applications may use
410 <tt>deflateSetDictionary()</tt> to prime <tt>deflate()</tt> with a set of likely
411 first 32K or so of compression. This is noted in the <em>zlib</em> header, so <
412 requests that that dictionary be provided before it can start to decompress. Wi
413 correct decompression is not possible. For this routine, we have no idea what t
414 so the <tt>Z_NEED_DICT</tt> indication is converted to a <tt>Z_DATA_ERROR</tt>.
415 <p>
416 <tt>inflate()</tt> can also return <tt>Z_STREAM_ERROR</tt>, which should not be
417 but could be checked for as noted above for <tt>def()</tt>. <tt>Z_BUF_ERROR</tt>
418 checked for here, for the same reasons noted for <tt>def()</tt>. <tt>Z_STREAM_E
419 checked for later.
420 <pre><b>
421     ret = inflate(&strm, Z_NO_FLUSH);
422     assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR); /* state not clobbered */
423     switch (ret) {
424     case Z_NEED_DICT:
425         ret = Z_DATA_ERROR; /* and fall through */
426     case Z_DATA_ERROR:
427     case Z_MEM_ERROR:
428         (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
429         return ret;
430     }
431 </b></pre>
432 The output of <tt>inflate()</tt> is handled identically to that of <tt>deflate()
433 <pre><b>
434     have = CHUNK - strm.avail_out;
435     if (fwrite(out, 1, have, dest) != have || ferror(dest)) {
436         (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
437         return Z_ERRNO;
438     }
439 </b></pre>
440 The inner <tt>do</tt>-loop ends when <tt>inflate()</tt> has no more output as in
441 by not filling the output buffer, just as for <tt>deflate()</tt>. In this case,
442 assert that <tt>strm.avail_in</tt> will be zero, since the deflate stream may en
443 does.
444 <pre><b>
445     } while (strm.avail_out == 0);
446 </b></pre><!-- -->
447 The outer <tt>do</tt>-loop ends when <tt>inflate()</tt> reports that it has reac
448 end of the input <em>zlib</em> stream, has completed the decompression and integ
449 check, and has provided all of the output. This is indicated by the <tt>inflate
450 return value <tt>Z_STREAM_END</tt>. The inner loop is guaranteed to leave <tt>r
451 equal to <tt>Z_STREAM_END</tt> if the last chunk of the input file read containe
452 of the <em>zlib</em> stream. So if the return value is not <tt>Z_STREAM_END</tt>
453 loop continues to read more input.
454 <pre><b>
455     /* done when inflate() says it's done */
456     } while (ret != Z_STREAM_END);

```

```

457 </b></pre><!-- -->
458 At this point, decompression successfully completed, or we broke out of the loop
459 more data being available from the input file. If the last <tt>inflate()</tt> r
460 is not <tt>Z_STREAM_END</tt>, then the <em>zlib</em> stream was incomplete and a
461 is returned. Otherwise, we return with a happy return value. Of course, <tt>in
462 is called first to avoid a memory leak.
463 <pre><b>
464     /* clean up and return */
465     (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
466     return ret == Z_STREAM_END ? Z_OK : Z_DATA_ERROR;
467 }
468 </b></pre><!-- -->
469 That ends the routines that directly use <em>zlib</em>. The following routines
470 a command-line program by running data through the above routines from <tt>stdin
471 <tt>stdout</tt>, and handling any errors reported by <tt>def()</tt> or <tt>inf()
472 <p>
473 <tt>zerr()</tt> is used to interpret the possible error codes from <tt>def()</tt>
474 and <tt>inf()</tt>, as detailed in their comments above, and print out an error
475 Note that these are only a subset of the possible return values from <tt>deflate
476 and <tt>inflate()</tt>.
477 <pre><b>
478 /* report a zlib or i/o error */
479 void zerr(int ret)
480 {
481     fputs("zpipe: ", stderr);
482     switch (ret) {
483     case Z_ERRNO:
484         if (ferror(stdin))
485             fputs("error reading stdin\n", stderr);
486         if (ferror(stdout))
487             fputs("error writing stdout\n", stderr);
488         break;
489     case Z_STREAM_ERROR:
490         fputs("invalid compression level\n", stderr);
491         break;
492     case Z_DATA_ERROR:
493         fputs("invalid or incomplete deflate data\n", stderr);
494         break;
495     case Z_MEM_ERROR:
496         fputs("out of memory\n", stderr);
497         break;
498     case Z_VERSION_ERROR:
499         fputs("zlib version mismatch!\n", stderr);
500     }
501 }
502 </b></pre><!-- -->
503 Here is the <tt>main()</tt> routine used to test <tt>def()</tt> and <tt>inf()</tt>
504 <tt>zpipe</tt> command is simply a compression pipe from <tt>stdin</tt> to <tt>s
505 no arguments are given, or it is a decompression pipe if <tt>zpipe -d</tt> is us
506 arguments are provided, no compression or decompression is performed. Instead a
507 message is displayed. Examples are <tt>zpipe < foo.txt > foo.txt.z</tt> to comp
508 <tt>zpipe -d < foo.txt.z > foo.txt</tt> to decompress.
509 <pre><b>
510 /* compress or decompress from stdin to stdout */
511 int main(int argc, char **argv)
512 {
513     int ret;
514
515     /* avoid end-of-line conversions */
516     SET_BINARY_MODE(stdin);
517     SET_BINARY_MODE(stdout);
518
519     /* do compression if no arguments */
520     if (argc == 1) {
521         ret = def(stdin, stdout, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION);
522         if (ret != Z_OK)

```



```
523         zerr(ret);
524     return ret;
525 }

527 /* do decompression if -d specified */
528 else if (argc == 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "-d") == 0) {
529     ret = inf(stdin, stdout);
530     if (ret != Z_OK)
531         zerr(ret);
532     return ret;
533 }

535 /* otherwise, report usage */
536 else {
537     fputs("zpipe usage: zpipe [-d] &lt; source &gt; dest\n", stderr);
538     return 1;
539 }
540 }
541 </b></pre>
542 <hr>
543 <i>Copyright (c) 2004, 2005 by Mark Adler<br>Last modified 11 December 2005</i>
544 </body>
545 </html>
```

```

*****
6323 Wed Apr 1 15:57:26 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/zpipe.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zpipe.c: example of proper use of zlib's inflate() and deflate()
2 Not copyrighted -- provided to the public domain
3 Version 1.4 11 December 2005 Mark Adler */

5 /* Version history:
6 1.0 30 Oct 2004 First version
7 1.1 8 Nov 2004 Add void casting for unused return values
8 Use switch statement for inflate() return values
9 1.2 9 Nov 2004 Add assertions to document zlib guarantees
10 1.3 6 Apr 2005 Remove incorrect assertion in inf()
11 1.4 11 Dec 2005 Add hack to avoid MSDOS end-of-line conversions
12 Avoid some compiler warnings for input and output buffers
13 */

15 #include <stdio.h>
16 #include <string.h>
17 #include <assert.h>
18 #include "zlib.h"

20 #if defined(MSDOS) || defined(OS2) || defined(WIN32) || defined(__CYGWIN__)
21 # include <fcntl.h>
22 # include <io.h>
23 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file) setmode(fileno(file), O_BINARY)
24 #else
25 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file)
26 #endif

28 #define CHUNK 16384

30 /* Compress from file source to file dest until EOF on source.
31 def() returns Z_OK on success, Z_MEM_ERROR if memory could not be
32 allocated for processing, Z_STREAM_ERROR if an invalid compression
33 level is supplied, Z_VERSION_ERROR if the version of zlib.h and the
34 version of the library linked do not match, or Z_ERRNO if there is
35 an error reading or writing the files. */
36 int def(FILE *source, FILE *dest, int level)
37 {
38     int ret, flush;
39     unsigned have;
40     z_stream strm;
41     unsigned char in[CHUNK];
42     unsigned char out[CHUNK];

44     /* allocate deflate state */
45     strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
46     strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
47     strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
48     ret = deflateInit(&strm, level);
49     if (ret != Z_OK)
50         return ret;

52     /* compress until end of file */
53     do {
54         strm.avail_in = fread(in, 1, CHUNK, source);
55         if ((ferror(source)) {
56             (void)deflateEnd(&strm);
57             return Z_ERRNO;
58         }
59         flush = feof(source) ? Z_FINISH : Z_NO_FLUSH;
60         strm.next_in = in;

```

```

62     /* run deflate() on input until output buffer not full, finish
63     compression if all of source has been read in */
64     do {
65         strm.avail_out = CHUNK;
66         strm.next_out = out;
67         ret = deflate(&strm, flush); /* no bad return value */
68         assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR); /* state not clobbered */
69         have = CHUNK - strm.avail_out;
70         if (fwrite(out, 1, have, dest) != have || ferror(dest)) {
71             (void)deflateEnd(&strm);
72             return Z_ERRNO;
73         }
74     } while (strm.avail_out == 0);
75     assert(strm.avail_in == 0); /* all input will be used */

77     /* done when last data in file processed */
78     } while (flush != Z_FINISH);
79     assert(ret == Z_STREAM_END); /* stream will be complete */

81     /* clean up and return */
82     (void)deflateEnd(&strm);
83     return Z_OK;
84 }

86 /* Decompress from file source to file dest until stream ends or EOF.
87 inf() returns Z_OK on success, Z_MEM_ERROR if memory could not be
88 allocated for processing, Z_DATA_ERROR if the deflate data is
89 invalid or incomplete, Z_VERSION_ERROR if the version of zlib.h and
90 the version of the library linked do not match, or Z_ERRNO if there
91 is an error reading or writing the files. */
92 int inf(FILE *source, FILE *dest)
93 {
94     int ret;
95     unsigned have;
96     z_stream strm;
97     unsigned char in[CHUNK];
98     unsigned char out[CHUNK];

100     /* allocate inflate state */
101     strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
102     strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
103     strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
104     strm.avail_in = 0;
105     strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
106     ret = inflateInit(&strm);
107     if (ret != Z_OK)
108         return ret;

110     /* decompress until deflate stream ends or end of file */
111     do {
112         strm.avail_in = fread(in, 1, CHUNK, source);
113         if ((ferror(source)) {
114             (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
115             return Z_ERRNO;
116         }
117         if (strm.avail_in == 0)
118             break;
119         strm.next_in = in;

121     /* run inflate() on input until output buffer not full */
122     do {
123         strm.avail_out = CHUNK;
124         strm.next_out = out;
125         ret = inflate(&strm, Z_NO_FLUSH);
126         assert(ret != Z_STREAM_ERROR); /* state not clobbered */

```

```

127     switch (ret) {
128     case Z_NEED_DICT:
129         ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;    /* and fall through */
130     case Z_DATA_ERROR:
131     case Z_MEM_ERROR:
132         (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
133         return ret;
134     }
135     have = CHUNK - strm.avail_out;
136     if (fwrite(out, 1, have, dest) != have || ferror(dest)) {
137         (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
138         return Z_ERRNO;
139     }
140     } while (strm.avail_out == 0);

142     /* done when inflate() says it's done */
143     } while (ret != Z_STREAM_END);

145     /* clean up and return */
146     (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
147     return ret == Z_STREAM_END ? Z_OK : Z_DATA_ERROR;
148 }

150 /* report a zlib or i/o error */
151 void zerr(int ret)
152 {
153     fputs("zpipe: ", stderr);
154     switch (ret) {
155     case Z_ERRNO:
156         if (ferror(stdin))
157             fputs("error reading stdin\n", stderr);
158         if (ferror(stdout))
159             fputs("error writing stdout\n", stderr);
160         break;
161     case Z_STREAM_ERROR:
162         fputs("invalid compression level\n", stderr);
163         break;
164     case Z_DATA_ERROR:
165         fputs("invalid or incomplete deflate data\n", stderr);
166         break;
167     case Z_MEM_ERROR:
168         fputs("out of memory\n", stderr);
169         break;
170     case Z_VERSION_ERROR:
171         fputs("zlib version mismatch!\n", stderr);
172     }
173 }

175 /* compress or decompress from stdin to stdout */
176 int main(int argc, char **argv)
177 {
178     int ret;

180     /* avoid end-of-line conversions */
181     SET_BINARY_MODE(stdin);
182     SET_BINARY_MODE(stdout);

184     /* do compression if no arguments */
185     if (argc == 1) {
186         ret = def(stdin, stdout, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION);
187         if (ret != Z_OK)
188             zerr(ret);
189         return ret;
190     }

192     /* do decompression if -d specified */

```

```

193     else if (argc == 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "-d") == 0) {
194         ret = inf(stdin, stdout);
195         if (ret != Z_OK)
196             zerr(ret);
197         return ret;
198     }

200     /* otherwise, report usage */
201     else {
202         fputs("zpipe usage: zpipe [-d] < source > dest\n", stderr);
203         return 1;
204     }
205 }

```

```

*****
15438 Wed Apr 1 15:57:26 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/examples/zran.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zran.c -- example of zlib/gzip stream indexing and random access
2  * Copyright (C) 2005, 2012 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  Version 1.1 29 Sep 2012 Mark Adler */

6 /* Version History:
7 1.0 29 May 2005 First version
8 1.1 29 Sep 2012 Fix memory reallocation error
9 */

11 /* Illustrate the use of Z_BLOCK, inflatePrime(), and inflateSetDictionary()
12 for random access of a compressed file. A file containing a zlib or gzip
13 stream is provided on the command line. The compressed stream is decoded in
14 its entirety, and an index built with access points about every SPAN bytes
15 in the uncompressed output. The compressed file is left open, and can then
16 be read randomly, having to decompress on the average SPAN/2 uncompressed
17 bytes before getting to the desired block of data.

19 An access point can be created at the start of any deflate block, by saving
20 the starting file offset and bit of that block, and the 32K bytes of
21 uncompressed data that precede that block. Also the uncompressed offset of
22 that block is saved to provide a reference for locating a desired starting
23 point in the uncompressed stream. build_index() works by decompressing the
24 input zlib or gzip stream a block at a time, and at the end of each block
25 deciding if enough uncompressed data has gone by to justify the creation of
26 a new access point. If so, that point is saved in a data structure that
27 grows as needed to accommodate the points.

29 To use the index, an offset in the uncompressed data is provided, for which
30 the latest access point at or preceding that offset is located in the index.
31 The input file is positioned to the specified location in the index, and if
32 necessary the first few bits of the compressed data is read from the file.
33 inflate is initialized with those bits and the 32K of uncompressed data, and
34 the decompression then proceeds until the desired offset in the file is
35 reached. Then the decompression continues to read the desired uncompressed
36 data from the file.

38 Another approach would be to generate the index on demand. In that case,
39 requests for random access reads from the compressed data would try to use
40 the index, but if a read far enough past the end of the index is required,
41 then further index entries would be generated and added.

43 There is some fair bit of overhead to starting inflation for the random
44 access, mainly copying the 32K byte dictionary. So if small pieces of the
45 file are being accessed, it would make sense to implement a cache to hold
46 some lookahead and avoid many calls to extract() for small lengths.

48 Another way to build an index would be to use inflateCopy(). That would
49 not be constrained to have access points at block boundaries, but requires
50 more memory per access point, and also cannot be saved to file due to the
51 use of pointers in the state. The approach here allows for storage of the
52 index in a file.
53 */

55 #include <stdio.h>
56 #include <stdlib.h>
57 #include <string.h>
58 #include "zlib.h"

60 #define local static

```

```

62 #define SPAN 1048576L /* desired distance between access points */
63 #define WINSIZE 32768U /* sliding window size */
64 #define CHUNK 16384 /* file input buffer size */

66 /* access point entry */
67 struct point {
68     off_t out; /* corresponding offset in uncompressed data */
69     off_t in; /* offset in input file of first full byte */
70     int bits; /* number of bits (1-7) from byte at in - 1, or 0 */
71     unsigned char window[WINSIZE]; /* preceding 32K of uncompressed data */
72 };

74 /* access point list */
75 struct access {
76     int have; /* number of list entries filled in */
77     int size; /* number of list entries allocated */
78     struct point *list; /* allocated list */
79 };

81 /* Deallocate an index built by build_index() */
82 local void free_index(struct access *index)
83 {
84     if (index != NULL) {
85         free(index->list);
86         free(index);
87     }
88 }

90 /* Add an entry to the access point list. If out of memory, deallocate the
91 existing list and return NULL. */
92 local struct access *addpoint(struct access *index, int bits,
93 off_t in, off_t out, unsigned left, unsigned char *window)
94 {
95     struct point *next;

97     /* if list is empty, create it (start with eight points) */
98     if (index == NULL) {
99         index = malloc(sizeof(struct access));
100         if (index == NULL) return NULL;
101         index->list = malloc(sizeof(struct point) << 3);
102         if (index->list == NULL) {
103             free(index);
104             return NULL;
105         }
106         index->size = 8;
107         index->have = 0;
108     }

110     /* if list is full, make it bigger */
111     else if (index->have == index->size) {
112         index->size <<= 1;
113         next = realloc(index->list, sizeof(struct point) * index->size);
114         if (next == NULL) {
115             free_index(index);
116             return NULL;
117         }
118         index->list = next;
119     }

121     /* fill in entry and increment how many we have */
122     next = index->list + index->have;
123     next->bits = bits;
124     next->in = in;
125     next->out = out;
126     if (left)

```

```

127     memcpy(next->window, window + WINSIZE - left, left);
128     if (left < WINSIZE)
129         memcpy(next->window + left, window, WINSIZE - left);
130     index->have++;

132     /* return list, possibly reallocated */
133     return index;
134 }

136 /* Make one entire pass through the compressed stream and build an index, with
137    access points about every span bytes of uncompressed output -- span is
138    chosen to balance the speed of random access against the memory requirements
139    of the list, about 32K bytes per access point. Note that data after the end
140    of the first zlib or gzip stream in the file is ignored. build_index()
141    returns the number of access points on success (>= 1), Z_MEM_ERROR for out
142    of memory, Z_DATA_ERROR for an error in the input file, or Z_ERRNO for a
143    file read error. On success, *built points to the resulting index. */
144 local int build_index(FILE *in, off_t span, struct access **built)
145 {
146     int ret;
147     off_t totin, totout;          /* our own total counters to avoid 4GB limit */
148     off_t last;                 /* totout value of last access point */
149     struct access *index;       /* access points being generated */
150     z_stream strm;
151     unsigned char input[CHUNK];
152     unsigned char window[WINSIZE];

154     /* initialize inflate */
155     strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
156     strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
157     strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
158     strm.avail_in = 0;
159     strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
160     ret = inflateInit2(&strm, 47); /* automatic zlib or gzip decoding */
161     if (ret != Z_OK)
162         return ret;

164     /* inflate the input, maintain a sliding window, and build an index -- this
165        also validates the integrity of the compressed data using the check
166        information at the end of the gzip or zlib stream */
167     totin = totout = last = 0;
168     index = NULL;               /* will be allocated by first addpoint() */
169     strm.avail_out = 0;
170     do {
171         /* get some compressed data from input file */
172         strm.avail_in = fread(input, 1, CHUNK, in);
173         if (ferror(in)) {
174             ret = Z_ERRNO;
175             goto build_index_error;
176         }
177         if (strm.avail_in == 0) {
178             ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
179             goto build_index_error;
180         }
181         strm.next_in = input;

183         /* process all of that, or until end of stream */
184         do {
185             /* reset sliding window if necessary */
186             if (strm.avail_out == 0) {
187                 strm.avail_out = WINSIZE;
188                 strm.next_out = window;
189             }

191             /* inflate until out of input, output, or at end of block --
192                update the total input and output counters */

```

```

193         totin += strm.avail_in;
194         totout += strm.avail_out;
195         ret = inflate(&strm, Z_BLOCK); /* return at end of block */
196         totin -= strm.avail_in;
197         totout -= strm.avail_out;
198         if (ret == Z_NEED_DICT)
199             ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
200         if (ret == Z_MEM_ERROR || ret == Z_DATA_ERROR)
201             goto build_index_error;
202         if (ret == Z_STREAM_END)
203             break;

205         /* if at end of block, consider adding an index entry (note that if
206            data_type indicates an end-of-block, then all of the
207            uncompressed data from that block has been delivered, and none
208            of the compressed data after that block has been consumed,
209            except for up to seven bits) -- the totout == 0 provides an
210            entry point after the zlib or gzip header, and assures that the
211            index always has at least one access point; we avoid creating an
212            access point after the last block by checking bit 6 of data_type
213            */
214         if ((strm.data_type & 128) && !(strm.data_type & 64) &&
215             (totout == 0 || totout - last > span)) {
216             index = addpoint(index, strm.data_type & 7, totin,
217                             totout, strm.avail_out, window);
218             if (index == NULL) {
219                 ret = Z_MEM_ERROR;
220                 goto build_index_error;
221             }
222             last = totout;
223         }
224     } while (strm.avail_in != 0);
225     } while (ret != Z_STREAM_END);

227     /* clean up and return index (release unused entries in list) */
228     (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
229     index->list = realloc(index->list, sizeof(struct point) * index->have);
230     index->size = index->have;
231     *built = index;
232     return index->size;

234     /* return error */
235     build_index_error:
236     (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
237     if (index != NULL)
238         free_index(index);
239     return ret;
240 }

242 /* Use the index to read len bytes from offset into buf, return bytes read or
243    negative for error (Z_DATA_ERROR or Z_MEM_ERROR). If data is requested past
244    the end of the uncompressed data, then extract() will return a value less
245    than len, indicating how much as actually read into buf. This function
246    should not return a data error unless the file was modified since the index
247    was generated. extract() may also return Z_ERRNO if there is an error on
248    reading or seeking the input file. */
249 local int extract(FILE *in, struct access *index, off_t offset,
250                 unsigned char *buf, int len)
251 {
252     int ret, skip;
253     z_stream strm;
254     struct point *here;
255     unsigned char input[CHUNK];
256     unsigned char discard[WINSIZE];

258     /* proceed only if something reasonable to do */

```

```

259     if (len < 0)
260         return 0;

262     /* find where in stream to start */
263     here = index->list;
264     ret = index->have;
265     while (--ret && here[1].out <= offset)
266         here++;

268     /* initialize file and inflate state to start there */
269     strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
270     strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
271     strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
272     strm.avail_in = 0;
273     strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
274     ret = inflateInit2(&strm, -15);      /* raw inflate */
275     if (ret != Z_OK)
276         return ret;
277     ret = fseeko(in, here->in - (here->bits ? 1 : 0), SEEK_SET);
278     if (ret == -1)
279         goto extract_ret;
280     if (here->bits) {
281         ret = getc(in);
282         if (ret == -1) {
283             ret = ferror(in) ? Z_ERRNO : Z_DATA_ERROR;
284             goto extract_ret;
285         }
286         (void)inflatePrime(&strm, here->bits, ret >> (8 - here->bits));
287     }
288     (void)inflateSetDictionary(&strm, here->window, WINSIZE);

290     /* skip uncompressed bytes until offset reached, then satisfy request */
291     offset -= here->out;
292     strm.avail_in = 0;
293     skip = 1;      /* while skipping to offset */
294     do {
295         /* define where to put uncompressed data, and how much */
296         if (offset == 0 && skip) {      /* at offset now */
297             strm.avail_out = len;
298             strm.next_out = buf;
299             skip = 0;      /* only do this once */
300         }
301         if (offset > WINSIZE) {      /* skip WINSIZE bytes */
302             strm.avail_out = WINSIZE;
303             strm.next_out = discard;
304             offset -= WINSIZE;
305         }
306         else if (offset != 0) {      /* last skip */
307             strm.avail_out = (unsigned)offset;
308             strm.next_out = discard;
309             offset = 0;
310         }
311     }

312     /* uncompress until avail_out filled, or end of stream */
313     do {
314         if (strm.avail_in == 0) {
315             strm.avail_in = fread(input, 1, CHUNK, in);
316             if (ferror(in)) {
317                 ret = Z_ERRNO;
318                 goto extract_ret;
319             }
320             if (strm.avail_in == 0) {
321                 ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
322                 goto extract_ret;
323             }
324             strm.next_in = input;

```

```

325     }
326     ret = inflate(&strm, Z_NO_FLUSH);      /* normal inflate */
327     if (ret == Z_NEED_DICT)
328         ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
329     if (ret == Z_MEM_ERROR || ret == Z_DATA_ERROR)
330         goto extract_ret;
331     if (ret == Z_STREAM_END)
332         break;
333     } while (strm.avail_out != 0);

335     /* if reach end of stream, then don't keep trying to get more */
336     if (ret == Z_STREAM_END)
337         break;

339     /* do until offset reached and requested data read, or stream ends */
340     } while (skip);

342     /* compute number of uncompressed bytes read after offset */
343     ret = skip ? 0 : len - strm.avail_out;

345     /* clean up and return bytes read or error */
346     extract_ret:
347     (void)inflateEnd(&strm);
348     return ret;
349 }

351 /* Demonstrate the use of build_index() and extract() by processing the file
352    provided on the command line, and the extracting 16K from about 2/3rds of
353    the way through the uncompressed output, and writing that to stdout. */
354 int main(int argc, char **argv)
355 {
356     int len;
357     off_t offset;
358     FILE *in;
359     struct access *index = NULL;
360     unsigned char buf[CHUNK];

362     /* open input file */
363     if (argc != 2) {
364         fprintf(stderr, "usage: zran file.gz\n");
365         return 1;
366     }
367     in = fopen(argv[1], "rb");
368     if (in == NULL) {
369         fprintf(stderr, "zran: could not open %s for reading\n", argv[1]);
370         return 1;
371     }

373     /* build index */
374     len = build_index(in, SPAN, &index);
375     if (len < 0) {
376         fclose(in);
377         switch (len) {
378             case Z_MEM_ERROR:
379                 fprintf(stderr, "zran: out of memory\n");
380                 break;
381             case Z_DATA_ERROR:
382                 fprintf(stderr, "zran: compressed data error in %s\n", argv[1]);
383                 break;
384             case Z_ERRNO:
385                 fprintf(stderr, "zran: read error on %s\n", argv[1]);
386                 break;
387             default:
388                 fprintf(stderr, "zran: error %d while building index\n", len);
389         }
390     }
    return 1;

```

```
391     }
392     fprintf(stderr, "zran: built index with %d access points\n", len);
393
394     /* use index by reading some bytes from an arbitrary offset */
395     offset = (index->list[index->have - 1].out << 1) / 3;
396     len = extract(in, index, offset, buf, CHUNK);
397     if (len < 0)
398         fprintf(stderr, "zran: extraction failed: %s error\n",
399                 len == Z_MEM_ERROR ? "out of memory" : "input corrupted");
400     else {
401         fwrite(buf, 1, len, stdout);
402         fprintf(stderr, "zran: extracted %d bytes at %llu\n", len, offset);
403     }
404
405     /* clean up and exit */
406     free_index(index);
407     fclose(in);
408     return 0;
409 }
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/gzclose.c

1

```
*****
678 Wed Apr  1 15:57:26 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/gzclose.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* gzclose.c -- zlib gzclose() function
2  * Copyright (C) 2004, 2010 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */
5
6 #include "gzguts.h"
7
8 /* gzclose() is in a separate file so that it is linked in only if it is used.
9  That way the other gzclose functions can be used instead to avoid linking in
10 unneeded compression or decompression routines. */
11 int ZEXPORT gzclose(file)
12     gzFile file;
13 {
14     #ifndef NO_GZCOMPRESS
15         gz_statep state;
16
17         if (file == NULL)
18             return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
19         state = (gz_statep)file;
20
21         return state->mode == GZ_READ ? gzclose_r(file) : gzclose_w(file);
22     #else
23         return gzclose_r(file);
24     #endif
25 }
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/gzguts.h

1

```
*****
6552 Wed Apr 1 15:57:26 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/gzguts.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zguts.h -- zlib internal header definitions for gz* operations
2 * Copyright (C) 2004, 2005, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013 Mark Adler
3 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4 */

6 #ifdef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
7 # ifndef _LARGEFILE_SOURCE
8 #  define _LARGEFILE_SOURCE 1
9 # endif
10 # ifdef _FILE_OFFSET_BITS
11 #  undef _FILE_OFFSET_BITS
12 # endif
13 #endif

15 #ifdef HAVE_HIDDEN
16 # define ZLIB_INTERNAL __attribute__((visibility ("hidden")))
17 #else
18 # define ZLIB_INTERNAL
19 #endif

21 #include <stdio.h>
22 #include "zlib.h"
23 #ifdef STDC
24 # include <string.h>
25 # include <stdlib.h>
26 # include <limits.h>
27 #endif
28 #include <fcntl.h>

30 #ifdef _WIN32
31 # include <stddef.h>
32 #endif

34 #if defined(__TURBOC__) || defined(_MSC_VER) || defined(_WIN32)
35 # include <io.h>
36 #endif

38 #ifdef WINAPI_FAMILY
39 # define open _open
40 # define read _read
41 # define write _write
42 # define close _close
43 #endif

45 #ifdef NO_DEFLATE /* for compatibility with old definition */
46 # define NO_GZCOMPRESS
47 #endif

49 #if defined(STDC99) || (defined(__TURBOC__) && __TURBOC__ >= 0x550)
50 # ifndef HAVE_VSNPRINTF
51 #  define HAVE_VSNPRINTF
52 # endif
53 #endif

55 #if defined(__CYGWIN__)
56 # ifndef HAVE_VSNPRINTF
57 #  define HAVE_VSNPRINTF
58 # endif
59 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/gzguts.h

2

```
61 #if defined(MSDOS) && defined(__BORLANDC__) && (BORLANDC > 0x410)
62 # ifndef HAVE_VSNPRINTF
63 #  define HAVE_VSNPRINTF
64 # endif
65 #endif

67 #ifndef HAVE_VSNPRINTF
68 # ifdef MSDOS
69 /* vsnprintf may exist on some MS-DOS compilers (DJGPP?),
70  but for now we just assume it doesn't. */
71 #  define NO_vsnprintf
72 # endif
73 # ifdef __TURBOC__
74 #  define NO_vsnprintf
75 # endif
76 # ifdef WIN32
77 /* In Win32, vsnprintf is available as the "non-ANSI" _vsnprintf. */
78 #  if !defined(vsnprintf) && !defined(NO_vsnprintf)
79 #    if !defined(_MSC_VER) || (defined(_MSC_VER) && _MSC_VER < 1500 )
80 #      define vsnprintf _vsnprintf
81 #    endif
82 #  endif
83 # endif
84 # ifdef __SASC
85 #  define NO_vsnprintf
86 # endif
87 # ifdef VMS
88 #  define NO_vsnprintf
89 # endif
90 # ifdef __OS400__
91 #  define NO_vsnprintf
92 # endif
93 # ifdef __MVS__
94 #  define NO_vsnprintf
95 # endif
96 #endif

98 /* unlike sprintf (which is required in C99, yet still not supported by
99  Microsoft more than a decade later!), _sprintf does not guarantee null
100  termination of the result -- however this is only used in gzlib.c where
101  the result is assured to fit in the space provided */
102 #ifdef _MSC_VER
103 # define sprintf _sprintf
104 #endif

106 #ifndef local
107 # define local static
108 #endif
109 /* compile with -Dlocal if your debugger can't find static symbols */

111 /* gz* functions always use library allocation functions */
112 #ifndef STDC
113 extern voidp malloc OF((uInt size));
114 extern void free OF((voidpf ptr));
115 #endif

117 /* get errno and strerror definition */
118 #if defined UNDER_CE
119 # include <windows.h>
120 # define zstrerror() gz_strerror((DWORD)GetLastError())
121 #else
122 # ifndef NO_STRERROR
123 #  include <errno.h>
124 #  define zstrerror() strerror(errno)
125 # else
126 #  define zstrerror() "stdio error (consult errno)"
```

```

127 # endif
128 #endif

130 /* provide prototypes for these when building zlib without LFS */
131 #if !defined(LARGEFILE64_SOURCE) || _LFS64_LARGEFILE-0 == 0
132     ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen64 OF((const char *, const char *));
133     ZEXTERN z_off64_t ZEXPORT gzseek64 OF((gzFile, z_off64_t, int));
134     ZEXTERN z_off64_t ZEXPORT gztell64 OF((gzFile));
135     ZEXTERN z_off64_t ZEXPORT gzoffset64 OF((gzFile));
136 #endif

138 /* default memLevel */
139 #if MAX_MEM_LEVEL >= 8
140 # define DEF_MEM_LEVEL 8
141 #else
142 # define DEF_MEM_LEVEL MAX_MEM_LEVEL
143 #endif

145 /* default i/o buffer size -- double this for output when reading (this and
146 twice this must be able to fit in an unsigned type) */
147 #define GZBUFSIZE 8192

149 /* gzip modes, also provide a little integrity check on the passed structure */
150 #define GZ_NONE 0
151 #define GZ_READ 7247
152 #define GZ_WRITE 31153
153 #define GZ_APPEND 1 /* mode set to GZ_WRITE after the file is opened */

155 /* values for gz_state how */
156 #define LOOK 0 /* look for a gzip header */
157 #define COPY 1 /* copy input directly */
158 #define GZIP 2 /* decompress a gzip stream */

160 /* internal gzip file state data structure */
161 typedef struct {
162     /* exposed contents for gzgetc() macro */
163     struct gzFile_s x; /* "x" for exposed */
164     /* x.have: number of bytes available at x.next */
165     /* x.next: next output data to deliver or write */
166     /* x.pos: current position in uncompressed data */
167     /* used for both reading and writing */
168     int mode; /* see gzip modes above */
169     int fd; /* file descriptor */
170     char *path; /* path or fd for error messages */
171     unsigned size; /* buffer size, zero if not allocated yet */
172     unsigned want; /* requested buffer size, default is GZBUFSIZE */
173     unsigned char *in; /* input buffer */
174     unsigned char *out; /* output buffer (double-sized when reading) */
175     int direct; /* 0 if processing gzip, 1 if transparent */
176     /* just for reading */
177     int how; /* 0: get header, 1: copy, 2: decompress */
178     z_off64_t start; /* where the gzip data started, for rewinding */
179     int eof; /* true if end of input file reached */
180     int past; /* true if read requested past end */
181     /* just for writing */
182     int level; /* compression level */
183     int strategy; /* compression strategy */
184     /* seek request */
185     z_off64_t skip; /* amount to skip (already rewound if backwards) */
186     int seek; /* true if seek request pending */
187     /* error information */
188     int err; /* error code */
189     char *msg; /* error message */
190     /* zlib inflate or deflate stream */
191     z_stream strm; /* stream structure in-place (not a pointer) */
192 } gz_state;

```

```

193 typedef gz_state FAR *gz_statep;

195 /* shared functions */
196 void ZLIB_INTERNAL gz_error OF((gz_statep, int, const char *));
197 #if defined UNDER_CE
198 char ZLIB_INTERNAL *gz_strwinerror OF((DWORD error));
199 #endif

201 /* GT_OFF(x), where x is an unsigned value, is true if x > maximum z_off64_t
202 value -- needed when comparing unsigned to z_off64_t, which is signed
203 (possible z_off64_t types off_t, off64_t, and long are all signed) */
204 #ifdef INT_MAX
205 # define GT_OFF(x) (sizeof(int) == sizeof(z_off64_t) && (x) > INT_MAX)
206 #else
207 unsigned ZLIB_INTERNAL gz_intmax OF((void));
208 # define GT_OFF(x) (sizeof(int) == sizeof(z_off64_t) && (x) > gz_intmax())
209 #endif

```

```

*****
16415 Wed Apr 1 15:57:27 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/gzlib.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* gzlib.c -- zlib functions common to reading and writing gzip files
2  * Copyright (C) 2004, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 #include "gzguts.h"

8 #if defined(_WIN32) && !defined(__BORLANDC__)
9 # define LSEEK_lseeki64
10 #else
11 #if defined(LARGEFILE64_SOURCE) && _LFS64_LARGEFILE-0
12 # define LSEEK_lseek64
13 #else
14 # define LSEEK_lseek
15 #endif
16 #endif

18 /* Local functions */
19 local void gz_reset OF((gz_statep));
20 local gzFile gz_open OF((const void *, int, const char *));

22 #if defined UNDER_CE

24 /* Map the Windows error number in ERROR to a locale-dependent error message
25 string and return a pointer to it. Typically, the values for ERROR come
26 from GetLastError.

28 The string pointed to shall not be modified by the application, but may be
29 overwritten by a subsequent call to gz_strerror

31 The gz_strerror function does not change the current setting of
32 GetLastError. */
33 char ZLIB_INTERNAL *gz_strerror (error)
34     DWORD error;
35 {
36     static char buf[1024];

38     wchar_t *msgbuf;
39     DWORD lasterr = GetLastError();
40     DWORD chars = FormatMessage(FORMAT_MESSAGE_FROM_SYSTEM
41     | FORMAT_MESSAGE_ALLOCATE_BUFFER,
42     NULL,
43     error,
44     0, /* Default language */
45     (LPVOID)&msgbuf,
46     0,
47     NULL);
48     if (chars != 0) {
49         /* If there is an \r\n appended, zap it. */
50         if (chars >= 2
51             && msgbuf[chars - 2] == '\r' && msgbuf[chars - 1] == '\n') {
52             chars -= 2;
53             msgbuf[chars] = 0;
54         }

56         if (chars > sizeof (buf) - 1) {
57             chars = sizeof (buf) - 1;
58             msgbuf[chars] = 0;
59         }

```

```

61     wcstombs(buf, msgbuf, chars + 1);
62     LocalFree(msgbuf);
63 }
64 else {
65     sprintf(buf, "unknown win32 error (%ld)", error);
66 }

68     SetLastError(lasterr);
69     return buf;
70 }

72 #endif /* UNDER_CE */

74 /* Reset gzip file state */
75 local void gz_reset(state)
76     gz_statep state;
77 {
78     state->x.have = 0; /* no output data available */
79     if (state->mode == GZ_READ) { /* for reading ... */
80         state->eof = 0; /* not at end of file */
81         state->past = 0; /* have not read past end yet */
82         state->how = LOOK; /* look for gzip header */
83     }
84     state->seek = 0; /* no seek request pending */
85     gz_error(state, Z_OK, NULL); /* clear error */
86     state->x.pos = 0; /* no uncompressed data yet */
87     state->strm.avail_in = 0; /* no input data yet */
88 }

90 /* Open a gzip file either by name or file descriptor. */
91 local gzFile gz_open(path, fd, mode)
92     const void *path;
93     int fd;
94     const char *mode;
95 {
96     gz_statep state;
97     size_t len;
98     int oflag;
99 #ifdef O_CLOEXEC
100     int cloexec = 0;
101 #endif
102 #ifdef O_EXCL
103     int exclusive = 0;
104 #endif

106     /* check input */
107     if (path == NULL)
108         return NULL;

110     /* allocate gzFile structure to return */
111     state = (gz_statep)malloc(sizeof(gz_state));
112     if (state == NULL)
113         return NULL;
114     state->size = 0; /* no buffers allocated yet */
115     state->want = GZBUFSIZE; /* requested buffer size */
116     state->msg = NULL; /* no error message yet */

118     /* interpret mode */
119     state->mode = GZ_NONE;
120     state->level = Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION;
121     state->strategy = Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY;
122     state->direct = 0;
123     while (*mode) {
124         if (*mode >= '0' && *mode <= '9')
125             state->level = *mode - '0';
126         else

```

```

127     switch (*mode) {
128     case 'r':
129         state->mode = GZ_READ;
130         break;
131 #ifndef NO_GZCOMPRESS
132     case 'w':
133         state->mode = GZ_WRITE;
134         break;
135     case 'a':
136         state->mode = GZ_APPEND;
137         break;
138 #endif
139     case '+': /* can't read and write at the same time */
140         free(state);
141         return NULL;
142     case 'b': /* ignore -- will request binary anyway */
143         break;
144 #ifdef O_CLOEXEC
145     case 'e':
146         cloexec = 1;
147         break;
148 #endif
149 #ifdef O_EXCL
150     case 'x':
151         exclusive = 1;
152         break;
153 #endif
154     case 'f':
155         state->strategy = Z_FILTERED;
156         break;
157     case 'h':
158         state->strategy = Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY;
159         break;
160     case 'R':
161         state->strategy = Z_RLE;
162         break;
163     case 'F':
164         state->strategy = Z_FIXED;
165         break;
166     case 'T':
167         state->direct = 1;
168         break;
169     default: /* could consider as an error, but just ignore */
170         ;
171     }
172     mode++;
173 }

175 /* must provide an "r", "w", or "a" */
176 if (state->mode == GZ_NONE) {
177     free(state);
178     return NULL;
179 }

181 /* can't force transparent read */
182 if (state->mode == GZ_READ) {
183     if (state->direct) {
184         free(state);
185         return NULL;
186     }
187     state->direct = 1; /* for empty file */
188 }

190 /* save the path name for error messages */
191 #ifdef _WIN32
192     if (fd == -2) {

```

```

193     len = wcstombs(NULL, path, 0);
194     if (len == (size_t)-1)
195         len = 0;
196     }
197     else
198 #endif
199     len = strlen((const char *)path);
200     state->path = (char *)malloc(len + 1);
201     if (state->path == NULL) {
202         free(state);
203         return NULL;
204     }
205 #ifdef _WIN32
206     if (fd == -2)
207         if (len)
208             wcstombs(state->path, path, len + 1);
209     else
210         *(state->path) = 0;
211     else
212 #endif
213 #if !defined(NO_snprintf) && !defined(NO_vsnprintf)
214     snprintf(state->path, len + 1, "%s", (const char *)path);
215 #else
216     strcpy(state->path, path);
217 #endif

219     /* compute the flags for open() */
220     oflag =
221 #ifdef O_LARGEFILE
222     O_LARGEFILE |
223 #endif
224 #ifdef O_BINARY
225     O_BINARY |
226 #endif
227 #ifdef O_CLOEXEC
228     (cloexec ? O_CLOEXEC : 0) |
229 #endif
230     (state->mode == GZ_READ ?
231     O_RDONLY :
232     (O_WRONLY | O_CREAT |
233 #ifdef O_EXCL
234     (exclusive ? O_EXCL : 0) |
235 #endif
236     (state->mode == GZ_WRITE ?
237     O_TRUNC :
238     O_APPEND)));

240     /* open the file with the appropriate flags (or just use fd) */
241     state->fd = fd > -1 ? fd : (
242 #ifdef _WIN32
243     fd == -2 ? _wopen(path, oflag, 0666) :
244 #endif
245     open((const char *)path, oflag, 0666));
246     if (state->fd == -1) {
247         free(state->path);
248         free(state);
249         return NULL;
250     }
251     if (state->mode == GZ_APPEND)
252         state->mode = GZ_WRITE; /* simplify later checks */

254     /* save the current position for rewinding (only if reading) */
255     if (state->mode == GZ_READ) {
256         state->start = LSEEK(state->fd, 0, SEEK_CUR);
257         if (state->start == -1) state->start = 0;
258     }

```

```

260  /* initialize stream */
261  gz_reset(state);

263  /* return stream */
264  return (gzFile)state;
265 }

267 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
268 gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen(path, mode)
269     const char *path;
270     const char *mode;
271 {
272     return gz_open(path, -1, mode);
273 }

275 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
276 gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen64(path, mode)
277     const char *path;
278     const char *mode;
279 {
280     return gz_open(path, -1, mode);
281 }

283 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
284 gzFile ZEXPORT gzdopen(fd, mode)
285     int fd;
286     const char *mode;
287 {
288     char *path;          /* identifier for error messages */
289     gzFile gz;

291     if (fd == -1 || (path = (char *)malloc(7 + 3 * sizeof(int))) == NULL)
292         return NULL;
293     #if !defined(NO_snprintf) && !defined(NO_vsnprintf)
294     snprintf(path, 7 + 3 * sizeof(int), "<fd:%d>", fd); /* for debugging */
295     #else
296     sprintf(path, "<fd:%d>", fd); /* for debugging */
297     #endif
298     gz = gz_open(path, fd, mode);
299     free(path);
300     return gz;
301 }

303 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
304 #ifdef _WIN32
305 gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen_w(path, mode)
306     const wchar_t *path;
307     const char *mode;
308 {
309     return gz_open(path, -2, mode);
310 }
311 #endif

313 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
314 int ZEXPORT gzbuffer(file, size)
315     gzFile file;
316     unsigned size;
317 {
318     gz_statep state;

320     /* get internal structure and check integrity */
321     if (file == NULL)
322         return -1;
323     state = (gz_statep)file;
324     if (state->mode != GZ_READ && state->mode != GZ_WRITE)

```

```

325     return -1;

327     /* make sure we haven't already allocated memory */
328     if (state->size != 0)
329         return -1;

331     /* check and set requested size */
332     if (size < 2)
333         size = 2;          /* need two bytes to check magic header */
334     state->want = size;
335     return 0;
336 }

338 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
339 int ZEXPORT gzrewind(file)
340     gzFile file;
341 {
342     gz_statep state;

344     /* get internal structure */
345     if (file == NULL)
346         return -1;
347     state = (gz_statep)file;

349     /* check that we're reading and that there's no error */
350     if (state->mode != GZ_READ ||
351         (state->err != Z_OK && state->err != Z_BUF_ERROR))
352         return -1;

354     /* back up and start over */
355     if (LSEEK(state->fd, state->start, SEEK_SET) == -1)
356         return -1;
357     gz_reset(state);
358     return 0;
359 }

361 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
362 z_off64_t ZEXPORT gzseek64(file, offset, whence)
363     gzFile file;
364     z_off64_t offset;
365     int whence;
366 {
367     unsigned n;
368     z_off64_t ret;
369     gz_statep state;

371     /* get internal structure and check integrity */
372     if (file == NULL)
373         return -1;
374     state = (gz_statep)file;
375     if (state->mode != GZ_READ && state->mode != GZ_WRITE)
376         return -1;

378     /* check that there's no error */
379     if (state->err != Z_OK && state->err != Z_BUF_ERROR)
380         return -1;

382     /* can only seek from start or relative to current position */
383     if (whence != SEEK_SET && whence != SEEK_CUR)
384         return -1;

386     /* normalize offset to a SEEK_CUR specification */
387     if (whence == SEEK_SET)
388         offset -= state->x.pos;
389     else if (state->seek)
390         offset += state->skip;

```

```

391     state->seek = 0;

393     /* if within raw area while reading, just go there */
394     if (state->mode == GZ_READ && state->how == COPY &&
395         state->x.pos + offset >= 0) {
396         ret = LSEEK(state->fd, offset - state->x.have, SEEK_CUR);
397         if (ret == -1)
398             return -1;
399         state->x.have = 0;
400         state->eof = 0;
401         state->past = 0;
402         state->seek = 0;
403         gz_error(state, Z_OK, NULL);
404         state->strm.avail_in = 0;
405         state->x.pos += offset;
406         return state->x.pos;
407     }

409     /* calculate skip amount, rewinding if needed for back seek when reading */
410     if (offset < 0) {
411         if (state->mode != GZ_READ)          /* writing -- can't go backwards */
412             return -1;
413         offset += state->x.pos;
414         if (offset < 0)                    /* before start of file! */
415             return -1;
416         if (gzrewind(file) == -1)         /* rewind, then skip to offset */
417             return -1;
418     }

420     /* if reading, skip what's in output buffer (one less gzgetc() check) */
421     if (state->mode == GZ_READ) {
422         n = GT_OFF(state->x.have) || (z_off64_t)state->x.have > offset ?
423             (unsigned)offset : state->x.have;
424         state->x.have -= n;
425         state->x.next += n;
426         state->x.pos += n;
427         offset -= n;
428     }

430     /* request skip (if not zero) */
431     if (offset) {
432         state->seek = 1;
433         state->skip = offset;
434     }
435     return state->x.pos + offset;
436 }

438 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
439 z_off_t ZEXPORT gzseek(file, offset, whence)
440     gzFile file;
441     z_off_t offset;
442     int whence;
443 {
444     z_off64_t ret;

446     ret = gzseek64(file, (z_off64_t)offset, whence);
447     return ret == (z_off_t)ret ? (z_off_t)ret : -1;
448 }

450 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
451 z_off64_t ZEXPORT gztell64(file)
452     gzFile file;
453 {
454     gz_statep state;

456     /* get internal structure and check integrity */

```

```

457     if (file == NULL)
458         return -1;
459     state = (gz_statep)file;
460     if (state->mode != GZ_READ && state->mode != GZ_WRITE)
461         return -1;

463     /* return position */
464     return state->x.pos + (state->seek ? state->skip : 0);
465 }

467 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
468 z_off_t ZEXPORT gztell(file)
469     gzFile file;
470 {
471     z_off64_t ret;

473     ret = gztell64(file);
474     return ret == (z_off_t)ret ? (z_off_t)ret : -1;
475 }

477 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
478 z_off64_t ZEXPORT gzoffset64(file)
479     gzFile file;
480 {
481     z_off64_t offset;
482     gz_statep state;

484     /* get internal structure and check integrity */
485     if (file == NULL)
486         return -1;
487     state = (gz_statep)file;
488     if (state->mode != GZ_READ && state->mode != GZ_WRITE)
489         return -1;

491     /* compute and return effective offset in file */
492     offset = LSEEK(state->fd, 0, SEEK_CUR);
493     if (offset == -1)
494         return -1;
495     if (state->mode == GZ_READ)            /* reading */
496         offset -= state->strm.avail_in;    /* don't count buffered input */
497     return offset;
498 }

500 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
501 z_off_t ZEXPORT gzoffset(file)
502     gzFile file;
503 {
504     z_off64_t ret;

506     ret = gzoffset64(file);
507     return ret == (z_off_t)ret ? (z_off_t)ret : -1;
508 }

510 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
511 int ZEXPORT gzeof(file)
512     gzFile file;
513 {
514     gz_statep state;

516     /* get internal structure and check integrity */
517     if (file == NULL)
518         return 0;
519     state = (gz_statep)file;
520     if (state->mode != GZ_READ && state->mode != GZ_WRITE)
521         return 0;

```

```

523  /* return end-of-file state */
524  return state->mode == GZ_READ ? state->past : 0;
525 }

527 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
528 const char * ZEXPORT gzerror(file, errnum)
529     gzFile file;
530     int *errnum;
531 {
532     gz_statep state;

534     /* get internal structure and check integrity */
535     if (file == NULL)
536         return NULL;
537     state = (gz_statep)file;
538     if (state->mode != GZ_READ && state->mode != GZ_WRITE)
539         return NULL;

541     /* return error information */
542     if (errnum != NULL)
543         *errnum = state->err;
544     return state->err == Z_MEM_ERROR ? "out of memory" :
545         (state->msg == NULL ? "" : state->msg);
546 }

548 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
549 void ZEXPORT gzclearerr(file)
550     gzFile file;
551 {
552     gz_statep state;

554     /* get internal structure and check integrity */
555     if (file == NULL)
556         return;
557     state = (gz_statep)file;
558     if (state->mode != GZ_READ && state->mode != GZ_WRITE)
559         return;

561     /* clear error and end-of-file */
562     if (state->mode == GZ_READ) {
563         state->eof = 0;
564         state->past = 0;
565     }
566     gz_error(state, Z_OK, NULL);
567 }

569 /* Create an error message in allocated memory and set state->err and
570 state->msg accordingly. Free any previous error message already there. Do
571 not try to free or allocate space if the error is Z_MEM_ERROR (out of
572 memory). Simply save the error message as a static string. If there is an
573 allocation failure constructing the error message, then convert the error to
574 out of memory. */
575 void ZLIB_INTERNAL gz_error(state, err, msg)
576     gz_statep state;
577     int err;
578     const char *msg;
579 {
580     /* free previously allocated message and clear */
581     if (state->msg != NULL) {
582         if (state->err != Z_MEM_ERROR)
583             free(state->msg);
584         state->msg = NULL;
585     }

587     /* if fatal, set state->x.have to 0 so that the gzgetc() macro fails */
588     if (err != Z_OK && err != Z_BUF_ERROR)

```

```

589     state->x.have = 0;

591     /* set error code, and if no message, then done */
592     state->err = err;
593     if (msg == NULL)
594         return;

596     /* for an out of memory error, return literal string when requested */
597     if (err == Z_MEM_ERROR)
598         return;

600     /* construct error message with path */
601     if ((state->msg = (char *)malloc(strlen(state->path) + strlen(msg) + 3)) ==
602         NULL) {
603         state->err = Z_MEM_ERROR;
604         return;
605     }
606     #if !defined(NO_snprintf) && !defined(NO_vsnprintf)
607     snprintf(state->msg, strlen(state->path) + strlen(msg) + 3,
608             "%s%s", state->path, ": ", msg);
609     #else
610     strcpy(state->msg, state->path);
611     strcat(state->msg, ": ");
612     strcat(state->msg, msg);
613     #endif
614     return;
615 }

617 #ifndef INT_MAX
618 /* portably return maximum value for an int (when limits.h presumed not
619 available) -- we need to do this to cover cases where 2's complement not
620 used, since C standard permits 1's complement and sign-bit representations,
621 otherwise we could just use ((unsigned)-1) >> 1 */
622 unsigned ZLIB_INTERNAL gz_intmax()
623 {
624     unsigned p, q;

626     p = 1;
627     do {
628         q = p;
629         p <<= 1;
630         p++;
631     } while (p > q);
632     return q >> 1;
633 }
634 #endif

```

```

*****
18694 Wed Apr 1 15:57:27 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/gzread.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* gzread.c -- zlib functions for reading gzip files
2  * Copyright (C) 2004, 2005, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 #include "gzguts.h"

8 /* Local functions */
9 local int gz_load OF((gz_statep, unsigned char *, unsigned, unsigned *));
10 local int gz_avail OF((gz_statep));
11 local int gz_look OF((gz_statep));
12 local int gz_decomp OF((gz_statep));
13 local int gz_fetch OF((gz_statep));
14 local int gz_skip OF((gz_statep, z_off64_t));

16 /* Use read() to load a buffer -- return -1 on error, otherwise 0. Read from
17 state->fd, and update state->eof, state->err, and state->msg as appropriate.
18 This function needs to loop on read(), since read() is not guaranteed to
19 read the number of bytes requested, depending on the type of descriptor. */
20 local int gz_load(state, buf, len, have)
21     gz_statep state;
22     unsigned char *buf;
23     unsigned len;
24     unsigned *have;
25 {
26     int ret;

28     *have = 0;
29     do {
30         ret = read(state->fd, buf + *have, len - *have);
31         if (ret <= 0)
32             break;
33         *have += ret;
34     } while (*have < len);
35     if (ret < 0) {
36         gz_error(state, Z_ERRNO, zstrerror());
37         return -1;
38     }
39     if (ret == 0)
40         state->eof = 1;
41     return 0;
42 }

44 /* Load up input buffer and set eof flag if last data loaded -- return -1 on
45 error, 0 otherwise. Note that the eof flag is set when the end of the input
46 file is reached, even though there may be unused data in the buffer. Once
47 that data has been used, no more attempts will be made to read the file.
48 If strm->avail_in != 0, then the current data is moved to the beginning of
49 the input buffer, and then the remainder of the buffer is loaded with the
50 available data from the input file. */
51 local int gz_avail(state)
52     gz_statep state;
53 {
54     unsigned got;
55     z_streamp strm = &(state->strm);

57     if (state->err != Z_OK && state->err != Z_BUF_ERROR)
58         return -1;
59     if (state->eof == 0) {
60         if (strm->avail_in) { /* copy what's there to the start */

```

```

61         unsigned char *p = state->in;
62         unsigned const char *q = strm->next_in;
63         unsigned n = strm->avail_in;
64         do {
65             *p++ = *q++;
66         } while (--n);
67     }
68     if (gz_load(state, state->in + strm->avail_in,
69                 state->size - strm->avail_in, &got) == -1)
70         return -1;
71     strm->avail_in += got;
72     strm->next_in = state->in;
73 }
74     return 0;
75 }

77 /* Look for gzip header, set up for inflate or copy. state->x.have must be 0.
78 If this is the first time in, allocate required memory. state->how will be
79 left unchanged if there is no more input data available, will be set to COPY
80 if there is no gzip header and direct copying will be performed, or it will
81 be set to GZIP for decompression. If direct copying, then leftover input
82 data from the input buffer will be copied to the output buffer. In that
83 case, all further file reads will be directly to either the output buffer or
84 a user buffer. If decompressing, the inflate state will be initialized.
85 gz_look() will return 0 on success or -1 on failure. */
86 local int gz_look(state)
87     gz_statep state;
88 {
89     z_streamp strm = &(state->strm);

91     /* allocate read buffers and inflate memory */
92     if (state->size == 0) {
93         /* allocate buffers */
94         state->in = (unsigned char *)malloc(state->want);
95         state->out = (unsigned char *)malloc(state->want << 1);
96         if (state->in == NULL || state->out == NULL) {
97             if (state->out != NULL)
98                 free(state->out);
99             if (state->in != NULL)
100                 free(state->in);
101             gz_error(state, Z_MEM_ERROR, "out of memory");
102             return -1;
103         }
104         state->size = state->want;

106         /* allocate inflate memory */
107         state->strm.zalloc = Z_NULL;
108         state->strm.zfree = Z_NULL;
109         state->strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
110         state->strm.avail_in = 0;
111         state->strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
112         if (inflateInit2(&(state->strm), 15 + 16) != Z_OK) { /* gunzip */
113             free(state->out);
114             free(state->in);
115             state->size = 0;
116             gz_error(state, Z_MEM_ERROR, "out of memory");
117             return -1;
118         }
119     }

121     /* get at least the magic bytes in the input buffer */
122     if (strm->avail_in < 2) {
123         if (gz_avail(state) == -1)
124             return -1;
125         if (strm->avail_in == 0)
126             return 0;

```



```

127     }
129     /* look for gzip magic bytes -- if there, do gzip decoding (note: there is
130     a logical dilemma here when considering the case of a partially written
131     gzip file, to wit, if a single 31 byte is written, then we cannot tell
132     whether this is a single-byte file, or just a partially written gzip
133     file -- for here we assume that if a gzip file is being written, then
134     the header will be written in a single operation, so that reading a
135     single byte is sufficient indication that it is not a gzip file) */
136     if (strm->avail_in > 1 &&
137         strm->next_in[0] == 31 && strm->next_in[1] == 139) {
138         inflateReset(strm);
139         state->how = GZIP;
140         state->direct = 0;
141         return 0;
142     }
144     /* no gzip header -- if we were decoding gzip before, then this is trailing
145     garbage. Ignore the trailing garbage and finish. */
146     if (state->direct == 0) {
147         strm->avail_in = 0;
148         state->eof = 1;
149         state->x.have = 0;
150         return 0;
151     }
153     /* doing raw i/o, copy any leftover input to output -- this assumes that
154     the output buffer is larger than the input buffer, which also assures
155     space for gzungetc() */
156     state->x.next = state->out;
157     if (strm->avail_in) {
158         memcpy(state->x.next, strm->next_in, strm->avail_in);
159         state->x.have = strm->avail_in;
160         strm->avail_in = 0;
161     }
162     state->how = COPY;
163     state->direct = 1;
164     return 0;
165 }
167 /* Decompress from input to the provided next_out and avail_out in the state.
168 On return, state->x.have and state->x.next point to the just decompressed
169 data. If the gzip stream completes, state->how is reset to LOOK to look for
170 the next gzip stream or raw data, once state->x.have is depleted. Returns 0
171 on success, -1 on failure. */
172 local int gz_decomp(state)
173 gz_statep state;
174 {
175     int ret = Z_OK;
176     unsigned had;
177     z_streamp strm = &(state->strm);
179     /* fill output buffer up to end of deflate stream */
180     had = strm->avail_out;
181     do {
182         /* get more input for inflate() */
183         if (strm->avail_in == 0 && gz_avail(state) == -1)
184             return -1;
185         if (strm->avail_in == 0) {
186             gz_error(state, Z_BUF_ERROR, "unexpected end of file");
187             break;
188         }
190         /* decompress and handle errors */
191         ret = inflate(strm, Z_NO_FLUSH);
192         if (ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR || ret == Z_NEED_DICT) {

```

```

193         gz_error(state, Z_STREAM_ERROR,
194                 "internal error: inflate stream corrupt");
195         return -1;
196     }
197     if (ret == Z_MEM_ERROR) {
198         gz_error(state, Z_MEM_ERROR, "out of memory");
199         return -1;
200     }
201     if (ret == Z_DATA_ERROR) { /* deflate stream invalid */
202         gz_error(state, Z_DATA_ERROR,
203                 strm->msg == NULL ? "compressed data error" : strm->msg);
204         return -1;
205     }
206     } while (strm->avail_out && ret != Z_STREAM_END);
208     /* update available output */
209     state->x.have = had - strm->avail_out;
210     state->x.next = strm->next_out - state->x.have;
212     /* if the gzip stream completed successfully, look for another */
213     if (ret == Z_STREAM_END)
214         state->how = LOOK;
216     /* good decompression */
217     return 0;
218 }
220 /* Fetch data and put it in the output buffer. Assumes state->x.have is 0.
221 Data is either copied from the input file or decompressed from the input
222 file depending on state->how. If state->how is LOOK, then a gzip header is
223 looked for to determine whether to copy or decompress. Returns -1 on error,
224 otherwise 0. gz_fetch() will leave state->how as COPY or GZIP unless the
225 end of the input file has been reached and all data has been processed. */
226 local int gz_fetch(state)
227 gz_statep state;
228 {
229     z_streamp strm = &(state->strm);
231     do {
232         switch(state->how) {
233             case LOOK: /* -> LOOK, COPY (only if never GZIP), or GZIP */
234                 if (gz_look(state) == -1)
235                     return -1;
236                 if (state->how == LOOK)
237                     return 0;
238                 break;
239             case COPY: /* -> COPY */
240                 if (gz_load(state, state->out, state->size << 1, &(state->x.have))
241                     == -1)
242                     return -1;
243                 state->x.next = state->out;
244                 return 0;
245             case GZIP: /* -> GZIP or LOOK (if end of gzip stream) */
246                 strm->avail_out = state->size << 1;
247                 strm->next_out = state->out;
248                 if (gz_decomp(state) == -1)
249                     return -1;
250         }
251     } while (state->x.have == 0 && (!state->eof || strm->avail_in));
252     return 0;
253 }
255 /* Skip len uncompressed bytes of output. Return -1 on error, 0 on success. */
256 local int gz_skip(state, len)
257 gz_statep state;
258 z_off64_t len;

```

```

259 {
260     unsigned n;

262     /* skip over len bytes or reach end-of-file, whichever comes first */
263     while (len)
264         /* skip over whatever is in output buffer */
265         if (state->x.have) {
266             n = GT_OFF(state->x.have) || (z_off64_t)state->x.have > len ?
267                 (unsigned)len : state->x.have;
268             state->x.have -= n;
269             state->x.next += n;
270             state->x.pos += n;
271             len -= n;
272         }

274     /* output buffer empty -- return if we're at the end of the input */
275     else if (state->eof && state->strm.avail_in == 0)
276         break;

278     /* need more data to skip -- load up output buffer */
279     else {
280         /* get more output, looking for header if required */
281         if (gz_fetch(state) == -1)
282             return -1;
283     }
284     return 0;
285 }

287 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
288 int ZEXPORT gzread(file, buf, len)
289     gzFile file;
290     voidp buf;
291     unsigned len;
292 {
293     unsigned got, n;
294     gz_statep state;
295     z_streamp strm;

297     /* get internal structure */
298     if (file == NULL)
299         return -1;
300     state = (gz_statep)file;
301     strm = &(state->strm);

303     /* check that we're reading and that there's no (serious) error */
304     if (state->mode != GZ_READ ||
305         (state->err != Z_OK && state->err != Z_BUF_ERROR))
306         return -1;

308     /* since an int is returned, make sure len fits in one, otherwise return
309     with an error (this avoids the flaw in the interface) */
310     if ((int)len < 0) {
311         gz_error(state, Z_DATA_ERROR, "requested length does not fit in int");
312         return -1;
313     }

315     /* if len is zero, avoid unnecessary operations */
316     if (len == 0)
317         return 0;

319     /* process a skip request */
320     if (state->seek) {
321         state->seek = 0;
322         if (gz_skip(state, state->skip) == -1)
323             return -1;
324     }

```

```

326     /* get len bytes to buf, or less than len if at the end */
327     got = 0;
328     do {
329         /* first just try copying data from the output buffer */
330         if (state->x.have) {
331             n = state->x.have > len ? len : state->x.have;
332             memcpy(buf, state->x.next, n);
333             state->x.next += n;
334             state->x.have -= n;
335         }

337         /* output buffer empty -- return if we're at the end of the input */
338         else if (state->eof && strm->avail_in == 0) {
339             state->past = 1; /* tried to read past end */
340             break;
341         }

343         /* need output data -- for small len or new stream load up our output
344         buffer */
345         else if (state->how == LOOK || len < (state->size << 1)) {
346             /* get more output, looking for header if required */
347             if (gz_fetch(state) == -1)
348                 return -1;
349             continue; /* no progress yet -- go back to copy above */
350             /* the copy above assures that we will leave with space in the
351             output buffer, allowing at least one gzgetc() to succeed */
352         }

354         /* large len -- read directly into user buffer */
355         else if (state->how == COPY) { /* read directly */
356             if (gz_load(state, (unsigned char *)buf, len, &n) == -1)
357                 return -1;
358         }

360         /* large len -- decompress directly into user buffer */
361         else { /* state->how == GZIP */
362             strm->avail_out = len;
363             strm->next_out = (unsigned char *)buf;
364             if (gz_decomp(state) == -1)
365                 return -1;
366             n = state->x.have;
367             state->x.have = 0;
368         }

370         /* update progress */
371         len -= n;
372         buf = (char *)buf + n;
373         got += n;
374         state->x.pos += n;
375     } while (len);

377     /* return number of bytes read into user buffer (will fit in int) */
378     return (int)got;
379 }

381 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
382 #ifdef Z_PREFIX_SET
383 #undef z_gzgetc
384 #else
385 #undef gzgetc
386 #endif
387 int ZEXPORT gzgetc(file)
388     gzFile file;
389 {
390     int ret;

```

```

391 unsigned char buf[1];
392 gz_statep state;

394 /* get internal structure */
395 if (file == NULL)
396     return -1;
397 state = (gz_statep)file;

399 /* check that we're reading and that there's no (serious) error */
400 if (state->mode != GZ_READ ||
401     (state->err != Z_OK && state->err != Z_BUF_ERROR))
402     return -1;

404 /* try output buffer (no need to check for skip request) */
405 if (state->x.have) {
406     state->x.have--;
407     state->x.pos++;
408     return *(state->x.next)++;
409 }

411 /* nothing there -- try gzread() */
412 ret = gzread(file, buf, 1);
413 return ret < 1 ? -1 : buf[0];
414 }

416 int ZEXPORT gzgetc_(file)
417 gzFile file;
418 {
419     return gzgetc(file);
420 }

422 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
423 int ZEXPORT gzungetc(c, file)
424 int c;
425 gzFile file;
426 {
427     gz_statep state;

429     /* get internal structure */
430     if (file == NULL)
431         return -1;
432     state = (gz_statep)file;

434     /* check that we're reading and that there's no (serious) error */
435     if (state->mode != GZ_READ ||
436         (state->err != Z_OK && state->err != Z_BUF_ERROR))
437         return -1;

439     /* process a skip request */
440     if (state->seek) {
441         state->seek = 0;
442         if (gz_skip(state, state->skip) == -1)
443             return -1;
444     }

446     /* can't push EOF */
447     if (c < 0)
448         return -1;

450     /* if output buffer empty, put byte at end (allows more pushing) */
451     if (state->x.have == 0) {
452         state->x.have = 1;
453         state->x.next = state->out + (state->size << 1) - 1;
454         state->x.next[0] = c;
455         state->x.pos--;
456         state->past = 0;

```

```

457     return c;
458 }

460 /* if no room, give up (must have already done a gzungetc()) */
461 if (state->x.have == (state->size << 1)) {
462     gz_error(state, Z_DATA_ERROR, "out of room to push characters");
463     return -1;
464 }

466 /* slide output data if needed and insert byte before existing data */
467 if (state->x.next == state->out) {
468     unsigned char *src = state->out + state->x.have;
469     unsigned char *dest = state->out + (state->size << 1);
470     while (src > state->out)
471         *--dest = *--src;
472     state->x.next = dest;
473 }
474 state->x.have++;
475 state->x.next--;
476 state->x.next[0] = c;
477 state->x.pos--;
478 state->past = 0;
479 return c;
480 }

482 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
483 char * ZEXPORT gzgets(file, buf, len)
484 gzFile file;
485 char *buf;
486 int len;
487 {
488     unsigned left, n;
489     char *str;
490     unsigned char *eol;
491     gz_statep state;

493     /* check parameters and get internal structure */
494     if (file == NULL || buf == NULL || len < 1)
495         return NULL;
496     state = (gz_statep)file;

498     /* check that we're reading and that there's no (serious) error */
499     if (state->mode != GZ_READ ||
500         (state->err != Z_OK && state->err != Z_BUF_ERROR))
501         return NULL;

503     /* process a skip request */
504     if (state->seek) {
505         state->seek = 0;
506         if (gz_skip(state, state->skip) == -1)
507             return NULL;
508     }

510     /* copy output bytes up to new line or len - 1, whichever comes first --
511     append a terminating zero to the string (we don't check for a zero in
512     the contents, let the user worry about that) */
513     str = buf;
514     left = (unsigned)len - 1;
515     if (left) do {
516         /* assure that something is in the output buffer */
517         if (state->x.have == 0 && gz_fetch(state) == -1)
518             return NULL; /* error */
519         if (state->x.have == 0) { /* end of file */
520             state->past = 1; /* read past end */
521             break; /* return what we have */
522         }

```

```

524     /* look for end-of-line in current output buffer */
525     n = state->x.have > left ? left : state->x.have;
526     eol = (unsigned char *)memchr(state->x.next, '\n', n);
527     if (eol != NULL)
528         n = (unsigned)(eol - state->x.next) + 1;
529
530     /* copy through end-of-line, or remainder if not found */
531     memcpy(buf, state->x.next, n);
532     state->x.have -= n;
533     state->x.next += n;
534     state->x.pos += n;
535     left -= n;
536     buf += n;
537 } while (left && eol == NULL);
538
539 /* return terminated string, or if nothing, end of file */
540 if (buf == str)
541     return NULL;
542 buf[0] = 0;
543 return str;
544 }
545
546 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
547 int ZEXPORT gzdirect(file)
548     gzFile file;
549 {
550     gz_statep state;
551
552     /* get internal structure */
553     if (file == NULL)
554         return 0;
555     state = (gz_statep)file;
556
557     /* if the state is not known, but we can find out, then do so (this is
558        mainly for right after a gzopen() or gzdupen()) */
559     if (state->mode == GZ_READ && state->how == LOOK && state->x.have == 0)
560         (void)gz_look(state);
561
562     /* return 1 if transparent, 0 if processing a gzip stream */
563     return state->direct;
564 }
565
566 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
567 int ZEXPORT gzclose_r(file)
568     gzFile file;
569 {
570     int ret, err;
571     gz_statep state;
572
573     /* get internal structure */
574     if (file == NULL)
575         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
576     state = (gz_statep)file;
577
578     /* check that we're reading */
579     if (state->mode != GZ_READ)
580         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
581
582     /* free memory and close file */
583     if (state->size) {
584         inflateEnd(&(state->strm));
585         free(state->out);
586         free(state->in);
587     }
588     err = state->err == Z_BUF_ERROR ? Z_BUF_ERROR : Z_OK;

```

```

589     gz_error(state, Z_OK, NULL);
590     free(state->path);
591     ret = close(state->fd);
592     free(state);
593     return ret ? Z_ERRNO : err;
594 }

```

```

*****
16199 Wed Apr 1 15:57:27 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/gzwrite.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* gzwrite.c -- zlib functions for writing gzip files
2  * Copyright (C) 2004, 2005, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 #include "gzguts.h"

8 /* Local functions */
9 local int gz_init OF((gz_statep));
10 local int gz_comp OF((gz_statep, int));
11 local int gz_zero OF((gz_statep, z_off64_t));

13 /* Initialize state for writing a gzip file.  Mark initialization by setting
14  state->size to non-zero.  Return -1 on failure or 0 on success. */
15 local int gz_init(state)
16     gz_statep state;
17 {
18     int ret;
19     z_streamp strm = &(state->strm);

21     /* allocate input buffer */
22     state->in = (unsigned char *)malloc(state->want);
23     if (state->in == NULL) {
24         gz_error(state, Z_MEM_ERROR, "out of memory");
25         return -1;
26     }

28     /* only need output buffer and deflate state if compressing */
29     if (!state->direct) {
30         /* allocate output buffer */
31         state->out = (unsigned char *)malloc(state->want);
32         if (state->out == NULL) {
33             free(state->in);
34             gz_error(state, Z_MEM_ERROR, "out of memory");
35             return -1;
36         }

38         /* allocate deflate memory, set up for gzip compression */
39         strm->zalloc = Z_NULL;
40         strm->zfree = Z_NULL;
41         strm->opaque = Z_NULL;
42         ret = deflateInit2(strm, state->level, Z_DEFLATED,
43             MAX_WBITS + 16, DEF_MEM_LEVEL, state->strategy);
44         if (ret != Z_OK) {
45             free(state->out);
46             free(state->in);
47             gz_error(state, Z_MEM_ERROR, "out of memory");
48             return -1;
49         }
50     }

52     /* mark state as initialized */
53     state->size = state->want;

55     /* initialize write buffer if compressing */
56     if (!state->direct) {
57         strm->avail_out = state->size;
58         strm->next_out = state->out;
59         state->x.next = strm->next_out;
60     }

```

```

61     return 0;
62 }

64 /* Compress whatever is at avail_in and next_in and write to the output file.
65  Return -1 if there is an error writing to the output file, otherwise 0.
66  flush is assumed to be a valid deflate() flush value.  If flush is Z_FINISH,
67  then the deflate() state is reset to start a new gzip stream.  If gz->direct
68  is true, then simply write to the output file without compressing, and
69  ignore flush. */
70 local int gz_comp(state, flush)
71     gz_statep state;
72     int flush;
73 {
74     int ret, got;
75     unsigned have;
76     z_streamp strm = &(state->strm);

78     /* allocate memory if this is the first time through */
79     if (state->size == 0 && gz_init(state) == -1)
80         return -1;

82     /* write directly if requested */
83     if (state->direct) {
84         got = write(state->fd, strm->next_in, strm->avail_in);
85         if (got < 0 || (unsigned)got != strm->avail_in) {
86             gz_error(state, Z_ERRNO, zstrerror());
87             return -1;
88         }
89         strm->avail_in = 0;
90         return 0;
91     }

93     /* run deflate() on provided input until it produces no more output */
94     ret = Z_OK;
95     do {
96         /* write out current buffer contents if full, or if flushing, but if
97          doing Z_FINISH then don't write until we get to Z_STREAM_END */
98         if (strm->avail_out == 0 || (flush != Z_NO_FLUSH &&
99             (flush != Z_FINISH || ret == Z_STREAM_END))) {
100             have = (unsigned)(strm->next_out - state->x.next);
101             if (have && ((got = write(state->fd, state->x.next, have)) < 0 ||
102                 (unsigned)got != have)) {
103                 gz_error(state, Z_ERRNO, zstrerror());
104                 return -1;
105             }
106             if (strm->avail_out == 0) {
107                 strm->avail_out = state->size;
108                 strm->next_out = state->out;
109             }
110             state->x.next = strm->next_out;
111         }

113         /* compress */
114         have = strm->avail_out;
115         ret = deflate(strm, flush);
116         if (ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR) {
117             gz_error(state, Z_STREAM_ERROR,
118                 "internal error: deflate stream corrupt");
119             return -1;
120         }
121         have -= strm->avail_out;
122     } while (have);

124     /* if that completed a deflate stream, allow another to start */
125     if (flush == Z_FINISH)
126         deflateReset(strm);

```

```

128  /* all done, no errors */
129  return 0;
130 }

132 /* Compress len zeros to output. Return -1 on error, 0 on success. */
133 local int gz_zero(state, len)
134     gz_statep state;
135     z_off64_t len;
136 {
137     int first;
138     unsigned n;
139     z_streamp strm = &(amp;state->strm);

141     /* consume whatever's left in the input buffer */
142     if (strm->avail_in && gz_comp(state, Z_NO_FLUSH) == -1)
143         return -1;

145     /* compress len zeros (len guaranteed > 0) */
146     first = 1;
147     while (len) {
148         n = GT_OFF(state->size) || (z_off64_t)state->size > len ?
149             (unsigned)len : state->size;
150         if (first) {
151             memset(state->in, 0, n);
152             first = 0;
153         }
154         strm->avail_in = n;
155         strm->next_in = state->in;
156         state->x.pos += n;
157         if (gz_comp(state, Z_NO_FLUSH) == -1)
158             return -1;
159         len -= n;
160     }
161     return 0;
162 }

164 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
165 int ZEXPORT gzwrite(file, buf, len)
166     gzFile file;
167     voidpc buf;
168     unsigned len;
169 {
170     unsigned put = len;
171     gz_statep state;
172     z_streamp strm;

174     /* get internal structure */
175     if (file == NULL)
176         return 0;
177     state = (gz_statep)file;
178     strm = &(state->strm);

180     /* check that we're writing and that there's no error */
181     if (state->mode != GZ_WRITE || state->err != Z_OK)
182         return 0;

184     /* since an int is returned, make sure len fits in one, otherwise return
185     with an error (this avoids the flaw in the interface) */
186     if ((int)len < 0) {
187         gz_error(state, Z_DATA_ERROR, "requested length does not fit in int");
188         return 0;
189     }

191     /* if len is zero, avoid unnecessary operations */
192     if (len == 0)

```

```

193         return 0;

195     /* allocate memory if this is the first time through */
196     if (state->size == 0 && gz_init(state) == -1)
197         return 0;

199     /* check for seek request */
200     if (state->seek) {
201         state->seek = 0;
202         if (gz_zero(state, state->skip) == -1)
203             return 0;
204     }

206     /* for small len, copy to input buffer, otherwise compress directly */
207     if (len < state->size) {
208         /* copy to input buffer, compress when full */
209         do {
210             unsigned have, copy;

212             if (strm->avail_in == 0)
213                 strm->next_in = state->in;
214             have = (unsigned)((strm->next_in + strm->avail_in) - state->in);
215             copy = state->size - have;
216             if (copy > len)
217                 copy = len;
218             memcpy(state->in + have, buf, copy);
219             strm->avail_in += copy;
220             state->x.pos += copy;
221             buf = (const char *)buf + copy;
222             len -= copy;
223             if (len && gz_comp(state, Z_NO_FLUSH) == -1)
224                 return 0;
225         } while (len);
226     }
227     else {
228         /* consume whatever's left in the input buffer */
229         if (strm->avail_in && gz_comp(state, Z_NO_FLUSH) == -1)
230             return 0;

232         /* directly compress user buffer to file */
233         strm->avail_in = len;
234         strm->next_in = (z_const Bytef *)buf;
235         state->x.pos += len;
236         if (gz_comp(state, Z_NO_FLUSH) == -1)
237             return 0;
238     }

240     /* input was all buffered or compressed (put will fit in int) */
241     return (int)put;
242 }

244 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
245 int ZEXPORT gzputc(file, c)
246     gzFile file;
247     int c;
248 {
249     unsigned have;
250     unsigned char buf[1];
251     gz_statep state;
252     z_streamp strm;

254     /* get internal structure */
255     if (file == NULL)
256         return -1;
257     state = (gz_statep)file;
258     strm = &(state->strm);

```

```

260  /* check that we're writing and that there's no error */
261  if (state->mode != GZ_WRITE || state->err != Z_OK)
262      return -1;

264  /* check for seek request */
265  if (state->seek) {
266      state->seek = 0;
267      if (gz_zero(state, state->skip) == -1)
268          return -1;
269  }

271  /* try writing to input buffer for speed (state->size == 0 if buffer not
272     initialized) */
273  if (state->size) {
274      if (strm->avail_in == 0)
275          strm->next_in = state->in;
276      have = (unsigned)((strm->next_in + strm->avail_in) - state->in);
277      if (have < state->size) {
278          state->in[have] = c;
279          strm->avail_in++;
280          state->x.pos++;
281          return c & 0xff;
282      }
283  }

285  /* no room in buffer or not initialized, use gz_write() */
286  buf[0] = c;
287  if (gzwrite(file, buf, 1) != 1)
288      return -1;
289  return c & 0xff;
290 }

292 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
293 int ZEXPORT gzputs(file, str)
294     gzFile file;
295     const char *str;
296 {
297     int ret;
298     unsigned len;

300     /* write string */
301     len = (unsigned)strlen(str);
302     ret = gzwrite(file, str, len);
303     return ret == 0 && len != 0 ? -1 : ret;
304 }

306 #if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
307 #include <stdarg.h>

309 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
310 int ZEXPORTVA gzvprintf(gzFile file, const char *format, va_list va)
311 {
312     int size, len;
313     gz_statep state;
314     z_streamp strm;

316     /* get internal structure */
317     if (file == NULL)
318         return -1;
319     state = (gz_statep)file;
320     strm = &(state->strm);

322     /* check that we're writing and that there's no error */
323     if (state->mode != GZ_WRITE || state->err != Z_OK)
324         return 0;

```

```

326     /* make sure we have some buffer space */
327     if (state->size == 0 && gz_init(state) == -1)
328         return 0;

330     /* check for seek request */
331     if (state->seek) {
332         state->seek = 0;
333         if (gz_zero(state, state->skip) == -1)
334             return 0;
335     }

337     /* consume whatever's left in the input buffer */
338     if (strm->avail_in && gz_comp(state, Z_NO_FLUSH) == -1)
339         return 0;

341     /* do the printf() into the input buffer, put length in len */
342     size = (int)(state->size);
343     state->in[size - 1] = 0;
344     #ifndef NO_vsnprintf
345     #   ifdef HAS_vsprintf_void
346         (void)vsprintf((char *)state->in, format, va);
347         for (len = 0; len < size; len++)
348             if (state->in[len] == 0) break;
349     #   else
350         len = vsprintf((char *)state->in, format, va);
351     #   endif
352     #else
353     #   ifdef HAS_vsnprintf_void
354         (void)vsnprintf((char *)state->in, size, format, va);
355         len = strlen((char *)state->in);
356     #   else
357         len = vsnprintf((char *)state->in, size, format, va);
358     #   endif
359     #endif

361     /* check that printf() results fit in buffer */
362     if (len <= 0 || len >= (int)size || state->in[size - 1] != 0)
363         return 0;

365     /* update buffer and position, defer compression until needed */
366     strm->avail_in = (unsigned)len;
367     strm->next_in = state->in;
368     state->x.pos += len;
369     return len;
370 }

372 int ZEXPORTVA gzprintf(gzFile file, const char *format, ...)
373 {
374     va_list va;
375     int ret;

377     va_start(va, format);
378     ret = gzvprintf(file, format, va);
379     va_end(va);
380     return ret;
381 }

383 #else /* !STDC && !Z_HAVE_STDARG_H */

385 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
386 int ZEXPORTVA gzprintf (file, format, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8, a9, a10,
387                        a11, a12, a13, a14, a15, a16, a17, a18, a19, a20)
388     gzFile file;
389     const char *format;
390     int a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8, a9, a10,

```

```

391     all, a12, a13, a14, a15, a16, a17, a18, a19, a20;
392 {
393     int size, len;
394     gz_statep state;
395     z_streamp strm;

397     /* get internal structure */
398     if (file == NULL)
399         return -1;
400     state = (gz_statep)file;
401     strm = &(state->strm);

403     /* check that can really pass pointer in ints */
404     if (sizeof(int) != sizeof(void *))
405         return 0;

407     /* check that we're writing and that there's no error */
408     if (state->mode != GZ_WRITE || state->err != Z_OK)
409         return 0;

411     /* make sure we have some buffer space */
412     if (state->size == 0 && gz_init(state) == -1)
413         return 0;

415     /* check for seek request */
416     if (state->seek) {
417         state->seek = 0;
418         if (gz_zero(state, state->skip) == -1)
419             return 0;
420     }

422     /* consume whatever's left in the input buffer */
423     if (strm->avail_in && gz_comp(state, Z_NO_FLUSH) == -1)
424         return 0;

426     /* do the printf() into the input buffer, put length in len */
427     size = (int)(state->size);
428     state->in[size - 1] = 0;
429 #ifndef NO_snprintf
430 #   ifdef HAS_sprintf_void
431     sprintf((char *)(state->in), format, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8,
432           a9, a10, a11, a12, a13, a14, a15, a16, a17, a18, a19, a20);
433     for (len = 0; len < size; len++)
434         if (state->in[len] == 0) break;
435 #   else
436     len = sprintf((char *)(state->in), format, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8,
437                 a9, a10, a11, a12, a13, a14, a15, a16, a17, a18, a19, a20);
438 #   endif
439 #else
440 #   ifdef HAS_snprintf_void
441     snprintf((char *)(state->in), size, format, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8,
442            a9, a10, a11, a12, a13, a14, a15, a16, a17, a18, a19, a20);
443     len = strlen((char *)(state->in));
444 #   else
445     len = snprintf((char *)(state->in), size, format, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6,
446                  a7, a8, a9, a10, a11, a12, a13, a14, a15, a16, a17, a18,
447                  a19, a20);
448 #   endif
449 #endif

451     /* check that printf() results fit in buffer */
452     if (len <= 0 || len >= (int)size || state->in[size - 1] != 0)
453         return 0;

455     /* update buffer and position, defer compression until needed */
456     strm->avail_in = (unsigned)len;

```

```

457     strm->next_in = state->in;
458     state->x.pos += len;
459     return len;
460 }

462 #endif

464 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
465 int ZEXPORT gzflush(file, flush)
466     gzFile file;
467     int flush;
468 {
469     gz_statep state;

471     /* get internal structure */
472     if (file == NULL)
473         return -1;
474     state = (gz_statep)file;

476     /* check that we're writing and that there's no error */
477     if (state->mode != GZ_WRITE || state->err != Z_OK)
478         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

480     /* check flush parameter */
481     if (flush < 0 || flush > Z_FINISH)
482         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

484     /* check for seek request */
485     if (state->seek) {
486         state->seek = 0;
487         if (gz_zero(state, state->skip) == -1)
488             return -1;
489     }

491     /* compress remaining data with requested flush */
492     gz_comp(state, flush);
493     return state->err;
494 }

496 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
497 int ZEXPORT gzsetparams(file, level, strategy)
498     gzFile file;
499     int level;
500     int strategy;
501 {
502     gz_statep state;
503     z_streamp strm;

505     /* get internal structure */
506     if (file == NULL)
507         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
508     state = (gz_statep)file;
509     strm = &(state->strm);

511     /* check that we're writing and that there's no error */
512     if (state->mode != GZ_WRITE || state->err != Z_OK)
513         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

515     /* if no change is requested, then do nothing */
516     if (level == state->level && strategy == state->strategy)
517         return Z_OK;

519     /* check for seek request */
520     if (state->seek) {
521         state->seek = 0;
522         if (gz_zero(state, state->skip) == -1)

```



```
523     return -1;
524 }

526 /* change compression parameters for subsequent input */
527 if (state->size) {
528     /* flush previous input with previous parameters before changing */
529     if (strm->avail_in && gz_comp(state, Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH) == -1)
530         return state->err;
531     deflateParams(strm, level, strategy);
532 }
533 state->level = level;
534 state->strategy = strategy;
535 return Z_OK;
536 }

538 /* -- see zlib.h -- */
539 int ZEXPORT gzclose_w(file)
540 gzFile file;
541 {
542     int ret = Z_OK;
543     gz_statep state;

545     /* get internal structure */
546     if (file == NULL)
547         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
548     state = (gz_statep)file;

550     /* check that we're writing */
551     if (state->mode != GZ_WRITE)
552         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

554     /* check for seek request */
555     if (state->seek) {
556         state->seek = 0;
557         if (gz_zero(state, state->skip) == -1)
558             ret = state->err;
559     }

561     /* flush, free memory, and close file */
562     if (gz_comp(state, Z_FINISH) == -1)
563         ret = state->err;
564     if (state->size) {
565         if (!state->direct) {
566             (void)deflateEnd(&(state->strm));
567             free(state->out);
568         }
569         free(state->in);
570     }
571     gz_error(state, Z_OK, NULL);
572     free(state->path);
573     if (close(state->fd) == -1)
574         ret = Z_ERRNO;
575     free(state);
576     return ret;
577 }
```

```

*****
22709 Wed Apr 1 15:57:27 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inflate.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inflate.c -- inflate using a call-back interface
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2011 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /*
7  This code is largely copied from inflate.c. Normally either inflate.o or
8  inflate.o would be linked into an application--not both. The interface
9  with inffast.c is retained so that optimized assembler-coded versions of
10 inflate_fast() can be used with either inflate.c or inffast.c.
11 */

13 #include "zutil.h"
14 #include "inftrees.h"
15 #include "inflate.h"
16 #include "inffast.h"

18 /* function prototypes */
19 local void fixedtables OF((struct inflate_state FAR *state));

21 /*
22 strm provides memory allocation functions in zalloc and zfree, or
23 Z_NULL to use the library memory allocation functions.

25 windowBits is in the range 8..15, and window is a user-supplied
26 window and output buffer that is 2*windowBits bytes.
27 */
28 int ZEXPORT inflateBackInit_(strm, windowBits, window, version, stream_size)
29 z_streamp strm;
30 int windowBits;
31 unsigned char FAR *window;
32 const char *version;
33 int stream_size;
34 {
35     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

37     if (version == Z_NULL || version[0] != ZLIB_VERSION[0] ||
38         stream_size != (int)(sizeof(z_stream)))
39         return Z_VERSION_ERROR;
40     if (strm == Z_NULL || window == Z_NULL ||
41         windowBits < 8 || windowBits > 15)
42         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
43     strm->msg = Z_NULL; /* in case we return an error */
44     if (strm->zalloc == (alloc_func)0) {
45 #ifdef Z_SOLO
46         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
47 #else
48         strm->zalloc = zcalloc;
49         strm->opaque = (voidpf)0;
50 #endif
51     }
52     if (strm->zfree == (free_func)0)
53 #ifdef Z_SOLO
54         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
55 #else
56         strm->zfree = zcfree;
57 #endif
58     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)ZALLOC(strm, 1,
59         sizeof(struct inflate_state));
60     if (state == Z_NULL) return Z_MEM_ERROR;

```

```

61     Tracev(stderr, "inflate: allocated\n");
62     strm->state = (struct internal_state FAR *)state;
63     state->dmax = 32768U;
64     state->wbits = windowBits;
65     state->wsize = 1U << windowBits;
66     state->window = window;
67     state->wnext = 0;
68     state->whave = 0;
69     return Z_OK;
70 }

72 /*
73 Return state with length and distance decoding tables and index sizes set to
74 fixed code decoding. Normally this returns fixed tables from inffixed.h.
75 If BUILDFIXED is defined, then instead this routine builds the tables the
76 first time it's called, and returns those tables the first time and
77 thereafter. This reduces the size of the code by about 2K bytes, in
78 exchange for a little execution time. However, BUILDFIXED should not be
79 used for threaded applications, since the rewriting of the tables and virgin
80 may not be thread-safe.
81 */
82 local void fixedtables(state)
83 struct inflate_state FAR *state;
84 {
85     #ifndef BUILDFIXED
86         static int virgin = 1;
87         static code *lenfix, *distfix;
88         static code fixed[544];

90     /* build fixed huffman tables if first call (may not be thread safe) */
91     if (virgin) {
92         unsigned sym, bits;
93         static code *next;

95         /* literal/length table */
96         sym = 0;
97         while (sym < 144) state->lens[sym++] = 8;
98         while (sym < 256) state->lens[sym++] = 9;
99         while (sym < 280) state->lens[sym++] = 7;
100        while (sym < 288) state->lens[sym++] = 8;
101        next = fixed;
102        lenfix = next;
103        bits = 9;
104        inflate_table(LENS, state->lens, 288, &(next), &(bits), state->work);

106        /* distance table */
107        sym = 0;
108        while (sym < 32) state->lens[sym++] = 5;
109        distfix = next;
110        bits = 5;
111        inflate_table(DISTS, state->lens, 32, &(next), &(bits), state->work);

113        /* do this just once */
114        virgin = 0;
115    }
116 #else /* !BUILDFIXED */
117 #include "inffixed.h"
118 #endif /* BUILDFIXED */
119     state->lencode = lenfix;
120     state->lenbits = 9;
121     state->distcode = distfix;
122     state->distbits = 5;
123 }

125 /* Macros for inflateBack(): */

```

```

127 /* Load returned state from inflate_fast() */
128 #define LOAD() \
129 do { \
130     put = strm->next_out; \
131     left = strm->avail_out; \
132     next = strm->next_in; \
133     have = strm->avail_in; \
134     hold = state->hold; \
135     bits = state->bits; \
136 } while (0)

138 /* Set state from registers for inflate_fast() */
139 #define RESTORE() \
140 do { \
141     strm->next_out = put; \
142     strm->avail_out = left; \
143     strm->next_in = next; \
144     strm->avail_in = have; \
145     state->hold = hold; \
146     state->bits = bits; \
147 } while (0)

149 /* Clear the input bit accumulator */
150 #define INITBITS() \
151 do { \
152     hold = 0; \
153     bits = 0; \
154 } while (0)

156 /* Assume that some input is available. If input is requested, but denied,
157 then return a Z_BUF_ERROR from inflateBack(). */
158 #define PULL() \
159 do { \
160     if (have == 0) { \
161         have = in(in_desc, &next); \
162         if (have == 0) { \
163             next = Z_NULL; \
164             ret = Z_BUF_ERROR; \
165             goto inf_leave; \
166         } \
167     } \
168 } while (0)

170 /* Get a byte of input into the bit accumulator, or return from inflateBack()
171 with an error if there is no input available. */
172 #define PULLBYTE() \
173 do { \
174     PULL(); \
175     have--; \
176     hold += (unsigned long)(*next++) << bits; \
177     bits += 8; \
178 } while (0)

180 /* Assume that there are at least n bits in the bit accumulator. If there is
181 not enough available input to do that, then return from inflateBack() with
182 an error. */
183 #define NEEDBITS(n) \
184 do { \
185     while (bits < (unsigned)(n)) \
186         PULLBYTE(); \
187 } while (0)

189 /* Return the low n bits of the bit accumulator (n < 16) */
190 #define BITS(n) \
191 ((unsigned)hold & ((1U << (n)) - 1))

```

```

193 /* Remove n bits from the bit accumulator */
194 #define DROPBITS(n) \
195 do { \
196     hold >>= (n); \
197     bits -= (unsigned)(n); \
198 } while (0)

200 /* Remove zero to seven bits as needed to go to a byte boundary */
201 #define BYTEBITS() \
202 do { \
203     hold >>= bits & 7; \
204     bits -= bits & 7; \
205 } while (0)

207 /* Assume that some output space is available, by writing out the window
208 if it's full. If the write fails, return from inflateBack() with a
209 Z_BUF_ERROR. */
210 #define ROOM() \
211 do { \
212     if (left == 0) { \
213         put = state->window; \
214         left = state->wsize; \
215         state->whave = left; \
216         if (out(out_desc, put, left)) { \
217             ret = Z_BUF_ERROR; \
218             goto inf_leave; \
219         } \
220     } \
221 } while (0)

223 /*
224 strm provides the memory allocation functions and window buffer on input,
225 and provides information on the unused input on return. For Z_DATA_ERROR
226 returns, strm will also provide an error message.

228 in() and out() are the call-back input and output functions. When
229 inflateBack() needs more input, it calls in(). When inflateBack() has
230 filled the window with output, or when it completes with data in the
231 window, it calls out() to write out the data. The application must not
232 change the provided input until in() is called again or inflateBack()
233 returns. The application must not change the window/output buffer until
234 inflateBack() returns.

236 in() and out() are called with a descriptor parameter provided in the
237 inflateBack() call. This parameter can be a structure that provides the
238 information required to do the read or write, as well as accumulated
239 information on the input and output such as totals and check values.

241 in() should return zero on failure. out() should return non-zero on
242 failure. If either in() or out() fails, then inflateBack() returns a
243 Z_BUF_ERROR. strm->next_in can be checked for Z_NULL to see whether it
244 was in() or out() that caused in the error. Otherwise, inflateBack()
245 returns Z_STREAM_END on success, Z_DATA_ERROR for an deflate format
246 error, or Z_MEM_ERROR if it could not allocate memory for the state.
247 inflateBack() can also return Z_STREAM_ERROR if the input parameters
248 are not correct, i.e. strm is Z_NULL or the state was not initialized.
249 */
250 int ZEXPORT inflateBack(strm, in, in_desc, out, out_desc)
251 z_stream strm;
252 in_func in;
253 void FAR *in_desc;
254 out_func out;
255 void FAR *out_desc;
256 {
257     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
258     z_const unsigned char FAR *next; /* next input */

```

```

259 unsigned char FAR *put; /* next output */
260 unsigned have, left; /* available input and output */
261 unsigned long hold; /* bit buffer */
262 unsigned bits; /* bits in bit buffer */
263 unsigned copy; /* number of stored or match bytes to copy */
264 unsigned char FAR *from; /* where to copy match bytes from */
265 code here; /* current decoding table entry */
266 code last; /* parent table entry */
267 unsigned len; /* length to copy for repeats, bits to drop */
268 int ret; /* return code */
269 static const unsigned short order[19] = /* permutation of code lengths */
270 {16, 17, 18, 0, 8, 7, 9, 6, 10, 5, 11, 4, 12, 3, 13, 2, 14, 1, 15};

272 /* Check that the strm exists and that the state was initialized */
273 if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL)
274     return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
275 state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;

277 /* Reset the state */
278 strm->msg = Z_NULL;
279 state->mode = TYPE;
280 state->last = 0;
281 state->whave = 0;
282 next = strm->next_in;
283 have = next != Z_NULL ? strm->avail_in : 0;
284 hold = 0;
285 bits = 0;
286 put = state->window;
287 left = state->wsize;

289 /* Inflate until end of block marked as last */
290 for (;;)
291     switch (state->mode) {
292     case TYPE:
293         /* determine and dispatch block type */
294         if (state->last) {
295             BYTEBITS();
296             state->mode = DONE;
297             break;
298         }
299         NEEDBITS(3);
300         state->last = BITS(1);
301         DROPBITS(1);
302         switch (BITS(2)) {
303         case 0: /* stored block */
304             Tracev((stderr, "inflate: stored block%s\n",
305                  state->last ? " (last)" : ""));
306             state->mode = STORED;
307             break;
308         case 1: /* fixed block */
309             fixedtables(state);
310             Tracev((stderr, "inflate: fixed codes block%s\n",
311                  state->last ? " (last)" : ""));
312             state->mode = LEN; /* decode codes */
313             break;
314         case 2: /* dynamic block */
315             Tracev((stderr, "inflate: dynamic codes block%s\n",
316                  state->last ? " (last)" : ""));
317             state->mode = TABLE;
318             break;
319         case 3:
320             strm->msg = (char *)"invalid block type";
321             state->mode = BAD;
322         }
323         DROPBITS(2);
324         break;

```

```

326     case STORED:
327         /* get and verify stored block length */
328         BYTEBITS(); /* go to byte boundary */
329         NEEDBITS(32);
330         if ((hold & 0xffff) != ((hold >> 16) ^ 0xffff)) {
331             strm->msg = (char *)"invalid stored block lengths";
332             state->mode = BAD;
333             break;
334         }
335         state->length = (unsigned)hold & 0xffff;
336         Tracev((stderr, "inflate: stored length %u\n",
337              state->length));
338         INITBITS();

340         /* copy stored block from input to output */
341         while (state->length != 0) {
342             copy = state->length;
343             PULL();
344             ROOM();
345             if (copy > have) copy = have;
346             if (copy > left) copy = left;
347             zmemcpy(put, next, copy);
348             have -= copy;
349             next += copy;
350             left -= copy;
351             put += copy;
352             state->length -= copy;
353         }
354         Tracev((stderr, "inflate: stored end\n"));
355         state->mode = TYPE;
356         break;

358     case TABLE:
359         /* get dynamic table entries descriptor */
360         NEEDBITS(14);
361         state->nlen = BITS(5) + 257;
362         DROPBITS(5);
363         state->ndist = BITS(5) + 1;
364         DROPBITS(5);
365         state->ncode = BITS(4) + 4;
366         DROPBITS(4);
367 #ifndef PKZIP_BUG_WORKAROUND
368         if (state->nlen > 286 || state->ndist > 30) {
369             strm->msg = (char *)"too many length or distance symbols";
370             state->mode = BAD;
371             break;
372         }
373 #endif
374         Tracev((stderr, "inflate: table sizes ok\n"));

376         /* get code length code lengths (not a typo) */
377         state->have = 0;
378         while (state->have < state->ncode) {
379             NEEDBITS(3);
380             state->lens[order[state->have++]] = (unsigned short)BITS(3);
381             DROPBITS(3);
382         }
383         while (state->have < 19)
384             state->lens[order[state->have++]] = 0;
385         state->next = state->codes;
386         state->lencode = (code const FAR *) (state->next);
387         state->lenbits = 7;
388         ret = inflate_table(CODES, state->lens, 19, &(state->next),
389                          &(state->lenbits), state->work);
390         if (ret) {

```

```

391     strm->msg = (char *)"invalid code lengths set";
392     state->mode = BAD;
393     break;
394 }
395 Tracev((stderr, "inflate:       code lengths ok\n"));

397 /* get length and distance code code lengths */
398 state->have = 0;
399 while (state->have < state->nlen + state->ndist) {
400     for (;;) {
401         here = state->lencode[BITS(state->lenbits)];
402         if ((unsigned)(here.bits) <= bits) break;
403         PULLBYTE();
404     }
405     if (here.val < 16) {
406         DROPBITS(here.bits);
407         state->lens[state->have++] = here.val;
408     }
409     else {
410         if (here.val == 16) {
411             NEEDBITS(here.bits + 2);
412             DROPBITS(here.bits);
413             if (state->have == 0) {
414                 strm->msg = (char *)"invalid bit length repeat";
415                 state->mode = BAD;
416                 break;
417             }
418             len = (unsigned)(state->lens[state->have - 1]);
419             copy = 3 + BITS(2);
420             DROPBITS(2);
421         }
422         else if (here.val == 17) {
423             NEEDBITS(here.bits + 3);
424             DROPBITS(here.bits);
425             len = 0;
426             copy = 3 + BITS(3);
427             DROPBITS(3);
428         }
429         else {
430             NEEDBITS(here.bits + 7);
431             DROPBITS(here.bits);
432             len = 0;
433             copy = 11 + BITS(7);
434             DROPBITS(7);
435         }
436         if (state->have + copy > state->nlen + state->ndist) {
437             strm->msg = (char *)"invalid bit length repeat";
438             state->mode = BAD;
439             break;
440         }
441         while (copy--)
442             state->lens[state->have++] = (unsigned short)len;
443     }
444 }

446 /* handle error breaks in while */
447 if (state->mode == BAD) break;

449 /* check for end-of-block code (better have one) */
450 if (state->lens[256] == 0) {
451     strm->msg = (char *)"invalid code -- missing end-of-block";
452     state->mode = BAD;
453     break;
454 }

456 /* build code tables -- note: do not change the lenbits or distbits

```

```

457     values here (9 and 6) without reading the comments in inftrees.h
458     concerning the ENOUGH constants, which depend on those values */
459     state->next = state->codes;
460     state->lencode = (code const FAR *)(state->next);
461     state->lenbits = 9;
462     ret = inflate_table(LENS, state->lens, state->nlen, &(state->next),
463                       &(state->lenbits), state->work);
464     if (ret) {
465         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid literal/lengths set";
466         state->mode = BAD;
467         break;
468     }
469     state->distcode = (code const FAR *)(state->next);
470     state->distbits = 6;
471     ret = inflate_table(DISTS, state->lens + state->nlen, state->ndist,
472                       &(state->next), &(state->distbits), state->work);
473     if (ret) {
474         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distances set";
475         state->mode = BAD;
476         break;
477     }
478     Tracev((stderr, "inflate:       codes ok\n"));
479     state->mode = LEN;

481 case LEN:
482     /* use inflate_fast() if we have enough input and output */
483     if (have >= 6 && left >= 258) {
484         RESTORE();
485         if (state->whave < state->wsize)
486             state->whave = state->wsize - left;
487         inflate_fast(strm, state->wsize);
488         LOAD();
489         break;
490     }

492 /* get a literal, length, or end-of-block code */
493 for (;;) {
494     here = state->lencode[BITS(state->lenbits)];
495     if ((unsigned)(here.bits) <= bits) break;
496     PULLBYTE();
497 }
498 if (here.op && (here.op & 0xf0) == 0) {
499     last = here;
500     for (;;) {
501         here = state->lencode[last.val +
502                           (BITS(last.bits + last.op) >> last.bits)];
503         if ((unsigned)(last.bits + here.bits) <= bits) break;
504         PULLBYTE();
505     }
506     DROPBITS(last.bits);
507 }
508 DROPBITS(here.bits);
509 state->length = (unsigned)here.val;

511 /* process literal */
512 if (here.op == 0) {
513     Tracevv((stderr, here.val >= 0x20 && here.val < 0x7f ?
514             "inflate:       literal '%c'\n" :
515             "inflate:       literal 0x%02x\n", here.val));
516     ROOM();
517     *put++ = (unsigned char)(state->length);
518     left--;
519     state->mode = LEN;
520     break;
521 }

```

```

523  /* process end of block */
524  if (here.op & 32) {
525      Tracev((stderr, "inflate:          end of block\n"));
526      state->mode = TYPE;
527      break;
528  }
529
530  /* invalid code */
531  if (here.op & 64) {
532      strm->msg = (char *)"invalid literal/length code";
533      state->mode = BAD;
534      break;
535  }
536
537  /* length code -- get extra bits, if any */
538  state->extra = (unsigned)(here.op) & 15;
539  if (state->extra != 0) {
540      NEEDBITS(state->extra);
541      state->length += BITS(state->extra);
542      DROPBITS(state->extra);
543  }
544  Tracev((stderr, "inflate:          length %u\n", state->length));
545
546  /* get distance code */
547  for (;;) {
548      here = state->distcode[BITS(state->distbits)];
549      if ((unsigned)(here.bits) <= bits) break;
550      PULLBYTE();
551  }
552  if ((here.op & 0xf0) == 0) {
553      last = here;
554      for (;;) {
555          here = state->distcode[last.val +
556              (BITS(last.bits + last.op) >> last.bits)];
557          if ((unsigned)(last.bits + here.bits) <= bits) break;
558          PULLBYTE();
559      }
560      DROPBITS(last.bits);
561  }
562  DROPBITS(here.bits);
563  if (here.op & 64) {
564      strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance code";
565      state->mode = BAD;
566      break;
567  }
568  state->offset = (unsigned)here.val;
569
570  /* get distance extra bits, if any */
571  state->extra = (unsigned)(here.op) & 15;
572  if (state->extra != 0) {
573      NEEDBITS(state->extra);
574      state->offset += BITS(state->extra);
575      DROPBITS(state->extra);
576  }
577  if (state->offset > state->wsize - (state->whave < state->wsize ?
578      left : 0)) {
579      strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance too far back";
580      state->mode = BAD;
581      break;
582  }
583  Tracev((stderr, "inflate:          distance %u\n", state->offset));
584
585  /* copy match from window to output */
586  do {
587      ROOM();
588      copy = state->wsize - state->offset;

```

```

589      if (copy < left) {
590          from = put + copy;
591          copy = left - copy;
592      }
593      else {
594          from = put - state->offset;
595          copy = left;
596      }
597      if (copy > state->length) copy = state->length;
598      state->length -= copy;
599      left -= copy;
600      do {
601          *put++ = *from++;
602      } while (--copy);
603      } while (state->length != 0);
604      break;
605
606  case DONE:
607      /* inflate stream terminated properly -- write leftover output */
608      ret = Z_STREAM_END;
609      if (left < state->wsize) {
610          if (out(out_desc, state->window, state->wsize - left))
611              ret = Z_BUF_ERROR;
612      }
613      goto inf_leave;
614
615  case BAD:
616      ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
617      goto inf_leave;
618
619  default: /* can't happen, but makes compilers happy */
620      ret = Z_STREAM_ERROR;
621      goto inf_leave;
622  }
623
624  /* Return unused input */
625  inf_leave:
626      strm->next_in = next;
627      strm->avail_in = have;
628      return ret;
629  }
630
631  int ZEXPORT inflateBackEnd(strm)
632  z_stream strm;
633  {
634      if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL || strm->zfree == (free_func)0)
635          return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
636      ZFREE(strm, strm->state);
637      strm->state = Z_NULL;
638      Tracev((stderr, "inflate: end\n"));
639      return Z_OK;
640  }

```

```

*****
13519 Wed Apr 1 15:57:27 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inffast.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inffast.c -- fast decoding
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2008, 2010, 2013 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 #include "zutil.h"
7 #include "inftrees.h"
8 #include "inflate.h"
9 #include "inffast.h"

11 #ifndef ASMINF

13 /* Allow machine dependent optimization for post-increment or pre-increment.
14  Based on testing to date,
15  Pre-increment preferred for:
16  - PowerPC G3 (Adler)
17  - MIPS R5000 (Randers-Pehrson)
18  Post-increment preferred for:
19  - none
20  No measurable difference:
21  - Pentium III (Anderson)
22  - M68060 (Nikl)
23  */
24 #ifdef POSTINC
25 # define OFF 0
26 # define PUP(a) *(a)++
27 #else
28 # define OFF 1
29 # define PUP(a) ++(a)
30 #endif

32 /*
33  Decode literal, length, and distance codes and write out the resulting
34  literal and match bytes until either not enough input or output is
35  available, an end-of-block is encountered, or a data error is encountered.
36  When large enough input and output buffers are supplied to inflate(), for
37  example, a 16K input buffer and a 64K output buffer, more than 95% of the
38  inflate execution time is spent in this routine.

40  Entry assumptions:

42     state->mode == LEN
43     strm->avail_in >= 6
44     strm->avail_out >= 258
45     start >= strm->avail_out
46     state->bits < 8

48  On return, state->mode is one of:

50     LEN -- ran out of enough output space or enough available input
51     TYPE -- reached end of block code, inflate() to interpret next block
52     BAD -- error in block data

54  Notes:

56  - The maximum input bits used by a length/distance pair is 15 bits for the
57  length code, 5 bits for the length extra, 15 bits for the distance code,
58  and 13 bits for the distance extra. This totals 48 bits, or six bytes.
59  Therefore if strm->avail_in >= 6, then there is enough input to avoid
60  checking for available input while decoding.

```

```

62  - The maximum bytes that a single length/distance pair can output is 258
63  bytes, which is the maximum length that can be coded. inflate_fast()
64  requires strm->avail_out >= 258 for each loop to avoid checking for
65  output space.
66  */
67 void ZLIB_INTERNAL inflate_fast(strm, start)
68 z_stream strm;
69 unsigned start; /* inflate()'s starting value for strm->avail_out */
70 {
71     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
72     z_const unsigned char FAR *in; /* local strm->next_in */
73     z_const unsigned char FAR *last; /* have enough input while in < last */
74     unsigned char FAR *out; /* local strm->next_out */
75     unsigned char FAR *beg; /* inflate()'s initial strm->next_out */
76     unsigned char FAR *end; /* while out < end, enough space available */
77 #ifdef INFLATE_STRICT
78     unsigned dmax; /* maximum distance from zlib header */
79 #endif
80     unsigned wsize; /* window size or zero if not using window */
81     unsigned whave; /* valid bytes in the window */
82     unsigned wnext; /* window write index */
83     unsigned char FAR *window; /* allocated sliding window, if wsize != 0 */
84     unsigned long hold; /* local strm->hold */
85     unsigned bits; /* local strm->bits */
86     code const FAR *lcode; /* local strm->lencode */
87     code const FAR *dcode; /* local strm->distcode */
88     unsigned lmask; /* mask for first level of length codes */
89     unsigned dmask; /* mask for first level of distance codes */
90     code *here; /* retrieved table entry */
91     unsigned op; /* code bits, operation, extra bits, or */
92     /* window position, window bytes to copy */
93     unsigned len; /* match length, unused bytes */
94     unsigned dist; /* match distance */
95     unsigned char FAR *from; /* where to copy match from */

97     /* copy state to local variables */
98     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
99     in = strm->next_in - OFF;
100    last = in + (strm->avail_in - 5);
101    out = strm->next_out - OFF;
102    beg = out - (start - strm->avail_out);
103    end = out + (strm->avail_out - 257);
104 #ifdef INFLATE_STRICT
105    dmax = state->dmax;
106 #endif
107    wsize = state->wsize;
108    whave = state->whave;
109    wnext = state->wnext;
110    window = state->window;
111    hold = state->hold;
112    bits = state->bits;
113    lcode = state->lencode;
114    dcode = state->distcode;
115    lmask = (1U << state->lenbits) - 1;
116    dmask = (1U << state->distbits) - 1;

118    /* decode literals and length/distances until end-of-block or not enough
119    input data or output space */
120    do {
121        if (bits < 15) {
122            hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
123            bits += 8;
124            hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
125            bits += 8;
126        }

```

```

127     here = (code *)(&(lcode[hold & lmask]));
128     dolen:
129     op = (unsigned)(here->bits);
130     hold >>= op;
131     bits -= op;
132     op = (unsigned)(here->op);
133     if (op == 0) {
134         /* literal */
135         Tracevv((stderr, here->val >= 0x20 && here->val < 0x7f ?
136             "inflate:     literal '%c'\n" :
137             "inflate:     literal 0x%02x\n", here->val));
138         PUP(out) = (unsigned char)(here->val);
139     }
140     else if (op & 16) {
141         /* length base */
142         len = (unsigned)(here->val);
143         op &= 15;
144         /* number of extra bits */
145         if (op) {
146             if (bits < op) {
147                 hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
148                 bits += 8;
149             }
150             len += (unsigned)hold & ((1U << op) - 1);
151             hold >>= op;
152             bits -= op;
153         }
154         Tracevv((stderr, "inflate:     length %u\n", len));
155         if (bits < 15) {
156             hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
157             bits += 8;
158             hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
159             bits += 8;
160         }
161         here = (code *)(&(dcode[hold & dmask]));
162         dodist:
163         op = (unsigned)(here->bits);
164         hold >>= op;
165         bits -= op;
166         op = (unsigned)(here->op);
167         if (op & 16) {
168             /* distance base */
169             dist = (unsigned)(here->val);
170             op &= 15;
171             /* number of extra bits */
172             if (bits < op) {
173                 hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
174                 bits += 8;
175             }
176             if (bits < op) {
177                 hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
178                 bits += 8;
179             }
180             dist += (unsigned)hold & ((1U << op) - 1);
181         }
182         #ifdef INFLATE_STRICT
183         if (dist > dmax) {
184             strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance too far back";
185             state->mode = BAD;
186             break;
187         }
188     }
189     #endif
190     hold >>= op;
191     bits -= op;
192     Tracevv((stderr, "inflate:     distance %u\n", dist));
193     op = (unsigned)(out - beg);
194     /* max distance in output */
195     if (dist > op) {
196         /* see if copy from window */
197         op = dist - op;
198         /* distance back in window */
199         if (op > whave) {
200             if (state->sane) {
201                 strm->msg =
202                 (char *)"invalid distance too far back";

```

```

193         state->mode = BAD;
194         break;
195     }
196     #ifdef INFLATE_ALLOW_INVALID_DISTANCE_TOOFAR_ARRR
197     if (len <= op - whave) {
198         do {
199             PUP(out) = 0;
200         } while (--len);
201         continue;
202     }
203     len -= op - whave;
204     do {
205         PUP(out) = 0;
206     } while (--op > whave);
207     if (op == 0) {
208         from = out - dist;
209         do {
210             PUP(out) = PUP(from);
211         } while (--len);
212         continue;
213     }
214     #endif
215     }
216     from = window - OFF;
217     if (wnext == 0) {
218         /* very common case */
219         from += wsize - op;
220         if (op < len) {
221             /* some from window */
222             len -= op;
223             do {
224                 PUP(out) = PUP(from);
225             } while (--op);
226             from = out - dist;
227             /* rest from output */
228         }
229     }
230     else if (wnext < op) {
231         /* wrap around window */
232         from += wsize + wnext - op;
233         op -= wnext;
234         if (op < len) {
235             /* some from end of window */
236             len -= op;
237             do {
238                 PUP(out) = PUP(from);
239             } while (--op);
240             from = window - OFF;
241             if (wnext < len) {
242                 /* some from start of window */
243                 op = wnext;
244                 len -= op;
245                 do {
246                     PUP(out) = PUP(from);
247                 } while (--op);
248                 from = out - dist;
249                 /* rest from output */
250             }
251         }
252     }
253     else {
254         /* contiguous in window */
255         from += wnext - op;
256         if (op < len) {
257             /* some from window */
258             len -= op;
259             do {
260                 PUP(out) = PUP(from);
261             } while (--op);
262             from = out - dist;
263             /* rest from output */
264         }
265     }
266     while (len > 2) {
267         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
268         PUP(out) = PUP(from);

```



```

259         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
260         len -= 3;
261     }
262     if (len) {
263         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
264         if (len > 1)
265             PUP(out) = PUP(from);
266     }
267 }
268 else {
269     from = out - dist;          /* copy direct from output */
270     do {                       /* minimum length is three */
271         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
272         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
273         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
274         len -= 3;
275     } while (len > 2);
276     if (len) {
277         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
278         if (len > 1)
279             PUP(out) = PUP(from);
280     }
281 }
282 }
283 else if ((op & 64) == 0) {     /* 2nd level distance code */
284     here = (code *)(&(dcode[here->val + (hold & ((1U << op) - 1))]);
285     goto dodist;
286 }
287 else {
288     strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance code";
289     state->mode = BAD;
290     break;
291 }
292 }
293 else if ((op & 64) == 0) {     /* 2nd level length code */
294     here = (code *)(&(lcode[here->val + (hold & ((1U << op) - 1))]);
295     goto dolen;
296 }
297 else if (op & 32) {           /* end-of-block */
298     Tracevv((stderr, "inflate:
299     state->mode = TYPE;
300     break;
301 }
302 else {
303     strm->msg = (char *)"invalid literal/length code";
304     state->mode = BAD;
305     break;
306 }
307 } while (in < last && out < end);

309 /* return unused bytes (on entry, bits < 8, so in won't go too far back) */
310 len = bits >> 3;
311 in -= len;
312 bits -= len << 3;
313 hold &= (1U << bits) - 1;

315 /* update state and return */
316 strm->next_in = in + OFF;
317 strm->next_out = out + OFF;
318 strm->avail_in = (unsigned)(in < last ? 5 + (last - in) : 5 - (in - last));
319 strm->avail_out = (unsigned)(out < end ?
320                          257 + (end - out) : 257 - (out - end));
321 state->hold = hold;
322 state->bits = bits;
323 return;
324 }

```

```

326 /*
327 inflate_fast() speedups that turned out slower (on a PowerPC G3 750CXe):
328 - Using bit fields for code structure
329 - Different op definition to avoid & for extra bits (do & for table bits)
330 - Three separate decoding do-loops for direct, window, and wnext == 0
331 - Special case for distance > 1 copies to do overlapped load and store copy
332 - Explicit branch predictions (based on measured branch probabilities)
333 - Deferring match copy and interspersed it with decoding subsequent codes
334 - Swapping literal/length else
335 - Swapping window/direct else
336 - Larger unrolled copy loops (three is about right)
337 - Moving len -= 3 statement into middle of loop
338 */

340 #endif /* !ASMINF */

```

```

*****
13455 Wed Apr 1 15:57:27 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inffast.c.-1-
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inffast.c -- fast decoding
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2008, 2010, 2013 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 #include "zutil.h"
7 #include "inftrees.h"
8 #include "inflate.h"
9 #include "inffast.h"

11 #ifndef ASMINF

13 /* Allow machine dependent optimization for post-increment or pre-increment.
14  Based on testing to date,
15  Pre-increment preferred for:
16  - PowerPC G3 (Adler)
17  - MIPS R5000 (Randers-Pehrson)
18  Post-increment preferred for:
19  - none
20  No measurable difference:
21  - Pentium III (Anderson)
22  - M68060 (Nikl)
23  */
24 #ifdef POSTINC
25 # define OFF 0
26 # define PUP(a) *(a)++
27 #else
28 # define OFF 1
29 # define PUP(a) ++(a)
30 #endif

32 /*
33  Decode literal, length, and distance codes and write out the resulting
34  literal and match bytes until either not enough input or output is
35  available, an end-of-block is encountered, or a data error is encountered.
36  When large enough input and output buffers are supplied to inflate(), for
37  example, a 16K input buffer and a 64K output buffer, more than 95% of the
38  inflate execution time is spent in this routine.

40  Entry assumptions:

42     state->mode == LEN
43     strm->avail_in >= 6
44     strm->avail_out >= 258
45     start >= strm->avail_out
46     state->bits < 8

48  On return, state->mode is one of:

50     LEN -- ran out of enough output space or enough available input
51     TYPE -- reached end of block code, inflate() to interpret next block
52     BAD -- error in block data

54  Notes:

56  - The maximum input bits used by a length/distance pair is 15 bits for the
57  length code, 5 bits for the length extra, 15 bits for the distance code,
58  and 13 bits for the distance extra. This totals 48 bits, or six bytes.
59  Therefore if strm->avail_in >= 6, then there is enough input to avoid
60  checking for available input while decoding.

```

```

62  - The maximum bytes that a single length/distance pair can output is 258
63  bytes, which is the maximum length that can be coded. inflate_fast()
64  requires strm->avail_out >= 258 for each loop to avoid checking for
65  output space.
66  */
67 void ZLIB_INTERNAL inflate_fast(strm, start)
68 z_streamp strm;
69 unsigned start; /* inflate()'s starting value for strm->avail_out */
70 {
71     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
72     z_const unsigned char FAR *in; /* local strm->next_in */
73     z_const unsigned char FAR *last; /* have enough input while in < last */
74     unsigned char FAR *out; /* local strm->next_out */
75     unsigned char FAR *beg; /* inflate()'s initial strm->next_out */
76     unsigned char FAR *end; /* while out < end, enough space available */
77 #ifdef INFLATE_STRICT
78     unsigned dmax; /* maximum distance from zlib header */
79 #endif
80     unsigned wsize; /* window size or zero if not using window */
81     unsigned whave; /* valid bytes in the window */
82     unsigned wnext; /* window write index */
83     unsigned char FAR *window; /* allocated sliding window, if wsize != 0 */
84     unsigned long hold; /* local strm->hold */
85     unsigned bits; /* local strm->bits */
86     code const FAR *lcode; /* local strm->lencode */
87     code const FAR *dcode; /* local strm->distcode */
88     unsigned lmask; /* mask for first level of length codes */
89     unsigned dmask; /* mask for first level of distance codes */
90     code here; /* retrieved table entry */
91     unsigned op; /* code bits, operation, extra bits, or */
92     /* window position, window bytes to copy */
93     unsigned len; /* match length, unused bytes */
94     unsigned dist; /* match distance */
95     unsigned char FAR *from; /* where to copy match from */

97     /* copy state to local variables */
98     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
99     in = strm->next_in - OFF;
100    last = in + (strm->avail_in - 5);
101    out = strm->next_out - OFF;
102    beg = out - (start - strm->avail_out);
103    end = out + (strm->avail_out - 257);
104 #ifdef INFLATE_STRICT
105    dmax = state->dmax;
106 #endif
107    wsize = state->wsize;
108    whave = state->whave;
109    wnext = state->wnext;
110    window = state->window;
111    hold = state->hold;
112    bits = state->bits;
113    lcode = state->lencode;
114    dcode = state->distcode;
115    lmask = (1U << state->lenbits) - 1;
116    dmask = (1U << state->distbits) - 1;

118    /* decode literals and length/distances until end-of-block or not enough
119    input data or output space */
120    do {
121        if (bits < 15) {
122            hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
123            bits += 8;
124            hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
125            bits += 8;
126        }

```

```

127     here = lcode[hold & lmask];
128     dolen:
129     op = (unsigned)(here.bits);
130     hold >>= op;
131     bits -= op;
132     op = (unsigned)(here.op);
133     if (op == 0) {
134         /* literal */
135         Tracevv(stderr, here.val >= 0x20 && here.val < 0x7f ?
136             "inflate:     literal '%c'\n" :
137             "inflate:     literal 0x%02x\n", here.val);
138         PUP(out) = (unsigned char)(here.val);
139     }
140     else if (op & 16) {
141         /* length base */
142         len = (unsigned)(here.val);
143         op &= 15;
144         /* number of extra bits */
145         if (op) {
146             if (bits < op) {
147                 hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
148                 bits += 8;
149             }
150             len += (unsigned)hold & ((1U << op) - 1);
151             hold >>= op;
152             bits -= op;
153         }
154         Tracevv(stderr, "inflate:     length %u\n", len);
155         if (bits < 15) {
156             hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
157             bits += 8;
158             hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
159             bits += 8;
160         }
161         here = dcode[hold & dmask];
162         dodist:
163         op = (unsigned)(here.bits);
164         hold >>= op;
165         bits -= op;
166         op = (unsigned)(here.op);
167         if (op & 16) {
168             /* distance base */
169             dist = (unsigned)(here.val);
170             op &= 15;
171             /* number of extra bits */
172             if (bits < op) {
173                 hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
174                 bits += 8;
175             }
176             if (bits < op) {
177                 hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
178                 bits += 8;
179             }
180             dist += (unsigned)hold & ((1U << op) - 1);
181         }
182         #ifdef INFLATE_STRICT
183         if (dist > dmax) {
184             strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance too far back";
185             state->mode = BAD;
186             break;
187         }
188     }
189     #endif
190     hold >>= op;
191     bits -= op;
192     Tracevv(stderr, "inflate:     distance %u\n", dist);
193     op = (unsigned)(out - beg);
194     /* max distance in output */
195     if (dist > op) {
196         /* see if copy from window */
197         op = dist - op;
198         /* distance back in window */
199         if (op > whave) {
200             if (state->sane) {
201                 strm->msg =
202                 (char *)"invalid distance too far back";

```

```

193         state->mode = BAD;
194         break;
195     }
196     #ifdef INFLATE_ALLOW_INVALID_DISTANCE_TOOFAR_ARRR
197     if (len <= op - whave) {
198         do {
199             PUP(out) = 0;
200         } while (--len);
201         continue;
202     }
203     len -= op - whave;
204     do {
205         PUP(out) = 0;
206     } while (--op > whave);
207     if (op == 0) {
208         from = out - dist;
209         do {
210             PUP(out) = PUP(from);
211         } while (--len);
212         continue;
213     }
214     #endif
215     }
216     from = window - OFF;
217     if (wnext == 0) {
218         /* very common case */
219         from += wsize - op;
220         if (op < len) {
221             /* some from window */
222             len -= op;
223             do {
224                 PUP(out) = PUP(from);
225             } while (--op);
226             from = out - dist;
227             /* rest from output */
228         }
229     }
230     else if (wnext < op) {
231         /* wrap around window */
232         from += wsize + wnext - op;
233         op -= wnext;
234         if (op < len) {
235             /* some from end of window */
236             len -= op;
237             do {
238                 PUP(out) = PUP(from);
239             } while (--op);
240             from = window - OFF;
241             if (wnext < len) {
242                 /* some from start of window */
243                 op = wnext;
244                 len -= op;
245                 do {
246                     PUP(out) = PUP(from);
247                 } while (--op);
248                 from = out - dist;
249                 /* rest from output */
250             }
251         }
252     }
253     else {
254         /* contiguous in window */
255         from += wnext - op;
256         if (op < len) {
257             /* some from window */
258             len -= op;
259             do {
260                 PUP(out) = PUP(from);
261             } while (--op);
262             from = out - dist;
263             /* rest from output */
264         }
265     }
266     while (len > 2) {
267         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
268         PUP(out) = PUP(from);

```

```

259         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
260         len -= 3;
261     }
262     if (len) {
263         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
264         if (len > 1)
265             PUP(out) = PUP(from);
266     }
267 }
268 else {
269     from = out - dist;          /* copy direct from output */
270     do {                       /* minimum length is three */
271         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
272         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
273         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
274         len -= 3;
275     } while (len > 2);
276     if (len) {
277         PUP(out) = PUP(from);
278         if (len > 1)
279             PUP(out) = PUP(from);
280     }
281 }
282 }
283 else if ((op & 64) == 0) {     /* 2nd level distance code */
284     here = dcode[here.val + (hold & ((1U << op) - 1))];
285     goto dodist;
286 }
287 else {
288     strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance code";
289     state->mode = BAD;
290     break;
291 }
292 }
293 else if ((op & 64) == 0) {     /* 2nd level length code */
294     here = lcode[here.val + (hold & ((1U << op) - 1))];
295     goto dolen;
296 }
297 else if (op & 32) {           /* end-of-block */
298     Tracevv((stderr, "inflate:
299     state->mode = TYPE;
300     break;
301 }
302 else {
303     strm->msg = (char *)"invalid literal/length code";
304     state->mode = BAD;
305     break;
306 }
307 } while (in < last && out < end);

309 /* return unused bytes (on entry, bits < 8, so in won't go too far back) */
310 len = bits >> 3;
311 in -= len;
312 bits -= len << 3;
313 hold &= (1U << bits) - 1;

315 /* update state and return */
316 strm->next_in = in + OFF;
317 strm->next_out = out + OFF;
318 strm->avail_in = (unsigned)(in < last ? 5 + (last - in) : 5 - (in - last));
319 strm->avail_out = (unsigned)(out < end ?
320                          257 + (end - out) : 257 - (out - end));
321 state->hold = hold;
322 state->bits = bits;
323 return;
324 }

```

```

326 /*
327 inflate_fast() speedups that turned out slower (on a PowerPC G3 750CXe):
328 - Using bit fields for code structure
329 - Different op definition to avoid & for extra bits (do & for table bits)
330 - Three separate decoding do-loops for direct, window, and wnext == 0
331 - Special case for distance > 1 copies to do overlapped load and store copy
332 - Explicit branch predictions (based on measured branch probabilities)
333 - Deferring match copy and interspersed it with decoding subsequent codes
334 - Swapping literal/length else
335 - Swapping window/direct else
336 - Larger unrolled copy loops (three is about right)
337 - Moving len -= 3 statement into middle of loop
338 */

340 #endif /* !ASMINF */

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inffast.h

1

427 Wed Apr 1 15:57:27 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inffast.h

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 /* inffast.h -- header to use inffast.c
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2003, 2010 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */
```

```
6 /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications. It is
7  part of the implementation of the compression library and is
8  subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.
9  */
```

```
11 void ZLIB_INTERNAL inflate_fast OF((z_streamp strm, unsigned start));
```

```

*****
6332 Wed Apr 1 15:57:28 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inffixed.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inffixed.h -- table for decoding fixed codes
2 * Generated automatically by makefixed().
3 */
5 /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications.
6 It is part of the implementation of this library and is
7 subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.
8 */
10 static const code lenfix[512] = {
11 {96,7,0},{0,8,80},{0,8,16},{20,8,115},{18,7,31},{0,8,112},{0,8,48},
12 {0,9,192},{16,7,10},{0,8,96},{0,8,32},{0,9,160},{0,8,0},{0,8,128},
13 {0,8,64},{0,9,224},{16,7,6},{0,8,88},{0,8,24},{0,9,144},{19,7,59},
14 {0,8,120},{0,8,56},{0,9,208},{17,7,17},{0,8,104},{0,8,40},{0,9,176},
15 {0,8,8},{0,8,136},{0,8,72},{0,9,240},{16,7,4},{0,8,84},{0,8,20},
16 {21,8,227},{19,7,43},{0,8,116},{0,8,52},{0,9,200},{17,7,13},{0,8,100},
17 {0,8,36},{0,9,168},{0,8,4},{0,8,132},{0,8,68},{0,9,232},{16,7,8},
18 {0,8,92},{0,8,28},{0,9,152},{20,7,83},{0,8,124},{0,8,60},{0,9,216},
19 {18,7,23},{0,8,108},{0,8,44},{0,9,184},{0,8,12},{0,8,140},{0,8,76},
20 {0,9,248},{16,7,3},{0,8,82},{0,8,18},{21,8,163},{19,7,35},{0,8,114},
21 {0,8,50},{0,9,196},{17,7,11},{0,8,98},{0,8,34},{0,9,164},{0,8,2},
22 {0,8,130},{0,8,66},{0,9,228},{16,7,7},{0,8,90},{0,8,26},{0,9,148},
23 {20,7,67},{0,8,122},{0,8,58},{0,9,212},{18,7,19},{0,8,106},{0,8,42},
24 {0,9,180},{0,8,10},{0,8,138},{0,8,74},{0,9,244},{16,7,5},{0,8,86},
25 {0,8,22},{64,8,0},{19,7,51},{0,8,118},{0,8,54},{0,9,204},{17,7,15},
26 {0,8,102},{0,8,38},{0,9,172},{0,8,6},{0,8,134},{0,8,70},{0,9,236},
27 {16,7,9},{0,8,94},{0,8,30},{0,9,156},{20,7,99},{0,8,126},{0,8,62},
28 {0,9,220},{18,7,27},{0,8,110},{0,8,46},{0,9,188},{0,8,14},{0,8,142},
29 {0,8,78},{0,9,252},{96,7,0},{0,8,81},{0,8,17},{21,8,131},{18,7,31},
30 {0,8,113},{0,8,49},{0,9,194},{16,7,10},{0,8,97},{0,8,33},{0,9,162},
31 {0,8,1},{0,8,129},{0,8,65},{0,9,226},{16,7,6},{0,8,89},{0,8,25},
32 {0,9,146},{19,7,59},{0,8,121},{0,8,57},{0,9,210},{17,7,17},{0,8,105},
33 {0,8,41},{0,9,178},{0,8,9},{0,8,137},{0,8,73},{0,9,242},{16,7,4},
34 {0,8,85},{0,8,21},{16,8,258},{19,7,43},{0,8,117},{0,8,53},{0,9,202},
35 {17,7,13},{0,8,101},{0,8,37},{0,9,170},{0,8,5},{0,8,133},{0,8,69},
36 {0,9,234},{16,7,8},{0,8,93},{0,8,29},{0,9,154},{20,7,83},{0,8,125},
37 {0,8,61},{0,9,218},{18,7,23},{0,8,109},{0,8,45},{0,9,186},{0,8,13},
38 {0,8,141},{0,8,77},{0,9,250},{16,7,3},{0,8,83},{0,8,19},{21,8,195},
39 {19,7,35},{0,8,115},{0,8,51},{0,9,198},{17,7,11},{0,8,99},{0,8,35},
40 {0,9,166},{0,8,3},{0,8,131},{0,8,67},{0,9,230},{16,7,7},{0,8,91},
41 {0,8,27},{0,9,150},{20,7,67},{0,8,123},{0,8,59},{0,9,214},{18,7,19},
42 {0,8,107},{0,8,43},{0,9,182},{0,8,11},{0,8,139},{0,8,75},{0,9,246},
43 {16,7,5},{0,8,87},{0,8,23},{64,8,0},{19,7,51},{0,8,119},{0,8,55},
44 {0,9,206},{17,7,15},{0,8,103},{0,8,39},{0,9,174},{0,8,7},{0,8,135},
45 {0,8,71},{0,9,238},{16,7,9},{0,8,95},{0,8,31},{0,9,158},{20,7,99},
46 {0,8,127},{0,8,63},{0,9,222},{18,7,27},{0,8,111},{0,8,47},{0,9,190},
47 {0,8,15},{0,8,143},{0,8,79},{0,9,254},{96,7,0},{0,8,80},{0,8,16},
48 {20,8,115},{18,7,31},{0,8,112},{0,8,48},{0,9,193},{16,7,10},{0,8,96},
49 {0,8,32},{0,9,161},{0,8,0},{0,8,128},{0,8,64},{0,9,225},{16,7,6},
50 {0,8,88},{0,8,24},{0,9,145},{19,7,59},{0,8,120},{0,8,56},{0,9,209},
51 {17,7,17},{0,8,104},{0,8,40},{0,9,177},{0,8,8},{0,8,136},{0,8,72},
52 {0,9,241},{16,7,4},{0,8,84},{0,8,20},{21,8,227},{19,7,43},{0,8,116},
53 {0,8,52},{0,9,201},{17,7,13},{0,8,100},{0,8,36},{0,9,169},{0,8,4},
54 {0,8,132},{0,8,68},{0,9,233},{16,7,8},{0,8,92},{0,8,28},{0,9,153},
55 {20,7,83},{0,8,124},{0,8,60},{0,9,217},{18,7,23},{0,8,108},{0,8,44},
56 {0,9,185},{0,8,12},{0,8,140},{0,8,76},{0,9,249},{16,7,3},{0,8,82},
57 {0,8,18},{21,8,163},{19,7,35},{0,8,114},{0,8,50},{0,9,197},{17,7,11},
58 {0,8,98},{0,8,34},{0,9,165},{0,8,2},{0,8,130},{0,8,66},{0,9,229},
59 {16,7,7},{0,8,90},{0,8,26},{0,9,149},{20,7,67},{0,8,122},{0,8,58},
60 {0,9,213},{18,7,19},{0,8,106},{0,8,42},{0,9,181},{0,8,10},{0,8,138},

```

```

61 {0,8,74},{0,9,245},{16,7,5},{0,8,86},{0,8,22},{64,8,0},{19,7,51},
62 {0,8,118},{0,8,54},{0,9,205},{17,7,15},{0,8,102},{0,8,38},{0,9,173},
63 {0,8,6},{0,8,134},{0,8,70},{0,9,237},{16,7,9},{0,8,94},{0,8,30},
64 {0,9,157},{20,7,99},{0,8,126},{0,8,62},{0,9,221},{18,7,27},{0,8,110},
65 {0,8,46},{0,9,189},{0,8,14},{0,8,142},{0,8,78},{0,9,253},{96,7,0},
66 {0,8,81},{0,8,17},{21,8,131},{18,7,31},{0,8,113},{0,8,49},{0,9,195},
67 {16,7,10},{0,8,97},{0,8,33},{0,9,163},{0,8,1},{0,8,129},{0,8,65},
68 {0,9,227},{16,7,6},{0,8,89},{0,8,25},{0,9,147},{19,7,59},{0,8,121},
69 {0,8,57},{0,9,211},{17,7,17},{0,8,105},{0,8,41},{0,9,179},{0,8,9},
70 {0,8,137},{0,8,73},{0,9,243},{16,7,4},{0,8,85},{0,8,21},{16,8,258},
71 {19,7,43},{0,8,117},{0,8,53},{0,9,203},{17,7,13},{0,8,101},{0,8,37},
72 {0,9,171},{0,8,5},{0,8,133},{0,8,69},{0,9,235},{16,7,8},{0,8,93},
73 {0,8,29},{0,9,155},{20,7,83},{0,8,125},{0,8,61},{0,9,219},{18,7,23},
74 {0,8,109},{0,8,45},{0,9,187},{0,8,13},{0,8,141},{0,8,77},{0,9,251},
75 {16,7,3},{0,8,83},{0,8,19},{21,8,195},{19,7,35},{0,8,115},{0,8,51},
76 {0,9,199},{17,7,11},{0,8,99},{0,8,35},{0,9,167},{0,8,3},{0,8,131},
77 {0,8,67},{0,9,231},{16,7,7},{0,8,91},{0,8,27},{0,9,151},{20,7,67},
78 {0,8,123},{0,8,59},{0,9,215},{18,7,19},{0,8,107},{0,8,43},{0,9,183},
79 {0,8,11},{0,8,139},{0,8,75},{0,9,247},{16,7,5},{0,8,87},{0,8,23},
80 {64,8,0},{19,7,51},{0,8,119},{0,8,55},{0,9,207},{17,7,15},{0,8,103},
81 {0,8,39},{0,9,175},{0,8,7},{0,8,135},{0,8,71},{0,9,239},{16,7,9},
82 {0,8,95},{0,8,31},{0,9,159},{20,7,99},{0,8,127},{0,8,63},{0,9,223},
83 {18,7,27},{0,8,111},{0,8,47},{0,9,191},{0,8,15},{0,8,143},{0,8,79},
84 {0,9,255}
85 };
87 static const code distfix[32] = {
88 {16,5,1},{23,5,257},{19,5,17},{27,5,4097},{17,5,5},{25,5,1025},
89 {21,5,65},{29,5,16385},{16,5,3},{24,5,513},{20,5,33},{28,5,8193},
90 {18,5,9},{26,5,2049},{22,5,129},{64,5,0},{16,5,2},{23,5,385},
91 {19,5,25},{27,5,6145},{17,5,7},{25,5,1537},{21,5,97},{29,5,24577},
92 {16,5,4},{24,5,769},{20,5,49},{28,5,12289},{18,5,13},{26,5,3073},
93 {22,5,193},{64,5,0}
94 };

```

```

*****
53512 Wed Apr 1 15:57:28 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inflate.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inflate.c -- zlib decompression
2 * Copyright (C) 1995-2012 Mark Adler
3 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4 */
5
6 /*
7 * Change history:
8 *
9 * 1.2.beta0 24 Nov 2002
10 * - First version -- complete rewrite of inflate to simplify code, avoid
11 * creation of window when not needed, minimize use of window when it is
12 * needed, make inffast.c even faster, implement gzip decoding, and to
13 * improve code readability and style over the previous zlib inflate code
14 *
15 * 1.2.beta1 25 Nov 2002
16 * - Use pointers for available input and output checking in inffast.c
17 * - Remove input and output counters in inffast.c
18 * - Change inffast.c entry and loop from avail_in >= 7 to >= 6
19 * - Remove unnecessary second byte pull from length extra in inffast.c
20 * - Unroll direct copy to three copies per loop in inffast.c
21 *
22 * 1.2.beta2 4 Dec 2002
23 * - Change external routine names to reduce potential conflicts
24 * - Correct filename to inftrees.h for fixed tables in inflate.c
25 * - Make hbuf[] unsigned char to match parameter type in inflate.c
26 * - Change strm->next_out[-state->offset] to *(strm->next_out - state->offset)
27 * to avoid negation problem on Alphas (64 bit) in inflate.c
28 *
29 * 1.2.beta3 22 Dec 2002
30 * - Add comments on state->bits assertion in inffast.c
31 * - Add comments on op field in inftrees.h
32 * - Fix bug in reuse of allocated window after inflateReset()
33 * - Remove bit fields--back to byte structure for speed
34 * - Remove distance extra == 0 check in inflate_fast()--only helps for lengths
35 * - Change post-increments to pre-increments in inflate_fast(), PPC biased?
36 * - Add compile time option, POSTINC, to use post-increments instead (Intel?)
37 * - Make MATCH copy in inflate() much faster for when inflate_fast() not used
38 * - Use local copies of stream next and avail values, as well as local bit
39 * buffer and bit count in inflate()--for speed when inflate_fast() not used
40 *
41 * 1.2.beta4 1 Jan 2003
42 * - Split ptr - 257 statements in inflate_table() to avoid compiler warnings
43 * - Move a comment on output buffer sizes from inffast.c to inflate.c
44 * - Add comments in inffast.c to introduce the inflate_fast() routine
45 * - Rearrange window copies in inflate_fast() for speed and simplification
46 * - Unroll last copy for window match in inflate_fast()
47 * - Use local copies of window variables in inflate_fast() for speed
48 * - Pull out common wnext == 0 case for speed in inflate_fast()
49 * - Make op and len in inflate_fast() unsigned for consistency
50 * - Add FAR to lcode and dcode declarations in inflate_fast()
51 * - Simplified last distance check in inflate_fast()
52 * - Added inflateBackInit(), inflateBack(), and inflateBackEnd() in new
53 * source file inffast.c to provide a call-back interface to inflate for
54 * programs like gzip and unzip -- uses window as output buffer to avoid
55 * window copying
56 *
57 * 1.2.beta5 1 Jan 2003
58 * - Improved inflateBack() interface to allow the caller to provide initial
59 * input in strm.
60 * - Fixed stored blocks bug in inflateBack()

```

```

61 *
62 * 1.2.beta6 4 Jan 2003
63 * - Added comments in inffast.c on effectiveness of POSTINC
64 * - Typecasting all around to reduce compiler warnings
65 * - Changed loops from while (1) or do {} while (1) to for (;;) , again to
66 * make compilers happy
67 * - Changed type of window in inflateBackInit() to unsigned char *
68 *
69 * 1.2.beta7 27 Jan 2003
70 * - Changed many types to unsigned or unsigned short to avoid warnings
71 * - Added inflateCopy() function
72 *
73 * 1.2.0 9 Mar 2003
74 * - Changed inflateBack() interface to provide separate opaque descriptors
75 * for the in() and out() functions
76 * - Changed inflateBack() argument and in_func typedef to swap the length
77 * and buffer address return values for the input function
78 * - Check next_in and next_out for Z_NULL on entry to inflate()
79 *
80 * The history for versions after 1.2.0 are in ChangeLog in zlib distribution.
81 */
82
83 #include "zutil.h"
84 #include "inftrees.h"
85 #include "inflate.h"
86 #include "inffast.h"
87
88 #ifdef MAKEFIXED
89 # ifnndef BUILDFIXED
90 # define BUILDFIXED
91 # endif
92 #endif
93
94 /* function prototypes */
95 local void fixedtables OF((struct inflate_state FAR *state));
96 local int updatewindow OF((z_streamp strm, const unsigned char FAR *end,
97 unsigned copy));
98 #ifdef BUILDFIXED
99 void makefixed OF((void));
100 #endif
101 local unsigned syncsearch OF((unsigned FAR *have, const unsigned char FAR *buf,
102 unsigned len));
103
104 int ZEXPORT inflateResetKeep(strm)
105 z_streamp strm;
106 {
107     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
108
109     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
110     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
111     strm->total_in = strm->total_out = state->total = 0;
112     strm->msg = Z_NULL;
113     if (state->wrap) /* to support ill-conceived Java test suite */
114         strm->adler = state->wrap & 1;
115     state->mode = HEAD;
116     state->last = 0;
117     state->havedict = 0;
118     state->dmax = 32768U;
119     state->head = Z_NULL;
120     state->hold = 0;
121     state->bits = 0;
122     state->lencode = state->distcode = state->next = state->codes;
123     state->sane = 1;
124     state->back = -1;
125     Tracev((stderr, "inflate: reset\n"));
126     return Z_OK;

```

```

127 }

129 int ZEXPORT inflateReset(strm)
130 z_streamp strm;
131 {
132     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

134     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
135     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
136     state->wsize = 0;
137     state->whave = 0;
138     state->wnext = 0;
139     return inflateResetKeep(strm);
140 }

142 int ZEXPORT inflateReset2(strm, windowBits)
143 z_streamp strm;
144 int windowBits;
145 {
146     int wrap;
147     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

149     /* get the state */
150     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
151     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;

153     /* extract wrap request from windowBits parameter */
154     if (windowBits < 0) {
155         wrap = 0;
156         windowBits = -windowBits;
157     }
158     else {
159         wrap = (windowBits >> 4) + 1;
160 #ifdef GUNZIP
161         if (windowBits < 48)
162             windowBits &= 15;
163 #endif
164     }

166     /* set number of window bits, free window if different */
167     if (windowBits && (windowBits < 8 || windowBits > 15))
168         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
169     if (state->window != Z_NULL && state->wbits != (unsigned)windowBits) {
170         ZFREE(strm, state->window);
171         state->window = Z_NULL;
172     }

174     /* update state and reset the rest of it */
175     state->wrap = wrap;
176     state->wbits = (unsigned)windowBits;
177     return inflateReset(strm);
178 }

180 int ZEXPORT inflateInit2_(strm, windowBits, version, stream_size)
181 z_streamp strm;
182 int windowBits;
183 const char *version;
184 int stream_size;
185 {
186     int ret;
187     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

189     if (version == Z_NULL || version[0] != ZLIB_VERSION[0] ||
190         stream_size != (int)(sizeof(z_stream)))
191         return Z_VERSION_ERROR;
192     if (strm == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

```

```

193     strm->msg = Z_NULL; /* in case we return an error */
194     if (strm->zalloc == (alloc_func)0) {
195 #ifdef Z_SOLO
196         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
197 #else
198         strm->zalloc = zcalloc;
199         strm->opaque = (voidpf)0;
200 #endif
201     }
202     if (strm->zfree == (free_func)0)
203 #ifdef Z_SOLO
204         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
205 #else
206         strm->zfree = zcfree;
207 #endif
208     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)
209         ZALLOC(strm, 1, sizeof(struct inflate_state));
210     if (state == Z_NULL) return Z_MEM_ERROR;
211     Tracev(stderr, "inflate: allocated\n");
212     strm->state = (struct internal_state FAR *)state;
213     state->window = Z_NULL;
214     ret = inflateReset2(strm, windowBits);
215     if (ret != Z_OK) {
216         ZFREE(strm, state);
217         strm->state = Z_NULL;
218     }
219     return ret;
220 }

222 int ZEXPORT inflateInit_(strm, version, stream_size)
223 z_streamp strm;
224 const char *version;
225 int stream_size;
226 {
227     return inflateInit2_(strm, DEF_WBITS, version, stream_size);
228 }

230 int ZEXPORT inflatePrime(strm, bits, value)
231 z_streamp strm;
232 int bits;
233 int value;
234 {
235     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

237     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
238     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
239     if (bits < 0) {
240         state->hold = 0;
241         state->bits = 0;
242         return Z_OK;
243     }
244     if (bits > 16 || state->bits + bits > 32) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
245     value &= (1L << bits) - 1;
246     state->hold += value << state->bits;
247     state->bits += bits;
248     return Z_OK;
249 }

251 /*
252 Return state with length and distance decoding tables and index sizes set to
253 fixed code decoding. Normally this returns fixed tables from inffixed.h.
254 If BUILDFIXED is defined, then instead this routine builds the tables the
255 first time it's called, and returns those tables the first time and
256 thereafter. This reduces the size of the code by about 2K bytes, in
257 exchange for a little execution time. However, BUILDFIXED should not be
258 used for threaded applications, since the rewriting of the tables and virgin

```



```

259  may not be thread-safe.
260  */
261  local void fixedtables(state)
262  struct inflate_state FAR *state;
263  {
264  #ifndef BUILDFIXED
265      static int virgin = 1;
266      static code *lenfix, *distfix;
267      static code fixed[544];

269  /* build fixed huffman tables if first call (may not be thread safe) */
270  if (virgin) {
271      unsigned sym, bits;
272      static code *next;

274      /* literal/length table */
275      sym = 0;
276      while (sym < 144) state->lens[sym++] = 8;
277      while (sym < 256) state->lens[sym++] = 9;
278      while (sym < 280) state->lens[sym++] = 7;
279      while (sym < 288) state->lens[sym++] = 8;
280      next = fixed;
281      lenfix = next;
282      bits = 9;
283      inflate_table(LENS, state->lens, 288, &(next), &(bits), state->work);

285      /* distance table */
286      sym = 0;
287      while (sym < 32) state->lens[sym++] = 5;
288      distfix = next;
289      bits = 5;
290      inflate_table(DISTS, state->lens, 32, &(next), &(bits), state->work);

292      /* do this just once */
293      virgin = 0;
294  }
295  #else /* !BUILDFIXED */
296  #   include "inffixed.h"
297  #endif /* BUILDFIXED */
298      state->lencode = lenfix;
299      state->lenbits = 9;
300      state->distcode = distfix;
301      state->distbits = 5;
302  }

304  #ifdef MAKEFIXED
305  #include <stdio.h>

307  /*
308  Write out the inffixed.h that is #include'd above.  Defining MAKEFIXED also
309  defines BUILDFIXED, so the tables are built on the fly.  makefixed() writes
310  those tables to stdout, which would be piped to inffixed.h.  A small program
311  can simply call makefixed to do this:

313  void makefixed(void);

315  int main(void)
316  {
317      makefixed();
318      return 0;
319  }

321  Then that can be linked with zlib built with MAKEFIXED defined and run:

323  a.out > inffixed.h
324  */

```

```

325  void makefixed()
326  {
327      unsigned low, size;
328      struct inflate_state state;

330      fixedtables(&state);
331      puts(" /* inffixed.h -- table for decoding fixed codes");
332      puts(" * Generated automatically by makefixed().");
333      puts(" */");
334      puts("");
335      puts(" /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications.");
336      puts(" It is part of the implementation of this library and is");
337      puts(" subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.");
338      puts(" */");
339      puts("");
340      size = 1U << 9;
341      printf(" static const code lenfix[%u] = {", size);
342      low = 0;
343      for (;;) {
344          if ((low % 7) == 0) printf("\n ");
345          printf("{%u,%u,%d}", (low & 127) == 99 ? 64 : state.lencode[low].op,
346                  state.lencode[low].bits, state.lencode[low].val);
347          if (++low == size) break;
348          putchar(',');
349      }
350      puts("\n };");
351      size = 1U << 5;
352      printf("\n static const code distfix[%u] = {", size);
353      low = 0;
354      for (;;) {
355          if ((low % 6) == 0) printf("\n ");
356          printf("{%u,%u,%d}", state.distcode[low].op, state.distcode[low].bits,
357                  state.distcode[low].val);
358          if (++low == size) break;
359          putchar(',');
360      }
361      puts("\n };");
362  }
363  #endif /* MAKEFIXED */

365  /*
366  Update the window with the last wsize (normally 32K) bytes written before
367  returning.  If window does not exist yet, create it.  This is only called
368  when a window is already in use, or when output has been written during this
369  inflate call, but the end of the deflate stream has not been reached yet.
370  It is also called to create a window for dictionary data when a dictionary
371  is loaded.

373  Providing output buffers larger than 32K to inflate() should provide a speed
374  advantage, since only the last 32K of output is copied to the sliding window
375  upon return from inflate(), and since all distances after the first 32K of
376  output will fall in the output data, making match copies simpler and faster.
377  The advantage may be dependent on the size of the processor's data caches.
378  */
379  local int updatewindow(strm, end, copy)
380  z_stream strm;
381  const Bytef *end;
382  unsigned copy;
383  {
384      struct inflate_state FAR *state;
385      unsigned dist;

387      state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;

389      /* if it hasn't been done already, allocate space for the window */
390      if (state->window == Z_NULL) {

```

```

391     state->window = (unsigned char FAR *)
392                     ZALLOC(strm, 1U << state->wbits,
393                             sizeof(unsigned char));
394     if (state->window == Z_NULL) return 1;
395 }

397 /* if window not in use yet, initialize */
398 if (state->wsize == 0) {
399     state->wsize = 1U << state->wbits;
400     state->wnext = 0;
401     state->whave = 0;
402 }

404 /* copy state->wsize or less output bytes into the circular window */
405 if (copy >= state->wsize) {
406     memcpy(state->window, end - state->wsize, state->wsize);
407     state->wnext = 0;
408     state->whave = state->wsize;
409 }
410 else {
411     dist = state->wsize - state->wnext;
412     if (dist > copy) dist = copy;
413     memcpy(state->window + state->wnext, end - copy, dist);
414     copy -= dist;
415     if (copy) {
416         memcpy(state->window, end - copy, copy);
417         state->wnext = copy;
418         state->whave = state->wsize;
419     }
420     else {
421         state->wnext += dist;
422         if (state->wnext == state->wsize) state->wnext = 0;
423         if (state->whave < state->wsize) state->whave += dist;
424     }
425 }
426 return 0;
427 }

429 /* Macros for inflate(): */

431 /* check function to use Adler32() for zlib or CRC32() for gzip */
432 #ifndef GUNZIP
433 # define UPDATE(check, buf, len) \
434     (state->flags ? CRC32(check, buf, len) : Adler32(check, buf, len))
435 #else
436 # define UPDATE(check, buf, len) Adler32(check, buf, len)
437 #endif

439 /* check macros for header CRC */
440 #ifndef GUNZIP
441 # define CRC2(check, word) \
442     do { \
443         hbuf[0] = (unsigned char)(word); \
444         hbuf[1] = (unsigned char)((word) >> 8); \
445         check = CRC32(check, hbuf, 2); \
446     } while (0)

448 # define CRC4(check, word) \
449     do { \
450         hbuf[0] = (unsigned char)(word); \
451         hbuf[1] = (unsigned char)((word) >> 8); \
452         hbuf[2] = (unsigned char)((word) >> 16); \
453         hbuf[3] = (unsigned char)((word) >> 24); \
454         check = CRC32(check, hbuf, 4); \
455     } while (0)
456 #endif

```

```

458 /* Load registers with state in inflate() for speed */
459 #define LOAD() \
460     do { \
461         put = strm->next_out; \
462         left = strm->avail_out; \
463         next = strm->next_in; \
464         have = strm->avail_in; \
465         hold = state->hold; \
466         bits = state->bits; \
467     } while (0)

469 /* Restore state from registers in inflate() */
470 #define RESTORE() \
471     do { \
472         strm->next_out = put; \
473         strm->avail_out = left; \
474         strm->next_in = next; \
475         strm->avail_in = have; \
476         state->hold = hold; \
477         state->bits = bits; \
478     } while (0)

480 /* Clear the input bit accumulator */
481 #define INITBITS() \
482     do { \
483         hold = 0; \
484         bits = 0; \
485     } while (0)

487 /* Get a byte of input into the bit accumulator, or return from inflate()
488 if there is no input available. */
489 #define PULLBYTE() \
490     do { \
491         if (have == 0) goto inf_leave; \
492         have--; \
493         hold += (unsigned long)(*next++) << bits; \
494         bits += 8; \
495     } while (0)

497 /* Assure that there are at least n bits in the bit accumulator.  If there is
498 not enough available input to do that, then return from inflate(). */
499 #define NEEDBITS(n) \
500     do { \
501         while (bits < (unsigned)(n)) \
502             PULLBYTE(); \
503     } while (0)

505 /* Return the low n bits of the bit accumulator (n < 16) */
506 #define BITS(n) \
507     ((unsigned)hold & ((1U << (n)) - 1))

509 /* Remove n bits from the bit accumulator */
510 #define DROPBITS(n) \
511     do { \
512         hold >>= (n); \
513         bits -= (unsigned)(n); \
514     } while (0)

516 /* Remove zero to seven bits as needed to go to a byte boundary */
517 #define BYTEBITS() \
518     do { \
519         hold >>= bits & 7; \
520         bits -= bits & 7; \
521     } while (0)

```

```

523 /*
524 inflate() uses a state machine to process as much input data and generate as
525 much output data as possible before returning. The state machine is
526 structured roughly as follows:

528 for (;;) switch (state) {
529 ...
530 case STATEn:
531     if (not enough input data or output space to make progress)
532         return;
533     ... make progress ...
534     state = STATEm;
535     break;
536 ...
537 }

539 so when inflate() is called again, the same case is attempted again, and
540 if the appropriate resources are provided, the machine proceeds to the
541 next state. The NEEDBITS() macro is usually the way the state evaluates
542 whether it can proceed or should return. NEEDBITS() does the return if
543 the requested bits are not available. The typical use of the BITS macros
544 is:

546     NEEDBITS(n);
547     ... do something with BITS(n) ...
548     DROPBITS(n);

550 where NEEDBITS(n) either returns from inflate() if there isn't enough
551 input left to load n bits into the accumulator, or it continues. BITS(n)
552 gives the low n bits in the accumulator. When done, DROPBITS(n) drops
553 the low n bits off the accumulator. INITBITS() clears the accumulator
554 and sets the number of available bits to zero. BYTEBITS() discards just
555 enough bits to put the accumulator on a byte boundary. After BYTEBITS()
556 and a NEEDBITS(8), then BITS(8) would return the next byte in the stream.

558 NEEDBITS(n) uses PULLBYTE() to get an available byte of input, or to return
559 if there is no input available. The decoding of variable length codes uses
560 PULLBYTE() directly in order to pull just enough bytes to decode the next
561 code, and no more.

563 Some states loop until they get enough input, making sure that enough
564 state information is maintained to continue the loop where it left off
565 if NEEDBITS() returns in the loop. For example, want, need, and keep
566 would all have to actually be part of the saved state in case NEEDBITS()
567 returns:

569     case STATEw:
570         while (want < need) {
571             NEEDBITS(n);
572             keep[want++] = BITS(n);
573             DROPBITS(n);
574         }
575         state = STATEx;
576     case STATEx:

578 As shown above, if the next state is also the next case, then the break
579 is omitted.

581 A state may also return if there is not enough output space available to
582 complete that state. Those states are copying stored data, writing a
583 literal byte, and copying a matching string.

585 When returning, a "goto inf_leave" is used to update the total counters,
586 update the check value, and determine whether any progress has been made
587 during that inflate() call in order to return the proper return code.
588 Progress is defined as a change in either strm->avail_in or strm->avail_out.

```

```

589 When there is a window, goto inf_leave will update the window with the last
590 output written. If a goto inf_leave occurs in the middle of decompression
591 and there is no window currently, goto inf_leave will create one and copy
592 output to the window for the next call of inflate().

594 In this implementation, the flush parameter of inflate() only affects the
595 return code (per zlib.h). inflate() always writes as much as possible to
596 strm->next_out, given the space available and the provided input--the effect
597 documented in zlib.h of Z_SYNC_FLUSH. Furthermore, inflate() always defers
598 the allocation of and copying into a sliding window until necessary, which
599 provides the effect documented in zlib.h for Z_FINISH when the entire input
600 stream available. So the only thing the flush parameter actually does is:
601 when flush is set to Z_FINISH, inflate() cannot return Z_OK. Instead it
602 will return Z_BUF_ERROR if it has not reached the end of the stream.
603 */

605 int ZEXPORT inflate(strm, flush)
606 z_streamp strm;
607 int flush;
608 {
609     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
610     z_const unsigned char FAR *next; /* next input */
611     unsigned char FAR *put; /* next output */
612     unsigned have, left; /* available input and output */
613     unsigned long hold; /* bit buffer */
614     unsigned bits; /* bits in bit buffer */
615     unsigned in, out; /* save starting available input and output */
616     unsigned copy; /* number of stored or match bytes to copy */
617     unsigned char FAR *from; /* where to copy match bytes from */
618     code here; /* current decoding table entry */
619     code last; /* parent table entry */
620     unsigned len; /* length to copy for repeats, bits to drop */
621     int ret; /* return code */
622 #ifdef GUNZIP
623     unsigned char hbuf[4]; /* buffer for gzip header crc calculation */
624 #endif
625     static const unsigned short order[19] = /* permutation of code lengths */
626         {16, 17, 18, 0, 8, 7, 9, 6, 10, 5, 11, 4, 12, 3, 13, 2, 14, 1, 15};

628     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL || strm->next_out == Z_NULL ||
629         (strm->next_in == Z_NULL && strm->avail_in != 0))
630         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

632     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
633     if (state->mode == TYPE) state->mode = TYPEDO; /* skip check */
634     LOAD();
635     in = have;
636     out = left;
637     ret = Z_OK;
638     for (;;)
639         switch (state->mode) {
640             case HEAD:
641                 if (state->wrap == 0) {
642                     state->mode = TYPEDO;
643                     break;
644                 }
645                 NEEDBITS(16);
646 #ifdef GUNZIP
647                 if ((state->wrap & 2) && hold == 0x8b1f) { /* gzip header */
648                     state->check = crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
649                     CRC2(state->check, hold);
650                     INITBITS();
651                     state->mode = FLAGS;
652                     break;
653                 }
654                 state->flags = 0; /* expect zlib header */

```

```

655     if (state->head != Z_NULL)
656         state->head->done = -1;
657     if (!(state->wrap & 1) || /* check if zlib header allowed */
658 #else
659     if (
660 #endif
661         ((BITS(8) << 8) + (hold >> 8)) % 31) {
662         strm->msg = (char *)"incorrect header check";
663         state->mode = BAD;
664         break;
665     }
666     if (BITS(4) != Z_DEFLATED) {
667         strm->msg = (char *)"unknown compression method";
668         state->mode = BAD;
669         break;
670     }
671     DROPBITS(4);
672     len = BITS(4) + 8;
673     if (state->wbits == 0)
674         state->wbits = len;
675     else if (len > state->wbits) {
676         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid window size";
677         state->mode = BAD;
678         break;
679     }
680     state->dmax = 1U << len;
681     Tracev((stderr, "inflate:   zlib header ok\n"));
682     strm->adler = state->check = Adler32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
683     state->mode = hold & 0x200 ? DICTID : TYPE;
684     INITBITS();
685     break;
686 #ifndef GUNZIP
687     case FLAGS:
688         NEEDBITS(16);
689         state->flags = (int)(hold);
690         if ((state->flags & 0xff) != Z_DEFLATED) {
691             strm->msg = (char *)"unknown compression method";
692             state->mode = BAD;
693             break;
694         }
695         if (state->flags & 0xe000) {
696             strm->msg = (char *)"unknown header flags set";
697             state->mode = BAD;
698             break;
699         }
700         if (state->head != Z_NULL)
701             state->head->text = (int)((hold >> 8) & 1);
702         if (state->flags & 0x0200) CRC2(state->check, hold);
703         INITBITS();
704         state->mode = TIME;
705     case TIME:
706         NEEDBITS(32);
707         if (state->head != Z_NULL)
708             state->head->time = hold;
709         if (state->flags & 0x0200) CRC4(state->check, hold);
710         INITBITS();
711         state->mode = OS;
712     case OS:
713         NEEDBITS(16);
714         if (state->head != Z_NULL) {
715             state->head->xflags = (int)(hold & 0xff);
716             state->head->os = (int)(hold >> 8);
717         }
718         if (state->flags & 0x0200) CRC2(state->check, hold);
719         INITBITS();
720         state->mode = EXLEN;

```

```

721     case EXLEN:
722         if (state->flags & 0x0400) {
723             NEEDBITS(16);
724             state->length = (unsigned)(hold);
725             if (state->head != Z_NULL)
726                 state->head->extra_len = (unsigned)hold;
727             if (state->flags & 0x0200) CRC2(state->check, hold);
728             INITBITS();
729         }
730         else if (state->head != Z_NULL)
731             state->head->extra = Z_NULL;
732         state->mode = EXTRA;
733     case EXTRA:
734         if (state->flags & 0x0400) {
735             copy = state->length;
736             if (copy > have) copy = have;
737             if (copy) {
738                 if (state->head != Z_NULL &&
739                     state->head->extra != Z_NULL) {
740                     len = state->head->extra_len - state->length;
741                     memcpy(state->head->extra + len, next,
742                         len + copy > state->head->extra_max ?
743                             state->head->extra_max - len : copy);
744                 }
745                 if (state->flags & 0x0200)
746                     state->check = crc32(state->check, next, copy);
747                 have -= copy;
748                 next += copy;
749                 state->length -= copy;
750             }
751             if (state->length) goto inf_leave;
752         }
753         state->length = 0;
754         state->mode = NAME;
755     case NAME:
756         if (state->flags & 0x0800) {
757             if (have == 0) goto inf_leave;
758             copy = 0;
759             do {
760                 len = (unsigned)(next[copy++]);
761                 if (state->head != Z_NULL &&
762                     state->head->name != Z_NULL &&
763                     state->length < state->head->name_max)
764                     state->head->name[state->length++] = len;
765             } while (len && copy < have);
766             if (state->flags & 0x0200)
767                 state->check = crc32(state->check, next, copy);
768             have -= copy;
769             next += copy;
770             if (len) goto inf_leave;
771         }
772         else if (state->head != Z_NULL)
773             state->head->name = Z_NULL;
774         state->length = 0;
775         state->mode = COMMENT;
776     case COMMENT:
777         if (state->flags & 0x1000) {
778             if (have == 0) goto inf_leave;
779             copy = 0;
780             do {
781                 len = (unsigned)(next[copy++]);
782                 if (state->head != Z_NULL &&
783                     state->head->comment != Z_NULL &&
784                     state->length < state->head->comm_max)
785                     state->head->comment[state->length++] = len;
786             } while (len && copy < have);

```

```

787     if (state->flags & 0x0200)
788         state->check = crc32(state->check, next, copy);
789     have -= copy;
790     next += copy;
791     if (len) goto inf_leave;
792 }
793 else if (state->head != Z_NULL)
794     state->head->comment = Z_NULL;
795 state->mode = HCRC;
796 case HCRC:
797     if (state->flags & 0x0200) {
798         NEEDBITS(16);
799         if (hold != (state->check & 0xffff)) {
800             strm->msg = (char *)"header crc mismatch";
801             state->mode = BAD;
802             break;
803         }
804         INITBITS();
805     }
806     if (state->head != Z_NULL) {
807         state->head->hcrc = (int)((state->flags >> 9) & 1);
808         state->head->done = 1;
809     }
810     strm->adler = state->check = crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
811     state->mode = TYPE;
812     break;
813 #endif
814 case DICTID:
815     NEEDBITS(32);
816     strm->adler = state->check = ZSWAP32(hold);
817     INITBITS();
818     state->mode = DICT;
819 case DICT:
820     if (state->havedict == 0) {
821         RESTORE();
822         return Z_NEED_DICT;
823     }
824     strm->adler = state->check = Adler32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
825     state->mode = TYPE;
826 case TYPE:
827     if (flush == Z_BLOCK || flush == Z_TREES) goto inf_leave;
828 case TYPEDO:
829     if (state->last) {
830         BYTEBITS();
831         state->mode = CHECK;
832         break;
833     }
834     NEEDBITS(3);
835     state->last = BITS(1);
836     DROPBITS(1);
837     switch (BITS(2)) {
838     case 0: /* stored block */
839         Tracev((stderr, "inflate:   stored block%s\n",
840             state->last ? " (last)" : ""));
841         state->mode = STORED;
842         break;
843     case 1: /* fixed block */
844         fixedtables(state);
845         Tracev((stderr, "inflate:   fixed codes block%s\n",
846             state->last ? " (last)" : ""));
847         state->mode = LEN; /* decode codes */
848         if (flush == Z_TREES) {
849             DROPBITS(2);
850             goto inf_leave;
851         }
852         break;

```

```

853     case 2: /* dynamic block */
854         Tracev((stderr, "inflate:   dynamic codes block%s\n",
855             state->last ? " (last)" : ""));
856         state->mode = TABLE;
857         break;
858     case 3:
859         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid block type";
860         state->mode = BAD;
861     }
862     DROPBITS(2);
863     break;
864 case STORED:
865     BYTEBITS(); /* go to byte boundary */
866     NEEDBITS(32);
867     if ((hold & 0xffff) != ((hold >> 16) ^ 0xffff)) {
868         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid stored block lengths";
869         state->mode = BAD;
870         break;
871     }
872     state->length = (unsigned)hold & 0xffff;
873     Tracev((stderr, "inflate:   stored length %u\n",
874         state->length));
875     INITBITS();
876     state->mode = COPY;
877     if (flush == Z_TREES) goto inf_leave;
878 case COPY_:
879     state->mode = COPY;
880 case COPY:
881     copy = state->length;
882     if (copy) {
883         if (copy > have) copy = have;
884         if (copy > left) copy = left;
885         if (copy == 0) goto inf_leave;
886         memcpy(put, next, copy);
887         have -= copy;
888         next += copy;
889         left -= copy;
890         put += copy;
891         state->length -= copy;
892         break;
893     }
894     Tracev((stderr, "inflate:   stored end\n"));
895     state->mode = TYPE;
896     break;
897 case TABLE:
898     NEEDBITS(14);
899     state->nlen = BITS(5) + 257;
900     DROPBITS(5);
901     state->ndist = BITS(5) + 1;
902     DROPBITS(5);
903     state->ncode = BITS(4) + 4;
904     DROPBITS(4);
905 #ifndef PKZIP_BUG_WORKAROUND
906     if (state->nlen > 286 || state->ndist > 30) {
907         strm->msg = (char *)"too many length or distance symbols";
908         state->mode = BAD;
909         break;
910     }
911 #endif
912     Tracev((stderr, "inflate:   table sizes ok\n"));
913     state->have = 0;
914     state->mode = LENLENS;
915 case LENLENS:
916     while (state->have < state->ncode) {
917         NEEDBITS(3);
918         state->lens[order[state->have++]] = (unsigned short)BITS(3);

```

```

919         DROPBITS(3);
920     }
921     while (state->have < 19)
922         state->lens[order[state->have++]] = 0;
923     state->next = state->codes;
924     state->lencode = (const code FAR *) (state->next);
925     state->lenbits = 7;
926     ret = inflate_table(CODES, state->lens, 19, &(state->next),
927                       &(state->lenbits), state->work);
928     if (ret) {
929         strm->msg = (char *) "invalid code lengths set";
930         state->mode = BAD;
931         break;
932     }
933     Tracev((stderr, "inflate:         code lengths ok\n"));
934     state->have = 0;
935     state->mode = CODELENS;
936     case CODELENS:
937         while (state->have < state->nlen + state->ndist) {
938             for (;;) {
939                 here = state->lencode[BITS(state->lenbits)];
940                 if ((unsigned)(here.bits) <= bits) break;
941                 PULLBYTE();
942             }
943             if (here.val < 16) {
944                 DROPBITS(here.bits);
945                 state->lens[state->have++] = here.val;
946             }
947             else {
948                 if (here.val == 16) {
949                     NEEDBITS(here.bits + 2);
950                     DROPBITS(here.bits);
951                     if (state->have == 0) {
952                         strm->msg = (char *) "invalid bit length repeat";
953                         state->mode = BAD;
954                         break;
955                     }
956                     len = state->lens[state->have - 1];
957                     copy = 3 + BITS(2);
958                     DROPBITS(2);
959                 }
960                 else if (here.val == 17) {
961                     NEEDBITS(here.bits + 3);
962                     DROPBITS(here.bits);
963                     len = 0;
964                     copy = 3 + BITS(3);
965                     DROPBITS(3);
966                 }
967                 else {
968                     NEEDBITS(here.bits + 7);
969                     DROPBITS(here.bits);
970                     len = 0;
971                     copy = 11 + BITS(7);
972                     DROPBITS(7);
973                 }
974                 if (state->have + copy > state->nlen + state->ndist) {
975                     strm->msg = (char *) "invalid bit length repeat";
976                     state->mode = BAD;
977                     break;
978                 }
979                 while (copy--)
980                     state->lens[state->have++] = (unsigned short)len;
981             }
982         }
984     /* handle error breaks in while */

```

```

985         if (state->mode == BAD) break;
987         /* check for end-of-block code (better have one) */
988         if (state->lens[256] == 0) {
989             strm->msg = (char *) "invalid code -- missing end-of-block";
990             state->mode = BAD;
991             break;
992         }
994         /* build code tables -- note: do not change the lenbits or distbits
995            values here (9 and 6) without reading the comments in infrees.h
996            concerning the ENOUGH constants, which depend on those values */
997         state->next = state->codes;
998         state->lencode = (const code FAR *) (state->next);
999         state->lenbits = 9;
1000         ret = inflate_table(LENS, state->lens, state->nlen, &(state->next),
1001                           &(state->lenbits), state->work);
1002         if (ret) {
1003             strm->msg = (char *) "invalid literal/lengths set";
1004             state->mode = BAD;
1005             break;
1006         }
1007         state->distcode = (const code FAR *) (state->next);
1008         state->distbits = 6;
1009         ret = inflate_table(DISTS, state->lens + state->nlen, state->ndist,
1010                           &(state->next), &(state->distbits), state->work);
1011         if (ret) {
1012             strm->msg = (char *) "invalid distances set";
1013             state->mode = BAD;
1014             break;
1015         }
1016         Tracev((stderr, "inflate:         codes ok\n"));
1017         state->mode = LEN;
1018         if (flush == Z_TREES) goto inf_leave;
1019     case LEN_:
1020         state->mode = LEN;
1021     case LEN:
1022         if (have >= 6 && left >= 258) {
1023             RESTORE();
1024             inflate_fast(strm, out);
1025             LOAD();
1026             if (state->mode == TYPE)
1027                 state->back = -1;
1028             break;
1029         }
1030         state->back = 0;
1031         for (;;) {
1032             here = state->lencode[BITS(state->lenbits)];
1033             if ((unsigned)(here.bits) <= bits) break;
1034             PULLBYTE();
1035         }
1036         if (here.op && (here.op & 0xf0) == 0) {
1037             last = here;
1038             for (;;) {
1039                 here = state->lencode[last.val +
1040                                   (BITS(last.bits + last.op) >> last.bits)];
1041                 if ((unsigned)(last.bits + here.bits) <= bits) break;
1042                 PULLBYTE();
1043             }
1044             DROPBITS(last.bits);
1045             state->back += last.bits;
1046         }
1047         DROPBITS(here.bits);
1048         state->back += here.bits;
1049         state->length = (unsigned)here.val;
1050         if ((int)(here.op) == 0) {

```

```

1051         Tracevv((stderr, here.val >= 0x20 && here.val < 0x7f ?
1052             "inflate:         literal '%c'\n" :
1053             "inflate:         literal 0x%02x\n", here.val));
1054         state->mode = LIT;
1055         break;
1056     }
1057     if (here.op & 32) {
1058         Tracevv((stderr, "inflate:         end of block\n"));
1059         state->back = -1;
1060         state->mode = TYPE;
1061         break;
1062     }
1063     if (here.op & 64) {
1064         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid literal/length code";
1065         state->mode = BAD;
1066         break;
1067     }
1068     state->extra = (unsigned)(here.op) & 15;
1069     state->mode = LENEXT;
1070 case LENEXT:
1071     if (state->extra) {
1072         NEEDBITS(state->extra);
1073         state->length += BITS(state->extra);
1074         DROPBITS(state->extra);
1075         state->back += state->extra;
1076     }
1077     Tracevv((stderr, "inflate:         length %u\n", state->length));
1078     state->was = state->length;
1079     state->mode = DIST;
1080 case DIST:
1081     for (;;) {
1082         here = state->distcode[BITS(state->distbits)];
1083         if ((unsigned)(here.bits) <= bits) break;
1084         PULLBYTE();
1085     }
1086     if ((here.op & 0xf0) == 0) {
1087         last = here;
1088         for (;;) {
1089             here = state->distcode[last.val +
1090                 (BITS(last.bits + last.op) >> last.bits)];
1091             if ((unsigned)(last.bits + here.bits) <= bits) break;
1092             PULLBYTE();
1093         }
1094         DROPBITS(last.bits);
1095         state->back += last.bits;
1096     }
1097     DROPBITS(here.bits);
1098     state->back += here.bits;
1099     if (here.op & 64) {
1100         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance code";
1101         state->mode = BAD;
1102         break;
1103     }
1104     state->offset = (unsigned)here.val;
1105     state->extra = (unsigned)(here.op) & 15;
1106     state->mode = DISTEXT;
1107 case DISTEXT:
1108     if (state->extra) {
1109         NEEDBITS(state->extra);
1110         state->offset += BITS(state->extra);
1111         DROPBITS(state->extra);
1112         state->back += state->extra;
1113     }
1114 #ifdef INFLATE_STRICT
1115     if (state->offset > state->dmax) {
1116         strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance too far back";

```

```

1117         state->mode = BAD;
1118         break;
1119     }
1120 #endif
1121     Tracevv((stderr, "inflate:         distance %u\n", state->offset));
1122     state->mode = MATCH;
1123 case MATCH:
1124     if (left == 0) goto inf_leave;
1125     copy = out - left;
1126     if (state->offset > copy) { /* copy from window */
1127         copy = state->offset - copy;
1128         if (copy > state->whave) {
1129             if (state->sane) {
1130                 strm->msg = (char *)"invalid distance too far back";
1131                 state->mode = BAD;
1132                 break;
1133             }
1134 #ifdef INFLATE_ALLOW_INVALID_DISTANCE_TOOFAR_ARRR
1135             Trace((stderr, "inflate.c too far\n"));
1136             copy -= state->whave;
1137             if (copy > state->length) copy = state->length;
1138             if (copy > left) copy = left;
1139             left -= copy;
1140             state->length -= copy;
1141             do {
1142                 *put++ = 0;
1143             } while (--copy);
1144             if (state->length == 0) state->mode = LEN;
1145             break;
1146 #endif
1147         }
1148         if (copy > state->wnext) {
1149             copy -= state->wnext;
1150             from = state->window + (state->wsize - copy);
1151         }
1152         else
1153             from = state->window + (state->wnext - copy);
1154         if (copy > state->length) copy = state->length;
1155     }
1156     else { /* copy from output */
1157         from = put - state->offset;
1158         copy = state->length;
1159     }
1160     if (copy > left) copy = left;
1161     left -= copy;
1162     state->length -= copy;
1163     do {
1164         *put++ = *from++;
1165     } while (--copy);
1166     if (state->length == 0) state->mode = LEN;
1167     break;
1168 case LIT:
1169     if (left == 0) goto inf_leave;
1170     *put++ = (unsigned char)(state->length);
1171     left--;
1172     state->mode = LEN;
1173     break;
1174 case CHECK:
1175     if (state->wrap) {
1176         NEEDBITS(32);
1177         out -= left;
1178         strm->total_out += out;
1179         state->total += out;
1180         if (out)
1181             strm->adler = state->check =
1182                 UPDATE(state->check, put - out, out);

```

```

1183         out = left;
1184         if ((
1185 #ifdef GUNZIP
1186             state->flags ? hold :
1187 #endif
1188             ZSWAP32(hold)) != state->check) {
1189             strm->msg = (char *)"incorrect data check";
1190             state->mode = BAD;
1191             break;
1192         }
1193         INITBITS();
1194         Tracev((stderr, "inflate:  check matches trailer\n"));
1195     }
1196 #ifdef GUNZIP
1197     state->mode = LENGTH;
1198     case LENGTH:
1199     if (state->wrap && state->flags) {
1200         NEEDBITS(32);
1201         if (hold != (state->total & 0xffffffffUL)) {
1202             strm->msg = (char *)"incorrect length check";
1203             state->mode = BAD;
1204             break;
1205         }
1206         INITBITS();
1207         Tracev((stderr, "inflate:  length matches trailer\n"));
1208     }
1209 #endif
1210     state->mode = DONE;
1211     case DONE:
1212         ret = Z_STREAM_END;
1213         goto inf_leave;
1214     case BAD:
1215         ret = Z_DATA_ERROR;
1216         goto inf_leave;
1217     case MEM:
1218         return Z_MEM_ERROR;
1219     case SYNC:
1220     default:
1221         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1222     }
1223
1224     /*
1225     Return from inflate(), updating the total counts and the check value.
1226     If there was no progress during the inflate() call, return a buffer
1227     error.  Call updatewindow() to create and/or update the window state.
1228     Note: a memory error from inflate() is non-recoverable.
1229     */
1230     inf_leave:
1231     RESTORE();
1232     if (state->wsize || (out != strm->avail_out && state->mode < BAD &&
1233         (state->mode < CHECK || flush != Z_FINISH)))
1234     if (updatewindow(strm, strm->next_out, out - strm->avail_out)) {
1235         state->mode = MEM;
1236         return Z_MEM_ERROR;
1237     }
1238     in -= strm->avail_in;
1239     out -= strm->avail_out;
1240     strm->total_in += in;
1241     strm->total_out += out;
1242     state->total += out;
1243     if (state->wrap && out)
1244         strm->adler = state->check =
1245             UPDATE(state->check, strm->next_out - out, out);
1246     strm->data_type = state->bits + (state->last ? 64 : 0) +
1247         (state->mode == TYPE ? 128 : 0) +
1248         (state->mode == LEN_ || state->mode == COPY_ ? 256 : 0);

```

```

1249     if (((in == 0 && out == 0) || flush == Z_FINISH) && ret == Z_OK)
1250         ret = Z_BUF_ERROR;
1251     return ret;
1252 }
1253
1254 int ZEXPORT inflateEnd(strm)
1255 z_streamp strm;
1256 {
1257     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
1258     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL || strm->zfree == (free_func)0)
1259         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1260     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
1261     if (state->window != Z_NULL) ZFREE(strm, state->window);
1262     ZFREE(strm, strm->state);
1263     strm->state = Z_NULL;
1264     Tracev((stderr, "inflate: end\n"));
1265     return Z_OK;
1266 }
1267
1268 int ZEXPORT inflateGetDictionary(strm, dictionary, dictLength)
1269 z_streamp strm;
1270 Bytef *dictionary;
1271 uInt *dictLength;
1272 {
1273     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
1274
1275     /* check state */
1276     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1277     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
1278
1279     /* copy dictionary */
1280     if (state->whave && dictionary != Z_NULL) {
1281         zmemcpy(dictionary, state->window + state->wnext,
1282             state->whave - state->wnext);
1283         zmemcpy(dictionary + state->whave - state->wnext,
1284             state->window, state->wnext);
1285     }
1286     if (dictLength != Z_NULL)
1287         *dictLength = state->whave;
1288     return Z_OK;
1289 }
1290
1291 int ZEXPORT inflateSetDictionary(strm, dictionary, dictLength)
1292 z_streamp strm;
1293 const Bytef *dictionary;
1294 uInt dictLength;
1295 {
1296     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
1297     unsigned long dictid;
1298     int ret;
1299
1300     /* check state */
1301     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1302     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
1303     if (state->wrap != 0 && state->mode != DICT)
1304         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1305
1306     /* check for correct dictionary identifier */
1307     if (state->mode == DICT) {
1308         dictid = Adler32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);
1309         dictid = Adler32(dictid, dictionary, dictLength);
1310         if (dictid != state->check)
1311             return Z_DATA_ERROR;
1312     }
1313
1314     /* copy dictionary to window using updatewindow(), which will amend the

```



```

1315     existing dictionary if appropriate */
1316     ret = updatewindow(strm, dictionary + dictLength, dictLength);
1317     if (ret) {
1318         state->mode = MEM;
1319         return Z_MEM_ERROR;
1320     }
1321     state->havedict = 1;
1322     Tracev((stderr, "inflate:   dictionary set\n"));
1323     return Z_OK;
1324 }

1326 int ZEXPORT inflateGetHeader(strm, head)
1327     z_stream strm;
1328     gz_headerp head;
1329 {
1330     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

1332     /* check state */
1333     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1334     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
1335     if ((state->wrap & 2) == 0) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;

1337     /* save header structure */
1338     state->head = head;
1339     head->done = 0;
1340     return Z_OK;
1341 }

1343 /*
1344 Search buf[0..len-1] for the pattern: 0, 0, 0xff, 0xff. Return when found
1345 or when out of input. When called, *have is the number of pattern bytes
1346 found in order so far, in 0..3. On return *have is updated to the new
1347 state. If on return *have equals four, then the pattern was found and the
1348 return value is how many bytes were read including the last byte of the
1349 pattern. If *have is less than four, then the pattern has not been found
1350 yet and the return value is len. In the latter case, syncsearch() can be
1351 called again with more data and the *have state. *have is initialized to
1352 zero for the first call.
1353 */
1354 local unsigned syncsearch(have, buf, len)
1355     unsigned FAR *have;
1356     const unsigned char FAR *buf;
1357     unsigned len;
1358 {
1359     unsigned got;
1360     unsigned next;

1362     got = *have;
1363     next = 0;
1364     while (next < len && got < 4) {
1365         if ((int)(buf[next]) == (got < 2 ? 0 : 0xff))
1366             got++;
1367         else if (buf[next])
1368             got = 0;
1369         else
1370             got = 4 - got;
1371         next++;
1372     }
1373     *have = got;
1374     return next;
1375 }

1377 int ZEXPORT inflateSync(strm)
1378     z_stream strm;
1379 {
1380     unsigned len;          /* number of bytes to look at or looked at */

```

```

1381     unsigned long in, out; /* temporary to save total_in and total_out */
1382     unsigned char buf[4]; /* to restore bit buffer to byte string */
1383     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

1385     /* check parameters */
1386     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1387     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
1388     if (strm->avail_in == 0 && state->bits < 8) return Z_BUF_ERROR;

1390     /* if first time, start search in bit buffer */
1391     if (state->mode != SYNC) {
1392         state->mode = SYNC;
1393         state->hold <<= state->bits & 7;
1394         state->bits -= state->bits & 7;
1395         len = 0;
1396         while (state->bits >= 8) {
1397             buf[len++] = (unsigned char)(state->hold);
1398             state->hold >>= 8;
1399             state->bits -= 8;
1400         }
1401         state->have = 0;
1402         syncsearch(&(state->have), buf, len);
1403     }

1405     /* search available input */
1406     len = syncsearch(&(state->have), strm->next_in, strm->avail_in);
1407     strm->avail_in -= len;
1408     strm->next_in += len;
1409     strm->total_in += len;

1411     /* return no joy or set up to restart inflate() on a new block */
1412     if (state->have != 4) return Z_DATA_ERROR;
1413     in = strm->total_in; out = strm->total_out;
1414     inflateReset(strm);
1415     strm->total_in = in; strm->total_out = out;
1416     state->mode = TYPE;
1417     return Z_OK;
1418 }

1420 /*
1421 Returns true if inflate is currently at the end of a block generated by
1422 Z_SYNC_FLUSH or Z_FULL_FLUSH. This function is used by one PPP
1423 implementation to provide an additional safety check. PPP uses
1424 Z_SYNC_FLUSH but removes the length bytes of the resulting empty stored
1425 block. When decompressing, PPP checks that at the end of input packet,
1426 inflate is waiting for these length bytes.
1427 */
1428 int ZEXPORT inflateSyncPoint(strm)
1429     z_stream strm;
1430 {
1431     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

1433     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1434     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
1435     return state->mode == STORED && state->bits == 0;
1436 }

1438 int ZEXPORT inflateCopy(dest, source)
1439     z_stream dest;
1440     z_stream source;
1441 {
1442     struct inflate_state FAR *state;
1443     struct inflate_state FAR *copy;
1444     unsigned char FAR *window;
1445     unsigned wsize;

```

```

1447  /* check input */
1448  if (dest == Z_NULL || source == Z_NULL || source->state == Z_NULL ||
1449      source->zalloc == (alloc_func)0 || source->zfree == (free_func)0)
1450      return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1451  state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)source->state;

1453  /* allocate space */
1454  copy = (struct inflate_state FAR *)
1455      ZALLOC(source, 1, sizeof(struct inflate_state));
1456  if (copy == Z_NULL) return Z_MEM_ERROR;
1457  window = Z_NULL;
1458  if (state->window != Z_NULL) {
1459      window = (unsigned char FAR *)
1460          ZALLOC(source, 1U << state->wbits, sizeof(unsigned char));
1461      if (window == Z_NULL) {
1462          ZFREE(source, copy);
1463          return Z_MEM_ERROR;
1464      }
1465  }

1467  /* copy state */
1468  zmemcpy((voidpf)dest, (voidpf)source, sizeof(z_stream));
1469  zmemcpy((voidpf)copy, (voidpf)state, sizeof(struct inflate_state));
1470  if (state->lencode >= state->codes &&
1471      state->lencode <= state->codes + ENOUGH - 1) {
1472      copy->lencode = copy->codes + (state->lencode - state->codes);
1473      copy->distcode = copy->codes + (state->distcode - state->codes);
1474  }
1475  copy->next = copy->codes + (state->next - state->codes);
1476  if (window != Z_NULL) {
1477      wsize = 1U << state->wbits;
1478      zmemcpy(window, state->window, wsize);
1479  }
1480  copy->window = window;
1481  dest->state = (struct internal_state FAR *)copy;
1482  return Z_OK;
1483 }

1485 int ZEXPORT inflateUndermine(strm, subvert)
1486 z_stream strm;
1487 int subvert;
1488 {
1489     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

1491     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
1492     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
1493     state->sane = !subvert;
1494 #ifdef INFLATE_ALLOW_INVALID_DISTANCE_TOOFAR_ARRR
1495     return Z_OK;
1496 #else
1497     state->sane = 1;
1498     return Z_DATA_ERROR;
1499 #endif
1500 }

1502 long ZEXPORT inflateMark(strm)
1503 z_stream strm;
1504 {
1505     struct inflate_state FAR *state;

1507     if (strm == Z_NULL || strm->state == Z_NULL) return -1L << 16;
1508     state = (struct inflate_state FAR *)strm->state;
1509     return ((long)(state->back) << 16) +
1510         (state->mode == COPY ? state->length :
1511          (state->mode == MATCH ? state->was - state->length : 0));
1512 }

```

```

*****
6399 Wed Apr 1 15:57:28 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inflate.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inflate.h -- internal inflate state definition
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2009 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications. It is
7  part of the implementation of the compression library and is
8  subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.
9  */

11 /* define NO_GZIP when compiling if you want to disable gzip header and
12  trailer decoding by inflate(). NO_GZIP would be used to avoid linking in
13  the crc code when it is not needed. For shared libraries, gzip decoding
14  should be left enabled. */
15 #ifndef NO_GZIP
16 # define GUNZIP
17 #endif

19 /* Possible inflate modes between inflate() calls */
20 typedef enum {
21     HEAD, /* i: waiting for magic header */
22     FLAGS, /* i: waiting for method and flags (gzip) */
23     TIME, /* i: waiting for modification time (gzip) */
24     OS, /* i: waiting for extra flags and operating system (gzip) */
25     EXLEN, /* i: waiting for extra length (gzip) */
26     EXTRA, /* i: waiting for extra bytes (gzip) */
27     NAME, /* i: waiting for end of file name (gzip) */
28     COMMENT, /* i: waiting for end of comment (gzip) */
29     HCRC, /* i: waiting for header crc (gzip) */
30     DICTID, /* i: waiting for dictionary check value */
31     DICT, /* waiting for inflateSetDictionary() call */
32     TYPE, /* i: waiting for type bits, including last-flag bit */
33     TYPEDO, /* i: same, but skip check to exit inflate on new block */
34     STORED, /* i: waiting for stored size (length and complement) */
35     COPY_, /* i/o: same as COPY below, but only first time in */
36     COPY, /* i/o: waiting for input or output to copy stored block */
37     TABLE, /* i: waiting for dynamic block table lengths */
38     LENLENS, /* i: waiting for code length code lengths */
39     CODELENS, /* i: waiting for length/lit and distance code lengths */
40     LEN_, /* i: same as LEN below, but only first time in */
41     LEN, /* i: waiting for length/lit/eob code */
42     LENEXT, /* i: waiting for length extra bits */
43     DIST, /* i: waiting for distance code */
44     DISTEXT, /* i: waiting for distance extra bits */
45     MATCH, /* o: waiting for output space to copy string */
46     LIT, /* o: waiting for output space to write literal */
47     CHECK, /* i: waiting for 32-bit check value */
48     LENGTH, /* i: waiting for 32-bit length (gzip) */
49     DONE, /* finished check, done -- remain here until reset */
50     BAD, /* got a data error -- remain here until reset */
51     MEM, /* got an inflate() memory error -- remain here until reset */
52     SYNC /* looking for synchronization bytes to restart inflate() */
53 } inflate_mode;

55 /*
56  State transitions between above modes -

58  (most modes can go to BAD or MEM on error -- not shown for clarity)

60  Process header:

```

```

61     HEAD -> (gzip) or (zlib) or (raw)
62     (gzip) -> FLAGS -> TIME -> OS -> EXLEN -> EXTRA -> NAME -> COMMENT ->
63             HCRC -> TYPE
64     (zlib) -> DICTID or TYPE
65     DICTID -> DICT -> TYPE
66     (raw) -> TYPEDO
67  Read deflate blocks:
68     TYPE -> TYPEDO -> STORED or TABLE or LEN_ or CHECK
69     STORED -> COPY_ -> COPY -> TYPE
70     TABLE -> LENLENS -> CODELENS -> LEN_
71     LEN_ -> LEN
72  Read deflate codes in fixed or dynamic block:
73     LEN -> LENEXT or LIT or TYPE
74     LENEXT -> DIST -> DISTEXT -> MATCH -> LEN
75     LIT -> LEN
76  Process trailer:
77     CHECK -> LENGTH -> DONE
78  */

80 /* state maintained between inflate() calls. Approximately 10K bytes. */
81 struct inflate_state {
82     inflate_mode mode; /* current inflate mode */
83     int last; /* true if processing last block */
84     int wrap; /* bit 0 true for zlib, bit 1 true for gzip */
85     int havedict; /* true if dictionary provided */
86     int flags; /* gzip header method and flags (0 if zlib) */
87     unsigned dmax; /* zlib header max distance (INFLATE_STRICT) */
88     unsigned long check; /* protected copy of check value */
89     unsigned long total; /* protected copy of output count */
90     gz_headerp head; /* where to save gzip header information */
91     /* sliding window */
92     unsigned wbits; /* log base 2 of requested window size */
93     unsigned wsize; /* window size or zero if not using window */
94     unsigned whave; /* valid bytes in the window */
95     unsigned wnext; /* window write index */
96     unsigned char FAR *window; /* allocated sliding window, if needed */
97     /* bit accumulator */
98     unsigned long hold; /* input bit accumulator */
99     unsigned bits; /* number of bits in "in" */
100    /* for string and stored block copying */
101    unsigned length; /* literal or length of data to copy */
102    unsigned offset; /* distance back to copy string from */
103    /* for table and code decoding */
104    unsigned extra; /* extra bits needed */
105    /* fixed and dynamic code tables */
106    code const FAR *lencode; /* starting table for length/literal codes */
107    code const FAR *distcode; /* starting table for distance codes */
108    unsigned lenbits; /* index bits for lencode */
109    unsigned distbits; /* index bits for distcode */
110    /* dynamic table building */
111    unsigned ncode; /* number of code length code lengths */
112    unsigned nlen; /* number of length code lengths */
113    unsigned ndist; /* number of distance code lengths */
114    unsigned next; /* number of code lengths in lens[] */
115    code FAR *next; /* next available space in codes[] */
116    unsigned short lens[320]; /* temporary storage for code lengths */
117    unsigned short work[288]; /* work area for code table building */
118    code codes[ENOUGH]; /* space for code tables */
119    int sane; /* if false, allow invalid distance too far */
120    int back; /* bits back of last unprocessed length/lit */
121    unsigned was; /* initial length of match */
122 };

```

```

*****
13028 Wed Apr 1 15:57:28 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inftrees.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inftrees.c -- generate Huffman trees for efficient decoding
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 #include "zutil.h"
7 #include "inftrees.h"

9 #define MAXBITS 15

11 const char inflate_copyright[] =
12 " inflate 1.2.8 Copyright 1995-2013 Mark Adler ";
13 /*
14  If you use the zlib library in a product, an acknowledgment is welcome
15  in the documentation of your product. If for some reason you cannot
16  include such an acknowledgment, I would appreciate that you keep this
17  copyright string in the executable of your product.
18  */

20 /*
21  Build a set of tables to decode the provided canonical Huffman code.
22  The code lengths are lens[0..codes-1]. The result starts at *table,
23  whose indices are 0..2^bits-1. work is a writable array of at least
24  lens shorts, which is used as a work area. type is the type of code
25  to be generated, CODES, LENS, or DISTS. On return, zero is success,
26  -1 is an invalid code, and +1 means that ENOUGH isn't enough. table
27  on return points to the next available entry's address. bits is the
28  requested root table index bits, and on return it is the actual root
29  table index bits. It will differ if the request is greater than the
30  longest code or if it is less than the shortest code.
31  */
32 int ZLIB_INTERNAL inflate_table(type, lens, codes, table, bits, work)
33 codetype type;
34 unsigned short FAR *lens;
35 unsigned codes;
36 code FAR * FAR *table;
37 unsigned FAR *bits;
38 unsigned short FAR *work;
39 {
40     unsigned len;          /* a code's length in bits */
41     unsigned sym;          /* index of code symbols */
42     unsigned min, max;     /* minimum and maximum code lengths */
43     unsigned root;         /* number of index bits for root table */
44     unsigned curr;         /* number of index bits for current table */
45     unsigned drop;         /* code bits to drop for sub-table */
46     int left;              /* number of prefix codes available */
47     unsigned used;         /* code entries in table used */
48     unsigned huff;         /* Huffman code */
49     unsigned incr;         /* for incrementing code, index */
50     unsigned fill;         /* index for replicating entries */
51     unsigned low;          /* low bits for current root entry */
52     unsigned mask;         /* mask for low root bits */
53     code here;             /* table entry for duplication */
54     code FAR *next;        /* next available space in table */
55     const unsigned short FAR *base; /* base value table to use */
56     const unsigned short FAR *extra; /* extra bits table to use */
57     int end;               /* use base and extra for symbol > end */
58     unsigned short count[MAXBITS+1]; /* number of codes of each length */
59     unsigned short offs[MAXBITS+1]; /* offsets in table for each length */
60     static const unsigned short lbase[31] = { /* Length codes 257..285 base */

```

```

61     3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 23, 27, 31,
62     35, 43, 51, 59, 67, 83, 99, 115, 131, 163, 195, 227, 258, 0, 0};
63     static const unsigned short lext[31] = { /* Length codes 257..285 extra */
64     16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 17, 17, 17, 17, 18, 18, 18, 18,
65     19, 19, 19, 19, 20, 20, 20, 20, 21, 21, 21, 21, 16, 72, 78};
66     static const unsigned short dbase[32] = { /* Distance codes 0..29 base */
67     1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 13, 17, 25, 33, 49, 65, 97, 129, 193,
68     257, 385, 513, 769, 1025, 1537, 2049, 3073, 4097, 6145,
69     8193, 12289, 16385, 24577, 0, 0};
70     static const unsigned short dext[32] = { /* Distance codes 0..29 extra */
71     16, 16, 16, 16, 17, 17, 18, 18, 19, 19, 20, 20, 21, 21, 22, 22,
72     23, 23, 24, 24, 25, 25, 26, 26, 27, 27,
73     28, 28, 29, 29, 64, 64};

75     /*
76     Process a set of code lengths to create a canonical Huffman code. The
77     code lengths are lens[0..codes-1]. Each length corresponds to the
78     symbols 0..codes-1. The Huffman code is generated by first sorting the
79     symbols by length from short to long, and retaining the symbol order
80     for codes with equal lengths. Then the code starts with all zero bits
81     for the first code of the shortest length, and the codes are integer
82     increments for the same length, and zeros are appended as the length
83     increases. For the deflate format, these bits are stored backwards
84     from their more natural integer increment ordering, and so when the
85     decoding tables are built in the large loop below, the integer codes
86     are incremented backwards.

88     This routine assumes, but does not check, that all of the entries in
89     lens[] are in the range 0..MAXBITS. The caller must assure this.
90     1..MAXBITS is interpreted as that code length. zero means that that
91     symbol does not occur in this code.

93     The codes are sorted by computing a count of codes for each length,
94     creating from that a table of starting indices for each length in the
95     sorted table, and then entering the symbols in order in the sorted
96     table. The sorted table is work[], with that space being provided by
97     the caller.

99     The length counts are used for other purposes as well, i.e. finding
100    the minimum and maximum length codes, determining if there are any
101    codes at all, checking for a valid set of lengths, and looking ahead
102    at length counts to determine sub-table sizes when building the
103    decoding tables.
104    */

106    /* accumulate lengths for codes (assumes lens[] all in 0..MAXBITS) */
107    for (len = 0; len <= MAXBITS; len++)
108        count[len] = 0;
109    for (sym = 0; sym < codes; sym++)
110        count[lens[sym]]++;

112    /* bound code lengths, force root to be within code lengths */
113    root = *bits;
114    for (max = MAXBITS; max >= 1; max--)
115        if (count[max] != 0) break;
116    if (root > max) root = max;
117    if (max == 0) { /* no symbols to code at all */
118        here.op = (unsigned char)64; /* invalid code marker */
119        here.bits = (unsigned char)1;
120        here.val = (unsigned short)0;
121        *(*table)++ = here; /* make a table to force an error */
122        *(*table)++ = here;
123        *bits = 1;
124        return 0; /* no symbols, but wait for decoding to report error */
125    }
126    for (min = 1; min < max; min++)

```

```

127     if (count[min] != 0) break;
128     if (root < min) root = min;

130 /* check for an over-subscribed or incomplete set of lengths */
131 left = 1;
132 for (len = 1; len <= MAXBITS; len++) {
133     left <<= 1;
134     left -= count[len];
135     if (left < 0) return -1;      /* over-subscribed */
136 }
137 if (left > 0 && (type == CODES || max != 1))
138     return -1;                  /* incomplete set */

140 /* generate offsets into symbol table for each length for sorting */
141 offs[1] = 0;
142 for (len = 1; len < MAXBITS; len++)
143     offs[len + 1] = offs[len] + count[len];

145 /* sort symbols by length, by symbol order within each length */
146 for (sym = 0; sym < codes; sym++)
147     if (lens[sym] != 0) work[offs[lens[sym]]++] = (unsigned short)sym;

149 /*
150  Create and fill in decoding tables.  In this loop, the table being
151  filled is at next and has curr index bits.  The code being used is huff
152  with length len.  That code is converted to an index by dropping drop
153  bits off of the bottom.  For codes where len is less than drop + curr,
154  those top drop + curr - len bits are incremented through all values to
155  fill the table with replicated entries.

157  root is the number of index bits for the root table.  When len exceeds
158  root, sub-tables are created pointed to by the root entry with an index
159  of the low root bits of huff.  This is saved in low to check for when a
160  new sub-table should be started.  drop is zero when the root table is
161  being filled, and drop is root when sub-tables are being filled.

163  When a new sub-table is needed, it is necessary to look ahead in the
164  code lengths to determine what size sub-table is needed.  The length
165  counts are used for this, and so count[] is decremented as codes are
166  entered in the tables.

168  used keeps track of how many table entries have been allocated from the
169  provided *table space.  It is checked for LENS and DIST tables against
170  the constants ENOUGH_LENS and ENOUGH_DISTs to guard against changes in
171  the initial root table size constants.  See the comments in inftrees.h
172  for more information.

174  sym increments through all symbols, and the loop terminates when
175  all codes of length max, i.e. all codes, have been processed.  This
176  routine permits incomplete codes, so another loop after this one fills
177  in the rest of the decoding tables with invalid code markers.
178  */

180 /* set up for code type */
181 switch (type) {
182 case CODES:
183     base = extra = work;      /* dummy value--not used */
184     end = 19;
185     break;
186 case LENS:
187     base = lbase;
188     base -= 257;
189     extra = lext;
190     extra -= 257;
191     end = 256;
192     break;

```

```

193     default:                  /* DISTs */
194         base = dbase;
195         extra = dext;
196         end = -1;
197     }

199 /* initialize state for loop */
200 huff = 0;                    /* starting code */
201 sym = 0;                     /* starting code symbol */
202 len = min;                   /* starting code length */
203 next = *table;               /* current table to fill in */
204 curr = root;                 /* current table index bits */
205 drop = 0;                    /* current bits to drop from code for index */
206 low = (unsigned)(-1);        /* trigger new sub-table when len > root */
207 used = 1U << root;          /* use root table entries */
208 mask = used - 1;             /* mask for comparing low */

210 /* check available table space */
211 if ((type == LENS && used > ENOUGH_LENS) ||
212     (type == DISTs && used > ENOUGH_DISTs))
213     return 1;

215 /* process all codes and make table entries */
216 for (;;) {
217     /* create table entry */
218     here.bits = (unsigned char)(len - drop);
219     if ((int)(work[sym]) < end) {
220         here.op = (unsigned char)0;
221         here.val = work[sym];
222     }
223     else if ((int)(work[sym]) > end) {
224         here.op = (unsigned char)(extra[work[sym]]);
225         here.val = base[work[sym]];
226     }
227     else {
228         here.op = (unsigned char)(32 + 64);      /* end of block */
229         here.val = 0;
230     }

232     /* replicate for those indices with low len bits equal to huff */
233     incr = 1U << (len - drop);
234     fill = 1U << curr;
235     min = fill;                /* save offset to next table */
236     do {
237         fill -= incr;
238         next[(huff >> drop) + fill] = here;
239     } while (fill != 0);

241     /* backwards increment the len-bit code huff */
242     incr = 1U << (len - 1);
243     while (huff & incr)
244         incr >>= 1;
245     if (incr != 0) {
246         huff &= incr - 1;
247         huff += incr;
248     }
249     else
250         huff = 0;

252     /* go to next symbol, update count, len */
253     sym++;
254     if (--count[len] == 0) {
255         if (len == max) break;
256         len = lens[work[sym]];
257     }

```

```
259  /* create new sub-table if needed */
260  if (len > root && (huff & mask) != low) {
261      /* if first time, transition to sub-tables */
262      if (drop == 0)
263          drop = root;
264
265      /* increment past last table */
266      next += min;          /* here min is 1 << curr */
267
268      /* determine length of next table */
269      curr = len - drop;
270      left = (int)(1 << curr);
271      while (curr + drop < max) {
272          left -= count[curr + drop];
273          if (left <= 0) break;
274          curr++;
275          left <<= 1;
276      }
277
278      /* check for enough space */
279      used += 1U << curr;
280      if ((type == LENS && used > ENOUGH_LENS) ||
281          (type == DISTS && used > ENOUGH_DISTS))
282          return 1;
283
284      /* point entry in root table to sub-table */
285      low = huff & mask;
286      (*table)[low].op = (unsigned char)curr;
287      (*table)[low].bits = (unsigned char)root;
288      (*table)[low].val = (unsigned short)(next - *table);
289  }
290
291
292  /* fill in remaining table entry if code is incomplete (guaranteed to have
293  at most one remaining entry, since if the code is incomplete, the
294  maximum code length that was allowed to get this far is one bit) */
295  if (huff != 0) {
296      here.op = (unsigned char)64;          /* invalid code marker */
297      here.bits = (unsigned char)(len - drop);
298      here.val = (unsigned short)0;
299      next[huff] = here;
300  }
301
302  /* set return parameters */
303  *table += used;
304  *bits = root;
305  return 0;
306 }
```

```

*****
2928 Wed Apr 1 15:57:28 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/inftrees.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* inftrees.h -- header to use inftrees.c
2 * Copyright (C) 1995-2005, 2010 Mark Adler
3 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4 */

6 /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications. It is
7 part of the implementation of the compression library and is
8 subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.
9 */

11 /* Structure for decoding tables. Each entry provides either the
12 information needed to do the operation requested by the code that
13 indexed that table entry, or it provides a pointer to another
14 table that indexes more bits of the code. op indicates whether
15 the entry is a pointer to another table, a literal, a length or
16 distance, an end-of-block, or an invalid code. For a table
17 pointer, the low four bits of op is the number of index bits of
18 that table. For a length or distance, the low four bits of op
19 is the number of extra bits to get after the code. bits is
20 the number of bits in this code or part of the code to drop off
21 of the bit buffer. val is the actual byte to output in the case
22 of a literal, the base length or distance, or the offset from
23 the current table to the next table. Each entry is four bytes. */
24 typedef struct {
25     unsigned char op;          /* operation, extra bits, table bits */
26     unsigned char bits;       /* bits in this part of the code */
27     unsigned short val;       /* offset in table or code value */
28 } code;

30 /* op values as set by inflate_table():
31 00000000 - literal
32 0000tttt - table link, tttt != 0 is the number of table index bits
33 000leeee - length or distance, eeee is the number of extra bits
34 01100000 - end of block
35 01000000 - invalid code
36 */

38 /* Maximum size of the dynamic table. The maximum number of code structures is
39 1444, which is the sum of 852 for literal/length codes and 592 for distance
40 codes. These values were found by exhaustive searches using the program
41 examples/enough.c found in the zlib distribution. The arguments to that
42 program are the number of symbols, the initial root table size, and the
43 maximum bit length of a code. "enough 286 9 15" for literal/length codes
44 returns returns 852, and "enough 30 6 15" for distance codes returns 592.
45 The initial root table size (9 or 6) is found in the fifth argument of the
46 inflate_table() calls in inflate.c and inftback.c. If the root table size is
47 changed, then these maximum sizes would be need to be recalculated and
48 updated. */
49 #define ENOUGH_LENS 852
50 #define ENOUGH_DISTS 592
51 #define ENOUGH (ENOUGH_LENS+ENOUGH_DISTS)

53 /* Type of code to build for inflate_table() */
54 typedef enum {
55     CODES,
56     LENS,
57     DISTS
58 } codetype;

60 int ZLIB_INTERNAL inflate_table OF((codetype type, unsigned short FAR *lens,

```

```

61     unsigned codes, code FAR * FAR *table,
62     unsigned FAR *bits, unsigned short FAR *work));

```

```

*****
4913 Wed Apr 1 15:57:28 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/l1ib-lz
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * CDDL HEADER START
3  *
4  * The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5  * Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6  * You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7  *
8  * You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9  * or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 * See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 * and limitations under the License.
12 *
13 * When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 * file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 * If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 * fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 * information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 *
19 * CDDL HEADER END
20 */

22 /*
23  * Copyright (c) 2000, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24  */

26 /* LINTLIBRARY */
27 /* PROTOIB1 */

29 #include <stdlib.h>
30 #include <stdio.h>
31 #include <stdarg.h>
32 #include <zlib.h>

34 const char *zlibVersion(void);
35 int deflateInit_(z_stream strm, int level, const char *version,
36 int stream_size);
37 int deflateInit2(z_stream strm, int level, int method, int windowBits,
38 int memLevel, int strategy, const char *version, int stream_size);
39 int deflate(z_stream strm, int flush);
40 int deflateSetDictionary(z_stream strm, const Bytef *dictionary,
41 uInt dictLength);
42 int deflateCopy(z_stream dest, z_stream source);
43 int deflateReset(z_stream strm);
44 int deflateParams(z_stream strm, int level, int strategy);
45 int deflateEnd(z_stream strm);
46 int deflateTune(z_stream strm, int good_length, int max_lazy, int nice_length,
47 uLong deflateBound(z_stream strm, uLong sourceLen);
48 int deflatePending(z_stream strm, unsigned *pending, int *bits);
49 int deflatePrime(z_stream strm, int bits, int value);
50 int deflateSetHeader(z_stream strm, gz_headerp head);
51 int inflateCopy(z_stream dest, z_stream source);
52 int inflatePrime(z_stream strm, int bits, int value);
53 long inflateMark(z_stream strm);
54 int inflateGetHeader(z_stream strm, gz_headerp head);
55 int inflateBack(z_stream strm, in_func in, void FAR *in_desc, out_func out, voi
56 int inflateBackEnd(z_stream strm);
57 int inflateInit_(z_stream strm, const char *version, int stream_size);
58 int inflateInit2(z_stream strm, int windowBits, const char *version,
59 int stream_size);
60 int inflateBackInit_(z_stream strm, int windowBits, unsigned char FAR *window,

```

```

61 const char *version, int stream_size);
62 int inflate(z_stream strm, int flush);
63 int inflateSetDictionary(z_stream strm, const Bytef *dictionary,
64 uInt dictLength);
65 int inflateGetDictionary(z_stream strm, Bytef *dictionary, uInt *dictLength);
66 int inflateSync(z_stream strm);
67 int inflateReset(z_stream strm);
68 int inflateReset2(z_stream strm, int windowBits);
69 int inflateEnd(z_stream strm);
70 int compress(Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen, const Bytef *source,
71 uLong sourceLen);
72 int compress2(Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen, const Bytef *source,
73 uLong sourceLen, int level);
74 uLong compressBound(uLong sourceLen);
75 int uncompress(Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen, const Bytef *source,
76 uLong sourceLen);
77 gzFile gzopen(const char *path, const char *mode);
78 gzFile gzopen64(const char *path, const char *mode);
79 gzFile gzdopen(int fd, const char *mode);
80 int gzbuffer(gzFile file, unsigned size);
81 int gzsetparams(gzFile file, int level, int strategy);
82 int gzread(gzFile file, voidp buf, unsigned len);
83 int gzwrite(gzFile file, voidpc buf, unsigned len);
84 int gzprintf(gzFile file, const char *format, ...);
85 int gzputs(gzFile file, const char *s);
86 char *gzgets(gzFile file, char *buf, int len);
87 int gzungetc(int c, gzFile file);
88 int gzputc(gzFile file, int c);
89 int gzflush(gzFile file, int flush);
90 z_off_t gzseek(gzFile file, z_off_t offset, int whence);
91 z_off64_t gzseek64(gzFile, z_off64_t, int);
92 int gzrewind(gzFile file);
93 z_off_t gztell(gzFile file);
94 z_off64_t gztell64(gzFile file);
95 z_off_t gzoffset(gzFile file);
96 z_off64_t gzoffset64(gzFile file);
97 int gzeof(gzFile file);
98 int gzclose(gzFile file);
99 int gzclose_r(gzFile file);
100 int gzclose_w(gzFile file);
101 int gzdirect(gzFile file);
102 void gzclearerr(gzFile file);
103 const char *gzerror(gzFile file, int *errnum);
104 uLong Adler32(uLong Adler, const Bytef *buf, uInt len);
105 uLong Adler32_combine(uLong Adler1, uLong Adler2, z_off_t len2);
106 uLong Adler32_combine64(uLong Adler1, uLong Adler2, z_off64_t len2);
107 uLong CRC32(uLong CRC, const Bytef *buf, uInt len);
108 uLong CRC32_combine(uLong CRC1, uLong CRC2, z_off_t len2);
109 uLong CRC32_combine64(uLong CRC1, uLong CRC2, z_off64_t len2);
110 const char *zError(int err);
111 uLong zlibCompileFlags(void);
112 int inflateSyncPoint(z_stream z);
113 const z_crc_t *get_crc_table(void);
114 int inflateUndermine(z_stream, int);
115 int inflateResetKeep(z_stream);
116 int deflateResetKeep(z_stream);
117 int gzvprintf(gzFile file, const char *format, va_list va);

```



```

*****
26402 Wed Apr 1 15:57:28 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/make_vms.com
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 $! make libz under VMS written by
2 $! Martin P.J. Zinser
3 $!
4 $! In case of problems with the install you might contact me at
5 $! zinser@zinser.no-ip.info(preferred) or
6 $! martin.zinser@eurexchange.com (work)
7 $!
8 $! Make procedure history for Zlib
9 $!
10 $!-----
11 $! Version history
12 $! 0.01 20060120 First version to receive a number
13 $! 0.02 20061008 Adapt to new Makefile.in
14 $! 0.03 20091224 Add support for large file check
15 $! 0.04 20100110 Add new gzclose, gzlib, gzread, gzwrite
16 $! 0.05 20100221 Exchange zlibdefs.h by zconf.h.in
17 $! 0.06 20120111 Fix missing amiss_err, update zconf.h.in, fix new exmples
18 $!      subdir path, update module search in makefile.in
19 $! 0.07 20120115 Triggered by work done by Alexey Chupahin completely redesigned
20 $!      shared image creation
21 $! 0.08 20120219 Make it work on VAX again, pre-load missing symbols to shared
22 $!      image
23 $! 0.09 20120305 SMS. P1 sets builder ("MMK", "MMS", " " (built-in)).
24 $!      "" -> automatic, preference: MMK, MMS, built-in.
25 $!
26 $! on error then goto err_exit
27 $!
28 $ true = 1
29 $ false = 0
30 $ tmpnam = "temp_" + f$getjpi("", "pid")
31 $ tt = tmpnam + ".txt"
32 $ tc = tmpnam + ".c"
33 $ th = tmpnam + ".h"
34 $ define/nolog tconfig 'th'
35 $ its_decc = false
36 $ its_vaxc = false
37 $ its_gnuc = false
38 $ s_case = False
39 $!
40 $! Setup variables holding "config" information
41 $!
42 $ Make = "'p1'"
43 $ name = "Zlib"
44 $ version = "??.??"
45 $ v_string = "ZLIB_VERSION"
46 $ v_file = "zlib.h"
47 $ ccopt = "/include = []"
48 $ lopts = ""
49 $ dnsr1 = ""
50 $ aconf_in_file = "zconf.h.in#zconf.h_in#zconf.h.in"
51 $ conf_check_string = ""
52 $ linkonly = false
53 $ optfile = name + ".opt"
54 $ mapfile = name + ".map"
55 $ libdefs = ""
56 $ vax = f$getsyi("HW_MODEL").lt.1024
57 $ axp = f$getsyi("HW_MODEL").ge.1024 .and. f$getsyi("HW_MODEL").lt.4096
58 $ ia64 = f$getsyi("HW_MODEL").ge.4096
59 $!
60 $! 2012-03-05 SMS.

```

```

61 $! Why is this needed? And if it is needed, why not simply ".not. vax"?
62 $!
63 $!!! if axp .or. ia64 then set proc/parse=extended
64 $!
65 $ whoami = f$parse(f$environment("Procedure"),,,, "NO_CONCEAL")
66 $ mydef = F$parse(whoami,,, "DEVICE")
67 $ mydir = f$parse(whoami,,, "DIRECTORY") - "]"["
68 $ myproc = f$parse(whoami,,, "Name") + f$parse(whoami,,, "type")
69 $!
70 $! Check for MMK/MMS
71 $!
72 $ if (Make .eqs. "")
73 $ then
74 $   If F$search ("Sys$System:MMS.EXE") .nes. "" Then Make = "MMS"
75 $   If F$type (MMK) .eqs. "STRING" Then Make = "MMK"
76 $ else
77 $   Make = f$edit( Make, "trim")
78 $ endif
79 $!
80 $ gosub find_version
81 $!
82 $ open/write topt tmp.opt
83 $ open/write optf 'optfile'
84 $!
85 $ gosub check_opts
86 $!
87 $! Look for the compiler used
88 $!
89 $ gosub check_compiler
90 $ close topt
91 $ close optf
92 $!
93 $ if its_decc
94 $ then
95 $   ccopt = "/prefix=all" + ccopt
96 $   if f$trnlnm("SYS") .eqs. ""
97 $   then
98 $     if axp
99 $     then
100 $       define sys sys$library:
101 $       else
102 $       ccopt = "/decc" + ccopt
103 $       define sys decc$library_include:
104 $       endif
105 $     endif
106 $!
107 $! 2012-03-05 SMS.
108 $! Why /NAMES = AS_IS? Why not simply ".not. vax"? And why not on VAX?
109 $!
110 $   if axp .or. ia64
111 $   then
112 $     ccopt = ccopt + "/name=as_is/opt=(inline=speed)"
113 $     s_case = true
114 $   endif
115 $   endif
116 $   if its_vaxc .or. its_gnuc
117 $   then
118 $     if f$trnlnm("SYS").eqs." then define sys sys$library:
119 $   endif
120 $!
121 $! Build a fake configure input header
122 $!
123 $ open/write conf_hin config.hin
124 $ write conf_hin "#undef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE"
125 $ close conf_hin
126 $!

```

```

127 $!
128 $ i = 0
129 $FIND_ACONF:
130 $ fname = f$element(i,"#",aconf_in_file)
131 $ if fname .eqs. "#" then goto AMISS_ERR
132 $ if f$search(fname) .eqs. ""
133 $ then
134 $   i = i + 1
135 $   goto find_aconf
136 $ endif
137 $ open/read/err=aconf_err aconf_in 'fname'
138 $ open/write aconf zconf.h
139 $ACONF_LOOP:
140 $ read/end_of_file=aconf_exit aconf_in line
141 $ work = f$edit(line,"compress,trim")
142 $ if f$extract(0,6,work) .nes. "#undef"
143 $ then
144 $   if f$extract(0,12,work) .nes. "#cmakedefine"
145 $   then
146 $     write aconf line
147 $   endif
148 $ else
149 $   cdef = f$element(1," ",work)
150 $   gosub check_config
151 $ endif
152 $ goto aconf_loop
153 $ACONF_EXIT:
154 $ write aconf ""
155 $ write aconf "/* VMS specifics added by make_vms.com: */"
156 $ write aconf "#define VMS 1"
157 $ write aconf "#include <unistd.h>"
158 $ write aconf "#include <unixio.h>"
159 $ write aconf "#ifdef _LARGEFILE"
160 $ write aconf "# define off64_t __off64_t"
161 $ write aconf "# define fopen64 fopen"
162 $ write aconf "# define fseeko64 fseeko"
163 $ write aconf "# define lseek64 lseek"
164 $ write aconf "# define ftello64 ftell"
165 $ write aconf "#endif"
166 $ write aconf "#if !defined(__VAX) && (__CTRL_VER >= 70312000)"
167 $ write aconf "# define HAVE_VSNPRINTF"
168 $ write aconf "#endif"
169 $ close aconf_in
170 $ close aconf
171 $ if f$search("''th'") .nes. "" then delete 'th';*
172 $! Build the thing plain or with mms
173 $!
174 $ write sys$output "Compiling Zlib sources ..."
175 $ if make.eqs.""
176 $ then
177 $   if (f$search("example.obj;") .nes. "") then delete example.obj;*
178 $   if (f$search("minigzip.obj;") .nes. "") then delete minigzip.obj;*
179 $   CALL MAKE adler32.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' adler32" -
180     adler32.c zlib.h zconf.h
181 $   CALL MAKE compress.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' compress" -
182     compress.c zlib.h zconf.h
183 $   CALL MAKE crc32.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' crc32" -
184     crc32.c zlib.h zconf.h
185 $   CALL MAKE deflate.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' deflate" -
186     deflate.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
187 $   CALL MAKE gzclose.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' gzclose" -
188     gzclose.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
189 $   CALL MAKE gzlib.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' gzlib" -
190     gzlib.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
191 $   CALL MAKE gzread.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' gzread" -
192     gzread.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

```

```

193 $   CALL MAKE gzwrite.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' gzwrite" -
194     gzwrite.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
195 $   CALL MAKE infback.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' infback" -
196     infback.c zutil.h infrees.h inflate.h inffast.h inffixed.h
197 $   CALL MAKE inffast.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' inffast" -
198     inffast.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inffast.h
199 $   CALL MAKE inflate.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' inflate" -
200     inflate.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infblock.h
201 $   CALL MAKE infrees.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' infrees" -
202     infrees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infrees.h
203 $   CALL MAKE trees.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' trees" -
204     trees.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
205 $   CALL MAKE uncompr.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' uncompr" -
206     uncompr.c zlib.h zconf.h
207 $   CALL MAKE zutil.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' zutil" -
208     zutil.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
209 $   write sys$output "Building Zlib ..."
210 $   CALL MAKE libz.OLB "lib/crea libz.olb *.obj" *.OBJ
211 $   write sys$output "Building example..."
212 $   CALL MAKE example.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' [.test]example" -
213     [.test]example.c zlib.h zconf.h
214 $   call make example.exe "LINK example,libz.olb/lib" example.obj libz.olb
215 $   write sys$output "Building minigzip..."
216 $   CALL MAKE minigzip.OBJ "CC ''CCOPT' [.test]minigzip" -
217     [.test]minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h
218 $   call make minigzip.exe -
219     "LINK minigzip,libz.olb/lib" -
220     minigzip.obj libz.olb
221 $ else
222 $   gosub crea_mms
223 $   write sys$output "Make ''name' ''version' with ''Make' "
224 $   'make'
225 $ endif
226 $!
227 $! Create shareable image
228 $!
229 $ gosub crea_olist
230 $ write sys$output "Creating libzshr.exe"
231 $ call map_2_shopt 'mapfile' 'optfile'
232 $ LINK 'lopts'/SHARE=libzshr.exe modules.opt/opt,'optfile'/opt
233 $ write sys$output "Zlib build completed"
234 $ delete/nolog tmp.opt;*
235 $ exit
236 $AMISS_ERR:
237 $ write sys$output "No source for config.hin found."
238 $ write sys$output "Tried any of ''aconf_in_file'"
239 $ goto err_exit
240 $CC_ERR:
241 $ write sys$output "C compiler required to build ''name'"
242 $ goto err_exit
243 $ERR_EXIT:
244 $ set message/facil/ident/sever/text
245 $ close/nolog optf
246 $ close/nolog topt
247 $ close/nolog aconf_in
248 $ close/nolog aconf
249 $ close/nolog out
250 $ close/nolog min
251 $ close/nolog mod
252 $ close/nolog h_in
253 $ write sys$output "Exiting..."
254 $ exit 2
255 $!
256 $!
257 $MAKE: SUBROUTINE !SUBROUTINE TO CHECK DEPENDENCIES
258 $ V = 'F$Verify(0)

```

```

259 $! P1 = What we are trying to make
260 $! P2 = Command to make it
261 $! P3 - P8 What it depends on
262 $
263 $ If F$Search(P1) .Eqs. "" Then Goto Makeit
264 $ Time = F$CvTime(F$File(P1,"RDT"))
265 $arg=3
266 $Loop:
267 $   Argument = P'arg
268 $   If Argument .Eqs. "" Then Goto Exit
269 $   El=0
270 $Loop2:
271 $   File = F$Element(El, " ",Argument)
272 $   If File .Eqs. " " Then Goto Endl
273 $   AFile = ""
274 $Loop3:
275 $   OFile = AFile
276 $   AFile = F$Search(File)
277 $   If AFile .Eqs. "" .Or. AFile .Eqs. OFile Then Goto NextEl
278 $   If F$CvTime(F$File(AFile,"RDT")) .Ges. Time Then Goto Makeit
279 $   Goto Loop3
280 $NextEL:
281 $   El = El + 1
282 $   Goto Loop2
283 $EndL:
284 $ arg=arg+1
285 $ If arg .Le. 8 Then Goto Loop
286 $ Goto Exit
287 $
288 $Makeit:
289 $ VV=F$VERIFY(0)
290 $ write sys$output P2
291 $ 'P2
292 $ VV='F$Verify(VV)
293 $Exit:
294 $ If V Then Set Verify
295 $ENDSUBROUTINE
296 $!-----
297 $!
298 $! Check command line options and set symbols accordingly
299 $!
300 $!-----
301 $! Version history
302 $! 0.01 20041206 First version to receive a number
303 $! 0.02 20060126 Add new "HELP" target
304 $ CHECK_OPTS:
305 $ i = 1
306 $ OPT_LOOP:
307 $ if i .lt. 9
308 $ then
309 $   cparm = f$edit(p'i',"upcase")
310 $!
311 $! Check if parameter actually contains something
312 $!
313 $   if f$edit(cparm,"trim") .nes. ""
314 $   then
315 $     if cparm .eqs. "DEBUG"
316 $     then
317 $       ccopt = ccopt + "/noopt/deb"
318 $       lopts = lopts + "/deb"
319 $     endif
320 $   if f$locate("CCOPT=",cparm) .lt. f$length(cparm)
321 $   then
322 $     start = f$locate("=",cparm) + 1
323 $     len = f$length(cparm) - start
324 $     ccopt = ccopt + f$extract(start,len,cparm)

```

```

325 $   if f$locate("AS_IS",f$edit(ccopt,"UPCASE")) .lt. f$length(ccopt) -
326 $   then s_case = true
327 $   endif
328 $   if cparm .eqs. "LINK" then linkonly = true
329 $   if f$locate("LOPTS=",cparm) .lt. f$length(cparm)
330 $   then
331 $     start = f$locate("=",cparm) + 1
332 $     len = f$length(cparm) - start
333 $     lopts = lopts + f$extract(start,len,cparm)
334 $   endif
335 $   if f$locate("CC=",cparm) .lt. f$length(cparm)
336 $   then
337 $     start = f$locate("=",cparm) + 1
338 $     len = f$length(cparm) - start
339 $     cc_com = f$extract(start,len,cparm)
340 $     if (cc_com .nes. "DECC") .and. -
341 $     (cc_com .nes. "VAXC") .and. -
342 $     (cc_com .nes. "GNUC")
343 $     then
344 $       write sys$output "Unsupported compiler choice 'cc_com' ignored"
345 $       write sys$output "Use DECC, VAXC, or GNUC instead"
346 $     else
347 $       if cc_com .eqs. "DECC" then its_decc = true
348 $       if cc_com .eqs. "VAXC" then its_vaxc = true
349 $       if cc_com .eqs. "GNUC" then its_gnuc = true
350 $     endif
351 $   endif
352 $   if f$locate("MAKE=",cparm) .lt. f$length(cparm)
353 $   then
354 $     start = f$locate("=",cparm) + 1
355 $     len = f$length(cparm) - start
356 $     mmks = f$extract(start,len,cparm)
357 $     if (mmks .eqs. "MMK") .or. (mmks .eqs. "MMS")
358 $     then
359 $       make = mmks
360 $     else
361 $       write sys$output "Unsupported make choice 'mmks' ignored"
362 $       write sys$output "Use MMK or MMS instead"
363 $     endif
364 $   endif
365 $   if cparm .eqs. "HELP" then gosub bhhelp
366 $   endif
367 $   i = i + 1
368 $   goto opt_loop
369 $ endif
370 $ return
371 $!-----
372 $!
373 $! Look for the compiler used
374 $!
375 $! Version history
376 $! 0.01 20040223 First version to receive a number
377 $! 0.02 20040229 Save/set value of decc$no_rooted_search_lists
378 $! 0.03 20060202 Extend handling of GNU C
379 $! 0.04 20090402 Compaq -> hp
380 $CHECK_COMPILER:
381 $ if (.not. (its_decc .or. its_vaxc .or. its_gnuc))
382 $ then
383 $   its_decc = (f$search("SYS$SYSTEM:DECC$COMPILER.EXE") .nes. "")
384 $   its_vaxc = .not. its_decc .and. (F$Search("SYS$System:VAXC.Exe") .nes. "")
385 $   its_gnuc = .not. (its_decc .or. its_vaxc) .and. (f$trnlm("gnu_cc") .nes. "")
386 $ endif
387 $!
388 $! Exit if no compiler available
389 $!
390 $ if (.not. (its_decc .or. its_vaxc .or. its_gnuc))

```

```

391 $ then goto CC_ERR
392 $ else
393 $   if its_decc
394 $   then
395 $     write sys$output "CC compiler check ... hp C"
396 $     if f$trnlm("decc$no_rooted_search_lists") .nes. ""
397 $     then
398 $       dnrs1 = f$trnlm("decc$no_rooted_search_lists")
399 $     endif
400 $     define/nolog decc$no_rooted_search_lists 1
401 $   else
402 $     if its_vaxc then write sys$output "CC compiler check ... VAX C"
403 $     if its_gnucc
404 $     then
405 $       write sys$output "CC compiler check ... GNU C"
406 $       if f$trnlm(topt) then write topt "gnu_cc:[000000]gcclib.olib/lib"
407 $       if f$trnlm(optf) then write optf "gnu_cc:[000000]gcclib.olib/lib"
408 $       cc = "gcc"
409 $     endif
410 $     if f$trnlm(topt) then write topt "sys$share:vaxcrtl.exe/share"
411 $     if f$trnlm(optf) then write optf "sys$share:vaxcrtl.exe/share"
412 $   endif
413 $ endif
414 $ return
415 $!-----
416 $!
417 $! If MMS/MMK are available dump out the descrip.mms if required
418 $!
419 $CREA MMS:
420 $ write sys$output "Creating descrip.mms..."
421 $ create descrip.mms
422 $ open/append out descrip.mms
423 $ copy sys$input: out
424 $ deck
425 # descrip.mms: MMS description file for building zlib on VMS
426 # written by Martin P.J. Zinser
427 # <zins@zins.no-ip.info or martin.zins@eurexchange.com>

429 OBJS = adler32.obj, compress.obj, crc32.obj, gzclose.obj, gzlib.obj\
430        gzread.obj, gzwrite.obj, uncompr.obj, inffast.obj\
431        deflate.obj, trees.obj, zutil.obj, inflate.obj, \
432        infrees.obj, inffast.obj

434 $ eod
435 $ write out "CFLAGS=", ccopt
436 $ write out "LOPTS=", lopts
437 $ write out "all : example.exe minigzip.exe libz.olib"
438 $ copy sys$input: out
439 $ deck
440     @ write sys$output " Example applications available"

442 libz.olib : libz.olib$(OBJS)
443     @ write sys$output " libz available"

445 example.exe : example.obj libz.olib
446     link $(LOPTS) example,libz.olib/lib

448 minigzip.exe : minigzip.obj libz.olib
449     link $(LOPTS) minigzip,libz.olib/lib

451 clean :
452     delete *.obj;*.libz.olib;*.opt;*.exe;*

455 # Other dependencies.
456 adler32.obj : adler32.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

```

```

457 compress.obj : compress.c zlib.h zconf.h
458 crc32.obj : crc32.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
459 deflate.obj : deflate.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
460 example.obj : [.test]example.c zlib.h zconf.h
461 gzclose.obj : gzclose.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
462 gzlib.obj : gzlib.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
463 gzread.obj : gzread.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
464 gzwrite.obj : gzwrite.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
465 inffast.obj : inffast.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infrees.h inffast.h
466 inflate.obj : inflate.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
467 infrees.obj : infrees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infrees.h
468 minigzip.obj : [.test]minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h
469 trees.obj : trees.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
470 uncompr.obj : uncompr.c zlib.h zconf.h
471 zutil.obj : zutil.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
472 inffast.obj : inffast.c zutil.h infrees.h inflate.h inffast.h infixed.h
473 $ eod
474 $ close out
475 $ return
476 $!-----
477 $!
478 $! Read list of core library sources from makefile.in and create options
479 $! needed to build shareable image
480 $!
481 $CREA_OLIST:
482 $ open/read min makefile.in
483 $ open/write mod modules.opt
484 $ src_check_list = "OBJZ =#OBJG ="
485 $MRLOOP:
486 $ read/end=mrdone min rec
487 $ i = 0
488 $SRC_CHECK_LOOP:
489 $ src_check = f$element(i, "#", src_check_list)
490 $ i = i+1
491 $ if src_check .eqs. "#" then goto mrloop
492 $ if (f$extract(0,6,rec) .nes. src_check) then goto src_check_loop
493 $ rec = rec - src_check
494 $ gosub extra_filnam
495 $ if (f$element(1,"",rec) .eqs. "\") then goto mrloop
496 $MRSLOOP:
497 $ read/end=mrdone min rec
498 $ gosub extra_filnam
499 $ if (f$element(1,"",rec) .nes. "\") then goto mrsloop
500 $MRDONE:
501 $ close min
502 $ close mod
503 $ return
504 $!-----
505 $!
506 $! Take record extracted in crea_olist and split it into single filenames
507 $!
508 $EXTRA_FILNAM:
509 $ myrec = f$edit(rec - "\", "trim,compress")
510 $ i = 0
511 $FELOOP:
512 $ srcfil = f$element(i, " ", myrec)
513 $ if (srcfil .nes. " ")
514 $ then
515 $   write mod f$parse(srcfil,,, "NAME"), ".obj"
516 $   i = i + 1
517 $   goto feloop
518 $ endif
519 $ return
520 $!-----
521 $!
522 $! Find current Zlib version number

```

```

523 $!
524 $FIND_VERSION:
525 $ open/read_h_in 'v_file'
526 $hloop:
527 $ read/end=hdone_h_in rec
528 $ rec = f$edit(rec,"TRIM")
529 $ if (f$extract(0,1,rec) .nes. "#") then goto hloop
530 $ rec = f$edit(rec - "#", "TRIM")
531 $ if f$element(0," ",rec) .nes. "define" then goto hloop
532 $ if f$element(1," ",rec) .eqs. v_string
533 $ then
534 $   version = 'f$element(2," ",rec)'
535 $   goto hdone
536 $ endif
537 $ goto hloop
538 $hdone:
539 $ close_h_in
540 $ return
541 $!-----
542 $!
543 $CHECK_CONFIG:
544 $!
545 $ in_ldef = f$locate(cdef,libdefs)
546 $ if (in_ldef .lt. f$length(libdefs))
547 $ then
548 $   write aconf "#define ''cdef' 1"
549 $   libdefs = f$extract(0,in_ldef,libdefs) + -
550 $             f$extract(in_ldef + f$length(cdef) + 1, -
551 $                       f$length(libdefs) - in_ldef - f$length(cdef) - 1, -
552 $                       libdefs)
553 $ else
554 $   if (f$type('cdef') .eqs. "INTEGER")
555 $   then
556 $     write aconf "#define ''cdef' ", 'cdef'
557 $   else
558 $     if (f$type('cdef') .eqs. "STRING")
559 $     then
560 $       write aconf "#define ''cdef' ", "''", ''cdef'', "''"
561 $     else
562 $       gosub check_cc_def
563 $     endif
564 $   endif
565 $ endif
566 $ return
567 $!-----
568 $!
569 $! Check if this is a define relating to the properties of the C/C++
570 $! compiler
571 $!
572 $ CHECK_CC_DEF:
573 $ if (cdef .eqs. "_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE")
574 $ then
575 $   copy sys$input: 'tc'
576 $   deck
577 $ #include "tconfig"
578 $ #define _LARGEFILE
579 $ #include <stdio.h>

581 int main(){
582 FILE *fp;
583   fp = fopen("temp.txt","r");
584   fseeko(fp,1,SEEK_SET);
585   fclose(fp);
586 }

588 $   eod

```

```

589 $   test_inv = false
590 $   comm_h = false
591 $   gosub cc_prop_check
592 $   return
593 $ endif
594 $ write aconf "/* ", line, " */"
595 $ return
596 $!-----
597 $!
598 $! Check for properties of C/C++ compiler
599 $!
600 $! Version history
601 $! 0.01 20031020 First version to receive a number
602 $! 0.02 20031022 Added logic for defines with value
603 $! 0.03 20040309 Make sure local config file gets not deleted
604 $! 0.04 20041230 Also write include for configure run
605 $! 0.05 20050103 Add processing of "comment defines"
606 $CC_PROP_CHECK:
607 $ cc_prop = true
608 $ is_need = false
609 $ is_need = (f$extract(0,4,cdef) .eqs. "NEED") .or. (test_inv .eq. true)
610 $ if f$search(th) .eqs. "" then create 'th'
611 $ set message/nofac/noident/nosever/notext
612 $ on error then continue
613 $ cc 'tmpnam'
614 $ if .not. ($status) then cc_prop = false
615 $ on error then continue
616 $! The headers might lie about the capabilities of the RTL
617 $ link 'tmpnam',tmp.opt/opt
618 $ if .not. ($status) then cc_prop = false
619 $ set message/fac/ident/sever/text
620 $ on error then goto err_exit
621 $ delete/nolog 'tmpnam'.*/;/exclude='th'
622 $ if (cc_prop .and. .not. is_need) .or. -
623 $   (.not. cc_prop .and. is_need)
624 $ then
625 $   write sys$output "Checking for ''cdef'... yes"
626 $   if f$type('cdef_val' yes) .nes. ""
627 $   then
628 $     if f$type('cdef_val' yes) .eqs. "INTEGER" -
629 $     then call write_config f$fao("#define !AS !UL",cdef,'cdef_val' yes)
630 $     if f$type('cdef_val' yes) .eqs. "STRING" -
631 $     then call write_config f$fao("#define !AS !AS",cdef,'cdef_val' yes)
632 $   else
633 $     call write_config f$fao("#define !AS 1",cdef)
634 $   endif
635 $   if (cdef .eqs. "HAVE_FSEEKO") .or. (cdef .eqs. "_LARGE_FILES") .or. -
636 $     (cdef .eqs. "_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE") then -
637 $     call write_config f$string("#define _LARGEFILE 1")
638 $ else
639 $   write sys$output "Checking for ''cdef'... no"
640 $   if (comm_h)
641 $   then
642 $     call write_config f$fao("/* !AS */",line)
643 $   else
644 $     if f$type('cdef_val' no) .nes. ""
645 $     then
646 $       if f$type('cdef_val' no) .eqs. "INTEGER" -
647 $       then call write_config f$fao("#define !AS !UL",cdef,'cdef_val' no)
648 $       if f$type('cdef_val' no) .eqs. "STRING" -
649 $       then call write_config f$fao("#define !AS !AS",cdef,'cdef_val' no)
650 $     else
651 $       call write_config f$fao("#undef !AS",cdef)
652 $     endif
653 $   endif
654 $ endif

```

```

655 $ return
656 $!-----
657 $!
658 $! Check for properties of C/C++ compiler with multiple result values
659 $!
660 $! Version history
661 $! 0.01 20040127 First version
662 $! 0.02 20050103 Reconcile changes from cc_prop up to version 0.05
663 $CC_MPROP_CHECK:
664 $ cc_prop = true
665 $ i = 1
666 $ idel = 1
667 $ MT_LOOP:
668 $ if f$type(result_'i') .eqs. "STRING"
669 $ then
670 $   set message/nofac/noident/nosever/notext
671 $   on error then continue
672 $   cc 'tmpnam_'_i'
673 $   if .not. ($status) then cc_prop = false
674 $   on error then continue
675 $! The headers might lie about the capabilities of the RTL
676 $   link 'tmpnam_'_i',tmp.opt/opt
677 $   if .not. ($status) then cc_prop = false
678 $   set message/fac/ident/sever/text
679 $   on error then goto err_exit
680 $   delete/nolog 'tmpnam_'_i'.*;*
681 $   if (cc_prop)
682 $   then
683 $     write sys$output "Checking for ''cdef'... ", mdef_'i'
684 $     if f$type(mdef_'i') .eqs. "INTEGER" -
685 $     then call write_config f$fao("#define !AS !UL",cdef,mdef_'i')
686 $     if f$type('cdef_val'_yes) .eqs. "STRING" -
687 $     then call write_config f$fao("#define !AS !AS",cdef,mdef_'i')
688 $     goto msym_clean
689 $   else
690 $     i = i + 1
691 $     goto mt_loop
692 $   endif
693 $ endif
694 $ write sys$output "Checking for ''cdef'... no"
695 $ call write_config f$fao("#undef !AS",cdef)
696 $ MSYM_CLEAN:
697 $ if (idel .le. msym_max)
698 $ then
699 $   delete/sym mdef_'idel'
700 $   idel = idel + 1
701 $   goto msym_clean
702 $ endif
703 $ return
704 $!-----
705 $!
706 $! Write configuration to both permanent and temporary config file
707 $!
708 $! Version history
709 $! 0.01 20031029 First version to receive a number
710 $!
711 $WRITE_CONFIG: SUBROUTINE
712 $ write aconf 'pl'
713 $ open/append confh 'th'
714 $ write confh 'pl'
715 $ close confh
716 $ENDSUBROUTINE
717 $!-----
718 $!
719 $! Analyze the project map file and create the symbol vector for a shareable
720 $! image from it

```

```

721 $!
722 $! Version history
723 $! 0.01 20120128 First version
724 $! 0.02 20120226 Add pre-load logic
725 $!
726 $ MAP_2_SHOPT: Subroutine
727 $!
728 $ SAY := "WRITE_ SYS$OUTPUT"
729 $!
730 $ IF F$SEARCH("''P1'") .EQS. ""
731 $ THEN
732 $   SAY "MAP_2_SHOPT-E-NOSUCHFILE: Error, inputfile ''p1' not available"
733 $   goto exit_m2s
734 $ ENDIF
735 $ IF "''P2'" .EQS. ""
736 $ THEN
737 $   SAY "MAP_2_SHOPT: Error, no output file provided"
738 $   goto exit_m2s
739 $ ENDIF
740 $!
741 $ module1 = "deflate#deflateEnd#deflateInit_#deflateParams#deflateSetDictionary"
742 $ module2 = "gzclose#gzerror#gzgetc#gzgets#gzopen#gzprintf#gzputc#gzputs#gzread"
743 $ module3 = "gzseek#gztell#inflate#inflateEnd#inflateInit_#inflateSetDictionary"
744 $ module4 = "inflateSync#uncompress#zlibVersion#compress"
745 $ open/read map 'pl
746 $ if axp .or. ia64
747 $ then
748 $   open/write aopt a.opt
749 $   open/write bopt b.opt
750 $   write aopt " CASE_SENSITIVE=YES"
751 $   write bopt "SYMBOL_VECTOR=(-"
752 $   mod_sym_num = 1
753 $ MOD_SYM_LOOP:
754 $   if f$type(module'mod_sym_num') .nes. ""
755 $   then
756 $     mod_in = 0
757 $ MOD_SYM_IN:
758 $     shared_proc = f$element(mod_in, "#", module'mod_sym_num')
759 $     if shared_proc .nes. "#"
760 $     then
761 $       write aopt f$fao(" symbol_vector=(!AS/!AS=PROCEDURE)",-
762 $       f$edit(shared_proc,"upcase"),shared_proc)
763 $       write bopt f$fao("!AS=PROCEDURE,-",shared_proc)
764 $       mod_in = mod_in + 1
765 $       goto mod_sym_in
766 $     endif
767 $     mod_sym_num = mod_sym_num + 1
768 $     goto mod_sym_loop
769 $   endif
770 $MAP_LOOP:
771 $ read/end=map_end map line
772 $ if (f$locate("{",line).lt. f$length(line)) .or. -
773 $ (f$locate("global:", line) .lt. f$length(line))
774 $ then
775 $   proc = true
776 $   goto map_loop
777 $ endif
778 $ if f$locate("}",line).lt. f$length(line) then proc = false
779 $ if f$locate("local:", line) .lt. f$length(line) then proc = false
780 $ if proc
781 $ then
782 $   shared_proc = f$edit(line,"collapse")
783 $   chop_semi = f$locate(";", shared_proc)
784 $   if chop_semi .lt. f$length(shared_proc) then -
785 $     shared_proc = f$extract(0, chop_semi, shared_proc)
786 $   write aopt f$fao(" symbol_vector=(!AS/!AS=PROCEDURE)",-

```

```

787             f$edit(shared_proc,"upcase"),shared_proc)
788 $         write bopt f$fao("!AS=PROCEDURE,-",shared_proc)
789 $     endif
790 $     goto map_loop
791 $MAP_END:
792 $     close/nolog aopt
793 $     close/nolog bopt
794 $     open/append libopt 'p2'
795 $     open/read aopt a.opt
796 $     open/read bopt b.opt
797 $ALOOP:
798 $     read/end=aloop_end aopt line
799 $     write libopt line
800 $     goto aloop
801 $ALOOP_END:
802 $     close/nolog aopt
803 $     sv = ""
804 $BLOOP:
805 $     read/end=bloop_end bopt svn
806 $     if (svn.nes."")
807 $     then
808 $         if (sv.nes."") then write libopt sv
809 $         sv = svn
810 $     endif
811 $     goto bloop
812 $BLOOP_END:
813 $     write libopt f$extract(0,f$length(sv)-2,sv), "-"
814 $     write libopt ")"
815 $     close/nolog bopt
816 $     delete/nolog/noconf a.opt;*,b.opt;*
817 $ else
818 $     if vax
819 $     then
820 $         open/append libopt 'p2'
821 $         mod_sym_num = 1
822 $ VMOD_SYM_LOOP:
823 $         if f$type(module'mod_sym_num') .nes. ""
824 $         then
825 $             mod_in = 0
826 $ VMOD_SYM_IN:
827 $             shared_proc = f$element(mod_in, "#", module'mod_sym_num')
828 $             if shared_proc .nes. "#"
829 $             then
830 $                 write libopt f$fao("UNIVERSAL=!AS",-
831 $                     f$edit(shared_proc,"upcase"))
832 $                 mod_in = mod_in + 1
833 $                 goto vmod_sym_in
834 $             endif
835 $             mod_sym_num = mod_sym_num + 1
836 $             goto vmod_sym_loop
837 $         endif
838 $ VMAP_LOOP:
839 $         read/end=vmap_end map line
840 $         if (f$locate("{",line).lt. f$length(line)) .or. -
841 $             (f$locate("global:", line) .lt. f$length(line))
842 $         then
843 $             proc = true
844 $             goto vmap_loop
845 $         endif
846 $         if f$locate("}",line).lt. f$length(line) then proc = false
847 $         if f$locate("local:", line) .lt. f$length(line) then proc = false
848 $         if proc
849 $         then
850 $             shared_proc = f$edit(line,"collapse")
851 $             chop_semi = f$locate(";", shared_proc)
852 $             if chop_semi .lt. f$length(shared_proc) then -

```

```

853             shared_proc = f$extract(0, chop_semi, shared_proc)
854 $         write libopt f$fao("UNIVERSAL=!AS",-
855 $             f$edit(shared_proc,"upcase"))
856 $     endif
857 $     goto vmap_loop
858 $VMAP_END:
859 $     else
860 $         write sys$output "Unknown Architecture (Not VAX, AXP, or IA64)"
861 $         write sys$output "No options file created"
862 $     endif
863 $ endif
864 $ EXIT_M2S:
865 $ close/nolog map
866 $ close/nolog libopt
867 $ endsubroutine

```

```
*****
```

```
2674 Wed Apr 1 15:57:29 2015
```

```
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/mapfile-vers
```

```
5470 libz should be part of illumos
```

```
1002 Integrate zlib
```

```
*****
```

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 # MAPFILE HEADER START
22 #
23 # WARNING: STOP NOW. DO NOT MODIFY THIS FILE.
24 # Object versioning must comply with the rules detailed in
25 #
26 #     usr/src/lib/README.mapfiles
27 #
28 # You should not be making modifications here until you've read the most current
29 # copy of that file. If you need help, contact a gatekeeper for guidance.
30 #
31 # MAPFILE HEADER END
32 #
33 # Note that the source above actually lives in the ON tree.
34 #
35 # Copyright (c) 2001, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
36 #
37 # public interfaces in libz
38 #
39 $mapfile_version 2

41 SYMBOL_VERSION SUNW_1.3 {
42     global:
43         deflatePending ;
44         inflateGetDictionary ;
45         inflateReset2 ;
46         inflateMark ;
47         gzbuffer ;
48         gzoffset ;
49         gzclose_r ;
50         gzclose_w ;
51         gzopen64 ;
52         gzseek64 ;
53         gztell64 ;
54         gzoffset64 ;
55         Adler32_combine64 ;
56         crc32_combine64 ;
57         inflateUndermine ;
58         inflateResetKeep ;
59         deflateResetKeep ;
60         gzvprintf ;
```

```
61 } SUNW_1.2;

63 SYMBOL_VERSION SUNW_1.2 {
64     global:
65         deflateTune ;
66         deflateBound ;
67         deflatePrime ;
68         deflateSetHeader ;
69         inflateCopy ;
70         inflatePrime ;
71         inflateGetHeader ;
72         inflateBack ;
73         inflateBackEnd ;
74         zlibCompileFlags ;
75         compressBound ;
76         gzungetc ;
77         gzdirect ;
78         gzclearerr ;
79         adler32_combine ;
80         crc32_combine ;
81 } SUNW_1.1;

83 SYMBOL_VERSION SUNW_1.1 {
84     global:
85         zlibVersion ;
86         deflateInit_ ;
87         deflateInit2_ ;
88         deflate ;
89         deflateSetDictionary ;
90         deflateCopy ;
91         deflateReset ;
92         deflateParams ;
93         deflateEnd ;
94         inflateInit_ ;
95         inflateInit2_ ;
96         inflate ;
97         inflateSetDictionary ;
98         inflateSync ;
99         inflateReset ;
100        inflateEnd ;
101        compress ;
102        compress2 ;
103        uncompress ;
104        gzopen ;
105        gzdopen ;
106        gzsetparams ;
107        gzread ;
108        gzwrite ;
109        gzprintf ;
110        gzputs ;
111        gzgets ;
112        gzputc ;
113        gzgetc ;
114        gzflush ;
115        gzseek ;
116        gzrewind ;
117        gztell ;
118        gzEOF ;
119        gzclose ;
120        gzerror ;
121        adler32 ;
122        crc32 ;
123        zError ;
124        inflateSyncPoint ;
125        get_crc_table ;
126 };
```



```
128 SYMBOL_VERSION SUNWprivate {
129     global:
130         inflateBackInit_ ;
131         longest_match ;
132     local: *;
133 };
```

```
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.bor
```

1

```
*****
3098 Wed Apr 1 15:57:29 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.bor
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib
2 # Borland C++
3 # Last updated: 15-Mar-2003

5 # To use, do "make -fmakefile.bor"
6 # To compile in small model, set below: MODEL=s

8 # WARNING: the small model is supported but only for small values of
9 # MAX_WBITS and MAX_MEM_LEVEL. For example:
10 # -DMAX_WBITS=11 -DDEF_WBITS=11 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=3
11 # If you wish to reduce the memory requirements (default 256K for big
12 # objects plus a few K), you can add to the LOC macro below:
13 # -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7 -DMAX_WBITS=14
14 # See zconf.h for details about the memory requirements.

16 # ----- Turbo C++, Borland C++ -----

18 # Optional nonstandard preprocessor flags (e.g. -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7)
19 # should be added to the environment via "set LOCAL_ZLIB=-DFOO" or added
20 # to the declaration of LOC here:
21 LOC = $(LOCAL_ZLIB)

23 # type for CPU required: 0: 8086, 1: 80186, 2: 80286, 3: 80386, etc.
24 CPU_TYP = 0

26 # memory model: one of s, m, c, l (small, medium, compact, large)
27 MODEL=l

29 # replace bcc with tcc for Turbo C++ 1.0, with bcc32 for the 32 bit version
30 CC=bcc
31 LD=bcc
32 AR=tlib

34 # compiler flags
35 # replace "-O2" by "-O -G -a -d" for Turbo C++ 1.0
36 CFLAGS=-O2 -Z -m$(MODEL) $(LOC)

38 LDFLAGS=-m$(MODEL) -f-

41 # variables
42 ZLIB_LIB = zlib_$(MODEL).lib

44 OBJ1 = adler32.obj compress.obj crc32.obj deflate.obj gzclose.obj gzlib.obj gzre
45 OBJ2 = gzwrite.obj infback.obj inffast.obj inflate.obj inftrees.obj trees.obj un
46 OBJJP1 = +adler32.obj+compress.obj+crc32.obj+deflate.obj+gzclose.obj+gzlib.obj+gz
47 OBJJP2 = +gzwrite.obj+infback.obj+inffast.obj+inflate.obj+inftrees.obj+trees.obj+

50 # targets
51 all: $(ZLIB_LIB) example.exe minigzip.exe

53 .c.obj:
54 $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) *.c

56 adler32.obj: adler32.c zlib.h zconf.h

58 compress.obj: compress.c zlib.h zconf.h

60 crc32.obj: crc32.c zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h
```

```
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.bor
```

2

```
62 deflate.obj: deflate.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

64 gzclose.obj: gzclose.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

66 gzlib.obj: gzlib.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

68 gzread.obj: gzread.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

70 gzwrite.obj: gzwrite.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

72 infback.obj: infback.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
73 inffast.h inffixed.h

75 inffast.obj: inffast.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
76 inffast.h

78 inflate.obj: inflate.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
79 inffast.h inffixed.h

81 inftrees.obj: inftrees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h

83 trees.obj: trees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h deflate.h trees.h

85 uncompr.obj: uncompr.c zlib.h zconf.h

87 zutil.obj: zutil.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

89 example.obj: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h

91 minigzip.obj: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h

94 # the command line is cut to fit in the MS-DOS 128 byte limit:
95 $(ZLIB_LIB): $(OBJ1) $(OBJ2)
96 -del $(ZLIB_LIB)
97 $(AR) $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJJP1)
98 $(AR) $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJJP2)

100 example.exe: example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
101 $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

103 minigzip.exe: minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
104 $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

106 test: example.exe minigzip.exe
107 example
108 echo hello world | minigzip | minigzip -d

110 clean:
111 -del *.obj
112 -del *.lib
113 -del *.exe
114 -del zlib_*.bak
115 -del foo.gz
```

```

*****
2615 Wed Apr 1 15:57:29 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.dj2
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib. Modified for djgpp v2.0 by F. J. Donahoe, 3/15/96.
2 # Copyright (C) 1995-1998 Jean-loup Gailly.
3 # For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

5 # To compile, or to compile and test, type:
6 #
7 #   make -fmakefile.dj2; make test -fmakefile.dj2
8 #
9 # To install libz.a, zconf.h and zlib.h in the djgpp directories, type:
10 #
11 #   make install -fmakefile.dj2
12 #
13 # after first defining LIBRARY_PATH and INCLUDE_PATH in djgpp.env as
14 # in the sample below if the pattern of the DJGPP distribution is to
15 # be followed. Remember that, while <sp>'es around <=> are ignored in
16 # makefiles, they are *not* in batch files or in djgpp.env.
17 # - - - - -
18 # [make]
19 # INCLUDE_PATH=%\>;INCLUDE_PATH%\DJDIR%\include
20 # LIBRARY_PATH=%\>;LIBRARY_PATH%\DJDIR%\lib
21 # BUTT=-m486
22 # - - - - -
23 # Alternately, these variables may be defined below, overriding the values
24 # in djgpp.env, as
25 # INCLUDE_PATH=c:\usr\include
26 # LIBRARY_PATH=c:\usr\lib

28 CC=gcc

30 #CFLAGS=-MMD -O
31 #CFLAGS=-O -DMAX_WBITS=14 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7
32 #CFLAGS=-MMD -g -DDEBUG
33 CFLAGS=-MMD -O3 $(BUTT) -Wall -Wwrite-strings -Wpointer-arith -Wconversion \
34     -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes

36 # If cp.exe is available, replace "copy /Y" with "cp -fp" .
37 CP=copy /Y
38 # If gnu install.exe is available, replace $(CP) with ginstall.
39 INSTALL=$(CP)
40 # The default value of RM is "rm -f." If "rm.exe" is found, comment out:
41 RM=del
42 LDLIBS=-L. -lz
43 LD=$(CC) -s -o
44 LDSHARED=$(CC)

46 INCL=zlib.h zconf.h
47 LIBS=libz.a

49 AR=ar rcs

51 prefix=/usr/local
52 exec_prefix = $(prefix)

54 OBJS = adler32.o compress.o crc32.o gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o gzwrite.o \
55     uncompr.o deflate.o trees.o zutil.o inflate.o inffback.o inftrees.o inffas

57 OBJA =
58 # to use the asm code: make OBJA=match.o

60 TEST_OBJS = example.o minigzip.o

```

```

62 all: example.exe minigzip.exe

64 check: test
65 test: all
66     ./example
67     echo hello world | .\minigzip | .\minigzip -d

69 %.o : %.c
70     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $< -o $@

72 libz.a: $(OBJS) $(OBJA)
73     $(AR) $@ $(OBJS) $(OBJA)

75 %.exe : %.o $(LIBS)
76     $(LD) $@ $< $(LDLIBS)

78 # INCLUDE_PATH and LIBRARY_PATH were set for [make] in djgpp.env .

80 .PHONY : uninstall clean

82 install: $(INCL) $(LIBS)
83     -@if not exist $(INCLUDE_PATH)\nul mkdir $(INCLUDE_PATH)
84     -@if not exist $(LIBRARY_PATH)\nul mkdir $(LIBRARY_PATH)
85     $(INSTALL) zlib.h $(INCLUDE_PATH)
86     $(INSTALL) zconf.h $(INCLUDE_PATH)
87     $(INSTALL) libz.a $(LIBRARY_PATH)

89 uninstall:
90     $(RM) $(INCLUDE_PATH)\zlib.h
91     $(RM) $(INCLUDE_PATH)\zconf.h
92     $(RM) $(LIBRARY_PATH)\libz.a

94 clean:
95     $(RM) *.d
96     $(RM) *.o
97     $(RM) *.exe
98     $(RM) libz.a
99     $(RM) foo.gz

101 DEPS := $(wildcard *.d)
102 ifneq ($(DEPS),)
103 include $(DEPS)
104 endif

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.emx

1

```
*****
1442 Wed Apr 1 15:57:29 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.emx
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib. Modified for emx 0.9c by Chr. Spieler, 6/17/98.
2 # Copyright (C) 1995-1998 Jean-loup Gailly.
3 # For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

5 # To compile, or to compile and test, type:
6 #
7 # make -fmakefile.emx; make test -fmakefile.emx
8 #

10 CC=gcc

12 #CFLAGS=-MMD -O
13 #CFLAGS=-O -DMAX_WBITS=14 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7
14 #CFLAGS=-MMD -g -DDEBUG
15 CFLAGS=-MMD -O3 $(BUTT) -Wall -Wwrite-strings -Wpointer-arith -Wconversion \
16 -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes

18 # If cp.exe is available, replace "copy /Y" with "cp -fp" .
19 CP=copy /Y
20 # If gnu install.exe is available, replace $(CP) with ginstall.
21 INSTALL=$(CP)
22 # The default value of RM is "rm -f." If "rm.exe" is found, comment out:
23 RM=del
24 LDLIBS=-L. -lzlib
25 LD=$(CC) -s -o
26 LDSHARED=$(CC)

28 INCL=zlib.h zconf.h
29 LIBS=zlib.a

31 AR=ar rcs

33 prefix=/usr/local
34 exec_prefix = $(prefix)

36 OBJS = adler32.o compress.o crc32.o gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o gzwrite.o \
37 uncompr.o deflate.o trees.o zutil.o inflate.o infback.o inftrees.o inffas

39 TEST_OBJS = example.o minigzip.o

41 all: example.exe minigzip.exe

43 test: all
44 ./example
45 echo hello world | .\minigzip | .\minigzip -d

47 %.o : %.c
48 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $< -o $@

50 zlib.a: $(OBJS)
51 $(AR) $@ $(OBJS)

53 %.exe : %.o $(LIBS)
54 $(LD) $@ $< $(LDLIBS)

57 .PHONY : clean

59 clean:
60 $(RM) *.d
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.emx

2

```
61 $(RM) *.o
62 $(RM) *.exe
63 $(RM) zlib.a
64 $(RM) foo.gz

66 DEPS := $(wildcard *.d)
67 ifneq ($(DEPS),)
68 include $(DEPS)
69 endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.msc

1

```
*****
2924 Wed Apr 1 15:57:29 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.msc
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib
2 # Microsoft C 5.1 or later
3 # Last updated: 19-Mar-2003

5 # To use, do "make makefile.msc"
6 # To compile in small model, set below: MODEL=S

8 # If you wish to reduce the memory requirements (default 256K for big
9 # objects plus a few K), you can add to the LOC macro below:
10 # -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7 -DMAX_WBITS=14
11 # See zconf.h for details about the memory requirements.

13 # ----- Microsoft C 5.1 and later -----

15 # Optional nonstandard preprocessor flags (e.g. -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7)
16 # should be added to the environment via "set LOCAL_ZLIB=-DFOO" or added
17 # to the declaration of LOC here:
18 LOC = $(LOCAL_ZLIB)

20 # Type for CPU required: 0: 8086, 1: 80186, 2: 80286, 3: 80386, etc.
21 CPU_TYP = 0

23 # Memory model: one of S, M, C, L (small, medium, compact, large)
24 MODEL=L

26 CC=c1
27 CFLAGS=-nologo -A$(MODEL) -G$(CPU_TYP) -W3 -Oait -Gs $(LOC)
28 #-Ox generates bad code with MSC 5.1
29 LIB_CFLAGS=-Z1 $(CFLAGS)

31 LD=link
32 LDFLAGS=-noi/e/st:0x1500/noe/farcall/packcode
33 # "/farcall/packcode" are only useful for 'large code' memory models
34 # but should be a "no-op" for small code models.

37 # variables
38 ZLIB_LIB = zlib_$(MODEL).lib

40 OBJ1 = adler32.obj compress.obj crc32.obj deflate.obj gzclose.obj gzlib.obj gzre
41 OBJ2 = gzwrite.obj infback.obj inffast.obj inflate.obj inftrees.obj trees.obj un

44 # targets
45 all: $(ZLIB_LIB) example.exe minigzip.exe

47 .c.obj:
48     $(CC) -c $(LIB_CFLAGS) *.c

50 adler32.obj: adler32.c zlib.h zconf.h

52 compress.obj: compress.c zlib.h zconf.h

54 crc32.obj: crc32.c zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h

56 deflate.obj: deflate.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

58 gzclose.obj: gzclose.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

60 gzlib.obj: gzlib.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.msc

2

```
62 gzread.obj: gzread.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

64 gzwrite.obj: gzwrite.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

66 infback.obj: infback.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
67 inffast.h inffixed.h

69 inffast.obj: inffast.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
70 inffast.h

72 inflate.obj: inflate.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
73 inffast.h inffixed.h

75 inftrees.obj: inftrees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h

77 trees.obj: trees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h deflate.h trees.h

79 uncompr.obj: uncompr.c zlib.h zconf.h

81 zutil.obj: zutil.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

83 example.obj: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h
84     $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) *.c

86 minigzip.obj: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h
87     $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) *.c

90 # the command line is cut to fit in the MS-DOS 128 byte limit:
91 $(ZLIB_LIB): $(OBJ1) $(OBJ2)
92     if exist $(ZLIB_LIB) del $(ZLIB_LIB)
93     lib $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJ1);
94     lib $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJ2);

96 example.exe: example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
97     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) example.obj,,$(ZLIB_LIB);

99 minigzip.exe: minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
100     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) minigzip.obj,,$(ZLIB_LIB);

102 test: example.exe minigzip.exe
103     example
104     echo hello world | minigzip | minigzip -d

106 clean:
107     -del *.obj
108     -del *.lib
109     -del *.exe
110     -del *.map
111     -del zlib*.bak
112     -del foo.gz
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.tc

1

```
*****
2657 Wed Apr 1 15:57:30 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.tc
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib
2 # Turbo C 2.01, Turbo C++ 1.01
3 # Last updated: 15-Mar-2003

5 # To use, do "make -fmakefile.tc"
6 # To compile in small model, set below: MODEL=s

8 # WARNING: the small model is supported but only for small values of
9 # MAX_WBITS and MAX_MEM_LEVEL. For example:
10 # -DMAX_WBITS=11 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=3
11 # If you wish to reduce the memory requirements (default 256K for big
12 # objects plus a few K), you can add to CFLAGS below:
13 # -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7 -DMAX_WBITS=14
14 # See zconf.h for details about the memory requirements.

16 # ----- Turbo C 2.01, Turbo C++ 1.01 -----
17 MODEL=l
18 CC=tcc
19 LD=tcc
20 AR=tlib
21 # CFLAGS=-O2 -G -Z -m$(MODEL) -DMAX_WBITS=11 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=3
22 CFLAGS=-O2 -G -Z -m$(MODEL)
23 LDFLAGS=-m$(MODEL) -f-

26 # variables
27 ZLIB_LIB = zlib_$(MODEL).lib

29 OBJ1 = adler32.obj compress.obj crc32.obj deflate.obj gzclose.obj gzlib.obj gzre
30 OBJ2 = gzwrite.obj inffast.obj inflate.obj inftrees.obj trees.obj un
31 OBJP1 = +adler32.obj+compress.obj+crc32.obj+deflate.obj+gzclose.obj+gzlib.obj+gz
32 OBJP2 = +gzwrite.obj+inffast.obj+inflate.obj+inftrees.obj+trees.obj+

35 # targets
36 all: $(ZLIB_LIB) example.exe minigzip.exe

38 .c.obj:
39 $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) *.c

41 adler32.obj: adler32.c zlib.h zconf.h

43 compress.obj: compress.c zlib.h zconf.h

45 crc32.obj: crc32.c zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h

47 deflate.obj: deflate.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

49 gzclose.obj: gzclose.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

51 gzlib.obj: gzlib.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

53 gzread.obj: gzread.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

55 gzwrite.obj: gzwrite.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h

57 inffast.obj: inffast.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
58 inffast.h inffixed.h

60 inffast.obj: inffast.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/msdos/Makefile.tc

2

```
61 inffast.h

63 inflate.obj: inflate.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
64 inffast.h inffixed.h

66 inftrees.obj: inftrees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h

68 trees.obj: trees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h deflate.h trees.h

70 uncompr.obj: uncompr.c zlib.h zconf.h

72 zutil.obj: zutil.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

74 example.obj: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h

76 minigzip.obj: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h

79 # the command line is cut to fit in the MS-DOS 128 byte limit:
80 $(ZLIB_LIB): $(OBJ1) $(OBJ2)
81 -del $(ZLIB_LIB)
82 $(AR) $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJP1)
83 $(AR) $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJP2)

85 example.exe: example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
86 $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

88 minigzip.exe: minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
89 $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

91 test: example.exe minigzip.exe
92 example
93 echo hello world | minigzip | minigzip -d

95 clean:
96 -del *.obj
97 -del *.lib
98 -del *.exe
99 -del zlib_*.bak
100 -del foo.gz
```

```

*****
4741 Wed Apr 1 15:57:30 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/nintendods/Makefile
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 #-----
2 .SUFFIXES:
3 #-----
5 ifeq ($(strip $(DEVKITARM)),)
6 $(error "Please set DEVKITARM in your environment. export DEVKITARM=<path to>dev
7 endif
9 include $(DEVKITARM)/ds_rules
11 #-----
12 # TARGET is the name of the output
13 # BUILD is the directory where object files & intermediate files will be placed
14 # SOURCES is a list of directories containing source code
15 # DATA is a list of directories containing data files
16 # INCLUDES is a list of directories containing header files
17 #-----
18 TARGET := $(shell basename $(CURDIR))
19 BUILD := build
20 SOURCES := ../..
21 DATA := data
22 INCLUDES := include
24 #-----
25 # options for code generation
26 #-----
27 ARCH := -mthumb -mthumb-interwork
29 CFLAGS := -Wall -O2\
30 -march=armv5te -mtune=arm946e-s \
31 -fomit-frame-pointer -ffast-math \
32 $(ARCH)
34 CFLAGS += $(INCLUDE) -DARM9
35 CXXFLAGS := $(CFLAGS) -fno-rtti -fno-exceptions
37 ASFLAGS := $(ARCH) -march=armv5te -mtune=arm946e-s
38 LDFLAGS = -specs=ds_arm9.specs -g $(ARCH) -Wl,-Map,$(notdir $*.map)
40 #-----
41 # list of directories containing libraries, this must be the top level containin
42 # include and lib
43 #-----
44 LIBDIRS := $(LIBBDS)
46 #-----
47 # no real need to edit anything past this point unless you need to add additiona
48 # rules for different file extensions
49 #-----
50 ifneq ($(BUILD),$(notdir $(CURDIR)))
51 #-----
53 export OUTPUT := $(CURDIR)/lib/libz.a
55 export VPATH := $(foreach dir,$(SOURCES),$(CURDIR)/$(dir)) \
56 $(foreach dir,$(DATA),$(CURDIR)/$(dir))
58 export DEPSDIR := $(CURDIR)/$(BUILD)
60 CFILES := $(foreach dir,$(SOURCES),$(notdir $(wildcard $(dir)/*.c)

```

```

61 CPPFILES := $(foreach dir,$(SOURCES),$(notdir $(wildcard $(dir)/*.cp
62 SFILES := $(foreach dir,$(SOURCES),$(notdir $(wildcard $(dir)/*.s)
63 BINFILES := $(foreach dir,$(DATA),$(notdir $(wildcard $(dir)/*.*)
65 #-----
66 # use CXX for linking C++ projects, CC for standard C
67 #-----
68 ifeq ($(strip $(CPPFILES)),)
69 #-----
70 export LD := $(CC)
71 #-----
72 else
73 #-----
74 export LD := $(CXX)
75 #-----
76 endif
77 #-----
79 export OFILES := $(addsuffix .o,$(BINFILES)) \
80 $(CPPFILES:.cpp=.o) $(CFILES:.c=.o) $(SFILES:.s=.o)
82 export INCLUDE := $(foreach dir,$(INCLUDES),-I$(CURDIR)/$(dir)) \
83 $(foreach dir,$(LIBDIRS),-I$(dir)/include) \
84 -I$(CURDIR)/$(BUILD)
86 .PHONY: $(BUILD) clean all
88 #-----
89 all: $(BUILD)
90 @[ -d $@ ] || mkdir -p include
91 @cp ../../*.h include
93 lib:
94 @[ -d $@ ] || mkdir -p $@
95
96 $(BUILD): lib
97 @[ -d $@ ] || mkdir -p $@
98 @$ (MAKE) --no-print-directory -C $(BUILD) -f $(CURDIR)/Makefile
100 #-----
101 clean:
102 @echo clean ...
103 @rm -fr $(BUILD) lib
105 #-----
106 else
108 DEPENDS := $(OFILES:.o=.d)
110 #-----
111 # main targets
112 #-----
113 $(OUTPUT) : $(OFILES)
115 #-----
116 %.bin.o : %.bin
117 #-----
118 @echo $(notdir $<)
119 @$ (bin2o)
122 -include $(DEPENDS)
124 #-----
125 endif
126 #-----

```

`new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/nintendods/Makefile`

3

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/nintendods/README

1

209 Wed Apr 1 15:57:30 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/nintendods/README

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 This Makefile requires devkitARM (<http://www.devkitpro.org/category/devkitarm/>)

3 Eduardo Costa <eduardo.m.costa@gmail.com>

4 January 3, 2009

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/Makefile.emx

1

```
*****
1451 Wed Apr 1 15:57:30 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/Makefile.emx
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib. Modified for emx/rsxnt by Chr. Spieler, 6/16/98.
2 # Copyright (C) 1995-1998 Jean-loup Gailly.
3 # For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

5 # To compile, or to compile and test, type:
6 #
7 # make -fmakefile.emx; make test -fmakefile.emx
8 #

10 CC=gcc -Zwin32

12 #CFLAGS=-MMD -O
13 #CFLAGS=-O -DMAX_WBITS=14 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7
14 #CFLAGS=-MMD -g -DDEBUG
15 CFLAGS=-MMD -O3 $(BUTT) -Wall -Wwrite-strings -Wpointer-arith -Wconversion \
16 -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes

18 # If cp.exe is available, replace "copy /Y" with "cp -fp" .
19 CP=copy /Y
20 # If gnu install.exe is available, replace $(CP) with ginstall.
21 INSTALL=$(CP)
22 # The default value of RM is "rm -f." If "rm.exe" is found, comment out:
23 RM=del
24 LDLIBS=-L. -lzlib
25 LD=$(CC) -s -o
26 LD-shared=$(CC)

28 INCL=zlib.h zconf.h
29 LIBS=zlib.a

31 AR=ar rcs

33 prefix=/usr/local
34 exec_prefix = $(prefix)

36 OBJS = adler32.o compress.o crc32.o deflate.o gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o \
37 gzwrite.o infback.o inffast.o inflate.o inftrees.o trees.o uncompr.o zuti

39 TEST_OBJS = example.o minigzip.o

41 all: example.exe minigzip.exe

43 test: all
44 ./example
45 echo hello world | .\minigzip | .\minigzip -d

47 %.o : %.c
48 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $< -o $@

50 zlib.a: $(OBJS)
51 $(AR) $@ $(OBJS)

53 %.exe : %.o $(LIBS)
54 $(LD) $@ $< $(LDLIBS)

57 .PHONY : clean

59 clean:
60 $(RM) *.d
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/Makefile.emx

2

```
61 $(RM) *.o
62 $(RM) *.exe
63 $(RM) zlib.a
64 $(RM) foo.gz

66 DEPS := $(wildcard *.d)
67 ifneq ($(DEPS),)
68 include $(DEPS)
69 endif
```

```

*****
3767 Wed Apr 1 15:57:30 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/Makefile.riscos
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Project:      zlib_1_03
2 # Patched for zlib 1.1.2 rw@shadow.org.uk 19980430
3 # test works out-of-the-box, installs 'somewhere' on demand

5 # Toolflags:
6 CCflags = -c -depend !Depend -IC: -g -throwback -DRISCOS -fah
7 C++flags = -c -depend !Depend -IC: -throwback
8 Linkflags = -aif -c++ -o $@
9 ObjAsmflags = -throwback -NoCache -depend !Depend
10 CMMGflags =
11 LibFileflags = -c -l -o $@
12 Squeezeflags = -o $@

14 # change the line below to where _you_ want the library installed.
15 libdest = lib:zlib

17 # Final targets:
18 @.lib: @.o.adler32 @.o.compress @.o.crc32 @.o.deflate @.o.gzio \
19 @.o.infblock @.o.infcodes @.o.inffast @.o.inflate @.o.inftrees @.o.infut
20 @.o.uncompr @.o.zutil
21 LibFile $(LibFileflags) @.o.adler32 @.o.compress @.o.crc32 @.o.deflate \
22 @.o.gzio @.o.infblock @.o.infcodes @.o.inffast @.o.inflate @.o.inftrees
23 @.o.trees @.o.uncompr @.o.zutil
24 test: @.minigzip @.example @.lib
25 @copy @.lib @.libc A-C-DF-L-N-P-Q-RS-TV
26 @echo running tests: hang on.
27 @/@.minigzip -f -9 libc
28 @/@.minigzip -d libc-gz
29 @/@.minigzip -f -1 libc
30 @/@.minigzip -d libc-gz
31 @/@.minigzip -h -9 libc
32 @/@.minigzip -d libc-gz
33 @/@.minigzip -h -1 libc
34 @/@.minigzip -d libc-gz
35 @/@.minigzip -9 libc
36 @/@.minigzip -d libc-gz
37 @/@.minigzip -l libc
38 @/@.minigzip -d libc-gz
39 @diff @.lib @.libc
40 @echo that should have reported '@.lib and @.libc identical' if you have
41 @/@.example @.fred @.fred
42 @echo that will have given lots of hello!'s.

44 @.minigzip: @.o.minigzip @.lib C:o.Stubs
45 Link $(Linkflags) @.o.minigzip @.lib C:o.Stubs
46 @.example: @.o.example @.lib C:o.Stubs
47 Link $(Linkflags) @.o.example @.lib C:o.Stubs

49 install: @.lib
50 cd $(libdest)
51 cd $(libdest).h
52 @copy @.h.zlib $(libdest).h.zlib A-C-DF-L-N-P-Q-RS-TV
53 @copy @.h.zconf $(libdest).h.zconf A-C-DF-L-N-P-Q-RS-TV
54 @copy @.lib $(libdest).lib A-C-DF-L-N-P-Q-RS-TV
55 @echo okay, installed zlib in $(libdest)

57 clean:; remove @.minigzip
58 remove @.example
59 remove @.libc
60 -wipe @.O.* F-r-cv

```

```

61 remove @.fred

63 # User-editable dependencies:
64 .c.o:
65 cc $(ccflags) -o $@ $<

67 # Static dependencies:

69 # Dynamic dependencies:
70 o.example: c.example
71 o.example: h.zlib
72 o.example: h.zconf
73 o.minigzip: c.minigzip
74 o.minigzip: h.zlib
75 o.minigzip: h.zconf
76 o.adler32: c.adler32
77 o.adler32: h.zlib
78 o.adler32: h.zconf
79 o.compress: c.compress
80 o.compress: h.zlib
81 o.compress: h.zconf
82 o.crc32: c.crc32
83 o.crc32: h.zlib
84 o.crc32: h.zconf
85 o.deflate: c.deflate
86 o.deflate: h.deflate
87 o.deflate: h.zutil
88 o.deflate: h.zlib
89 o.deflate: h.zconf
90 o.gzio: c.gzio
91 o.gzio: h.zutil
92 o.gzio: h.zlib
93 o.gzio: h.zconf
94 o.infblock: c.infblock
95 o.infblock: h.zutil
96 o.infblock: h.zlib
97 o.infblock: h.zconf
98 o.infblock: h.infblock
99 o.infblock: h.inftrees
100 o.infblock: h.infcodes
101 o.infblock: h.infutlib
102 o.infcodes: c.infcodes
103 o.infcodes: h.zutil
104 o.infcodes: h.zlib
105 o.infcodes: h.zconf
106 o.infcodes: h.inftrees
107 o.infcodes: h.infblock
108 o.infcodes: h.infcodes
109 o.infcodes: h.infutlib
110 o.infcodes: h.inffast
111 o.inffast: c.inffast
112 o.inffast: h.zutil
113 o.inffast: h.zlib
114 o.inffast: h.zconf
115 o.inffast: h.inftrees
116 o.inffast: h.infblock
117 o.inffast: h.infcodes
118 o.inffast: h.infutlib
119 o.inffast: h.inffast
120 o.inflate: c.inflate
121 o.inflate: h.zutil
122 o.inflate: h.zlib
123 o.inflate: h.zconf
124 o.inflate: h.infblock
125 o.inftrees: c.inftrees
126 o.inftrees: h.zutil

```

```
127 o.inftrees: h.zlib
128 o.inftrees: h.zconf
129 o.inftrees: h.inftrees
130 o.inftrees: h.inffixed
131 o.infutil: c.infutil
132 o.infutil: h.zutil
133 o.infutil: h.zlib
134 o.infutil: h.zconf
135 o.infutil: h.infblock
136 o.infutil: h.inftrees
137 o.infutil: h.infcodes
138 o.infutil: h.infutil
139 o.trees: c.trees
140 o.trees: h.deflate
141 o.trees: h.zutil
142 o.trees: h.zlib
143 o.trees: h.zconf
144 o.trees: h.trees
145 o.uncompr: c.uncompr
146 o.uncompr: h.zlib
147 o.uncompr: h.zconf
148 o.zutil: c.zutil
149 o.zutil: h.zutil
150 o.zutil: h.zlib
151 o.zutil: h.zconf
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/README

1

133 Wed Apr 1 15:57:30 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/README

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 This directory contains files that have not been updated for zlib 1.2.x

3 (Volunteers are encouraged to help clean this up. Thanks.)

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/descrip.mms

1

1545 Wed Apr 1 15:57:30 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/descrip.mms

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 # descrip.mms: MMS description file for building zlib on VMS
2 # written by Martin P.J. Zinser <m.zinser@gsi.de>

4 cc_defs =
5 c_deb =

7 .ifdef __DECC__
8 pref = /prefix=all
9 .endif

11 OBJS = adler32.obj, compress.obj, crc32.obj, gzio.obj, uncompr.obj,\
12 deflate.obj, trees.obj, zutil.obj, inflate.obj, infblock.obj,\
13 inftrees.obj, infcodes.obj, infutil.obj, inffast.obj

15 CFLAGS= \$(C_DEB) \$(CC_DEFS) \$(PREF)

17 all : example.exe minigzip.exe
18 @ write sys\$output " Example applications available"
19 libz.olb : libz.olb\$(OBJS)
20 @ write sys\$output " libz available"

22 example.exe : example.obj libz.olb
23 link example,libz.olb/lib

25 minigzip.exe : minigzip.obj libz.olb
26 link minigzip,libz.olb/lib,x11vms:xvmsutils.olb/lib

28 clean :
29 delete *.obj;*,libz.olb;*

32 # Other dependencies.

33 adler32.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
34 compress.obj : zlib.h zconf.h
35 crc32.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
36 deflate.obj : deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
37 example.obj : zlib.h zconf.h
38 gzio.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
39 infblock.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infblock.h inftrees.h infcodes.h infutil.h
40 infcodes.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h infutil.h infcodes.h inffast.h
41 inffast.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h infutil.h inffast.h
42 inflate.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infblock.h
43 inftrees.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
44 infutil.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h infutil.h
45 minigzip.obj : zlib.h zconf.h
46 trees.obj : deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
47 uncompr.obj : zlib.h zconf.h
48 zutil.obj : zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/os2/Makefile.os2

1

```
*****
4104 Wed Apr 1 15:57:30 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/os2/Makefile.os2
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib under OS/2 using GCC (PGCC)
2 # For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

4 # To compile and test, type:
5 # cp Makefile.os2 ..
6 # cd ..
7 # make -f Makefile.os2 test

9 # This makefile will build a static library z.lib, a shared library
10 # z.dll and a import library zdll.lib. You can use either z.lib or
11 # zdll.lib by specifying either -lz or -lzdll on gcc's command line

13 CC=gcc -Zomf -s

15 CFLAGS=-O6 -Wall
16 #CFLAGS=-O -DMAX_WBITS=14 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7
17 #CFLAGS=-g -DDEBUG
18 #CFLAGS=-O3 -Wall -Wwrite-strings -Wpointer-arith -Wconversion \
19 # -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes

21 ##### BUG WARNING: #####
22 ## infcodes.c hits a bug in pgcc-1.0, so you have to use either
23 ## -O# where # <= 4 or one of (-fno-omit-frame-pointer or -fno-force-mem)
24 ## This bug is reportedly fixed in pgcc >1.0, but this was not tested
25 CFLAGS+=-fno-force-mem

27 LDFLAGS=-s -L. -lzdll -Zcrtddl
28 LD-shared=${CC} -s -Zomf -Zdll -Zcrtddl

30 VER=1.1.0
31 ZLIB=z.lib
32 SHAREDLIB=z.dll
33 SHAREDLIBIMP=zdll.lib
34 LIBS=${ZLIB} ${SHAREDLIB} ${SHAREDLIBIMP}

36 AR=emxomfar cr
37 IMPLIB=emximp
38 RANLIB=echo
39 TAR=tar
40 SHELL=bash

42 prefix=/usr/local
43 exec_prefix = ${prefix}

45 OBJS = adler32.o compress.o crc32.o gzio.o uncompress.o deflate.o trees.o \
46        zutil.o inflate.o inffblock.o inftrees.o infcodes.o infutil.o inffast.o

48 TEST_OBJS = example.o minigzip.o

50 DISTFILES = README INDEX ChangeLog configure Make*[a-z0-9] *.[ch] descrip.mms \
51 algorithm.txt zlib.3 msdos/Make*[a-z0-9] msdos/zlib.def msdos/zlib.rc \
52 nt/Makefile.nt nt/zlib.dnt contrib/README.contrib contrib/*.txt \
53 contrib/asm386/*.asm contrib/asm386/*.c \
54 contrib/asm386/*.bat contrib/asm386/zlibvc.d?? contrib/iostream/*.cpp \
55 contrib/iostream/*.h contrib/iostream2/*.h contrib/iostream2/*.cpp \
56 contrib/untgz/Makefile contrib/untgz/*.c contrib/untgz/*.w32

58 all: example.exe minigzip.exe

60 test: all
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/os2/Makefile.os2

2

```
61 @LD_LIBRARY_PATH=.:$(LD_LIBRARY_PATH) ; export LD_LIBRARY_PATH; \
62 echo hello world | ./minigzip | ./minigzip -d || \
63 echo ' *** minigzip test FAILED ***' ; \
64 if ./example; then \
65 echo ' *** zlib test OK ***'; \
66 else \
67 echo ' *** zlib test FAILED ***'; \
68 fi

70 $(ZLIB): $(OBJS)
71 $(AR) $@ $(OBJS)
72 -@ ($(RANLIB) $@ || true) >/dev/null 2>&1

74 $(SHAREDLIB): $(OBJS) os2/z.def
75 $(LD-shared) -o $@ $^

77 $(SHAREDLIBIMP): os2/z.def
78 $(IMPLIB) -o $@ $^

80 example.exe: example.o $(LIBS)
81 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ example.o $(LDFLAGS)

83 minigzip.exe: minigzip.o $(LIBS)
84 $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ minigzip.o $(LDFLAGS)

86 clean:
87 rm -f *.o *~ example minigzip libz.a libz.so* foo.gz

89 distclean: clean

91 zip:
92 mv Makefile Makefile~; cp -p Makefile.in Makefile
93 rm -f test.c ztest*.c
94 v='sed -n -e 's/\./g' -e '/VERSION "/s/.*\(.*)"/.*\1/p' < zlib.h';\
95 zip -ul9 zlib$$v $(DISTFILES)
96 mv Makefile~ Makefile

98 dist:
99 mv Makefile Makefile~; cp -p Makefile.in Makefile
100 rm -f test.c ztest*.c
101 d=zlib-'sed -n '/VERSION "/s/.*\(.*)"/.*\1/p' < zlib.h';\
102 rm -f $$d.tar.gz; \
103 if test ! -d ../$$d; then rm -f ../$$d; ln -s 'pwd' ../$$d; fi; \
104 files=""; \
105 for f in $(DISTFILES); do files="$$files $$d/$$f"; done; \
106 cd ..; \
107 GZIP=-9 $(TAR) chofz $$d/$$d.tar.gz $$files; \
108 if test ! -d $$d; then rm -f $$d; fi
109 mv Makefile~ Makefile

111 tags:
112 etags *.[ch]

114 depend:
115 makedepend -- $(CFLAGS) -- *.[ch]

117 # DO NOT DELETE THIS LINE -- make depend depends on it.

119 adler32.o: zlib.h zconf.h
120 compress.o: zlib.h zconf.h
121 crc32.o: zlib.h zconf.h
122 deflate.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
123 example.o: zlib.h zconf.h
124 gzio.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
125 inffblock.o: inffblock.h inftrees.h infcodes.h infutil.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
126 infcodes.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
```

```
127 infcodes.o: inftrees.h infblock.h infcodes.h infutil.h inffast.h
128 inffast.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
129 inffast.o: infblock.h infcodes.h infutil.h inffast.h
130 inflate.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infblock.h
131 inftrees.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
132 infutil.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h infblock.h inftrees.h infcodes.h infutil.h
133 minigzip.o: zlib.h zconf.h
134 trees.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h trees.h
135 uncompr.o: zlib.h zconf.h
136 zutil.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/os2/zlib.def

1

778 Wed Apr 1 15:57:31 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/os2/zlib.def

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 ;
2 ; Slightly modified version of ../nt/zlib.dnt :-)
3 ;
```

```
5 LIBRARY      Z
6 DESCRIPTION  "Zlib compression library for OS/2"
7 CODE         PRELOAD MOVEABLE DISCARDABLE
8 DATA        PRELOAD MOVEABLE MULTIPLE
```

```
10 EXPORTS
11  adler32
12  compress
13  crc32
14  deflate
15  deflateCopy
16  deflateEnd
17  deflateInit2_
18  deflateInit_
19  deflateParams
20  deflateReset
21  deflateSetDictionary
22  gzclose
23  gzdopen
24  gzerror
25  gzflush
26  gzopen
27  gzread
28  gzwrite
29  inflate
30  inflateEnd
31  inflateInit2_
32  inflateInit_
33  inflateReset
34  inflateSetDictionary
35  inflateSync
36  uncompress
37  zlibVersion
38  gzprintf
39  gzputc
40  gzgetc
41  gzseek
42  gzrewind
43  gztell
44  gzeof
45  gzsetparams
46  zError
47  inflateSyncPoint
48  get_crc_table
49  compress2
50  gzputs
51  gzgets
```

```
*****
```

```
6060 Wed Apr 1 15:57:31 2015
```

```
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/old/visual-basic.txt
```

```
5470 libz should be part of illumos
```

```
1002 Integrate zlib
```

```
*****
```

```
1 See below some functions declarations for Visual Basic.
```

```
3 Frequently Asked Question:
```

```
5 Q: Each time I use the compress function I get the -5 error (not enough
6 room in the output buffer).
```

```
8 A: Make sure that the length of the compressed buffer is passed by
9 reference ("as any"), not by value ("as long"). Also check that
10 before the call of compress this length is equal to the total size of
11 the compressed buffer and not zero.
```

```
14 From: "Jon Caruana" <jon-net@usa.net>
15 Subject: Re: How to port zlib declares to vb?
16 Date: Mon, 28 Oct 1996 18:33:03 -0600
```

```
18 Got the answer! (I haven't had time to check this but it's what I got, and
19 looks correct):
```

```
21 He has the following routines working:
```

```
22 compress
23 uncompress
24 gzopen
25 gzwrite
26 gzread
27 gzclose
```

```
29 Declares follow: (Quoted from Carlos Rios <c_rios@sonda.cl>, in Vb4 form)
```

```
31 #If Win16 Then 'Use Win16 calls.
32 Declare Function compress Lib "ZLIB.DLL" (ByVal compr As
33 String, comprLen As Any, ByVal buf As String, ByVal buflen
34 As Long) As Integer
35 Declare Function uncompress Lib "ZLIB.DLL" (ByVal uncompr
36 As String, uncomprLen As Any, ByVal compr As String, ByVal
37 lcompr As Long) As Integer
38 Declare Function gzopen Lib "ZLIB.DLL" (ByVal filePath As
39 String, ByVal mode As String) As Long
40 Declare Function gzread Lib "ZLIB.DLL" (ByVal file As
41 Long, ByVal uncompr As String, ByVal uncomprLen As Integer)
42 As Integer
43 Declare Function gzwrite Lib "ZLIB.DLL" (ByVal file As
44 Long, ByVal uncompr As String, ByVal uncomprLen As Integer)
45 As Integer
46 Declare Function gzclose Lib "ZLIB.DLL" (ByVal file As
47 Long) As Integer
48 #Else
49 Declare Function compress Lib "ZLIB32.DLL"
50 (ByVal compr As String, comprLen As Any, ByVal buf As
51 String, ByVal buflen As Long) As Integer
52 Declare Function uncompress Lib "ZLIB32.DLL"
53 (ByVal uncompr As String, uncomprLen As Any, ByVal compr As
54 String, ByVal lcompr As Long) As Long
55 Declare Function gzopen Lib "ZLIB32.DLL"
56 (ByVal file As String, ByVal mode As String) As Long
57 Declare Function gzread Lib "ZLIB32.DLL"
58 (ByVal file As Long, ByVal uncompr As String, ByVal
59 uncomprLen As Long) As Long
60 Declare Function gzwrite Lib "ZLIB32.DLL"
```

```
61 (ByVal file As Long, ByVal uncompr As String, ByVal
62 uncomprLen As Long) As Long
63 Declare Function gzclose Lib "ZLIB32.DLL"
64 (ByVal file As Long) As Long
65 #End If
```

```
67 -Jon Caruana
68 jon-net@usa.net
69 Microsoft Sitebuilder Network Level 1 Member - HTML Writer's Guild Member
```

```
72 Here is another example from Michael <michael_borgsys@hotmail.com> that he
73 says conforms to the VB guidelines, and that solves the problem of not
74 knowing the uncompressed size by storing it at the end of the file:
```

```
76 'Calling the functions:
77 'bracket meaning: <parameter> [optional] {Range of possible values}
78 'Call subCompressFile(<path with filename to compress> [, <path with
79 filename to write to>, [level of compression {1..9}]]
80 'Call subUncompressFile(<path with filename to compress>)
```

```
82 Option Explicit
83 Private lngpvtPcnSml As Long 'Stores value for 'lngPercentSmaller'
84 Private Const SUCCESS As Long = 0
85 Private Const strFileExt As String = ".cpr"
86 Private Declare Function lngfncCpr Lib "zlib.dll" Alias "compress2" (ByRef
87 dest As Any, ByRef destLen As Any, ByRef src As Any, ByVal srcLen As Long,
88 ByVal level As Integer) As Long
89 Private Declare Function lngfncUcp Lib "zlib.dll" Alias "uncompress" (ByRef
90 dest As Any, ByRef destLen As Any, ByRef src As Any, ByVal srcLen As Long)
91 As Long
```

```
93 Public Sub subCompressFile(ByVal strargOriFilPth As String, Optional ByVal
94 strargCprFilPth As String, Optional ByVal intLvl As Integer = 9)
95 Dim strCprPth As String
96 Dim lngOriSiz As Long
97 Dim lngCprSiz As Long
98 Dim bytaryOri() As Byte
99 Dim bytaryCpr() As Byte
100 lngOriSiz = FileLen(strargOriFilPth)
101 ReDim bytaryOri(lngOriSiz - 1)
102 Open strargOriFilPth For Binary Access Read As #1
103 Get #1, , bytaryOri()
104 Close #1
105 strCprPth = IIf(strargCprFilPth = "", strargOriFilPth, strargCprFilPth)
106 'Select file path and name
107 strCprPth = strCprPth & IIf(Right(strCprPth, Len(strFileExt)) =
108 strFileExt, "", strFileExt) 'Add file extension if not exists
109 lngCprSiz = (lngOriSiz * 1.01) + 12 'Compression needs temporary a bit
110 more space then original file size
111 ReDim bytaryCpr(lngCprSiz - 1)
112 If lngfncCpr(bytaryCpr(0), lngCprSiz, bytaryOri(0), lngOriSiz, intLvl) =
113 SUCCESS Then
114 lngpvtPcnSml = (1# - (lngCprSiz / lngOriSiz)) * 100
115 ReDim Preserve bytaryCpr(lngCprSiz - 1)
116 Open strCprPth For Binary Access Write As #1
117 Put #1, , bytaryCpr()
118 Put #1, , lngOriSiz 'Add the the original size value to the end
119 (last 4 bytes)
120 Close #1
121 Else
122 MsgBox "Compression error"
123 End If
124 Erase bytaryCpr
125 Erase bytaryOri
126 End Sub
```

```
128 Public Sub subUncompressFile(ByVal strargFilPth As String)
129     Dim bytaryCpr() As Byte
130     Dim bytaryOri() As Byte
131     Dim lngOriSiz As Long
132     Dim lngCprSiz As Long
133     Dim strOriPth As String
134     lngCprSiz = FileLen(strargFilPth)
135     ReDim bytaryCpr(lngCprSiz - 1)
136     Open strargFilPth For Binary Access Read As #1
137         Get #1, , bytaryCpr()
138     Close #1
139     'Read the original file size value:
140     lngOriSiz = bytaryCpr(lngCprSiz - 1) * (2 ^ 24) _
141         + bytaryCpr(lngCprSiz - 2) * (2 ^ 16) _
142         + bytaryCpr(lngCprSiz - 3) * (2 ^ 8) _
143         + bytaryCpr(lngCprSiz - 4)
144     ReDim Preserve bytaryCpr(lngCprSiz - 5) 'Cut of the original size value
145     ReDim bytaryOri(lngOriSiz - 1)
146     If lngfncUcp(bytaryOri(0), lngOriSiz, bytaryCpr(0), lngCprSiz) = SUCCESS
147     Then
148         strOriPth = Left(strargFilPth, Len(strargFilPth) - Len(strFileExt))
149         Open strOriPth For Binary Access Write As #1
150             Put #1, , bytaryOri()
151         Close #1
152     Else
153         MsgBox "Uncompression error"
154     End If
155     Erase bytaryCpr
156     Erase bytaryOri
157 End Sub
158 Public Property Get lngPercentSmaller() As Long
159     lngPercentSmaller = lngpvtPcnSml
160 End Property
```

```

*****
6427 Wed Apr 1 15:57:31 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/qnx/package.qpg
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <QPG:Generation>
2 <QPG:Options>
3 <QPG:User unattended="no" verbosity="2" listfiles="yes"/>
4 <QPG:Defaults type="qnx_package"/>
5 <QPG:Source></QPG:Source>
6 <QPG:Release number="+"/>
7 <QPG:Build></QPG:Build>
8 <QPG:FileSorting strip="yes"/>
9 <QPG:Package targets="combine"/>
10 <QPG:Repository generate="yes"/>
11 <QPG:FinalDir></QPG:FinalDir>
12 <QPG:Cleanup></QPG:Cleanup>
13 </QPG:Options>

15 <QPG:Responsible>
16 <QPG:Company></QPG:Company>
17 <QPG:Department></QPG:Department>
18 <QPG:Group></QPG:Group>
19 <QPG:Team></QPG:Team>
20 <QPG:Employee></QPG:Employee>
21 <QPG:EmailAddress></QPG:EmailAddress>
22 </QPG:Responsible>

24 <QPG:Values>
25 <QPG:Files>
26 <QPG:Add file="./zconf.h" install="/opt/include/" user="root:sys" perm
27 <QPG:Add file="./zlib.h" install="/opt/include/" user="root:sys" permi
28 <QPG:Add file="./libz.so.1.2.8" install="/opt/lib/" user="root:bin" pe
29 <QPG:Add file="libz.so" install="/opt/lib/" component="dev" filetype="s
30 <QPG:Add file="libz.so.1" install="/opt/lib/" filetype="symlink" linkto
31 <QPG:Add file="./libz.so.1.2.8" install="/opt/lib/" component="slib"/>
32 </QPG:Files>

34 <QPG:PackageFilter>
35 <QPM:PackageManifest>
36 <QPM:PackageDescription>
37 <QPM:PackageType>Library</QPM:PackageType>
38 <QPM:PackageReleaseNotes></QPM:PackageReleaseNotes>
39 <QPM:PackageReleaseUrgency>Medium</QPM:PackageReleaseUrgency>
40 <QPM:PackageRepository></QPM:PackageRepository>
41 <QPM:FileVersion>2.0</QPM:FileVersion>
42 </QPM:PackageDescription>

44 <QPM:ProductDescription>
45 <QPM:ProductName>zlib</QPM:ProductName>
46 <QPM:ProductIdentifier>zlib</QPM:ProductIdentifier>
47 <QPM:ProductEmail>alain.bonnefoy@icbt.com</QPM:ProductEmail>
48 <QPM:VendorName>Public</QPM:VendorName>
49 <QPM:VendorInstallName>public</QPM:VendorInstallName>
50 <QPM:VendorURL>www.gzip.org/zlib</QPM:VendorURL>
51 <QPM:VendorEmbedURL></QPM:VendorEmbedURL>
52 <QPM:VendorEmail></QPM:VendorEmail>
53 <QPM:AuthorName>Jean-Loup Gailly,Mark Adler</QPM:AuthorName>
54 <QPM:AuthorURL>www.gzip.org/zlib</QPM:AuthorURL>
55 <QPM:AuthorEmbedURL></QPM:AuthorEmbedURL>
56 <QPM:AuthorEmail>zlib@gzip.org</QPM:AuthorEmail>
57 <QPM:ProductIconSmall></QPM:ProductIconSmall>
58 <QPM:ProductIconLarge></QPM:ProductIconLarge>
59 <QPM:ProductDescriptionShort>A massively spiffy yet delicately un
60 <QPM:ProductDescriptionLong>zlib is designed to be a free, genera

```

```

61 <QPM:ProductDescriptionURL>http://www.gzip.org/zlib</QPM:ProductURL
62 <QPM:ProductDescriptionEmbedURL></QPM:ProductDescriptionEmbedURL>
63 </QPM:ProductDescription>

65 <QPM:ReleaseDescription>
66 <QPM:ReleaseVersion>1.2.8</QPM:ReleaseVersion>
67 <QPM:ReleaseUrgency>Medium</QPM:ReleaseUrgency>
68 <QPM:ReleaseStability>Stable</QPM:ReleaseStability>
69 <QPM:ReleaseNoteMinor></QPM:ReleaseNoteMinor>
70 <QPM:ReleaseNoteMajor></QPM:ReleaseNoteMajor>
71 <QPM:ExcludeCountries>
72 <QPM:Country></QPM:Country>
73 </QPM:ExcludeCountries>

75 <QPM:ReleaseCopyright>No License</QPM:ReleaseCopyright>
76 </QPM:ReleaseDescription>

78 <QPM:ContentDescription>
79 <QPM:ContentTopic xmlmultiple="true">Software Development/Librari
80 <QPM:ContentKeyword>zlib,compression</QPM:ContentKeyword>
81 <QPM:TargetOS>qnx6</QPM:TargetOS>
82 <QPM:HostOS>qnx6</QPM:HostOS>
83 <QPM:DisplayEnvironment xmlmultiple="true">None</QPM:DisplayEnvir
84 <QPM:TargetAudience xmlmultiple="true">Developer</QPM:TargetAudie
85 </QPM:ContentDescription>
86 </QPM:PackageManifest>
87 </QPG:PackageFilter>

89 <QPG:PackageFilter proc="none" target="none">
90 <QPM:PackageManifest>
91 <QPM:ProductInstallationDependencies>
92 <QPM:ProductRequirements></QPM:ProductRequirements>
93 </QPM:ProductInstallationDependencies>

95 <QPM:ProductInstallationProcedure>
96 <QPM:Script xmlmultiple="true">
97 <QPM:ScriptName></QPM:ScriptName>
98 <QPM:ScriptType>Install</QPM:ScriptType>
99 <QPM:ScriptTiming>Post</QPM:ScriptTiming>
100 <QPM:ScriptBlocking>No</QPM:ScriptBlocking>
101 <QPM:ScriptResult>Ignore</QPM:ScriptResult>
102 <QPM:ShortDescription></QPM:ShortDescription>
103 <QPM:UseBinaries>No</QPM:UseBinaries>
104 <QPM:Priority>Optional</QPM:Priority>
105 </QPM:Script>
106 </QPM:ProductInstallationProcedure>
107 </QPM:PackageManifest>

109 <QPM:Launch>
110 </QPM:Launch>
111 </QPG:PackageFilter>

113 <QPG:PackageFilter type="core" component="none">
114 <QPM:PackageManifest>
115 <QPM:ProductInstallationProcedure>
116 <QPM:OrderDependency xmlmultiple="true">
117 <QPM:Order>InstallOver</QPM:Order>
118 <QPM:Product>zlib</QPM:Product>
119 </QPM:OrderDependency>
120 </QPM:ProductInstallationProcedure>
121 </QPM:PackageManifest>

123 <QPM:Launch>
124 </QPM:Launch>
125 </QPG:PackageFilter>

```

```
127     <QPG:PackageFilter type="core" component="dev">
128         <QPM:PackageManifest>
129             <QPM:ProductInstallationProcedure>
130                 <QPM:OrderDependency xmlmultiple="true">
131                     <QPM:Order>InstallOver</QPM:Order>
132                     <QPM:Product>zlib-dev</QPM:Product>
133                 </QPM:OrderDependency>
134             </QPM:ProductInstallationProcedure>
135         </QPM:PackageManifest>
137     <QPM:Launch>
138     </QPM:Launch>
139 </QPG:PackageFilter>
140 </QPG:Values>
141 </QPG:Generation>
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/test/example.c

1

```
*****
16855 Wed Apr 1 15:57:31 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/test/example.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* example.c -- usage example of the zlib compression library
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2006, 2011 Jean-loup Gailly.
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* @(#) $Id$ */

8 #include "zlib.h"
9 #include <stdio.h>

11 #ifdef STDC
12 # include <string.h>
13 # include <stdlib.h>
14 #endif

16 #if defined(VMS) || defined(RISCOS)
17 # define TESTFILE "foo-gz"
18 #else
19 # define TESTFILE "foo.gz"
20 #endif

22 #define CHECK_ERR(err, msg) { \
23     if (err != Z_OK) { \
24         fprintf(stderr, "%s error: %d\n", msg, err); \
25         exit(1); \
26     } \
27 }

29 z_const char hello[] = "hello, hello!";
30 /* "hello world" would be more standard, but the repeated "hello"
31  * stresses the compression code better, sorry...
32  */

34 const char dictionary[] = "hello";
35 uLong dictId; /* Adler32 value of the dictionary */

37 void test_deflate      OF((Byte *compr, uLong comprLen));
38 void test_inflate     OF((Byte *compr, uLong comprLen,
39                          Byte *uncompr, uLong uncomprLen));
40 void test_large_deflate OF((Byte *compr, uLong comprLen,
41                             Byte *uncompr, uLong uncomprLen));
42 void test_large_inflate OF((Byte *compr, uLong comprLen,
43                             Byte *uncompr, uLong uncomprLen));
44 void test_flush       OF((Byte *compr, uLong *comprLen));
45 void test_sync        OF((Byte *compr, uLong comprLen,
46                             Byte *uncompr, uLong uncomprLen));
47 void test_dict_deflate OF((Byte *compr, uLong comprLen));
48 void test_dict_inflate OF((Byte *compr, uLong comprLen,
49                             Byte *uncompr, uLong uncomprLen));
50 int main              OF((int argc, char *argv[]));

53 #ifdef Z_SOLO

55 void *myalloc OF((void *, unsigned, unsigned));
56 void myfree OF((void *, void *));

58 void *myalloc(q, n, m)
59     void *q;
60     unsigned n, m;
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/test/example.c

2

```
61 {
62     q = Z_NULL;
63     return calloc(n, m);
64 }

66 void myfree(void *q, void *p)
67 {
68     q = Z_NULL;
69     free(p);
70 }

72 static alloc_func zalloc = myalloc;
73 static free_func zfree = myfree;

75 #else /* !Z_SOLO */

77 static alloc_func zalloc = (alloc_func)0;
78 static free_func zfree = (free_func)0;

80 void test_compress      OF((Byte *compr, uLong comprLen,
81                             Byte *uncompr, uLong uncomprLen));
82 void test_gzio         OF((const char *fname,
83                             Byte *uncompr, uLong uncomprLen));

85 /* =====
86  * Test compress() and uncompress()
87  */
88 void test_compress(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen)
89     Byte *compr, *uncompr;
90     uLong comprLen, uncomprLen;
91 {
92     int err;
93     uLong len = (uLong)strlen(hello)+1;

95     err = compress(compr, &comprLen, (const Bytef*)hello, len);
96     CHECK_ERR(err, "compress");

98     strcpy((char*)uncompr, "garbage");

100     err = uncompress(uncompr, &uncomprLen, compr, comprLen);
101     CHECK_ERR(err, "uncompress");

103     if (strcmp((char*)uncompr, hello)) {
104         fprintf(stderr, "bad uncompress\n");
105         exit(1);
106     } else {
107         printf("uncompress(): %s\n", (char *)uncompr);
108     }
109 }

111 /* =====
112  * Test read/write of .gz files
113  */
114 void test_gzio(fname, uncompr, uncomprLen)
115     const char *fname; /* compressed file name */
116     Byte *uncompr;
117     uLong uncomprLen;
118 {
119 #ifdef NO_GZCOMPRESS
120     fprintf(stderr, "NO_GZCOMPRESS -- gz* functions cannot compress\n");
121 #else
122     int err;
123     int len = (int)strlen(hello)+1;
124     gzFile file;
125     z_off_t pos;
```

```

127 file = gzopen(fname, "wb");
128 if (file == NULL) {
129     fprintf(stderr, "gzopen error\n");
130     exit(1);
131 }
132 gzputc(file, 'h');
133 if (gzputs(file, "ello") != 4) {
134     fprintf(stderr, "gzputs err: %s\n", gzerror(file, &err));
135     exit(1);
136 }
137 if (gzprintf(file, ", %s!", "hello") != 8) {
138     fprintf(stderr, "gzprintf err: %s\n", gzerror(file, &err));
139     exit(1);
140 }
141 gzseek(file, 1L, SEEK_CUR); /* add one zero byte */
142 gzclose(file);

144 file = gzopen(fname, "rb");
145 if (file == NULL) {
146     fprintf(stderr, "gzopen error\n");
147     exit(1);
148 }
149 strcpy((char*)uncompr, "garbage");

151 if (gzread(file, uncompr, (unsigned)uncomprLen) != len) {
152     fprintf(stderr, "gzread err: %s\n", gzerror(file, &err));
153     exit(1);
154 }
155 if (strcmp((char*)uncompr, hello)) {
156     fprintf(stderr, "bad gzread: %s\n", (char*)uncompr);
157     exit(1);
158 } else {
159     printf("gzread(): %s\n", (char*)uncompr);
160 }

162 pos = gzseek(file, -8L, SEEK_CUR);
163 if (pos != 6 || gztell(file) != pos) {
164     fprintf(stderr, "gzseek error, pos=%ld, gztell=%ld\n",
165             (long)pos, (long)gztell(file));
166     exit(1);
167 }

169 if (gzgetc(file) != ' ') {
170     fprintf(stderr, "gzgetc error\n");
171     exit(1);
172 }

174 if (gzungetc(' ', file) != ' ') {
175     fprintf(stderr, "gzungetc error\n");
176     exit(1);
177 }

179 gzgets(file, (char*)uncompr, (int)uncomprLen);
180 if (strlen((char*)uncompr) != 7) /* " hello!" */
181     fprintf(stderr, "gzgets err after gzseek: %s\n", gzerror(file, &err));
182     exit(1);
183 }
184 if (strcmp((char*)uncompr, hello + 6)) {
185     fprintf(stderr, "bad gzgets after gzseek\n");
186     exit(1);
187 } else {
188     printf("gzgets() after gzseek: %s\n", (char*)uncompr);
189 }

191 gzclose(file);
192 #endif

```

```

193 }

195 #endif /* Z_SOLO */

197 /* =====
198 * Test deflate() with small buffers
199 */
200 void test_deflate(compr, comprLen)
201     Byte *compr;
202     uLong comprLen;
203 {
204     z_stream c_stream; /* compression stream */
205     int err;
206     uLong len = (uLong)strlen(hello)+1;

208     c_stream.zalloc = zalloc;
209     c_stream.zfree = zfree;
210     c_stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

212     err = deflateInit(&c_stream, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION);
213     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflateInit");

215     c_stream.next_in = (z_const unsigned char *)hello;
216     c_stream.next_out = compr;

218     while (c_stream.total_in != len && c_stream.total_out < comprLen) {
219         c_stream.avail_in = c_stream.avail_out = 1; /* force small buffers */
220         err = deflate(&c_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
221         CHECK_ERR(err, "deflate");
222     }
223     /* Finish the stream, still forcing small buffers: */
224     for (;;) {
225         c_stream.avail_out = 1;
226         err = deflate(&c_stream, Z_FINISH);
227         if (err == Z_STREAM_END) break;
228         CHECK_ERR(err, "deflate");
229     }

231     err = deflateEnd(&c_stream);
232     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflateEnd");
233 }

235 /* =====
236 * Test inflate() with small buffers
237 */
238 void test_inflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen)
239     Byte *compr, *uncompr;
240     uLong comprLen, uncomprLen;
241 {
242     int err;
243     z_stream d_stream; /* decompression stream */

245     strcpy((char*)uncompr, "garbage");

247     d_stream.zalloc = zalloc;
248     d_stream.zfree = zfree;
249     d_stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

251     d_stream.next_in = compr;
252     d_stream.avail_in = 0;
253     d_stream.next_out = uncompr;

255     err = inflateInit(&d_stream);
256     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflateInit");

258     while (d_stream.total_out < uncomprLen && d_stream.total_in < comprLen) {

```

```

259     d_stream.avail_in = d_stream.avail_out = 1; /* force small buffers */
260     err = inflate(&d_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
261     if (err == Z_STREAM_END) break;
262     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflate");
263 }

265     err = inflateEnd(&d_stream);
266     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflateEnd");

268     if (strcmp((char*)uncompr, hello)) {
269         fprintf(stderr, "bad inflate\n");
270         exit(1);
271     } else {
272         printf("inflate(): %s\n", (char *)uncompr);
273     }
274 }

276 /* =====
277 * Test deflate() with large buffers and dynamic change of compression level
278 */
279 void test_large_deflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen)
280     Byte *compr, *uncompr;
281     uLong comprLen, uncomprLen;
282 {
283     z_stream c_stream; /* compression stream */
284     int err;

286     c_stream.zalloc = zalloc;
287     c_stream.zfree = zfree;
288     c_stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

290     err = deflateInit(&c_stream, Z_BEST_SPEED);
291     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflateInit");

293     c_stream.next_out = compr;
294     c_stream.avail_out = (uInt)comprLen;

296     /* At this point, uncompr is still mostly zeroes, so it should compress
297      * very well:
298      */
299     c_stream.next_in = uncompr;
300     c_stream.avail_in = (uInt)uncomprLen;
301     err = deflate(&c_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
302     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflate");
303     if (c_stream.avail_in != 0) {
304         fprintf(stderr, "deflate not greedy\n");
305         exit(1);
306     }

308     /* Feed in already compressed data and switch to no compression: */
309     deflateParams(&c_stream, Z_NO_COMPRESSION, Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY);
310     c_stream.next_in = compr;
311     c_stream.avail_in = (uInt)comprLen/2;
312     err = deflate(&c_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
313     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflate");

315     /* Switch back to compressing mode: */
316     deflateParams(&c_stream, Z_BEST_COMPRESSION, Z_FILTERED);
317     c_stream.next_in = uncompr;
318     c_stream.avail_in = (uInt)uncomprLen;
319     err = deflate(&c_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
320     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflate");

322     err = deflate(&c_stream, Z_FINISH);
323     if (err != Z_STREAM_END) {
324         fprintf(stderr, "deflate should report Z_STREAM_END\n");

```

```

325         exit(1);
326     }
327     err = deflateEnd(&c_stream);
328     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflateEnd");
329 }

331 /* =====
332 * Test inflate() with large buffers
333 */
334 void test_large_inflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen)
335     Byte *compr, *uncompr;
336     uLong comprLen, uncomprLen;
337 {
338     int err;
339     z_stream d_stream; /* decompression stream */

341     strcpy((char*)uncompr, "garbage");

343     d_stream.zalloc = zalloc;
344     d_stream.zfree = zfree;
345     d_stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

347     d_stream.next_in = compr;
348     d_stream.avail_in = (uInt)comprLen;

350     err = inflateInit(&d_stream);
351     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflateInit");

353     for (;;) {
354         d_stream.next_out = uncompr;          /* discard the output */
355         d_stream.avail_out = (uInt)uncomprLen;
356         err = inflate(&d_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
357         if (err == Z_STREAM_END) break;
358         CHECK_ERR(err, "large inflate");
359     }

361     err = inflateEnd(&d_stream);
362     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflateEnd");

364     if (d_stream.total_out != 2*uncomprLen + comprLen/2) {
365         fprintf(stderr, "bad large inflate: %ld\n", d_stream.total_out);
366         exit(1);
367     } else {
368         printf("large_inflate(): OK\n");
369     }
370 }

372 /* =====
373 * Test deflate() with full flush
374 */
375 void test_flush(compr, comprLen)
376     Byte *compr;
377     uLong *comprLen;
378 {
379     z_stream c_stream; /* compression stream */
380     int err;
381     uInt len = (uInt)strlen(hello)+1;

383     c_stream.zalloc = zalloc;
384     c_stream.zfree = zfree;
385     c_stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

387     err = deflateInit(&c_stream, Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION);
388     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflateInit");

390     c_stream.next_in = (z_const unsigned char *)hello;

```



```

391 c_stream.next_out = compr;
392 c_stream.avail_in = 3;
393 c_stream.avail_out = (uInt)*comprLen;
394 err = deflate(&c_stream, Z_FULL_FLUSH);
395 CHECK_ERR(err, "deflate");

397 compr[3]++; /* force an error in first compressed block */
398 c_stream.avail_in = len - 3;

400 err = deflate(&c_stream, Z_FINISH);
401 if (err != Z_STREAM_END) {
402     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflate");
403 }
404 err = deflateEnd(&c_stream);
405 CHECK_ERR(err, "deflateEnd");

407 *comprLen = c_stream.total_out;
408 }

410 /* =====
411 * Test inflateSync()
412 */
413 void test_sync(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen)
414     Byte *compr, *uncompr;
415     uLong comprLen, uncomprLen;
416 {
417     int err;
418     z_stream d_stream; /* decompression stream */

420     strcpy((char*)uncompr, "garbage");

422     d_stream.zalloc = zalloc;
423     d_stream.zfree = zfree;
424     d_stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

426     d_stream.next_in = compr;
427     d_stream.avail_in = 2; /* just read the zlib header */

429     err = inflateInit(&d_stream);
430     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflateInit");

432     d_stream.next_out = uncompr;
433     d_stream.avail_out = (uInt)uncomprLen;

435     inflate(&d_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
436     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflate");

438     d_stream.avail_in = (uInt)comprLen-2; /* read all compressed data */
439     err = inflateSync(&d_stream); /* but skip the damaged part */
440     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflateSync");

442     err = inflate(&d_stream, Z_FINISH);
443     if (err != Z_DATA_ERROR) {
444         fprintf(stderr, "inflate should report DATA_ERROR\n");
445         /* Because of incorrect Adler32 */
446         exit(1);
447     }
448     err = inflateEnd(&d_stream);
449     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflateEnd");

451     printf("after inflateSync(): hel%s\n", (char *)uncompr);
452 }

454 /* =====
455 * Test deflate() with preset dictionary
456 */

```

```

457 void test_dict_deflate(compr, comprLen)
458     Byte *compr;
459     uLong comprLen;
460 {
461     z_stream c_stream; /* compression stream */
462     int err;

464     c_stream.zalloc = zalloc;
465     c_stream.zfree = zfree;
466     c_stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

468     err = deflateInit(&c_stream, Z_BEST_COMPRESSION);
469     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflateInit");

471     err = deflateSetDictionary(&c_stream,
472         (const Bytef*)dictionary, (int)sizeof(dictionary));
473     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflateSetDictionary");

475     dictId = c_stream.adler;
476     c_stream.next_out = compr;
477     c_stream.avail_out = (uInt)comprLen;

479     c_stream.next_in = (z_const unsigned char *)hello;
480     c_stream.avail_in = (uInt)strlen(hello)+1;

482     err = deflate(&c_stream, Z_FINISH);
483     if (err != Z_STREAM_END) {
484         fprintf(stderr, "deflate should report Z_STREAM_END\n");
485         exit(1);
486     }
487     err = deflateEnd(&c_stream);
488     CHECK_ERR(err, "deflateEnd");
489 }

491 /* =====
492 * Test inflate() with a preset dictionary
493 */
494 void test_dict_inflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen)
495     Byte *compr, *uncompr;
496     uLong comprLen, uncomprLen;
497 {
498     int err;
499     z_stream d_stream; /* decompression stream */

501     strcpy((char*)uncompr, "garbage");

503     d_stream.zalloc = zalloc;
504     d_stream.zfree = zfree;
505     d_stream.opaque = (voidpf)0;

507     d_stream.next_in = compr;
508     d_stream.avail_in = (uInt)comprLen;

510     err = inflateInit(&d_stream);
511     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflateInit");

513     d_stream.next_out = uncompr;
514     d_stream.avail_out = (uInt)uncomprLen;

516     for (;;) {
517         err = inflate(&d_stream, Z_NO_FLUSH);
518         if (err == Z_STREAM_END) break;
519         if (err == Z_NEED_DICT) {
520             if (d_stream.adler != dictId) {
521                 fprintf(stderr, "unexpected dictionary");
522                 exit(1);

```

```

523     }
524     err = inflateSetDictionary(&d_stream, (const Bytef*)dictionary,
525                               (int)sizeof(dictionary));
526     }
527     CHECK_ERR(err, "inflate with dict");
528 }
530 err = inflateEnd(&d_stream);
531 CHECK_ERR(err, "inflateEnd");
533 if (strcmp((char*)uncompr, hello)) {
534     fprintf(stderr, "bad inflate with dict\n");
535     exit(1);
536 } else {
537     printf("inflate with dictionary: %s\n", (char *)uncompr);
538 }
539 }
541 /* =====
542 * Usage: example [output.gz [input.gz]]
543 */
545 int main(argc, argv)
546     int argc;
547     char *argv[];
548 {
549     Byte *compr, *uncompr;
550     uLong comprLen = 10000*sizeof(int); /* don't overflow on MSDOS */
551     uLong uncomprLen = comprLen;
552     static const char* myVersion = ZLIB_VERSION;
554     if (zlibVersion()[0] != myVersion[0]) {
555         fprintf(stderr, "incompatible zlib version\n");
556         exit(1);
558     } else if (strcmp(zlibVersion(), ZLIB_VERSION) != 0) {
559         fprintf(stderr, "warning: different zlib version\n");
560     }
562     printf("zlib version %s = 0x%04x, compile flags = 0x%lx\n",
563           ZLIB_VERSION, ZLIB_VERNUM, zlibCompileFlags());
565     compr = (Byte*)calloc((uInt)comprLen, 1);
566     uncompr = (Byte*)calloc((uInt)uncomprLen, 1);
567     /* compr and uncompr are cleared to avoid reading uninitialized
568      * data and to ensure that uncompr compresses well.
569     */
570     if (compr == Z_NULL || uncompr == Z_NULL) {
571         printf("out of memory\n");
572         exit(1);
573     }
575 #ifdef Z_SOLO
576     argc = strlen(argv[0]);
577 #else
578     test_compress(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
580     test_gzio((argc > 1 ? argv[1] : TESTFILE),
581              uncompr, uncomprLen);
582 #endif
584     test_deflate(compr, comprLen);
585     test_inflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
587     test_large_deflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
588     test_large_inflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);

```

```

590     test_flush(compr, &comprLen);
591     test_sync(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
592     comprLen = uncomprLen;
594     test_dict_deflate(compr, comprLen);
595     test_dict_inflate(compr, comprLen, uncompr, uncomprLen);
597     free(compr);
598     free(uncompr);
600     return 0;
601 }

```

```

*****
24700 Wed Apr 1 15:57:31 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/test/infcover.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* infcover.c -- test zlib's inflate routines with full code coverage
2  * Copyright (C) 2011 Mark Adler
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* to use, do: ./configure --cover && make cover */

8 #include <stdio.h>
9 #include <stdlib.h>
10 #include <string.h>
11 #include <assert.h>
12 #include "zlib.h"

14 /* get definition of internal structure so we can mess with it (see pull()),
15  and so we can call inflate_trees() (see cover5()) */
16 #define ZLIB_INTERNAL
17 #include "infrees.h"
18 #include "inflate.h"

20 #define local static

22 /* -- memory tracking routines -- */

24 /*
25  These memory tracking routines are provided to zlib and track all of zlib's
26  allocations and deallocations, check for LIFO operations, keep a current
27  and high water mark of total bytes requested, optionally set a limit on the
28  total memory that can be allocated, and when done check for memory leaks.

30  They are used as follows:

32  z_stream strm;
33  mem_setup(&strm)      initializes the memory tracking and sets the
34                        zalloc, zfree, and opaque members of strm to use
35                        memory tracking for all zlib operations on strm
36  mem_limit(&strm, limit) sets a limit on the total bytes requested -- a
37                        request that exceeds this limit will result in an
38                        allocation failure (returns NULL) -- setting the
39                        limit to zero means no limit, which is the default
40                        after mem_setup()
41  mem_used(&strm, "msg") prints to stderr "msg" and the total bytes used
42  mem_high(&strm, "msg") prints to stderr "msg" and the high water mark
43  mem_done(&strm, "msg") ends memory tracking, releases all allocations
44                        for the tracking as well as leaked zlib blocks, if
45                        any. If there was anything unusual, such as leaked
46                        blocks, non-FIFO frees, or frees of addresses not
47                        allocated, then "msg" and information about the
48                        problem is printed to stderr. If everything is
49                        normal, nothing is printed. mem_done resets the
50                        strm members to Z_NULL to use the default memory
51                        allocation routines on the next zlib initialization
52                        using strm.
53  */

55 /* these items are strung together in a linked list, one for each allocation */
56 struct mem_item {
57     void *ptr;          /* pointer to allocated memory */
58     size_t size;       /* requested size of allocation */
59     struct mem_item *next; /* pointer to next item in list, or NULL */
60 };

```

```

62 /* this structure is at the root of the linked list, and tracks statistics */
63 struct mem_zone {
64     struct mem_item *first; /* pointer to first item in list, or NULL */
65     size_t total, highwater; /* total allocations, and largest total */
66     size_t limit; /* memory allocation limit, or 0 if no limit */
67     int notlifo, rogue; /* counts of non-LIFO frees and rogue frees */
68 };

70 /* memory allocation routine to pass to zlib */
71 local void *mem_alloc(void *mem, unsigned count, unsigned size)
72 {
73     void *ptr;
74     struct mem_item *item;
75     struct mem_zone *zone = mem;
76     size_t len = count * (size_t)size;

78     /* induced allocation failure */
79     if (zone == NULL || (zone->limit && zone->total + len > zone->limit))
80         return NULL;

82     /* perform allocation using the standard library, fill memory with a
83        non-zero value to make sure that the code isn't depending on zeros */
84     ptr = malloc(len);
85     if (ptr == NULL)
86         return NULL;
87     memset(ptr, 0xa5, len);

89     /* create a new item for the list */
90     item = malloc(sizeof(struct mem_item));
91     if (item == NULL) {
92         free(ptr);
93         return NULL;
94     }
95     item->ptr = ptr;
96     item->size = len;

98     /* insert item at the beginning of the list */
99     item->next = zone->first;
100    zone->first = item;

102    /* update the statistics */
103    zone->total += item->size;
104    if (zone->total > zone->highwater)
105        zone->highwater = zone->total;

107    /* return the allocated memory */
108    return ptr;
109 }

111 /* memory free routine to pass to zlib */
112 local void mem_free(void *mem, void *ptr)
113 {
114     struct mem_item *item, *next;
115     struct mem_zone *zone = mem;

117     /* if no zone, just do a free */
118     if (zone == NULL) {
119         free(ptr);
120         return;
121     }

123     /* point next to the item that matches ptr, or NULL if not found -- remove
124        the item from the linked list if found */
125     next = zone->first;
126     if (next) {

```

```

127     if (next->ptr == ptr)
128         zone->first = next->next; /* first one is it, remove from list */
129     else
130     {
131         do {
132             /* search the linked list */
133             item = next;
134             next = item->next;
135             while (next != NULL && next->ptr != ptr);
136             if (next) {
137                 /* if found, remove from linked list */
138                 item->next = next->next;
139                 zone->notlifo++; /* not a LIFO free */
140             }
141         }
142     }
143
144 /* if found, update the statistics and free the item */
145 if (next) {
146     zone->total -= next->size;
147     free(next);
148 }
149
150 /* if not found, update the rogue count */
151 else
152     zone->rogue++;
153
154 /* in any case, do the requested free with the standard library function */
155 free(ptr);
156 }
157
158 /* set up a controlled memory allocation space for monitoring, set the stream
159 parameters to the controlled routines, with opaque pointing to the space */
160 local void mem_setup(z_stream *strm)
161 {
162     struct mem_zone *zone;
163
164     zone = malloc(sizeof(struct mem_zone));
165     assert(zone != NULL);
166     zone->first = NULL;
167     zone->total = 0;
168     zone->highwater = 0;
169     zone->limit = 0;
170     zone->notlifo = 0;
171     zone->rogue = 0;
172     strm->opaque = zone;
173     strm->zalloc = mem_alloc;
174     strm->zfree = mem_free;
175 }
176
177 /* set a limit on the total memory allocation, or 0 to remove the limit */
178 local void mem_limit(z_stream *strm, size_t limit)
179 {
180     struct mem_zone *zone = strm->opaque;
181     zone->limit = limit;
182 }
183
184 /* show the current total requested allocations in bytes */
185 local void mem_used(z_stream *strm, char *prefix)
186 {
187     struct mem_zone *zone = strm->opaque;
188
189     fprintf(stderr, "%s: %lu allocated\n", prefix, zone->total);
190 }
191
192 /* show the high water allocation in bytes */
193 local void mem_high(z_stream *strm, char *prefix)

```

```

193 {
194     struct mem_zone *zone = strm->opaque;
195
196     fprintf(stderr, "%s: %lu high water mark\n", prefix, zone->highwater);
197 }
198
199 /* release the memory allocation zone -- if there are any surprises, notify */
200 local void mem_done(z_stream *strm, char *prefix)
201 {
202     int count = 0;
203     struct mem_item *item, *next;
204     struct mem_zone *zone = strm->opaque;
205
206     /* show high water mark */
207     mem_high(strm, prefix);
208
209     /* free leftover allocations and item structures, if any */
210     item = zone->first;
211     while (item != NULL) {
212         free(item->ptr);
213         next = item->next;
214         free(item);
215         item = next;
216         count++;
217     }
218
219     /* issue alerts about anything unexpected */
220     if (count || zone->total)
221         fprintf(stderr, "*** %s: %lu bytes in %d blocks not freed\n",
222             prefix, zone->total, count);
223     if (zone->notlifo)
224         fprintf(stderr, "*** %s: %d frees not LIFO\n", prefix, zone->notlifo);
225     if (zone->rogue)
226         fprintf(stderr, "*** %s: %d frees not recognized\n",
227             prefix, zone->rogue);
228
229     /* free the zone and delete from the stream */
230     free(zone);
231     strm->opaque = Z_NULL;
232     strm->zalloc = Z_NULL;
233     strm->zfree = Z_NULL;
234 }
235
236 /* -- inflate test routines -- */
237
238 /* Decode a hexadecimal string, set *len to length, in[] to the bytes. This
239 decodes liberally, in that hex digits can be adjacent, in which case two in
240 a row writes a byte. Or they can be delimited by any non-hex character, where
241 the delimiters are ignored except when a single hex digit is followed by a
242 delimiter in which case that single digit writes a byte. The returned
243 data is allocated and must eventually be freed. NULL is returned if out of
244 memory. If the length is not needed, then len can be NULL. */
245 local unsigned char *h2b(const char *hex, unsigned *len)
246 {
247     unsigned char *in;
248     unsigned next, val;
249
250     in = malloc((strlen(hex) + 1) >> 1);
251     if (in == NULL)
252         return NULL;
253     next = 0;
254     val = 1;
255     do {
256         if (*hex >= '0' && *hex <= '9')
257             val = (val << 4) + *hex - '0';
258         else if (*hex >= 'A' && *hex <= 'F')

```

```

259     val = (val << 4) + *hex - 'A' + 10;
260     else if (*hex >= 'a' && *hex <= 'f')
261         val = (val << 4) + *hex - 'a' + 10;
262     else if (val != 1 && val < 32) /* one digit followed by delimiter */
263         val += 240; /* make it look like two digits */
264     if (val > 255) {
265         in[next++] = val & 0xff; /* save the decoded byte */
266         val = 1; /* start over */
267     }
268     } while (*hex++); /* go through the loop with the terminating null */
269     if (len != NULL)
270         *len = next;
271     in = reallocf(in, next);
272     return in;
273 }

275 /* generic inflate() run, where hex is the hexadecimal input data, what is the
276 text to include in an error message, step is how much input data to feed
277 inflate() on each call, or zero to feed it all, win is the window bits
278 parameter to inflateInit2(), len is the size of the output buffer, and err
279 is the error code expected from the first inflate() call (the second
280 inflate() call is expected to return Z_STREAM_END). If win is 47, then
281 header information is collected with inflateGetHeader(). If a zlib stream
282 is looking for a dictionary, then an empty dictionary is provided.
283 inflate() is run until all of the input data is consumed. */
284 local void inf(char *hex, char *what, unsigned step, int win, unsigned len,
285 int err)
286 {
287     int ret;
288     unsigned have;
289     unsigned char *in, *out;
290     z_stream strm, copy;
291     gz_header head;

293     mem_setup(&strm);
294     strm.avail_in = 0;
295     strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
296     ret = inflateInit2(&strm, win);
297     if (ret != Z_OK) {
298         mem_done(&strm, what);
299         return;
300     }
301     out = malloc(len); assert(out != NULL);
302     if (win == 47) {
303         head.extra = out;
304         head.extra_max = len;
305         head.name = out;
306         head.name_max = len;
307         head.comment = out;
308         head.comm_max = len;
309         ret = inflateGetHeader(&strm, &head); assert(ret == Z_OK);
310     }
311     in = h2b(hex, &have); assert(in != NULL);
312     if (step == 0 || step > have)
313         step = have;
314     strm.avail_in = step;
315     have -= step;
316     strm.next_in = in;
317     do {
318         strm.avail_out = len;
319         strm.next_out = out;
320         ret = inflate(&strm, Z_NO_FLUSH); assert(err == 9 || ret == err);
321         if (ret != Z_OK && ret != Z_BUF_ERROR && ret != Z_NEED_DICT)
322             break;
323         if (ret == Z_NEED_DICT) {
324             ret = inflateSetDictionary(&strm, in, 1);

```

```

325         assert(ret == Z_DATA_ERROR);
326         mem_limit(&strm, 1);
327         ret = inflateSetDictionary(&strm, out, 0);
328         assert(ret == Z_MEM_ERROR);
329         mem_limit(&strm, 0);
330         ((struct inflate_state *)strm.state)->mode = DICT;
331         ret = inflateSetDictionary(&strm, out, 0);
332         assert(ret == Z_OK);
333         ret = inflate(&strm, Z_NO_FLUSH); assert(ret == Z_BUF_ERROR);
334     }
335     ret = inflateCopy(&copy, &strm); assert(ret == Z_OK);
336     ret = inflateEnd(&copy); assert(ret == Z_OK);
337     err = 9; /* don't care next time around */
338     have += strm.avail_in;
339     strm.avail_in = step > have ? have : step;
340     have -= strm.avail_in;
341     } while (strm.avail_in);
342     free(in);
343     free(out);
344     ret = inflateReset2(&strm, -8); assert(ret == Z_OK);
345     ret = inflateEnd(&strm); assert(ret == Z_OK);
346     mem_done(&strm, what);
347 }

349 /* cover all of the lines in inflate.c up to inflate() */
350 local void cover_support(void)
351 {
352     int ret;
353     z_stream strm;

355     mem_setup(&strm);
356     strm.avail_in = 0;
357     strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
358     ret = inflateInit(&strm); assert(ret == Z_OK);
359     mem_used(&strm, "inflate init");
360     ret = inflatePrime(&strm, 5, 31); assert(ret == Z_OK);
361     ret = inflatePrime(&strm, -1, 0); assert(ret == Z_OK);
362     ret = inflateSetDictionary(&strm, Z_NULL, 0);
363     assert(ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR);
364     ret = inflateEnd(&strm); assert(ret == Z_OK);
365     mem_done(&strm, "prime");

367     inf("63 0", "force window allocation", 0, -15, 1, Z_OK);
368     inf("63 18 5", "force window replacement", 0, -8, 259, Z_OK);
369     inf("63 18 68 30 d0 0 0", "force split window update", 4, -8, 259, Z_OK);
370     inf("3 0", "use fixed blocks", 0, -15, 1, Z_STREAM_END);
371     inf("", "bad window size", 0, 1, 0, Z_STREAM_ERROR);

373     mem_setup(&strm);
374     strm.avail_in = 0;
375     strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
376     ret = inflateInit_(&strm, ZLIB_VERSION - 1, (int)sizeof(z_stream));
377     assert(ret == Z_VERSION_ERROR);
378     mem_done(&strm, "wrong version");

380     strm.avail_in = 0;
381     strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
382     ret = inflateInit(&strm); assert(ret == Z_OK);
383     ret = inflateEnd(&strm); assert(ret == Z_OK);
384     fputs("inflate built-in memory routines\n", stderr);
385 }

387 /* cover all inflate() header and trailer cases and code after inflate() */
388 local void cover_wrap(void)
389 {
390     int ret;

```

```

391 z_stream strm, copy;
392 unsigned char dict[257];

394 ret = inflate(Z_NULL, 0);          assert(ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR);
395 ret = inflateEnd(Z_NULL);         assert(ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR);
396 ret = inflateCopy(Z_NULL, Z_NULL); assert(ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR);
397 fputs("inflate bad parameters\n", stderr);

399 inf("1f 8b 0 0", "bad gzip method", 0, 31, 0, Z_DATA_ERROR);
400 inf("1f 8b 8 80", "bad gzip flags", 0, 31, 0, Z_DATA_ERROR);
401 inf("77 85", "bad zlib method", 0, 15, 0, Z_DATA_ERROR);
402 inf("8 99", "set window size from header", 0, 0, 0, Z_OK);
403 inf("78 9c", "bad zlib window size", 0, 8, 0, Z_DATA_ERROR);
404 inf("78 9c 63 0 0 0 1 0 1", "check adler32", 0, 15, 1, Z_STREAM_END);
405 inf("1f 8b 8 1e 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0", "bad header crc", 0, 47, 1,
406     Z_DATA_ERROR);
407 inf("1f 8b 8 2 0 0 0 0 0 1d 26 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0", "check gzip length",
408     0, 47, 0, Z_STREAM_END);
409 inf("78 90", "bad zlib header check", 0, 47, 0, Z_DATA_ERROR);
410 inf("8 b8 0 0 0 1", "need dictionary", 0, 8, 0, Z_NEED_DICT);
411 inf("78 9c 63 0", "compute adler32", 0, 15, 1, Z_OK);

413 mem_setup(&strm);
414 strm.avail_in = 0;
415 strm.next_in = Z_NULL;
416 ret = inflateInit2(&strm, -8);
417 strm.avail_in = 2;
418 strm.next_in = (void *)"\x63";
419 strm.avail_out = 1;
420 strm.next_out = (void *)&ret;
421 mem_limit(&strm, 1);
422 ret = inflate(&strm, Z_NO_FLUSH);  assert(ret == Z_MEM_ERROR);
423 ret = inflate(&strm, Z_NO_FLUSH);  assert(ret == Z_MEM_ERROR);
424 mem_limit(&strm, 0);
425 memset(dict, 0, 257);
426 ret = inflateSetDictionary(&strm, dict, 257);
427                                     assert(ret == Z_OK);
428 mem_limit(&strm, (sizeof(struct inflate_state) << 1) + 256);
429 ret = inflatePrime(&strm, 16, 0);  assert(ret == Z_OK);
430 strm.avail_in = 2;
431 strm.next_in = (void *)"\x80";
432 ret = inflateSync(&strm);          assert(ret == Z_DATA_ERROR);
433 ret = inflate(&strm, Z_NO_FLUSH);  assert(ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR);
434 strm.avail_in = 4;
435 strm.next_in = (void *)"\0\0\xff\xff";
436 ret = inflateSync(&strm);          assert(ret == Z_OK);
437 (void)inflateSyncPoint(&strm);
438 ret = inflateCopy(&copy, &strm);  assert(ret == Z_MEM_ERROR);
439 mem_limit(&strm, 0);
440 ret = inflateUndermine(&strm, 1);  assert(ret == Z_DATA_ERROR);
441 (void)inflateMark(&strm);
442 ret = inflateEnd(&strm);          assert(ret == Z_OK);
443 mem_done(&strm, "miscellaneous, force memory errors");
444 }

446 /* input and output functions for inflateBack() */
447 local unsigned pull(void *desc, unsigned char **buf)
448 {
449     static unsigned int next = 0;
450     static unsigned char dat[] = {0x63, 0, 2, 0};
451     struct inflate_state *state;

453     if (desc == Z_NULL) {
454         next = 0;
455         return 0; /* no input (already provided at next_in) */
456     }

```

```

457     state = (void *)((z_stream *)desc)->state;
458     if (state != Z_NULL)
459         state->mode = SYNC; /* force an otherwise impossible situation */
460     return next < sizeof(dat) ? (*buf = dat + next++, 1) : 0;
461 }

463 local int push(void *desc, unsigned char *buf, unsigned len)
464 {
465     buf += len;
466     return desc != Z_NULL; /* force error if desc not null */
467 }

469 /* cover inflateBack() up to common deflate data cases and after those */
470 local void cover_back(void)
471 {
472     int ret;
473     z_stream strm;
474     unsigned char win[32768];

476     ret = inflateBackInit_(Z_NULL, 0, win, 0, 0);
477                                     assert(ret == Z_VERSION_ERROR);
478     ret = inflateBackInit(Z_NULL, 0, win);  assert(ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR);
479     ret = inflateBack(Z_NULL, Z_NULL, Z_NULL, Z_NULL, Z_NULL);
480                                     assert(ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR);
481     ret = inflateBackEnd(Z_NULL);          assert(ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR);
482     fputs("inflateBack bad parameters\n", stderr);

484     mem_setup(&strm);
485     ret = inflateBackInit(&strm, 15, win);  assert(ret == Z_OK);
486     strm.avail_in = 2;
487     strm.next_in = (void *)"\x03";
488     ret = inflateBack(&strm, pull, Z_NULL, push, Z_NULL);
489                                     assert(ret == Z_STREAM_END);
490     /* force output error */
491     strm.avail_in = 3;
492     strm.next_in = (void *)"\x63\x00";
493     ret = inflateBack(&strm, pull, Z_NULL, push, &strm);
494                                     assert(ret == Z_BUF_ERROR);
495     /* force mode error by mucking with state */
496     ret = inflateBack(&strm, pull, &strm, push, Z_NULL);
497                                     assert(ret == Z_STREAM_ERROR);
498     ret = inflateBackEnd(&strm);          assert(ret == Z_OK);
499     mem_done(&strm, "inflateBack bad state");

501     ret = inflateBackInit(&strm, 15, win);  assert(ret == Z_OK);
502     ret = inflateBackEnd(&strm);          assert(ret == Z_OK);
503     fputs("inflateBack built-in memory routines\n", stderr);
504 }

506 /* do a raw inflate of data in hexadecimal with both inflate and inflateBack */
507 local int try(char *hex, char *id, int err)
508 {
509     int ret;
510     unsigned len, size;
511     unsigned char *in, *out, *win;
512     char *prefix;
513     z_stream strm;

515     /* convert to hex */
516     in = h2b(hex, &len);
517     assert(in != NULL);

519     /* allocate work areas */
520     size = len << 3;
521     out = malloc(size);
522     assert(out != NULL);

```



```
655     inf("63 60 60 18 c9 0 8 18 18 18 26 c0 28 0 29 0 0 0",
656         "contiguous and wrap around window", 6, -8, 259, Z_OK);
657     inf("63 0 3 0 0 0 0", "copy direct from output", 0, -8, 259,
658         Z_STREAM_END);
659 }

661 int main(void)
662 {
663     fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", zlibVersion());
664     cover_support();
665     cover_wrap();
666     cover_back();
667     cover_inflate();
668     cover_trees();
669     cover_fast();
670     return 0;
671 }
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/test/minigzip.c

1

```
*****
15764 Wed Apr 1 15:57:31 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/test/minigzip.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* minigzip.c -- simulate gzip using the zlib compression library
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2006, 2010, 2011 Jean-loup Gailly.
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /*
7  * minigzip is a minimal implementation of the gzip utility. This is
8  * only an example of using zlib and isn't meant to replace the
9  * full-featured gzip. No attempt is made to deal with file systems
10 * limiting names to 14 or 8+3 characters, etc... Error checking is
11 * very limited. So use minigzip only for testing; use gzip for the
12 * real thing. On MSDOS, use only on file names without extension
13 * or in pipe mode.
14 */

16 /* @(#) $Id$ */

18 #include "zlib.h"
19 #include <stdio.h>

21 #ifdef STDC
22 # include <string.h>
23 # include <stdlib.h>
24 #endif

26 #ifdef USE_MMAP
27 # include <sys/types.h>
28 # include <sys/mman.h>
29 # include <sys/stat.h>
30 #endif

32 #if defined(MSDOS) || defined(OS2) || defined(WIN32) || defined(__CYGWIN__)
33 # include <fcntl.h>
34 # include <io.h>
35 # ifdef UNDER_CE
36 # include <stdlib.h>
37 # endif
38 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file) setmode(fileno(file), O_BINARY)
39 #else
40 # define SET_BINARY_MODE(file)
41 #endif

43 #ifdef _MSC_VER
44 # define snprintf _snprintf
45 #endif

47 #ifdef VMS
48 # define unlink delete
49 # define GZ_SUFFIX "-gz"
50 #endif
51 #ifdef RISCOS
52 # define unlink remove
53 # define GZ_SUFFIX "-gz"
54 # define fileno(file) file->_file
55 #endif
56 #if defined(__MWERKS__) && __dest_os != __be_os && __dest_os != __win32_os
57 # include <unix.h> /* for fileno */
58 #endif

60 #if !defined(Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H) && !defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE)
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/test/minigzip.c

2

```
61 #ifndef WIN32 /* unlink already in stdio.h for WIN32 */
62 extern int unlink OF((const char *));
63 #endif
64 #endif

66 #if defined(UNDER_CE)
67 # include <windows.h>
68 # define perror(s) pwinerror(s)

70 /* Map the Windows error number in ERROR to a locale-dependent error
71 message string and return a pointer to it. Typically, the values
72 for ERROR come from GetLastError.

74 The string pointed to shall not be modified by the application,
75 but may be overwritten by a subsequent call to strerror

77 The strerror function does not change the current setting
78 of GetLastError. */

80 static char *strwinerror (error)
81     DWORD error;
82 {
83     static char buf[1024];

85     wchar_t *msgbuf;
86     DWORD lasterr = GetLastError();
87     DWORD chars = FormatMessage(FORMAT_MESSAGE_FROM_SYSTEM
88         | FORMAT_MESSAGE_ALLOCATE_BUFFER,
89         NULL,
90         error,
91         0, /* Default language */
92         (LPVOID)&msgbuf,
93         0,
94         NULL);
95     if (chars != 0) {
96         /* If there is an \r\n appended, zap it. */
97         if (chars >= 2
98             && msgbuf[chars - 2] == '\r' && msgbuf[chars - 1] == '\n') {
99             chars -= 2;
100             msgbuf[chars] = 0;
101         }

103         if (chars > sizeof (buf) - 1) {
104             chars = sizeof (buf) - 1;
105             msgbuf[chars] = 0;
106         }

108         wcstombs(buf, msgbuf, chars + 1);
109         LocalFree(msgbuf);
110     }
111     else {
112         sprintf(buf, "unknown win32 error (%ld)", error);
113     }

115     SetLastError(lasterr);
116     return buf;
117 }

119 static void pwinerror (s)
120     const char *s;
121 {
122     if (s && *s)
123         fprintf(stderr, "%s: %s\n", s, strwinerror(GetLastError ()));
124     else
125         fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", strwinerror(GetLastError ()));
126 }
```

```

128 #endif /* UNDER_CE */

130 #ifndef GZ_SUFFIX
131 # define GZ_SUFFIX ".gz"
132 #endif
133 #define SUFFIX_LEN (sizeof(GZ_SUFFIX)-1)

135 #define BUFLLEN      16384
136 #define MAX_NAME_LEN 1024

138 #ifdef MAXSEG_64K
139 # define local static
140 /* Needed for systems with limitation on stack size. */
141 #else
142 # define local
143 #endif

145 #ifdef Z_SOLO
146 /* for Z_SOLO, create simplified gz* functions using deflate and inflate */

148 #if defined(Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H) || defined(Z_LARGE)
149 # include <unistd.h> /* for unlink() */
150 #endif

152 void *myalloc OF((void *, unsigned, unsigned));
153 void myfree OF((void *, void *));

155 void *myalloc(q, n, m)
156     void *q;
157     unsigned n, m;
158 {
159     q = Z_NULL;
160     return calloc(n, m);
161 }

163 void myfree(q, p)
164     void *q, *p;
165 {
166     q = Z_NULL;
167     free(p);
168 }

170 typedef struct gzFile_s {
171     FILE *file;
172     int write;
173     int err;
174     char *msg;
175     z_stream strm;
176 } *gzFile;

178 gzFile gzopen OF((const char *, const char *));
179 gzFile gzdopen OF((int, const char *));
180 gzFile gz_open OF((const char *, int, const char *));

182 gzFile gzopen(path, mode)
183     const char *path;
184     const char *mode;
185 {
186     return gz_open(path, -1, mode);
187 }

189 gzFile gzdopen(fd, mode)
190     int fd;
191     const char *mode;
192 {

```

```

193     return gz_open(NULL, fd, mode);
194 }

196 gzFile gz_open(path, fd, mode)
197     const char *path;
198     int fd;
199     const char *mode;
200 {
201     gzFile gz;
202     int ret;

204     gz = malloc(sizeof(struct gzFile_s));
205     if (gz == NULL)
206         return NULL;
207     gz->write = strchr(mode, 'w') != NULL;
208     gz->strm.zalloc = myalloc;
209     gz->strm.zfree = myfree;
210     gz->strm.opaque = Z_NULL;
211     if (gz->write)
212         ret = deflateInit2(&(gz->strm), -1, 8, 15 + 16, 8, 0);
213     else {
214         gz->strm.next_in = 0;
215         gz->strm.avail_in = Z_NULL;
216         ret = inflateInit2(&(gz->strm), 15 + 16);
217     }
218     if (ret != Z_OK) {
219         free(gz);
220         return NULL;
221     }
222     gz->file = path == NULL ? fdopen(fd, gz->write ? "wb" : "rb") :
223         fopen(path, gz->write ? "wb" : "rb");
224     if (gz->file == NULL) {
225         gz->write ? deflateEnd(&(gz->strm)) : inflateEnd(&(gz->strm));
226         free(gz);
227         return NULL;
228     }
229     gz->err = 0;
230     gz->msg = "";
231     return gz;
232 }

234 int gzwrite OF((gzFile, const void *, unsigned));

236 int gzwrite(gz, buf, len)
237     gzFile gz;
238     const void *buf;
239     unsigned len;
240 {
241     z_stream *strm;
242     unsigned char out[BUFLLEN];

244     if (gz == NULL || !gz->write)
245         return 0;
246     strm = &(gz->strm);
247     strm->next_in = (void *)buf;
248     strm->avail_in = len;
249     do {
250         strm->next_out = out;
251         strm->avail_out = BUFLLEN;
252         (void)deflate(strm, Z_NO_FLUSH);
253         fwrite(out, 1, BUFLLEN - strm->avail_out, gz->file);
254     } while (strm->avail_out == 0);
255     return len;
256 }

258 int gzread OF((gzFile, void *, unsigned));

```

```

260 int gzread(gz, buf, len)
261     gzFile gz;
262     void *buf;
263     unsigned len;
264 {
265     int ret;
266     unsigned got;
267     unsigned char in[1];
268     z_stream *strm;

270     if (gz == NULL || gz->write)
271         return 0;
272     if (gz->err)
273         return 0;
274     strm = &(gz->strm);
275     strm->next_out = (void *)buf;
276     strm->avail_out = len;
277     do {
278         got = fread(in, 1, 1, gz->file);
279         if (got == 0)
280             break;
281         strm->next_in = in;
282         strm->avail_in = 1;
283         ret = inflate(strm, Z_NO_FLUSH);
284         if (ret == Z_DATA_ERROR) {
285             gz->err = Z_DATA_ERROR;
286             gz->msg = strm->msg;
287             return 0;
288         }
289         if (ret == Z_STREAM_END)
290             inflateReset(strm);
291     } while (strm->avail_out);
292     return len - strm->avail_out;
293 }

295 int gzclose OF((gzFile));

297 int gzclose(gz)
298     gzFile gz;
299 {
300     z_stream *strm;
301     unsigned char out[BUFLLEN];

303     if (gz == NULL)
304         return Z_STREAM_ERROR;
305     strm = &(gz->strm);
306     if (gz->write) {
307         strm->next_in = Z_NULL;
308         strm->avail_in = 0;
309         do {
310             strm->next_out = out;
311             strm->avail_out = BUFLLEN;
312             (void)deflate(strm, Z_FINISH);
313             fwrite(out, 1, BUFLLEN - strm->avail_out, gz->file);
314         } while (strm->avail_out == 0);
315         deflateEnd(strm);
316     }
317     else
318         inflateEnd(strm);
319     fclose(gz->file);
320     free(gz);
321     return Z_OK;
322 }

324 const char *gzerror OF((gzFile, int *));

```

```

326 const char *gzerror(gz, err)
327     gzFile gz;
328     int *err;
329 {
330     *err = gz->err;
331     return gz->msg;
332 }

334 #endif

336 char *prog;

338 void error          OF((const char *msg));
339 void gz_compress   OF((FILE *in, gzFile out));
340 #ifdef USE_MMAP
341 int  gz_compress_mmap OF((FILE *in, gzFile out));
342 #endif
343 void gz_uncompress  OF((gzFile in, FILE *out));
344 void file_compress  OF((char *file, char *mode));
345 void file_uncompress OF((char *file));
346 int  main           OF((int argc, char *argv[]));

348 /* =====
349  * Display error message and exit
350  */
351 void error(msg)
352     const char *msg;
353 {
354     fprintf(stderr, "%s: %s\n", prog, msg);
355     exit(1);
356 }

358 /* =====
359  * Compress input to output then close both files.
360  */

362 void gz_compress(in, out)
363     FILE *in;
364     gzFile out;
365 {
366     local char buf[BUFLLEN];
367     int len;
368     int err;

370 #ifdef USE_MMAP
371     /* Try first compressing with mmap. If mmap fails (minigzip used in a
372      * pipe), use the normal fread loop.
373     */
374     if (gz_compress_mmap(in, out) == Z_OK) return;
375 #endif
376     for (;;) {
377         len = (int)fread(buf, 1, sizeof(buf), in);
378         if (ferror(in)) {
379             perror("fread");
380             exit(1);
381         }
382         if (len == 0) break;

384         if (gzwrite(out, buf, (unsigned)len) != len) error(gzerror(out, &err));
385     }
386     fclose(in);
387     if (gzclose(out) != Z_OK) error("failed gzclose");
388 }

390 #ifdef USE_MMAP /* MMAP version, Miguel Albrecht <malbrech@eso.org> */

```

```

392 /* Try compressing the input file at once using mmap. Return Z_OK if
393  * if success, Z_ERRNO otherwise.
394  */
395 int gz_compress_mmap(in, out)
396 FILE *in;
397 gzFile out;
398 {
399     int len;
400     int err;
401     int ifd = fileno(in);
402     caddr_t buf; /* mmap'ed buffer for the entire input file */
403     off_t buf_len; /* length of the input file */
404     struct stat sb;

406     /* Determine the size of the file, needed for mmap: */
407     if (fstat(ifd, &sb) < 0) return Z_ERRNO;
408     buf_len = sb.st_size;
409     if (buf_len <= 0) return Z_ERRNO;

411     /* Now do the actual mmap: */
412     buf = mmap((caddr_t) 0, buf_len, PROT_READ, MAP_SHARED, ifd, (off_t)0);
413     if (buf == (caddr_t)(-1)) return Z_ERRNO;

415     /* Compress the whole file at once: */
416     len = gzwrite(out, (char *)buf, (unsigned)buf_len);

418     if (len != (int)buf_len) error(gzerror(out, &err));

420     munmap(buf, buf_len);
421     fclose(in);
422     if (gzclose(out) != Z_OK) error("failed gzclose");
423     return Z_OK;
424 }
425 #endif /* USE_MMMap */

427 /* =====
428  * Uncompress input to output then close both files.
429  */
430 void gz_uncompress(in, out)
431 gzFile in;
432 FILE *out;
433 {
434     local char buf[BUFLen];
435     int len;
436     int err;

438     for (;;) {
439         len = gzread(in, buf, sizeof(buf));
440         if (len < 0) error (gzerror(in, &err));
441         if (len == 0) break;

443         if ((int)fwrite(buf, 1, (unsigned)len, out) != len) {
444             error("failed fwrite");
445         }
446     }
447     if (fclose(out)) error("failed fclose");

449     if (gzclose(in) != Z_OK) error("failed gzclose");
450 }

453 /* =====
454  * Compress the given file: create a corresponding .gz file and remove the
455  * original.
456  */

```

```

457 void file_compress(file, mode)
458 char *file;
459 char *mode;
460 {
461     local char outfile[MAX_NAME_LEN];
462     FILE *in;
463     gzFile out;

465     if (strlen(file) + strlen(GZ_SUFFIX) >= sizeof(outfile)) {
466         fprintf(stderr, "%s: filename too long\n", prog);
467         exit(1);
468     }

470 #if !defined(NO_snprintf) && !defined(NO_vsnprintf)
471     snprintf(outfile, sizeof(outfile), "%s%s", file, GZ_SUFFIX);
472 #else
473     strcpy(outfile, file);
474     strcat(outfile, GZ_SUFFIX);
475 #endif

477     in = fopen(file, "rb");
478     if (in == NULL) {
479         perror(file);
480         exit(1);
481     }
482     out = gzopen(outfile, mode);
483     if (out == NULL) {
484         fprintf(stderr, "%s: can't gzopen %s\n", prog, outfile);
485         exit(1);
486     }
487     gz_compress(in, out);

489     unlink(file);
490 }

493 /* =====
494  * Uncompress the given file and remove the original.
495  */
496 void file_uncompress(file)
497 char *file;
498 {
499     local char buf[MAX_NAME_LEN];
500     char *infile, *outfile;
501     FILE *out;
502     gzFile in;
503     size_t len = strlen(file);

505     if (len + strlen(GZ_SUFFIX) >= sizeof(buf)) {
506         fprintf(stderr, "%s: filename too long\n", prog);
507         exit(1);
508     }

510 #if !defined(NO_snprintf) && !defined(NO_vsnprintf)
511     snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%s", file);
512 #else
513     strcpy(buf, file);
514 #endif

516     if (len > SUFFIX_LEN && strcmp(file+len-SUFFIX_LEN, GZ_SUFFIX) == 0) {
517         infile = file;
518         outfile = buf;
519         outfile[len-3] = '\0';
520     } else {
521         outfile = file;
522         infile = buf;

```

```

523 #if !defined(NO_snprintf) && !defined(NO_vsnprintf)
524     snprintf(buf + len, sizeof(buf) - len, "%s", GZ_SUFFIX);
525 #else
526     strcat(infile, GZ_SUFFIX);
527 #endif
528 }
529 in = gzopen(infile, "rb");
530 if (in == NULL) {
531     fprintf(stderr, "%s: can't gzopen %s\n", prog, infile);
532     exit(1);
533 }
534 out = fopen(outfile, "wb");
535 if (out == NULL) {
536     perror(file);
537     exit(1);
538 }
539
540 gz_uncompress(in, out);
541
542 unlink(infile);
543 }
544
545 /* =====
546 * Usage: minigzip [-c] [-d] [-f] [-h] [-r] [-1 to -9] [files...]
547 * -c : write to standard output
548 * -d : decompress
549 * -f : compress with Z_FILTERED
550 * -h : compress with Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY
551 * -r : compress with Z_RLE
552 * -1 to -9 : compression level
553 */
554
555 int main(argc, argv)
556 int argc;
557 char *argv[];
558 {
559     int copyout = 0;
560     int uncompr = 0;
561     gzFile file;
562     char *bname, outmode[20];
563
564 #if !defined(NO_snprintf) && !defined(NO_vsnprintf)
565     snprintf(outmode, sizeof(outmode), "%s", "wb6 ");
566 #else
567     strcpy(outmode, "wb6 ");
568 #endif
569
570     prog = argv[0];
571     bname = strrchr(argv[0], '/');
572     if (bname)
573         bname++;
574     else
575         bname = argv[0];
576     argc--, argv++;
577
578     if (!strcmp(bname, "gunzip"))
579         uncompr = 1;
580     else if (!strcmp(bname, "zcat"))
581         copyout = uncompr = 1;
582
583     while (argc > 0) {
584         if (strcmp(*argv, "-c") == 0)
585             copyout = 1;
586         else if (strcmp(*argv, "-d") == 0)
587             uncompr = 1;

```

```

588     else if (strcmp(*argv, "-f") == 0)
589         outmode[3] = 'f';
590     else if (strcmp(*argv, "-h") == 0)
591         outmode[3] = 'h';
592     else if (strcmp(*argv, "-r") == 0)
593         outmode[3] = 'R';
594     else if ((*argv)[0] == '-' && (*argv)[1] >= '1' && (*argv)[1] <= '9' &&
595             (*argv)[2] == 0)
596         outmode[2] = (*argv)[1];
597     else
598         break;
599     argc--, argv++;
600 }
601 if (outmode[3] == ' ')
602     outmode[3] = 0;
603 if (argc == 0) {
604     SET_BINARY_MODE(stdin);
605     SET_BINARY_MODE(stdout);
606     if (uncompr) {
607         file = gzdopen(fileno(stdin), "rb");
608         if (file == NULL) error("can't gzdopen stdin");
609         gz_uncompress(file, stdout);
610     } else {
611         file = gzdopen(fileno(stdout), outmode);
612         if (file == NULL) error("can't gzdopen stdout");
613         gz_compress(stdin, file);
614     }
615 } else {
616     if (copyout) {
617         SET_BINARY_MODE(stdout);
618     }
619     do {
620         if (uncompr) {
621             if (copyout) {
622                 file = gzopen(*argv, "rb");
623                 if (file == NULL)
624                     fprintf(stderr, "%s: can't gzopen %s\n", prog, *argv);
625                 else
626                     gz_uncompress(file, stdout);
627             } else {
628                 file_uncompress(*argv);
629             }
630         } else {
631             if (copyout) {
632                 FILE *in = fopen(*argv, "rb");
633
634                 if (in == NULL) {
635                     perror(*argv);
636                 } else {
637                     file = gzdopen(fileno(stdout), outmode);
638                     if (file == NULL) error("can't gzdopen stdout");
639
640                     gz_compress(in, file);
641                 }
642             } else {
643                 file_compress(*argv, outmode);
644             }
645         }
646     } while (argv++, --argc);
647 }
648 return 0;
649 }
650 }
651 }

```

```

*****
3135 Wed Apr 1 15:57:31 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/treebuild.xml
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 <?xml version="1.0" ?>
2 <package name="zlib" version="1.2.8">
3   <library name="zlib" dlversion="1.2.8" dlname="z">
4     <property name="description"> zip compression library </property>
5     <property name="include-target-dir" value="$(@PACKAGE/install-includedir
7
8     <!-- fixme: not implemented yet -->
9     <property name="compiler/c/inline" value="yes" />
10
11   <include-file name="zlib.h" scope="public" mode="644" />
12   <include-file name="zconf.h" scope="public" mode="644" />
13
14   <source name="adler32.c">
15     <depend name="zlib.h" />
16     <depend name="zconf.h" />
17   </source>
18   <source name="compress.c">
19     <depend name="zlib.h" />
20     <depend name="zconf.h" />
21   </source>
22   <source name="crc32.c">
23     <depend name="zlib.h" />
24     <depend name="zconf.h" />
25     <depend name="crc32.h" />
26   </source>
27   <source name="gzclose.c">
28     <depend name="zlib.h" />
29     <depend name="zconf.h" />
30     <depend name="gzguts.h" />
31   </source>
32   <source name="gzlib.c">
33     <depend name="zlib.h" />
34     <depend name="zconf.h" />
35     <depend name="gzguts.h" />
36   </source>
37   <source name="gzread.c">
38     <depend name="zlib.h" />
39     <depend name="zconf.h" />
40     <depend name="gzguts.h" />
41   </source>
42   <source name="gzwrite.c">
43     <depend name="zlib.h" />
44     <depend name="zconf.h" />
45     <depend name="gzguts.h" />
46   </source>
47   <source name="uncompr.c">
48     <depend name="zlib.h" />
49     <depend name="zconf.h" />
50   </source>
51   <source name="deflate.c">
52     <depend name="zlib.h" />
53     <depend name="zconf.h" />
54     <depend name="zutil.h" />
55     <depend name="deflate.h" />
56   </source>
57   <source name="trees.c">
58     <depend name="zlib.h" />
59     <depend name="zconf.h" />
60     <depend name="zutil.h" />
61     <depend name="deflate.h" />

```

```

61     <depend name="trees.h" />
62   </source>
63   <source name="zutil.c">
64     <depend name="zlib.h" />
65     <depend name="zconf.h" />
66     <depend name="zutil.h" />
67   </source>
68   <source name="inflate.c">
69     <depend name="zlib.h" />
70     <depend name="zconf.h" />
71     <depend name="zutil.h" />
72     <depend name="inftrees.h" />
73     <depend name="inflate.h" />
74     <depend name="inffast.h" />
75   </source>
76   <source name="inffast.c">
77     <depend name="zlib.h" />
78     <depend name="zconf.h" />
79     <depend name="zutil.h" />
80     <depend name="inftrees.h" />
81     <depend name="inflate.h" />
82     <depend name="inffast.h" />
83   </source>
84   <source name="inftrees.c">
85     <depend name="zlib.h" />
86     <depend name="zconf.h" />
87     <depend name="zutil.h" />
88     <depend name="inftrees.h" />
89   </source>
90   <source name="inffast.c">
91     <depend name="zlib.h" />
92     <depend name="zconf.h" />
93     <depend name="zutil.h" />
94     <depend name="inftrees.h" />
95     <depend name="inflate.h" />
96     <depend name="inffast.h" />
97   </source>
98 </library>
99 </package>
101 <!--
102 CFLAGS=-O
103 #CFLAGS=-O -DMAX_WBITS=14 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7
104 #CFLAGS=-g -DDEBUG
105 #CFLAGS=-O3 -Wall -Wwrite-strings -Wpointer-arith -Wconversion \
106 # -Wstrict-prototypes -Wmissing-prototypes
108 # OBJA =
109 # to use the asm code: make OBJA=match.o
110 #
111 match.o: match.S
112   $(CPP) match.S > _match.s
113   $(CC) -c _match.s
114   mv _match.o match.o
115   rm -f _match.s
116 -->

```

```

*****
44255 Wed Apr 1 15:57:31 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/trees.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* trees.c -- output deflated data using Huffman coding
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2012 Jean-loup Gailly
3  * detect_data_type() function provided freely by Cosmin Truta, 2006
4  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
5  */

7 /*
8  * ALGORITHM
9  *
10 * The "deflation" process uses several Huffman trees. The more
11 * common source values are represented by shorter bit sequences.
12 *
13 * Each code tree is stored in a compressed form which is itself
14 * a Huffman encoding of the lengths of all the code strings (in
15 * ascending order by source values). The actual code strings are
16 * reconstructed from the lengths in the inflate process, as described
17 * in the deflate specification.
18 *
19 * REFERENCES
20 *
21 * Deutsch, L.P., "Deflate' Compressed Data Format Specification".
22 * Available in ftp.uu.net:/pub/archiving/zip/doc/deflate-1.1.doc
23 *
24 * Storer, James A.
25 * Data Compression: Methods and Theory, pp. 49-50.
26 * Computer Science Press, 1988. ISBN 0-7167-8156-5.
27 *
28 * Sedgewick, R.
29 * Algorithms, p290.
30 * Addison-Wesley, 1983. ISBN 0-201-06672-6.
31 */

33 /* @(#) $Id$ */

35 /* #define GEN_TREES_H */

37 #include "deflate.h"

39 #ifdef DEBUG
40 # include <ctype.h>
41 #endif

43 /* =====
44  * Constants
45  */

47 #define MAX_BL_BITS 7
48 /* Bit length codes must not exceed MAX_BL_BITS bits */

50 #define END_BLOCK 256
51 /* end of block literal code */

53 #define REP_3_6 16
54 /* repeat previous bit length 3-6 times (2 bits of repeat count) */

56 #define REPZ_3_10 17
57 /* repeat a zero length 3-10 times (3 bits of repeat count) */

59 #define REPZ_11_138 18
60 /* repeat a zero length 11-138 times (7 bits of repeat count) */

```

```

62 local const int extra_lbits[LENGTH_CODES] /* extra bits for each length code */
63   = {0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,1,1,2,2,2,2,3,3,3,3,4,4,4,4,5,5,5,5,0};

65 local const int extra_dbits[D_CODES] /* extra bits for each distance code */
66   = {0,0,0,0,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12,13,13};

68 local const int extra_blbits[BL_CODES] /* extra bits for each bit length code */
69   = {0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,2,3,7};

71 local const uch bl_order[BL_CODES]
72   = {16,17,18,0,8,7,9,6,10,5,11,4,12,3,13,2,14,1,15};
73 /* The lengths of the bit length codes are sent in order of decreasing
74  * probability, to avoid transmitting the lengths for unused bit length codes.
75  */

77 /* =====
78  * Local data. These are initialized only once.
79  */

81 #define DIST_CODE_LEN 512 /* see definition of array dist_code below */

83 #if defined(GEN_TREES_H) || !defined(STDC)
84 /* non ANSI compilers may not accept trees.h */

86 local ct_data static_ltree[L_CODES+2];
87 /* The static literal tree. Since the bit lengths are imposed, there is no
88  * need for the L_CODES extra codes used during heap construction. However
89  * The codes 286 and 287 are needed to build a canonical tree (see _tr_init
90  * below).
91  */

93 local ct_data static_dtree[D_CODES];
94 /* The static distance tree. (Actually a trivial tree since all codes use
95  * 5 bits.)
96  */

98 uch _dist_code[DIST_CODE_LEN];
99 /* Distance codes. The first 256 values correspond to the distances
100  * 3 .. 258, the last 256 values correspond to the top 8 bits of
101  * the 15 bit distances.
102  */

104 uch _length_code[MAX_MATCH-MIN_MATCH+1];
105 /* length code for each normalized match length (0 == MIN_MATCH) */

107 local int base_length[LENGTH_CODES];
108 /* First normalized length for each code (0 = MIN_MATCH) */

110 local int base_dist[D_CODES];
111 /* First normalized distance for each code (0 = distance of 1) */

113 #else
114 # include "trees.h"
115 #endif /* GEN_TREES_H */

117 struct static_tree_desc_s {
118   const ct_data *static_tree; /* static tree or NULL */
119   const intf *extra_bits; /* extra bits for each code or NULL */
120   int extra_base; /* base index for extra_bits */
121   int elems; /* max number of elements in the tree */
122   int max_length; /* max bit length for the codes */
123 };

125 local static_tree_desc static_l_desc =
126 {static_ltree, extra_lbits, LITERALS+1, L_CODES, MAX_BITS};

```

```

128 local static_tree_desc static_d_desc =
129 {static_dtree, extra_dbits, 0,          D_CODES, MAX_BITS};

131 local static_tree_desc static_bl_desc =
132 {(const ct_data *)0, extra_blbits, 0,   BL_CODES, MAX_BL_BITS};

134 /* =====
135  * Local (static) routines in this file.
136  */

138 local void tr_static_init OF((void));
139 local void init_block     OF((deflate_state *s));
140 local void pqdownheap    OF((deflate_state *s, ct_data *tree, int k));
141 local void gen_bitlen    OF((deflate_state *s, tree_desc *desc));
142 local void gen_codes     OF((ct_data *tree, int max_code, ushf *bl_count));
143 local void build_tree    OF((deflate_state *s, tree_desc *desc));
144 local void scan_tree     OF((deflate_state *s, ct_data *tree, int max_code));
145 local void send_tree     OF((deflate_state *s, ct_data *tree, int max_code));
146 local int  build_bl_tree OF((deflate_state *s));
147 local void send_all_trees OF((deflate_state *s, int lcodes, int dcodes,
148                             int blcodes));
149 local void compress_block OF((deflate_state *s, const ct_data *ltree,
150                             const ct_data *dtree));
151 local int  detect_data_type OF((deflate_state *s));
152 local unsigned bi_reverse  OF((unsigned value, int length));
153 local void bi_windup     OF((deflate_state *s));
154 local void bi_flush     OF((deflate_state *s));
155 local void copy_block    OF((deflate_state *s, charf *buf, unsigned len,
156                             int header));

158 #ifdef GEN_TREES_H
159 local void gen_trees_header OF((void));
160 #endif

162 #ifndef DEBUG
163 # define send_code(s, c, tree) send_bits(s, tree[c].Code, tree[c].Len)
164 /* Send a code of the given tree. c and tree must not have side effects */

166 #else /* DEBUG */
167 # define send_code(s, c, tree) \
168     { if (z_verbose>2) fprintf(stderr, "\ncd %3d ", (c)); \
169       send_bits(s, tree[c].Code, tree[c].Len); }
170 #endif

172 /* =====
173  * Output a short LSB first on the stream.
174  * IN assertion: there is enough room in pendingBuf.
175  */
176 #define put_short(s, w) { \
177     put_byte(s, (uch)((w) & 0xff)); \
178     put_byte(s, (uch)((ush)(w) >> 8)); \
179 }

181 /* =====
182  * Send a value on a given number of bits.
183  * IN assertion: length <= 16 and value fits in length bits.
184  */
185 #ifdef DEBUG
186 local void send_bits      OF((deflate_state *s, int value, int length));

188 local void send_bits(s, value, length)
189     deflate_state *s;
190     int value; /* value to send */
191     int length; /* number of bits */
192 {

```

```

193     Tracevv((stderr, " l %2d v %4x ", length, value));
194     Assert(length > 0 && length <= 15, "invalid length");
195     s->bits_sent += (ulg)length;

197 /* If not enough room in bi_buf, use (valid) bits from bi_buf and
198  * (16 - bi_valid) bits from value, leaving (width - (16-bi_valid))
199  * unused bits in value.
200  */
201 if (s->bi_valid > (int)Buf_size - length) {
202     s->bi_buf |= (ush)value << s->bi_valid;
203     put_short(s, s->bi_buf);
204     s->bi_buf = (ush)value >> (Buf_size - s->bi_valid);
205     s->bi_valid += length - Buf_size;
206 } else {
207     s->bi_buf |= (ush)value << s->bi_valid;
208     s->bi_valid += length;
209 }
210 }
211 #else /* !DEBUG */

213 #define send_bits(s, value, length) \
214 { int len = length; \
215   if (s->bi_valid > (int)Buf_size - len) { \
216     int val = value; \
217     s->bi_buf |= (ush)val << s->bi_valid; \
218     put_short(s, s->bi_buf); \
219     s->bi_buf = (ush)val >> (Buf_size - s->bi_valid); \
220     s->bi_valid += len - Buf_size; \
221   } else { \
222     s->bi_buf |= (ush)(value) << s->bi_valid; \
223     s->bi_valid += len; \
224   } \
225 }
226 #endif /* DEBUG */

229 /* the arguments must not have side effects */

231 /* =====
232  * Initialize the various 'constant' tables.
233  */
234 local void tr_static_init()
235 {
236 #if defined(GEN_TREES_H) || !defined(STDC)
237     static int static_init_done = 0;
238     int n; /* iterates over tree elements */
239     int bits; /* bit counter */
240     int length; /* length value */
241     int code; /* code value */
242     int dist; /* distance index */
243     ush bl_count[MAX_BITS+1];
244     /* number of codes at each bit length for an optimal tree */

246     if (static_init_done) return;

248     /* For some embedded targets, global variables are not initialized: */
249 #ifdef NO_INIT_GLOBAL_POINTERS
250     static_l_desc.static_tree = static_ltree;
251     static_l_desc.extra_bits = extra_lbits;
252     static_d_desc.static_tree = static_dtree;
253     static_d_desc.extra_bits = extra_dbits;
254     static_bl_desc.extra_bits = extra_blbits;
255 #endif

257     /* Initialize the mapping length (0..255) -> length code (0..28) */
258     length = 0;

```



```

259     for (code = 0; code < LENGTH_CODES-1; code++) {
260         base_length[code] = length;
261         for (n = 0; n < (1<<extra_lbits[code]); n++) {
262             _length_code[length++] = (uch)code;
263         }
264     }
265     Assert (length == 256, "tr_static_init: length != 256");
266     /* Note that the length 255 (match length 258) can be represented
267      * in two different ways: code 284 + 5 bits or code 285, so we
268      * overwrite length_code[255] to use the best encoding:
269      */
270     _length_code[length-1] = (uch)code;

272     /* Initialize the mapping dist (0..32K) -> dist code (0..29) */
273     dist = 0;
274     for (code = 0; code < 16; code++) {
275         base_dist[code] = dist;
276         for (n = 0; n < (1<<extra_dbits[code]); n++) {
277             _dist_code[dist++] = (uch)code;
278         }
279     }
280     Assert (dist == 256, "tr_static_init: dist != 256");
281     dist >>= 7; /* from now on, all distances are divided by 128 */
282     for (code = 0; code < D_CODES; code++) {
283         base_dist[code] = dist << 7;
284         for (n = 0; n < (1<<(extra_dbits[code]-7)); n++) {
285             _dist_code[256 + dist++] = (uch)code;
286         }
287     }
288     Assert (dist == 256, "tr_static_init: 256+dist != 512");

290     /* Construct the codes of the static literal tree */
291     for (bits = 0; bits <= MAX_BITS; bits++) bl_count[bits] = 0;
292     n = 0;
293     while (n <= 143) static_ltree[n++].Len = 8, bl_count[8]++;
294     while (n <= 255) static_ltree[n++].Len = 9, bl_count[9]++;
295     while (n <= 279) static_ltree[n++].Len = 7, bl_count[7]++;
296     while (n <= 287) static_ltree[n++].Len = 8, bl_count[8]++;
297     /* Codes 286 and 287 do not exist, but we must include them in the
298      * tree construction to get a canonical Huffman tree (longest code
299      * all ones)
300      */
301     gen_codes((ct_data *)static_ltree, L_CODES+1, bl_count);

303     /* The static distance tree is trivial: */
304     for (n = 0; n < D_CODES; n++) {
305         static_dtree[n].Len = 5;
306         static_dtree[n].Code = bi_reverse((unsigned)n, 5);
307     }
308     static_init_done = 1;

310 # ifdef GEN_TREES_H
311     gen_trees_header();
312 # endif
313 #endif /* defined(GEN_TREES_H) || !defined(STDC) */
314 }

316 /* =====
317  * Generate the file trees.h describing the static trees.
318  */
319 #ifdef GEN_TREES_H
320 # ifndef DEBUG
321 #   include <stdio.h>
322 # endif

324 # define SEPARATOR(i, last, width) \

```

```

325     ((i) == (last)? "\n};\n\n" : \
326     ((i) % (width) == (width)-1 ? ",\n" : ", ")

328 void gen_trees_header()
329 {
330     FILE *header = fopen("trees.h", "w");
331     int i;

333     Assert (header != NULL, "Can't open trees.h");
334     fprintf(header,
335             "/* header created automatically with -DGEN_TREES_H */\n\n");

337     fprintf(header, "local const ct_data static_ltree[L_CODES+2] = {\n");
338     for (i = 0; i < L_CODES+2; i++) {
339         fprintf(header, "{{%3u},{%3u}}%s", static_ltree[i].Code,
340                 static_ltree[i].Len, SEPARATOR(i, L_CODES+1, 5));
341     }

343     fprintf(header, "local const ct_data static_dtree[D_CODES] = {\n");
344     for (i = 0; i < D_CODES; i++) {
345         fprintf(header, "{{%2u},{%2u}}%s", static_dtree[i].Code,
346                 static_dtree[i].Len, SEPARATOR(i, D_CODES-1, 5));
347     }

349     fprintf(header, "const uch ZLIB_INTERNAL _dist_code[DIST_CODE_LEN] = {\n");
350     for (i = 0; i < DIST_CODE_LEN; i++) {
351         fprintf(header, "%2u%s", _dist_code[i],
352                 SEPARATOR(i, DIST_CODE_LEN-1, 20));
353     }

355     fprintf(header,
356             "const uch ZLIB_INTERNAL _length_code[MAX_MATCH-MIN_MATCH+1]= {\n");
357     for (i = 0; i < MAX_MATCH-MIN_MATCH+1; i++) {
358         fprintf(header, "%2u%s", _length_code[i],
359                 SEPARATOR(i, MAX_MATCH-MIN_MATCH, 20));
360     }

362     fprintf(header, "local const int base_length[LENGTH_CODES] = {\n");
363     for (i = 0; i < LENGTH_CODES; i++) {
364         fprintf(header, "%1u%s", base_length[i],
365                 SEPARATOR(i, LENGTH_CODES-1, 20));
366     }

368     fprintf(header, "local const int base_dist[D_CODES] = {\n");
369     for (i = 0; i < D_CODES; i++) {
370         fprintf(header, "%5u%s", base_dist[i],
371                 SEPARATOR(i, D_CODES-1, 10));
372     }

374     fclose(header);
375 }
376 #endif /* GEN_TREES_H */

378 /* =====
379  * Initialize the tree data structures for a new zlib stream.
380  */
381 void ZLIB_INTERNAL _tr_init(s)
382     deflate_state *s;
383 {
384     tr_static_init();

386     s->l_desc.dyn_tree = s->dyn_ltree;
387     s->l_desc.stat_desc = &static_l_desc;

389     s->d_desc.dyn_tree = s->dyn_dtree;
390     s->d_desc.stat_desc = &static_d_desc;

```

```

392 s->bl_desc.dyn_tree = s->bl_tree;
393 s->bl_desc.stat_desc = &static_bl_desc;

395 s->bi_buf = 0;
396 s->bi_valid = 0;
397 #ifdef DEBUG
398 s->compressed_len = 0L;
399 s->bits_sent = 0L;
400 #endif

402 /* Initialize the first block of the first file: */
403 init_block(s);
404 }

406 /* =====
407 * Initialize a new block.
408 */
409 local void init_block(s)
410     deflate_state *s;
411 {
412     int n; /* iterates over tree elements */

414     /* Initialize the trees. */
415     for (n = 0; n < L_CODES; n++) s->dyn_ltree[n].Freq = 0;
416     for (n = 0; n < D_CODES; n++) s->dyn_dtree[n].Freq = 0;
417     for (n = 0; n < BL_CODES; n++) s->bl_tree[n].Freq = 0;

419     s->dyn_ltree[END_BLOCK].Freq = 1;
420     s->opt_len = s->static_len = 0L;
421     s->last_lit = s->matches = 0;
422 }

424 #define SMALLEST 1
425 /* Index within the heap array of least frequent node in the Huffman tree */

428 /* =====
429 * Remove the smallest element from the heap and recreate the heap with
430 * one less element. Updates heap and heap_len.
431 */
432 #define pqremove(s, tree, top) \
433 {\
434     top = s->heap[SMALLEST]; \
435     s->heap[SMALLEST] = s->heap[s->heap_len--]; \
436     pqdownheap(s, tree, SMALLEST); \
437 }

439 /* =====
440 * Compares to subtrees, using the tree depth as tie breaker when
441 * the subtrees have equal frequency. This minimizes the worst case length.
442 */
443 #define smaller(tree, n, m, depth) \
444     (tree[n].Freq < tree[m].Freq || \
445      (tree[n].Freq == tree[m].Freq && depth[n] <= depth[m]))

447 /* =====
448 * Restore the heap property by moving down the tree starting at node k,
449 * exchanging a node with the smallest of its two sons if necessary, stopping
450 * when the heap property is re-established (each father smaller than its
451 * two sons).
452 */
453 local void pqdownheap(s, tree, k)
454     deflate_state *s;
455     ct_data *tree; /* the tree to restore */
456     int k; /* node to move down */

```

```

457 {
458     int v = s->heap[k];
459     int j = k << 1; /* left son of k */
460     while (j <= s->heap_len) {
461         /* Set j to the smallest of the two sons: */
462         if (j < s->heap_len &&
463             smaller(tree, s->heap[j+1], s->heap[j], s->depth)) {
464             j++;
465         }
466         /* Exit if v is smaller than both sons */
467         if (smaller(tree, v, s->heap[j], s->depth)) break;

469         /* Exchange v with the smallest son */
470         s->heap[k] = s->heap[j]; k = j;

472         /* And continue down the tree, setting j to the left son of k */
473         j <<= 1;
474     }
475     s->heap[k] = v;
476 }

478 /* =====
479 * Compute the optimal bit lengths for a tree and update the total bit length
480 * for the current block.
481 * IN assertion: the fields freq and dad are set, heap[heap_max] and
482 * above are the tree nodes sorted by increasing frequency.
483 * OUT assertions: the field len is set to the optimal bit length, the
484 * array bl_count contains the frequencies for each bit length.
485 * The length opt_len is updated; static_len is also updated if stree is
486 * not null.
487 */
488 local void gen_bitlen(s, desc)
489     deflate_state *s;
490     tree_desc *desc; /* the tree descriptor */
491 {
492     ct_data *tree = desc->dyn_tree;
493     int max_code = desc->max_code;
494     const ct_data *stree = desc->stat_desc->static_tree;
495     const intf *extra = desc->stat_desc->extra_bits;
496     int base = desc->stat_desc->extra_base;
497     int max_length = desc->stat_desc->max_length;
498     int h; /* heap index */
499     int n, m; /* iterate over the tree elements */
500     int bits; /* bit length */
501     int xbits; /* extra bits */
502     ush f; /* frequency */
503     int overflow = 0; /* number of elements with bit length too large */

505     for (bits = 0; bits <= MAX_BITS; bits++) s->bl_count[bits] = 0;

507     /* In a first pass, compute the optimal bit lengths (which may
508     * overflow in the case of the bit length tree).
509     */
510     tree[s->heap[s->heap_max]].Len = 0; /* root of the heap */

512     for (h = s->heap_max+1; h < HEAP_SIZE; h++) {
513         n = s->heap[h];
514         bits = tree[tree[n].Dad].Len + 1;
515         if (bits > max_length) bits = max_length, overflow++;
516         tree[n].Len = (ush)bits;
517         /* We overwrite tree[n].Dad which is no longer needed */

519         if (n > max_code) continue; /* not a leaf node */

521         s->bl_count[bits]++;
522         xbits = 0;

```

```

523     if (n >= base) xbits = extra[n-base];
524     f = tree[n].Freq;
525     s->opt_len += (ulg)f * (bits + xbits);
526     if (stree) s->static_len += (ulg)f * (stree[n].Len + xbits);
527 }
528 if (overflow == 0) return;

530 Trace((stderr, "\nbit length overflow\n"));
531 /* This happens for example on obj2 and pic of the Calgary corpus */

533 /* Find the first bit length which could increase: */
534 do {
535     bits = max_length-1;
536     while (s->bl_count[bits] == 0) bits--;
537     s->bl_count[bits]--; /* move one leaf down the tree */
538     s->bl_count[bits+1] += 2; /* move one overflow item as its brother */
539     s->bl_count[max_length]--;
540     /* The brother of the overflow item also moves one step up,
541      * but this does not affect bl_count[max_length]
542      */
543     overflow -= 2;
544 } while (overflow > 0);

546 /* Now recompute all bit lengths, scanning in increasing frequency.
547 * h is still equal to HEAP_SIZE. (It is simpler to reconstruct all
548 * lengths instead of fixing only the wrong ones. This idea is taken
549 * from 'ar' written by Haruhiko Okumura.)
550 */
551 for (bits = max_length; bits != 0; bits--) {
552     n = s->bl_count[bits];
553     while (n != 0) {
554         m = s->heap[--h];
555         if (m > max_code) continue;
556         if ((unsigned) tree[m].Len != (unsigned) bits) {
557             Trace((stderr, "code %d bits %d->%d\n", m, tree[m].Len, bits));
558             s->opt_len += ((long)bits - (long)tree[m].Len)
559                 * (long)tree[m].Freq;
560             tree[m].Len = (ush)bits;
561         }
562         n--;
563     }
564 }
565 }

567 /* =====
568 * Generate the codes for a given tree and bit counts (which need not be
569 * optimal).
570 * IN assertion: the array bl_count contains the bit length statistics for
571 * the given tree and the field len is set for all tree elements.
572 * OUT assertion: the field code is set for all tree elements of non
573 * zero code length.
574 */
575 local void gen_codes (tree, max_code, bl_count)
576     ct_data *tree; /* the tree to decorate */
577     int max_code; /* largest code with non zero frequency */
578     ushf *bl_count; /* number of codes at each bit length */
579 {
580     ush next_code[MAX_BITS+1]; /* next code value for each bit length */
581     ush code = 0; /* running code value */
582     int bits; /* bit index */
583     int n; /* code index */

585     /* The distribution counts are first used to generate the code values
586      * without bit reversal.
587      */
588     for (bits = 1; bits <= MAX_BITS; bits++) {

```

```

589         next_code[bits] = code = (code + bl_count[bits-1]) << 1;
590     }
591     /* Check that the bit counts in bl_count are consistent. The last code
592      * must be all ones.
593      */
594     Assert (code + bl_count[MAX_BITS]-1 == (1<<MAX_BITS)-1,
595            "inconsistent bit counts");
596     Tracev((stderr, "\ngen_codes: max_code %d ", max_code));

598     for (n = 0; n <= max_code; n++) {
599         int len = tree[n].Len;
600         if (len == 0) continue;
601         /* Now reverse the bits */
602         tree[n].Code = bi_reverse(next_code[len]++, len);

604         Tracecv(tree != static_ltree, (stderr, "\nn %3d %c l %2d c %4x (%x) ",
605            n, (isgraph(n) ? n : ' '), len, tree[n].Code, next_code[len]-1));
606     }
607 }

609 /* =====
610 * Construct one Huffman tree and assigns the code bit strings and lengths.
611 * Update the total bit length for the current block.
612 * IN assertion: the field freq is set for all tree elements.
613 * OUT assertions: the fields len and code are set to the optimal bit length
614 * and corresponding code. The length opt_len is updated; static_len is
615 * also updated if stree is not null. The field max_code is set.
616 */
617 local void build_tree(s, desc)
618     deflate_state *s;
619     tree_desc *desc; /* the tree descriptor */
620 {
621     ct_data *tree = desc->dyn_tree;
622     const ct_data *stree = desc->stat_desc->static_tree;
623     int elems = desc->stat_desc->elems;
624     int n, m; /* iterate over heap elements */
625     int max_code = -1; /* largest code with non zero frequency */
626     int node; /* new node being created */

628     /* Construct the initial heap, with least frequent element in
629     * heap[SMALLEST]. The sons of heap[n] are heap[2*n] and heap[2*n+1].
630     * heap[0] is not used.
631     */
632     s->heap_len = 0, s->heap_max = HEAP_SIZE;

634     for (n = 0; n < elems; n++) {
635         if (tree[n].Freq != 0) {
636             s->heap[++(s->heap_len)] = max_code + n;
637             s->depth[n] = 0;
638         } else {
639             tree[n].Len = 0;
640         }
641     }

643     /* The pkzip format requires that at least one distance code exists,
644     * and that at least one bit should be sent even if there is only one
645     * possible code. So to avoid special checks later on we force at least
646     * two codes of non zero frequency.
647     */
648     while (s->heap_len < 2) {
649         node = s->heap[++(s->heap_len)] = (max_code < 2 ? ++max_code : 0);
650         tree[node].Freq = 1;
651         s->depth[node] = 0;
652         s->opt_len--; if (stree) s->static_len -= stree[node].Len;
653         /* node is 0 or 1 so it does not have extra bits */
654     }

```

```

655     desc->max_code = max_code;

657     /* The elements heap[heap_len/2+1 .. heap_len] are leaves of the tree,
658     * establish sub-heaps of increasing lengths:
659     */
660     for (n = s->heap_len/2; n >= 1; n--) pqdownheap(s, tree, n);

662     /* Construct the Huffman tree by repeatedly combining the least two
663     * frequent nodes.
664     */
665     node = elems;           /* next internal node of the tree */
666     do {
667         pqremove(s, tree, n); /* n = node of least frequency */
668         m = s->heap[SMALLEST]; /* m = node of next least frequency */

670         s->heap[--(s->heap_max)] = n; /* keep the nodes sorted by frequency */
671         s->heap[--(s->heap_max)] = m;

673         /* Create a new node father of n and m */
674         tree[node].Freq = tree[n].Freq + tree[m].Freq;
675         s->depth[node] = (uch)((s->depth[n] >= s->depth[m] ?
676                               s->depth[n] : s->depth[m]) + 1);
677         tree[n].Dad = tree[m].Dad = (ush)node;
678 #ifndef DUMP_BL_TREE
679         if (tree == s->bl_tree) {
680             fprintf(stderr, "\nnode %d(%d), sons %d(%d) %d(%d)",
681                 node, tree[node].Freq, n, tree[n].Freq, m, tree[m].Freq);
682         }
683 #endif
684         /* and insert the new node in the heap */
685         s->heap[SMALLEST] = node++;
686         pqdownheap(s, tree, SMALLEST);

688     } while (s->heap_len >= 2);

690     s->heap[--(s->heap_max)] = s->heap[SMALLEST];

692     /* At this point, the fields freq and dad are set. We can now
693     * generate the bit lengths.
694     */
695     gen_bitlen(s, (tree_desc *)desc);

697     /* The field len is now set, we can generate the bit codes */
698     gen_codes ((ct_data *)tree, max_code, s->bl_count);
699 }

701 /* =====
702 * Scan a literal or distance tree to determine the frequencies of the codes
703 * in the bit length tree.
704 */
705 local void scan_tree (s, tree, max_code)
706     deflate_state *s;
707     ct_data *tree; /* the tree to be scanned */
708     int max_code; /* and its largest code of non zero frequency */
709 {
710     int n; /* iterates over all tree elements */
711     int prevlen = -1; /* last emitted length */
712     int curlen; /* length of current code */
713     int nextlen = tree[0].Len; /* length of next code */
714     int count = 0; /* repeat count of the current code */
715     int max_count = 7; /* max repeat count */
716     int min_count = 4; /* min repeat count */

718     if (nextlen == 0) max_count = 138, min_count = 3;
719     tree[max_code+1].Len = (ush)0xffff; /* guard */

```

```

721     for (n = 0; n <= max_code; n++) {
722         curlen = nextlen; nextlen = tree[n+1].Len;
723         if (++count < max_count && curlen == nextlen) {
724             continue;
725         } else if (count < min_count) {
726             s->bl_tree[curlen].Freq += count;
727         } else if (curlen != 0) {
728             if (curlen != prevlen) s->bl_tree[curlen].Freq++;
729             s->bl_tree[REP_3_6].Freq++;
730         } else if (count <= 10) {
731             s->bl_tree[REPZ_3_10].Freq++;
732         } else {
733             s->bl_tree[REPZ_11_138].Freq++;
734         }
735         count = 0; prevlen = curlen;
736         if (nextlen == 0) {
737             max_count = 138, min_count = 3;
738         } else if (curlen == nextlen) {
739             max_count = 6, min_count = 3;
740         } else {
741             max_count = 7, min_count = 4;
742         }
743     }
744 }

746 /* =====
747 * Send a literal or distance tree in compressed form, using the codes in
748 * bl_tree.
749 */
750 local void send_tree (s, tree, max_code)
751     deflate_state *s;
752     ct_data *tree; /* the tree to be scanned */
753     int max_code; /* and its largest code of non zero frequency */
754 {
755     int n; /* iterates over all tree elements */
756     int prevlen = -1; /* last emitted length */
757     int curlen; /* length of current code */
758     int nextlen = tree[0].Len; /* length of next code */
759     int count = 0; /* repeat count of the current code */
760     int max_count = 7; /* max repeat count */
761     int min_count = 4; /* min repeat count */

763     /* tree[max_code+1].Len = -1; */ /* guard already set */
764     if (nextlen == 0) max_count = 138, min_count = 3;

766     for (n = 0; n <= max_code; n++) {
767         curlen = nextlen; nextlen = tree[n+1].Len;
768         if (++count < max_count && curlen == nextlen) {
769             continue;
770         } else if (count < min_count) {
771             do { send_code(s, curlen, s->bl_tree); } while (--count != 0);

773         } else if (curlen != 0) {
774             if (curlen != prevlen) {
775                 send_code(s, curlen, s->bl_tree); count--;
776             }
777             Assert(count >= 3 && count <= 6, " 3_6?");
778             send_code(s, REP_3_6, s->bl_tree); send_bits(s, count-3, 2);

780         } else if (count <= 10) {
781             send_code(s, REPZ_3_10, s->bl_tree); send_bits(s, count-3, 3);

783         } else {
784             send_code(s, REPZ_11_138, s->bl_tree); send_bits(s, count-11, 7);
785         }
786         count = 0; prevlen = curlen;

```

```

787     if (nextlen == 0) {
788         max_count = 138, min_count = 3;
789     } else if (curlen == nextlen) {
790         max_count = 6, min_count = 3;
791     } else {
792         max_count = 7, min_count = 4;
793     }
794 }
795 }

797 /* =====
798 * Construct the Huffman tree for the bit lengths and return the index in
799 * bl_order of the last bit length code to send.
800 */
801 local int build_bl_tree(s)
802     deflate_state *s;
803 {
804     int max_blinde; /* index of last bit length code of non zero freq */

806     /* Determine the bit length frequencies for literal and distance trees */
807     scan_tree(s, (ct_data *)s->dyn_ltree, s->l_desc.max_code);
808     scan_tree(s, (ct_data *)s->dyn_dtree, s->d_desc.max_code);

810     /* Build the bit length tree: */
811     build_tree(s, (tree_desc *)&(s->bl_desc));
812     /* opt_len now includes the length of the tree representations, except
813      * the lengths of the bit lengths codes and the 5+5+4 bits for the counts.
814      */

816     /* Determine the number of bit length codes to send. The pzip format
817      * requires that at least 4 bit length codes be sent. (appnote.txt says
818      * 3 but the actual value used is 4.)
819      */
820     for (max_blinde = BL_CODES-1; max_blinde >= 3; max_blinde--) {
821         if (s->bl_tree[max_blinde].Len != 0) break;
822     }
823     /* Update opt_len to include the bit length tree and counts */
824     s->opt_len += 3*(max_blinde+1) + 5+5+4;
825     Tracev((stderr, "\ndyn trees: dyn %ld, stat %ld",
826            s->opt_len, s->static_len));

828     return max_blinde;
829 }

831 /* =====
832 * Send the header for a block using dynamic Huffman trees: the counts, the
833 * lengths of the bit length codes, the literal tree and the distance tree.
834 * IN assertion: lcodes >= 257, dcodes >= 1, blcodes >= 4.
835 */
836 local void send_all_trees(s, lcodes, dcodes, blcodes)
837     deflate_state *s;
838     int lcodes, dcodes, blcodes; /* number of codes for each tree */
839 {
840     int rank; /* index in bl_order */

842     Assert (lcodes >= 257 && dcodes >= 1 && blcodes >= 4, "not enough codes");
843     Assert (lcodes <= L_CODES && dcodes <= D_CODES && blcodes <= BL_CODES,
844            "too many codes");
845     Tracev((stderr, "\nbl counts: "));
846     send_bits(s, lcodes-257, 5); /* not +255 as stated in appnote.txt */
847     send_bits(s, dcodes-1, 5);
848     send_bits(s, blcodes-4, 4); /* not -3 as stated in appnote.txt */
849     for (rank = 0; rank < blcodes; rank++) {
850         Tracev((stderr, "\nbl code %2d ", bl_order[rank]));
851         send_bits(s, s->bl_tree[bl_order[rank]].Len, 3);
852     }

```

```

853     Tracev((stderr, "\nbl tree: sent %ld", s->bits_sent));

855     send_tree(s, (ct_data *)s->dyn_ltree, lcodes-1); /* literal tree */
856     Tracev((stderr, "\nlit tree: sent %ld", s->bits_sent));

858     send_tree(s, (ct_data *)s->dyn_dtree, dcodes-1); /* distance tree */
859     Tracev((stderr, "\ndist tree: sent %ld", s->bits_sent));
860 }

862 /* =====
863 * Send a stored block
864 */
865 void ZLIB_INTERNAL_tr_stored_block(s, buf, stored_len, last)
866     deflate_state *s;
867     charf *buf; /* input block */
868     ulg stored_len; /* length of input block */
869     int last; /* one if this is the last block for a file */
870 {
871     send_bits(s, (STORED_BLOCK<<1)+last, 3); /* send block type */
872 #ifdef DEBUG
873     s->compressed_len = (s->compressed_len + 3 + 7) & (ulg)~7L;
874     s->compressed_len += (stored_len + 4) << 3;
875 #endif
876     copy_block(s, buf, (unsigned)stored_len, 1); /* with header */
877 }

879 /* =====
880 * Flush the bits in the bit buffer to pending output (leaves at most 7 bits)
881 */
882 void ZLIB_INTERNAL_tr_flush_bits(s)
883     deflate_state *s;
884 {
885     bi_flush(s);
886 }

888 /* =====
889 * Send one empty static block to give enough lookahead for inflate.
890 * This takes 10 bits, of which 7 may remain in the bit buffer.
891 */
892 void ZLIB_INTERNAL_tr_align(s)
893     deflate_state *s;
894 {
895     send_bits(s, STATIC_TREES<<1, 3);
896     send_code(s, END_BLOCK, static_ltree);
897 #ifdef DEBUG
898     s->compressed_len += 10L; /* 3 for block type, 7 for EOB */
899 #endif
900     bi_flush(s);
901 }

903 /* =====
904 * Determine the best encoding for the current block: dynamic trees, static
905 * trees or store, and output the encoded block to the zip file.
906 */
907 void ZLIB_INTERNAL_tr_flush_block(s, buf, stored_len, last)
908     deflate_state *s;
909     charf *buf; /* input block, or NULL if too old */
910     ulg stored_len; /* length of input block */
911     int last; /* one if this is the last block for a file */
912 {
913     ulg opt_lenb, static_lenb; /* opt_len and static_len in bytes */
914     int max_blinde = 0; /* index of last bit length code of non zero freq */

916     /* Build the Huffman trees unless a stored block is forced */
917     if (s->level > 0) {

```

```

919 /* Check if the file is binary or text */
920 if (s->strm->data_type == Z_UNKNOWN)
921     s->strm->data_type = detect_data_type(s);

923 /* Construct the literal and distance trees */
924 build_tree(s, (tree_desc *)&(s->l_desc));
925 Tracev((stderr, "\nlit data: dyn %ld, stat %ld", s->opt_len,
926         s->static_len));

928 build_tree(s, (tree_desc *)&(s->d_desc));
929 Tracev((stderr, "\ndist data: dyn %ld, stat %ld", s->opt_len,
930         s->static_len));
931 /* At this point, opt_len and static_len are the total bit lengths of
932  * the compressed block data, excluding the tree representations.
933  */

935 /* Build the bit length tree for the above two trees, and get the index
936  * in bl_order of the last bit length code to send.
937  */
938 max_blindex = build_bl_tree(s);

940 /* Determine the best encoding. Compute the block lengths in bytes. */
941 opt_lenb = (s->opt_len+3+7)>>3;
942 static_lenb = (s->static_len+3+7)>>3;

944 Tracev((stderr, "\nopt %lu(%lu) stat %lu(%lu) stored %lu lit %u ",
945         opt_lenb, s->opt_len, static_lenb, s->static_len, stored_len,
946         s->last_lit));

948 if (static_lenb <= opt_lenb) opt_lenb = static_lenb;

950 } else {
951     Assert(buf != (char*)0, "lost buf");
952     opt_lenb = static_lenb = stored_len + 5; /* force a stored block */
953 }

955 #ifdef FORCE_STORED
956 if (buf != (char*)0) { /* force stored block */
957 #else
958 if (stored_len+4 <= opt_lenb && buf != (char*)0) {
959     /* 4: two words for the lengths */
960 #endif
961     /* The test buf != NULL is only necessary if LIT_BUFSIZE > WSIZE.
962      * Otherwise we can't have processed more than WSIZE input bytes since
963      * the last block flush, because compression would have been
964      * successful. If LIT_BUFSIZE <= WSIZE, it is never too late to
965      * transform a block into a stored block.
966      */
967     _tr_stored_block(s, buf, stored_len, last);

969 #ifdef FORCE_STATIC
970 } else if (static_lenb >= 0) { /* force static trees */
971 #else
972 } else if (s->strategy == Z_FIXED || static_lenb == opt_lenb) {
973 #endif
974     send_bits(s, (STATIC_TREES<<1)+last, 3);
975     compress_block(s, (const ct_data *)static_ltree,
976                  (const ct_data *)static_dtree);
977 #ifdef DEBUG
978     s->compressed_len += 3 + s->static_len;
979 #endif
980 } else {
981     send_bits(s, (DYN_TREES<<1)+last, 3);
982     send_all_trees(s, s->l_desc.max_code+1, s->d_desc.max_code+1,
983                  max_blindex+1);
984     compress_block(s, (const ct_data *)s->dyn_ltree,

```

```

985         (const ct_data *)s->dyn_dtree);
986 #ifdef DEBUG
987     s->compressed_len += 3 + s->opt_len;
988 #endif
989 }
990 Assert (s->compressed_len == s->bits_sent, "bad compressed size");
991 /* The above check is made mod 2^32, for files larger than 512 MB
992  * and uLong implemented on 32 bits.
993  */
994 init_block(s);

996 if (last) {
997     bi_windup(s);
998 #ifdef DEBUG
999     s->compressed_len += 7; /* align on byte boundary */
1000 #endif
1001 }
1002 Tracev((stderr, "\ncomprlen %lu(%lu) ", s->compressed_len>>3,
1003         s->compressed_len-7*last));
1004 }

1006 /* =====
1007  * Save the match info and tally the frequency counts. Return true if
1008  * the current block must be flushed.
1009  */
1010 int ZLIB_INTERNAL _tr_tally (s, dist, lc)
1011     deflate_state *s;
1012     unsigned dist; /* distance of matched string */
1013     unsigned lc; /* match length-MIN_MATCH or unmatched char (if dist==0) */
1014 {
1015     s->d_buf[s->last_lit] = (ush)dist;
1016     s->l_buf[s->last_lit++] = (uch)lc;
1017     if (dist == 0) {
1018         /* lc is the unmatched char */
1019         s->dyn_ltree[lc].Freq++;
1020     } else {
1021         s->matches++;
1022         /* Here, lc is the match length - MIN_MATCH */
1023         dist--; /* dist = match distance - 1 */
1024         Assert((ush)dist < (ush)MAX_DIST(s) &&
1025              (ush)lc <= (ush)(MAX_MATCH-MIN_MATCH) &&
1026              (ush)d_code(dist) < (ush)D_CODES, "tr_tally: bad match");

1028         s->dyn_ltree[l_code[lc]+LITERALS+1].Freq++;
1029         s->dyn_dtree[d_code(dist)].Freq++;
1030     }

1032 #ifdef TRUNCATE_BLOCK
1033 /* Try to guess if it is profitable to stop the current block here */
1034 if ((s->last_lit & 0x1fff) == 0 && s->level > 2) {
1035     /* Compute an upper bound for the compressed length */
1036     ulg out_length = (ulg)s->last_lit*8L;
1037     ulg in_length = (ulg)((long)s->strstart - s->block_start);
1038     int dcode;
1039     for (dcode = 0; dcode < D_CODES; dcode++) {
1040         out_length += (ulg)s->dyn_dtree[dcode].Freq *
1041                     (5L+extra_dbits[dcode]);
1042     }
1043     out_length >>= 3;
1044     Tracev((stderr, "\nlit %u, in %ld, out ~%ld(%ld%) ",
1045            s->last_lit, in_length, out_length,
1046            100L - out_length*100L/in_length));
1047     if (s->matches < s->last_lit/2 && out_length < in_length/2) return 1;
1048 }
1049 #endif
1050 return (s->last_lit == s->lit_bufsize-1);

```

```

1051 /* We avoid equality with lit_bufsize because of wraparound at 64K
1052 * on 16 bit machines and because stored blocks are restricted to
1053 * 64K-1 bytes.
1054 */
1055 }

1057 /* =====
1058 * Send the block data compressed using the given Huffman trees
1059 */
1060 local void compress_block(s, ltree, dtree)
1061     deflate_state *s;
1062     const ct_data *ltree; /* literal tree */
1063     const ct_data *dtree; /* distance tree */
1064 {
1065     unsigned dist; /* distance of matched string */
1066     int lc; /* match length or unmatched char (if dist == 0) */
1067     unsigned lx = 0; /* running index in l_buf */
1068     unsigned code; /* the code to send */
1069     int extra; /* number of extra bits to send */

1071     if (s->last_lit != 0) do {
1072         dist = s->d_buf[lx];
1073         lc = s->l_buf[lx++];
1074         if (dist == 0) {
1075             send_code(s, lc, ltree); /* send a literal byte */
1076             Tracecv(isgraph(lc), (stderr, "%c ", lc));
1077         } else {
1078             /* Here, lc is the match length - MIN_MATCH */
1079             code = _length_code[lc];
1080             send_code(s, code+LITERALS+1, ltree); /* send the length code */
1081             extra = extra_lbits[code];
1082             if (extra != 0) {
1083                 lc -= base_length[code];
1084                 send_bits(s, lc, extra); /* send the extra length bits */
1085             }
1086             dist--; /* dist is now the match distance - 1 */
1087             code = d_code(dist);
1088             Assert (code < D_CODES, "bad d_code");

1090             send_code(s, code, dtree); /* send the distance code */
1091             extra = extra_dbits[code];
1092             if (extra != 0) {
1093                 dist -= base_dist[code];
1094                 send_bits(s, dist, extra); /* send the extra distance bits */
1095             }
1096         } /* literal or match pair ? */

1098         /* Check that the overlay between pending_buf and d_buf+l_buf is ok: */
1099         Assert((uInt)(s->pending) < s->lit_bufsize + 2*lx,
1100             "pendingBuf overflow");

1102     } while (lx < s->last_lit);

1104     send_code(s, END_BLOCK, ltree);
1105 }

1107 /* =====
1108 * Check if the data type is TEXT or BINARY, using the following algorithm:
1109 * - TEXT if the two conditions below are satisfied:
1110 *   a) There are no non-portable control characters belonging to the
1111 *      "black list" (0..6, 14..25, 28..31).
1112 *   b) There is at least one printable character belonging to the
1113 *      "white list" (9 {TAB}, 10 {LF}, 13 {CR}, 32..255).
1114 * - BINARY otherwise.
1115 * - The following partially-portable control characters form a
1116 *   "gray list" that is ignored in this detection algorithm:

```

```

1117 * (7 {BEL}, 8 {BS}, 11 {VT}, 12 {FF}, 26 {SUB}, 27 {ESC}).
1118 * IN assertion: the fields Freq of dyn_ltree are set.
1119 */
1120 local int detect_data_type(s)
1121     deflate_state *s;
1122 {
1123     /* black_mask is the bit mask of black-listed bytes
1124     * set bits 0..6, 14..25, and 28..31
1125     * 0xf3ffc07f = binary 111100111111111110000001111111
1126     */
1127     unsigned long black_mask = 0xf3ffc07fUL;
1128     int n;

1130     /* Check for non-textual ("black-listed") bytes. */
1131     for (n = 0; n <= 31; n++, black_mask >>= 1)
1132         if ((black_mask & 1) && (s->dyn_ltree[n].Freq != 0))
1133             return Z_BINARY;

1135     /* Check for textual ("white-listed") bytes. */
1136     if (s->dyn_ltree[9].Freq != 0 || s->dyn_ltree[10].Freq != 0
1137         || s->dyn_ltree[13].Freq != 0)
1138         return Z_TEXT;
1139     for (n = 32; n < LITERALS; n++)
1140         if (s->dyn_ltree[n].Freq != 0)
1141             return Z_TEXT;

1143     /* There are no "black-listed" or "white-listed" bytes:
1144     * this stream either is empty or has tolerated ("gray-listed") bytes only.
1145     */
1146     return Z_BINARY;
1147 }

1149 /* =====
1150 * Reverse the first len bits of a code, using straightforward code (a faster
1151 * method would use a table)
1152 * IN assertion: 1 <= len <= 15
1153 */
1154 local unsigned bi_reverse(code, len)
1155     unsigned code; /* the value to invert */
1156     int len; /* its bit length */
1157 {
1158     register unsigned res = 0;
1159     do {
1160         res |= code & 1;
1161         code >>= 1, res <<= 1;
1162     } while (--len > 0);
1163     return res >> 1;
1164 }

1166 /* =====
1167 * Flush the bit buffer, keeping at most 7 bits in it.
1168 */
1169 local void bi_flush(s)
1170     deflate_state *s;
1171 {
1172     if (s->bi_valid == 16) {
1173         put_short(s, s->bi_buf);
1174         s->bi_buf = 0;
1175         s->bi_valid = 0;
1176     } else if (s->bi_valid >= 8) {
1177         put_byte(s, (Byte)s->bi_buf);
1178         s->bi_buf >>= 8;
1179         s->bi_valid -= 8;
1180     }
1181 }

```

```
1183 /* =====
1184 * Flush the bit buffer and align the output on a byte boundary
1185 */
1186 local void bi_windup(s)
1187     deflate_state *s;
1188 {
1189     if (s->bi_valid > 8) {
1190         put_short(s, s->bi_buf);
1191     } else if (s->bi_valid > 0) {
1192         put_byte(s, (Byte)s->bi_buf);
1193     }
1194     s->bi_buf = 0;
1195     s->bi_valid = 0;
1196 #ifdef DEBUG
1197     s->bits_sent = (s->bits_sent+7) & ~7;
1198 #endif
1199 }

1201 /* =====
1202 * Copy a stored block, storing first the length and its
1203 * one's complement if requested.
1204 */
1205 local void copy_block(s, buf, len, header)
1206     deflate_state *s;
1207     charf *buf; /* the input data */
1208     unsigned len; /* its length */
1209     int header; /* true if block header must be written */
1210 {
1211     bi_windup(s); /* align on byte boundary */

1213     if (header) {
1214         put_short(s, (ush)len);
1215         put_short(s, (ush)~len);
1216 #ifdef DEBUG
1217         s->bits_sent += 2*16;
1218 #endif
1219     }
1220 #ifdef DEBUG
1221     s->bits_sent += (ulg)len<<3;
1222 #endif
1223     while (len--) {
1224         put_byte(s, *buf++);
1225     }
1226 }
```



```

*****
      8472 Wed Apr  1 15:57:32 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/trees.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* header created automatically with -DGEN_TREES_H */

```

```

3 local const ct_data static_ltree[L_CODES+2] = {
4 12 8 140 8 76 8 204 8 44 8
5 172 8 108 8 236 8 28 8 156 8
6 92 8 220 8 60 8 188 8 124 8
7 252 8 2 8 130 8 66 8 194 8
8 34 8 162 8 98 8 226 8 18 8
9 146 8 82 8 210 8 50 8 178 8
10 114 8 242 8 10 8 138 8 74 8
11 202 8 42 8 170 8 106 8 234 8
12 26 8 154 8 90 8 218 8 58 8
13 186 8 122 8 250 8 6 8 134 8
14 70 8 198 8 38 8 166 8 102 8
15 230 8 22 8 150 8 86 8 214 8
16 54 8 182 8 118 8 246 8 14 8
17 142 8 78 8 206 8 46 8 174 8
18 110 8 238 8 30 8 158 8 94 8
19 222 8 62 8 190 8 126 8 254 8
20 1 8 129 8 65 8 193 8 35 8
21 161 8 97 8 225 8 17 8 145 8
22 81 8 209 8 49 8 177 8 113 8
23 241 8 9 8 137 8 73 8 201 8
24 41 8 169 8 105 8 233 8 25 8
25 153 8 89 8 217 8 57 8 185 8
26 121 8 249 8 5 8 133 8 69 8
27 197 8 37 8 165 8 101 8 229 8
28 21 8 149 8 85 8 213 8 53 8
29 181 8 117 8 245 8 13 8 141 8
30 77 8 205 8 45 8 173 8 109 8
31 237 8 29 8 157 8 93 8 221 8
32 61 8 189 8 125 8 253 8 19 8
33 275 9 467 9 403 9 83 9 339 9
34 211 9 147 9 51 9 307 9 179 9
35 435 9 115 9 371 9 243 9 499 9
36 11 9 267 9 139 9 395 9 75 9
37 331 9 203 9 459 9 43 9 299 9
38 171 9 427 9 107 9 363 9 235 9
39 491 9 27 9 283 9 155 9 411 9
40 91 9 347 9 219 9 475 9 59 9
41 315 9 187 9 443 9 123 9 379 9
42 251 9 507 9 7 9 263 9 135 9
43 391 9 71 9 327 9 199 9 455 9
44 39 9 295 9 167 9 423 9 103 9
45 359 9 231 9 487 9 23 9 279 9
46 151 9 407 9 87 9 343 9 215 9
47 471 9 55 9 311 9 183 9 439 9
48 119 9 375 9 247 9 503 9 15 9
49 271 9 143 9 399 9 79 9 335 9
50 207 9 463 9 47 9 303 9 175 9
51 431 9 111 9 367 9 239 9 495 9
52 31 9 287 9 159 9 415 9 95 9
53 351 9 223 9 479 9 63 9 319 9
54 191 9 447 9 127 9 383 9 255 9
55 511 9 0 7 64 7 32 7 96 7
56 16 7 80 7 48 7 112 7 8 7
57 72 7 40 7 104 7 24 7 88 7
58 56 7 120 7 4 7 68 7 36 7
59 100 7 20 7 84 7 52 7 116 7
60 3 8 131 8 67 8 195 8 35 8

```

```

61 {{163},{ 8}}, {{ 99},{ 8}}, {{227},{ 8}}
62 };
64 local const ct_data static_dtree[D_CODES] = {
65 {{ 0},{ 5}}, {{16},{ 5}}, {{ 8},{ 5}}, {{24},{ 5}}, {{ 4},{ 5}},
66 {{20},{ 5}}, {{12},{ 5}}, {{28},{ 5}}, {{ 2},{ 5}}, {{18},{ 5}},
67 {{10},{ 5}}, {{26},{ 5}}, {{ 6},{ 5}}, {{22},{ 5}}, {{14},{ 5}},
68 {{30},{ 5}}, {{ 1},{ 5}}, {{17},{ 5}}, {{ 9},{ 5}}, {{25},{ 5}},
69 {{ 5},{ 5}}, {{21},{ 5}}, {{13},{ 5}}, {{29},{ 5}}, {{ 3},{ 5}},
70 {{19},{ 5}}, {{11},{ 5}}, {{27},{ 5}}, {{ 7},{ 5}}, {{23},{ 5}}
71 };
73 const uch ZLIB_INTERNAL_dist_code[DIST_CODE_LEN] = {
74 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 8, 8, 8, 8,
75 8, 8, 8, 8, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,
76 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11,
77 11, 11, 11, 11, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12,
78 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12,
79 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13,
80 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14,
81 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14,
82 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14,
83 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14,
84 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15,
85 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15,
86 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 0, 0, 16, 17,
87 18, 18, 19, 19, 20, 20, 20, 20, 21, 21, 21, 21, 22, 22, 22, 22,
88 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24,
89 24, 24, 24, 24, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25,
90 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26,
91 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26,
92 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
93 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
94 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
95 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
96 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
97 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
98 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
99 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
100 };
102 const uch ZLIB_INTERNAL_length_code[MAX_MATCH-MIN_MATCH+1]= {
103 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 8, 9, 9, 10, 10, 11, 11, 12, 12, 12, 12,
104 13, 13, 13, 13, 14, 14, 14, 14, 15, 15, 15, 15, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16,
105 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 19, 19, 19, 19,
106 19, 19, 19, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20,
107 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21,
108 22, 22, 22, 22, 22, 22, 22, 22, 22, 22, 22, 22, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23,
109 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24,
110 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24,
111 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25,
112 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25,
113 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26,
114 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26,
115 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,
116 };
118 local const int base_length[LENGTH_CODES] = {
119 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 40, 48, 56,
120 64, 80, 96, 112, 128, 160, 192, 224, 0
121 };
123 local const int base_dist[D_CODES] = {
124 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24,
125 32, 48, 64, 96, 128, 192, 256, 384, 512, 768,
126 1024, 1536, 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192, 12288, 16384, 24576

```

```
127 };
```

```
*****
2003 Wed Apr 1 15:57:32 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/uncompr.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* uncompr.c -- decompress a memory buffer
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2003, 2010 Jean-loup Gailly.
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* @(#) $Id$ */

8 #define ZLIB_INTERNAL
9 #include "zlib.h"

11 /* =====
12  Decompresses the source buffer into the destination buffer.  sourceLen is
13  the byte length of the source buffer.  Upon entry, destLen is the total
14  size of the destination buffer, which must be large enough to hold the
15  entire uncompressed data.  (The size of the uncompressed data must have
16  been saved previously by the compressor and transmitted to the decompressor
17  by some mechanism outside the scope of this compression library.)
18  Upon exit, destLen is the actual size of the compressed buffer.

20  uncompress returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not
21  enough memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough room in the output
22  buffer, or Z_DATA_ERROR if the input data was corrupted.
23  */
24 int ZEXPORT uncompress (dest, destLen, source, sourceLen)
25     Bytef *dest;
26     uLongf *destLen;
27     const Bytef *source;
28     uLong sourceLen;
29 {
30     z_stream stream;
31     int err;

33     stream.next_in = (z_const Bytef *)source;
34     stream.avail_in = (uInt)sourceLen;
35     /* Check for source > 64K on 16-bit machine: */
36     if ((uLong)stream.avail_in != sourceLen) return Z_BUF_ERROR;

38     stream.next_out = dest;
39     stream.avail_out = (uInt)*destLen;
40     if ((uLong)stream.avail_out != *destLen) return Z_BUF_ERROR;

42     stream.zalloc = (alloc_func)0;
43     stream.zfree = (free_func)0;

45     err = inflateInit(&stream);
46     if (err != Z_OK) return err;

48     err = inflate(&stream, Z_FINISH);
49     if (err != Z_STREAM_END) {
50         inflateEnd(&stream);
51         if (err == Z_NEED_DICT || (err == Z_BUF_ERROR && stream.avail_in == 0))
52             return Z_DATA_ERROR;
53         return err;
54     }
55     *destLen = stream.total_out;

57     err = inflateEnd(&stream);
58     return err;
59 }
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/watcom/watcom_f.mak

1

1439 Wed Apr 1 15:57:32 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/watcom/watcom_f.mak

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 # Makefile for zlib
2 # OpenWatcom flat model
3 # Last updated: 28-Dec-2005

5 # To use, do "wmake -f watcom_f.mak"

7 C_SOURCE =  adler32.c  compress.c  crc32.c  deflate.c  &
8             gzclose.c  gzlib.c     gzread.c  gzwrite.c  &
9             infback.c  inffast.c   inflate.c  inftrees.c &
10            trees.c    uncompr.c   zutil.c

12 OBJS =      adler32.obj  compress.obj  crc32.obj  deflate.obj  &
13            gzclose.obj  gzlib.obj     gzread.obj  gzwrite.obj  &
14            infback.obj  inffast.obj  inflate.obj  inftrees.obj &
15            trees.obj   uncompr.obj  zutil.obj

17 CC        =  wcc386
18 LINKER    =  wcl386
19 CFLAGS    =  -zq -mf -3r -fp3 -s -bt=dos -oilrtfm -fr=nul -wx
20 ZLIB_LIB  =  zlib_f.lib

22 .C.OBJ:
23     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) $[@

25 all: $(ZLIB_LIB) example.exe minigzip.exe

27 $(ZLIB_LIB): $(OBJS)
28     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --adler32.obj  --compress.obj  --crc32.obj
29     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --gzclose.obj  --gzlib.obj     --gzread.obj   --gz
30     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --deflate.obj  --infback.obj   --inffast.obj  --inftrees.obj
31     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --inffast.obj  --inflate.obj  --inftrees.obj
32     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --trees.obj   --uncompr.obj  --zutil.obj

34 example.exe: $(ZLIB_LIB) example.obj
35     $(LINKER) -ldos32a -fe=example.exe example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

37 minigzip.exe: $(ZLIB_LIB) minigzip.obj
38     $(LINKER) -ldos32a -fe=minigzip.exe minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

40 clean: .SYMBOLIC
41     del *.obj
42     del $(ZLIB_LIB)
43     @echo Cleaning done
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/watcom/watcom_l.mak

1

1407 Wed Apr 1 15:57:32 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/watcom/watcom_l.mak

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 # Makefile for zlib
2 # OpenWatcom large model
3 # Last updated: 28-Dec-2005

5 # To use, do "wmake -f watcom_l.mak"

7 C_SOURCE =  adler32.c  compress.c  crc32.c  deflate.c  &
8             gzclose.c  gzlib.c     gzread.c  gzwrite.c  &
9             inffback.c  inffast.c   inflate.c  inftrees.c  &
10            trees.c     uncompr.c   zutil.c

12 OBJS =      adler32.obj  compress.obj  crc32.obj  deflate.obj  &
13            gzclose.obj  gzlib.obj     gzread.obj  gzwrite.obj  &
14            inffback.obj  inffast.obj  inflate.obj  inftrees.obj  &
15            trees.obj    uncompr.obj   zutil.obj

17 CC        =  wcc
18 LINKER    =  wcl
19 CFLAGS    =  -zq -ml -s -bt=dos -oilrtfm -fr=nul -wx
20 ZLIB_LIB  =  zlib_l.lib

22 .C.OBJ:
23     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) $[@

25 all: $(ZLIB_LIB) example.exe minigzip.exe

27 $(ZLIB_LIB): $(OBJS)
28     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --adler32.obj  --compress.obj  --crc32.obj
29     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --gzclose.obj  --gzlib.obj     --gzread.obj   --gz
30     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --deflate.obj  --inffback.obj  --inffast.obj  --inftrees.obj
31     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --inffast.obj  --inflate.obj  --inftrees.obj
32     wlib -b -c $(ZLIB_LIB) --trees.obj    --uncompr.obj  --zutil.obj

34 example.exe: $(ZLIB_LIB) example.obj
35     $(LINKER) -fe=example.exe example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

37 minigzip.exe: $(ZLIB_LIB) minigzip.obj
38     $(LINKER) -fe=minigzip.exe minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)

40 clean: .SYMBOLIC
41     del *.obj
42     del $(ZLIB_LIB)
43     @echo Cleaning done
```

```
*****
17921 Wed Apr 1 15:57:32 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/DLL_FAQ.txt
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
```

2 Frequently Asked Questions about ZLIB1.DLL

5 This document describes the design, the rationale, and the usage
6 of the official DLL build of zlib, named ZLIB1.DLL. If you have
7 general questions about zlib, you should see the file "FAQ" found
8 in the zlib distribution, or at the following location:
9 http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_faq.html

12 1. What is ZLIB1.DLL, and how can I get it?

14 - ZLIB1.DLL is the official build of zlib as a DLL.
15 (Please remark the character '1' in the name.)

17 Pointers to a precompiled ZLIB1.DLL can be found in the zlib
18 web site at:
19 <http://www.zlib.net/>

21 Applications that link to ZLIB1.DLL can rely on the following
22 specification:

- 24 * The exported symbols are exclusively defined in the source
- 25 files "zlib.h" and "zlib.def", found in an official zlib
- 26 source distribution.
- 27 * The symbols are exported by name, not by ordinal.
- 28 * The exported names are undecorated.
- 29 * The calling convention of functions is "C" (CDECL).
- 30 * The ZLIB1.DLL binary is linked to MSVCRT.DLL.

32 The archive in which ZLIB1.DLL is bundled contains compiled
33 test programs that must run with a valid build of ZLIB1.DLL.
34 It is recommended to download the prebuilt DLL from the zlib
35 web site, instead of building it yourself, to avoid potential
36 incompatibilities that could be introduced by your compiler
37 and build settings. If you do build the DLL yourself, please
38 make sure that it complies with all the above requirements,
39 and it runs with the precompiled test programs, bundled with
40 the original ZLIB1.DLL distribution.

42 If, for any reason, you need to build an incompatible DLL,
43 please use a different file name.

46 2. Why did you change the name of the DLL to ZLIB1.DLL? 47 What happened to the old ZLIB.DLL?

49 - The old ZLIB.DLL, built from zlib-1.1.4 or earlier, required
50 compilation settings that were incompatible to those used by
51 a static build. The DLL settings were supposed to be enabled
52 by defining the macro ZLIB_DLL, before including "zlib.h".
53 Incorrect handling of this macro was silently accepted at
54 build time, resulting in two major problems:

- 56 * ZLIB_DLL was missing from the old makefile. When building
- 57 the DLL, not all people added it to the build options. In
- 58 consequence, incompatible incarnations of ZLIB.DLL started
- 59 to circulate around the net.

61 * When switching from using the static library to using the
62 DLL, applications had to define the ZLIB_DLL macro and
63 to recompile all the sources that contained calls to zlib
64 functions. Failure to do so resulted in creating binaries
65 that were unable to run with the official ZLIB.DLL build.

67 The only possible solution that we could foresee was to make
68 a binary-incompatible change in the DLL interface, in order to
69 remove the dependency on the ZLIB_DLL macro, and to release
70 the new DLL under a different name.

72 We chose the name ZLIB1.DLL, where '1' indicates the major
73 zlib version number. We hope that we will not have to break
74 the binary compatibility again, at least not as long as the
75 zlib-1.x series will last.

77 There is still a ZLIB_DLL macro, that can trigger a more
78 efficient build and use of the DLL, but compatibility no
79 longer depends on it.

82 3. Can I build ZLIB.DLL from the new zlib sources, and replace 83 an old ZLIB.DLL, that was built from zlib-1.1.4 or earlier?

85 - In principle, you can do it by assigning calling convention
86 keywords to the macros ZEXPORT and ZEXPORTVA. In practice,
87 it depends on what you mean by "an old ZLIB.DLL", because the
88 old DLL exists in several mutually-incompatible versions.
89 You have to find out first what kind of calling convention is
90 being used in your particular ZLIB.DLL build, and to use the
91 same one in the new build. If you don't know what this is all
92 about, you might be better off if you would just leave the old
93 DLL intact.

96 4. Can I compile my application using the new zlib interface, and 97 link it to an old ZLIB.DLL, that was built from zlib-1.1.4 or 98 earlier?

100 - The official answer is "no"; the real answer depends again on
101 what kind of ZLIB.DLL you have. Even if you are lucky, this
102 course of action is unreliable.

104 If you rebuild your application and you intend to use a newer
105 version of zlib (post- 1.1.4), it is strongly recommended to
106 link it to the new ZLIB1.DLL.

109 5. Why are the zlib symbols exported by name, and not by ordinal?

111 - Although exporting symbols by ordinal is a little faster, it
112 is risky. Any single glitch in the maintenance or use of the
113 DEF file that contains the ordinals can result in incompatible
114 builds and frustrating crashes. Simply put, the benefits of
115 exporting symbols by ordinal do not justify the risks.

117 Technically, it should be possible to maintain ordinals in
118 the DEF file, and still export the symbols by name. Ordinals
119 exist in every DLL, and even if the dynamic linking performed
120 at the DLL startup is searching for names, ordinals serve as
121 hints, for a faster name lookup. However, if the DEF file
122 contains ordinals, the Microsoft linker automatically builds
123 an implib that will cause the executables linked to it to use
124 those ordinals, and not the names. It is interesting to
125 notice that the GNU linker for Win32 does not suffer from this
126 problem.

128 It is possible to avoid the DEF file if the exported symbols
 129 are accompanied by a "__declspec(dllexport)" attribute in the
 130 source files. You can do this in zlib by predefining the
 131 ZLIB_DLL macro.

134 6. I see that the ZLIB1.DLL functions use the "C" (CDECL) calling
 135 convention. Why not use the STDCALL convention?
 136 STDCALL is the standard convention in Win32, and I need it in
 137 my Visual Basic project!

139 (For readability, we use CDECL to refer to the convention
 140 triggered by the "__cdecl" keyword, STDCALL to refer to
 141 the convention triggered by "_stdcall", and FASTCALL to
 142 refer to the convention triggered by "__fastcall".)

144 - Most of the native Windows API functions (without varargs) use
 145 indeed the WINAPI convention (which translates to STDCALL in
 146 Win32), but the standard C functions use CDECL. If a user
 147 application is intrinsically tied to the Windows API (e.g.
 148 it calls native Windows API functions such as CreateFile()),
 149 sometimes it makes sense to decorate its own functions with
 150 WINAPI. But if ANSI C or POSIX portability is a goal (e.g.
 151 it calls standard C functions such as fopen()), it is not a
 152 sound decision to request the inclusion of <windows.h>, or to
 153 use non-ANSI constructs, for the sole purpose to make the user
 154 functions STDCALL-able.

156 The functionality offered by zlib is not in the category of
 157 "Windows functionality", but is more like "C functionality".

159 Technically, STDCALL is not bad; in fact, it is slightly
 160 faster than CDECL, and it works with variable-argument
 161 functions, just like CDECL. It is unfortunate that, in spite
 162 of using STDCALL in the Windows API, it is not the default
 163 convention used by the C compilers that run under Windows.
 164 The roots of the problem reside deep inside the unsafety of
 165 the K&R-style function prototypes, where the argument types
 166 are not specified; but that is another story for another day.

168 The remaining fact is that CDECL is the default convention.
 169 Even if an explicit convention is hard-coded into the function
 170 prototypes inside C headers, problems may appear. The
 171 necessity to expose the convention in users' callbacks is one
 172 of these problems.

174 The calling convention issues are also important when using
 175 zlib in other programming languages. Some of them, like Ada
 176 (GNAT) and Fortran (GNU G77), have C bindings implemented
 177 initially on Unix, and relying on the C calling convention.
 178 On the other hand, the pre-.NET versions of Microsoft Visual
 179 Basic require STDCALL, while Borland Delphi prefers, although
 180 it does not require, FASTCALL.

182 In fairness to all possible uses of zlib outside the C
 183 programming language, we choose the default "C" convention.
 184 Anyone interested in different bindings or conventions is
 185 encouraged to maintain specialized projects. The "contrib/"
 186 directory from the zlib distribution already holds a couple
 187 of foreign bindings, such as Ada, C++, and Delphi.

190 7. I need a DLL for my Visual Basic project. What can I do?
 192 - Define the ZLIB_WINAPI macro before including "zlib.h", when

193 building both the DLL and the user application (except that
 194 you don't need to define anything when using the DLL in Visual
 195 Basic). The ZLIB_WINAPI macro will switch on the WINAPI
 196 (STDCALL) convention. The name of this DLL must be different
 197 than the official ZLIB1.DLL.

199 Gilles Vollant has contributed a build named ZLIBWAPI.DLL,
 200 with the ZLIB_WINAPI macro turned on, and with the minizip
 201 functionality built in. For more information, please read
 202 the notes inside "contrib/vstudio/readme.txt", found in the
 203 zlib distribution.

206 8. I need to use zlib in my Microsoft .NET project. What can I
 207 do?

209 - Henrik Ravn has contributed a .NET wrapper around zlib. Look
 210 into contrib/dotzlib/, inside the zlib distribution.

213 9. If my application uses ZLIB1.DLL, should I link it to
 214 MSVCRT.DLL? Why?

216 - It is not required, but it is recommended to link your
 217 application to MSVCRT.DLL, if it uses ZLIB1.DLL.

219 The executables (.EXE, .DLL, etc.) that are involved in the
 220 same process and are using the C run-time library (i.e. they
 221 are calling standard C functions), must link to the same
 222 library. There are several libraries in the Win32 system:
 223 CRTDLL.DLL, MSVCRT.DLL, the static C libraries, etc.
 224 Since ZLIB1.DLL is linked to MSVCRT.DLL, the executables that
 225 depend on it should also be linked to MSVCRT.DLL.

228 10. Why are you saying that ZLIB1.DLL and my application should
 229 be linked to the same C run-time (CRT) library? I linked my
 230 application and my DLLs to different C libraries (e.g. my
 231 application to a static library, and my DLLs to MSVCRT.DLL),
 232 and everything works fine.

234 - If a user library invokes only pure Win32 API (accessible via
 235 <windows.h> and the related headers), its DLL build will work
 236 in any context. But if this library invokes standard C API,
 237 things get more complicated.

239 There is a single Win32 library in a Win32 system. Every
 240 function in this library resides in a single DLL module, that
 241 is safe to call from anywhere. On the other hand, there are
 242 multiple versions of the C library, and each of them has its
 243 own separate internal state. Standalone executables and user
 244 DLLs that call standard C functions must link to a C run-time
 245 (CRT) library, be it static or shared (DLL). Intermixing
 246 occurs when an executable (not necessarily standalone) and a
 247 DLL are linked to different CRTs, and both are running in the
 248 same process.

250 Intermixing multiple CRTs is possible, as long as their
 251 internal states are kept intact. The Microsoft Knowledge Base
 252 articles KB94248 "HOWTO: Use the C Run-Time" and KB140584
 253 "HOWTO: Link with the Correct C Run-Time (CRT) Library"
 254 mention the potential problems raised by intermixing.

256 If intermixing works for you, it's because your application
 257 and DLLs are avoiding the corruption of each of the CRTs'
 258 internal states, maybe by careful design, or maybe by fortune.

260 Also note that linking ZLIB1.DLL to non-Microsoft CRTs, such
 261 as those provided by Borland, raises similar problems.

264 11. Why are you linking ZLIB1.DLL to MSVCRT.DLL?

266 - MSVCRT.DLL exists on every Windows 95 with a new service pack
 267 installed, or with Microsoft Internet Explorer 4 or later, and
 268 on all other Windows 4.x or later (Windows 98, Windows NT 4,
 269 or later). It is freely distributable; if not present in the
 270 system, it can be downloaded from Microsoft or from other
 271 software provider for free.

273 The fact that MSVCRT.DLL does not exist on a virgin Windows 95
 274 is not so problematic. Windows 95 is scarcely found nowadays,
 275 Microsoft ended its support a long time ago, and many recent
 276 applications from various vendors, including Microsoft, do not
 277 even run on it. Furthermore, no serious user should run
 278 Windows 95 without a proper update installed.

281 12. Why are you not linking ZLIB1.DLL to
 282 <<my favorite C run-time library>> ?

284 - We considered and abandoned the following alternatives:

286 * Linking ZLIB1.DLL to a static C library (LIBC.LIB, or
 287 LIBCMT.LIB) is not a good option. People are using the DLL
 288 mainly to save disk space. If you are linking your program
 289 to a static C library, you may as well consider linking zlib
 290 in statically, too.

292 * Linking ZLIB1.DLL to CRTDLL.DLL looks appealing, because
 293 CRTDLL.DLL is present on every Win32 installation.
 294 Unfortunately, it has a series of problems: it does not
 295 work properly with Microsoft's C++ libraries, it does not
 296 provide support for 64-bit file offsets, (and so on...),
 297 and Microsoft discontinued its support a long time ago.

299 * Linking ZLIB1.DLL to MSVCR70.DLL or MSVCR71.DLL, supplied
 300 with the Microsoft .NET platform, and Visual C++ 7.0/7.1,
 301 raises problems related to the status of ZLIB1.DLL as a
 302 system component. According to the Microsoft Knowledge Base
 303 article KB326922 "INFO: Redistribution of the Shared C
 304 Runtime Component in Visual C++ .NET", MSVCR70.DLL and
 305 MSVCR71.DLL are not supposed to function as system DLLs,
 306 because they may clash with MSVCRT.DLL. Instead, the
 307 application's installer is supposed to put these DLLs
 308 (if needed) in the application's private directory.
 309 If ZLIB1.DLL depends on a non-system runtime, it cannot
 310 function as a redistributable system component.

312 * Linking ZLIB1.DLL to non-Microsoft runtimes, such as
 313 Borland's, or Cygwin's, raises problems related to the
 314 reliable presence of these runtimes on Win32 systems.
 315 It's easier to let the DLL build of zlib up to the people
 316 who distribute these runtimes, and who may proceed as
 317 explained in the answer to Question 14.

320 13. If ZLIB1.DLL cannot be linked to MSVCR70.DLL or MSVCR71.DLL,
 321 how can I build/use ZLIB1.DLL in Microsoft Visual C++ 7.0
 322 (Visual Studio .NET) or newer?

324 - Due to the problems explained in the Microsoft Knowledge Base

325 article KB326922 (see the previous answer), the C runtime that
 326 comes with the VC7 environment is no longer considered a
 327 system component. That is, it should not be assumed that this
 328 runtime exists, or may be installed in a system directory.
 329 Since ZLIB1.DLL is supposed to be a system component, it may
 330 not depend on a non-system component.

332 In order to link ZLIB1.DLL and your application to MSVCRT.DLL
 333 in VC7, you need the library of Visual C++ 6.0 or older. If
 334 you don't have this library at hand, it's probably best not to
 335 use ZLIB1.DLL.

337 We are hoping that, in the future, Microsoft will provide a
 338 way to build applications linked to a proper system runtime,
 339 from the Visual C++ environment. Until then, you have a
 340 couple of alternatives, such as linking zlib in statically.
 341 If your application requires dynamic linking, you may proceed
 342 as explained in the answer to Question 14.

345 14. I need to link my own DLL build to a CRT different than
 346 MSVCRT.DLL. What can I do?

348 - Feel free to rebuild the DLL from the zlib sources, and link
 349 it the way you want. You should, however, clearly state that
 350 your build is unofficial. You should give it a different file
 351 name, and/or install it in a private directory that can be
 352 accessed by your application only, and is not visible to the
 353 others (i.e. it's neither in the PATH, nor in the SYSTEM or
 354 SYSTEM32 directories). Otherwise, your build may clash with
 355 applications that link to the official build.

357 For example, in Cygwin, zlib is linked to the Cygwin runtime
 358 CYGWIN1.DLL, and it is distributed under the name CYGZ.DLL.

361 15. May I include additional pieces of code that I find useful,
 362 link them in ZLIB1.DLL, and export them?

364 - No. A legitimate build of ZLIB1.DLL must not include code
 365 that does not originate from the official zlib source code.
 366 But you can make your own private DLL build, under a different
 367 file name, as suggested in the previous answer.

369 For example, zlib is a part of the VCL library, distributed
 370 with Borland Delphi and C++ Builder. The DLL build of VCL
 371 is a redistributable file, named VCLxx.DLL.

374 16. May I remove some functionality out of ZLIB1.DLL, by enabling
 375 macros like NO_GZCOMPRESS or NO_GZIP at compile time?

377 - No. A legitimate build of ZLIB1.DLL must provide the complete
 378 zlib functionality, as implemented in the official zlib source
 379 code. But you can make your own private DLL build, under a
 380 different file name, as suggested in the previous answer.

383 17. I made my own ZLIB1.DLL build. Can I test it for compliance?

385 - We prefer that you download the official DLL from the zlib
 386 web site. If you need something peculiar from this DLL, you
 387 can send your suggestion to the zlib mailing list.

389 However, in case you do rebuild the DLL yourself, you can run
 390 it with the test programs found in the DLL distribution.

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/DLL_FAQ.txt

7

391 Running these test programs is not a guarantee of compliance,
392 but a failure can imply a detected problem.

394 **

396 This document is written and maintained by
397 Cosmin Truta <cosmint@cs.ubbcluj.ro>

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/Makefile.bor

1

```
*****
2587 Wed Apr 1 15:57:32 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/Makefile.bor
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib
2 # Borland C++ for Win32
3 #
4 # Usage:
5 # make -f win32/Makefile.bor
6 # make -f win32/Makefile.bor LOCAL_ZLIB=-DASMV OBJA=match.obj OBJPA=+match.obj
7
8 # ----- Borland C++ -----
9
10 # Optional nonstandard preprocessor flags (e.g. -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7)
11 # should be added to the environment via "set LOCAL_ZLIB=-DFOO" or
12 # added to the declaration of LOC here:
13 LOC = $(LOCAL_ZLIB)
14
15 CC = bcc32
16 AS = bcc32
17 LD = bcc32
18 AR = tlib
19 CFLAGS = -a -d -k- -O2 $(LOC)
20 ASFLAGS = $(LOC)
21 LDFLAGS = $(LOC)
22
23
24 # variables
25 ZLIB_LIB = zlib.lib
26
27 OBJ1 = adler32.obj compress.obj crc32.obj deflate.obj gzclose.obj gzlib.obj gzre
28 OBJ2 = gzwrite.obj infback.obj inffast.obj inflate.obj inftrees.obj trees.obj un
29 #OBJA =
30 OBJP1 = +adler32.obj+compress.obj+crc32.obj+deflate.obj+gzclose.obj+gzlib.obj+gz
31 OBJP2 = +gzwrite.obj+infback.obj+inffast.obj+inflate.obj+inftrees.obj+trees.obj+
32 #OBJPA=
33
34
35 # targets
36 all: $(ZLIB_LIB) example.exe minigzip.exe
37
38 .c.obj:
39     $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) $<
40
41 .asm.obj:
42     $(AS) -c $(ASFLAGS) $<
43
44 adler32.obj: adler32.c zlib.h zconf.h
45
46 compress.obj: compress.c zlib.h zconf.h
47
48 crc32.obj: crc32.c zlib.h zconf.h crc32.h
49
50 deflate.obj: deflate.c deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
51
52 gzclose.obj: gzclose.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
53
54 gzlib.obj: gzlib.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
55
56 gzread.obj: gzread.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
57
58 gzwrite.obj: gzwrite.c zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
59
60 infback.obj: infback.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/Makefile.bor

2

```
61 inffast.h inffixed.h
62
63 inffast.obj: inffast.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
64 inffast.h
65
66 inflate.obj: inflate.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h \
67 inffast.h inffixed.h
68
69 inftrees.obj: inftrees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
70
71 trees.obj: trees.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h deflate.h trees.h
72
73 uncompr.obj: uncompr.c zlib.h zconf.h
74
75 zutil.obj: zutil.c zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
76
77 example.obj: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h
78
79 minigzip.obj: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h
80
81
82 # For the sake of the old Borland make,
83 # the command line is cut to fit in the MS-DOS 128 byte limit:
84 $(ZLIB_LIB): $(OBJ1) $(OBJ2) $(OBJA)
85     -del $(ZLIB_LIB)
86     $(AR) $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJP1)
87     $(AR) $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJP2)
88     $(AR) $(ZLIB_LIB) $(OBJPA)
89
90
91 # testing
92 test: example.exe minigzip.exe
93     example
94     echo hello world | minigzip | minigzip -d
95
96 example.exe: example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
97     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) example.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
98
99 minigzip.exe: minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
100     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) minigzip.obj $(ZLIB_LIB)
101
102
103 # cleanup
104 clean:
105     -del $(ZLIB_LIB)
106     -del *.obj
107     -del *.exe
108     -del *.tds
109     -del zlib.bak
110     -del foo.gz
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/Makefile.gcc

1

```
*****
5117 Wed Apr 1 15:57:32 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/Makefile.gcc
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib, derived from Makefile.dj2.
2 # Modified for mingw32 by C. Spieler, 6/16/98.
3 # Updated for zlib 1.2.x by Christian Spieler and Cosmin Truta, Mar-2003.
4 # Last updated: Mar 2012.
5 # Tested under Cygwin and MinGW.

7 # Copyright (C) 1995-2003 Jean-loup Gailly.
8 # For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

10 # To compile, or to compile and test, type from the top level zlib directory:
11 #
12 #   make -fwin32/Makefile.gcc; make test testdll -fwin32/Makefile.gcc
13 #
14 # To use the asm code, type:
15 #   cp contrib/asm?86/match.S ./match.S
16 #   make LOC=-DASMV OBJA=match.o -fwin32/Makefile.gcc
17 #
18 # To install libz.a, zconf.h and zlib.h in the system directories, type:
19 #
20 #   make install -fwin32/Makefile.gcc
21 #
22 # BINARY_PATH, INCLUDE_PATH and LIBRARY_PATH must be set.
23 #
24 # To install the shared lib, append SHARED_MODE=1 to the make command :
25 #
26 #   make install -fwin32/Makefile.gcc SHARED_MODE=1

28 # Note:
29 # If the platform is *not* MinGW (e.g. it is Cygwin or UWIN),
30 # the DLL name should be changed from "zlib1.dll".

32 STATICLIB = libz.a
33 SHAREDLIB = zlib1.dll
34 IMPLIB    = libz.dll.a

36 #
37 # Set to 1 if shared object needs to be installed
38 #
39 SHARED_MODE=0

41 #LOC = -DASMV
42 #LOC = -DDEBUG -g

44 PREFIX =
45 CC = $(PREFIX)gcc
46 CFLAGS = $(LOC) -O3 -Wall

48 AS = $(CC)
49 ASFLAGS = $(LOC) -Wall

51 LD = $(CC)
52 LDFLAGS = $(LOC)

54 AR = $(PREFIX)ar
55 ARFLAGS = rcs

57 RC = $(PREFIX)windres
58 RCFLAGS = --define GCC_WINDRES

60 STRIP = $(PREFIX)strip
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/Makefile.gcc

2

```
62 CP = cp -fp
63 # If GNU install is available, replace $(CP) with install.
64 INSTALL = $(CP)
65 RM = rm -f

67 prefix ?= /usr/local
68 exec_prefix = $(prefix)

70 OBJS = adler32.o compress.o crc32.o deflate.o gzclose.o gzlib.o gzread.o \
71        gzwrite.o infback.o inffast.o inflate.o inftrees.o trees.o uncompress.o zutil.o
72 OBJA =

74 all: $(STATICLIB) $(SHAREDLIB) $(IMPLIB) example.exe minigzip.exe example_d.exe

76 test: example.exe minigzip.exe
77     ./example
78     echo hello world | ./minigzip | ./minigzip -d

80 testdll: example_d.exe minigzip_d.exe
81     ./example_d
82     echo hello world | ./minigzip_d | ./minigzip_d -d

84 .c.o:
85     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c -o $@ $<

87 .S.o:
88     $(AS) $(ASFLAGS) -c -o $@ $<

90 $(STATICLIB): $(OBJS) $(OBJA)
91     $(AR) $(ARFLAGS) $@ $(OBJS) $(OBJA)

93 $(IMPLIB): $(SHAREDLIB)

95 $(SHAREDLIB): win32/zlib.def $(OBJS) $(OBJA) zlibcrc.o
96     $(CC) -shared -Wl,--out-implib,$(IMPLIB) $(LDFLAGS) \
97     -o $@ win32/zlib.def $(OBJS) $(OBJA) zlibcrc.o
98     $(STRIP) $@

100 example.exe: example.o $(STATICLIB)
101     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) -o $@ example.o $(STATICLIB)
102     $(STRIP) $@

104 minigzip.exe: minigzip.o $(STATICLIB)
105     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) -o $@ minigzip.o $(STATICLIB)
106     $(STRIP) $@

108 example_d.exe: example.o $(IMPLIB)
109     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) -o $@ example.o $(IMPLIB)
110     $(STRIP) $@

112 minigzip_d.exe: minigzip.o $(IMPLIB)
113     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) -o $@ minigzip.o $(IMPLIB)
114     $(STRIP) $@

116 example.o: test/example.c zlib.h zconf.h
117     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -c -o $@ test/example.c

119 minigzip.o: test/minigzip.c zlib.h zconf.h
120     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I. -c -o $@ test/minigzip.c

122 zlibcrc.o: win32/zlib1.rc
123     $(RC) $(RCFLAGS) -o $@ win32/zlib1.rc

125 .PHONY: install uninstall clean
```

```

127 install: zlib.h zconf.h $(STATICLIB) $(IMPLIB)
128     @if test -z "$(DESTDIR)$(INCLUDE_PATH)" -o -z "$(DESTDIR)$(LIBRARY_PATH)
129         echo INCLUDE_PATH, LIBRARY_PATH, and BINARY_PATH must be specifi
130         exit 1; \
131     fi
132     @mkdir -p '$(DESTDIR)$(INCLUDE_PATH)'
133     @mkdir -p '$(DESTDIR)$(LIBRARY_PATH)' '$(DESTDIR)$(LIBRARY_PATH)'/pkgco
134     -if [ "$(SHARED_MODE)" = "1" ]; then \
135         mkdir -p '$(DESTDIR)$(BINARY_PATH)'; \
136         $(INSTALL) $(SHAREDLIB) '$(DESTDIR)$(BINARY_PATH)'; \
137         $(INSTALL) $(IMPLIB) '$(DESTDIR)$(LIBRARY_PATH)'; \
138     fi
139     -$(INSTALL) zlib.h '$(DESTDIR)$(INCLUDE_PATH)'
140     -$(INSTALL) zconf.h '$(DESTDIR)$(INCLUDE_PATH)'
141     -$(INSTALL) $(STATICLIB) '$(DESTDIR)$(LIBRARY_PATH)'
142     sed \
143         -e 's|@prefix@|${prefix}|g' \
144         -e 's|@exec_prefix@|${exec_prefix}|g' \
145         -e 's|@libdir@|$(LIBRARY_PATH)|g' \
146         -e 's|@sharedlibdir@|$(LIBRARY_PATH)|g' \
147         -e 's|@includedir@|$(INCLUDE_PATH)|g' \
148         -e 's|@VERSION@|`sed -n -e '/VERSION /s/.*\(.*)`.*/\1/p' zli
149         zlib.pc.in > '$(DESTDIR)$(LIBRARY_PATH)'/pkgconfig/zlib.pc

151 uninstall:
152     -if [ "$(SHARED_MODE)" = "1" ]; then \
153         $(RM) '$(DESTDIR)$(BINARY_PATH)'/$(SHAREDLIB); \
154         $(RM) '$(DESTDIR)$(LIBRARY_PATH)'/$(IMPLIB); \
155     fi
156     -$(RM) '$(DESTDIR)$(INCLUDE_PATH)'/zlib.h
157     -$(RM) '$(DESTDIR)$(INCLUDE_PATH)'/zconf.h
158     -$(RM) '$(DESTDIR)$(LIBRARY_PATH)'/$(STATICLIB)

160 clean:
161     -$(RM) $(STATICLIB)
162     -$(RM) $(SHAREDLIB)
163     -$(RM) $(IMPLIB)
164     -$(RM) *.o
165     -$(RM) *.exe
166     -$(RM) foo.gz

168 Adler32.o: zlib.h zconf.h
169 compress.o: zlib.h zconf.h
170 crc32.o: crc32.h zlib.h zconf.h
171 deflate.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h
172 gzclose.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
173 gzlib.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
174 gzread.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
175 gzwrite.o: zlib.h zconf.h gzguts.h
176 inffast.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
177 inflate.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
178 inffast.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h inflate.h inffast.h
179 inftrees.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h inftrees.h
180 trees.o: deflate.h zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h trees.h
181 uncompr.o: zlib.h zconf.h
182 zutil.o: zutil.h zlib.h zconf.h

```

```

*****
4937 Wed Apr 1 15:57:33 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/Makefile.msc
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 # Makefile for zlib using Microsoft (Visual) C
2 # zlib is copyright (C) 1995-2006 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler
3 #
4 # Usage:
5 # nmake -f win32/Makefile.msc          (standard build)
6 # nmake -f win32/Makefile.msc LOC=-DFOO (nonstandard build)
7 # nmake -f win32/Makefile.msc LOC="-DASMV -DASMINF" \
8 # OBJA="inffas32.obj match686.obj"      (use ASM code, x86)
9 # nmake -f win32/Makefile.msc AS=ml64 LOC="-DASMV -DASMINF -I." \
10 # OBJA="inffasx64.obj gvmat64.obj inffas8664.obj" (use ASM code, x64)

12 # The toplevel directory of the source tree.
13 #
14 TOP = .

16 # optional build flags
17 LOC =

19 # variables
20 STATICLIB = zlib.lib
21 SHAREDLIB = zlib1.dll
22 IMPLIB = zdll.lib

24 CC = cl
25 AS = ml
26 LD = link
27 AR = lib
28 RC = rc
29 CFLAGS = -nologo -MD -W3 -O2 -Oy- -Zi -Fd"zlib" $(LOC)
30 WFLAGS = -D_CRT_SECURE_NO_DEPRECATED -D_CRT_NONSTDC_NO_DEPRECATED
31 ASFLAGS = -coff -Zi $(LOC)
32 LDFLAGS = -nologo -debug -incremental:no -opt:ref
33 ARFLAGS = -nologo
34 RCFLAGS = /dWIN32 /r

36 OBJS = adler32.obj compress.obj crc32.obj deflate.obj gzclose.obj gzlib.obj gzre
37 gzwrite.obj infback.obj inflate.obj inftrees.obj inffast.obj trees.obj un
38 OBJA =

41 # targets
42 all: $(STATICLIB) $(SHAREDLIB) $(IMPLIB) \
43     example.exe minigzip.exe example_d.exe minigzip_d.exe

45 $(STATICLIB): $(OBJS) $(OBJA)
46     $(AR) $(ARFLAGS) -out:$@ $(OBJS) $(OBJA)

48 $(IMPLIB): $(SHAREDLIB)

50 $(SHAREDLIB): $(TOP)/win32/zlib.def $(OBJS) $(OBJA) zlib1.res
51     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) -def:$(TOP)/win32/zlib.def -dll -implib:$(IMPLIB) \
52     -out:$@ -base:0x5A4C0000 $(OBJS) $(OBJA) zlib1.res
53     if exist $@.manifest \
54     mt -nologo -manifest $@.manifest -outputresource:$@;2

56 example.exe: example.obj $(STATICLIB)
57     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) example.obj $(STATICLIB)
58     if exist $@.manifest \
59     mt -nologo -manifest $@.manifest -outputresource:$@;1

```

```

61 minigzip.exe: minigzip.obj $(STATICLIB)
62     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) minigzip.obj $(STATICLIB)
63     if exist $@.manifest \
64     mt -nologo -manifest $@.manifest -outputresource:$@;1

66 example_d.exe: example.obj $(IMPLIB)
67     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) -out:$@ example.obj $(IMPLIB)
68     if exist $@.manifest \
69     mt -nologo -manifest $@.manifest -outputresource:$@;1

71 minigzip_d.exe: minigzip.obj $(IMPLIB)
72     $(LD) $(LDFLAGS) -out:$@ minigzip.obj $(IMPLIB)
73     if exist $@.manifest \
74     mt -nologo -manifest $@.manifest -outputresource:$@;1

76 ${$(TOP)}.c.obj:
77     $(CC) -c $(WFLAGS) $(CFLAGS) $<

79 ${$(TOP)/test}.c.obj:
80     $(CC) -c -I$(TOP) $(WFLAGS) $(CFLAGS) $<

82 ${$(TOP)/contrib/masmx64}.c.obj:
83     $(CC) -c $(WFLAGS) $(CFLAGS) $<

85 ${$(TOP)/contrib/masmx64}.asm.obj:
86     $(AS) -c $(ASFLAGS) $<

88 ${$(TOP)/contrib/masmx86}.asm.obj:
89     $(AS) -c $(ASFLAGS) $<

91 adler32.obj: $(TOP)/adler32.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h

93 compress.obj: $(TOP)/compress.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h

95 crc32.obj: $(TOP)/crc32.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TOP)/crc32.h

97 deflate.obj: $(TOP)/deflate.c $(TOP)/deflate.h $(TOP)/zutil.h $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TO

99 gzclose.obj: $(TOP)/gzclose.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TOP)/gzguts.h

101 gzlib.obj: $(TOP)/gzlib.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TOP)/gzguts.h

103 gzread.obj: $(TOP)/gzread.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TOP)/gzguts.h

105 gzwrite.obj: $(TOP)/gzwrite.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TOP)/gzguts.h

107 infback.obj: $(TOP)/infback.c $(TOP)/zutil.h $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TOP)
108     $(TOP)/inffast.h $(TOP)/inffixed.h

110 inffast.obj: $(TOP)/inffast.c $(TOP)/zutil.h $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TOP)
111     $(TOP)/inffast.h

113 inflate.obj: $(TOP)/inflate.c $(TOP)/zutil.h $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TOP)
114     $(TOP)/inffast.h $(TOP)/inffixed.h

116 inftrees.obj: $(TOP)/infrees.c $(TOP)/zutil.h $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TO

118 trees.obj: $(TOP)/trees.c $(TOP)/zutil.h $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h $(TOP)/def

120 uncompr.obj: $(TOP)/uncompr.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h

122 zutil.obj: $(TOP)/zutil.c $(TOP)/zutil.h $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h

124 gvmat64.obj: $(TOP)/contrib/masmx64\gvmat64.asm

126 inffasx64.obj: $(TOP)/contrib/masmx64\inffasx64.asm

```

```
128 inffas8664.obj: $(TOP)/contrib\masmx64\inffas8664.c $(TOP)/zutil.h $(TOP)/zlib.h
129             $(TOP)/inftrees.h $(TOP)/inflate.h $(TOP)/inffast.h

131 inffas32.obj: $(TOP)/contrib\masmx86\inffas32.asm

133 match686.obj: $(TOP)/contrib\masmx86\match686.asm

135 example.obj: $(TOP)/test/example.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h

137 minigzip.obj: $(TOP)/test/minigzip.c $(TOP)/zlib.h $(TOP)/zconf.h

139 zlib1.res: $(TOP)/win32/zlib1.rc
140             $(RC) $(RCFLAGS) /fo$@ $(TOP)/win32/zlib1.rc

142 # testing
143 test: example.exe minigzip.exe
144     example
145     echo hello world | minigzip | minigzip -d

147 testdll: example_d.exe minigzip_d.exe
148     example_d
149     echo hello world | minigzip_d | minigzip_d -d

152 # cleanup
153 clean:
154     -del $(STATICLIB)
155     -del $(SHAREDLIB)
156     -del $(IMPLIB)
157     -del *.obj
158     -del *.res
159     -del *.exp
160     -del *.exe
161     -del *.pdb
162     -del *.manifest
163     -del foo.gz
```

4868 Wed Apr 1 15:57:33 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/README-WIN32.txt

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 ZLIB DATA COMPRESSION LIBRARY

3 zlib 1.2.8 is a general purpose data compression library. All the code is
4 thread safe. The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs
5 (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files
6 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt> (zlib format), [rfc1951.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt) (deflate format)
7 and [rfc1952.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt) (gzip format).

9 All functions of the compression library are documented in the file `zlib.h`
10 (volunteer to write man pages welcome, contact zlib@zip.org). Two compiled
11 examples are distributed in this package, `example` and `minigzip`. The `example_d`
12 and `minigzip_d` flavors validate that the `zlib1.dll` file is working correctly.

14 Questions about zlib should be sent to [<zlib@zip.org>](mailto:zlib@zip.org). The zlib home page
15 is <http://zlib.net/>. Before reporting a problem, please check this site to
16 verify that you have the latest version of zlib; otherwise get the latest
17 version and check whether the problem still exists or not.

19 PLEASE read `DLL_FAQ.txt`, and the the zlib FAQ http://zlib.net/zlib_faq.html
20 before asking for help.

23 Manifest:

25 The package `zlib-1.2.8-win32-x86.zip` will contain the following files:

27	<code>README-WIN32.txt</code>	This document
28	<code>ChangeLog</code>	Changes since previous zlib packages
29	<code>DLL_FAQ.txt</code>	Frequently asked questions about <code>zlib.dll</code>
30	<code>zlib.3.pdf</code>	Documentation of this library in Adobe Acrobat format
32	<code>example.exe</code>	A statically-bound example (using <code>zlib.lib</code> , not the <code>dll</code>)
33	<code>example.pdb</code>	Symbolic information for debugging <code>example.exe</code>
35	<code>example_d.exe</code>	A <code>zlib.dll</code> bound example (using <code>zdll.lib</code>)
36	<code>example_d.pdb</code>	Symbolic information for debugging <code>example_d.exe</code>
38	<code>minigzip.exe</code>	A statically-bound test program (using <code>zlib.lib</code> , not the <code>dll</code>)
39	<code>minigzip.pdb</code>	Symbolic information for debugging <code>minigzip.exe</code>
41	<code>minigzip_d.exe</code>	A <code>zlib.dll</code> bound test program (using <code>zdll.lib</code>)
42	<code>minigzip_d.pdb</code>	Symbolic information for debugging <code>minigzip_d.exe</code>
44	<code>zlib.h</code>	Install these files into the compilers' <code>INCLUDE</code> path to
45	<code>zconf.h</code>	compile programs which use <code>zlib.lib</code> or <code>zdll.lib</code>
47	<code>zdll.lib</code>	Install these files into the compilers' <code>LIB</code> path if linking
48	<code>zdll.exp</code>	a compiled program to the <code>zlib1.dll</code> binary
50	<code>zlib.lib</code>	Install these files into the compilers' <code>LIB</code> path to link zlib
51	<code>zlib.pdb</code>	into compiled programs, without <code>zlib1.dll</code> runtime dependency
52		(<code>zlib.pdb</code> provides debugging info to the compile time linker)
54	<code>zlib1.dll</code>	Install this binary shared library into the system <code>PATH</code> , or
55		the program's runtime directory (where the <code>.exe</code> resides)
56	<code>zlib1.pdb</code>	Install in the same directory as <code>zlib1.dll</code> , in order to debug
57		an application crash using WinDbg or similar tools.

59 All `.pdb` files above are entirely optional, but are very useful to a developer
60 attempting to diagnose program misbehavior or a crash. Many additional

61 important files for developers can be found in the `zlib127.zip` source package
62 available from <http://zlib.net/> - review that package's `README` file for details.

65 Acknowledgments:

67 The deflate format used by zlib was defined by Phil Katz. The deflate and
68 zlib specifications were written by L. Peter Deutsch. Thanks to all the
69 people who reported problems and suggested various improvements in zlib; they
70 are too numerous to cite here.

73 Copyright notice:

75 (C) 1995-2012 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

77 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
78 warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
79 arising from the use of this software.

81 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
82 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
83 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

- 85 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
86 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
87 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
88 appreciated but is not required.
- 89 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
90 misrepresented as being the original software.
- 91 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

93 Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
94 jloup@gzip.org madler@alummi.caltech.edu

96 If you use the zlib library in a product, we would appreciate *not* receiving
97 lengthy legal documents to sign. The sources are provided for free but without
98 warranty of any kind. The library has been entirely written by Jean-loup
99 Gailly and Mark Adler; it does not include third-party code.

101 If you redistribute modified sources, we would appreciate that you include in
102 the file `ChangeLog` history information documenting your changes. Please read
103 the FAQ for more information on the distribution of modified source versions.

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/VisualC.txt

1

```
*****  
117 Wed Apr 1 15:57:33 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/VisualC.txt  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****
```

- 2 To build zlib using the Microsoft Visual C++ environment,
- 3 use the appropriate project from the projects/ directory.


```

*****
1391 Wed Apr 1 15:57:33 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/zlib.def
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 ; zlib data compression library
2 EXPORTS
3 ; basic functions
4   zlibVersion
5   deflate
6   deflateEnd
7   inflate
8   inflateEnd
9 ; advanced functions
10  deflateSetDictionary
11  deflateCopy
12  deflateReset
13  deflateParams
14  deflateTune
15  deflateBound
16  deflatePending
17  deflatePrime
18  deflateSetHeader
19  inflateSetDictionary
20  inflateGetDictionary
21  inflateSync
22  inflateCopy
23  inflateReset
24  inflateReset2
25  inflatePrime
26  inflateMark
27  inflateGetHeader
28  inflateBack
29  inflateBackEnd
30  zlibCompileFlags
31 ; utility functions
32  compress
33  compress2
34  compressBound
35  uncompress
36  gzopen
37  gzdopen
38  gzbuffer
39  gzsetparams
40  gzread
41  gzwrite
42  gzprintf
43  gzvprintf
44  gzputs
45  gzgets
46  gzputc
47  gzgetc
48  gzungetc
49  gzflush
50  gzseek
51  gzrewind
52  gztell
53  gzoffset
54  gzEOF
55  gzdirect
56  gzclose
57  gzclose_r
58  gzclose_w
59  gzerror
60  gzclearerr

```

```

61 ; large file functions
62  gzopen64
63  gzseek64
64  gztell64
65  gzoffset64
66  Adler32_combine64
67  CRC32_combine64
68 ; checksum functions
69  Adler32
70  CRC32
71  Adler32_combine
72  CRC32_combine
73 ; various hacks, don't look :)
74  deflateInit_
75  deflateInit2_
76  inflateInit_
77  inflateInit2_
78  inflateBackInit_
79  gzgetc_
80  ZError
81  inflateSyncPoint
82  get_crc_table
83  inflateUndermine
84  inflateResetKeep
85  deflateResetKeep
86  gzopen_w

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/zlib1.rc

1

1138 Wed Apr 1 15:57:33 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/win32/zlib1.rc

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #include <winver.h>
2 #include "../zlib.h"

4 #ifdef GCC_WINDRES
5 VS_VERSION_INFO          VERSIONINFO
6 #else
7 VS_VERSION_INFO          VERSIONINFO          MOVEABLE IMPURE LOADONCALL DISCARDABLE
8 #endif
9 FILEVERSION              ZLIB_VER_MAJOR,ZLIB_VER_MINOR,ZLIB_VER_REVISION,0
10 PRODUCTVERSION          ZLIB_VER_MAJOR,ZLIB_VER_MINOR,ZLIB_VER_REVISION,0
11 FILEFLAGSMASK           VS_FF_FILEFLAGSMASK
12 #ifdef _DEBUG
13 FILEFLAGS                1
14 #else
15 FILEFLAGS                0
16 #endif
17 FILEOS                   VOS__WINDOWS32
18 FILETYPE                 VFT_DLL
19 FILESUBTYPE              0          // not used
20 BEGIN
21 BLOCK "StringFileInfo"
22 BEGIN
23 BLOCK "040904E4"
24 //language ID = U.S. English, char set = Windows, Multilingual
25 BEGIN
26 VALUE "FileDescription", "zlib data compression library\0"
27 VALUE "FileVersion",     ZLIB_VERSION "\0"
28 VALUE "InternalName",   "zlib1.dll\0"
29 VALUE "LegalCopyright", "(C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly & Mark Adler\0"
30 VALUE "OriginalFilename", "zlib1.dll\0"
31 VALUE "ProductName",    "zlib\0"
32 VALUE "ProductVersion",  ZLIB_VERSION "\0"
33 VALUE "Comments",       "For more information visit http://www.zlib.net/"
34 END
35 END
36 BLOCK "VarFileInfo"
37 BEGIN
38 VALUE "Translation", 0x0409, 1252
39 END
40 END
```

```

*****
15508 Wed Apr 1 15:57:33 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zconf.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zconf.h -- configuration of the zlib compression library
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly.
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* @(#) $Id$ */

8 #ifndef ZCONF_H
9 #define ZCONF_H

11 /*
12  * If you *really* need a unique prefix for all types and library functions,
13  * compile with -DZ_PREFIX. The "standard" zlib should be compiled without it.
14  * Even better than compiling with -DZ_PREFIX would be to use configure to set
15  * this permanently in zconf.h using "./configure --zprefix".
16  */
17 #ifndef Z_PREFIX /* may be set to #if 1 by ./configure */
18 # define Z_PREFIX_SET

20 /* all linked symbols */
21 # define _dist_code          z_dist_code
22 # define _length_code        z_length_code
23 # define _tr_align           z_tr_align
24 # define _tr_flush_bits      z_tr_flush_bits
25 # define _tr_flush_block     z_tr_flush_block
26 # define _tr_init             z_tr_init
27 # define _tr_stored_block    z_tr_stored_block
28 # define _tr_tally           z_tr_tally
29 # define _adler32            z_adler32
30 # define _adler32_combine    z_adler32_combine
31 # define _adler32_combine64  z_adler32_combine64
32 # ifndef Z_SOLO
33 #   define _compress          z_compress
34 #   define _compress2         z_compress2
35 #   define _compressBound     z_compressBound
36 # endif
37 # define _crc32               z_crc32
38 # define _crc32_combine       z_crc32_combine
39 # define _crc32_combine64     z_crc32_combine64
40 # define _deflate             z_deflate
41 # define _deflateBound        z_deflateBound
42 # define _deflateCopy         z_deflateCopy
43 # define _deflateEnd          z_deflateEnd
44 # define _deflateInit2_       z_deflateInit2_
45 # define _deflateInit_        z_deflateInit_
46 # define _deflateParams       z_deflateParams
47 # define _deflatePending      z_deflatePending
48 # define _deflatePrime        z_deflatePrime
49 # define _deflateReset        z_deflateReset
50 # define _deflateResetKeep    z_deflateResetKeep
51 # define _deflateSetDictionary z_deflateSetDictionary
52 # define _deflateSetHeader    z_deflateSetHeader
53 # define _deflateTune         z_deflateTune
54 # define _deflate_copyright   z_deflate_copyright
55 # define _get_crc_table       z_get_crc_table
56 # ifndef Z_SOLO
57 #   define _gz_error          z_gz_error
58 #   define _gz_intmax         z_gz_intmax
59 #   define _gz_strwinerror    z_gz_strwinerror
60 #   define _gzbuffer          z_gzbuffer

```

```

61 #   define _gzclearerr       z_gzclearerr
62 #   define _gzclose          z_gzclose
63 #   define _gzclose_r        z_gzclose_r
64 #   define _gzclose_w        z_gzclose_w
65 #   define _gzdirect         z_gzdirect
66 #   define _gzdopen          z_gzdopen
67 #   define _gzEOF            z_gzEOF
68 #   define _gzerror          z_gzerror
69 #   define _gzflush          z_gzflush
70 #   define _gzgetc           z_gzgetc
71 #   define _gzgetc_          z_gzgetc_
72 #   define _gzgets           z_gzgets
73 #   define _gzoffset         z_gzoffset
74 #   define _gzoffset64       z_gzoffset64
75 #   define _gzopen           z_gzopen
76 #   define _gzopen64         z_gzopen64
77 #   ifdef _WIN32
78 #     define _gzopen_w       z_gzopen_w
79 #   endif
80 #   define _gzprintf         z_gzprintf
81 #   define _gzvprintf        z_gzvprintf
82 #   define _gzputc           z_gzputc
83 #   define _gzputs           z_gzputs
84 #   define _gzread           z_gzread
85 #   define _gzrewind         z_gzrewind
86 #   define _gzseek           z_gzseek
87 #   define _gzseek64         z_gzseek64
88 #   define _gzsetparams      z_gzsetparams
89 #   define _gztell           z_gztell
90 #   define _gztell64         z_gztell64
91 #   define _gzungetc         z_gzungetc
92 #   define _gzwrite          z_gzwrite
93 # endif
94 # define inflate             z_inflate
95 # define inflateBack         z_inflateBack
96 # define inflateBackEnd     z_inflateBackEnd
97 # define inflateBackInit_   z_inflateBackInit_
98 # define inflateCopy         z_inflateCopy
99 # define inflateEnd          z_inflateEnd
100 # define inflateGetHeader    z_inflateGetHeader
101 # define inflateInit2_       z_inflateInit2_
102 # define inflateInit_        z_inflateInit_
103 # define inflateMark         z_inflateMark
104 # define inflatePrime        z_inflatePrime
105 # define inflateReset        z_inflateReset
106 # define inflateReset2       z_inflateReset2
107 # define inflateSetDictionary z_inflateSetDictionary
108 # define inflateGetDictionary z_inflateGetDictionary
109 # define inflateSync         z_inflateSync
110 # define inflateSyncPoint    z_inflateSyncPoint
111 # define inflateUndermine    z_inflateUndermine
112 # define inflateResetKeep    z_inflateResetKeep
113 # define inflate_copyright   z_inflate_copyright
114 # define inflate_fast        z_inflate_fast
115 # define inflate_table        z_inflate_table
116 # ifndef Z_SOLO
117 #   define _uncompress        z_uncompress
118 # endif
119 # define zError              z_zError
120 # ifndef Z_SOLO
121 #   define zcalloc            z_zcalloc
122 #   define zcfree             z_zcfree
123 # endif
124 # define zlibCompileFlags    z_zlibCompileFlags
125 # define zlibVersion          z_zlibVersion

```

```

127 /* all zlib typedefs in zlib.h and zconf.h */
128 # define Byte          z_Byte
129 # define Bytef         z_Bytef
130 # define alloc_func    z_alloc_func
131 # define charf        z_charf
132 # define free_func     z_free_func
133 # ifdef Z_SOLO
134 #   define gzFile       z_gzFile
135 # endif
136 # define gz_header     z_gz_header
137 # define gz_headerp   z_gz_headerp
138 # define in_func       z_in_func
139 # define intf          z_intf
140 # define out_func      z_out_func
141 # define uInt          z_uInt
142 # define uIntf         z_uIntf
143 # define uLong         z_uLong
144 # define uLongf        z_uLongf
145 # define voidp         z_voidp
146 # define voidpc        z_voidpc
147 # define voidpf        z_voidpf

149 /* all zlib structs in zlib.h and zconf.h */
150 # define gz_header_s   z_gz_header_s
151 # define internal_state z_internal_state

153 #endif

155 #if defined(__MSDOS__) && !defined(MSDOS)
156 # define MSDOS
157 #endif
158 #if (defined(OS_2) || defined(__OS2__)) && !defined(OS2)
159 # define OS2
160 #endif
161 #if defined(_WINDOWS) && !defined(WINDOWS)
162 # define WINDOWS
163 #endif
164 #if defined(_WIN32) || defined(WIN32_WCE) || defined(__WIN32__)
165 # ifndef WIN32
166 #   define WIN32
167 # endif
168 #endif
169 #if (defined(MSDOS) || defined(OS2) || defined(WINDOWS)) && !defined(WIN32)
170 # if !defined(__GNUC__) && !defined(__FLAT__) && !defined(__386__)
171 #   ifndef SYS16BIT
172 #     define SYS16BIT
173 #   endif
174 # endif
175 #endif

177 /*
178  * Compile with -DMAXSEG_64K if the alloc function cannot allocate more
179  * than 64k bytes at a time (needed on systems with 16-bit int).
180  */
181 #ifndef SYS16BIT
182 # define MAXSEG_64K
183 #endif
184 #ifndef MSDOS
185 # define UNALIGNED_OK
186 #endif

188 #ifndef __STDC_VERSION__
189 # ifndef STDC
190 #   define STDC
191 # endif
192 # if __STDC_VERSION__ >= 199901L

```

```

193 #   ifndef STDC99
194 #     define STDC99
195 #   endif
196 # endif
197 #endif
198 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(__STDC__) || defined(__cplusplus))
199 # define STDC
200 #endif
201 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(__GNUC__) || defined(__BORLANDC__))
202 # define STDC
203 #endif
204 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(MSDOS) || defined(WINDOWS) || defined(WIN32))
205 # define STDC
206 #endif
207 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(OS2) || defined(__HOS_AIX__))
208 # define STDC
209 #endif

211 #if defined(__OS400__) && !defined(STDC) /* iSeries (formerly AS/400). */
212 # define STDC
213 #endif

215 #ifndef STDC
216 # ifndef const /* cannot use !defined(STDC) && !defined(const) on Mac */
217 #   define const /* note: need a more gentle solution here */
218 # endif
219 #endif

221 #if defined(ZLIB_CONST) && !defined(z_const)
222 # define z_const const
223 #else
224 # define z_const
225 #endif

227 /* Some Mac compilers merge all .h files incorrectly: */
228 #if defined(__MWERKS__) || defined(applec) || defined(THINK_C) || defined(__SC__)
229 # define NO_DUMMY_DECL
230 #endif

232 /* Maximum value for memLevel in deflateInit2 */
233 #ifndef MAX_MEM_LEVEL
234 # ifdef MAXSEG_64K
235 #   define MAX_MEM_LEVEL 8
236 # else
237 #   define MAX_MEM_LEVEL 9
238 # endif
239 #endif

241 /* Maximum value for windowBits in deflateInit2 and inflateInit2.
242  * WARNING: reducing MAX_WBITS makes minigzip unable to extract .gz files
243  * created by gzip. (Files created by minigzip can still be extracted by
244  * gzip.)
245  */
246 #ifndef MAX_WBITS
247 # define MAX_WBITS 15 /* 32K LZ77 window */
248 #endif

250 /* The memory requirements for deflate are (in bytes):
251  (1 << (windowBits+2)) + (1 << (memLevel+9))
252  that is: 128K for windowBits=15 + 128K for memLevel = 8 (default values)
253  plus a few kilobytes for small objects. For example, if you want to reduce
254  the default memory requirements from 256K to 128K, compile with
255  make CFLAGS="-O -DMAX_WBITS=14 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7"
256  Of course this will generally degrade compression (there's no free lunch).

258  The memory requirements for inflate are (in bytes) 1 << windowBits

```

```

259 that is, 32K for windowBits=15 (default value) plus a few kilobytes
260 for small objects.
261 */

263 /* Type declarations */

265 #ifndef OF /* function prototypes */
266 # ifdef STDC
267 #  define OF(args) args
268 # else
269 #  define OF(args) ()
270 # endif
271 #endif

273 #ifndef Z_ARG /* function prototypes for stdarg */
274 # if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
275 #  define Z_ARG(args) args
276 # else
277 #  define Z_ARG(args) ()
278 # endif
279 #endif

281 /* The following definitions for FAR are needed only for MSDOS mixed
282 * model programming (small or medium model with some far allocations).
283 * This was tested only with MSC; for other MSDOS compilers you may have
284 * to define NO_MEMCPY in zutil.h.  If you don't need the mixed model,
285 * just define FAR to be empty.
286 */
287 #ifdef SYS16BIT
288 # if defined(M_I86SM) || defined(M_I86MM)
289 /* MSC small or medium model */
290 #  define SMALL_MEDIUM
291 #  ifdef _MSC_VER
292 #   define FAR _far
293 #  else
294 #   define FAR far
295 #  endif
296 # endif
297 # if (defined(__SMALL__) || defined(__MEDIUM__))
298 /* Turbo C small or medium model */
299 #  define SMALL_MEDIUM
300 #  ifdef __BORLANDC__
301 #   define FAR _far
302 #  else
303 #   define FAR far
304 #  endif
305 # endif
306 #endif

308 #if defined(WINDOWS) || defined(WIN32)
309 /* If building or using zlib as a DLL, define ZLIB_DLL.
310 * This is not mandatory, but it offers a little performance increase.
311 */
312 # ifdef ZLIB_DLL
313 #  if defined(WIN32) && (!defined(__BORLANDC__) || (__BORLANDC__ >= 0x500))
314 #   ifdef ZLIB_INTERNAL
315 #    define ZEXTERN extern __declspec(dllexport)
316 #   else
317 #    define ZEXTERN extern __declspec(dllimport)
318 #   endif
319 #  endif
320 # endif /* ZLIB_DLL */
321 /* If building or using zlib with the WINAPI/WINAPIV calling convention,
322 * define ZLIB_WINAPI.
323 * Caution: the standard ZLIB1.DLL is NOT compiled using ZLIB_WINAPI.
324 */

```

```

325 # ifdef ZLIB_WINAPI
326 #  ifdef FAR
327 #   undef FAR
328 #  endif
329 #  include <windows.h>
330 /* No need for _export, use ZLIB.DEF instead. */
331 /* For complete Windows compatibility, use WINAPI, not __stdcall. */
332 #  define ZEXPORT WINAPI
333 #  ifdef WIN32
334 #   define ZEXPORTVA WINAPIV
335 #  else
336 #   define ZEXPORTVA FAR CDECL
337 #  endif
338 # endif
339 #endif

341 #if defined (__BEOS__)
342 # ifdef ZLIB_DLL
343 #  ifdef ZLIB_INTERNAL
344 #   define ZEXPORT __declspec(dllexport)
345 #   define ZEXPORTVA __declspec(dllexport)
346 #  else
347 #   define ZEXPORT __declspec(dllimport)
348 #   define ZEXPORTVA __declspec(dllimport)
349 #  endif
350 # endif
351 #endif

353 #ifndef ZEXTERN
354 #  define ZEXTERN extern
355 #endif
356 #ifndef ZEXPORT
357 #  define ZEXPORT
358 #endif
359 #ifndef ZEXPORTVA
360 #  define ZEXPORTVA
361 #endif

363 #ifndef FAR
364 #  define FAR
365 #endif

367 #if !defined(__MCTYPES__)
368 typedef unsigned char Byte; /* 8 bits */
369 #endif
370 typedef unsigned int uInt; /* 16 bits or more */
371 typedef unsigned long uLong; /* 32 bits or more */

373 #ifndef SMALL_MEDIUM
374 /* Borland C/C++ and some old MSC versions ignore FAR inside typedef */
375 #  define Bytef Byte FAR
376 #else
377 #  define Bytef Byte
378 #endif
379 #define charf char FAR
380 #define intf int FAR
381 #define uIntf uInt FAR
382 #define uLongf uLong FAR

384 #ifndef STDC
385 #  define void const *voidpc;
386 #  define void FAR *voidpf;
387 #  define void *voidp;
388 #else
389 #  define Byte const *voidpc;
390 #  define Byte FAR *voidpf;

```

```

391 typedef Byte      *voidp;
392 #endif

394 #if !defined(Z_U4) && !defined(Z_SOLO) && defined(STDC)
395 # include <limits.h>
396 # if (UINT_MAX == 0xffffffffUL)
397 #   define Z_U4 unsigned
398 # elif (ULONG_MAX == 0xffffffffUL)
399 #   define Z_U4 unsigned long
400 # elif (USHRT_MAX == 0xffffffffUL)
401 #   define Z_U4 unsigned short
402 # endif
403 #endif

405 #ifndef Z_U4
406 typedef Z_U4 z_crc_t;
407 #else
408 typedef unsigned long z_crc_t;
409 #endif

411 #ifndef HAVE_UNISTD_H /* may be set to #if 1 by ./configure */
412 # define Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H
413 #endif

415 #ifndef HAVE_STDARG_H /* may be set to #if 1 by ./configure */
416 # define Z_HAVE_STDARG_H
417 #endif

419 #ifndef STDC
420 # ifndef Z_SOLO
421 #   include <sys/types.h> /* for off_t */
422 # endif
423 #endif

425 #if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
426 # ifndef Z_SOLO
427 #   include <stdarg.h> /* for va_list */
428 # endif
429 #endif

431 #ifndef WIN32
432 # ifndef Z_SOLO
433 #   include <stddef.h> /* for wchar_t */
434 # endif
435 #endif

437 /* a little trick to accommodate both "#define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE" and
438  * "#define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE 1" as requesting 64-bit operations, (even
439  * though the former does not conform to the LFS document), but considering
440  * both "#undef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE" and "#define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE 0" as
441  * equivalently requesting no 64-bit operations
442  */
443 #if defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE) && !_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE - -1 == 1
444 # undef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
445 #endif

447 #if defined(__WATCOMC__) && !defined(Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H)
448 # define Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H
449 #endif
450 #ifndef Z_SOLO
451 # if defined(Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H) || defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE)
452 #   include <unistd.h> /* for SEEK_*, off_t, and _LFS64_LARGEFILE */
453 #   ifdef VMS
454 #     include <unixio.h> /* for off_t */
455 #   endif
456 #   ifndef z_off_t

```

```

457 #   define z_off_t off_t
458 #   endif
459 # endif
460 #endif

462 #if defined(_LFS64_LARGEFILE) && !_LFS64_LARGEFILE-0
463 # define Z_LFS64
464 #endif

466 #if defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE) && defined(Z_LFS64)
467 # define Z_LARGE64
468 #endif

470 #if defined(_FILE_OFFSET_BITS) && _FILE_OFFSET_BITS-0 == 64 && defined(Z_LFS64)
471 # define Z_WANT64
472 #endif

474 #if !defined(SEEK_SET) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
475 # define SEEK_SET      0 /* Seek from beginning of file. */
476 # define SEEK_CUR     1 /* Seek from current position. */
477 # define SEEK_END     2 /* Set file pointer to EOF plus "offset" */
478 #endif

480 #ifndef z_off_t
481 # define z_off_t long
482 #endif

484 #if !defined(WIN32) && defined(Z_LARGE64)
485 # define z_off64_t off64_t
486 #else
487 # if defined(WIN32) && !defined(__GNUC__) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
488 #   define z_off64_t __int64
489 # else
490 #   define z_off64_t z_off_t
491 # endif
492 #endif

494 /* MVS linker does not support external names larger than 8 bytes */
495 #if defined(__MVS__)
496 #pragma map(deflateInit_,"DEIN")
497 #pragma map(deflateInit2_,"DEIN2")
498 #pragma map(deflateEnd,"DEEND")
499 #pragma map(deflateBound,"DEBND")
500 #pragma map(inflateInit_,"ININ")
501 #pragma map(inflateInit2_,"ININ2")
502 #pragma map(inflateEnd,"INEND")
503 #pragma map(inflateSync,"INSY")
504 #pragma map(inflateSetDictionary,"INSEDI")
505 #pragma map(compressBound,"CMBND")
506 #pragma map(inflate_table,"INTABL")
507 #pragma map(inflate_fast,"INFFA")
508 #pragma map(inflate_copyright,"INCOPY")
509 #endif

511 #endif /* ZCONF_H */

```

```

*****
15559 Wed Apr 1 15:57:33 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zconf.h.cmakein
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zconf.h -- configuration of the zlib compression library
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly.
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* @(#) $Id$ */

8 #ifndef ZCONF_H
9 #define ZCONF_H
10 #cmakedefine Z_PREFIX
11 #cmakedefine Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H

13 /*
14  * If you *really* need a unique prefix for all types and library functions,
15  * compile with -DZ_PREFIX. The "standard" zlib should be compiled without it.
16  * Even better than compiling with -DZ_PREFIX would be to use configure to set
17  * this permanently in zconf.h using "./configure --zprefix".
18  */
19 #ifndef Z_PREFIX /* may be set to #if 1 by ./configure */
20 # define Z_PREFIX_SET

22 /* all linked symbols */
23 # define _dist_code          z_dist_code
24 # define _length_code       z_length_code
25 # define _tr_align          z_tr_align
26 # define _tr_flush_bits     z_tr_flush_bits
27 # define _tr_flush_block    z_tr_flush_block
28 # define _tr_init           z_tr_init
29 # define _tr_stored_block   z_tr_stored_block
30 # define _tr_tally          z_tr_tally
31 # define adler32            z_adler32
32 # define adler32_combine    z_adler32_combine
33 # define adler32_combine64 z_adler32_combine64
34 # ifndef Z_SOLO
35 #   define compress          z_compress
36 #   define compress2         z_compress2
37 #   define compressBound     z_compressBound
38 # endif
39 # define crc32              z_crc32
40 # define crc32_combine      z_crc32_combine
41 # define crc32_combine64   z_crc32_combine64
42 # define deflate            z_deflate
43 # define deflateBound       z_deflateBound
44 # define deflateCopy        z_deflateCopy
45 # define deflateEnd         z_deflateEnd
46 # define deflateInit2       z_deflateInit2
47 # define deflateInit_       z_deflateInit_
48 # define deflateParams      z_deflateParams
49 # define deflatePending     z_deflatePending
50 # define deflatePrime       z_deflatePrime
51 # define deflateReset       z_deflateReset
52 # define deflateResetKeep   z_deflateResetKeep
53 # define deflateSetDictionary z_deflateSetDictionary
54 # define deflateSetHeader   z_deflateSetHeader
55 # define deflateTune        z_deflateTune
56 # define deflate_copyright  z_deflate_copyright
57 # define get_crc_table     z_get_crc_table
58 # ifndef Z_SOLO
59 #   define gz_error          z_gz_error
60 #   define gz_intmax         z_gz_intmax

```

```

61 #   define gz_strwinerror    z_gz_strwinerror
62 #   define gzbuffer          z_gzbuffer
63 #   define gzclearerr        z_gzclearerr
64 #   define gzclose           z_gzclose
65 #   define gzclose_r         z_gzclose_r
66 #   define gzclose_w         z_gzclose_w
67 #   define gzdirect          z_gzdirect
68 #   define gzdown            z_gzdown
69 #   define gzeof             z_gzeof
70 #   define gzerror           z_gzerror
71 #   define gzflush           z_gzflush
72 #   define gzgetc            z_gzgetc
73 #   define gzgetc_          z_gzgetc_
74 #   define gzgets            z_gzgets
75 #   define gzoffset          z_gzoffset
76 #   define gzoffset64        z_gzoffset64
77 #   define gzopen            z_gzopen
78 #   define gzopen64          z_gzopen64
79 #   ifdef _WIN32
80 #     define gzopen_w        z_gzopen_w
81 #   endif
82 #   define gzprintf          z_gzprintf
83 #   define gzvprintf         z_gzvprintf
84 #   define gzputc            z_gzputc
85 #   define gzputs            z_gzputs
86 #   define gzread            z_gzread
87 #   define gzrewind          z_gzrewind
88 #   define gzseek            z_gzseek
89 #   define gzseek64         z_gzseek64
90 #   define gzsetparams       z_gzsetparams
91 #   define gztell            z_gztell
92 #   define gztell64         z_gztell64
93 #   define gzungetc          z_gzungetc
94 #   define gzwrite           z_gzwrite
95 # endif
96 # define inflate             z_inflate
97 # define inflateBack         z_inflateBack
98 # define inflateBackEnd     z_inflateBackEnd
99 # define inflateBackInit_   z_inflateBackInit_
100 # define inflateCopy        z_inflateCopy
101 # define inflateEnd          z_inflateEnd
102 # define inflateGetHeader   z_inflateGetHeader
103 # define inflateInit2_     z_inflateInit2_
104 # define inflateInit_       z_inflateInit_
105 # define inflateMark         z_inflateMark
106 # define inflatePrime        z_inflatePrime
107 # define inflateReset       z_inflateReset
108 # define inflateReset2      z_inflateReset2
109 # define inflateSetDictionary z_inflateSetDictionary
110 # define inflateGetDictionary z_inflateGetDictionary
111 # define inflateSync         z_inflateSync
112 # define inflateSyncPoint   z_inflateSyncPoint
113 # define inflateUndermine   z_inflateUndermine
114 # define inflateResetKeep   z_inflateResetKeep
115 # define inflate_copyright  z_inflate_copyright
116 # define inflate_fast        z_inflate_fast
117 # define inflate_table       z_inflate_table
118 # ifndef Z_SOLO
119 #   define uncompress        z_uncompress
120 # endif
121 # define zError              z_zError
122 # ifndef Z_SOLO
123 #   define zcalloc           z_zcalloc
124 #   define zcfree            z_zcfree
125 # endif
126 # define zlibCompileFlags    z_zlibCompileFlags

```

```

127 # define zlibVersion      z_zlibVersion
129 /* all zlib typedefs in zlib.h and zconf.h */
130 # define Byte              z_Byte
131 # define Bytef            z_Bytef
132 # define alloc_func        z_alloc_func
133 # define charf            z_charf
134 # define free_func         z_free_func
135 # ifdef Z_SOLO
136 #   define gzFile          z_gzFile
137 # endif
138 # define gz_header         z_gz_header
139 # define gz_headerp       z_gz_headerp
140 # define in_func           z_in_func
141 # define intf              z_intf
142 # define out_func          z_out_func
143 # define uInt              z_uInt
144 # define uIntf            z_uIntf
145 # define uLong            z_uLong
146 # define uLongf           z_uLongf
147 # define voidp            z_voidp
148 # define voidpc           z_voidpc
149 # define voidpf           z_voidpf

151 /* all zlib structs in zlib.h and zconf.h */
152 # define gz_header_s       z_gz_header_s
153 # define internal_state    z_internal_state

155 #endif

157 #if defined(__MSDOS__) && !defined(MSDOS)
158 # define MSDOS
159 #endif
160 #if (defined(OS_2) || defined(__OS2__)) && !defined(OS2)
161 # define OS2
162 #endif
163 #if defined(_WINDOWS) && !defined(WINDOWS)
164 # define WINDOWS
165 #endif
166 #if defined(_WIN32) || defined(_WIN32_WCE) || defined(__WIN32__)
167 # ifndef WIN32
168 #   define WIN32
169 #   endif
170 #endif
171 #if (defined(MSDOS) || defined(OS2) || defined(WINDOWS)) && !defined(WIN32)
172 # if !defined(__GNUC__) && !defined(__FLAT__) && !defined(__386__)
173 #   ifndef SYS16BIT
174 #     define SYS16BIT
175 #   endif
176 #   endif
177 #endif

179 /*
180  * Compile with -D_MAXSEG_64K if the alloc function cannot allocate more
181  * than 64k bytes at a time (needed on systems with 16-bit int).
182  */
183 #ifndef SYS16BIT
184 #   define MAXSEG_64K
185 #endif
186 #ifdef MSDOS
187 #   define UNALIGNED_OK
188 #endif

190 #ifndef __STDC_VERSION__
191 #   ifndef STDC
192 #     define STDC

```

```

193 #   endif
194 #   if __STDC_VERSION__ >= 199901L
195 #     ifndef STDC99
196 #       define STDC99
197 #     endif
198 #   endif
199 #endif
200 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(__STDC__) || defined(__cplusplus))
201 #   define STDC
202 #endif
203 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(__GNUC__) || defined(__BORLANDC__))
204 #   define STDC
205 #endif
206 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(MSDOS) || defined(WINDOWS) || defined(WIN32))
207 #   define STDC
208 #endif
209 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(OS2) || defined(_HOS_AIX__))
210 #   define STDC
211 #endif

213 #if defined(__OS400__) && !defined(STDC) /* iSeries (formerly AS/400). */
214 #   define STDC
215 #endif

217 #ifndef STDC
218 #   ifndef const /* cannot use !defined(STDC) && !defined(const) on Mac */
219 #     define const /* note: need a more gentle solution here */
220 #   endif
221 #endif

223 #if defined(ZLIB_CONST) && !defined(z_const)
224 #   define z_const const
225 #else
226 #   define z_const
227 #endif

229 /* Some Mac compilers merge all .h files incorrectly: */
230 #if defined(__MWERKS__) || defined(applec) || defined(THINK_C) || defined(__SC__)
231 #   define NO_DUMMY_DECL
232 #endif

234 /* Maximum value for memLevel in deflateInit2 */
235 #ifndef MAX_MEM_LEVEL
236 #   ifdef MAXSEG_64K
237 #     define MAX_MEM_LEVEL 8
238 #   else
239 #     define MAX_MEM_LEVEL 9
240 #   endif
241 #endif

243 /* Maximum value for windowBits in deflateInit2 and inflateInit2.
244  * WARNING: reducing MAX_WBITS makes minigzip unable to extract .gz files
245  * created by gzip. (Files created by minigzip can still be extracted by
246  * gzip.)
247  */
248 #ifndef MAX_WBITS
249 #   define MAX_WBITS 15 /* 32K LZ77 window */
250 #endif

252 /* The memory requirements for deflate are (in bytes):
253  * (1 << (windowBits+2)) + (1 << (memLevel+9))
254  * that is: 128K for windowBits=15 + 128K for memLevel = 8 (default values)
255  * plus a few kilobytes for small objects. For example, if you want to reduce
256  * the default memory requirements from 256K to 128K, compile with
257  * make CFLAGS="-O -D_MAX_WBITS=14 -D_MAX_MEM_LEVEL=7"
258  * Of course this will generally degrade compression (there's no free lunch).

```



```

260     The memory requirements for inflate are (in bytes) 1 << windowBits
261     that is, 32K for windowBits=15 (default value) plus a few kilobytes
262     for small objects.
263 */

265     /* Type declarations */

267 #ifndef OF /* function prototypes */
268 #  ifdef STDC
269 #    define OF(args) args
270 #  else
271 #    define OF(args) ()
272 #  endif
273 #endif

275 #ifndef Z_ARG /* function prototypes for stdarg */
276 #  if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
277 #    define Z_ARG(args) args
278 #  else
279 #    define Z_ARG(args) ()
280 #  endif
281 #endif

283 /* The following definitions for FAR are needed only for MSDOS mixed
284 * model programming (small or medium model with some far allocations).
285 * This was tested only with MSC; for other MSDOS compilers you may have
286 * to define NO_MEMCPY in zutil.h.  If you don't need the mixed model,
287 * just define FAR to be empty.
288 */
289 #ifndef SYS16BIT
290 #  if defined(M_I86SM) || defined(M_I86MM)
291 #    /* MSC small or medium model */
292 #    define SMALL_MEDIUM
293 #    ifdef _MSC_VER
294 #      define FAR _far
295 #    else
296 #      define FAR far
297 #    endif
298 #  endif
299 #  if (defined(__SMALL__) || defined(__MEDIUM__))
300 #    /* Turbo C small or medium model */
301 #    define SMALL_MEDIUM
302 #    ifdef __BORLANDC__
303 #      define FAR _far
304 #    else
305 #      define FAR far
306 #    endif
307 #  endif
308 #endif

310 #if defined(WINDOWS) || defined(WIN32)
311     /* If building or using zlib as a DLL, define ZLIB_DLL.
312     * This is not mandatory, but it offers a little performance increase.
313     */
314 #  ifdef ZLIB_DLL
315 #    if defined(WIN32) && (!defined(__BORLANDC__) || (__BORLANDC__ >= 0x500))
316 #      ifdef ZLIB_INTERNAL
317 #        define ZEXTERN extern __declspec(dllexport)
318 #      else
319 #        define ZEXTERN extern __declspec(dllimport)
320 #      endif
321 #    endif
322 #  endif /* ZLIB_DLL */
323     /* If building or using zlib with the WINAPI/WINAPIV calling convention,
324     * define ZLIB_WINAPI.

```

```

325     * Caution: the standard ZLIB1.DLL is NOT compiled using ZLIB_WINAPI.
326     */
327 #  ifdef ZLIB_WINAPI
328 #    ifdef FAR
329 #      undef FAR
330 #    endif
331 #    include <windows.h>
332     /* No need for _export, use ZLIB.DEF instead. */
333     /* For complete Windows compatibility, use WINAPI, not __stdcall. */
334 #    define ZEXPORT WINAPI
335 #    ifdef WIN32
336 #      define ZEXPORTVA WINAPIV
337 #    else
338 #      define ZEXPORTVA FAR CDECL
339 #    endif
340 #  endif
341 #endif

343 #if defined (__BEOS__)
344 #  ifdef ZLIB_DLL
345 #    ifdef ZLIB_INTERNAL
346 #      define ZEXPORT __declspec(dllexport)
347 #      define ZEXPORTVA __declspec(dllexport)
348 #    else
349 #      define ZEXPORT __declspec(dllimport)
350 #      define ZEXPORTVA __declspec(dllimport)
351 #    endif
352 #  endif
353 #endif

355 #ifndef ZEXTERN
356 #  define ZEXTERN extern
357 #endif
358 #ifndef ZEXPORT
359 #  define ZEXPORT
360 #endif
361 #ifndef ZEXPORTVA
362 #  define ZEXPORTVA
363 #endif

365 #ifndef FAR
366 #  define FAR
367 #endif

369 #if !defined (__MCTYPES__)
370 typedef unsigned char Byte; /* 8 bits */
371 #endif
372 typedef unsigned int uInt; /* 16 bits or more */
373 typedef unsigned long uLong; /* 32 bits or more */

375 #ifdef SMALL_MEDIUM
376     /* Borland C/C++ and some old MSC versions ignore FAR inside typedef */
377 #  define Bytef Byte FAR
378 #else
379     typedef Byte FAR Bytef;
380 #endif
381 typedef char FAR charf;
382 typedef int FAR intf;
383 typedef uInt FAR uIntf;
384 typedef uLong FAR uLongf;

386 #ifdef STDC
387     typedef void const *voidpc;
388     typedef void FAR *voidpf;
389     typedef void *voidp;
390 #else

```

```

391 typedef Byte const *voidpc;
392 typedef Byte FAR *voidpf;
393 typedef Byte *voidp;
394 #endif

396 #if !defined(Z_U4) && !defined(Z_SOLO) && defined(STDC)
397 # include <limits.h>
398 # if (UINT_MAX == 0xffffffffUL)
399 #   define Z_U4 unsigned
400 # elif (ULONG_MAX == 0xffffffffUL)
401 #   define Z_U4 unsigned long
402 # elif (USHRT_MAX == 0xfffffUL)
403 #   define Z_U4 unsigned short
404 #   endif
405 #endif

407 #ifdef Z_U4
408 typedef Z_U4 z_crc_t;
409 #else
410 typedef unsigned long z_crc_t;
411 #endif

413 #ifndef HAVE_UNISTD_H /* may be set to #if 1 by ./configure */
414 # define Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H
415 #endif

417 #ifndef HAVE_STDARG_H /* may be set to #if 1 by ./configure */
418 # define Z_HAVE_STDARG_H
419 #endif

421 #ifndef STDC
422 # ifndef Z_SOLO
423 #   include <sys/types.h> /* for off_t */
424 #   endif
425 #endif

427 #if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
428 # ifndef Z_SOLO
429 #   include <stdarg.h> /* for va_list */
430 #   endif
431 #endif

433 #ifndef WIN32
434 # ifndef Z_SOLO
435 #   include <stddef.h> /* for wchar_t */
436 #   endif
437 #endif

439 /* a little trick to accommodate both "#define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE" and
440 * "#define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE 1" as requesting 64-bit operations, (even
441 * though the former does not conform to the LFS document), but considering
442 * both "#undef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE" and "#define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE 0" as
443 * equivalently requesting no 64-bit operations
444 */
445 #if defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE) && !_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE - -1 == 1
446 # undef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
447 #endif

449 #if defined(__WATCOMC__) && !defined(Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H)
450 # define Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H
451 #endif
452 #ifndef Z_SOLO
453 # if defined(Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H) || defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE)
454 #   include <unistd.h> /* for SEEK *, off_t, and _LFS64_LARGEFILE */
455 #   ifdef VMS
456 #     include <unixio.h> /* for off_t */

```

```

457 #   endif
458 #   ifndef z_off_t
459 #     define z_off_t off_t
460 #   endif
461 #   endif
462 #endif

464 #if defined(_LFS64_LARGEFILE) && !_LFS64_LARGEFILE-0
465 #   define Z_LFS64
466 #endif

468 #if defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE) && defined(Z_LFS64)
469 #   define Z_LARGE64
470 #endif

472 #if defined(_FILE_OFFSET_BITS) && _FILE_OFFSET_BITS-0 == 64 && defined(Z_LFS64)
473 #   define Z_WANT64
474 #endif

476 #if !defined(SEEK_SET) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
477 #   define SEEK_SET 0 /* Seek from beginning of file. */
478 #   define SEEK_CUR 1 /* Seek from current position. */
479 #   define SEEK_END 2 /* Set file pointer to EOF plus "offset" */
480 #endif

482 #ifndef z_off_t
483 #   define z_off_t long
484 #endif

486 #if !defined(WIN32) && defined(Z_LARGE64)
487 #   define z_off64_t off64_t
488 #else
489 #   if defined(WIN32) && !defined(__GNUC__) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
490 #     define z_off64_t __int64
491 #   else
492 #     define z_off64_t z_off_t
493 #   endif
494 #endif

496 /* MVS linker does not support external names larger than 8 bytes */
497 #if defined(__MVS__)
498 #pragma map(deflateInit_,"DEIN")
499 #pragma map(deflateInit2_,"DEIN2")
500 #pragma map(deflateEnd,"DEEND")
501 #pragma map(deflateBound,"DEBND")
502 #pragma map(inflateInit_,"ININ")
503 #pragma map(inflateInit2_,"ININ2")
504 #pragma map(inflateEnd,"INEND")
505 #pragma map(inflateSync,"INSY")
506 #pragma map(inflateSetDictionary,"INSEDI")
507 #pragma map(compressBound,"CMBND")
508 #pragma map(inflate_table,"INTABL")
509 #pragma map(inflate_fast,"INFA")
510 #pragma map(inflate_copyright,"INCOPY")
511 #endif

513 #endif /* ZCONF_H */

```

```

*****
15508 Wed Apr 1 15:57:34 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zconf.h.in
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zconf.h -- configuration of the zlib compression library
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly.
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* @(#) $Id$ */

8 #ifndef ZCONF_H
9 #define ZCONF_H

11 /*
12  * If you *really* need a unique prefix for all types and library functions,
13  * compile with -DZ_PREFIX. The "standard" zlib should be compiled without it.
14  * Even better than compiling with -DZ_PREFIX would be to use configure to set
15  * this permanently in zconf.h using "./configure --zprefix".
16  */
17 #ifndef Z_PREFIX /* may be set to #if 1 by ./configure */
18 # define Z_PREFIX_SET

20 /* all linked symbols */
21 # define _dist_code          z_dist_code
22 # define _length_code        z_length_code
23 # define _tr_align           z_tr_align
24 # define _tr_flush_bits      z_tr_flush_bits
25 # define _tr_flush_block     z_tr_flush_block
26 # define _tr_init             z_tr_init
27 # define _tr_stored_block    z_tr_stored_block
28 # define _tr_tally           z_tr_tally
29 # define _adler32            z_adler32
30 # define _adler32_combine    z_adler32_combine
31 # define _adler32_combine64  z_adler32_combine64
32 # ifndef Z_SOLO
33 #   define _compress          z_compress
34 #   define _compress2         z_compress2
35 #   define _compressBound    z_compressBound
36 # endif
37 # define _crc32              z_crc32
38 # define _crc32_combine      z_crc32_combine
39 # define _crc32_combine64    z_crc32_combine64
40 # define _deflate             z_deflate
41 # define _deflateBound       z_deflateBound
42 # define _deflateCopy        z_deflateCopy
43 # define _deflateEnd         z_deflateEnd
44 # define _deflateInit2_      z_deflateInit2_
45 # define _deflateInit_       z_deflateInit_
46 # define _deflateParams      z_deflateParams
47 # define _deflatePending     z_deflatePending
48 # define _deflatePrime       z_deflatePrime
49 # define _deflateReset       z_deflateReset
50 # define _deflateResetKeep   z_deflateResetKeep
51 # define _deflateSetDictionary z_deflateSetDictionary
52 # define _deflateSetHeader   z_deflateSetHeader
53 # define _deflateTune        z_deflateTune
54 # define _deflate_copyright  z_deflate_copyright
55 # define _get_crc_table      z_get_crc_table
56 # ifndef Z_SOLO
57 #   define _gz_error          z_gz_error
58 #   define _gz_intmax         z_gz_intmax
59 #   define _gz_strwinerror    z_gz_strwinerror
60 #   define _gzbuffer          z_gzbuffer

```

```

61 #   define _gzclearerr       z_gzclearerr
62 #   define _gzclose          z_gzclose
63 #   define _gzclose_r        z_gzclose_r
64 #   define _gzclose_w        z_gzclose_w
65 #   define _gzdirect         z_gzdirect
66 #   define _gzdopen          z_gzdopen
67 #   define _gzEOF            z_gzEOF
68 #   define _gzerror          z_gzerror
69 #   define _gzflush          z_gzflush
70 #   define _gzgetc           z_gzgetc
71 #   define _gzgetc_          z_gzgetc_
72 #   define _gzgets           z_gzgets
73 #   define _gzoffset         z_gzoffset
74 #   define _gzoffset64       z_gzoffset64
75 #   define _gzopen           z_gzopen
76 #   define _gzopen64         z_gzopen64
77 #   ifdef _WIN32
78 #     define _gzopen_w       z_gzopen_w
79 #   endif
80 #   define _gzprintf         z_gzprintf
81 #   define _gzvprintf        z_gzvprintf
82 #   define _gzputc           z_gzputc
83 #   define _gzputs           z_gzputs
84 #   define _gzread           z_gzread
85 #   define _gzrewind         z_gzrewind
86 #   define _gzseek           z_gzseek
87 #   define _gzseek64         z_gzseek64
88 #   define _gzsetparams      z_gzsetparams
89 #   define _gztell           z_gztell
90 #   define _gztell64         z_gztell64
91 #   define _gzungetc         z_gzungetc
92 #   define _gzwrite          z_gzwrite
93 # endif
94 # define inflate             z_inflate
95 # define inflateBack         z_inflateBack
96 # define inflateBackEnd     z_inflateBackEnd
97 # define inflateBackInit_   z_inflateBackInit_
98 # define inflateCopy        z_inflateCopy
99 # define inflateEnd          z_inflateEnd
100 # define inflateGetHeader   z_inflateGetHeader
101 # define inflateInit2_      z_inflateInit2_
102 # define inflateInit_       z_inflateInit_
103 # define inflateMark        z_inflateMark
104 # define inflatePrime        z_inflatePrime
105 # define inflateReset        z_inflateReset
106 # define inflateReset2      z_inflateReset2
107 # define inflateSetDictionary z_inflateSetDictionary
108 # define inflateGetDictionary z_inflateGetDictionary
109 # define inflateSync         z_inflateSync
110 # define inflateSyncPoint   z_inflateSyncPoint
111 # define inflateUndermine   z_inflateUndermine
112 # define inflateResetKeep   z_inflateResetKeep
113 # define inflate_copyright  z_inflate_copyright
114 # define inflate_fast       z_inflate_fast
115 # define inflate_table       z_inflate_table
116 # ifndef Z_SOLO
117 #   define _uncompress        z_uncompress
118 # endif
119 # define zError              z_zError
120 # ifndef Z_SOLO
121 #   define zcalloc           z_zcalloc
122 #   define zcfree            z_zcfree
123 # endif
124 # define zlibCompileFlags    z_zlibCompileFlags
125 # define zlibVersion         z_zlibVersion

```

```

127 /* all zlib typedefs in zlib.h and zconf.h */
128 # define Byte          z_Byte
129 # define Bytef         z_Bytef
130 # define alloc_func    z_alloc_func
131 # define charf         z_charf
132 # define free_func     z_free_func
133 # ifdef Z_SOLO
134 #   define gzFile      z_gzFile
135 # endif
136 # define gz_header     z_gz_header
137 # define gz_headerp   z_gz_headerp
138 # define in_func       z_in_func
139 # define intf          z_intf
140 # define out_func      z_out_func
141 # define uInt          z_uInt
142 # define uIntf         z_uIntf
143 # define uLong         z_uLong
144 # define uLongf        z_uLongf
145 # define voidp         z_voidp
146 # define voidpc        z_voidpc
147 # define voidpf        z_voidpf

149 /* all zlib structs in zlib.h and zconf.h */
150 # define gz_header_s   z_gz_header_s
151 # define internal_state z_internal_state

153 #endif

155 #if defined(__MSDOS__) && !defined(MSDOS)
156 # define MSDOS
157 #endif
158 #if (defined(OS_2) || defined(__OS2__)) && !defined(OS2)
159 # define OS2
160 #endif
161 #if defined(_WINDOWS) && !defined(WINDOWS)
162 # define WINDOWS
163 #endif
164 #if defined(_WIN32) || defined(WIN32_WCE) || defined(__WIN32__)
165 # ifndef WIN32
166 #   define WIN32
167 # endif
168 #endif
169 #if (defined(MSDOS) || defined(OS2) || defined(WINDOWS)) && !defined(WIN32)
170 # if !defined(__GNUC__) && !defined(__FLAT__) && !defined(__386__)
171 #   ifndef SYS16BIT
172 #     define SYS16BIT
173 #   endif
174 # endif
175 #endif

177 /*
178  * Compile with -DMAXSEG_64K if the alloc function cannot allocate more
179  * than 64k bytes at a time (needed on systems with 16-bit int).
180  */
181 #ifndef SYS16BIT
182 # define MAXSEG_64K
183 #endif
184 #ifndef MSDOS
185 # define UNALIGNED_OK
186 #endif

188 #ifndef __STDC_VERSION__
189 # ifndef STDC
190 #   define STDC
191 # endif
192 # if __STDC_VERSION__ >= 199901L

```

```

193 #   ifndef STDC99
194 #     define STDC99
195 #   endif
196 # endif
197 #endif
198 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(__STDC__) || defined(__cplusplus))
199 # define STDC
200 #endif
201 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(__GNUC__) || defined(__BORLANDC__))
202 # define STDC
203 #endif
204 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(MSDOS) || defined(WINDOWS) || defined(WIN32))
205 # define STDC
206 #endif
207 #if !defined(STDC) && (defined(OS2) || defined(__HOS_AIX__))
208 # define STDC
209 #endif

211 #if defined(__OS400__) && !defined(STDC) /* iSeries (formerly AS/400). */
212 # define STDC
213 #endif

215 #ifndef STDC
216 # ifndef const /* cannot use !defined(STDC) && !defined(const) on Mac */
217 #   define const /* note: need a more gentle solution here */
218 # endif
219 #endif

221 #if defined(ZLIB_CONST) && !defined(z_const)
222 # define z_const const
223 #else
224 # define z_const
225 #endif

227 /* Some Mac compilers merge all .h files incorrectly: */
228 #if defined(__MWERKS__) || defined(applec) || defined(THINK_C) || defined(__SC__)
229 # define NO_DUMMY_DECL
230 #endif

232 /* Maximum value for memLevel in deflateInit2 */
233 #ifndef MAX_MEM_LEVEL
234 #   ifdef MAXSEG_64K
235 #     define MAX_MEM_LEVEL 8
236 #   else
237 #     define MAX_MEM_LEVEL 9
238 #   endif
239 #endif

241 /* Maximum value for windowBits in deflateInit2 and inflateInit2.
242  * WARNING: reducing MAX_WBITS makes minigzip unable to extract .gz files
243  * created by gzip. (Files created by minigzip can still be extracted by
244  * gzip.)
245  */
246 #ifndef MAX_WBITS
247 #   define MAX_WBITS 15 /* 32K LZ77 window */
248 #endif

250 /* The memory requirements for deflate are (in bytes):
251  (1 << (windowBits+2)) + (1 << (memLevel+9))
252  that is: 128K for windowBits=15 + 128K for memLevel = 8 (default values)
253  plus a few kilobytes for small objects. For example, if you want to reduce
254  the default memory requirements from 256K to 128K, compile with
255  make CFLAGS="-O -DMAX_WBITS=14 -DMAX_MEM_LEVEL=7"
256  Of course this will generally degrade compression (there's no free lunch).

258  The memory requirements for inflate are (in bytes) 1 << windowBits

```

```

259 that is, 32K for windowBits=15 (default value) plus a few kilobytes
260 for small objects.
261 */

263 /* Type declarations */

265 #ifndef OF /* function prototypes */
266 # ifdef STDC
267 #   define OF(args) args
268 # else
269 #   define OF(args) ()
270 # endif
271 #endif

273 #ifndef Z_ARG /* function prototypes for stdarg */
274 # if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
275 #   define Z_ARG(args) args
276 # else
277 #   define Z_ARG(args) ()
278 # endif
279 #endif

281 /* The following definitions for FAR are needed only for MSDOS mixed
282 * model programming (small or medium model with some far allocations).
283 * This was tested only with MSC; for other MSDOS compilers you may have
284 * to define NO_MEMCPY in zutil.h. If you don't need the mixed model,
285 * just define FAR to be empty.
286 */
287 #ifdef SYS16BIT
288 # if defined(M_I86SM) || defined(M_I86MM)
289 /* MSC small or medium model */
290 #   define SMALL_MEDIUM
291 #   ifdef _MSC_VER
292 #     define FAR _far
293 #   else
294 #     define FAR far
295 #   endif
296 # endif
297 # if (defined(__SMALL__) || defined(__MEDIUM__))
298 /* Turbo C small or medium model */
299 #   define SMALL_MEDIUM
300 #   ifdef __BORLANDC__
301 #     define FAR _far
302 #   else
303 #     define FAR far
304 #   endif
305 # endif
306 #endif

308 #if defined(WINDOWS) || defined(WIN32)
309 /* If building or using zlib as a DLL, define ZLIB_DLL.
310 * This is not mandatory, but it offers a little performance increase.
311 */
312 # ifdef ZLIB_DLL
313 #   if defined(WIN32) && (!defined(__BORLANDC__) || (__BORLANDC__ >= 0x500))
314 #     ifdef ZLIB_INTERNAL
315 #       define ZEXTERN extern __declspec(dllexport)
316 #     else
317 #       define ZEXTERN extern __declspec(dllimport)
318 #     endif
319 #   endif
320 # endif /* ZLIB_DLL */
321 /* If building or using zlib with the WINAPI/WINAPIV calling convention,
322 * define ZLIB_WINAPI.
323 * Caution: the standard ZLIB1.DLL is NOT compiled using ZLIB_WINAPI.
324 */

```

```

325 # ifdef ZLIB_WINAPI
326 #   ifdef FAR
327 #     undef FAR
328 #   endif
329 #   include <windows.h>
330 /* No need for _export, use ZLIB.DEF instead. */
331 /* For complete Windows compatibility, use WINAPI, not __stdcall. */
332 #   define ZEXPORT WINAPI
333 #   ifdef WIN32
334 #     define ZEXPORTVA WINAPIV
335 #   else
336 #     define ZEXPORTVA FAR CDECL
337 #   endif
338 #   endif
339 #endif

341 #if defined (__BEOS__)
342 # ifdef ZLIB_DLL
343 #   ifdef ZLIB_INTERNAL
344 #     define ZEXPORT __declspec(dllexport)
345 #     define ZEXPORTVA __declspec(dllexport)
346 #   else
347 #     define ZEXPORT __declspec(dllimport)
348 #     define ZEXPORTVA __declspec(dllimport)
349 #   endif
350 #   endif
351 #endif

353 #ifndef ZEXTERN
354 #   define ZEXTERN extern
355 #endif
356 #ifndef ZEXPORT
357 #   define ZEXPORT
358 #endif
359 #ifndef ZEXPORTVA
360 #   define ZEXPORTVA
361 #endif

363 #ifndef FAR
364 #   define FAR
365 #endif

367 #if !defined(__MCTYPES__)
368 typedef unsigned char Byte; /* 8 bits */
369 #endif
370 typedef unsigned int uInt; /* 16 bits or more */
371 typedef unsigned long uLong; /* 32 bits or more */

373 #ifdef SMALL_MEDIUM
374 /* Borland C/C++ and some old MSC versions ignore FAR inside typedef */
375 #   define Bytef Byte FAR
376 #else
377   typedef Byte FAR Bytef;
378 #endif
379 typedef char FAR charf;
380 typedef int FAR intf;
381 typedef uInt FAR uIntf;
382 typedef uLong FAR uLongf;

384 #ifdef STDC
385   typedef void const *voidpc;
386   typedef void FAR *voidpf;
387   typedef void *voidp;
388 #else
389   typedef Byte const *voidpc;
390   typedef Byte FAR *voidpf;

```

```

391 typedef Byte      *voidp;
392 #endif

394 #if !defined(Z_U4) && !defined(Z_SOLO) && defined(STDC)
395 # include <limits.h>
396 # if (UINT_MAX == 0xffffffffUL)
397 #   define Z_U4 unsigned
398 # elif (ULONG_MAX == 0xffffffffUL)
399 #   define Z_U4 unsigned long
400 # elif (USHRT_MAX == 0xffffffffUL)
401 #   define Z_U4 unsigned short
402 # endif
403 #endif

405 #ifndef Z_U4
406 typedef Z_U4 z_crc_t;
407 #else
408 typedef unsigned long z_crc_t;
409 #endif

411 #ifndef HAVE_UNISTD_H /* may be set to #if 1 by ./configure */
412 # define Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H
413 #endif

415 #ifndef HAVE_STDARG_H /* may be set to #if 1 by ./configure */
416 # define Z_HAVE_STDARG_H
417 #endif

419 #ifndef STDC
420 # ifndef Z_SOLO
421 #   include <sys/types.h> /* for off_t */
422 # endif
423 #endif

425 #if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
426 # ifndef Z_SOLO
427 #   include <stdarg.h> /* for va_list */
428 # endif
429 #endif

431 #ifndef WIN32
432 # ifndef Z_SOLO
433 #   include <stddef.h> /* for wchar_t */
434 # endif
435 #endif

437 /* a little trick to accommodate both "#define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE" and
438 * "#define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE 1" as requesting 64-bit operations, (even
439 * though the former does not conform to the LFS document), but considering
440 * both "#undef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE" and "#define _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE 0" as
441 * equivalently requesting no 64-bit operations
442 */
443 #if defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE) && !_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE - -1 == 1
444 # undef _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE
445 #endif

447 #if defined(__WATCOMC__) && !defined(Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H)
448 # define Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H
449 #endif
450 #ifndef Z_SOLO
451 # if defined(Z_HAVE_UNISTD_H) || defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE)
452 #   include <unistd.h> /* for SEEK_*, off_t, and _LFS64_LARGEFILE */
453 #   ifdef VMS
454 #     include <unixio.h> /* for off_t */
455 #   endif
456 #   ifndef z_off_t

```

```

457 #   define z_off_t off_t
458 #   endif
459 # endif
460 #endif

462 #if defined(_LFS64_LARGEFILE) && _LFS64_LARGEFILE-0
463 # define Z_LFS64
464 #endif

466 #if defined(_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE) && defined(Z_LFS64)
467 # define Z_LARGE64
468 #endif

470 #if defined(_FILE_OFFSET_BITS) && _FILE_OFFSET_BITS-0 == 64 && defined(Z_LFS64)
471 # define Z_WANT64
472 #endif

474 #if !defined(SEEK_SET) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
475 # define SEEK_SET      0 /* Seek from beginning of file. */
476 # define SEEK_CUR      1 /* Seek from current position. */
477 # define SEEK_END      2 /* Set file pointer to EOF plus "offset" */
478 #endif

480 #ifndef z_off_t
481 # define z_off_t long
482 #endif

484 #if !defined(WIN32) && defined(Z_LARGE64)
485 # define z_off64_t off64_t
486 #else
487 # if defined(WIN32) && !defined(__GNUC__) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
488 #   define z_off64_t __int64
489 # else
490 #   define z_off64_t z_off_t
491 # endif
492 #endif

494 /* MVS linker does not support external names larger than 8 bytes */
495 #if defined(__MVS__)
496 #pragma map(deflateInit_,"DEIN")
497 #pragma map(deflateInit2_,"DEIN2")
498 #pragma map(deflateEnd,"DEEND")
499 #pragma map(deflateBound,"DEBND")
500 #pragma map(inflateInit_,"ININ")
501 #pragma map(inflateInit2_,"ININ2")
502 #pragma map(inflateEnd,"INEND")
503 #pragma map(inflateSync,"INSY")
504 #pragma map(inflateSetDictionary,"INSEDI")
505 #pragma map(compressBound,"CMBND")
506 #pragma map(inflate_table,"INTABL")
507 #pragma map(inflate_fast,"INFFA")
508 #pragma map(inflate_copyright,"INCOPY")
509 #endif

511 #endif /* ZCONF_H */

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.3

1

```
*****
4243 Wed Apr 1 15:57:34 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.3
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 .TH LIBZ 3 "28 Apr 2013"
2 .SH NAME
3 libz \- compression/decompression library
4 .SH SYNOPSIS
5 [see
6 .I zlib.h
7 for full description]
8 .SH DESCRIPTION
9 The
10 .I libz (zlib)
11 library is a general purpose data compression library.
12 The code is thread safe, assuming that the standard library functions
13 used are thread safe, such as memory allocation routines.
14 It provides in-memory compression and decompression functions,
15 including integrity checks of the uncompressed data.
16 This version of the library supports only one compression method (deflation)
17 but other algorithms may be added later
18 with the same stream interface.
19 .LP
20 Compression can be done in a single step if the buffers are large enough
21 or can be done by repeated calls of the compression function.
22 In the latter case,
23 the application must provide more input and/or consume the output
24 (providing more output space) before each call.
25 .LP
26 The library also supports reading and writing files in
27 .IR gzip (1)
28 (.gz) format
29 with an interface similar to that of stdio.
30 .LP
31 The library does not install any signal handler.
32 The decoder checks the consistency of the compressed data,
33 so the library should never crash even in the case of corrupted input.
34 .LP
35 All functions of the compression library are documented in the file
36 .IR zlib.h .
37 The distribution source includes examples of use of the library
38 in the files
39 .I test/example.c
40 and
41 .IR test/minigzip.c,
42 as well as other examples in the
43 .IR examples/
44 directory.
45 .LP
46 Changes to this version are documented in the file
47 .I ChangeLog
48 that accompanies the source.
49 .LP
50 .I zlib
51 is available in Java using the java.util.zip package:
52 .IP
53 http://java.sun.com/developer/technicalArticles/Programming/compression/
54 .LP
55 A Perl interface to
56 .IR zlib ,
57 written by Paul Marquess (pmqs@cpan.org),
58 is available at CPAN (Comprehensive Perl Archive Network) sites,
59 including:
60 .IP
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.3

2

```
61 http://search.cpan.org/~pmqs/IO-Compress-Zlib/
62 .LP
63 A Python interface to
64 .IR zlib ,
65 written by A.M. Kuchling (amk@magnet.com),
66 is available in Python 1.5 and later versions:
67 .IP
68 http://docs.python.org/library/zlib.html
69 .LP
70 .I zlib
71 is built into
72 .IR tcl:
73 .IP
74 http://wiki.tcl.tk/4610
75 .LP
76 An experimental package to read and write files in .zip format,
77 written on top of
78 .I zlib
79 by Gilles Vollant (info@winimage.com),
80 is available at:
81 .IP
82 http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html
83 and also in the
84 .I contrib/minizip
85 directory of the main
86 .I zlib
87 source distribution.
88 .SH "SEE ALSO"
89 The
90 .I zlib
91 web site can be found at:
92 .IP
93 http://zlib.net/
94 .LP
95 The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFC
96 (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files:
97 .IP
98 http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (for the zlib header and trailer format)
99 .br
100 http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1951 (for the deflate compressed data format)
101 .br
102 http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1952 (for the gzip header and trailer format)
103 .LP
104 Mark Nelson wrote an article about
105 .I zlib
106 for the Jan. 1997 issue of Dr. Dobb's Journal;
107 a copy of the article is available at:
108 .IP
109 http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/
110 .SH "REPORTING PROBLEMS"
111 Before reporting a problem,
112 please check the
113 .I zlib
114 web site to verify that you have the latest version of
115 .IR zlib ;
116 otherwise,
117 obtain the latest version and see if the problem still exists.
118 Please read the
119 .I zlib
120 FAQ at:
121 .IP
122 http://zlib.net/zlib\_faq.html
123 .LP
124 before asking for help.
125 Send questions and/or comments to zlib@gzip.org,
126 or (for the Windows DLL version) to Gilles Vollant (info@winimage.com).
```

```
127 .SH AUTHORS
128 Version 1.2.8
129 Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly (jloup@gzip.org)
130 and Mark Adler (madler@alumni.caltech.edu).
131 .LP
132 This software is provided "as-is,"
133 without any express or implied warranty.
134 In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
135 arising from the use of this software.
136 See the distribution directory with respect to requirements
137 governing redistribution.
138 The deflate format used by
139 .I zlib
140 was defined by Phil Katz.
141 The deflate and
142 .I zlib
143 specifications were written by L. Peter Deutsch.
144 Thanks to all the people who reported problems and suggested various
145 improvements in
146 .IR zlib ;
147 who are too numerous to cite here.
148 .LP
149 UNIX manual page by R. P. C. Rodgers,
150 U.S. National Library of Medicine (rodgers@nlm.nih.gov).
151 .\" end of man page
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.3.pdf

1

```
*****  
      8734 Wed Apr  1 15:57:34 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.3.pdf  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.3.-1~

1

4236 Wed Apr 1 15:57:34 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.3.-1~

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 .TH ZLIB 3 "28 Apr 2013"
2 .SH NAME
3 zlib \- compression/decompression library
4 .SH SYNOPSIS
5 [see
6 .I zlib.h
7 for full description]
8 .SH DESCRIPTION
9 The
10 .I zlib
11 library is a general purpose data compression library.
12 The code is thread safe, assuming that the standard library functions
13 used are thread safe, such as memory allocation routines.
14 It provides in-memory compression and decompression functions,
15 including integrity checks of the uncompressed data.
16 This version of the library supports only one compression method (deflation)
17 but other algorithms may be added later
18 with the same stream interface.
19 .LP
20 Compression can be done in a single step if the buffers are large enough
21 or can be done by repeated calls of the compression function.
22 In the latter case,
23 the application must provide more input and/or consume the output
24 (providing more output space) before each call.
25 .LP
26 The library also supports reading and writing files in
27 .IR gzip (1)
28 (.gz) format
29 with an interface similar to that of stdio.
30 .LP
31 The library does not install any signal handler.
32 The decoder checks the consistency of the compressed data,
33 so the library should never crash even in the case of corrupted input.
34 .LP
35 All functions of the compression library are documented in the file
36 .IR zlib.h .
37 The distribution source includes examples of use of the library
38 in the files
39 .I test/example.c
40 and
41 .IR test/minigzip.c,
42 as well as other examples in the
43 .IR examples/
44 directory.
45 .LP
46 Changes to this version are documented in the file
47 .I ChangeLog
48 that accompanies the source.
49 .LP
50 .I zlib
51 is available in Java using the java.util.zip package:
52 .IP
53 http://java.sun.com/developer/technicalArticles/Programming/compression/
54 .LP
55 A Perl interface to
56 .IR zlib ,
57 written by Paul Marquess (pmqs@cpan.org),
58 is available at CPAN (Comprehensive Perl Archive Network) sites,
59 including:
60 .IP
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.3.-1~

2

```
61 http://search.cpan.org/~pmqs/IO-Compress-Zlib/
62 .LP
63 A Python interface to
64 .IR zlib ,
65 written by A.M. Kuchling (amk@magnet.com),
66 is available in Python 1.5 and later versions:
67 .IP
68 http://docs.python.org/library/zlib.html
69 .LP
70 .I zlib
71 is built into
72 .IR tcl:
73 .IP
74 http://wiki.tcl.tk/4610
75 .LP
76 An experimental package to read and write files in .zip format,
77 written on top of
78 .I zlib
79 by Gilles Vollant (info@winimage.com),
80 is available at:
81 .IP
82 http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html
83 and also in the
84 .I contrib/minizip
85 directory of the main
86 .I zlib
87 source distribution.
88 .SH "SEE ALSO"
89 The
90 .I zlib
91 web site can be found at:
92 .IP
93 http://zlib.net/
94 .LP
95 The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFC
96 (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files:
97 .IP
98 http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (for the zlib header and trailer format)
99 .br
100 http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1951 (for the deflate compressed data format)
101 .br
102 http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1952 (for the gzip header and trailer format)
103 .LP
104 Mark Nelson wrote an article about
105 .I zlib
106 for the Jan. 1997 issue of Dr. Dobb's Journal;
107 a copy of the article is available at:
108 .IP
109 http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/
110 .SH "REPORTING PROBLEMS"
111 Before reporting a problem,
112 please check the
113 .I zlib
114 web site to verify that you have the latest version of
115 .IR zlib ;
116 otherwise,
117 obtain the latest version and see if the problem still exists.
118 Please read the
119 .I zlib
120 FAQ at:
121 .IP
122 http://zlib.net/zlib\_faq.html
123 .LP
124 before asking for help.
125 Send questions and/or comments to zlib@gzip.org,
126 or (for the Windows DLL version) to Gilles Vollant (info@winimage.com).
```

```
127 .SH AUTHORS
128 Version 1.2.8
129 Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly (jloup@gzip.org)
130 and Mark Adler (madler@alumni.caltech.edu).
131 .LP
132 This software is provided "as-is,"
133 without any express or implied warranty.
134 In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
135 arising from the use of this software.
136 See the distribution directory with respect to requirements
137 governing redistribution.
138 The deflate format used by
139 .I zlib
140 was defined by Phil Katz.
141 The deflate and
142 .I zlib
143 specifications were written by L. Peter Deutsch.
144 Thanks to all the people who reported problems and suggested various
145 improvements in
146 .IR zlib ;
147 who are too numerous to cite here.
148 .LP
149 UNIX manual page by R. P. C. Rodgers,
150 U.S. National Library of Medicine (rodgers@nlm.nih.gov).
151 .\" end of man page
```

```

*****
87890 Wed Apr 1 15:57:34 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
2  version 1.2.8, April 28th, 2013

4  Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

6  This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
7  warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
8  arising from the use of this software.

10  Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
11  including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
12  freely, subject to the following restrictions:

14  1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
15  claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
16  in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
17  appreciated but is not required.
18  2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
19  misrepresented as being the original software.
20  3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

22  Jean-loup Gailly          Mark Adler
23  jloup@gzip.org          madler@alumni.caltech.edu

26  The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for
27  Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950
28  (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).
29  */

31 #ifndef ZLIB_H
32 #define ZLIB_H

34 #include "zconf.h"

36 #ifdef __cplusplus
37 extern "C" {
38 #endif

40 #define ZLIB_VERSION "1.2.8-T4mods"
41 #define ZLIB_VERNUM 0x128f
42 #define ZLIB_VER_MAJOR 1
43 #define ZLIB_VER_MINOR 2
44 #define ZLIB_VER_REVISION 8
45 #define ZLIB_VER_SUBREVISION 0

47 /*
48  The 'zlib' compression library provides in-memory compression and
49  decompression functions, including integrity checks of the uncompressed data.
50  This version of the library supports only one compression method (deflation)
51  but other algorithms will be added later and will have the same stream
52  interface.

54  Compression can be done in a single step if the buffers are large enough,
55  or can be done by repeated calls of the compression function. In the latter
56  case, the application must provide more input and/or consume the output
57  (providing more output space) before each call.

59  The compressed data format used by default by the in-memory functions is
60  the zlib format, which is a zlib wrapper documented in RFC 1950, wrapped

```

```

61  around a deflate stream, which is itself documented in RFC 1951.

63  The library also supports reading and writing files in gzip (.gz) format
64  with an interface similar to that of stdio using the functions that start
65  with "gz". The gzip format is different from the zlib format. gzip is a
66  gzip wrapper, documented in RFC 1952, wrapped around a deflate stream.

68  This library can optionally read and write gzip streams in memory as well.

70  The zlib format was designed to be compact and fast for use in memory
71  and on communications channels. The gzip format was designed for single-
72  file compression on file systems, has a larger header than zlib to maintain
73  directory information, and uses a different, slower check method than zlib.

75  The library does not install any signal handler. The decoder checks
76  the consistency of the compressed data, so the library should never crash
77  even in case of corrupted input.
78  */

80 typedef voidpf (*alloc_func) OF((voidpf opaque, uInt items, uInt size));
81 typedef void (*free_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf address));

83 struct internal_state;

85 typedef struct z_stream_s {
86     z_const Bytef *next_in; /* next input byte */
87     uInt avail_in; /* number of bytes available at next_in */
88     uLong total_in; /* total number of input bytes read so far */

90     Bytef *next_out; /* next output byte should be put there */
91     uInt avail_out; /* remaining free space at next_out */
92     uLong total_out; /* total number of bytes output so far */

94     z_const char *msg; /* last error message, NULL if no error */
95     struct internal_state FAR *state; /* not visible by applications */

97     alloc_func zalloc; /* used to allocate the internal state */
98     free_func zfree; /* used to free the internal state */
99     voidpf opaque; /* private data object passed to zalloc and zfree */

101     int data_type; /* best guess about the data type: binary or text */
102     uLong Adler; /* Adler32 value of the uncompressed data */
103     uLong reserved; /* reserved for future use */
104 } z_stream;

106 typedef z_stream FAR *z_stream;

108 /*
109  gzip header information passed to and from zlib routines. See RFC 1952
110  for more details on the meanings of these fields.
111  */
112 typedef struct gz_header_s {
113     int text; /* true if compressed data believed to be text */
114     uLong time; /* modification time */
115     int xflags; /* extra flags (not used when writing a gzip file) */
116     int os; /* operating system */
117     Bytef *extra; /* pointer to extra field or Z_NULL if none */
118     uInt extra_len; /* extra field length (valid if extra != Z_NULL) */
119     uInt extra_max; /* space at extra (only when reading header) */
120     Bytef *name; /* pointer to zero-terminated file name or Z_NULL */
121     uInt name_max; /* space at name (only when reading header) */
122     Bytef *comment; /* pointer to zero-terminated comment or Z_NULL */
123     uInt comm_max; /* space at comment (only when reading header) */
124     int hcrc; /* true if there was or will be a header crc */
125     int done; /* true when done reading gzip header (not used
126                when writing a gzip file) */

```

```

127 } gz_header;

129 typedef gz_header FAR *gz_headerp;

131 /*
132  The application must update next_in and avail_in when avail_in has dropped
133  to zero. It must update next_out and avail_out when avail_out has dropped
134  to zero. The application must initialize zalloc, zfree and opaque before
135  calling the init function. All other fields are set by the compression
136  library and must not be updated by the application.

138  The opaque value provided by the application will be passed as the first
139  parameter for calls of zalloc and zfree. This can be useful for custom
140  memory management. The compression library attaches no meaning to the
141  opaque value.

143  zalloc must return Z_NULL if there is not enough memory for the object.
144  If zlib is used in a multi-threaded application, zalloc and zfree must be
145  thread safe.

147  On 16-bit systems, the functions zalloc and zfree must be able to allocate
148  exactly 65536 bytes, but will not be required to allocate more than this if
149  the symbol MAXSEG_64K is defined (see zconf.h). WARNING: On MSDOS, pointers
150  returned by zalloc for objects of exactly 65536 bytes *must* have their
151  offset normalized to zero. The default allocation function provided by this
152  library ensures this (see zutil.c). To reduce memory requirements and avoid
153  any allocation of 64K objects, at the expense of compression ratio, compile
154  the library with -D_MAX_WBITS=14 (see zconf.h).

156  The fields total_in and total_out can be used for statistics or progress
157  reports. After compression, total_in holds the total size of the
158  uncompressed data and may be saved for use in the decompressor (particularly
159  if the decompressor wants to decompress everything in a single step).
160 */

162      /* constants */

164 #define Z_NO_FLUSH          0
165 #define Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH    1
166 #define Z_SYNC_FLUSH       2
167 #define Z_FULL_FLUSH       3
168 #define Z_FINISH           4
169 #define Z_BLOCK            5
170 #define Z_TREES            6
171 /* Allowed flush values; see deflate() and inflate() below for details */

173 #define Z_OK                0
174 #define Z_STREAM_END        1
175 #define Z_NEED_DICT        2
176 #define Z_ERRNO             (-1)
177 #define Z_STREAM_ERROR     (-2)
178 #define Z_DATA_ERROR       (-3)
179 #define Z_MEM_ERROR        (-4)
180 #define Z_BUF_ERROR        (-5)
181 #define Z_VERSION_ERROR    (-6)
182 /* Return codes for the compression/decompression functions. Negative values
183  * are errors, positive values are used for special but normal events.
184 */

186 #define Z_NO_COMPRESSION    0
187 #define Z_BEST_SPEED        1
188 #define Z_BEST_COMPRESSION  9
189 #define Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION (-1)
190 /* compression levels */

192 #define Z_FILTERED          1

```

```

193 #define Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY     2
194 #define Z_RLE              3
195 #define Z_FIXED            4
196 #define Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY 0
197 /* compression strategy; see deflateInit2() below for details */

199 #define Z_BINARY           0
200 #define Z_TEXT            1
201 #define Z_ASCII          Z_TEXT /* for compatibility with 1.2.2 and earlier */
202 #define Z_UNKNOWN         2
203 /* Possible values of the data_type field (though see inflate()) */

205 #define Z_DEFLATED        8
206 /* The deflate compression method (the only one supported in this version) */

208 #define Z_NULL            0 /* for initializing zalloc, zfree, opaque */

210 #define zlib_version zlibVersion()
211 /* for compatibility with versions < 1.0.2 */

214      /* basic functions */

216 ZEXTERN const char * ZEXPORT zlibVersion OF((void));
217 /* The application can compare zlibVersion and ZLIB_VERSION for consistency.
218  If the first character differs, the library code actually used is not
219  compatible with the zlib.h header file used by the application. This check
220  is automatically made by deflateInit and inflateInit.
221 */

223 /*
224 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateInit OF((z_streamp strm, int level));

226  Initializes the internal stream state for compression. The fields
227  zalloc, zfree and opaque must be initialized before by the caller. If
228  zalloc and zfree are set to Z_NULL, deflateInit updates them to use default
229  allocation functions.

231  The compression level must be Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION, or between 0 and 9:
232  1 gives best speed, 9 gives best compression, 0 gives no compression at all
233  (the input data is simply copied a block at a time). Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION
234  requests a default compromise between speed and compression (currently
235  equivalent to level 6).

237  deflateInit returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
238  memory, Z_STREAM_ERROR if level is not a valid compression level, or
239  Z_VERSION_ERROR if the zlib library version (zlib_version) is incompatible
240  with the version assumed by the caller (ZLIB_VERSION). msg is set to null
241  if there is no error message. deflateInit does not perform any compression:
242  this will be done by deflate().
243 */

246 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflate OF((z_streamp strm, int flush));
247 /*
248  deflate compresses as much data as possible, and stops when the input
249  buffer becomes empty or the output buffer becomes full. It may introduce
250  some output latency (reading input without producing any output) except when
251  forced to flush.

253  The detailed semantics are as follows. deflate performs one or both of the
254  following actions:

256  - Compress more input starting at next_in and update next_in and avail_in
257  accordingly. If not all input can be processed (because there is not
258  enough room in the output buffer), next_in and avail_in are updated and

```

```

259     processing will resume at this point for the next call of deflate().

261 - Provide more output starting at next_out and update next_out and avail_out
262 accordingly. This action is forced if the parameter flush is non zero.
263 Forcing flush frequently degrades the compression ratio, so this parameter
264 should be set only when necessary (in interactive applications). Some
265 output may be provided even if flush is not set.

267     Before the call of deflate(), the application should ensure that at least
268 one of the actions is possible, by providing more input and/or consuming more
269 output, and updating avail_in or avail_out accordingly; avail_out should
270 never be zero before the call. The application can consume the compressed
271 output when it wants, for example when the output buffer is full (avail_out
272 == 0), or after each call of deflate(). If deflate returns Z_OK and with
273 zero avail_out, it must be called again after making room in the output
274 buffer because there might be more output pending.

276     Normally the parameter flush is set to Z_NO_FLUSH, which allows deflate to
277 decide how much data to accumulate before producing output, in order to
278 maximize compression.

280     If the parameter flush is set to Z_SYNC_FLUSH, all pending output is
281 flushed to the output buffer and the output is aligned on a byte boundary, so
282 that the decompressor can get all input data available so far. (In
283 particular avail_in is zero after the call if enough output space has been
284 provided before the call.) Flushing may degrade compression for some
285 compression algorithms and so it should be used only when necessary. This
286 completes the current deflate block and follows it with an empty stored block
287 that is three bits plus filler bits to the next byte, followed by four bytes
288 (00 00 ff ff).

290     If flush is set to Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH, all pending output is flushed to the
291 output buffer, but the output is not aligned to a byte boundary. All of the
292 input data so far will be available to the decompressor, as for Z_SYNC_FLUSH.
293 This completes the current deflate block and follows it with an empty fixed
294 codes block that is 10 bits long. This assures that enough bytes are output
295 in order for the decompressor to finish the block before the empty fixed code
296 block.

298     If flush is set to Z_BLOCK, a deflate block is completed and emitted, as
299 for Z_SYNC_FLUSH, but the output is not aligned on a byte boundary, and up to
300 seven bits of the current block are held to be written as the next byte after
301 the next deflate block is completed. In this case, the decompressor may not
302 be provided enough bits at this point in order to complete decompression of
303 the data provided so far to the compressor. It may need to wait for the next
304 block to be emitted. This is for advanced applications that need to control
305 the emission of deflate blocks.

307     If flush is set to Z_FULL_FLUSH, all output is flushed as with
308 Z_SYNC_FLUSH, and the compression state is reset so that decompression can
309 restart from this point if previous compressed data has been damaged or if
310 random access is desired. Using Z_FULL_FLUSH too often can seriously degrade
311 compression.

313     If deflate returns with avail_out == 0, this function must be called again
314 with the same value of the flush parameter and more output space (updated
315 avail_out), until the flush is complete (deflate returns with non-zero
316 avail_out). In the case of a Z_FULL_FLUSH or Z_SYNC_FLUSH, make sure that
317 avail_out is greater than six to avoid repeated flush markers due to
318 avail_out == 0 on return.

320     If the parameter flush is set to Z_FINISH, pending input is processed,
321 pending output is flushed and deflate returns with Z_STREAM_END if there was
322 enough output space; if deflate returns with Z_OK, this function must be
323 called again with Z_FINISH and more output space (updated avail_out) but no
324 more input data, until it returns with Z_STREAM_END or an error. After

```

```

325 deflate has returned Z_STREAM_END, the only possible operations on the stream
326 are deflateReset or deflateEnd.

328     Z_FINISH can be used immediately after deflateInit if all the compression
329 is to be done in a single step. In this case, avail_out must be at least the
330 value returned by deflateBound (see below). Then deflate is guaranteed to
331 return Z_STREAM_END. If not enough output space is provided, deflate will
332 not return Z_STREAM_END, and it must be called again as described above.

334     deflate() sets strm->adler to the Adler32 checksum of all input read
335 so far (that is, total_in bytes).

337     deflate() may update strm->data_type if it can make a good guess about
338 the input data type (Z_BINARY or Z_TEXT). In doubt, the data is considered
339 binary. This field is only for information purposes and does not affect the
340 compression algorithm in any manner.

342     deflate() returns Z_OK if some progress has been made (more input
343 processed or more output produced), Z_STREAM_END if all input has been
344 consumed and all output has been produced (only when flush is set to
345 Z_FINISH), Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream state was inconsistent (for example
346 if next_in or next_out was Z_NULL), Z_BUF_ERROR if no progress is possible
347 (for example avail_in or avail_out was zero). Note that Z_BUF_ERROR is not
348 fatal, and deflate() can be called again with more input and more output
349 space to continue compressing.
350 */

353 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateEnd OF((z_streamp strm));
354 /*
355     All dynamically allocated data structures for this stream are freed.
356     This function discards any unprocessed input and does not flush any pending
357     output.

359     deflateEnd returns Z_OK if success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the
360 stream state was inconsistent, Z_DATA_ERROR if the stream was freed
361 prematurely (some input or output was discarded). In the error case, msg
362 may be set but then points to a static string (which must not be
363 deallocated).
364 */

367 /*
368 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateInit OF((z_streamp strm));

370     Initializes the internal stream state for decompression. The fields
371 next_in, avail_in, zalloc, zfree and opaque must be initialized before by
372 the caller. If next_in is not Z_NULL and avail_in is large enough (the
373 exact value depends on the compression method), inflateInit determines the
374 compression method from the zlib header and allocates all data structures
375 accordingly; otherwise the allocation will be deferred to the first call of
376 inflate. If zalloc and zfree are set to Z_NULL, inflateInit updates them to
377 use default allocation functions.

379     inflateInit returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
380 memory, Z_VERSION_ERROR if the zlib library version is incompatible with the
381 version assumed by the caller, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the parameters are
382 invalid, such as a null pointer to the structure. msg is set to null if
383 there is no error message. inflateInit does not perform any decompression
384 apart from possibly reading the zlib header if present: actual decompression
385 will be done by inflate(). (So next_in and avail_in may be modified, but
386 next_out and avail_out are unused and unchanged.) The current implementation
387 of inflateInit() does not process any header information -- that is deferred
388 until inflate() is called.
389 */

```

```

392 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflate OF((z_streamp strm, int flush));
393 /*
394  inflate decompresses as much data as possible, and stops when the input
395  buffer becomes empty or the output buffer becomes full. It may introduce
396  some output latency (reading input without producing any output) except when
397  forced to flush.

399  The detailed semantics are as follows. inflate performs one or both of the
400  following actions:

402  - Decompress more input starting at next_in and update next_in and avail_in
403  accordingly. If not all input can be processed (because there is not
404  enough room in the output buffer), next_in is updated and processing will
405  resume at this point for the next call of inflate().

407  - Provide more output starting at next_out and update next_out and avail_out
408  accordingly. inflate() provides as much output as possible, until there is
409  no more input data or no more space in the output buffer (see below about
410  the flush parameter).

412  Before the call of inflate(), the application should ensure that at least
413  one of the actions is possible, by providing more input and/or consuming more
414  output, and updating the next_* and avail_* values accordingly. The
415  application can consume the uncompressed output when it wants, for example
416  when the output buffer is full (avail_out == 0), or after each call of
417  inflate(). If inflate returns Z_OK and with zero avail_out, it must be
418  called again after making room in the output buffer because there might be
419  more output pending.

421  The flush parameter of inflate() can be Z_NO_FLUSH, Z_SYNC_FLUSH, Z_FINISH,
422  Z_BLOCK, or Z_TREES. Z_SYNC_FLUSH requests that inflate() flush as much
423  output as possible to the output buffer. Z_BLOCK requests that inflate()
424  stop if and when it gets to the next deflate block boundary. When decoding
425  the zlib or gzip format, this will cause inflate() to return immediately
426  after the header and before the first block. When doing a raw inflate,
427  inflate() will go ahead and process the first block, and will return when it
428  gets to the end of that block, or when it runs out of data.

430  The Z_BLOCK option assists in appending to or combining deflate streams.
431  Also to assist in this, on return inflate() will set strm->data_type to the
432  number of unused bits in the last byte taken from strm->next_in, plus 64 if
433  inflate() is currently decoding the last block in the deflate stream, plus
434  128 if inflate() returned immediately after decoding an end-of-block code or
435  decoding the complete header up to just before the first byte of the deflate
436  stream. The end-of-block will not be indicated until all of the uncompressed
437  data from that block has been written to strm->next_out. The number of
438  unused bits may in general be greater than seven, except when bit 7 of
439  data_type is set, in which case the number of unused bits will be less than
440  eight. data_type is set as noted here every time inflate() returns for all
441  flush options, and so can be used to determine the amount of currently
442  consumed input in bits.

444  The Z_TREES option behaves as Z_BLOCK does, but it also returns when the
445  end of each deflate block header is reached, before any actual data in that
446  block is decoded. This allows the caller to determine the length of the
447  deflate block header for later use in random access within a deflate block.
448  256 is added to the value of strm->data_type when inflate() returns
449  immediately after reaching the end of the deflate block header.

451  inflate() should normally be called until it returns Z_STREAM_END or an
452  error. However if all decompression is to be performed in a single step (a
453  single call of inflate), the parameter flush should be set to Z_FINISH. In
454  this case all pending input is processed and all pending output is flushed;
455  avail_out must be large enough to hold all of the uncompressed data for the
456  operation to complete. (The size of the uncompressed data may have been

```

```

457  saved by the compressor for this purpose.) The use of Z_FINISH is not
458  required to perform an inflation in one step. However it may be used to
459  inform inflate that a faster approach can be used for the single inflate()
460  call. Z_FINISH also informs inflate to not maintain a sliding window if the
461  stream completes, which reduces inflate's memory footprint. If the stream
462  does not complete, either because not all of the stream is provided or not
463  enough output space is provided, then a sliding window will be allocated and
464  inflate() can be called again to continue the operation as if Z_NO_FLUSH had
465  been used.

467  In this implementation, inflate() always flushes as much output as
468  possible to the output buffer, and always uses the faster approach on the
469  first call. So the effects of the flush parameter in this implementation are
470  on the return value of inflate() as noted below, when inflate() returns early
471  when Z_BLOCK or Z_TREES is used, and when inflate() avoids the allocation of
472  memory for a sliding window when Z_FINISH is used.

474  If a preset dictionary is needed after this call (see inflateSetDictionary
475  below), inflate sets strm->adler to the Adler-32 checksum of the dictionary
476  chosen by the compressor and returns Z_NEED_DICT; otherwise it sets
477  strm->adler to the Adler-32 checksum of all output produced so far (that is,
478  total_out bytes) and returns Z_OK, Z_STREAM_END or an error code as described
479  below. At the end of the stream, inflate() checks that its computed Adler32
480  checksum is equal to that saved by the compressor and returns Z_STREAM_END
481  only if the checksum is correct.

483  inflate() can decompress and check either zlib-wrapped or gzip-wrapped
484  deflate data. The header type is detected automatically, if requested when
485  initializing with inflateInit2(). Any information contained in the gzip
486  header is not retained, so applications that need that information should
487  instead use raw inflate, see inflateInit2() below, or inflateBack() and
488  perform their own processing of the gzip header and trailer. When processing
489  gzip-wrapped deflate data, strm->adler32 is set to the CRC-32 of the output
490  produced so far. The CRC-32 is checked against the gzip trailer.

492  inflate() returns Z_OK if some progress has been made (more input processed
493  or more output produced), Z_STREAM_END if the end of the compressed data has
494  been reached and all uncompressed output has been produced, Z_NEED_DICT if a
495  preset dictionary is needed at this point, Z_DATA_ERROR if the input data was
496  corrupted (input stream not conforming to the zlib format or incorrect check
497  value), Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream structure was inconsistent (for example
498  next_in or next_out was Z_NULL), Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough memory,
499  Z_BUF_ERROR if no progress is possible or if there was not enough room in the
500  output buffer when Z_FINISH is used. Note that Z_BUF_ERROR is not fatal, and
501  inflate() can be called again with more input and more output space to
502  continue decompressing. If Z_DATA_ERROR is returned, the application may
503  then call inflateSync() to look for a good compression block if a partial
504  recovery of the data is desired.
505  */

508 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateEnd OF((z_streamp strm));
509 /*
510  All dynamically allocated data structures for this stream are freed.
511  This function discards any unprocessed input and does not flush any pending
512  output.

514  inflateEnd returns Z_OK if success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream state
515  was inconsistent. In the error case, msg may be set but then points to a
516  static string (which must not be deallocated).
517  */

520  /* Advanced functions */

522 /*

```

```

523  The following functions are needed only in some special applications.
524  */
526  /*
527  ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateInit2 OF((z_stream strm,
528                                     int level,
529                                     int method,
530                                     int windowBits,
531                                     int memLevel,
532                                     int strategy));
534  This is another version of deflateInit with more compression options.  The
535  fields next_in, zalloc, zfree and opaque must be initialized before by the
536  caller.
538  The method parameter is the compression method.  It must be Z_DEFLATED in
539  this version of the library.
541  The windowBits parameter is the base two logarithm of the window size
542  (the size of the history buffer).  It should be in the range 8..15 for this
543  version of the library.  Larger values of this parameter result in better
544  compression at the expense of memory usage.  The default value is 15 if
545  deflateInit is used instead.
547  windowBits can also be -8..-15 for raw deflate.  In this case, -windowBits
548  determines the window size.  deflate() will then generate raw deflate data
549  with no zlib header or trailer, and will not compute an Adler32 check value.
551  windowBits can also be greater than 15 for optional gzip encoding.  Add
552  16 to windowBits to write a simple gzip header and trailer around the
553  compressed data instead of a zlib wrapper.  The gzip header will have no
554  file name, no extra data, no comment, no modification time (set to zero), no
555  header CRC, and the operating system will be set to 255 (unknown).  If a
556  gzip stream is being written, strm->adler is a CRC32 instead of an Adler32.
558  The memLevel parameter specifies how much memory should be allocated
559  for the internal compression state.  memLevel=1 uses minimum memory but is
560  slow and reduces compression ratio; memLevel=9 uses maximum memory for
561  optimal speed.  The default value is 8.  See zconf.h for total memory usage
562  as a function of windowBits and memLevel.
564  The strategy parameter is used to tune the compression algorithm.  Use the
565  value Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY for normal data, Z_FILTERED for data produced by a
566  filter (or predictor), Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY to force Huffman encoding only (no
567  string match), or Z_RLE to limit match distances to one (run-length
568  encoding).  Filtered data consists mostly of small values with a somewhat
569  random distribution.  In this case, the compression algorithm is tuned to
570  compress them better.  The effect of Z_FILTERED is to force more Huffman
571  coding and less string matching; it is somewhat intermediate between
572  Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY and Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY.  Z_RLE is designed to be almost as
573  fast as Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY, but give better compression for PNG image data.  The
574  strategy parameter only affects the compression ratio but not the
575  correctness of the compressed output even if it is not set appropriately.
576  Z_FIXED prevents the use of dynamic Huffman codes, allowing for a simpler
577  decoder for special applications.
579  deflateInit2 returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
580  memory, Z_STREAM_ERROR if any parameter is invalid (such as an invalid
581  method), or Z_VERSION_ERROR if the zlib library version (zlib_version) is
582  incompatible with the version assumed by the caller (ZLIB_VERSION).  msg is
583  set to null if there is no error message.  deflateInit2 does not perform any
584  compression: this will be done by deflate().
585  */
587  ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateSetDictionary OF((z_stream strm,
588                                             const Bytef *dictionary,

```

```

589                                     uInt dictLength));
590  /*
591  Initializes the compression dictionary from the given byte sequence
592  without producing any compressed output.  When using the zlib format, this
593  function must be called immediately after deflateInit, deflateInit2 or
594  deflateReset, and before any call of deflate.  When doing raw deflate, this
595  function must be called either before any call of deflate, or immediately
596  after the completion of a deflate block, i.e. after all input has been
597  consumed and all output has been delivered when using any of the flush
598  options Z_BLOCK, Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH, Z_SYNC_FLUSH, or Z_FULL_FLUSH.  The
599  compressor and decompressor must use exactly the same dictionary (see
600  inflateSetDictionary).
602  The dictionary should consist of strings (byte sequences) that are likely
603  to be encountered later in the data to be compressed, with the most commonly
604  used strings preferably put towards the end of the dictionary.  Using a
605  dictionary is most useful when the data to be compressed is short and can be
606  predicted with good accuracy; the data can then be compressed better than
607  with the default empty dictionary.
609  Depending on the size of the compression data structures selected by
610  deflateInit or deflateInit2, a part of the dictionary may in effect be
611  discarded, for example if the dictionary is larger than the window size
612  provided in deflateInit or deflateInit2.  Thus the strings most likely to be
613  useful should be put at the end of the dictionary, not at the front.  In
614  addition, the current implementation of deflate will use at most the window
615  size minus 262 bytes of the provided dictionary.
617  Upon return of this function, strm->adler is set to the Adler32 value
618  of the dictionary; the decompressor may later use this value to determine
619  which dictionary has been used by the compressor.  (The Adler32 value
620  applies to the whole dictionary even if only a subset of the dictionary is
621  actually used by the compressor.)  If a raw deflate was requested, then the
622  Adler32 value is not computed and strm->adler is not set.
624  deflateSetDictionary returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if a
625  parameter is invalid (e.g. dictionary being Z_NULL) or the stream state is
626  inconsistent (for example if deflate has already been called for this stream
627  or if not at a block boundary for raw deflate).  deflateSetDictionary does
628  not perform any compression: this will be done by deflate().
629  */
631  ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateCopy OF((z_stream dest,
632                                     z_stream source));
633  /*
634  Sets the destination stream as a complete copy of the source stream.
636  This function can be useful when several compression strategies will be
637  tried, for example when there are several ways of pre-processing the input
638  data with a filter.  The streams that will be discarded should then be freed
639  by calling deflateEnd.  Note that deflateCopy duplicates the internal
640  compression state which can be quite large, so this strategy is slow and can
641  consume lots of memory.
643  deflateCopy returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not
644  enough memory, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source stream state was inconsistent
645  (such as zalloc being Z_NULL).  msg is left unchanged in both source and
646  destination.
647  */
649  ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateReset OF((z_stream strm));
650  /*
651  This function is equivalent to deflateEnd followed by deflateInit,
652  but does not free and reallocate all the internal compression state.  The
653  stream will keep the same compression level and any other attributes that
654  may have been set by deflateInit2.

```



```

656     deflateReset returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
657     stream state was inconsistent (such as zalloc or state being Z_NULL).
658 */
660 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateParams OF((z_streamp strm,
661                                     int level,
662                                     int strategy));
663 /*
664     Dynamically update the compression level and compression strategy. The
665     interpretation of level and strategy is as in deflateInit2. This can be
666     used to switch between compression and straight copy of the input data, or
667     to switch to a different kind of input data requiring a different strategy.
668     If the compression level is changed, the input available so far is
669     compressed with the old level (and may be flushed); the new level will take
670     effect only at the next call of deflate().
671
672     Before the call of deflateParams, the stream state must be set as for
673     a call of deflate(), since the currently available input may have to be
674     compressed and flushed. In particular, strm->avail_out must be non-zero.
675
676     deflateParams returns Z_OK if success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
677     stream state was inconsistent or if a parameter was invalid, Z_BUF_ERROR if
678     strm->avail_out was zero.
679 */
681 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateTune OF((z_streamp strm,
682                                    int good_length,
683                                    int max_lazy,
684                                    int nice_length,
685                                    int max_chain));
686 /*
687     Fine tune deflate's internal compression parameters. This should only be
688     used by someone who understands the algorithm used by zlib's deflate for
689     searching for the best matching string, and even then only by the most
690     fanatic optimizer trying to squeeze out the last compressed bit for their
691     specific input data. Read the deflate.c source code for the meaning of the
692     max_lazy, good_length, nice_length, and max_chain parameters.
693
694     deflateTune() can be called after deflateInit() or deflateInit2(), and
695     returns Z_OK on success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR for an invalid deflate stream.
696 */
698 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT deflateBound OF((z_streamp strm,
699                                     uLong sourceLen));
700 /*
701     deflateBound() returns an upper bound on the compressed size after
702     deflation of sourceLen bytes. It must be called after deflateInit() or
703     deflateInit2(), and after deflateSetHeader(), if used. This would be used
704     to allocate an output buffer for deflation in a single pass, and so would be
705     called before deflate(). If that first deflate() call is provided the
706     sourceLen input bytes, an output buffer allocated to the size returned by
707     deflateBound(), and the flush value Z_FINISH, then deflate() is guaranteed
708     to return Z_STREAM_END. Note that it is possible for the compressed size to
709     be larger than the value returned by deflateBound() if flush options other
710     than Z_FINISH or Z_NO_FLUSH are used.
711 */
713 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflatePending OF((z_streamp strm,
714                                       unsigned *pending,
715                                       int *bits));
716 /*
717     deflatePending() returns the number of bytes and bits of output that have
718     been generated, but not yet provided in the available output. The bytes not
719     provided would be due to the available output space having been consumed.
720     The number of bits of output not provided are between 0 and 7, where they

```

```

721     await more bits to join them in order to fill out a full byte. If pending
722     or bits are Z_NULL, then those values are not set.
723
724     deflatePending returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
725     stream state was inconsistent.
726 */
728 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflatePrime OF((z_streamp strm,
729                                     int bits,
730                                     int value));
731 /*
732     deflatePrime() inserts bits in the deflate output stream. The intent
733     is that this function is used to start off the deflate output with the bits
734     leftover from a previous deflate stream when appending to it. As such, this
735     function can only be used for raw deflate, and must be used before the first
736     deflate() call after a deflateInit2() or deflateReset(). bits must be less
737     than or equal to 16, and that many of the least significant bits of value
738     will be inserted in the output.
739
740     deflatePrime returns Z_OK if success, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough
741     room in the internal buffer to insert the bits, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the
742     source stream state was inconsistent.
743 */
745 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateSetHeader OF((z_streamp strm,
746                                         gz_headerp head));
747 /*
748     deflateSetHeader() provides gzip header information for when a gzip
749     stream is requested by deflateInit2(). deflateSetHeader() may be called
750     after deflateInit2() or deflateReset() and before the first call of
751     deflate(). The text, time, os, extra field, name, and comment information
752     in the provided gz_header structure are written to the gzip header (xflag is
753     ignored -- the extra flags are set according to the compression level). The
754     caller must assure that, if not Z_NULL, name and comment are terminated with
755     a zero byte, and that if extra is not Z_NULL, that extra_len bytes are
756     available there. If hcrc is true, a gzip header crc is included. Note that
757     the current versions of the command-line version of gzip (up through version
758     1.3.x) do not support header crc's, and will report that it is a "multi-part
759     gzip file" and give up.
760
761     If deflateSetHeader is not used, the default gzip header has text false,
762     the time set to zero, and os set to 255, with no extra, name, or comment
763     fields. The gzip header is returned to the default state by deflateReset().
764
765     deflateSetHeader returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
766     stream state was inconsistent.
767 */
769 /*
770 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateInit2 OF((z_streamp strm,
771                                     int windowBits));
772
773     This is another version of inflateInit with an extra parameter. The
774     fields next_in, avail_in, zalloc, zfree and opaque must be initialized
775     before by the caller.
776
777     The windowBits parameter is the base two logarithm of the maximum window
778     size (the size of the history buffer). It should be in the range 8..15 for
779     this version of the library. The default value is 15 if inflateInit is used
780     instead. windowBits must be greater than or equal to the windowBits value
781     provided to deflateInit2() while compressing, or it must be equal to 15 if
782     deflateInit2() was not used. If a compressed stream with a larger window
783     size is given as input, inflate() will return with the error code
784     Z_DATA_ERROR instead of trying to allocate a larger window.
785
786     windowBits can also be zero to request that inflate use the window size in

```

```

787 the zlib header of the compressed stream.

789 windowBits can also be -8..-15 for raw inflate. In this case, -windowBits
790 determines the window size. inflate() will then process raw deflate data,
791 not looking for a zlib or gzip header, not generating a check value, and not
792 looking for any check values for comparison at the end of the stream. This
793 is for use with other formats that use the deflate compressed data format
794 such as zip. Those formats provide their own check values. If a custom
795 format is developed using the raw deflate format for compressed data, it is
796 recommended that a check value such as an Adler32 or a CRC32 be applied to
797 the uncompressed data as is done in the zlib, gzip, and zip formats. For
798 most applications, the zlib format should be used as is. Note that comments
799 above on the use in deflateInit2() applies to the magnitude of windowBits.

801 windowBits can also be greater than 15 for optional gzip decoding. Add
802 32 to windowBits to enable zlib and gzip decoding with automatic header
803 detection, or add 16 to decode only the gzip format (the zlib format will
804 return a Z_DATA_ERROR). If a gzip stream is being decoded, strm->adler is a
805 CRC32 instead of an Adler32.

807 inflateInit2 returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
808 memory, Z_VERSION_ERROR if the zlib library version is incompatible with the
809 version assumed by the caller, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the parameters are
810 invalid, such as a null pointer to the structure. msg is set to null if
811 there is no error message. inflateInit2 does not perform any decompression
812 apart from possibly reading the zlib header if present: actual decompression
813 will be done by inflate(). (So next_in and avail_in may be modified, but
814 next_out and avail_out are unused and unchanged.) The current implementation
815 of inflateInit2() does not process any header information -- that is
816 deferred until inflate() is called.
817 */

819 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateSetDictionary OF((z_streamp strm,
820 const Bytef *dictionary,
821 uInt dictLength));
822 /*
823 Initializes the decompression dictionary from the given uncompressed byte
824 sequence. This function must be called immediately after a call of inflate,
825 if that call returned Z_NEED_DICT. The dictionary chosen by the compressor
826 can be determined from the Adler32 value returned by that call of inflate.
827 The compressor and decompressor must use exactly the same dictionary (see
828 deflateSetDictionary). For raw inflate, this function can be called at any
829 time to set the dictionary. If the provided dictionary is smaller than the
830 window and there is already data in the window, then the provided dictionary
831 will amend what's there. The application must insure that the dictionary
832 that was used for compression is provided.

834 inflateSetDictionary returns Z_OK if success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if a
835 parameter is invalid (e.g. dictionary being Z_NULL) or the stream state is
836 inconsistent, Z_DATA_ERROR if the given dictionary doesn't match the
837 expected one (incorrect Adler32 value). inflateSetDictionary does not
838 perform any decompression: this will be done by subsequent calls of
839 inflate().
840 */

842 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateGetDictionary OF((z_streamp strm,
843 Bytef *dictionary,
844 uInt *dictLength));
845 /*
846 Returns the sliding dictionary being maintained by inflate. dictLength is
847 set to the number of bytes in the dictionary, and that many bytes are copied
848 to dictionary. dictionary must have enough space, where 32768 bytes is
849 always enough. If inflateGetDictionary() is called with dictionary equal to
850 Z_NULL, then only the dictionary length is returned, and nothing is copied.
851 Similarly, if dictLength is Z_NULL, then it is not set.

```

```

853 inflateGetDictionary returns Z_OK on success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the
854 stream state is inconsistent.
855 */

857 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateSync OF((z_streamp strm));
858 /*
859 Skips invalid compressed data until a possible full flush point (see above
860 for the description of deflate with Z_FULL_FLUSH) can be found, or until all
861 available input is skipped. No output is provided.

863 inflateSync searches for a 00 00 FF FF pattern in the compressed data.
864 All full flush points have this pattern, but not all occurrences of this
865 pattern are full flush points.

867 inflateSync returns Z_OK if a possible full flush point has been found,
868 Z_BUF_ERROR if no more input was provided, Z_DATA_ERROR if no flush point
869 has been found, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream structure was inconsistent.
870 In the success case, the application may save the current current value of
871 total_in which indicates where valid compressed data was found. In the
872 error case, the application may repeatedly call inflateSync, providing more
873 input each time, until success or end of the input data.
874 */

876 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateCopy OF((z_streamp dest,
877 z_streamp source));
878 /*
879 Sets the destination stream as a complete copy of the source stream.

881 This function can be useful when randomly accessing a large stream. The
882 first pass through the stream can periodically record the inflate state,
883 allowing restarting inflate at those points when randomly accessing the
884 stream.

886 inflateCopy returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not
887 enough memory, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source stream state was inconsistent
888 (such as ZALLOC being Z_NULL). msg is left unchanged in both source and
889 destination.
890 */

892 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateReset OF((z_streamp strm));
893 /*
894 This function is equivalent to inflateEnd followed by inflateInit,
895 but does not free and reallocate all the internal decompression state. The
896 stream will keep attributes that may have been set by inflateInit2.

898 inflateReset returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
899 stream state was inconsistent (such as ZALLOC or state being Z_NULL).
900 */

902 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateReset2 OF((z_streamp strm,
903 int windowBits));
904 /*
905 This function is the same as inflateReset, but it also permits changing
906 the wrap and window size requests. The windowBits parameter is interpreted
907 the same as it is for inflateInit2.

909 inflateReset2 returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
910 stream state was inconsistent (such as ZALLOC or state being Z_NULL), or if
911 the windowBits parameter is invalid.
912 */

914 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflatePrime OF((z_streamp strm,
915 int bits,
916 int value));
917 /*
918 This function inserts bits in the inflate input stream. The intent is

```

```

919 that this function is used to start inflating at a bit position in the
920 middle of a byte. The provided bits will be used before any bytes are used
921 from next_in. This function should only be used with raw inflate, and
922 should be used before the first inflate() call after inflateInit2() or
923 inflateReset(). bits must be less than or equal to 16, and that many of the
924 least significant bits of value will be inserted in the input.

```

```

926 If bits is negative, then the input stream bit buffer is emptied. Then
927 inflatePrime() can be called again to put bits in the buffer. This is used
928 to clear out bits leftover after feeding inflate a block description prior
929 to feeding inflate codes.

```

```

931 inflatePrime returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
932 stream state was inconsistent.
933 */

```

```

935 ZEXTERN long ZEXPORT inflateMark OF((z_streamp strm));

```

```

936 /*
937 This function returns two values, one in the lower 16 bits of the return
938 value, and the other in the remaining upper bits, obtained by shifting the
939 return value down 16 bits. If the upper value is -1 and the lower value is
940 zero, then inflate() is currently decoding information outside of a block.
941 If the upper value is -1 and the lower value is non-zero, then inflate is in
942 the middle of a stored block, with the lower value equaling the number of
943 bytes from the input remaining to copy. If the upper value is not -1, then
944 it is the number of bits back from the current bit position in the input of
945 the code (literal or length/distance pair) currently being processed. In
946 that case the lower value is the number of bytes already emitted for that
947 code.

```

```

949 A code is being processed if inflate is waiting for more input to complete
950 decoding of the code, or if it has completed decoding but is waiting for
951 more output space to write the literal or match data.

```

```

953 inflateMark() is used to mark locations in the input data for random
954 access, which may be at bit positions, and to note those cases where the
955 output of a code may span boundaries of random access blocks. The current
956 location in the input stream can be determined from avail_in and data_type
957 as noted in the description for the Z_BLOCK flush parameter for inflate.

```

```

959 inflateMark returns the value noted above or -1 << 16 if the provided
960 source stream state was inconsistent.
961 */

```

```

963 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateGetHeader OF((z_streamp strm,
964 gz_headerp head));

```

```

965 /*
966 inflateGetHeader() requests that gzip header information be stored in the
967 provided gz_header structure. inflateGetHeader() may be called after
968 inflateInit2() or inflateReset(), and before the first call of inflate().
969 As inflate() processes the gzip stream, head->done is zero until the header
970 is completed, at which time head->done is set to one. If a zlib stream is
971 being decoded, then head->done is set to -1 to indicate that there will be
972 no gzip header information forthcoming. Note that Z_BLOCK or Z_TREES can be
973 used to force inflate() to return immediately after header processing is
974 complete and before any actual data is decompressed.

```

```

976 The text, time, xflags, and os fields are filled in with the gzip header
977 contents. hcrc is set to true if there is a header CRC. (The header CRC
978 was valid if done is set to one.) If extra is not Z_NULL, then extra_max
979 contains the maximum number of bytes to write to extra. Once done is true,
980 extra_len contains the actual extra field length, and extra contains the
981 extra field, or that field truncated if extra_max is less than extra_len.
982 If name is not Z_NULL, then up to name_max characters are written there,
983 terminated with a zero unless the length is greater than name_max. If
984 comment is not Z_NULL, then up to comm_max characters are written there,

```

```

985 terminated with a zero unless the length is greater than comm_max. When any
986 of extra, name, or comment are not Z_NULL and the respective field is not
987 present in the header, then that field is set to Z_NULL to signal its
988 absence. This allows the use of deflateSetHeader() with the returned
989 structure to duplicate the header. However if those fields are set to
990 allocated memory, then the application will need to save those pointers
991 elsewhere so that they can be eventually freed.

```

```

993 If inflateGetHeader is not used, then the header information is simply
994 discarded. The header is always checked for validity, including the header
995 CRC if present. inflateReset() will reset the process to discard the header
996 information. The application would need to call inflateGetHeader() again to
997 retrieve the header from the next gzip stream.

```

```

999 inflateGetHeader returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
1000 stream state was inconsistent.
1001 */

```

```

1003 /*
1004 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBackInit OF((z_streamp strm, int windowBits,
1005 unsigned char FAR *window));

```

```

1007 Initialize the internal stream state for decompression using inflateBack()
1008 calls. The fields zalloc, zfree and opaque in strm must be initialized
1009 before the call. If zalloc and zfree are Z_NULL, then the default library-
1010 derived memory allocation routines are used. windowBits is the base two
1011 logarithm of the window size, in the range 8..15. window is a caller
1012 supplied buffer of that size. Except for special applications where it is
1013 assured that deflate was used with small window sizes, windowBits must be 15
1014 and a 32K byte window must be supplied to be able to decompress general
1015 deflate streams.

```

```

1017 See inflateBack() for the usage of these routines.

```

```

1019 inflateBackInit will return Z_OK on success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if any of
1020 the parameters are invalid, Z_MEM_ERROR if the internal state could not be
1021 allocated, or Z_VERSION_ERROR if the version of the library does not match
1022 the version of the header file.
1023 */

```

```

1025 typedef unsigned (*in_func) OF((void FAR *,
1026 z_const unsigned char FAR * FAR *));
1027 typedef int (*out_func) OF((void FAR *, unsigned char FAR *, unsigned));

```

```

1029 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBack OF((z_streamp strm,
1030 in_func in, void FAR *in_desc,
1031 out_func out, void FAR *out_desc));

```

```

1032 /*
1033 inflateBack() does a raw inflate with a single call using a call-back
1034 interface for input and output. This is potentially more efficient than
1035 inflate() for file i/o applications, in that it avoids copying between the
1036 output and the sliding window by simply making the window itself the output
1037 buffer. inflate() can be faster on modern CPUs when used with large
1038 buffers. inflateBack() trusts the application to not change the output
1039 buffer passed by the output function, at least until inflateBack() returns.

```

```

1041 inflateBackInit() must be called first to allocate the internal state
1042 and to initialize the state with the user-provided window buffer.
1043 inflateBack() may then be used multiple times to inflate a complete, raw
1044 deflate stream with each call. inflateBackEnd() is then called to free the
1045 allocated state.

```

```

1047 A raw deflate stream is one with no zlib or gzip header or trailer.
1048 This routine would normally be used in a utility that reads zip or gzip
1049 files and writes out uncompressed files. The utility would decode the
1050 header and process the trailer on its own, hence this routine expects only

```

```

1051 the raw deflate stream to decompress. This is different from the normal
1052 behavior of inflate(), which expects either a zlib or gzip header and
1053 trailer around the deflate stream.

1055 inflateBack() uses two subroutines supplied by the caller that are then
1056 called by inflateBack() for input and output. inflateBack() calls those
1057 routines until it reads a complete deflate stream and writes out all of the
1058 uncompressed data, or until it encounters an error. The function's
1059 parameters and return types are defined above in the in_func and out_func
1060 typedefs. inflateBack() will call in(in_desc, &buf) which should return the
1061 number of bytes of provided input, and a pointer to that input in buf. If
1062 there is no input available, in() must return zero--buf is ignored in that
1063 case--and inflateBack() will return a buffer error. inflateBack() will call
1064 out(out_desc, buf, len) to write the uncompressed data buf[0..len-1]. out()
1065 should return zero on success, or non-zero on failure. If out() returns
1066 non-zero, inflateBack() will return with an error. Neither in() nor out()
1067 are permitted to change the contents of the window provided to
1068 inflateBackInit(), which is also the buffer that out() uses to write from.
1069 The length written by out() will be at most the window size. Any non-zero
1070 amount of input may be provided by in().

1072 For convenience, inflateBack() can be provided input on the first call by
1073 setting strm->next_in and strm->avail_in. If that input is exhausted, then
1074 in() will be called. Therefore strm->next_in must be initialized before
1075 calling inflateBack(). If strm->next_in is Z_NULL, then in() will be called
1076 immediately for input. If strm->next_in is not Z_NULL, then strm->avail_in
1077 must also be initialized, and then if strm->avail_in is not zero, input will
1078 initially be taken from strm->next_in[0 .. strm->avail_in - 1].

1080 The in_desc and out_desc parameters of inflateBack() is passed as the
1081 first parameter of in() and out() respectively when they are called. These
1082 descriptors can be optionally used to pass any information that the caller-
1083 supplied in() and out() functions need to do their job.

1085 On return, inflateBack() will set strm->next_in and strm->avail_in to
1086 pass back any unused input that was provided by the last in() call. The
1087 return values of inflateBack() can be Z_STREAM_END on success, Z_BUF_ERROR
1088 if in() or out() returned an error, Z_DATA_ERROR if there was a format error
1089 in the deflate stream (in which case strm->msg is set to indicate the nature
1090 of the error), or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream was not properly initialized.
1091 In the case of Z_BUF_ERROR, an input or output error can be distinguished
1092 using strm->next_in which will be Z_NULL only if in() returned an error. If
1093 strm->next_in is not Z_NULL, then the Z_BUF_ERROR was due to out() returning
1094 non-zero. (in() will always be called before out(), so strm->next_in is
1095 assured to be defined if out() returns non-zero.) Note that inflateBack()
1096 cannot return Z_OK.
1097 */

1099 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBackEnd OF((z_streamp strm));
1100 /*
1101 All memory allocated by inflateBackInit() is freed.

1103 inflateBackEnd() returns Z_OK on success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream
1104 state was inconsistent.
1105 */

1107 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT zlibCompileFlags OF((void));
1108 /* Return flags indicating compile-time options.

1110 Type sizes, two bits each, 00 = 16 bits, 01 = 32, 10 = 64, 11 = other:
1111 1.0: size of uInt
1112 3.2: size of uLong
1113 5.4: size of voidpf (pointer)
1114 7.6: size of z_off_t

1116 Compiler, assembler, and debug options:

```

```

1117 8: DEBUG
1118 9: ASMV or ASMINF -- use ASM code
1119 10: ZLIB_WINAPI -- exported functions use the WINAPI calling convention
1120 11: 0 (reserved)

1122 One-time table building (smaller code, but not thread-safe if true):
1123 12: BUILDFIXED -- build static block decoding tables when needed
1124 13: DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE -- build CRC calculation tables when needed
1125 14,15: 0 (reserved)

1127 Library content (indicates missing functionality):
1128 16: NO_GZCOMPRESS -- gz* functions cannot compress (to avoid linking
1129 deflate code when not needed)
1130 17: NO_GZIP -- deflate can't write gzip streams, and inflate can't detect
1131 and decode gzip streams (to avoid linking crc code)
1132 18-19: 0 (reserved)

1134 Operation variations (changes in library functionality):
1135 20: PKZIP_BUG_WORKAROUND -- slightly more permissive inflate
1136 21: FASTEST -- deflate algorithm with only one, lowest compression level
1137 22,23: 0 (reserved)

1139 The sprintf variant used by gzprintf (zero is best):
1140 24: 0 = vs*, 1 = s* -- 1 means limited to 20 arguments after the format
1141 25: 0 = *nprintf, 1 = *printf -- 1 means gzprintf() not secure!
1142 26: 0 = returns value, 1 = void -- 1 means inferred string length returned

1144 Remainder:
1145 27-31: 0 (reserved)
1146 */

1148 #ifndef Z_SOLO

1150 /* utility functions */

1152 /*
1153 The following utility functions are implemented on top of the basic
1154 stream-oriented functions. To simplify the interface, some default options
1155 are assumed (compression level and memory usage, standard memory allocation
1156 functions). The source code of these utility functions can be modified if
1157 you need special options.
1158 */

1160 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT compress OF((Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen,
1161 const Bytef *source, uLong sourceLen));
1162 /*
1163 Compresses the source buffer into the destination buffer. sourceLen is
1164 the byte length of the source buffer. Upon entry, destLen is the total size
1165 of the destination buffer, which must be at least the value returned by
1166 compressBound(sourceLen). Upon exit, destLen is the actual size of the
1167 compressed buffer.

1169 compress returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not
1170 enough memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough room in the output
1171 buffer.
1172 */

1174 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT compress2 OF((Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen,
1175 const Bytef *source, uLong sourceLen,
1176 int level));
1177 /*
1178 Compresses the source buffer into the destination buffer. The level
1179 parameter has the same meaning as in deflateInit. sourceLen is the byte
1180 length of the source buffer. Upon entry, destLen is the total size of the
1181 destination buffer, which must be at least the value returned by
1182 compressBound(sourceLen). Upon exit, destLen is the actual size of the

```

```

1183     compressed buffer.

1185     compress2 returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
1186     memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough room in the output buffer,
1187     Z_STREAM_ERROR if the level parameter is invalid.
1188 */

1190 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT compressBound OF((uLong sourceLen));
1191 /*
1192     compressBound() returns an upper bound on the compressed size after
1193     compress() or compress2() on sourceLen bytes. It would be used before a
1194     compress() or compress2() call to allocate the destination buffer.
1195 */

1197 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT uncompress OF((Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen,
1198     const Bytef *source, uLong sourceLen));
1199 /*
1200     Decompresses the source buffer into the destination buffer. sourceLen is
1201     the byte length of the source buffer. Upon entry, destLen is the total size
1202     of the destination buffer, which must be large enough to hold the entire
1203     uncompressed data. (The size of the uncompressed data must have been saved
1204     previously by the compressor and transmitted to the decompressor by some
1205     mechanism outside the scope of this compression library.) Upon exit, destLen
1206     is the actual size of the uncompressed buffer.

1208     uncompress returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not
1209     enough memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough room in the output
1210     buffer, or Z_DATA_ERROR if the input data was corrupted or incomplete. In
1211     the case where there is not enough room, uncompress() will fill the output
1212     buffer with the uncompressed data up to that point.
1213 */

1215     /* gzip file access functions */

1217 /*
1218     This library supports reading and writing files in gzip (.gz) format with
1219     an interface similar to that of stdio, using the functions that start with
1220     "gz". The gzip format is different from the zlib format. gzip is a gzip
1221     wrapper, documented in RFC 1952, wrapped around a deflate stream.
1222 */

1224 typedef struct gzFile_s *gzFile; /* semi-opaque gzip file descriptor */

1226 /*
1227 ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen OF((const char *path, const char *mode));

1229     Opens a gzip (.gz) file for reading or writing. The mode parameter is as
1230     in fopen ("rb" or "wb") but can also include a compression level ("wb9") or
1231     a strategy: 'f' for filtered data as in "wb6f", 'h' for Huffman-only
1232     compression as in "wb1h", 'R' for run-length encoding as in "wb1R", or 'F'
1233     for fixed code compression as in "wb9F". (See the description of
1234     deflateInit2 for more information about the strategy parameter.) 'T' will
1235     request transparent writing or appending with no compression and not using
1236     the gzip format.

1238     "a" can be used instead of "w" to request that the gzip stream that will
1239     be written be appended to the file. "+" will result in an error, since
1240     reading and writing to the same gzip file is not supported. The addition of
1241     "x" when writing will create the file exclusively, which fails if the file
1242     already exists. On systems that support it, the addition of "e" when
1243     reading or writing will set the flag to close the file on an execve() call.

1245     These functions, as well as gzip, will read and decode a sequence of gzip
1246     streams in a file. The append function of gzopen() can be used to create
1247     such a file. (Also see gzflush() for another way to do this.) When
1248     appending, gzopen does not test whether the file begins with a gzip stream,

```

```

1249     nor does it look for the end of the gzip streams to begin appending. gzopen
1250     will simply append a gzip stream to the existing file.

1252     gzopen can be used to read a file which is not in gzip format; in this
1253     case gzread will directly read from the file without decompression. When
1254     reading, this will be detected automatically by looking for the magic two-
1255     byte gzip header.

1257     gzopen returns NULL if the file could not be opened, if there was
1258     insufficient memory to allocate the gzFile state, or if an invalid mode was
1259     specified (an 'r', 'w', or 'a' was not provided, or '+' was provided).
1260     errno can be checked to determine if the reason gzopen failed was that the
1261     file could not be opened.
1262 */

1264 ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzdopen OF((int fd, const char *mode));
1265 /*
1266     gzdopen associates a gzFile with the file descriptor fd. File descriptors
1267     are obtained from calls like open, dup, creat, pipe or fileno (if the file
1268     has been previously opened with fopen). The mode parameter is as in gzopen.

1270     The next call of gzclose on the returned gzFile will also close the file
1271     descriptor fd, just like fclose(fdopen(fd, mode)) closes the file descriptor
1272     fd. If you want to keep fd open, use fd = dup(fd_keep); gz = gzdopen(fd,
1273     mode);. The duplicated descriptor should be saved to avoid a leak, since
1274     gzdopen does not close fd if it fails. If you are using fileno() to get the
1275     file descriptor from a FILE *, then you will have to use dup() to avoid
1276     double-closing the file descriptor. Both gzclose() and fclose() will
1277     close the associated file descriptor, so they need to have different file
1278     descriptors.

1280     gzdopen returns NULL if there was insufficient memory to allocate the
1281     gzFile state, if an invalid mode was specified (an 'r', 'w', or 'a' was not
1282     provided, or '+' was provided), or if fd is -1. The file descriptor is not
1283     used until the next gz* read, write, seek, or close operation, so gzdopen
1284     will not detect if fd is invalid (unless fd is -1).
1285 */

1287 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzbuffer OF((gzFile file, unsigned size));
1288 /*
1289     Set the internal buffer size used by this library's functions. The
1290     default buffer size is 8192 bytes. This function must be called after
1291     gzopen() or gzdopen(), and before any other calls that read or write the
1292     file. The buffer memory allocation is always deferred to the first read or
1293     write. Two buffers are allocated, either both of the specified size when
1294     writing, or one of the specified size and the other twice that size when
1295     reading. A larger buffer size of, for example, 64K or 128K bytes will
1296     noticeably increase the speed of decompression (reading).

1298     The new buffer size also affects the maximum length for gzprintf().

1300     gzbuffer() returns 0 on success, or -1 on failure, such as being called
1301     too late.
1302 */

1304 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzsetparams OF((gzFile file, int level, int strategy));
1305 /*
1306     Dynamically update the compression level or strategy. See the description
1307     of deflateInit2 for the meaning of these parameters.

1309     gzsetparams returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the file was not
1310     opened for writing.
1311 */

1313 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzread OF((gzFile file, voidp buf, unsigned len));
1314 /*

```

```

1315 Reads the given number of uncompressed bytes from the compressed file. If
1316 the input file is not in gzip format, gzread copies the given number of
1317 bytes into the buffer directly from the file.

1319 After reaching the end of a gzip stream in the input, gzread will continue
1320 to read, looking for another gzip stream. Any number of gzip streams may be
1321 concatenated in the input file, and will all be decompressed by gzread().
1322 If something other than a gzip stream is encountered after a gzip stream,
1323 that remaining trailing garbage is ignored (and no error is returned).

1325 gzread can be used to read a gzip file that is being concurrently written.
1326 Upon reaching the end of the input, gzread will return with the available
1327 data. If the error code returned by gzerror is Z_OK or Z_BUF_ERROR, then
1328 gzclearerr can be used to clear the end of file indicator in order to permit
1329 gzread to be tried again. Z_OK indicates that a gzip stream was completed
1330 on the last gzread. Z_BUF_ERROR indicates that the input file ended in the
1331 middle of a gzip stream. Note that gzread does not return -1 in the event
1332 of an incomplete gzip stream. This error is deferred until gzclos(), which
1333 will return Z_BUF_ERROR if the last gzread ended in the middle of a gzip
1334 stream. Alternatively, gzerror can be used before gzclos() to detect this
1335 case.

1337 gzread returns the number of uncompressed bytes actually read, less than
1338 len for end of file, or -1 for error.
1339 */

1341 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzwrite OF((gzFile file,
1342 voidpc buf, unsigned len));
1343 /*
1344 Writes the given number of uncompressed bytes into the compressed file.
1345 gzwrite returns the number of uncompressed bytes written or 0 in case of
1346 error.
1347 */

1349 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORTVA gzprintf Z_ARG((gzFile file, const char *format, ...));
1350 /*
1351 Converts, formats, and writes the arguments to the compressed file under
1352 control of the format string, as in fprintf. gzprintf returns the number of
1353 uncompressed bytes actually written, or 0 in case of error. The number of
1354 uncompressed bytes written is limited to 8191, or one less than the buffer
1355 size given to gzbuffer(). The caller should assure that this limit is not
1356 exceeded. If it is exceeded, then gzprintf() will return an error (0) with
1357 nothing written. In this case, there may also be a buffer overflow with
1358 unpredictable consequences, which is possible only if zlib was compiled with
1359 the insecure functions sprintf() or vsprintf() because the secure sprintf()
1360 or vsnprintf() functions were not available. This can be determined using
1361 zlibCompileFlags().
1362 */

1364 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzputs OF((gzFile file, const char *s));
1365 /*
1366 Writes the given null-terminated string to the compressed file, excluding
1367 the terminating null character.

1369 gzputs returns the number of characters written, or -1 in case of error.
1370 */

1372 ZEXTERN char * ZEXPORT gzgets OF((gzFile file, char *buf, int len));
1373 /*
1374 Reads bytes from the compressed file until len-1 characters are read, or a
1375 newline character is read and transferred to buf, or an end-of-file
1376 condition is encountered. If any characters are read or if len == 1, the
1377 string is terminated with a null character. If no characters are read due
1378 to an end-of-file or len < 1, then the buffer is left untouched.

1380 gzgets returns buf which is a null-terminated string, or it returns NULL

```

```

1381 for end-of-file or in case of error. If there was an error, the contents at
1382 buf are indeterminate.
1383 */

1385 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzputc OF((gzFile file, int c));
1386 /*
1387 Writes c, converted to an unsigned char, into the compressed file. gzputc
1388 returns the value that was written, or -1 in case of error.
1389 */

1391 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzgetc OF((gzFile file));
1392 /*
1393 Reads one byte from the compressed file. gzgetc returns this byte or -1
1394 in case of end of file or error. This is implemented as a macro for speed.
1395 As such, it does not do all of the checking the other functions do. I.e.
1396 it does not check to see if file is NULL, nor whether the structure file
1397 points to has been clobbered or not.
1398 */

1400 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzungetc OF((int c, gzFile file));
1401 /*
1402 Push one character back onto the stream to be read as the first character
1403 on the next read. At least one character of push-back is allowed.
1404 gzungetc() returns the character pushed, or -1 on failure. gzungetc() will
1405 fail if c is -1, and may fail if a character has been pushed but not read
1406 yet. If gzungetc is used immediately after gzopen or gzdopen, at least the
1407 output buffer size of pushed characters is allowed. (See gzbuffer above.)
1408 The pushed character will be discarded if the stream is repositioned with
1409 gzseek() or gzrewind().
1410 */

1412 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzflush OF((gzFile file, int flush));
1413 /*
1414 Flushes all pending output into the compressed file. The parameter flush
1415 is as in the deflate() function. The return value is the zlib error number
1416 (see function gzerror below). gzflush is only permitted when writing.

1418 If the flush parameter is Z_FINISH, the remaining data is written and the
1419 gzip stream is completed in the output. If gzwrite() is called again, a new
1420 gzip stream will be started in the output. gzread() is able to read such
1421 concatenated gzip streams.

1423 gzflush should be called only when strictly necessary because it will
1424 degrade compression if called too often.
1425 */

1427 /*
1428 ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzseek OF((gzFile file,
1429 z_off_t offset, int whence));

1431 Sets the starting position for the next gzread or gzwrite on the given
1432 compressed file. The offset represents a number of bytes in the
1433 uncompressed data stream. The whence parameter is defined as in lseek(2);
1434 the value SEEK_END is not supported.

1436 If the file is opened for reading, this function is emulated but can be
1437 extremely slow. If the file is opened for writing, only forward seeks are
1438 supported; gzseek then compresses a sequence of zeroes up to the new
1439 starting position.

1441 gzseek returns the resulting offset location as measured in bytes from
1442 the beginning of the uncompressed stream, or -1 in case of error, in
1443 particular if the file is opened for writing and the new starting position
1444 would be before the current position.
1445 */

```

```

1447 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzrewind OF((gzFile file));
1448 /*
1449     Rewinds the given file. This function is supported only for reading.

1451     gzrewind(file) is equivalent to (int)gzseek(file, 0L, SEEK_SET)
1452 */

1454 /*
1455 ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gztell OF((gzFile file));

1457     Returns the starting position for the next gzread or gzwrite on the given
1458     compressed file. This position represents a number of bytes in the
1459     uncompressed data stream, and is zero when starting, even if appending or
1460     reading a gzip stream from the middle of a file using gzopen().

1462     gtell(file) is equivalent to gzseek(file, 0L, SEEK_CUR)
1463 */

1465 /*
1466 ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzoffset OF((gzFile file));

1468     Returns the current offset in the file being read or written. This offset
1469     includes the count of bytes that precede the gzip stream, for example when
1470     appending or when using gzopen() for reading. When reading, the offset
1471     does not include as yet unused buffered input. This information can be used
1472     for a progress indicator. On error, gzoffset() returns -1.
1473 */

1475 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzeof OF((gzFile file));
1476 /*
1477     Returns true (1) if the end-of-file indicator has been set while reading,
1478     false (0) otherwise. Note that the end-of-file indicator is set only if the
1479     read tried to go past the end of the input, but came up short. Therefore,
1480     just like feof(), gzeof() may return false even if there is no more data to
1481     read, in the event that the last read request was for the exact number of
1482     bytes remaining in the input file. This will happen if the input file size
1483     is an exact multiple of the buffer size.

1485     If gzeof() returns true, then the read functions will return no more data,
1486     unless the end-of-file indicator is reset by gzcLEARerr() and the input file
1487     has grown since the previous end of file was detected.
1488 */

1490 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzdirect OF((gzFile file));
1491 /*
1492     Returns true (1) if file is being copied directly while reading, or false
1493     (0) if file is a gzip stream being decompressed.

1495     If the input file is empty, gzdirect() will return true, since the input
1496     does not contain a gzip stream.

1498     If gzdirect() is used immediately after gzopen() or gzopen() it will
1499     cause buffers to be allocated to allow reading the file to determine if it
1500     is a gzip file. Therefore if gzbuffer() is used, it should be called before
1501     gzdirect().

1503     When writing, gzdirect() returns true (1) if transparent writing was
1504     requested ("wT" for the gzopen() mode), or false (0) otherwise. (Note:
1505     gzdirect() is not needed when writing. Transparent writing must be
1506     explicitly requested, so the application already knows the answer. When
1507     linking statically, using gzdirect() will include all of the zlib code for
1508     gzip file reading and decompression, which may not be desired.)
1509 */

1511 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzclose OF((gzFile file));
1512 /*

```

```

1513     Flushes all pending output if necessary, closes the compressed file and
1514     deallocates the (de)compression state. Note that once file is closed, you
1515     cannot call gzerror with file, since its structures have been deallocated.
1516     gzclose must not be called more than once on the same file, just as free
1517     must not be called more than once on the same allocation.

1519     gzclose will return Z_STREAM_ERROR if file is not valid, Z_ERRNO on a
1520     file operation error, Z_MEM_ERROR if out of memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if the
1521     last read ended in the middle of a gzip stream, or Z_OK on success.
1522 */

1524 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzclose_r OF((gzFile file));
1525 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzclose_w OF((gzFile file));
1526 /*
1527     Same as gzclose(), but gzclose_r() is only for use when reading, and
1528     gzclose_w() is only for use when writing or appending. The advantage to
1529     using these instead of gzclose() is that they avoid linking in zlib
1530     compression or decompression code that is not used when only reading or only
1531     writing respectively. If gzclose() is used, then both compression and
1532     decompression code will be included the application when linking to a static
1533     zlib library.
1534 */

1536 ZEXTERN const char * ZEXPORT gzerror OF((gzFile file, int *errnum));
1537 /*
1538     Returns the error message for the last error which occurred on the given
1539     compressed file. errnum is set to zlib error number. If an error occurred
1540     in the file system and not in the compression library, errnum is set to
1541     Z_ERRNO and the application may consult errno to get the exact error code.

1543     The application must not modify the returned string. Future calls to
1544     this function may invalidate the previously returned string. If file is
1545     closed, then the string previously returned by gzerror will no longer be
1546     available.

1548     gzerror() should be used to distinguish errors from end-of-file for those
1549     functions above that do not distinguish those cases in their return values.
1550 */

1552 ZEXTERN void ZEXPORT gzcLEARerr OF((gzFile file));
1553 /*
1554     Clears the error and end-of-file flags for file. This is analogous to the
1555     clearerr() function in stdio. This is useful for continuing to read a gzip
1556     file that is being written concurrently.
1557 */

1559 #endif /* !Z_SOLO */

1561     /* checksum functions */

1563 /*
1564     These functions are not related to compression but are exported
1565     anyway because they might be useful in applications using the compression
1566     library.
1567 */

1569 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32 OF((uLong Adler, const Bytef *buf, uInt len));
1570 /*
1571     Update a running Adler-32 checksum with the bytes buf[0..len-1] and
1572     return the updated checksum. If buf is Z_NULL, this function returns the
1573     required initial value for the checksum.

1575     An Adler-32 checksum is almost as reliable as a CRC32 but can be computed
1576     much faster.

1578     Usage example:

```

```

1580     uLong Adler = Adler32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);

1582     while (read_buffer(buffer, length) != EOF) {
1583         Adler = Adler32(Adler, buffer, length);
1584     }
1585     if (Adler != original_Adler) error();
1586 */

1588 /*
1589 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine OF((uLong Adler1, uLong Adler2,
1590     z_off_t len2));

1592     Combine two Adler-32 checksums into one. For two sequences of bytes, seq1
1593     and seq2 with lengths len1 and len2, Adler-32 checksums were calculated for
1594     each, Adler1 and Adler2. Adler32_combine() returns the Adler-32 checksum of
1595     seq1 and seq2 concatenated, requiring only Adler1, Adler2, and len2. Note
1596     that the z_off_t type (like off_t) is a signed integer. If len2 is
1597     negative, the result has no meaning or utility.
1598 */

1600 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Crc32 OF((uLong Crc, const Bytef *buf, uInt len));
1601 /*
1602     Update a running CRC-32 with the bytes buf[0..len-1] and return the
1603     updated CRC-32. If buf is Z_NULL, this function returns the required
1604     initial value for the CRC. Pre- and post-conditioning (one's complement) is
1605     performed within this function so it shouldn't be done by the application.

1607     Usage example:

1609     uLong Crc = Crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);

1611     while (read_buffer(buffer, length) != EOF) {
1612         Crc = Crc32(Crc, buffer, length);
1613     }
1614     if (Crc != original_Crc) error();
1615 */

1617 /*
1618 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Crc32_combine OF((uLong Crc1, uLong Crc2, z_off_t len2));

1620     Combine two CRC-32 check values into one. For two sequences of bytes,
1621     seq1 and seq2 with lengths len1 and len2, CRC-32 check values were
1622     calculated for each, Crc1 and Crc2. Crc32_combine() returns the CRC-32
1623     check value of seq1 and seq2 concatenated, requiring only Crc1, Crc2, and
1624     len2.
1625 */

1628     /* various hacks, don't look :) */

1630 /* deflateInit and inflateInit are macros to allow checking the zlib version
1631 * and the compiler's view of z_stream:
1632 */
1633 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateInit_ OF((z_stream *strm, int level,
1634     const char *version, int stream_size));
1635 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateInit_ OF((z_stream *strm,
1636     const char *version, int stream_size));
1637 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateInit2_ OF((z_stream *strm, int level, int method,
1638     int windowBits, int memLevel,
1639     int strategy, const char *version,
1640     int stream_size));
1641 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateInit2_ OF((z_stream *strm, int windowBits,
1642     const char *version, int stream_size));
1643 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBackInit_ OF((z_stream *strm, int windowBits,
1644     unsigned char FAR *window,

```

```

1645     const char *version,
1646     int stream_size));
1647 #define deflateInit(strm, level) \
1648     deflateInit_((strm), (level), ZLIB_VERSION, (int)sizeof(z_stream))
1649 #define inflateInit(strm) \
1650     inflateInit_((strm), ZLIB_VERSION, (int)sizeof(z_stream))
1651 #define deflateInit2(strm, level, method, windowBits, memLevel, strategy) \
1652     deflateInit2_((strm), (level), (method), (windowBits), (memLevel), \
1653         (strategy), ZLIB_VERSION, (int)sizeof(z_stream))
1654 #define inflateInit2(strm, windowBits) \
1655     inflateInit2_((strm), (windowBits), ZLIB_VERSION, \
1656         (int)sizeof(z_stream))
1657 #define inflateBackInit(strm, windowBits, window) \
1658     inflateBackInit_((strm), (windowBits), (window), \
1659         ZLIB_VERSION, (int)sizeof(z_stream))

1661 #ifndef Z_SOLO

1663 /* gzgetc() macro and its supporting function and exposed data structure. Note
1664 * that the real internal state is much larger than the exposed structure.
1665 * This abbreviated structure exposes just enough for the gzgetc() macro. The
1666 * user should not mess with these exposed elements, since their names or
1667 * behavior could change in the future, perhaps even capriciously. They can
1668 * only be used by the gzgetc() macro. You have been warned.
1669 */
1670 struct gzFile_s {
1671     unsigned have;
1672     unsigned char *next;
1673     z_off64_t pos;
1674 };
1675 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzgetc_ OF((gzFile file)); /* backward compatibility */
1676 #ifndef Z_PREFIX_SET
1677 # undef gzgetc
1678 # define gzgetc(g) \
1679     ((g)->have ? ((g)->have--, (g)->pos++, *((g)->next)++) : gzgetc(g))
1680 #else
1681 # define gzgetc(g) \
1682     ((g)->have ? ((g)->have--, (g)->pos++, *((g)->next)++) : gzgetc(g))
1683 #endif

1685 /* provide 64-bit offset functions if _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE defined, and/or
1686 * change the regular functions to 64 bits if _FILE_OFFSET_BITS is 64 (if
1687 * both are true, the application gets the *64 functions, and the regular
1688 * functions are changed to 64 bits) -- in case these are set on systems
1689 * without large file support, _LFS64_LARGEFILE must also be true
1690 */
1691 #ifndef Z_LARGE64
1692     ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen64 OF((const char *, const char *));
1693     ZEXTERN z_off64_t ZEXPORT gzseek64 OF((gzFile, z_off64_t, int));
1694     ZEXTERN z_off64_t ZEXPORT gztell64 OF((gzFile));
1695     ZEXTERN z_off64_t ZEXPORT gzoffset64 OF((gzFile));
1696     ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off64_t));
1697     ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Crc32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off64_t));
1698 #endif

1700 #if !defined(ZLIB_INTERNAL) && defined(Z_WANT64)
1701 # ifdef Z_PREFIX_SET
1702 #   define gzopen gzopen64
1703 #   define gzseek gzseek64
1704 #   define gztell gztell64
1705 #   define gzoffset gzoffset64
1706 #   define z_adler32_combine z_adler32_combine64
1707 #   define z_crc32_combine z_crc32_combine64
1708 # else
1709 #   define gzopen gzopen64
1710 #   define gzseek gzseek64

```



```
1711 #   define gztell gztell64
1712 #   define gzoffset gzoffset64
1713 #   define Adler32_combine Adler32_combine64
1714 #   define crc32_combine crc32_combine64
1715 #   endif
1716 #   ifndef Z_LARGE64
1717       ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen64 OF((const char *, const char *));
1718       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzseek64 OF((gzFile, z_off_t, int));
1719       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gztell64 OF((gzFile));
1720       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzoffset64 OF((gzFile));
1721       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1722       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT crc32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1723 #   endif
1724 #else
1725       ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen OF((const char *, const char *));
1726       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzseek OF((gzFile, z_off_t, int));
1727       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gztell OF((gzFile));
1728       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzoffset OF((gzFile));
1729       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1730       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT crc32_combine OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1731 #endif

1733 #else /* Z_SOLO */

1735       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1736       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT crc32_combine OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));

1738 #endif /* !Z_SOLO */

1740 /* hack for buggy compilers */
1741 #if !defined(ZUTIL_H) && !defined(NO_DUMMY_DECL)
1742     struct internal_state {int dummy;};
1743 #endif

1745 /* undocumented functions */
1746 ZEXTERN const char * ZEXPORT zError          OF((int));
1747 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateSyncPoint OF((z_streamp));
1748 ZEXTERN const z_crc_t FAR * ZEXPORT get_crc_table OF((void));
1749 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateUndermine OF((z_streamp, int));
1750 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateResetKeep OF((z_streamp));
1751 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateResetKeep OF((z_streamp));
1752 #if defined(_WIN32) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
1753 ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen_w OF((const wchar_t *path,
1754                                     const char *mode));
1755 #endif
1756 #if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
1757 #   ifndef Z_SOLO
1758       ZEXTERN int ZEXPORTVA gzvprintf Z_ARG((gzFile file,
1759                                               const char *format,
1760                                               va_list va));
1761 #   endif
1762 #endif

1764 #ifdef __cplusplus
1765 }
1766 #endif

1768 #endif /* ZLIB_H */
```

```

*****
87883 Wed Apr 1 15:57:35 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.h.-1~
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
2  version 1.2.8, April 28th, 2013

4  Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

6  This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
7  warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
8  arising from the use of this software.

10  Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
11  including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
12  freely, subject to the following restrictions:

14  1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
15  claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
16  in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
17  appreciated but is not required.
18  2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
19  misrepresented as being the original software.
20  3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

22  Jean-loup Gailly          Mark Adler
23  jloup@gzip.org          madler@alumni.caltech.edu

26  The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for
27  Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950
28  (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).
29 */

31 #ifndef ZLIB_H
32 #define ZLIB_H

34 #include "zconf.h"

36 #ifdef __cplusplus
37 extern "C" {
38 #endif

40 #define ZLIB_VERSION "1.2.8"
41 #define ZLIB_VERNUM 0x1280
42 #define ZLIB_VER_MAJOR 1
43 #define ZLIB_VER_MINOR 2
44 #define ZLIB_VER_REVISION 8
45 #define ZLIB_VER_SUBREVISION 0

47 /*
48  The 'zlib' compression library provides in-memory compression and
49  decompression functions, including integrity checks of the uncompressed data.
50  This version of the library supports only one compression method (deflation)
51  but other algorithms will be added later and will have the same stream
52  interface.

54  Compression can be done in a single step if the buffers are large enough,
55  or can be done by repeated calls of the compression function. In the latter
56  case, the application must provide more input and/or consume the output
57  (providing more output space) before each call.

59  The compressed data format used by default by the in-memory functions is
60  the zlib format, which is a zlib wrapper documented in RFC 1950, wrapped

```

```

61  around a deflate stream, which is itself documented in RFC 1951.

63  The library also supports reading and writing files in gzip (.gz) format
64  with an interface similar to that of stdio using the functions that start
65  with "gz". The gzip format is different from the zlib format. gzip is a
66  gzip wrapper, documented in RFC 1952, wrapped around a deflate stream.

68  This library can optionally read and write gzip streams in memory as well.

70  The zlib format was designed to be compact and fast for use in memory
71  and on communications channels. The gzip format was designed for single-
72  file compression on file systems, has a larger header than zlib to maintain
73  directory information, and uses a different, slower check method than zlib.

75  The library does not install any signal handler. The decoder checks
76  the consistency of the compressed data, so the library should never crash
77  even in case of corrupted input.
78 */

80 typedef voidpf (*alloc_func) OF((voidpf opaque, uInt items, uInt size));
81 typedef void (*free_func) OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf address));

83 struct internal_state;

85 typedef struct z_stream_s {
86     z_const Bytef *next_in; /* next input byte */
87     uInt avail_in; /* number of bytes available at next_in */
88     uLong total_in; /* total number of input bytes read so far */

90     Bytef *next_out; /* next output byte should be put there */
91     uInt avail_out; /* remaining free space at next_out */
92     uLong total_out; /* total number of bytes output so far */

94     z_const char *msg; /* last error message, NULL if no error */
95     struct internal_state FAR *state; /* not visible by applications */

97     alloc_func zalloc; /* used to allocate the internal state */
98     free_func zfree; /* used to free the internal state */
99     voidpf opaque; /* private data object passed to zalloc and zfree */

101     int data_type; /* best guess about the data type: binary or text */
102     uLong Adler; /* Adler32 value of the uncompressed data */
103     uLong reserved; /* reserved for future use */
104 } z_stream;

106 typedef z_stream FAR *z_stream;

108 /*
109  gzip header information passed to and from zlib routines. See RFC 1952
110  for more details on the meanings of these fields.
111 */
112 typedef struct gz_header_s {
113     int text; /* true if compressed data believed to be text */
114     uLong time; /* modification time */
115     int xflags; /* extra flags (not used when writing a gzip file) */
116     int os; /* operating system */
117     Bytef *extra; /* pointer to extra field or Z_NULL if none */
118     uInt extra_len; /* extra field length (valid if extra != Z_NULL) */
119     uInt extra_max; /* space at extra (only when reading header) */
120     Bytef *name; /* pointer to zero-terminated file name or Z_NULL */
121     uInt name_max; /* space at name (only when reading header) */
122     Bytef *comment; /* pointer to zero-terminated comment or Z_NULL */
123     uInt comm_max; /* space at comment (only when reading header) */
124     int hcrc; /* true if there was or will be a header crc */
125     int done; /* true when done reading gzip header (not used
126                when writing a gzip file) */

```

```

127 } gz_header;
129 typedef gz_header FAR *gz_headerp;

131 /*
132  The application must update next_in and avail_in when avail_in has dropped
133  to zero. It must update next_out and avail_out when avail_out has dropped
134  to zero. The application must initialize zalloc, zfree and opaque before
135  calling the init function. All other fields are set by the compression
136  library and must not be updated by the application.

138  The opaque value provided by the application will be passed as the first
139  parameter for calls of zalloc and zfree. This can be useful for custom
140  memory management. The compression library attaches no meaning to the
141  opaque value.

143  zalloc must return Z_NULL if there is not enough memory for the object.
144  If zlib is used in a multi-threaded application, zalloc and zfree must be
145  thread safe.

147  On 16-bit systems, the functions zalloc and zfree must be able to allocate
148  exactly 65536 bytes, but will not be required to allocate more than this if
149  the symbol MAXSEG_64K is defined (see zconf.h). WARNING: On MSDOS, pointers
150  returned by zalloc for objects of exactly 65536 bytes *must* have their
151  offset normalized to zero. The default allocation function provided by this
152  library ensures this (see zutil.c). To reduce memory requirements and avoid
153  any allocation of 64K objects, at the expense of compression ratio, compile
154  the library with -D_MAX_WBITS=14 (see zconf.h).

156  The fields total_in and total_out can be used for statistics or progress
157  reports. After compression, total_in holds the total size of the
158  uncompressed data and may be saved for use in the decompressor (particularly
159  if the decompressor wants to decompress everything in a single step).
160 */

162      /* constants */

164 #define Z_NO_FLUSH          0
165 #define Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH    1
166 #define Z_SYNC_FLUSH       2
167 #define Z_FULL_FLUSH       3
168 #define Z_FINISH           4
169 #define Z_BLOCK            5
170 #define Z_TREES            6
171 /* Allowed flush values; see deflate() and inflate() below for details */

173 #define Z_OK                0
174 #define Z_STREAM_END        1
175 #define Z_NEED_DICT        2
176 #define Z_ERRNO             (-1)
177 #define Z_STREAM_ERROR     (-2)
178 #define Z_DATA_ERROR       (-3)
179 #define Z_MEM_ERROR        (-4)
180 #define Z_BUF_ERROR        (-5)
181 #define Z_VERSION_ERROR    (-6)
182 /* Return codes for the compression/decompression functions. Negative values
183  * are errors, positive values are used for special but normal events.
184 */

186 #define Z_NO_COMPRESSION    0
187 #define Z_BEST_SPEED        1
188 #define Z_BEST_COMPRESSION  9
189 #define Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION (-1)
190 /* compression levels */

192 #define Z_FILTERED          1

```

```

193 #define Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY     2
194 #define Z_RLE              3
195 #define Z_FIXED            4
196 #define Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY 0
197 /* compression strategy; see deflateInit2() below for details */

199 #define Z_BINARY           0
200 #define Z_TEXT             1
201 #define Z_ASCII           Z_TEXT /* for compatibility with 1.2.2 and earlier */
202 #define Z_UNKNOWN         2
203 /* Possible values of the data_type field (though see inflate()) */

205 #define Z_DEFLATED        8
206 /* The deflate compression method (the only one supported in this version) */

208 #define Z_NULL            0 /* for initializing zalloc, zfree, opaque */

210 #define zlib_version      zlibVersion()
211 /* for compatibility with versions < 1.0.2 */

214      /* basic functions */

216 ZEXTERN const char * ZEXPORT zlibVersion OF((void));
217 /* The application can compare zlibVersion and ZLIB_VERSION for consistency.
218  If the first character differs, the library code actually used is not
219  compatible with the zlib.h header file used by the application. This check
220  is automatically made by deflateInit and inflateInit.
221 */

223 /*
224 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateInit OF((z_streamp strm, int level));

226  Initializes the internal stream state for compression. The fields
227  zalloc, zfree and opaque must be initialized before by the caller. If
228  zalloc and zfree are set to Z_NULL, deflateInit updates them to use default
229  allocation functions.

231  The compression level must be Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION, or between 0 and 9:
232  1 gives best speed, 9 gives best compression, 0 gives no compression at all
233  (the input data is simply copied a block at a time). Z_DEFAULT_COMPRESSION
234  requests a default compromise between speed and compression (currently
235  equivalent to level 6).

237  deflateInit returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
238  memory, Z_STREAM_ERROR if level is not a valid compression level, or
239  Z_VERSION_ERROR if the zlib library version (zlib_version) is incompatible
240  with the version assumed by the caller (ZLIB_VERSION). msg is set to null
241  if there is no error message. deflateInit does not perform any compression:
242  this will be done by deflate().
243 */

246 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflate OF((z_streamp strm, int flush));
247 /*
248  deflate compresses as much data as possible, and stops when the input
249  buffer becomes empty or the output buffer becomes full. It may introduce
250  some output latency (reading input without producing any output) except when
251  forced to flush.

253  The detailed semantics are as follows. deflate performs one or both of the
254  following actions:

256  - Compress more input starting at next_in and update next_in and avail_in
257  accordingly. If not all input can be processed (because there is not
258  enough room in the output buffer), next_in and avail_in are updated and

```

```

259     processing will resume at this point for the next call of deflate().
261 - Provide more output starting at next_out and update next_out and avail_out
262 accordingly. This action is forced if the parameter flush is non zero.
263 Forcing flush frequently degrades the compression ratio, so this parameter
264 should be set only when necessary (in interactive applications). Some
265 output may be provided even if flush is not set.
267     Before the call of deflate(), the application should ensure that at least
268 one of the actions is possible, by providing more input and/or consuming more
269 output, and updating avail_in or avail_out accordingly; avail_out should
270 never be zero before the call. The application can consume the compressed
271 output when it wants, for example when the output buffer is full (avail_out
272 == 0), or after each call of deflate(). If deflate returns Z_OK and with
273 zero avail_out, it must be called again after making room in the output
274 buffer because there might be more output pending.
276     Normally the parameter flush is set to Z_NO_FLUSH, which allows deflate to
277 decide how much data to accumulate before producing output, in order to
278 maximize compression.
280     If the parameter flush is set to Z_SYNC_FLUSH, all pending output is
281 flushed to the output buffer and the output is aligned on a byte boundary, so
282 that the decompressor can get all input data available so far. (In
283 particular avail_in is zero after the call if enough output space has been
284 provided before the call.) Flushing may degrade compression for some
285 compression algorithms and so it should be used only when necessary. This
286 completes the current deflate block and follows it with an empty stored block
287 that is three bits plus filler bits to the next byte, followed by four bytes
288 (00 00 ff ff).
290     If flush is set to Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH, all pending output is flushed to the
291 output buffer, but the output is not aligned to a byte boundary. All of the
292 input data so far will be available to the decompressor, as for Z_SYNC_FLUSH.
293 This completes the current deflate block and follows it with an empty fixed
294 codes block that is 10 bits long. This assures that enough bytes are output
295 in order for the decompressor to finish the block before the empty fixed code
296 block.
298     If flush is set to Z_BLOCK, a deflate block is completed and emitted, as
299 for Z_SYNC_FLUSH, but the output is not aligned on a byte boundary, and up to
300 seven bits of the current block are held to be written as the next byte after
301 the next deflate block is completed. In this case, the decompressor may not
302 be provided enough bits at this point in order to complete decompression of
303 the data provided so far to the compressor. It may need to wait for the next
304 block to be emitted. This is for advanced applications that need to control
305 the emission of deflate blocks.
307     If flush is set to Z_FULL_FLUSH, all output is flushed as with
308 Z_SYNC_FLUSH, and the compression state is reset so that decompression can
309 restart from this point if previous compressed data has been damaged or if
310 random access is desired. Using Z_FULL_FLUSH too often can seriously degrade
311 compression.
313     If deflate returns with avail_out == 0, this function must be called again
314 with the same value of the flush parameter and more output space (updated
315 avail_out), until the flush is complete (deflate returns with non-zero
316 avail_out). In the case of a Z_FULL_FLUSH or Z_SYNC_FLUSH, make sure that
317 avail_out is greater than six to avoid repeated flush markers due to
318 avail_out == 0 on return.
320     If the parameter flush is set to Z_FINISH, pending input is processed,
321 pending output is flushed and deflate returns with Z_STREAM_END if there was
322 enough output space; if deflate returns with Z_OK, this function must be
323 called again with Z_FINISH and more output space (updated avail_out) but no
324 more input data, until it returns with Z_STREAM_END or an error. After

```

```

325 deflate has returned Z_STREAM_END, the only possible operations on the stream
326 are deflateReset or deflateEnd.
328     Z_FINISH can be used immediately after deflateInit if all the compression
329 is to be done in a single step. In this case, avail_out must be at least the
330 value returned by deflateBound (see below). Then deflate is guaranteed to
331 return Z_STREAM_END. If not enough output space is provided, deflate will
332 not return Z_STREAM_END, and it must be called again as described above.
334     deflate() sets strm->adler to the Adler32 checksum of all input read
335 so far (that is, total_in bytes).
337     deflate() may update strm->data_type if it can make a good guess about
338 the input data type (Z_BINARY or Z_TEXT). In doubt, the data is considered
339 binary. This field is only for information purposes and does not affect the
340 compression algorithm in any manner.
342     deflate() returns Z_OK if some progress has been made (more input
343 processed or more output produced), Z_STREAM_END if all input has been
344 consumed and all output has been produced (only when flush is set to
345 Z_FINISH), Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream state was inconsistent (for example
346 if next_in or next_out was Z_NULL), Z_BUF_ERROR if no progress is possible
347 (for example avail_in or avail_out was zero). Note that Z_BUF_ERROR is not
348 fatal, and deflate() can be called again with more input and more output
349 space to continue compressing.
350 */
353 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateEnd OF((z_streamp strm));
354 /*
355     All dynamically allocated data structures for this stream are freed.
356     This function discards any unprocessed input and does not flush any pending
357     output.
359     deflateEnd returns Z_OK if success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the
360 stream state was inconsistent, Z_DATA_ERROR if the stream was freed
361 prematurely (some input or output was discarded). In the error case, msg
362 may be set but then points to a static string (which must not be
363 deallocated).
364 */
367 /*
368 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateInit OF((z_streamp strm));
370     Initializes the internal stream state for decompression. The fields
371 next_in, avail_in, zalloc, zfree and opaque must be initialized before by
372 the caller. If next_in is not Z_NULL and avail_in is large enough (the
373 exact value depends on the compression method), inflateInit determines the
374 compression method from the zlib header and allocates all data structures
375 accordingly; otherwise the allocation will be deferred to the first call of
376 inflate. If zalloc and zfree are set to Z_NULL, inflateInit updates them to
377 use default allocation functions.
379     inflateInit returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
380 memory, Z_VERSION_ERROR if the zlib library version is incompatible with the
381 version assumed by the caller, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the parameters are
382 invalid, such as a null pointer to the structure. msg is set to null if
383 there is no error message. inflateInit does not perform any decompression
384 apart from possibly reading the zlib header if present: actual decompression
385 will be done by inflate(). (So next_in and avail_in may be modified, but
386 next_out and avail_out are unused and unchanged.) The current implementation
387 of inflateInit() does not process any header information -- that is deferred
388 until inflate() is called.
389 */

```

```

392 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflate OF((z_streamp strm, int flush));
393 /*
394  inflate decompresses as much data as possible, and stops when the input
395  buffer becomes empty or the output buffer becomes full. It may introduce
396  some output latency (reading input without producing any output) except when
397  forced to flush.

399  The detailed semantics are as follows.  inflate performs one or both of the
400  following actions:

402  - Decompress more input starting at next_in and update next_in and avail_in
403  accordingly.  If not all input can be processed (because there is not
404  enough room in the output buffer), next_in is updated and processing will
405  resume at this point for the next call of inflate().

407  - Provide more output starting at next_out and update next_out and avail_out
408  accordingly.  inflate() provides as much output as possible, until there is
409  no more input data or no more space in the output buffer (see below about
410  the flush parameter).

412  Before the call of inflate(), the application should ensure that at least
413  one of the actions is possible, by providing more input and/or consuming more
414  output, and updating the next_* and avail_* values accordingly.  The
415  application can consume the uncompressed output when it wants, for example
416  when the output buffer is full (avail_out == 0), or after each call of
417  inflate().  If inflate returns Z_OK and with zero avail_out, it must be
418  called again after making room in the output buffer because there might be
419  more output pending.

421  The flush parameter of inflate() can be Z_NO_FLUSH, Z_SYNC_FLUSH, Z_FINISH,
422  Z_BLOCK, or Z_TREES.  Z_SYNC_FLUSH requests that inflate() flush as much
423  output as possible to the output buffer.  Z_BLOCK requests that inflate()
424  stop if and when it gets to the next deflate block boundary.  When decoding
425  the zlib or gzip format, this will cause inflate() to return immediately
426  after the header and before the first block.  When doing a raw inflate,
427  inflate() will go ahead and process the first block, and will return when it
428  gets to the end of that block, or when it runs out of data.

430  The Z_BLOCK option assists in appending to or combining deflate streams.
431  Also to assist in this, on return inflate() will set strm->data_type to the
432  number of unused bits in the last byte taken from strm->next_in, plus 64 if
433  inflate() is currently decoding the last block in the deflate stream, plus
434  128 if inflate() returned immediately after decoding an end-of-block code or
435  decoding the complete header up to just before the first byte of the deflate
436  stream.  The end-of-block will not be indicated until all of the uncompressed
437  data from that block has been written to strm->next_out.  The number of
438  unused bits may in general be greater than seven, except when bit 7 of
439  data_type is set, in which case the number of unused bits will be less than
440  eight.  data_type is set as noted here every time inflate() returns for all
441  flush options, and so can be used to determine the amount of currently
442  consumed input in bits.

444  The Z_TREES option behaves as Z_BLOCK does, but it also returns when the end
445  of each deflate block header is reached, before any actual data in that
446  block is decoded.  This allows the caller to determine the length of the
447  deflate block header for later use in random access within a deflate block.
448  256 is added to the value of strm->data_type when inflate() returns
449  immediately after reaching the end of the deflate block header.

451  inflate() should normally be called until it returns Z_STREAM_END or an
452  error.  However if all decompression is to be performed in a single step (a
453  single call of inflate), the parameter flush should be set to Z_FINISH.  In
454  this case all pending input is processed and all pending output is flushed;
455  avail_out must be large enough to hold all of the uncompressed data for the
456  operation to complete.  (The size of the uncompressed data may have been

```

```

457  saved by the compressor for this purpose.) The use of Z_FINISH is not
458  required to perform an inflation in one step.  However it may be used to
459  inform inflate that a faster approach can be used for the single inflate()
460  call.  Z_FINISH also informs inflate to not maintain a sliding window if the
461  stream completes, which reduces inflate's memory footprint.  If the stream
462  does not complete, either because not all of the stream is provided or not
463  enough output space is provided, then a sliding window will be allocated and
464  inflate() can be called again to continue the operation as if Z_NO_FLUSH had
465  been used.

467  In this implementation, inflate() always flushes as much output as
468  possible to the output buffer, and always uses the faster approach on the
469  first call.  So the effects of the flush parameter in this implementation are
470  on the return value of inflate() as noted below, when inflate() returns early
471  when Z_BLOCK or Z_TREES is used, and when inflate() avoids the allocation of
472  memory for a sliding window when Z_FINISH is used.

474  If a preset dictionary is needed after this call (see inflateSetDictionary
475  below), inflate sets strm->adler to the Adler-32 checksum of the dictionary
476  chosen by the compressor and returns Z_NEED_DICT; otherwise it sets
477  strm->adler to the Adler-32 checksum of all output produced so far (that is,
478  total_out bytes) and returns Z_OK, Z_STREAM_END or an error code as described
479  below.  At the end of the stream, inflate() checks that its computed adler32
480  checksum is equal to that saved by the compressor and returns Z_STREAM_END
481  only if the checksum is correct.

483  inflate() can decompress and check either zlib-wrapped or gzip-wrapped
484  deflate data.  The header type is detected automatically, if requested when
485  initializing with inflateInit2().  Any information contained in the gzip
486  header is not retained, so applications that need that information should
487  instead use raw inflate, see inflateInit2() below, or inflateBack() and
488  perform their own processing of the gzip header and trailer.  When processing
489  gzip-wrapped deflate data, strm->adler32 is set to the CRC-32 of the output
490  produced so far.  The CRC-32 is checked against the gzip trailer.

492  inflate() returns Z_OK if some progress has been made (more input processed
493  or more output produced), Z_STREAM_END if the end of the compressed data has
494  been reached and all uncompressed output has been produced, Z_NEED_DICT if a
495  preset dictionary is needed at this point, Z_DATA_ERROR if the input data was
496  corrupted (input stream not conforming to the zlib format or incorrect check
497  value), Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream structure was inconsistent (for example
498  next_in or next_out was Z_NULL), Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough memory,
499  Z_BUF_ERROR if no progress is possible or if there was not enough room in the
500  output buffer when Z_FINISH is used.  Note that Z_BUF_ERROR is not fatal, and
501  inflate() can be called again with more input and more output space to
502  continue decompressing.  If Z_DATA_ERROR is returned, the application may
503  then call inflateSync() to look for a good compression block if a partial
504  recovery of the data is desired.
505  */

508 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateEnd OF((z_streamp strm));
509 /*
510  All dynamically allocated data structures for this stream are freed.
511  This function discards any unprocessed input and does not flush any pending
512  output.

514  inflateEnd returns Z_OK if success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream state
515  was inconsistent.  In the error case, msg may be set but then points to a
516  static string (which must not be deallocated).
517  */

520  /* Advanced functions */

522 /*

```

```

523  The following functions are needed only in some special applications.
524  */
526  /*
527  ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateInit2 OF((z_stream strm,
528                                     int level,
529                                     int method,
530                                     int windowBits,
531                                     int memLevel,
532                                     int strategy));
534  This is another version of deflateInit with more compression options.  The
535  fields next_in, zalloc, zfree and opaque must be initialized before by the
536  caller.
538  The method parameter is the compression method.  It must be Z_DEFLATED in
539  this version of the library.
541  The windowBits parameter is the base two logarithm of the window size
542  (the size of the history buffer).  It should be in the range 8..15 for this
543  version of the library.  Larger values of this parameter result in better
544  compression at the expense of memory usage.  The default value is 15 if
545  deflateInit is used instead.
547  windowBits can also be -8..-15 for raw deflate.  In this case, -windowBits
548  determines the window size.  deflate() will then generate raw deflate data
549  with no zlib header or trailer, and will not compute an Adler32 check value.
551  windowBits can also be greater than 15 for optional gzip encoding.  Add
552  16 to windowBits to write a simple gzip header and trailer around the
553  compressed data instead of a zlib wrapper.  The gzip header will have no
554  file name, no extra data, no comment, no modification time (set to zero), no
555  header CRC, and the operating system will be set to 255 (unknown).  If a
556  gzip stream is being written, strm->adler is a CRC32 instead of an Adler32.
558  The memLevel parameter specifies how much memory should be allocated
559  for the internal compression state.  memLevel=1 uses minimum memory but is
560  slow and reduces compression ratio; memLevel=9 uses maximum memory for
561  optimal speed.  The default value is 8.  See zconf.h for total memory usage
562  as a function of windowBits and memLevel.
564  The strategy parameter is used to tune the compression algorithm.  Use the
565  value Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY for normal data, Z_FILTERED for data produced by a
566  filter (or predictor), Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY to force Huffman encoding only (no
567  string match), or Z_RLE to limit match distances to one (run-length
568  encoding).  Filtered data consists mostly of small values with a somewhat
569  random distribution.  In this case, the compression algorithm is tuned to
570  compress them better.  The effect of Z_FILTERED is to force more Huffman
571  coding and less string matching; it is somewhat intermediate between
572  Z_DEFAULT_STRATEGY and Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY.  Z_RLE is designed to be almost as
573  fast as Z_HUFFMAN_ONLY, but give better compression for PNG image data.  The
574  strategy parameter only affects the compression ratio but not the
575  correctness of the compressed output even if it is not set appropriately.
576  Z_FIXED prevents the use of dynamic Huffman codes, allowing for a simpler
577  decoder for special applications.
579  deflateInit2 returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
580  memory, Z_STREAM_ERROR if any parameter is invalid (such as an invalid
581  method), or Z_VERSION_ERROR if the zlib library version (zlib_version) is
582  incompatible with the version assumed by the caller (ZLIB_VERSION).  msg is
583  set to null if there is no error message.  deflateInit2 does not perform any
584  compression: this will be done by deflate().
585  */
587  ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateSetDictionary OF((z_stream strm,
588                                             const Bytef *dictionary,

```

```

589                                     uInt dictLength));
590  /*
591  Initializes the compression dictionary from the given byte sequence
592  without producing any compressed output.  When using the zlib format, this
593  function must be called immediately after deflateInit, deflateInit2 or
594  deflateReset, and before any call of deflate.  When doing raw deflate, this
595  function must be called either before any call of deflate, or immediately
596  after the completion of a deflate block, i.e. after all input has been
597  consumed and all output has been delivered when using any of the flush
598  options Z_BLOCK, Z_PARTIAL_FLUSH, Z_SYNC_FLUSH, or Z_FULL_FLUSH.  The
599  compressor and decompressor must use exactly the same dictionary (see
600  inflateSetDictionary).
602  The dictionary should consist of strings (byte sequences) that are likely
603  to be encountered later in the data to be compressed, with the most commonly
604  used strings preferably put towards the end of the dictionary.  Using a
605  dictionary is most useful when the data to be compressed is short and can be
606  predicted with good accuracy; the data can then be compressed better than
607  with the default empty dictionary.
609  Depending on the size of the compression data structures selected by
610  deflateInit or deflateInit2, a part of the dictionary may in effect be
611  discarded, for example if the dictionary is larger than the window size
612  provided in deflateInit or deflateInit2.  Thus the strings most likely to be
613  useful should be put at the end of the dictionary, not at the front.  In
614  addition, the current implementation of deflate will use at most the window
615  size minus 262 bytes of the provided dictionary.
617  Upon return of this function, strm->adler is set to the Adler32 value
618  of the dictionary; the decompressor may later use this value to determine
619  which dictionary has been used by the compressor.  (The Adler32 value
620  applies to the whole dictionary even if only a subset of the dictionary is
621  actually used by the compressor.)  If a raw deflate was requested, then the
622  Adler32 value is not computed and strm->adler is not set.
624  deflateSetDictionary returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if a
625  parameter is invalid (e.g. dictionary being Z_NULL) or the stream state is
626  inconsistent (for example if deflate has already been called for this stream
627  or if not at a block boundary for raw deflate).  deflateSetDictionary does
628  not perform any compression: this will be done by deflate().
629  */
631  ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateCopy OF((z_stream dest,
632                                     z_stream source));
633  /*
634  Sets the destination stream as a complete copy of the source stream.
636  This function can be useful when several compression strategies will be
637  tried, for example when there are several ways of pre-processing the input
638  data with a filter.  The streams that will be discarded should then be freed
639  by calling deflateEnd.  Note that deflateCopy duplicates the internal
640  compression state which can be quite large, so this strategy is slow and can
641  consume lots of memory.
643  deflateCopy returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not
644  enough memory, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source stream state was inconsistent
645  (such as zalloc being Z_NULL).  msg is left unchanged in both source and
646  destination.
647  */
649  ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateReset OF((z_stream strm));
650  /*
651  This function is equivalent to deflateEnd followed by deflateInit,
652  but does not free and reallocate all the internal compression state.  The
653  stream will keep the same compression level and any other attributes that
654  may have been set by deflateInit2.

```

```

656     deflateReset returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
657     stream state was inconsistent (such as zalloc or state being Z_NULL).
658 */
660 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateParams OF((z_streamp strm,
661                                     int level,
662                                     int strategy));
663 /*
664     Dynamically update the compression level and compression strategy. The
665     interpretation of level and strategy is as in deflateInit2. This can be
666     used to switch between compression and straight copy of the input data, or
667     to switch to a different kind of input data requiring a different strategy.
668     If the compression level is changed, the input available so far is
669     compressed with the old level (and may be flushed); the new level will take
670     effect only at the next call of deflate().
671
672     Before the call of deflateParams, the stream state must be set as for
673     a call of deflate(), since the currently available input may have to be
674     compressed and flushed. In particular, strm->avail_out must be non-zero.
675
676     deflateParams returns Z_OK if success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
677     stream state was inconsistent or if a parameter was invalid, Z_BUF_ERROR if
678     strm->avail_out was zero.
679 */
681 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateTune OF((z_streamp strm,
682                                    int good_length,
683                                    int max_lazy,
684                                    int nice_length,
685                                    int max_chain));
686 /*
687     Fine tune deflate's internal compression parameters. This should only be
688     used by someone who understands the algorithm used by zlib's deflate for
689     searching for the best matching string, and even then only by the most
690     fanatic optimizer trying to squeeze out the last compressed bit for their
691     specific input data. Read the deflate.c source code for the meaning of the
692     max_lazy, good_length, nice_length, and max_chain parameters.
693
694     deflateTune() can be called after deflateInit() or deflateInit2(), and
695     returns Z_OK on success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR for an invalid deflate stream.
696 */
698 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT deflateBound OF((z_streamp strm,
699                                     uLong sourceLen));
700 /*
701     deflateBound() returns an upper bound on the compressed size after
702     deflation of sourceLen bytes. It must be called after deflateInit() or
703     deflateInit2(), and after deflateSetHeader(), if used. This would be used
704     to allocate an output buffer for deflation in a single pass, and so would be
705     called before deflate(). If that first deflate() call is provided the
706     sourceLen input bytes, an output buffer allocated to the size returned by
707     deflateBound(), and the flush value Z_FINISH, then deflate() is guaranteed
708     to return Z_STREAM_END. Note that it is possible for the compressed size to
709     be larger than the value returned by deflateBound() if flush options other
710     than Z_FINISH or Z_NO_FLUSH are used.
711 */
713 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflatePending OF((z_streamp strm,
714                                       unsigned *pending,
715                                       int *bits));
716 /*
717     deflatePending() returns the number of bytes and bits of output that have
718     been generated, but not yet provided in the available output. The bytes not
719     provided would be due to the available output space having been consumed.
720     The number of bits of output not provided are between 0 and 7, where they

```

```

721     await more bits to join them in order to fill out a full byte. If pending
722     or bits are Z_NULL, then those values are not set.
723
724     deflatePending returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
725     stream state was inconsistent.
726 */
728 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflatePrime OF((z_streamp strm,
729                                     int bits,
730                                     int value));
731 /*
732     deflatePrime() inserts bits in the deflate output stream. The intent
733     is that this function is used to start off the deflate output with the bits
734     leftover from a previous deflate stream when appending to it. As such, this
735     function can only be used for raw deflate, and must be used before the first
736     deflate() call after a deflateInit2() or deflateReset(). bits must be less
737     than or equal to 16, and that many of the least significant bits of value
738     will be inserted in the output.
739
740     deflatePrime returns Z_OK if success, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough
741     room in the internal buffer to insert the bits, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the
742     source stream state was inconsistent.
743 */
745 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateSetHeader OF((z_streamp strm,
746                                         gz_headerp head));
747 /*
748     deflateSetHeader() provides gzip header information for when a gzip
749     stream is requested by deflateInit2(). deflateSetHeader() may be called
750     after deflateInit2() or deflateReset() and before the first call of
751     deflate(). The text, time, os, extra field, name, and comment information
752     in the provided gz_header structure are written to the gzip header (xflag is
753     ignored -- the extra flags are set according to the compression level). The
754     caller must assure that, if not Z_NULL, name and comment are terminated with
755     a zero byte, and that if extra is not Z_NULL, that extra_len bytes are
756     available there. If hcrc is true, a gzip header crc is included. Note that
757     the current versions of the command-line version of gzip (up through version
758     1.3.x) do not support header crc's, and will report that it is a "multi-part
759     gzip file" and give up.
760
761     If deflateSetHeader is not used, the default gzip header has text false,
762     the time set to zero, and os set to 255, with no extra, name, or comment
763     fields. The gzip header is returned to the default state by deflateReset().
764
765     deflateSetHeader returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
766     stream state was inconsistent.
767 */
769 /*
770 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateInit2 OF((z_streamp strm,
771                                     int windowBits));
772
773     This is another version of inflateInit with an extra parameter. The
774     fields next_in, avail_in, zalloc, zfree and opaque must be initialized
775     before by the caller.
776
777     The windowBits parameter is the base two logarithm of the maximum window
778     size (the size of the history buffer). It should be in the range 8..15 for
779     this version of the library. The default value is 15 if inflateInit is used
780     instead. windowBits must be greater than or equal to the windowBits value
781     provided to deflateInit2() while compressing, or it must be equal to 15 if
782     deflateInit2() was not used. If a compressed stream with a larger window
783     size is given as input, inflate() will return with the error code
784     Z_DATA_ERROR instead of trying to allocate a larger window.
785
786     windowBits can also be zero to request that inflate use the window size in

```

```

787 the zlib header of the compressed stream.

789 windowBits can also be -8..-15 for raw inflate. In this case, -windowBits
790 determines the window size. inflate() will then process raw deflate data,
791 not looking for a zlib or gzip header, not generating a check value, and not
792 looking for any check values for comparison at the end of the stream. This
793 is for use with other formats that use the deflate compressed data format
794 such as zip. Those formats provide their own check values. If a custom
795 format is developed using the raw deflate format for compressed data, it is
796 recommended that a check value such as an Adler32 or a CRC32 be applied to
797 the uncompressed data as is done in the zlib, gzip, and zip formats. For
798 most applications, the zlib format should be used as is. Note that comments
799 above on the use in deflateInit2() applies to the magnitude of windowBits.

801 windowBits can also be greater than 15 for optional gzip decoding. Add
802 32 to windowBits to enable zlib and gzip decoding with automatic header
803 detection, or add 16 to decode only the gzip format (the zlib format will
804 return a Z_DATA_ERROR). If a gzip stream is being decoded, strm->adler is a
805 CRC32 instead of an Adler32.

807 inflateInit2 returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
808 memory, Z_VERSION_ERROR if the zlib library version is incompatible with the
809 version assumed by the caller, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the parameters are
810 invalid, such as a null pointer to the structure. msg is set to null if
811 there is no error message. inflateInit2 does not perform any decompression
812 apart from possibly reading the zlib header if present: actual decompression
813 will be done by inflate(). (So next_in and avail_in may be modified, but
814 next_out and avail_out are unused and unchanged.) The current implementation
815 of inflateInit2() does not process any header information -- that is
816 deferred until inflate() is called.
817 */

819 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateSetDictionary OF((z_streamp strm,
820 const Bytef *dictionary,
821 uInt dictLength));
822 /*
823 Initializes the decompression dictionary from the given uncompressed byte
824 sequence. This function must be called immediately after a call of inflate,
825 if that call returned Z_NEED_DICT. The dictionary chosen by the compressor
826 can be determined from the Adler32 value returned by that call of inflate.
827 The compressor and decompressor must use exactly the same dictionary (see
828 deflateSetDictionary). For raw inflate, this function can be called at any
829 time to set the dictionary. If the provided dictionary is smaller than the
830 window and there is already data in the window, then the provided dictionary
831 will amend what's there. The application must insure that the dictionary
832 that was used for compression is provided.

834 inflateSetDictionary returns Z_OK if success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if a
835 parameter is invalid (e.g. dictionary being Z_NULL) or the stream state is
836 inconsistent, Z_DATA_ERROR if the given dictionary doesn't match the
837 expected one (incorrect Adler32 value). inflateSetDictionary does not
838 perform any decompression: this will be done by subsequent calls of
839 inflate().
840 */

842 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateGetDictionary OF((z_streamp strm,
843 Bytef *dictionary,
844 uInt *dictLength));
845 /*
846 Returns the sliding dictionary being maintained by inflate. dictLength is
847 set to the number of bytes in the dictionary, and that many bytes are copied
848 to dictionary. dictionary must have enough space, where 32768 bytes is
849 always enough. If inflateGetDictionary() is called with dictionary equal to
850 Z_NULL, then only the dictionary length is returned, and nothing is copied.
851 Similarly, if dictLength is Z_NULL, then it is not set.

```

```

853 inflateGetDictionary returns Z_OK on success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the
854 stream state is inconsistent.
855 */

857 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateSync OF((z_streamp strm));
858 /*
859 Skips invalid compressed data until a possible full flush point (see above
860 for the description of deflate with Z_FULL_FLUSH) can be found, or until all
861 available input is skipped. No output is provided.

863 inflateSync searches for a 00 00 FF FF pattern in the compressed data.
864 All full flush points have this pattern, but not all occurrences of this
865 pattern are full flush points.

867 inflateSync returns Z_OK if a possible full flush point has been found,
868 Z_BUF_ERROR if no more input was provided, Z_DATA_ERROR if no flush point
869 has been found, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream structure was inconsistent.
870 In the success case, the application may save the current current value of
871 total_in which indicates where valid compressed data was found. In the
872 error case, the application may repeatedly call inflateSync, providing more
873 input each time, until success or end of the input data.
874 */

876 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateCopy OF((z_streamp dest,
877 z_streamp source));
878 /*
879 Sets the destination stream as a complete copy of the source stream.

881 This function can be useful when randomly accessing a large stream. The
882 first pass through the stream can periodically record the inflate state,
883 allowing restarting inflate at those points when randomly accessing the
884 stream.

886 inflateCopy returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not
887 enough memory, Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source stream state was inconsistent
888 (such as Z_NULL). msg is left unchanged in both source and
889 destination.
890 */

892 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateReset OF((z_streamp strm));
893 /*
894 This function is equivalent to inflateEnd followed by inflateInit,
895 but does not free and reallocate all the internal decompression state. The
896 stream will keep attributes that may have been set by inflateInit2.

898 inflateReset returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
899 stream state was inconsistent (such as Z_NULL or state being Z_NULL).
900 */

902 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateReset2 OF((z_streamp strm,
903 int windowBits));
904 /*
905 This function is the same as inflateReset, but it also permits changing
906 the wrap and window size requests. The windowBits parameter is interpreted
907 the same as it is for inflateInit2.

909 inflateReset2 returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
910 stream state was inconsistent (such as Z_NULL or state being Z_NULL), or if
911 the windowBits parameter is invalid.
912 */

914 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflatePrime OF((z_streamp strm,
915 int bits,
916 int value));
917 /*
918 This function inserts bits in the inflate input stream. The intent is

```



```

919 that this function is used to start inflating at a bit position in the
920 middle of a byte. The provided bits will be used before any bytes are used
921 from next_in. This function should only be used with raw inflate, and
922 should be used before the first inflate() call after inflateInit2() or
923 inflateReset(). bits must be less than or equal to 16, and that many of the
924 least significant bits of value will be inserted in the input.

```

```

926 If bits is negative, then the input stream bit buffer is emptied. Then
927 inflatePrime() can be called again to put bits in the buffer. This is used
928 to clear out bits leftover after feeding inflate a block description prior
929 to feeding inflate codes.

```

```

931 inflatePrime returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
932 stream state was inconsistent.
933 */

```

```

935 ZEXTERN long ZEXPORT inflateMark OF((z_streamp strm));
936 /*

```

```

937 This function returns two values, one in the lower 16 bits of the return
938 value, and the other in the remaining upper bits, obtained by shifting the
939 return value down 16 bits. If the upper value is -1 and the lower value is
940 zero, then inflate() is currently decoding information outside of a block.
941 If the upper value is -1 and the lower value is non-zero, then inflate is in
942 the middle of a stored block, with the lower value equaling the number of
943 bytes from the input remaining to copy. If the upper value is not -1, then
944 it is the number of bits back from the current bit position in the input of
945 the code (literal or length/distance pair) currently being processed. In
946 that case the lower value is the number of bytes already emitted for that
947 code.

```

```

949 A code is being processed if inflate is waiting for more input to complete
950 decoding of the code, or if it has completed decoding but is waiting for
951 more output space to write the literal or match data.

```

```

953 inflateMark() is used to mark locations in the input data for random
954 access, which may be at bit positions, and to note those cases where the
955 output of a code may span boundaries of random access blocks. The current
956 location in the input stream can be determined from avail_in and data_type
957 as noted in the description for the Z_BLOCK flush parameter for inflate.

```

```

959 inflateMark returns the value noted above or -1 << 16 if the provided
960 source stream state was inconsistent.
961 */

```

```

963 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateGetHeader OF((z_streamp strm,
964 gz_headerp head));
965 /*

```

```

966 inflateGetHeader() requests that gzip header information be stored in the
967 provided gz_header structure. inflateGetHeader() may be called after
968 inflateInit2() or inflateReset(), and before the first call of inflate().
969 As inflate() processes the gzip stream, head->done is zero until the header
970 is completed, at which time head->done is set to one. If a zlib stream is
971 being decoded, then head->done is set to -1 to indicate that there will be
972 no gzip header information forthcoming. Note that Z_BLOCK or Z_TREES can be
973 used to force inflate() to return immediately after header processing is
974 complete and before any actual data is decompressed.

```

```

976 The text, time, xflags, and os fields are filled in with the gzip header
977 contents. hcrc is set to true if there is a header CRC. (The header CRC
978 was valid if done is set to one.) If extra is not Z_NULL, then extra_max
979 contains the maximum number of bytes to write to extra. Once done is true,
980 extra_len contains the actual extra field length, and extra contains the
981 extra field, or that field truncated if extra_max is less than extra_len.
982 If name is not Z_NULL, then up to name_max characters are written there,
983 terminated with a zero unless the length is greater than name_max. If
984 comment is not Z_NULL, then up to comm_max characters are written there,

```

```

985 terminated with a zero unless the length is greater than comm_max. When any
986 of extra, name, or comment are not Z_NULL and the respective field is not
987 present in the header, then that field is set to Z_NULL to signal its
988 absence. This allows the use of deflateSetHeader() with the returned
989 structure to duplicate the header. However if those fields are set to
990 allocated memory, then the application will need to save those pointers
991 elsewhere so that they can be eventually freed.

```

```

993 If inflateGetHeader is not used, then the header information is simply
994 discarded. The header is always checked for validity, including the header
995 CRC if present. inflateReset() will reset the process to discard the header
996 information. The application would need to call inflateGetHeader() again to
997 retrieve the header from the next gzip stream.

```

```

999 inflateGetHeader returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the source
1000 stream state was inconsistent.
1001 */

```

```

1003 /*
1004 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBackInit OF((z_streamp strm, int windowBits,
1005 unsigned char FAR *window));

```

```

1007 Initialize the internal stream state for decompression using inflateBack()
1008 calls. The fields zalloc, zfree and opaque in strm must be initialized
1009 before the call. If zalloc and zfree are Z_NULL, then the default library-
1010 derived memory allocation routines are used. windowBits is the base two
1011 logarithm of the window size, in the range 8..15. window is a caller
1012 supplied buffer of that size. Except for special applications where it is
1013 assured that deflate was used with small window sizes, windowBits must be 15
1014 and a 32K byte window must be supplied to be able to decompress general
1015 deflate streams.

```

```

1017 See inflateBack() for the usage of these routines.

```

```

1019 inflateBackInit will return Z_OK on success, Z_STREAM_ERROR if any of
1020 the parameters are invalid, Z_MEM_ERROR if the internal state could not be
1021 allocated, or Z_VERSION_ERROR if the version of the library does not match
1022 the version of the header file.
1023 */

```

```

1025 typedef unsigned (*in_func) OF((void FAR *,
1026 z_const unsigned char FAR * FAR *));
1027 typedef int (*out_func) OF((void FAR *, unsigned char FAR *, unsigned));

```

```

1029 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBack OF((z_streamp strm,
1030 in_func in, void FAR *in_desc,
1031 out_func out, void FAR *out_desc));
1032 /*

```

```

1033 inflateBack() does a raw inflate with a single call using a call-back
1034 interface for input and output. This is potentially more efficient than
1035 inflate() for file i/o applications, in that it avoids copying between the
1036 output and the sliding window by simply making the window itself the output
1037 buffer. inflate() can be faster on modern CPUs when used with large
1038 buffers. inflateBack() trusts the application to not change the output
1039 buffer passed by the output function, at least until inflateBack() returns.

```

```

1041 inflateBackInit() must be called first to allocate the internal state
1042 and to initialize the state with the user-provided window buffer.
1043 inflateBack() may then be used multiple times to inflate a complete, raw
1044 deflate stream with each call. inflateBackEnd() is then called to free the
1045 allocated state.

```

```

1047 A raw deflate stream is one with no zlib or gzip header or trailer.
1048 This routine would normally be used in a utility that reads zip or gzip
1049 files and writes out uncompressed files. The utility would decode the
1050 header and process the trailer on its own, hence this routine expects only

```

```

1051 the raw deflate stream to decompress. This is different from the normal
1052 behavior of inflate(), which expects either a zlib or gzip header and
1053 trailer around the deflate stream.

1055 inflateBack() uses two subroutines supplied by the caller that are then
1056 called by inflateBack() for input and output. inflateBack() calls those
1057 routines until it reads a complete deflate stream and writes out all of the
1058 uncompressed data, or until it encounters an error. The function's
1059 parameters and return types are defined above in the in_func and out_func
1060 typedefs. inflateBack() will call in(in_desc, &buf) which should return the
1061 number of bytes of provided input, and a pointer to that input in buf. If
1062 there is no input available, in() must return zero--buf is ignored in that
1063 case--and inflateBack() will return a buffer error. inflateBack() will call
1064 out(out_desc, buf, len) to write the uncompressed data buf[0..len-1]. out()
1065 should return zero on success, or non-zero on failure. If out() returns
1066 non-zero, inflateBack() will return with an error. Neither in() nor out()
1067 are permitted to change the contents of the window provided to
1068 inflateBackInit(), which is also the buffer that out() uses to write from.
1069 The length written by out() will be at most the window size. Any non-zero
1070 amount of input may be provided by in().

1072 For convenience, inflateBack() can be provided input on the first call by
1073 setting strm->next_in and strm->avail_in. If that input is exhausted, then
1074 in() will be called. Therefore strm->next_in must be initialized before
1075 calling inflateBack(). If strm->next_in is Z_NULL, then in() will be called
1076 immediately for input. If strm->next_in is not Z_NULL, then strm->avail_in
1077 must also be initialized, and then if strm->avail_in is not zero, input will
1078 initially be taken from strm->next_in[0 .. strm->avail_in - 1].

1080 The in_desc and out_desc parameters of inflateBack() is passed as the
1081 first parameter of in() and out() respectively when they are called. These
1082 descriptors can be optionally used to pass any information that the caller-
1083 supplied in() and out() functions need to do their job.

1085 On return, inflateBack() will set strm->next_in and strm->avail_in to
1086 pass back any unused input that was provided by the last in() call. The
1087 return values of inflateBack() can be Z_STREAM_END on success, Z_BUF_ERROR
1088 if in() or out() returned an error, Z_DATA_ERROR if there was a format error
1089 in the deflate stream (in which case strm->msg is set to indicate the nature
1090 of the error), or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream was not properly initialized.
1091 In the case of Z_BUF_ERROR, an input or output error can be distinguished
1092 using strm->next_in which will be Z_NULL only if in() returned an error. If
1093 strm->next_in is not Z_NULL, then the Z_BUF_ERROR was due to out() returning
1094 non-zero. (in() will always be called before out(), so strm->next_in is
1095 assured to be defined if out() returns non-zero.) Note that inflateBack()
1096 cannot return Z_OK.
1097 */

1099 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBackEnd OF((z_streamp strm));
1100 /*
1101 All memory allocated by inflateBackInit() is freed.

1103 inflateBackEnd() returns Z_OK on success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the stream
1104 state was inconsistent.
1105 */

1107 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT zlibCompileFlags OF((void));
1108 /* Return flags indicating compile-time options.

1110 Type sizes, two bits each, 00 = 16 bits, 01 = 32, 10 = 64, 11 = other:
1111 1.0: size of uInt
1112 3.2: size of uLong
1113 5.4: size of voidpf (pointer)
1114 7.6: size of z_off_t

1116 Compiler, assembler, and debug options:

```

```

1117 8: DEBUG
1118 9: ASMV or ASMINF -- use ASM code
1119 10: ZLIB_WINAPI -- exported functions use the WINAPI calling convention
1120 11: 0 (reserved)

1122 One-time table building (smaller code, but not thread-safe if true):
1123 12: BUILDFIXED -- build static block decoding tables when needed
1124 13: DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE -- build CRC calculation tables when needed
1125 14,15: 0 (reserved)

1127 Library content (indicates missing functionality):
1128 16: NO_GZCOMPRESS -- gz* functions cannot compress (to avoid linking
1129 deflate code when not needed)
1130 17: NO_GZIP -- deflate can't write gzip streams, and inflate can't detect
1131 and decode gzip streams (to avoid linking crc code)
1132 18-19: 0 (reserved)

1134 Operation variations (changes in library functionality):
1135 20: PKZIP_BUG_WORKAROUND -- slightly more permissive inflate
1136 21: FASTEST -- deflate algorithm with only one, lowest compression level
1137 22,23: 0 (reserved)

1139 The sprintf variant used by gzprintf (zero is best):
1140 24: 0 = vs*, 1 = s* -- 1 means limited to 20 arguments after the format
1141 25: 0 = *nprintf, 1 = *printf -- 1 means gzprintf() not secure!
1142 26: 0 = returns value, 1 = void -- 1 means inferred string length returned

1144 Remainder:
1145 27-31: 0 (reserved)
1146 */

1148 #ifndef Z_SOLO

1150 /* utility functions */

1152 /*
1153 The following utility functions are implemented on top of the basic
1154 stream-oriented functions. To simplify the interface, some default options
1155 are assumed (compression level and memory usage, standard memory allocation
1156 functions). The source code of these utility functions can be modified if
1157 you need special options.
1158 */

1160 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT compress OF((Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen,
1161 const Bytef *source, uLong sourceLen));
1162 /*
1163 Compresses the source buffer into the destination buffer. sourceLen is
1164 the byte length of the source buffer. Upon entry, destLen is the total size
1165 of the destination buffer, which must be at least the value returned by
1166 compressBound(sourceLen). Upon exit, destLen is the actual size of the
1167 compressed buffer.

1169 compress returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not
1170 enough memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough room in the output
1171 buffer.
1172 */

1174 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT compress2 OF((Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen,
1175 const Bytef *source, uLong sourceLen,
1176 int level));
1177 /*
1178 Compresses the source buffer into the destination buffer. The level
1179 parameter has the same meaning as in deflateInit. sourceLen is the byte
1180 length of the source buffer. Upon entry, destLen is the total size of the
1181 destination buffer, which must be at least the value returned by
1182 compressBound(sourceLen). Upon exit, destLen is the actual size of the

```

```

1183     compressed buffer.

1185     compress2 returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not enough
1186     memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough room in the output buffer,
1187     Z_STREAM_ERROR if the level parameter is invalid.
1188 */

1190 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT compressBound OF((uLong sourceLen));
1191 /*
1192     compressBound() returns an upper bound on the compressed size after
1193     compress() or compress2() on sourceLen bytes. It would be used before a
1194     compress() or compress2() call to allocate the destination buffer.
1195 */

1197 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT uncompress OF((Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen,
1198     const Bytef *source, uLong sourceLen));
1199 /*
1200     Decompresses the source buffer into the destination buffer. sourceLen is
1201     the byte length of the source buffer. Upon entry, destLen is the total size
1202     of the destination buffer, which must be large enough to hold the entire
1203     uncompressed data. (The size of the uncompressed data must have been saved
1204     previously by the compressor and transmitted to the decompressor by some
1205     mechanism outside the scope of this compression library.) Upon exit, destLen
1206     is the actual size of the uncompressed buffer.

1208     uncompress returns Z_OK if success, Z_MEM_ERROR if there was not
1209     enough memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if there was not enough room in the output
1210     buffer, or Z_DATA_ERROR if the input data was corrupted or incomplete. In
1211     the case where there is not enough room, uncompress() will fill the output
1212     buffer with the uncompressed data up to that point.
1213 */

1215     /* gzip file access functions */

1217 /*
1218     This library supports reading and writing files in gzip (.gz) format with
1219     an interface similar to that of stdio, using the functions that start with
1220     "gz". The gzip format is different from the zlib format. gzip is a gzip
1221     wrapper, documented in RFC 1952, wrapped around a deflate stream.
1222 */

1224 typedef struct gzFile_s *gzFile; /* semi-opaque gzip file descriptor */

1226 /*
1227 ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen OF((const char *path, const char *mode));

1229     Opens a gzip (.gz) file for reading or writing. The mode parameter is as
1230     in fopen ("rb" or "wb") but can also include a compression level ("wb9") or
1231     a strategy: 'f' for filtered data as in "wb6f", 'h' for Huffman-only
1232     compression as in "wb1h", 'R' for run-length encoding as in "wb1R", or 'F'
1233     for fixed code compression as in "wb9F". (See the description of
1234     deflateInit2 for more information about the strategy parameter.) 'T' will
1235     request transparent writing or appending with no compression and not using
1236     the gzip format.

1238     "a" can be used instead of "w" to request that the gzip stream that will
1239     be written be appended to the file. "+" will result in an error, since
1240     reading and writing to the same gzip file is not supported. The addition of
1241     "x" when writing will create the file exclusively, which fails if the file
1242     already exists. On systems that support it, the addition of "e" when
1243     reading or writing will set the flag to close the file on an execve() call.

1245     These functions, as well as gzip, will read and decode a sequence of gzip
1246     streams in a file. The append function of gzopen() can be used to create
1247     such a file. (Also see gzflush() for another way to do this.) When
1248     appending, gzopen does not test whether the file begins with a gzip stream,

```

```

1249     nor does it look for the end of the gzip streams to begin appending. gzopen
1250     will simply append a gzip stream to the existing file.

1252     gzopen can be used to read a file which is not in gzip format; in this
1253     case gzread will directly read from the file without decompression. When
1254     reading, this will be detected automatically by looking for the magic two-
1255     byte gzip header.

1257     gzopen returns NULL if the file could not be opened, if there was
1258     insufficient memory to allocate the gzFile state, or if an invalid mode was
1259     specified (an 'r', 'w', or 'a' was not provided, or '+' was provided).
1260     errno can be checked to determine if the reason gzopen failed was that the
1261     file could not be opened.
1262 */

1264 ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzdopen OF((int fd, const char *mode));
1265 /*
1266     gzdopen associates a gzFile with the file descriptor fd. File descriptors
1267     are obtained from calls like open, dup, creat, pipe or fileno (if the file
1268     has been previously opened with fopen). The mode parameter is as in gzopen.

1270     The next call of gzclose on the returned gzFile will also close the file
1271     descriptor fd, just like fclose(fdopen(fd, mode)) closes the file descriptor
1272     fd. If you want to keep fd open, use fd = dup(fd_keep); gz = gzdopen(fd,
1273     mode);. The duplicated descriptor should be saved to avoid a leak, since
1274     gzdopen does not close fd if it fails. If you are using fileno() to get the
1275     file descriptor from a FILE *, then you will have to use dup() to avoid
1276     double-closing the file descriptor. Both gzclose() and fclose() will
1277     close the associated file descriptor, so they need to have different file
1278     descriptors.

1280     gzdopen returns NULL if there was insufficient memory to allocate the
1281     gzFile state, if an invalid mode was specified (an 'r', 'w', or 'a' was not
1282     provided, or '+' was provided), or if fd is -1. The file descriptor is not
1283     used until the next gz* read, write, seek, or close operation, so gzdopen
1284     will not detect if fd is invalid (unless fd is -1).
1285 */

1287 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzbuffer OF((gzFile file, unsigned size));
1288 /*
1289     Set the internal buffer size used by this library's functions. The
1290     default buffer size is 8192 bytes. This function must be called after
1291     gzopen() or gzdopen(), and before any other calls that read or write the
1292     file. The buffer memory allocation is always deferred to the first read or
1293     write. Two buffers are allocated, either both of the specified size when
1294     writing, or one of the specified size and the other twice that size when
1295     reading. A larger buffer size of, for example, 64K or 128K bytes will
1296     noticeably increase the speed of decompression (reading).

1298     The new buffer size also affects the maximum length for gzprintf().

1300     gzbuffer() returns 0 on success, or -1 on failure, such as being called
1301     too late.
1302 */

1304 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzsetparams OF((gzFile file, int level, int strategy));
1305 /*
1306     Dynamically update the compression level or strategy. See the description
1307     of deflateInit2 for the meaning of these parameters.

1309     gzsetparams returns Z_OK if success, or Z_STREAM_ERROR if the file was not
1310     opened for writing.
1311 */

1313 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzread OF((gzFile file, voidp buf, unsigned len));
1314 /*

```

```

1315 Reads the given number of uncompressed bytes from the compressed file. If
1316 the input file is not in gzip format, gzread copies the given number of
1317 bytes into the buffer directly from the file.

1319 After reaching the end of a gzip stream in the input, gzread will continue
1320 to read, looking for another gzip stream. Any number of gzip streams may be
1321 concatenated in the input file, and will all be decompressed by gzread().
1322 If something other than a gzip stream is encountered after a gzip stream,
1323 that remaining trailing garbage is ignored (and no error is returned).

1325 gzread can be used to read a gzip file that is being concurrently written.
1326 Upon reaching the end of the input, gzread will return with the available
1327 data. If the error code returned by gzerror is Z_OK or Z_BUF_ERROR, then
1328 gzclearerr can be used to clear the end of file indicator in order to permit
1329 gzread to be tried again. Z_OK indicates that a gzip stream was completed
1330 on the last gzread. Z_BUF_ERROR indicates that the input file ended in the
1331 middle of a gzip stream. Note that gzread does not return -1 in the event
1332 of an incomplete gzip stream. This error is deferred until gzclose(), which
1333 will return Z_BUF_ERROR if the last gzread ended in the middle of a gzip
1334 stream. Alternatively, gzerror can be used before gzclose to detect this
1335 case.

1337 gzread returns the number of uncompressed bytes actually read, less than
1338 len for end of file, or -1 for error.
1339 */

1341 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzwrite OF((gzFile file,
1342 voidpc buf, unsigned len));
1343 /*
1344 Writes the given number of uncompressed bytes into the compressed file.
1345 gzwrite returns the number of uncompressed bytes written or 0 in case of
1346 error.
1347 */

1349 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORTVA gzprintf Z_ARG((gzFile file, const char *format, ...));
1350 /*
1351 Converts, formats, and writes the arguments to the compressed file under
1352 control of the format string, as in fprintf. gzprintf returns the number of
1353 uncompressed bytes actually written, or 0 in case of error. The number of
1354 uncompressed bytes written is limited to 8191, or one less than the buffer
1355 size given to gzbuffer(). The caller should assure that this limit is not
1356 exceeded. If it is exceeded, then gzprintf() will return an error (0) with
1357 nothing written. In this case, there may also be a buffer overflow with
1358 unpredictable consequences, which is possible only if zlib was compiled with
1359 the insecure functions sprintf() or vsprintf() because the secure sprintf()
1360 or vsnprintf() functions were not available. This can be determined using
1361 zlibCompileFlags().
1362 */

1364 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzputs OF((gzFile file, const char *s));
1365 /*
1366 Writes the given null-terminated string to the compressed file, excluding
1367 the terminating null character.

1369 gzputs returns the number of characters written, or -1 in case of error.
1370 */

1372 ZEXTERN char * ZEXPORT gzgets OF((gzFile file, char *buf, int len));
1373 /*
1374 Reads bytes from the compressed file until len-1 characters are read, or a
1375 newline character is read and transferred to buf, or an end-of-file
1376 condition is encountered. If any characters are read or if len == 1, the
1377 string is terminated with a null character. If no characters are read due
1378 to an end-of-file or len < 1, then the buffer is left untouched.

1380 gzgets returns buf which is a null-terminated string, or it returns NULL

```

```

1381 for end-of-file or in case of error. If there was an error, the contents at
1382 buf are indeterminate.
1383 */

1385 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzputc OF((gzFile file, int c));
1386 /*
1387 Writes c, converted to an unsigned char, into the compressed file. gzputc
1388 returns the value that was written, or -1 in case of error.
1389 */

1391 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzgetc OF((gzFile file));
1392 /*
1393 Reads one byte from the compressed file. gzgetc returns this byte or -1
1394 in case of end of file or error. This is implemented as a macro for speed.
1395 As such, it does not do all of the checking the other functions do. I.e.
1396 it does not check to see if file is NULL, nor whether the structure file
1397 points to has been clobbered or not.
1398 */

1400 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzungetc OF((int c, gzFile file));
1401 /*
1402 Push one character back onto the stream to be read as the first character
1403 on the next read. At least one character of push-back is allowed.
1404 gzungetc() returns the character pushed, or -1 on failure. gzungetc() will
1405 fail if c is -1, and may fail if a character has been pushed but not read
1406 yet. If gzungetc is used immediately after gzopen or gzopen, at least the
1407 output buffer size of pushed characters is allowed. (See gzbuffer above.)
1408 The pushed character will be discarded if the stream is repositioned with
1409 gzseek() or gzrewind().
1410 */

1412 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzflush OF((gzFile file, int flush));
1413 /*
1414 Flushes all pending output into the compressed file. The parameter flush
1415 is as in the deflate() function. The return value is the zlib error number
1416 (see function gzerror below). gzflush is only permitted when writing.

1418 If the flush parameter is Z_FINISH, the remaining data is written and the
1419 gzip stream is completed in the output. If gzwrite() is called again, a new
1420 gzip stream will be started in the output. gzread() is able to read such
1421 concatenated gzip streams.

1423 gzflush should be called only when strictly necessary because it will
1424 degrade compression if called too often.
1425 */

1427 /*
1428 ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzseek OF((gzFile file,
1429 z_off_t offset, int whence));

1431 Sets the starting position for the next gzread or gzwrite on the given
1432 compressed file. The offset represents a number of bytes in the
1433 uncompressed data stream. The whence parameter is defined as in lseek(2);
1434 the value SEEK_END is not supported.

1436 If the file is opened for reading, this function is emulated but can be
1437 extremely slow. If the file is opened for writing, only forward seeks are
1438 supported; gzseek then compresses a sequence of zeroes up to the new
1439 starting position.

1441 gzseek returns the resulting offset location as measured in bytes from
1442 the beginning of the uncompressed stream, or -1 in case of error, in
1443 particular if the file is opened for writing and the new starting position
1444 would be before the current position.
1445 */

```

```

1447 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzrewind OF((gzFile file));
1448 /*
1449     Rewinds the given file. This function is supported only for reading.

1451     gzrewind(file) is equivalent to (int)gzseek(file, 0L, SEEK_SET)
1452 */

1454 /*
1455 ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gztell OF((gzFile file));

1457     Returns the starting position for the next gzread or gzwrite on the given
1458     compressed file. This position represents a number of bytes in the
1459     uncompressed data stream, and is zero when starting, even if appending or
1460     reading a gzip stream from the middle of a file using gzopen().

1462     gztell(file) is equivalent to gzseek(file, 0L, SEEK_CUR)
1463 */

1465 /*
1466 ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzoffset OF((gzFile file));

1468     Returns the current offset in the file being read or written. This offset
1469     includes the count of bytes that precede the gzip stream, for example when
1470     appending or when using gzopen() for reading. When reading, the offset
1471     does not include as yet unused buffered input. This information can be used
1472     for a progress indicator. On error, gzoffset() returns -1.
1473 */

1475 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzeof OF((gzFile file));
1476 /*
1477     Returns true (1) if the end-of-file indicator has been set while reading,
1478     false (0) otherwise. Note that the end-of-file indicator is set only if the
1479     read tried to go past the end of the input, but came up short. Therefore,
1480     just like feof(), gzeof() may return false even if there is no more data to
1481     read, in the event that the last read request was for the exact number of
1482     bytes remaining in the input file. This will happen if the input file size
1483     is an exact multiple of the buffer size.

1485     If gzeof() returns true, then the read functions will return no more data,
1486     unless the end-of-file indicator is reset by gzcLEARerr() and the input file
1487     has grown since the previous end of file was detected.
1488 */

1490 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzdirect OF((gzFile file));
1491 /*
1492     Returns true (1) if file is being copied directly while reading, or false
1493     (0) if file is a gzip stream being decompressed.

1495     If the input file is empty, gzdirect() will return true, since the input
1496     does not contain a gzip stream.

1498     If gzdirect() is used immediately after gzopen() or gzopen() it will
1499     cause buffers to be allocated to allow reading the file to determine if it
1500     is a gzip file. Therefore if gzbuffer() is used, it should be called before
1501     gzdirect().

1503     When writing, gzdirect() returns true (1) if transparent writing was
1504     requested ("wT" for the gzopen() mode), or false (0) otherwise. (Note:
1505     gzdirect() is not needed when writing. Transparent writing must be
1506     explicitly requested, so the application already knows the answer. When
1507     linking statically, using gzdirect() will include all of the zlib code for
1508     gzip file reading and decompression, which may not be desired.)
1509 */

1511 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzclose OF((gzFile file));
1512 /*

```

```

1513     Flushes all pending output if necessary, closes the compressed file and
1514     deallocates the (de)compression state. Note that once file is closed, you
1515     cannot call gzerror with file, since its structures have been deallocated.
1516     gzclose must not be called more than once on the same file, just as free
1517     must not be called more than once on the same allocation.

1519     gzclose will return Z_STREAM_ERROR if file is not valid, Z_ERRNO on a
1520     file operation error, Z_MEM_ERROR if out of memory, Z_BUF_ERROR if the
1521     last read ended in the middle of a gzip stream, or Z_OK on success.
1522 */

1524 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzclose_r OF((gzFile file));
1525 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzclose_w OF((gzFile file));
1526 /*
1527     Same as gzclose(), but gzclose_r() is only for use when reading, and
1528     gzclose_w() is only for use when writing or appending. The advantage to
1529     using these instead of gzclose() is that they avoid linking in zlib
1530     compression or decompression code that is not used when only reading or only
1531     writing respectively. If gzclose() is used, then both compression and
1532     decompression code will be included the application when linking to a static
1533     zlib library.
1534 */

1536 ZEXTERN const char * ZEXPORT gzerror OF((gzFile file, int *errnum));
1537 /*
1538     Returns the error message for the last error which occurred on the given
1539     compressed file. errnum is set to zlib error number. If an error occurred
1540     in the file system and not in the compression library, errnum is set to
1541     Z_ERRNO and the application may consult errno to get the exact error code.

1543     The application must not modify the returned string. Future calls to
1544     this function may invalidate the previously returned string. If file is
1545     closed, then the string previously returned by gzerror will no longer be
1546     available.

1548     gzerror() should be used to distinguish errors from end-of-file for those
1549     functions above that do not distinguish those cases in their return values.
1550 */

1552 ZEXTERN void ZEXPORT gzcLEARerr OF((gzFile file));
1553 /*
1554     Clears the error and end-of-file flags for file. This is analogous to the
1555     clearerr() function in stdio. This is useful for continuing to read a gzip
1556     file that is being written concurrently.
1557 */

1559 #endif /* !Z_SOLO */

1561     /* checksum functions */

1563 /*
1564     These functions are not related to compression but are exported
1565     anyway because they might be useful in applications using the compression
1566     library.
1567 */

1569 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32 OF((uLong Adler, const Bytef *buf, uInt len));
1570 /*
1571     Update a running Adler-32 checksum with the bytes buf[0..len-1] and
1572     return the updated checksum. If buf is Z_NULL, this function returns the
1573     required initial value for the checksum.

1575     An Adler-32 checksum is almost as reliable as a CRC32 but can be computed
1576     much faster.

1578     Usage example:

```

```

1580     uLong Adler = Adler32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);

1582     while (read_buffer(buffer, length) != EOF) {
1583         Adler = Adler32(Adler, buffer, length);
1584     }
1585     if (Adler != original_Adler) error();
1586 */

1588 /*
1589 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine OF((uLong Adler1, uLong Adler2,
1590     z_off_t len2));

1592     Combine two Adler-32 checksums into one. For two sequences of bytes, seq1
1593     and seq2 with lengths len1 and len2, Adler-32 checksums were calculated for
1594     each, Adler1 and Adler2. Adler32_combine() returns the Adler-32 checksum of
1595     seq1 and seq2 concatenated, requiring only Adler1, Adler2, and len2. Note
1596     that the z_off_t type (like off_t) is a signed integer. If len2 is
1597     negative, the result has no meaning or utility.
1598 */

1600 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Crc32 OF((uLong Crc, const Bytef *buf, uInt len));
1601 /*
1602     Update a running CRC-32 with the bytes buf[0..len-1] and return the
1603     updated CRC-32. If buf is Z_NULL, this function returns the required
1604     initial value for the CRC. Pre- and post-conditioning (one's complement) is
1605     performed within this function so it shouldn't be done by the application.

1607     Usage example:

1609     uLong Crc = Crc32(0L, Z_NULL, 0);

1611     while (read_buffer(buffer, length) != EOF) {
1612         Crc = Crc32(Crc, buffer, length);
1613     }
1614     if (Crc != original_Crc) error();
1615 */

1617 /*
1618 ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Crc32_combine OF((uLong Crc1, uLong Crc2, z_off_t len2));

1620     Combine two CRC-32 check values into one. For two sequences of bytes,
1621     seq1 and seq2 with lengths len1 and len2, CRC-32 check values were
1622     calculated for each, Crc1 and Crc2. Crc32_combine() returns the CRC-32
1623     check value of seq1 and seq2 concatenated, requiring only Crc1, Crc2, and
1624     len2.
1625 */

1628     /* various hacks, don't look :) */

1630 /* deflateInit and inflateInit are macros to allow checking the zlib version
1631 * and the compiler's view of z_stream:
1632 */
1633 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateInit_ OF((z_stream *strm, int level,
1634     const char *version, int stream_size));
1635 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateInit_ OF((z_stream *strm,
1636     const char *version, int stream_size));
1637 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateInit2_ OF((z_stream *strm, int level, int method,
1638     int windowBits, int memLevel,
1639     int strategy, const char *version,
1640     int stream_size));
1641 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateInit2_ OF((z_stream *strm, int windowBits,
1642     const char *version, int stream_size));
1643 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateBackInit_ OF((z_stream *strm, int windowBits,
1644     unsigned char FAR *window,

```

```

1645     const char *version,
1646     int stream_size));
1647 #define deflateInit(strm, level) \
1648     deflateInit_((strm), (level), ZLIB_VERSION, (int)sizeof(z_stream))
1649 #define inflateInit(strm) \
1650     inflateInit_((strm), ZLIB_VERSION, (int)sizeof(z_stream))
1651 #define deflateInit2(strm, level, method, windowBits, memLevel, strategy) \
1652     deflateInit2_((strm), (level), (method), (windowBits), (memLevel), \
1653         (strategy), ZLIB_VERSION, (int)sizeof(z_stream))
1654 #define inflateInit2(strm, windowBits) \
1655     inflateInit2_((strm), (windowBits), ZLIB_VERSION, \
1656         (int)sizeof(z_stream))
1657 #define inflateBackInit(strm, windowBits, window) \
1658     inflateBackInit_((strm), (windowBits), (window), \
1659         ZLIB_VERSION, (int)sizeof(z_stream))

1661 #ifndef Z_SOLO

1663 /* gzgetc() macro and its supporting function and exposed data structure. Note
1664 * that the real internal state is much larger than the exposed structure.
1665 * This abbreviated structure exposes just enough for the gzgetc() macro. The
1666 * user should not mess with these exposed elements, since their names or
1667 * behavior could change in the future, perhaps even capriciously. They can
1668 * only be used by the gzgetc() macro. You have been warned.
1669 */
1670 struct gzFile_s {
1671     unsigned have;
1672     unsigned char *next;
1673     z_off64_t pos;
1674 };
1675 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT gzgetc_ OF((gzFile file)); /* backward compatibility */
1676 #ifndef Z_PREFIX_SET
1677 # undef gzgetc
1678 # define gzgetc(g) \
1679     ((g)->have ? ((g)->have--, (g)->pos++, *((g)->next)++) : gzgetc(g))
1680 #else
1681 # define gzgetc(g) \
1682     ((g)->have ? ((g)->have--, (g)->pos++, *((g)->next)++) : gzgetc(g))
1683 #endif

1685 /* provide 64-bit offset functions if _LARGEFILE64_SOURCE defined, and/or
1686 * change the regular functions to 64 bits if _FILE_OFFSET_BITS is 64 (if
1687 * both are true, the application gets the *64 functions, and the regular
1688 * functions are changed to 64 bits) -- in case these are set on systems
1689 * without large file support, _LFS64_LARGEFILE must also be true
1690 */
1691 #ifndef Z_LARGE64
1692     ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen64 OF((const char *, const char *));
1693     ZEXTERN z_off64_t ZEXPORT gzseek64 OF((gzFile, z_off64_t, int));
1694     ZEXTERN z_off64_t ZEXPORT gztell64 OF((gzFile));
1695     ZEXTERN z_off64_t ZEXPORT gzoffset64 OF((gzFile));
1696     ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off64_t));
1697     ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Crc32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off64_t));
1698 #endif

1700 #if !defined(ZLIB_INTERNAL) && defined(Z_WANT64)
1701 # ifdef Z_PREFIX_SET
1702 #   define gzopen gzopen64
1703 #   define gzseek gzseek64
1704 #   define gztell gztell64
1705 #   define gzoffset gzoffset64
1706 #   define z_adler32_combine z_adler32_combine64
1707 #   define z_crc32_combine z_crc32_combine64
1708 # else
1709 #   define gzopen gzopen64
1710 #   define gzseek gzseek64

```

```

1711 #   define gztell gztell64
1712 #   define gzoffset gzoffset64
1713 #   define Adler32_combine Adler32_combine64
1714 #   define crc32_combine crc32_combine64
1715 #   endif
1716 #   ifndef Z_LARGE64
1717       ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen64 OF((const char *, const char *));
1718       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzseek64 OF((gzFile, z_off_t, int));
1719       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gztell64 OF((gzFile));
1720       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzoffset64 OF((gzFile));
1721       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1722       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT crc32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1723 #   endif
1724 #else
1725       ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen OF((const char *, const char *));
1726       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzseek OF((gzFile, z_off_t, int));
1727       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gztell OF((gzFile));
1728       ZEXTERN z_off_t ZEXPORT gzoffset OF((gzFile));
1729       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1730       ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT crc32_combine OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1731 #endif

1733 #else /* Z_SOLO */

1735     ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
1736     ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT crc32_combine OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));

1738 #endif /* !Z_SOLO */

1740 /* hack for buggy compilers */
1741 #if !defined(ZUTIL_H) && !defined(NO_DUMMY_DECL)
1742     struct internal_state {int dummy;};
1743 #endif

1745 /* undocumented functions */
1746 ZEXTERN const char * ZEXPORT zError          OF((int));
1747 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateSyncPoint OF((z_streamp));
1748 ZEXTERN const z_crc_t FAR * ZEXPORT get_crc_table OF((void));
1749 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateUndermine OF((z_streamp, int));
1750 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT inflateResetKeep OF((z_streamp));
1751 ZEXTERN int ZEXPORT deflateResetKeep OF((z_streamp));
1752 #if defined(_WIN32) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
1753 ZEXTERN gzFile ZEXPORT gzopen_w OF((const wchar_t *path,
1754                                     const char *mode));
1755 #endif
1756 #if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
1757 #   ifndef Z_SOLO
1758       ZEXTERN int ZEXPORTVA gzvprintf Z_ARG((gzFile file,
1759                                               const char *format,
1760                                               va_list va));
1761 #   endif
1762 #endif

1764 #ifdef __cplusplus
1765 }
1766 #endif

1768 #endif /* ZLIB_H */

```

```

*****
1192 Wed Apr 1 15:57:35 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.map
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 ZLIB_1.2.0 {
2   global:
3     compressBound;
4     deflateBound;
5     inflateBack;
6     inflateBackEnd;
7     inflateBackInit_;
8     inflateCopy;
9   local:
10    deflate_copyright;
11    inflate_copyright;
12    inflate_fast;
13    inflate_table;
14    zcalloc;
15    zcfree;
16    z_errmsg;
17    gz_error;
18    gz_intmax;
19    _*;
20 };

22 ZLIB_1.2.0.2 {
23   gzclearerr;
24   gzungetc;
25   zlibCompileFlags;
26 } ZLIB_1.2.0;

28 ZLIB_1.2.0.8 {
29   deflatePrime;
30 } ZLIB_1.2.0.2;

32 ZLIB_1.2.2 {
33   adler32_combine;
34   crc32_combine;
35   deflateSetHeader;
36   inflateGetHeader;
37 } ZLIB_1.2.0.8;

39 ZLIB_1.2.2.3 {
40   deflateTune;
41   gzdirect;
42 } ZLIB_1.2.2;

44 ZLIB_1.2.2.4 {
45   inflatePrime;
46 } ZLIB_1.2.2.3;

48 ZLIB_1.2.3.3 {
49   adler32_combine64;
50   crc32_combine64;
51   gzopen64;
52   gzseek64;
53   gztell64;
54   inflateUndermine;
55 } ZLIB_1.2.2.4;

57 ZLIB_1.2.3.4 {
58   inflateReset2;
59   inflateMark;
60 } ZLIB_1.2.3.3;

```

```

62 ZLIB_1.2.3.5 {
63   gzbuffer;
64   gzoffset;
65   gzoffset64;
66   gzclose_r;
67   gzclose_w;
68 } ZLIB_1.2.3.4;

70 ZLIB_1.2.5.1 {
71   deflatePending;
72 } ZLIB_1.2.3.5;

74 ZLIB_1.2.5.2 {
75   deflateResetKeep;
76   gzgetc_;
77   inflateResetKeep;
78 } ZLIB_1.2.5.1;

80 ZLIB_1.2.7.1 {
81   inflateGetDictionary;
82   gzvprintf;
83 } ZLIB_1.2.5.2;

```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.pc.cmakein

1

294 Wed Apr 1 15:57:35 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.pc.cmakein

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 prefix=@CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX@

2 exec_prefix=@CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX@

3 libdir=@INSTALL_LIB_DIR@

4 sharedlibdir=@INSTALL_LIB_DIR@

5 includedir=@INSTALL_INC_DIR@

7 Name: zlib

8 Description: zlib compression library

9 Version: @VERSION@

11 Requires:

12 Libs: -L\${libdir} -L\${sharedlibdir} -lz

13 Cflags: -I\${includedir}

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.pc.in

1

254 Wed Apr 1 15:57:35 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib.pc.in

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 prefix=@prefix@

2 exec_prefix=@exec_prefix@

3 libdir=@libdir@

4 sharedlibdir=@sharedlibdir@

5 includedir=@includedir@

7 Name: zlib

8 Description: zlib compression library

9 Version: @VERSION@

11 Requires:

12 Libs: -L\${libdir} -L\${sharedlibdir} -lz

13 Cflags: -I\${includedir}

```

*****
3895 Wed Apr 1 15:57:35 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zlib2ansi
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 #!/usr/bin/perl

3 # Transform K&R C function definitions into ANSI equivalent.
4 #
5 # Author: Paul Marquess
6 # Version: 1.0
7 # Date: 3 October 2006

9 # TODO
10 #
11 # Assumes no function pointer parameters. unless they are typedefed.
12 # Assumes no literal strings that look like function definitions
13 # Assumes functions start at the beginning of a line

15 use strict;
16 use warnings;

18 local $/;
19 $_ = <>;

21 my $sp = qr{ \s* (?: /* .*? */)? \s* }x; # assume no nested comments

23 my $d1 = qr{ $sp (?: [\w*\s]+ $sp)* $sp \w+ $sp [\[\\s]* $sp }x ;
24 my $decl = qr{ $sp (?: \w+ $sp )+ $d1 }xo ;
25 my $dList = qr{ $sp $decl (?: $sp , $d1 )* $sp }xo ;

28 while (s/^
29     (
30         (
31             .*?
32             ( ^ \w [\w\s\*]+ ) # $3 -- function name
33             \s* # optional whitespace
34         ) # $2 - Matched up to before parameter list

36         \( \s* # Literal "(" + optional whitespace
37         ( [^\)]+ ) # $4 - one or more anything except ")"
38         \s* \) # optional whitespace surrounding a Literal ")"

40         ( (?: $dList )+ ) # $5

42         $sp ^ { # literal "{" at start of line
43             ) # Remember to $1
44             //xsom
45         )
46 {
47     my $all = $1 ;
48     my $prefix = $2;
49     my $param_list = $4 ;
50     my $params = $5;

52     StripComments($params);
53     StripComments($param_list);
54     $param_list =~ s/^\s+//;
55     $param_list =~ s/\s+$//;

57     my $i = 0 ;
58     my %pList = map { $_ => $i++ }
59         split /\s*,\s*/, $param_list;
60     my $pMatch = '(\\b' . join('|', keys %pList) . '\\b)\W*$' ;

```

```

62     my @params = split /\s*,\s*/, $params;
63     my @outParams = ();
64     foreach my $p (@params)
65     {
66         if ($p =~ /./)
67         {
68             my @bits = split /\s*,\s*/, $p;
69             my $first = shift @bits;
70             $first =~ s/^\s*//;
71             push @outParams, $first;
72             $first =~ /^(\\w+\s*)/;
73             my $type = $1 ;
74             push @outParams, map { $type . $_ } @bits;
75         }
76     } else
77     {
78         $p =~ s/^\s+//;
79         push @outParams, $p;
80     }
81 }

84     my %tmp = map { /$pMatch/; $_ => $pList{$_} }
85         @outParams ;

87     @outParams = map { " $_" }
88         sort { $tmp{$_a} <=> $tmp{$_b} }
89         @outParams ;

91     print $prefix ;
92     print "(\\n" . join("\\n", @outParams) . "\\n";
93     print "{" ;

95 }

97 # Output any trailing code.
98 print ;
99 exit 0;

102 sub StripComments
103 {
105     no warnings;

107     # Strip C & C++ coments
108     # From the perlfaq
109     $_[0] =~

111     s{
112         /* ## Start of /* ... */ comment
113         [^*]*\*+ ## Non-* followed by 1-or-more '*'
114         (
115             [^/*][^*]*\*+
116         )* ## 0-or-more things which don't start with /
117             ## but do end with '**
118         / ## End of /* ... */ comment

120     | ## OR C++ Comment
121         // ## Start of C++ comment //
122         [^\n]* ## followed by 0-or-more non end of line characters

124     | ## OR various things which aren't comments:

126     (

```

```
127 "          ## Start of " ... " string
128 (
129   \\.      ## Escaped char
130   |        ## OR
131   [^\\" ]  ## Non "\
132   )*
133   "        ## End of " ... " string

135 |        ## OR

137 '          ## Start of ' ... ' string
138 (
139   \\.      ## Escaped char
140   |        ## OR
141   [^'\\" ] ## Non '\
142   )*
143   '        ## End of ' ... ' string

145 |        ## OR

147 .          ## Anything other char
148 [^/"'\\" ] ## Chars which doesn't start a comment, string or escape
149 )
150 }{$2}gxs;

152 }
```

```

*****
7414 Wed Apr 1 15:57:36 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zutil.c
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zutil.c -- target dependent utility functions for the compression library
2  * Copyright (C) 1995-2005, 2010, 2011, 2012 Jean-loup Gailly.
3  * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4  */

6 /* @(#) $Id$ */

8 #include "zutil.h"
9 #ifndef Z_SOLO
10 # include "gzguts.h"
11 #endif

13 #ifndef NO_DUMMY_DECL
14 struct internal_state      {int dummy;}; /* for buggy compilers */
15 #endif

17 z_const char * const z_errmsg[10] = {
18 "need dictionary",      /* Z_NEED_DICT       2  */
19 "stream end",          /* Z_STREAM_END     1  */
20 "",                    /* Z_OK              0  */
21 "file error",          /* Z_ERRNO          (-1) */
22 "stream error",        /* Z_STREAM_ERROR   (-2) */
23 "data error",          /* Z_DATA_ERROR     (-3) */
24 "insufficient memory", /* Z_MEM_ERROR      (-4) */
25 "buffer error",        /* Z_BUF_ERROR      (-5) */
26 "incompatible version",/* Z_VERSION_ERROR  (-6) */
27 ""};

30 const char * ZEXPORT zlibVersion()
31 {
32     return ZLIB_VERSION;
33 }

35 uLong ZEXPORT zlibCompileFlags()
36 {
37     uLong flags;

39     flags = 0;
40     switch ((int)(sizeof(uInt))) {
41     case 2: break;
42     case 4: flags += 1; break;
43     case 8: flags += 2; break;
44     default: flags += 3;
45     }
46     switch ((int)(sizeof(uLong))) {
47     case 2: break;
48     case 4: flags += 1 << 2; break;
49     case 8: flags += 2 << 2; break;
50     default: flags += 3 << 2;
51     }
52     switch ((int)(sizeof(voidpf))) {
53     case 2: break;
54     case 4: flags += 1 << 4; break;
55     case 8: flags += 2 << 4; break;
56     default: flags += 3 << 4;
57     }
58     switch ((int)(sizeof(z_off_t))) {
59     case 2: break;
60     case 4: flags += 1 << 6; break;

```

```

61     case 8: flags += 2 << 6; break;
62     default: flags += 3 << 6;
63     }
64 #ifdef DEBUG
65     flags += 1 << 8;
66 #endif
67 #if defined(ASMV) || defined(ASMINF)
68     flags += 1 << 9;
69 #endif
70 #ifdef ZLIB_WINAPI
71     flags += 1 << 10;
72 #endif
73 #ifdef BUILDFIXED
74     flags += 1 << 12;
75 #endif
76 #ifdef DYNAMIC_CRC_TABLE
77     flags += 1 << 13;
78 #endif
79 #ifndef NO_GZCOMPRESS
80     flags += 1L << 16;
81 #endif
82 #ifndef NO_GZIP
83     flags += 1L << 17;
84 #endif
85 #ifdef PKZIP_BUG_WORKAROUND
86     flags += 1L << 20;
87 #endif
88 #ifdef FASTEST
89     flags += 1L << 21;
90 #endif
91 #if defined(STDC) || defined(Z_HAVE_STDARG_H)
92 # if defined NO_vsnprintf
93     flags += 1L << 25;
94 #   if defined HAS_vsprintf_void
95     flags += 1L << 26;
96 #   endif
97 # else
98 #   if defined HAS_vsnprintf_void
99     flags += 1L << 26;
100 #   endif
101 # endif
102 #else
103     flags += 1L << 24;
104 # if defined NO_snprintf
105     flags += 1L << 25;
106 #   if defined HAS_sprintf_void
107     flags += 1L << 26;
108 #   endif
109 # else
110 #   if defined HAS_snprintf_void
111     flags += 1L << 26;
112 #   endif
113 # endif
114 #endif
115     return flags;
116 }

118 #ifdef DEBUG

120 # if defined verbose
121 #   define verbose 0
122 # endif
123 int ZLIB_INTERNAL z_verbose = verbose;

125 void ZLIB_INTERNAL z_error (m)
126     char *m;

```

```

127 {
128     fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", m);
129     exit(1);
130 }
131 #endif

133 /* exported to allow conversion of error code to string for compress() and
134 * uncompress()
135 */
136 const char * ZEXPORT zError(err)
137     int err;
138 {
139     return ERR_MSG(err);
140 }

142 #if defined(_WIN32_WCE)
143 /* The Microsoft C Run-Time Library for Windows CE doesn't have
144 * errno. We define it as a global variable to simplify porting.
145 * Its value is always 0 and should not be used.
146 */
147 int errno = 0;
148 #endif

150 #ifndef HAVE_MEMCPY

152 void ZLIB_INTERNAL zmemcpy(dest, source, len)
153     Bytef* dest;
154     const Bytef* source;
155     uInt len;
156 {
157     if (len == 0) return;
158     do {
159         *dest++ = *source++; /* ??? to be unrolled */
160     } while (--len != 0);
161 }

163 int ZLIB_INTERNAL zmemcmp(s1, s2, len)
164     const Bytef* s1;
165     const Bytef* s2;
166     uInt len;
167 {
168     uInt j;

170     for (j = 0; j < len; j++) {
171         if (s1[j] != s2[j]) return 2*(s1[j] > s2[j])-1;
172     }
173     return 0;
174 }

176 void ZLIB_INTERNAL zmemzero(dest, len)
177     Bytef* dest;
178     uInt len;
179 {
180     if (len == 0) return;
181     do {
182         *dest++ = 0; /* ??? to be unrolled */
183     } while (--len != 0);
184 }
185 #endif

187 #ifndef Z_SOLO

189 #ifdef SYS16BIT

191 #ifdef __TURBOC__
192 /* Turbo C in 16-bit mode */

```

```

194 # define MY_ZCALLOC

196 /* Turbo C malloc() does not allow dynamic allocation of 64K bytes
197 * and farmalloc(64K) returns a pointer with an offset of 8, so we
198 * must fix the pointer. Warning: the pointer must be put back to its
199 * original form in order to free it, use zcfree().
200 */

202 #define MAX_PTR 10
203 /* 10*64K = 640K */

205 local int next_ptr = 0;

207 typedef struct ptr_table_s {
208     voidpf org_ptr;
209     voidpf new_ptr;
210 } ptr_table;

212 local ptr_table table[MAX_PTR];
213 /* This table is used to remember the original form of pointers
214 * to large buffers (64K). Such pointers are normalized with a zero offset.
215 * Since MSDOS is not a preemptive multitasking OS, this table is not
216 * protected from concurrent access. This hack doesn't work anyway on
217 * a protected system like OS/2. Use Microsoft C instead.
218 */

220 voidpf ZLIB_INTERNAL zcalloc (voidpf opaque, unsigned items, unsigned size)
221 {
222     voidpf buf = opaque; /* just to make some compilers happy */
223     ulg bsize = (ulg)items*size;

225     /* If we allocate less than 65520 bytes, we assume that farmalloc
226     * will return a usable pointer which doesn't have to be normalized.
227     */
228     if (bsize < 65520L) {
229         buf = farmalloc(bsize);
230         if (*(ush*)&buf != 0) return buf;
231     } else {
232         buf = farmalloc(bsize + 16L);
233     }
234     if (buf == NULL || next_ptr >= MAX_PTR) return NULL;
235     table[next_ptr].org_ptr = buf;

237     /* Normalize the pointer to seg:0 */
238     *((ush*)&buf+1) += ((ush)((uch*)buf-0) + 15) >> 4;
239     *(ush*)&buf = 0;
240     table[next_ptr++].new_ptr = buf;
241     return buf;
242 }

244 void ZLIB_INTERNAL zcfree (voidpf opaque, voidpf ptr)
245 {
246     int n;
247     if (*(ush*)&ptr != 0) { /* object < 64K */
248         farfree(ptr);
249         return;
250     }
251     /* Find the original pointer */
252     for (n = 0; n < next_ptr; n++) {
253         if (ptr != table[n].new_ptr) continue;

255         farfree(table[n].org_ptr);
256         while (++n < next_ptr) {
257             table[n-1] = table[n];
258         }

```

```

259     next_ptr--;
260     return;
261 }
262 ptr = opaque; /* just to make some compilers happy */
263 Assert(0, "zcfree: ptr not found");
264 }

266 #endif /* __TURBOC__ */

269 #ifdef M_I86
270 /* Microsoft C in 16-bit mode */

272 # define MY_ZCALLOC

274 #if (!defined(_MSC_VER) || (_MSC_VER <= 600))
275 # define _halloc halloc
276 # define _hfree hfree
277 #endif

279 voidpf ZLIB_INTERNAL zcalloc (voidpf opaque, uInt items, uInt size)
280 {
281     if (opaque) opaque = 0; /* to make compiler happy */
282     return _halloc((long)items, size);
283 }

285 void ZLIB_INTERNAL zcfree (voidpf opaque, voidpf ptr)
286 {
287     if (opaque) opaque = 0; /* to make compiler happy */
288     _hfree(ptr);
289 }

291 #endif /* M_I86 */

293 #endif /* SYS16BIT */

296 #ifndef MY_ZCALLOC /* Any system without a special alloc function */

298 #ifndef STDC
299 extern voidp malloc OF((uInt size));
300 extern voidp calloc OF((uInt items, uInt size));
301 extern void free OF((voidpf ptr));
302 #endif

304 voidpf ZLIB_INTERNAL zcalloc (opaque, items, size)
305     voidpf opaque;
306     unsigned items;
307     unsigned size;
308 {
309     if (opaque) items += size - size; /* make compiler happy */
310     return sizeof(uInt) > 2 ? (voidpf)malloc(items * size) :
311         (voidpf)calloc(items, size);
312 }

314 void ZLIB_INTERNAL zcfree (opaque, ptr)
315     voidpf opaque;
316     voidpf ptr;
317 {
318     free(ptr);
319     if (opaque) return; /* make compiler happy */
320 }

322 #endif /* MY_ZCALLOC */

324 #endif /* !Z_SOLO */

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zutil.h

1

```
*****
6766 Wed Apr 1 15:57:36 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zutil.h
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /* zutil.h -- internal interface and configuration of the compression library
2 * Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly.
3 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
4 */

6 /* WARNING: this file should *not* be used by applications. It is
7 part of the implementation of the compression library and is
8 subject to change. Applications should only use zlib.h.
9 */

11 /* @(#) $Id$ */

13 #ifndef ZUTIL_H
14 #define ZUTIL_H

16 #ifdef HAVE_HIDDEN
17 # define ZLIB_INTERNAL __attribute__((visibility ("hidden")))
18 #else
19 # define ZLIB_INTERNAL
20 #endif

22 #include "zlib.h"

24 #if defined(STDC) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
25 # if !(defined(_WIN32_WCE) && defined(_MSC_VER))
26 # include <stddef.h>
27 # endif
28 # include <string.h>
29 # include <stdlib.h>
30 #endif

32 #ifdef Z_SOLO
33 typedef long ptrdiff_t; /* guess -- will be caught if guess is wrong */
34 #endif

36 #ifndef local
37 # define local static
38 #endif
39 /* compile with -Dlocal if your debugger can't find static symbols */

41 typedef unsigned char uch;
42 typedef uch FAR uchf;
43 typedef unsigned short ush;
44 typedef ush FAR ushf;
45 typedef unsigned long ulg;

47 extern z_const char * const z_errmsg[10]; /* indexed by 2-zlib_error */
48 /* (size given to avoid silly warnings with Visual C++) */

50 #define ERR_MSG(err) z_errmsg[Z_NEED_DICT-(err)]

52 #define ERR_RETURN(strm,err) \
53 return (strm->msg = ERR_MSG(err), (err))
54 /* To be used only when the state is known to be valid */

56 /* common constants */

58 #ifndef DEF_WBITS
59 # define DEF_WBITS MAX_WBITS
60 #endif
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/common/zutil.h

2

```
61 /* default windowBits for decompression. MAX_WBITS is for compression only */

63 #if MAX_MEM_LEVEL >= 8
64 # define DEF_MEM_LEVEL 8
65 #else
66 # define DEF_MEM_LEVEL MAX_MEM_LEVEL
67 #endif
68 /* default memLevel */

70 #define STORED_BLOCK 0
71 #define STATIC_TREES 1
72 #define DYN_TREES 2
73 /* The three kinds of block type */

75 #define MIN_MATCH 3
76 #define MAX_MATCH 258
77 /* The minimum and maximum match lengths */

79 #define PRESET_DICT 0x20 /* preset dictionary flag in zlib header */

81 /* target dependencies */

83 #if defined(MSDOS) || (defined(WINDOWS) && !defined(WIN32))
84 # define OS_CODE 0x00
85 # ifdef Z_SOLO
86 # if defined(__TURBOC__) || defined(__BORLANDC__)
87 # if (__STDC__ == 1) && (defined(__LARGE__) || defined(__COMPACT__))
88 /* Allow compilation with ANSI keywords only enabled */
89 void _Cdecl farfree( void *block );
90 void *_Cdecl farmalloc( unsigned long nbytes );
91 # else
92 # include <alloc.h>
93 # endif
94 # else /* MSC or DJGPP */
95 # include <malloc.h>
96 # endif
97 # endif
98 #endif

100 #ifdef AMIGA
101 # define OS_CODE 0x01
102 #endif

104 #if defined(VAXC) || defined(VMS)
105 # define OS_CODE 0x02
106 # define F_OPEN(name, mode) \
107 fopen((name), (mode), "mbc=60", "ctx=stm", "rfm=fix", "mrs=512")
108 #endif

110 #if defined(ATARI) || defined(atarist)
111 # define OS_CODE 0x05
112 #endif

114 #ifdef OS2
115 # define OS_CODE 0x06
116 # if defined(M_I86) && !defined(Z_SOLO)
117 # include <malloc.h>
118 # endif
119 #endif

121 #if defined(MACOS) || defined(TARGET_OS_MAC)
122 # define OS_CODE 0x07
123 # ifdef Z_SOLO
124 # if defined(__MWERKS__) && __dest_os != __be_os && __dest_os != __win32_os
125 # include <unix.h> /* for fdopen */
126 # else
```



```

127 #   ifndef fdopen
128 #       define fdopen(fd,mode) NULL /* No fdopen() */
129 #   endif
130 #   endif
131 #   endif
132 #endif

134 #ifndef TOPS20
135 #   define OS_CODE 0x0a
136 #endif

138 #ifndef WIN32
139 #   ifndef __CYGWIN__ /* Cygwin is Unix, not Win32 */
140 #       define OS_CODE 0x0b
141 #   endif
142 #endif

144 #ifndef __50SERIES /* Prime/PRIMOS */
145 #   define OS_CODE 0x0f
146 #endif

148 #if defined(__BEOS__) || defined(RISCOS)
149 #   define fdopen(fd,mode) NULL /* No fdopen() */
150 #endif

152 #if (defined(_MSC_VER) && (_MSC_VER > 600)) && !defined __INTERIX
153 #   if defined(WIN32_WCE)
154 #       define fdopen(fd,mode) NULL /* No fdopen() */
155 #       ifndef _PTRDIFF_T_DEFINED
156 #           typedef int ptrdiff_t;
157 #           define _PTRDIFF_T_DEFINED
158 #       endif
159 #       else
160 #           define fdopen(fd,type) _fdopen(fd,type)
161 #       endif
162 #endif

164 #if defined(__BORLANDC__) && !defined(MSDOS)
165 #   pragma warn -8004
166 #   pragma warn -8008
167 #   pragma warn -8066
168 #endif

170 /* provide prototypes for these when building zlib without LFS */
171 #if !defined(WIN32) && \
172     (!defined(LARGEFILE64_SOURCE) || _LFS64_LARGEFILE-0 == 0)
173     ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Adler32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
174     ZEXTERN uLong ZEXPORT Crc32_combine64 OF((uLong, uLong, z_off_t));
175 #endif

177     /* common defaults */

179 #ifndef OS_CODE
180 #   define OS_CODE 0x03 /* assume Unix */
181 #endif

183 #ifndef F_OPEN
184 #   define F_OPEN(name, mode) fopen((name), (mode))
185 #endif

187     /* functions */

189 #if defined(pyr) || defined(Z_SOLO)
190 #   define NO_MEMCPY
191 #endif
192 #if defined(SMALL_MEDIUM) && !defined(_MSC_VER) && !defined(__SC__)

```

```

193 /* Use our own functions for small and medium model with MSC <= 5.0.
194 * You may have to use the same strategy for Borland C (untested).
195 * The __SC__ check is for Symantec.
196 */
197 #   define NO_MEMCPY
198 #endif
199 #if defined(STDC) && !defined(HAVE_MEMCPY) && !defined(NO_MEMCPY)
200 #   define HAVE_MEMCPY
201 #endif
202 #ifndef HAVE_MEMCPY
203 #   ifdef SMALL_MEDIUM /* MSDOS small or medium model */
204 #       define zmemcpy _fmemcpy
205 #       define zmemcmp _fmemcmp
206 #       define zmemzero(dest, len) _fmemset(dest, 0, len)
207 #   else
208 #       define zmemcpy memcpy
209 #       define zmemcmp memcmp
210 #       define zmemzero(dest, len) memset(dest, 0, len)
211 #   endif
212 #else
213     void ZLIB_INTERNAL zmemcpy OF((Bytef* dest, const Bytef* source, uInt len));
214     int ZLIB_INTERNAL zmemcmp OF((const Bytef* s1, const Bytef* s2, uInt len));
215     void ZLIB_INTERNAL zmemzero OF((Bytef* dest, uInt len));
216 #endif

218 /* Diagnostic functions */
219 #ifndef DEBUG
220 #   include <stdio.h>
221     extern int ZLIB_INTERNAL z_verbose;
222     extern void ZLIB_INTERNAL z_error OF((char *m));
223     #define Assert(cond,msg) {if(!(cond)) z_error(msg);}
224     #define Trace(x) {if (z_verbose>=0) fprintf x ;}
225     #define Tracev(x) {if (z_verbose>0) fprintf x ;}
226     #define Tracevv(x) {if (z_verbose>1) fprintf x ;}
227     #define Tracec(c,x) {if (z_verbose>0 && (c)) fprintf x ;}
228     #define Tracecv(c,x) {if (z_verbose>1 && (c)) fprintf x ;}
229 #else
230     #define Assert(cond,msg)
231     #define Trace(x)
232     #define Tracev(x)
233     #define Tracec(c,x)
234     #define Tracecv(c,x)
235 #endif

238 #ifndef Z_SOLO
239     voidpf ZLIB_INTERNAL zcalloc OF((voidpf opaque, unsigned items,
240                                     unsigned size));
241     void ZLIB_INTERNAL zcfree OF((voidpf opaque, voidpf ptr));
242 #endif

244 #define ZALLOC(strm, items, size) \
245     (*((strm)->zalloc))((strm)->opaque, (items), (size))
246 #define ZFREE(strm, addr) (*((strm)->zfree))((strm)->opaque, (voidpf)(addr))
247 #define TRY_FREE(s, p) {if (p) ZFREE(s, p);}

249 /* Reverse the bytes in a 32-bit value */
250 #define ZSWAP32(q) (((q) >> 24) & 0xff) + (((q) >> 8) & 0xff00) + \
251     (((q) & 0xff00) << 8) + (((q) & 0xff) << 24))

253 #endif /* ZUTIL_H */

```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/i386/Makefile

1

551 Wed Apr 1 15:57:36 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/i386/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # This file and its contents are supplied under the terms of the
3 # Common Development and Distribution License ("CDDL"), version 1.0.
4 # You may only use this file in accordance with the terms of version
5 # 1.0 of the CDDL.
6 #
7 # A full copy of the text of the CDDL should have accompanied this
8 # source. A copy of the CDDL is also available via the Internet at
9 # http://www.illumos.org/license/CDDL.
10 #
```

```
12 #
13 # Copyright 2015 Gary Mills
14 #
```

```
16 include ../Makefile.com
```

```
18 CPPFLAGS += -DUNALIGNED_OK
```

```
20 install: all $(ROOTLIBS) $(ROOTLINKS) $(USRLINKS) $(ROOTLINT)
```

```

*****
4913 Wed Apr 1 15:57:36 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/l1lib-lz
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 /*
2  * CDDL HEADER START
3  *
4  * The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5  * Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6  * You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7  *
8  * You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9  * or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 * See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 * and limitations under the License.
12 *
13 * When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 * file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 * If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 * fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 * information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 *
19 * CDDL HEADER END
20 */

22 /*
23 * Copyright (c) 2000, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
24 */

26 /* LINTLIBRARY */
27 /* PROTOLIB1 */

29 #include <stdlib.h>
30 #include <stdio.h>
31 #include <stdarg.h>
32 #include <zlib.h>

34 const char *zlibVersion(void);
35 int deflateInit_(z_stream strm, int level, const char *version,
36 int stream_size);
37 int deflateInit2(z_stream strm, int level, int method, int windowBits,
38 int memLevel, int strategy, const char *version, int stream_size);
39 int deflate(z_stream strm, int flush);
40 int deflateSetDictionary(z_stream strm, const Bytef *dictionary,
41 uInt dictLength);
42 int deflateCopy(z_stream dest, z_stream source);
43 int deflateReset(z_stream strm);
44 int deflateParams(z_stream strm, int level, int strategy);
45 int deflateEnd(z_stream strm);
46 int deflateTune(z_stream strm, int good_length, int max_lazy, int nice_length,
47 uLong deflateBound(z_stream strm, uLong sourceLen);
48 int deflatePending(z_stream strm, unsigned *pending, int *bits);
49 int deflatePrime(z_stream strm, int bits, int value);
50 int deflateSetHeader(z_stream strm, gz_headerp head);
51 int inflateCopy(z_stream dest, z_stream source);
52 int inflatePrime(z_stream strm, int bits, int value);
53 long inflateMark(z_stream strm);
54 int inflateGetHeader(z_stream strm, gz_headerp head);
55 int inflateBack(z_stream strm, in_func in, void FAR *in_desc, out_func out, voi
56 int inflateBackEnd(z_stream strm);
57 int inflateInit_(z_stream strm, const char *version, int stream_size);
58 int inflateInit2(z_stream strm, int windowBits, const char *version,
59 int stream_size);
60 int inflateBackInit_(z_stream strm, int windowBits, unsigned char FAR *window,

```

```

61 const char *version, int stream_size);
62 int inflate(z_stream strm, int flush);
63 int inflateSetDictionary(z_stream strm, const Bytef *dictionary,
64 uInt dictLength);
65 int inflateGetDictionary(z_stream strm, Bytef *dictionary, uInt *dictLength);
66 int inflateSync(z_stream strm);
67 int inflateReset(z_stream strm);
68 int inflateReset2(z_stream strm, int windowBits);
69 int inflateEnd(z_stream strm);
70 int compress(Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen, const Bytef *source,
71 uLong sourceLen);
72 int compress2(Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen, const Bytef *source,
73 uLong sourceLen, int level);
74 uLong compressBound(uLong sourceLen);
75 int uncompress(Bytef *dest, uLongf *destLen, const Bytef *source,
76 uLong sourceLen);
77 gzFile gzopen(const char *path, const char *mode);
78 gzFile gzopen64(const char *path, const char *mode);
79 gzFile gzdupopen(int fd, const char *mode);
80 int gzbuffer(gzFile file, unsigned size);
81 int gzsetparams(gzFile file, int level, int strategy);
82 int gzread(gzFile file, voidp buf, unsigned len);
83 int gzwrite(gzFile file, voidpc buf, unsigned len);
84 int gzprintf(gzFile file, const char *format, ...);
85 int gzputs(gzFile file, const char *s);
86 char *gzgets(gzFile file, char *buf, int len);
87 int gzungetc(int c, gzFile file);
88 int gzputc(gzFile file, int c);
89 int gzflush(gzFile file, int flush);
90 z_off_t gzseek(gzFile file, z_off_t offset, int whence);
91 z_off64_t gzseek64(gzFile, z_off64_t, int);
92 int gzrewind(gzFile file);
93 z_off_t gztell(gzFile file);
94 z_off64_t gztell64(gzFile file);
95 z_off_t gzoffset(gzFile file);
96 z_off64_t gzoffset64(gzFile file);
97 int gzeof(gzFile file);
98 int gzclose(gzFile file);
99 int gzclose_r(gzFile file);
100 int gzclose_w(gzFile file);
101 int gzdirect(gzFile file);
102 void gzclearerr(gzFile file);
103 const char *gzerror(gzFile file, int *errnum);
104 uLong Adler32(uLong Adler, const Bytef *buf, uInt len);
105 uLong Adler32_combine(uLong Adler1, uLong Adler2, z_off_t len2);
106 uLong Adler32_combine64(uLong Adler1, uLong Adler2, z_off64_t len2);
107 uLong CRC32(uLong CRC, const Bytef *buf, uInt len);
108 uLong CRC32_combine(uLong CRC1, uLong CRC2, z_off_t len2);
109 uLong CRC32_combine64(uLong CRC1, uLong CRC2, z_off64_t len2);
110 const char *zError(int err);
111 uLong zlibCompileFlags(void);
112 int inflateSyncPoint(z_stream z);
113 const z_crc_t *get_crc_table(void);
114 int inflateUndermine(z_stream, int);
115 int inflateResetKeep(z_stream);
116 int deflateResetKeep(z_stream);
117 int gzvprintf(gzFile file, const char *format, va_list va);

```

```

*****
2674 Wed Apr 1 15:57:36 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/mapfile
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 # MAPFILE HEADER START
22 #
23 # WARNING: STOP NOW. DO NOT MODIFY THIS FILE.
24 # Object versioning must comply with the rules detailed in
25 #
26 #     usr/src/lib/README.mapfiles
27 #
28 # You should not be making modifications here until you've read the most current
29 # copy of that file. If you need help, contact a gatekeeper for guidance.
30 #
31 # MAPFILE HEADER END
32 #
33 # Note that the source above actually lives in the ON tree.
34 #
35 # Copyright (c) 2001, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
36 #
37 # public interfaces in libz
38 #
39 $mapfile_version 2

41 SYMBOL_VERSION SUNW_1.3 {
42     global:
43         deflatePending ;
44         inflateGetDictionary ;
45         inflateReset2 ;
46         inflateMark ;
47         gzbuffer ;
48         gzoffset ;
49         gzclose_r ;
50         gzclose_w ;
51         gzopen64 ;
52         gzseek64 ;
53         gztell64 ;
54         gzoffset64 ;
55         Adler32_combine64 ;
56         crc32_combine64 ;
57         inflateUndermine ;
58         inflateResetKeep ;
59         deflateResetKeep ;
60         gzvprintf ;

```

```

61 } SUNW_1.2;

63 SYMBOL_VERSION SUNW_1.2 {
64     global:
65         deflateTune ;
66         deflateBound ;
67         deflatePrime ;
68         deflateSetHeader ;
69         inflateCopy ;
70         inflatePrime ;
71         inflateGetHeader ;
72         inflateBack ;
73         inflateBackEnd ;
74         zlibCompileFlags ;
75         compressBound ;
76         gzungetc ;
77         gzdirect ;
78         gzclearerr ;
79         adler32_combine ;
80         crc32_combine ;
81 } SUNW_1.1;

83 SYMBOL_VERSION SUNW_1.1 {
84     global:
85         zlibVersion ;
86         deflateInit_ ;
87         deflateInit2_ ;
88         deflate ;
89         deflateSetDictionary ;
90         deflateCopy ;
91         deflateReset ;
92         deflateParams ;
93         deflateEnd ;
94         inflateInit_ ;
95         inflateInit2_ ;
96         inflate ;
97         inflateSetDictionary ;
98         inflateSync ;
99         inflateReset ;
100        inflateEnd ;
101        compress ;
102        compress2 ;
103        uncompress ;
104        gzopen ;
105        gzdopen ;
106        gzsetparams ;
107        gzread ;
108        gzwrite ;
109        gzprintf ;
110        gzputs ;
111        gzgets ;
112        gzputc ;
113        gzgetc ;
114        gzflush ;
115        gzseek ;
116        gzrewind ;
117        gztell ;
118        gzEOF ;
119        gzclose ;
120        gzerror ;
121        adler32 ;
122        crc32 ;
123        zError ;
124        inflateSyncPoint ;
125        get_crc_table ;
126 };

```

```
128 SYMBOL_VERSION SUNWprivate {  
129     global:  
130         inflateBackInit_ ;  
131         longest_match ;  
132     local: *;  
133 };
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/patches/manpage.patch

1

651 Wed Apr 1 15:57:36 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/patches/manpage.patch

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 Patch origin: in-house

2 Patch status: Solaris-specific; not suitable for upstream

4 --- zlib-1.2.8/zlib.3 2013-04-28 17:23:49.000000000 -0700

5 +++ zlib-1.2.8/zlib.3 2014-04-18 06:07:00.037749015 -0700

6 @@ -1,13 +1,13 @@

7 -.TH ZLIB 3 "28 Apr 2013"

8 +.TH LIBZ 3 "28 Apr 2013"

9 .SH NAME

10 -zlib \- compression/decompression library

11 +libz \- compression/decompression library

12 .SH SYNOPSIS

13 [see

14 .I zlib.h

15 for full description]

16 .SH DESCRIPTION

17 The

18 -.I zlib

19 +.I libz (zlib)

20 library is a general purpose data compression library.

21 The code is thread safe, assuming that the standard library functions

22 used are thread safe, such as memory allocation routines.

```

*****
6195 Wed Apr 1 15:57:36 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/patches/perf.patch
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 Patch origin: in-house
2 Patch status: inffast.c part: submitted back to community without feedback
3 Patch status: deflate.c part: Solaris-specific; not suitable for upstream

5 --- zlib-1.2.8/zlib.h      2013-04-28 17:23:49.000000000 -0700
6 +++ zlib-1.2.8/zlib.h      2014-04-18 05:32:31.316290241 -0700
7 @@ -37,8 +37,8 @@
8  extern "C" {
9  #endif
10
11 #define ZLIB_VERSION "1.2.8"
12 #define ZLIB_VERNUM 0x1280
13 #define ZLIB_VERSION "1.2.8-T4mods"
14 #define ZLIB_VERNUM 0x128f
15 #define ZLIB_VER_MAJOR 1
16 #define ZLIB_VER_MINOR 2
17 #define ZLIB_VER_REVISION 8
18 --- zlib-1.2.8/inffast.c    2013-03-24 22:47:59.000000000 -0700
19 +++ zlib-1.2.8/inffast.c    2014-02-28 01:57:57.075708259 -0800
20 @@ -87,7 +87,7 @@
21  code const FAR *dcode;      /* local strm->distcode */
22  unsigned lmask;             /* mask for first level of length codes */
23  unsigned dmask;             /* mask for first level of distance codes */
24 - code here;                  /* retrieved table entry */
25 + code *here;                 /* retrieved table entry */
26  unsigned op;                /* code bits, operation, extra bits, or */
27                               /* window position, window bytes to copy */
28  unsigned len;               /* match length, unused bytes */
29 @@ -124,20 +124,20 @@
30      hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
31      bits += 8;
32  }
33 - here = lcode[hold & lmask];
34 + here = (code *)(&(lcode[hold & lmask]));
35  dolen:
36  op = (unsigned)(here.bits);
37 + op = (unsigned)(here->bits);
38  hold >>= op;
39  bits -= op;
40 - op = (unsigned)(here.op);
41 + op = (unsigned)(here->op);
42  if (op == 0) {                /* literal */
43 - Tracevv((stderr, here.val >= 0x20 && here.val < 0x7f ?
44 + Tracevv((stderr, here->val >= 0x20 && here->val < 0x7f ?
45      "inflate:      literal '%c'\n" :
46 -      "inflate:      literal 0x%02x\n", here.val));
47 - PUP(out) = (unsigned char)(here.val);
48 +      "inflate:      literal 0x%02x\n", here->val));
49 + PUP(out) = (unsigned char)(here->val);
50  }
51  else if (op & 16) {           /* length base */
52 - len = (unsigned)(here.val);
53 + len = (unsigned)(here->val);
54  op &= 15;                    /* number of extra bits */
55  if (op) {
56      if (bits < op) {
57 @@ -155,14 +155,14 @@
58          hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
59          bits += 8;
60  }

```

```

61 - here = dcode[hold & dmask];
62 + here = (code *)(&(dcode[hold & dmask]));
63  dodist:
64 - op = (unsigned)(here.bits);
65 + op = (unsigned)(here->bits);
66  hold >>= op;
67  bits -= op;
68 - op = (unsigned)(here.op);
69 + op = (unsigned)(here->op);
70  if (op & 16) {                /* distance base */
71 - dist = (unsigned)(here.val);
72 + dist = (unsigned)(here->val);
73  op &= 15;                    /* number of extra bits */
74  if (bits < op) {
75      hold += (unsigned long)(PUP(in)) << bits;
76 @@ -281,7 +281,7 @@
77  }
78  }
79  else if ((op & 64) == 0) {     /* 2nd level distance code */
80 - here = dcode[here.val + (hold & ((1U << op) - 1))];
81 + here = (code *)(&(dcode[here->val + (hold & ((1U << op) - 1))]);
82  goto dodist;
83  }
84  else {
85 @@ -291,7 +291,7 @@
86  }
87  }
88  else if ((op & 64) == 0) {     /* 2nd level length code */
89 - here = lcode[here.val + (hold & ((1U << op) - 1))];
90 + here = (code *)(&(lcode[here->val + (hold & ((1U << op) - 1))]);
91  goto dolen;
92  }
93  else if (op & 32) {           /* end-of-block */
94 --- zlib-1.2.8/deflate.c    2013-04-28 15:57:10.000000000 -0700
95 +++ zlib-1.2.8/deflate.c    2014-02-28 02:32:02.517988885 -0800
96 @@ -60,6 +60,7 @@
97  copyright string in the executable of your product.
98  */
99
100 #ifndef LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY
101 /* =====
102  * Function prototypes.
103  */
104 @@ -89,13 +90,18 @@
105 void match_init OF((void)); /* asm code initialization */
106 uInt longest_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos cur_match));
107 #else
108 #ifdef ORIG_LONGEST_MATCH
109 local uInt longest_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos cur_match));
110 #else
111 +uInt longest_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos cur_match));
112 #endif
113 #endif
114
115 #ifdef DEBUG
116 local void check_match OF((deflate_state *s, IPos start, IPos match,
117 int length));
118 #endif
119 #endif /* ! LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY */
120
121 /* =====
122  * Local data
123 @@ -104,6 +110,7 @@
124 #define NIL 0
125 /* Tail of hash chains */
126

```

```
127 #ifndef LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY
128 #ifndef TOO_FAR
129 # define TOO_FAR 4096
130 #endif
131 @@ -1130,7 +1137,9 @@
132 #endif
133 #endif
134 }
135 #endif /* ! LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY */
136
137 #if defined(ORIG_LONGEST_MATCH) || defined(ORIG_LONGEST_MATCH_GLOBAL)
138 #ifndef FASTEST
139 /* =====
140  * Set match_start to the longest match starting at the given string and
141 @@ -1145,7 +1154,11 @@
142  * For 80x86 and 680x0, an optimized version will be provided in match.asm or
143  * match.S. The code will be functionally equivalent.
144  */
145 #ifdef ORIG_LONGEST_MATCH_GLOBAL
146 uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
147 #else
148 local uInt longest_match(s, cur_match)
149 #endif
150     deflate_state *s;
151     IPos cur_match;                /* current match */
152     {
153 @@ -1288,6 +1301,7 @@
154     return s->lookahead;
155     }
156 #endif /* ASMV */
157 #endif /* ORIG_LONGEST_MATCH */
158
159 #else /* FASTEST */
160
161 @@ -1349,6 +1363,7 @@
162 #endif /* FASTEST */
163
164 #ifndef LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY
165 #ifdef DEBUG
166 /* =====
167  * Check that the match at match_start is indeed a match.
168 @@ -1965,3 +1980,4 @@
169     FLUSH_BLOCK(s, 0);
170     return block_done;
171     }
172 #endif /* ! LONGEST_MATCH_ONLY */
173
```


new/usr/src/lib/zlib/sparc/Makefile

1

550 Wed Apr 1 15:57:37 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/sparc/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # This file and its contents are supplied under the terms of the
3 # Common Development and Distribution License ("CDDL"), version 1.0.
4 # You may only use this file in accordance with the terms of version
5 # 1.0 of the CDDL.
6 #
7 # A full copy of the text of the CDDL should have accompanied this
8 # source. A copy of the CDDL is also available via the Internet at
9 # http://www.illumos.org/license/CDDL.
10 #
```

```
12 #
13 # Copyright 2015 Gary Mills
14 #
```

```
16 include ../Makefile.com
```

```
18 CFLAGS += -xarch=sparcvvis
```

```
20 install: all $(ROOTLIBS) $(ROOTLINKS) $(USRLINKS) $(ROOTLINT)
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/sparcv9/Makefile

1

576 Wed Apr 1 15:57:37 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/sparcv9/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # This file and its contents are supplied under the terms of the
3 # Common Development and Distribution License ("CDDL"), version 1.0.
4 # You may only use this file in accordance with the terms of version
5 # 1.0 of the CDDL.
6 #
7 # A full copy of the text of the CDDL should have accompanied this
8 # source. A copy of the CDDL is also available via the Internet at
9 # http://www.illumos.org/license/CDDL.
10 #
```

```
12 #
13 # Copyright 2015 Gary Mills
14 #
```

```
16 include ../Makefile.com
17 include ../../Makefile.lib.64
```

```
19 CFLAGS64 += -xarch=sparcv9
```

```
21 install: all $(ROOTLIBS64) $(ROOTLINKS64) $(USRLINKS64)
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/unused-patches/parfait.patch

1

746 Wed Apr 1 15:57:37 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/unused-patches/parfait.patch

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

1 Patch origin: in-house

2 Patch status: Solaris-specific; not suitable for upstream

4 ZLIB renames *.o file into *.lo before it links them into shared

5 library. We need to do same to *.o.bc files so they are recognized by

6 Parfait during linking.

8 Downside of it is that Parfait will analyze also these separate object

9 files.

11 --- zlib-1.2.8/Makefile.in 2013-04-28 15:57:11.000000000 -0700

12 +++ zlib-1.2.8/Makefile.in 2014-05-07 07:30:58.047571894 -0700

13 @@ -158,6 +158,7 @@

14 -@mkdir objs 2>/dev/null || test -d objs

15 \$(CC) \$(SFLAGS) -DPIC -c -o objs/*.o \$<

16 -@mv objs/*.o \$@

17 + -@if [-f objs/*.o.bc]; then mv objs/*.o.bc \$@.bc; fi

18

19 placebo \$(SHAREDLIBV): \$(PIC_OBJS) libz.a

20 \$(LD_SHARED) \$(SFLAGS) -o \$@ \$(PIC_OBJS) \$(LD_SHARED_LIBC) \$(LD_FLAGS)

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/zlib.3.sunman

1

```
*****  
16 Wed Apr 1 15:57:37 2015  
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/zlib.3.sunman  
5470 libz should be part of illumos  
1002 Integrate zlib  
*****  
1 .so man3/libz.3
```

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/zlib.license

1

```
*****
 964 Wed Apr  1 15:57:37 2015
new/usr/src/lib/zlib/zlib.license
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
```

2 Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

4 This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied
5 warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
6 arising from the use of this software.

8 Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose,
9 including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it
10 freely, subject to the following restrictions:

- 12 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not
13 claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software
14 in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be
15 appreciated but is not required.
- 16 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
17 misrepresented as being the original software.
- 18 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

20 Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
21 jloup@zip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/zlib.p5m-Oracle

1

2555 Wed Apr 1 15:57:37 2015

new/usr/src/lib/zlib/zlib.p5m-Oracle

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 # Copyright (c) 2011, 2015, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
22 #
23
24 <transform file path=usr./man/.+ -> default mangler.man.stability committed>
25 set name=pkg.fmri \
26     value=pkg:/library/zlib@$(IPS_COMPONENT_VERSION),$(BUILD_VERSION)
27 set name=pkg.summary value="The Zip compression library"
28 set name=com.oracle.info.description value="the zip compression library"
29 set name=com.oracle.info.tpno value=$(TPNO)
30 set name=info.classification \
31     value=org.opensolaris.category.2008:System/Libraries
32 set name=info.source-url value=$(COMPONENT_ARCHIVE_URL)
33 set name=info.upstream-url value=$(COMPONENT_PROJECT_URL)
34 set name=org.opensolaris.arc-caseid value=PSARC/2006/537
35 set name=org.opensolaris.consolidation value=$(CONSOLIDATION)
36 #
37 link path=lib/$(MACH64)/libz.so target=libz.so.1
38 file usr/lib/$(MACH64)/libz.so.1 path=lib/$(MACH64)/libz.so.1
39 file usr/lib/$(MACH64)/llib-lz.ln path=lib/$(MACH64)/llib-lz.ln
40 link path=lib/libz.so target=libz.so.1
41 file usr/lib/libz.so.1 path=lib/libz.so.1
42 file usr/lib/llib-lz.ln path=lib/llib-lz.ln
43 file path=usr/include/zconf.h
44 file path=usr/include/zlib.h
45 link path=usr/lib/$(MACH64)/libz.so target=libz.so.1
46 link path=usr/lib/$(MACH64)/libz.so.1 target=../../lib/$(MACH64)/libz.so.1
47 link path=usr/lib/$(MACH64)/llib-lz.ln target=../../lib/$(MACH64)/llib-lz.ln
48 link path=usr/lib/libz.so target=../libz.so.1
49 link path=usr/lib/libz.so.1 target=../lib/libz.so.1
50 file path=usr/lib/llib-lz
51 link path=usr/lib/llib-lz.ln target=../lib/llib-lz.ln
52 file usr/share/man/man3/zlib.3 path=usr/share/man/man3/libz.3
53 file zlib.3.sunman path=usr/share/man/man3/zlib.3
54 #
55 legacy pkg=SUNWzlib desc="The Zip compression library" \
56     name="The Zip compression library"
57 #
58 license zlib.license license="zlib license"
```

new/usr/src/man/man3/Makefile

1

1036 Wed Apr 1 15:57:37 2015

new/usr/src/man/man3/Makefile

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```
1 #
2 # This file and its contents are supplied under the terms of the
3 # Common Development and Distribution License ("CDDL"), version 1.0.
4 # You may only use this file in accordance with the terms of version
5 # 1.0 of the CDDL.
6 #
7 # A full copy of the text of the CDDL should have accompanied this
8 # source. A copy of the CDDL is also available via the Internet
9 # at http://www.illumos.org/license/CDDL.
10 #
```

```
12 #
13 # Copyright 2011, Richard Lowe
14 # Copyright 2014 Nexenta Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.
15 # Copyright 2015 Gary Mills
16 #
```

```
18 include $(SRC)/Makefile.master
```

```
20 MANSECT= 3
```

```
22 MANFILES= Intro.3 \
23 hosts_access.3 \
24 zlib.3
22 hosts_access.3
```

```
26 MANLINKS= intro.3 \
27 hosts_ctl.3 \
28 libwrap.3 \
29 request_init.3 \
30 request_set.3 \
31 libz.3
28 request_set.3
```

```
33 intro.3 := LINKSRC = Intro.3
```

```
35 hosts_ctl.3 := LINKSRC = hosts_access.3
36 libwrap.3 := LINKSRC = hosts_access.3
37 request_init.3 := LINKSRC = hosts_access.3
38 request_set.3 := LINKSRC = hosts_access.3
```

```
40 libz.3 := LINKSRC = zlib.3
```

```
42 .KEEP_STATE:
```

```
44 include $(SRC)/man/Makefile.man
```

```
46 install: $(ROOTMANFILES) $(ROOTMANLINKS)
```

new/usr/src/man/man3/zlib.3

1

```
*****
4243 Wed Apr 1 15:57:38 2015
new/usr/src/man/man3/zlib.3
5470 libz should be part of illumos
1002 Integrate zlib
*****
1 .TH LIBZ 3 "28 Apr 2013"
2 .SH NAME
3 libz \- compression/decompression library
4 .SH SYNOPSIS
5 [see
6 .I zlib.h
7 for full description]
8 .SH DESCRIPTION
9 The
10 .I libz (zlib)
11 library is a general purpose data compression library.
12 The code is thread safe, assuming that the standard library functions
13 used are thread safe, such as memory allocation routines.
14 It provides in-memory compression and decompression functions,
15 including integrity checks of the uncompressed data.
16 This version of the library supports only one compression method (deflation)
17 but other algorithms may be added later
18 with the same stream interface.
19 .LP
20 Compression can be done in a single step if the buffers are large enough
21 or can be done by repeated calls of the compression function.
22 In the latter case,
23 the application must provide more input and/or consume the output
24 (providing more output space) before each call.
25 .LP
26 The library also supports reading and writing files in
27 .IR gzip (1)
28 (.gz) format
29 with an interface similar to that of stdio.
30 .LP
31 The library does not install any signal handler.
32 The decoder checks the consistency of the compressed data,
33 so the library should never crash even in the case of corrupted input.
34 .LP
35 All functions of the compression library are documented in the file
36 .IR zlib.h .
37 The distribution source includes examples of use of the library
38 in the files
39 .I test/example.c
40 and
41 .IR test/minigzip.c,
42 as well as other examples in the
43 .IR examples/
44 directory.
45 .LP
46 Changes to this version are documented in the file
47 .I ChangeLog
48 that accompanies the source.
49 .LP
50 .I zlib
51 is available in Java using the java.util.zip package:
52 .IP
53 http://java.sun.com/developer/technicalArticles/Programming/compression/
54 .LP
55 A Perl interface to
56 .IR zlib ,
57 written by Paul Marquess (pmqs@cpan.org),
58 is available at CPAN (Comprehensive Perl Archive Network) sites,
59 including:
60 .IP
```

new/usr/src/man/man3/zlib.3

2

```
61 http://search.cpan.org/~pmqs/IO-Compress-Zlib/
62 .LP
63 A Python interface to
64 .IR zlib ,
65 written by A.M. Kuchling (amk@magnet.com),
66 is available in Python 1.5 and later versions:
67 .IP
68 http://docs.python.org/library/zlib.html
69 .LP
70 .I zlib
71 is built into
72 .IR tcl:
73 .IP
74 http://wiki.tcl.tk/4610
75 .LP
76 An experimental package to read and write files in .zip format,
77 written on top of
78 .I zlib
79 by Gilles Vollant (info@winimage.com),
80 is available at:
81 .IP
82 http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html
83 and also in the
84 .I contrib/minizip
85 directory of the main
86 .I zlib
87 source distribution.
88 .SH "SEE ALSO"
89 The
90 .I zlib
91 web site can be found at:
92 .IP
93 http://zlib.net/
94 .LP
95 The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFC
96 (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files:
97 .IP
98 http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (for the zlib header and trailer format)
99 .br
100 http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1951 (for the deflate compressed data format)
101 .br
102 http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1952 (for the gzip header and trailer format)
103 .LP
104 Mark Nelson wrote an article about
105 .I zlib
106 for the Jan. 1997 issue of Dr. Dobb's Journal;
107 a copy of the article is available at:
108 .IP
109 http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/
110 .SH "REPORTING PROBLEMS"
111 Before reporting a problem,
112 please check the
113 .I zlib
114 web site to verify that you have the latest version of
115 .IR zlib ;
116 otherwise,
117 obtain the latest version and see if the problem still exists.
118 Please read the
119 .I zlib
120 FAQ at:
121 .IP
122 http://zlib.net/zlib\_faq.html
123 .LP
124 before asking for help.
125 Send questions and/or comments to zlib@gzip.org,
126 or (for the Windows DLL version) to Gilles Vollant (info@winimage.com).
```



```
127 .SH AUTHORS
128 Version 1.2.8
129 Copyright (C) 1995-2013 Jean-loup Gailly (jloup@gzip.org)
130 and Mark Adler (madler@alumni.caltech.edu).
131 .LP
132 This software is provided "as-is,"
133 without any express or implied warranty.
134 In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages
135 arising from the use of this software.
136 See the distribution directory with respect to requirements
137 governing redistribution.
138 The deflate format used by
139 .I zlib
140 was defined by Phil Katz.
141 The deflate and
142 .I zlib
143 specifications were written by L. Peter Deutsch.
144 Thanks to all the people who reported problems and suggested various
145 improvements in
146 .IR zlib ;
147 who are too numerous to cite here.
148 .LP
149 UNIX manual page by R. P. C. Rodgers,
150 U.S. National Library of Medicine (rodgers@nlm.nih.gov).
151 .\" end of man page
```

2237 Wed Apr 1 15:57:38 2015

new/usr/src/pkg/manifests/library-zlib.mf

5470 libz should be part of illumos

1002 Integrate zlib

```

1 #
2 # CDDL HEADER START
3 #
4 # The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5 # Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6 # You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7 #
8 # You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9 # or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 # and limitations under the License.
12 #
13 # When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 # file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 # If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 # fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 # information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 #
19 # CDDL HEADER END
20 #
21 # Copyright 2015 Gary Mills
22 # Copyright (c) 2011, 2015, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
23 #

24
25 set name=pkg.fmri \
26     value=pkg:/library/zlib@1.2.8,${PKGVERS_BUILTON}-${PKGVERS_BRANCH}
27 set name=pkg.description value="the zip compression library"
28 set name=pkg.summary value="The Zip compression library"
29 set name=info.classification \
30     value=org.opensolaris.category.2008:System/Libraries
31 set name=variant.arch value=${ARCH}
32 #
33 dir path=lib
34 dir path=usr group=sys
35 dir path=usr/include
36 dir path=usr/lib
37 dir path=usr/lib/${ARCH64}
38 dir path=usr/share/man
39 dir path=usr/share/man/man3
40 file path=lib/${ARCH64}/libz.so.1
41 file path=lib/${ARCH64}/llib-lz.ln
42 file path=lib/libz.so.1
43 file path=lib/llib-lz
44 file path=lib/llib-lz.ln
45 file path=usr/include/zconf.h
46 file path=usr/include/zlib.h
47 file path=usr/share/man/man3/zlib.3
48 #
49 license usr/src/lib/zlib/THIRDPARTYLICENSE \
50     license=usr/src/lib/zlib/THIRDPARTYLICENSE
51 link path=lib/${ARCH64}/libz.so target=libz.so.1
52 link path=lib/libz.so target=libz.so.1
53 link path=usr/lib/${ARCH64}/libz.so target=libz.so.1
54 link path=usr/lib/${ARCH64}/libz.so.1 target=../../lib/${ARCH64}/libz.so.1
55 link path=usr/lib/${ARCH64}/llib-lz.ln \
56     target=../../lib/${ARCH64}/llib-lz.ln
57 link path=usr/lib/libz.so target=libz.so.1
58 link path=usr/lib/libz.so.1 target=../../lib/libz.so.1
59 link path=usr/lib/llib-lz.ln target=../../lib/llib-lz.ln
60 link path=usr/share/man/man3/libz.3 target=zlib.3

```