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new/usr/src/cmd/utmpd/svc-utmpd
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*****
1307 Mon Jan 12 23:37:07 2015
new/usr/src/cmd/utmpd/svc-utmpd
5375 utmpd(1M) core dumps when WTMPX_UPDATE_FREQ is zero
*****
1 #!/sbin/sh
2 #
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25 #
26 # ident "%Z%%M% %I%      %E% SMI"
27 . /lib/svc/share/smf_include.sh
28 [ ! -x /usr/lib/utmpd ] && exit $SMF_EXIT_ERR_CONFIG
29 #
30 # If a utmppipe exists, check for a utmpd process and exit
31 # if the daemon is already running.
32 #
33 if [ -p /var/run/utmppipe ]; then
34     if /usr/bin/pgrep -x -u 0 -z 'smf_zonename' utmpd >/dev/null 2>&1; then
35         echo "$0: utmpd is already running"
36         exit 1
37     fi
38 fi
39
40 /usr/bin/rm -f /var/run/utmppipe
41 /usr/lib/utmpd &
```

new/usr/src/cmd/utmpd/utmpd.c

1

```
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26383 Mon Jan 12 23:37:07 2015
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```

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32 \* Portions of such source code were derived from Berkeley 4.3 BSD  
33 \* under license from the Regents of the University of California.  
34 \*/  
35 /\*  
36 \*/  
37 /\*  
38 \* utmpd - utmp daemon  
39 \*/  
40 /\*  
41 \* This program receives requests from pututxline(3)  
42 \* via a named pipe to watch the process to make sure it cleans up  
43 \* its utmpx entry on termination.  
44 \* The program keeps a list of procs  
45 \* and uses poll() on their /proc files to detect termination.  
46 \* Also the program periodically scans the /etc/utmpx file for  
47 \* processes that aren't in the table so they can be watched.  
48 \*  
49 \* If utmpd doesn't hear back over the pipe from pututxline(3) that  
50 \* the process has removed its entry it cleans the entry when the  
51 \* the process terminates.  
52 \* The AT&T Copyright above is there since we borrowed the pipe  
53 \* mechanism from init(1m).  
54 \*/  
55 /\*  
56 \*/  
57 #include <sys/types.h>  
58 #include <signal.h>  
59 #include <stdio.h>  
60 #include <stdio\_ext.h>

new/usr/src/cmd/utmpd/utmpd.c

2

```
61 #include <unistd.h>  
62 #include <utmpx.h>  
63 #include <errno.h>  
64 #include <termio.h>  
65 #include <sys/termios.h>  
66 #include <sys/tty.h>  
67 #include <cctype.h>  
68 #include <sys/stat.h>  
69 #include <sys/statvfs.h>  
70 #include <fcntl.h>  
71 #include <time.h>  
72 #include <sys/stropts.h>  
73 #include <wait.h>  
74 #include <syslog.h>  
75 #include <stdlib.h>  
76 #include <string.h>  
77 #include <poll.h>  
78 #include <deflt.h>  
79 #include <procfs.h>  
80 #include <sys/resource.h>  
81 #include <limits.h>  
82 /*  
83 #define dprintf(x) if (Debug) (void) printf x  
84 */  
85 /*  
86 * Memory allocation keyed off MAX_FDS  
87 */  
88 #define MAX_FDS 4064 /* Maximum # file descriptors */  
89 #define EXTRA_MARGIN 32 /* Allocate this many more FDS over Max_Fds */  
90 /*  
91 * MAX_POLLNV & RESETS - paranoia to cover an error case that might not exist  
92 */  
93 #define MAX_POLL_ERRS 1024 /* Count of bad errors */  
94 #define MAX_RESETS 1024 /* Maximum times to reload tables */  
95 #define POLL_TIMEOUT 300 /* Default Timeout for poll() in seconds */  
96 #define CLEANIT 1 /* Used by rem_pid() */  
97 #define DONT_CLEAN 0 /* Used by rem_pid() */  
98 #define UTMP_DEFAULT "/etc/default/utmpd"  
99 #define WARN_TIME 3600 /* seconds between utmp checks */  
100 #define WTMPX_UFREQ 60 /* seconds between updating WTMPX's atime */  
101 /*  
102 * The pidrec structure describes the data shipped down the pipe to  
103 * us from the pututxline() library in  
104 * lib/libc/port/gen/getutx.c  
105 */  
106 /*  
107 */  
108 /*  
109 * pd_type's  
110 */  
111 #define ADDPID 1  
112 #define REMPID 2  
113 /*  
114 struct pidrec {  
115     int pd_type; /* Command type */  
116     pid_t pd_pid; /* pid to add or remove */  
117 };  
118 */  
119 /*  
120 */  
121 /*  
122 */  
123 /*  
124 */  
125 /*  
126 */  
127 /*  
128 */  
129 /*  
130 */  
131 /*  
132 */  
133 /*  
134 */  
135 /*  
136 */  
137 /*  
138 */  
139 /*  
140 */
```

```

140 static char    *UTMPPIPE_DIR = "/var/run";
141 static char    *UTMPPIPE = "/var/run/utmppipe";
142 static int     Pfd = -1;           /* File descriptor of named pipe */
143 static int     Poll_timeout = POLL_TIMEOUT;
144 static int     WTMPXfd = -1;       /* File descriptor of WTMPX_FILE */
145 static int     WTMPX_ufreq = WTMPX_UFREQ;
146 static int     Debug = 0;          /* Set by command line argument */
147 static int     Max_fds = MAX_FDS;

149 /*
150  * This program has three main components plus utilities and debug routines
151  * Receiver - receives the process ID or process for us to watch.
152  *             (Uses a named pipe to get messages)
153  * Watcher  - Use poll(2) to watch for processes to die so they
154  *             can be cleaned up (get marked as DEAD_PROCESS)
155  * Scanner   - periodically scans the utmpx file for stale entries
156  *             or live entries that we don't know about.
157 */

159 static int wait_for_pids();      /* Watcher - uses poll */
160 static void scan_utmps();       /* Scanner, reads utmpx file */
161 static void drain_pipe();       /* Receiver - reads mesgs over UTMPPIPE */
162 static void setup_pipe();       /* For setting up receiver */

164 static void add_pid();          /* Adds a process to the table */
165 static void rem_pid();          /* Removes a process from the table */
166 static int find_pid();          /* Finds a process in the table */
167 static int proc_to_fd();        /* Takes a pid and returns an fd for its proc */
168 static void load_tables();      /* Loads up the tables the first time around */
169 static int pidcmp();           /* For sorting pids */

171 static void clean_entry();      /* Removes entry from our table and calls ... */
172 static void clean_utmpx_ent();  /* Cleans a utmpx entry */

174 static void fatal() __NORETURN; /* Prints error message and calls exit */
175 static void nonfatal();         /* Prints error message */
176 static void print_tables();     /* Prints out internal tables for Debug */
177 static int proc_is_alive(pid_t pid); /* Check if a process is alive */
178 static void warn_utmp(void);

180 /* Validate defaults from file and assign */
181 static int validate_default(char *defp, int *flag);

183 /*
184  * main() - Main does basic setup and calls wait_for_pids() to do the work
185 */
186
187 int
188 main(int argc, char *argv[])
189 {
190     char *defp;
191     struct rlimit rlim;
192     int i;
193     time_t curtime, now;
194     char msg[256];

196     prog_name = argv[0];           /* Save invocation name */

198     if (getuid() != 0) {
199         (void) fprintf(stderr,
200                         "You must be root to run this program\n");
201         fatal("You must be root to run this program");
202     }

204     if (argc > 1) {
205         if ((argc == 2 && (int)strlen(argv[1]) >= 2) &&

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206             (argv[1][0] == '-' && argv[1][1] == 'd')) {
207                 Debug = 1;
208             } else {
209                 (void) fprintf(stderr,
210                             "%s: Wrong number of arguments\n", prog_name);
211                 (void) fprintf(stderr,
212                             "Usage: %s [-debug]\n", prog_name);
213                 exit(2);
214             }
215         }

217         /*
218          * Read defaults file for poll timeout, WTMPX update frequency
219          * and maximum number of processes to monitor.
220          * Read defaults file for poll timeout
221          */
222         if (defopen(UTMP_DEFAULT) == 0) {
223             if ((defp = defread("SCAN_PERIOD")) != NULL)
224                 if (validate_default(defp, &Poll_timeout) == -1) {
225                     (void) sprintf(msg, sizeof (msg), "SCAN_PERIOD"
226                                   " should be a positive integer, found %s",
227                                   defp);
228                     nonfatal(msg);
229                 }
230             if ((defp = defread("SCAN_PERIOD")) != NULL) {
231                 Poll_timeout = atol(defp);
232                 dprintf(("Poll timeout set to %d\n", Poll_timeout));
233             }
234
235             if ((defp = defread("WTMPX_UPDATE_FREQ")) != NULL)
236                 if (validate_default(defp, &WTMPX_ufreq) == -1) {
237                     (void) sprintf(msg, sizeof (msg),
238                                   "WTMPX_UPDATE_FREQ should be a positive "
239                                   "integer, found %s", defp);
240                     nonfatal(msg);
241                 }
242             if ((defp = defread("WTMPX_UPDATE_FREQ")) != NULL) {
243                 WTMPX_ufreq = atol(defp);
244                 dprintf(("WTMPX update frequency set to %d\n",
245                         WTMPX_ufreq));
246             }
247             dprintf(("WTMPX update frequency set to %d\n", WTMPX_ufreq));

248             /*
249              * Paranoia - if polling on large number of FDs is expensive /
250              * buggy the number can be set lower in the field.
251              */
252             if ((defp = defread("MAX_FDS")) != NULL)
253                 if (validate_default(defp, &Max_fds) == -1) {
254                     (void) sprintf(msg, sizeof (msg), "MAX_FDS"
255                                   " should be a positive integer, found %s",
256                                   defp);
257                     nonfatal(msg);
258                 }
259             if ((defp = defread("MAX_FDS")) != NULL) {
260                 Max_fds = atol(defp);
261                 dprintf(("Max_fds set to %d\n", Max_fds));
262             }
263             dprintf(("Max fds set to %d\n", Max_fds));
264             (void) defopen((char *)NULL);
265         }
266
267         if (Debug == 0) {
268             /*
269              * Daemonize ourselves
270              */
271             if (fork()) {
272                 exit(0);
273             }
274         }

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```

261         }
262         (void) close(0);
263         (void) close(1);
264         (void) close(2);
265         /*
266          * We open these to avoid accidentally writing to a proc file
267          */
268         (void) open("/dev/null", O_RDONLY);
269         (void) open("/dev/null", O_WRONLY);
270         (void) open("/dev/null", O_WRONLY);
271         (void) setsid();           /* release process from tty */
272     }

274     openlog(prog_name, LOG_PID, LOG_DAEMON);      /* For error messages */
275     warn_utmp();        /* check to see if utmp came back by accident */

277     /*
278      * Allocate the pidtable and fdtable. An earlier version did
279      * this as we go, but this is simpler.
280      */
281     if ((pidtable = malloc(Max_fds * sizeof (struct pidentry))) == NULL)
282         fatal("Malloc failed");
283     if ((fdtable = malloc(Max_fds * sizeof (pollfd_t))) == NULL)
284         fatal("Malloc failed");

286     /*
287      * Up the limit on FDs
288      */
289     if (getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE, &rlim) == 0) {
290         rlim.rlim_cur = Max_fds + EXTRA_MARGIN + 1;
291         rlim.rlim_max = Max_fds + EXTRA_MARGIN + 1;
292         if (setrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE, &rlim) != 0) {
293             fatal("Out of File Descriptors");
294         }
295     } else
296         fatal("getrlimit returned failure");

298     (void) enable_extended_FILE_stdio(-1, -1);

300     if ((WTMPXfd = open(WTMPX_FILE, O_RDONLY)) < 0)
301         nonfatal("WARNING: unable to open \"WTMPX_FILE\" for update.");
302         nonfatal("WARNING: unable to open \"WTMPX_FILE\" for update.");

303     /*
304      * Loop here scanning the utmpx file and waiting for processes
305      * to terminate. Most of the activity is directed out of wait_for_pids.
306      * If wait_for_pids fails we reload the table and try again.
307      */
309     curtime = time(NULL);
310     dprintf(("utmp warning timer set to %d seconds\n", WARN_TIME));

312     for (i = 0; i < MAX_RESETS; i++) {
313         load_tables();
314         while (wait_for_pids() == 1) {
315             now = time(NULL);
316             if ((now - curtime) >= WARN_TIME) {
317                 dprintf(("utmp warning timer expired\n"));
318                 warn_utmp();
319                 curtime = now;
320             }
321         }
322     }

324     (void) close(WTMPXfd);

```

```

326         /*
327          * We only get here if we had a bunch of resets - so give up
328          */
329         fatal("Too many resets, giving up");
330         return (1);
331     }
332     unchanged_portion_omitted

692     /*
693      * *** Utilities for add and removing entries in the tables ***
694      */

696     /*
697      * add_pid      - add a pid to the fd table and the pidtable.
698      *                   these tables are sorted tables for quick lookups.
699      */
700     /*
701     static void
702     add_pid(pid_t pid)
703     add_pid(pid)
704     pid_t pid;
705     {
706         int fd = 0;
707         int i = 0, move_amt;
708         int j;
709         static int first_time = 1;
710
711         /*
712          * Check to see if the pid is already in our table, or being passed
713          * pid zero.
714          */
715         if (pidcnt != 0 && (find_pid(pid, &j) == 1 || pid == 0))
716             return;
717
718         if (pidcnt >= Max_fds) {
719             if (first_time == 1) {
720                 /*
721                  * Print this error only once
722                  */
723                 nonfatal("File Descriptor limit exceeded");
724                 first_time = 0;
725             }
726             return;
727         }
728
729         /*
730          * Open the /proc file checking if there's still a valid proc file.
731          */
732         if (pid != 0 && (fd = proc_to_fd(pid)) == -1) {
733             /*
734              * No so the process died before we got to watch for him
735              */
736             return;
737
738             /*
739              * We only do this code if we're not putting in the first element
740              * Which we know will be for proc zero which is used by setup_pipe
741              * for its pipe fd.
742              */
743             if (pidcnt != 0) {
744                 for (i = 0; i < pidcnt; i++) {
745                     if (pid <= pidtable[i].pl_pid)
746                         break;
747                 }
748             }
749         }
750     }

```

```

747         /*
748          * Handle the case where we're not sticking our entry on the
749          * the end, or overwriting an existing entry.
750          */
751         if (i != pidcnt && pid != pidtable[i].pl_pid) {
752
753             move_amt = pidcnt - i;
754
755             /*
756              * Move table down
757              */
758             if (move_amt != 0) {
759                 (void) memmove(&pidtable[i+1], &pidtable[i],
760                               move_amt * sizeof (struct pidentry));
761                 (void) memmove(&fdtable[i+1], &fdtable[i],
762                               move_amt * sizeof (pollfd_t));
763             }
764         }
765
766         /*
767          * Fill in the events field for poll and copy the entry into the array
768          */
769         fdtable[i].events = 0;
770         fdtable[i].revents = 0;
771         fdtable[i].fd = fd;
772
773         /*
774          * Likewise, setup pid field and pointer (index) to the fdtable entry
775          */
776         pidtable[i].pl_pid = pid;
777
778         pidcnt++; /* Bump the pid count */
779         dprintf((" add_pid: pid = %d fd = %d index = %d pidcnt = %d\n",
780                 (int)pid, fd, i, pidcnt));
781     }
782
783 /**
784  * rem_pid      - Remove an entry from the table and check to see if its
785  *                  not in the utmpx file.
786  *
787  *                  If i != -1 don't look up the pid, use i as index
788  *
789  * pid          - Pid of process to clean or 0 if we don't know it
790  *
791  * i            - Index into table or -1 if we need to look it up
792  *
793  * clean_it     - Clean the entry, or just remove from table?
794 */
795
796 static void
797 rem_pid(pid_t pid, int i, int clean_it)
798 {
799     pid_t pid; /* Pid of process to clean or 0 if we don't know it */
800     int i; /* Index into table or -1 if we need to look it up */
801     int clean_it; /* Clean the entry, or just remove from table? */
802
803     /*
804      * Don't allow slot 0 in the table to be removed - utmppipe fd
805      */
806     if ((i == -1 && pid == 0) || (i == 0)) {
807         dprintf((" - attempted to remove proc 0\n"));
808         return;

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809     }
810
811     if (i != -1 || find_pid(pid, &i) == 1) { /* Found the entry */
812         (void) close(fdtable[i].fd); /* We're done with the fd */
813
814         dprintf((" fd = %d\n", fdtable[i].fd));
815
816         if (clean_it == CLEANIT)
817             clean_entry(i);
818
819         move_amt = (pidcnt - i) - 1;
820
821         /*
822          * Remove entries from the tables.
823          */
824         (void) memmove(&pidtable[i], &pidtable[i+1],
825                       move_amt * sizeof (struct pidentry));
826
827         (void) memmove(&fdtable[i], &fdtable[i+1],
828                       move_amt * sizeof (pollfd_t));
829
830         /*
831          * decrement the pid count - one less pid to worry about
832          */
833         pidcnt--;
834     }
835     if (i == -1)
836         dprintf((" - entry not found \n"));
837
838 /**
839  * find_pid      - Returns an index into the pidtable of the specified pid,
840  *                  else -1 if not found
841  */
842
843 static int
844 find_pid(pid_t pid, int *i)
845 {
846     pid_t pid;
847     int *i;
848
849     struct pidentry pe;
850     struct pidentry *p;
851
852     pe.pl_pid = pid;
853     p = bsearch(&pe, pidtable, pidcnt, sizeof (struct pidentry), pidcmp);
854
855     if (p == NULL)
856         return (0);
857     else {
858         *i = p - (struct pidentry *)pidtable;
859         return (1);
860     }
861
862 /**
863  * Pidcmp - Used by bsearch for sorting and finding process IDs.
864  */
865
866 static int
867 pidcmp(struct pidentry *a, struct pidentry *b)
868 {
869     struct pidentry *a, *b;
870
871     if (b == NULL || a == NULL)

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```

870         return (0);
871     return (a->pl_pid - b->pl_pid);
872 }

875 /*
876  * proc_to_fd - Take a process ID and return an open file descriptor to the
877  * /proc file for the specified process.
878 */
879 static int
880 proc_to_fd(pid_t pid)
881 {
882     char procname[64];
883     int fd, dfd;
884
885     (void) sprintf(procname, "/proc/%d/psinfo", (int)pid);
886
887     if ((fd = open(procname, O_RDONLY)) >= 0) {
888         /*
889          * dup the fd above the low order values to assure
890          * stdio works for other fds - paranoia.
891          */
892         if (fd < EXTRA_MARGIN) {
893             dfd = fcntl(fd, F_DUPFD, EXTRA_MARGIN);
894             if (dfd > 0) {
895                 (void) close(fd);
896                 fd = dfd;
897             }
898         }
899         /*
900          * More paranoia - set the close on exec flag
901          */
902         (void) fcntl(fd, F_SETFD, 1);
903     }
904     if (errno == ENOENT)
905         return (-1);
906
907     if (errno == EMFILE) {
908         /*
909          * This is fatal, since libc won't be able to allocate
910          * any fds for the pututxline() routines
911          */
912         fatal("Out of file descriptors");
913     }
914     fatal(procname);
915     /* Only get here on error */
916     return (-1);
917 }

920 /*
921  *      *** Uttmpx Cleaning Utilities ***
922 */
923
924 /*
925  * Clean_entry - Cleans the specified entry - where i is an index
926  *               into the pid_table.
927 */
928 static void
929 clean_entry(int i)
930 {
931     struct utmpx *u;

```

```

933     if (pidcnt == 0)
934         return;
935
936     dprintf(("    Cleaning %d\n", (int)pidtable[i].pl_pid));
937
938     /*
939      * Double check if the process is dead.
940      */
941     if (proc_is_alive(pidtable[i].pl_pid)) {
942         dprintf(("    Bad attempt to clean %d\n",
943                  dprintf(("    Bad attempt to clean %d\n",
944                          (int)pidtable[i].pl_pid));
945         return;
946     }
947
948     /*
949      * Find the entry that corresponds to this pid.
950      * Do nothing if entry not found in utmpx file.
951      */
952     setutxent();
953     while ((u = getutxent()) != NULL) {
954         if (u->ut_pid == pidtable[i].pl_pid) {
955             if (u->ut_type == USER_PROCESS)
956                 clean_utmpx_ent(u);
957         }
958     }
959     endutxent();
960 }

961 /*
962  * clean_utmpx_ent      - Clean a utmpx entry
963 */
964
965 static void
966 clean_utmpx_ent(struct utmpx *u)
967 {
968     clean_utmpx_ent(u)
969     struct utmpx *u;
970     dprintf(("    clean_utmpx_ent: %d\n", (int)u->ut_pid));
971     u->ut_type = DEAD_PROCESS;
972     (void) time(&u->ut_xtime);
973     (void) pututxline(u);
974     updwttmpx(WTMPX_FILE, u);
975
976     /*
977      * XXX update wtmp for ! nonuserx entries?
978     */
979 }



---


980 unchanged_portion_omitted

1042 /*
1043  * proc_is_alive      - Check to see if a process is alive AND its
1044  *                      not a zombie. Returns 1 if process is alive
1045  *                      and zero if it is dead or a zombie.
1046 */
1047
1048 static int
1049 proc_is_alive(pid_t pid)
1050 {
1051     proc_is_alive(pid)
1052     pid_t pid;
1053     {
1054         char psinfo[64];
1055         int fd;
1056         psinfo_t psinfo;

```

```

1055     if (kill(pid, 0) != 0)
1056         return (0); /* Kill failed - no process */
1058     /*
1059      * The process exists, so check if it's a zombie.
1060      */
1061     (void) sprintf(psinfoname, "/proc/%d/psinfo", (int)pid);

1063     if ((fd = open(psinfoname, O_RDONLY)) < 0 ||
1064         read(fd, &psinfo, sizeof(psinfo)) != sizeof(psinfo)) {
1065         /*
1066          * We either couldn't open the proc, or we did but the
1067          * read of the psinfo file failed, so pid is nonexistent.
1068          */
1069         psinfo.pr_nlwp = 0;
1070     }
1071     if (fd >= 0)
1072         (void) close(fd);

1074     /* if pr_nlwp == 0, process is a zombie */
1075     return (psinfo.pr_nlwp != 0);
1076 }

1078 /*
1079  * warn_utmp - /var/adm/utmp has been deprecated. It should no longer
1080  * be used. Applications that try to directly manipulate
1081  * it may cause problems. Since the file is no longer
1082  * shipped, if it appears on a system it's because an
1083  * old application created it. We'll have utmpd
1084  * complain about it periodically.
1085 */
1087 static void
1088 warn_utmp()
1089 {
1090     struct stat s;
1092     if (lstat(UTMP_FILE, &s) == 0 &&
1093         s.st_size % sizeof(struct utmp) == 0) {
1094         nonfatal("WARNING: /var/adm/utmp exists!\nSee "
1095                 "utmp(4) for more information");
1096     }
1097 }

1099 /*
1100  * validate_default - validate and assign defaults.
1101 */
1103 static int
1104 validate_default(char *defp, int *flag)
1105 {
1106     long lval;
1107     char *endptr;
1109     errno = 0;
1110     lval = strtol(defp, &endptr, 10);
1112     if (errno != 0 || lval > INT_MAX || lval <= 0)
1113         return (-1);
1115     while (isspace(*endptr) != 0)
1116         endptr++;
1118     if (*endptr != '\0')
1119         return (-1);

```

```

1121     *flag = lval;
1122     return (0);
1123 }

```

unchanged\_portion\_omitted

```
new/usr/src/cmd/utmpd/utmpd.dfl 1
*****
118 Mon Jan 12 23:37:07 2015
new/usr/src/cmd/utmpd/utmpd.dfl
5375 utmpd(1M) core dumps when WTMPX_UPDATE_FREQ is zero
*****
1 #
2 # Copyright 1994 Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.
3 # Use is subject to license terms.
4 #
5 #pragma ident "%Z%%M% %I%      %E% SMI"
6 SCAN_PERIOD=300
```

new/usr/src/man/man1m/utmpd.1m

1

```
*****
4580 Mon Jan 12 23:37:08 2015
new/usr/src/man/man1m/utmpd.1m
5375 utmpd(1M) core dumps when WTMPX_UPDATE_FREQ is zero
*****
1 '\\" te
2 .\" Copyright 2015 Shruti V Sampat <shrutisampat@gmail.com>
3 .\" Copyright (c) 2004, Sun Microsystems, Inc. All Rights Reserved
4 .\" Copyright 1989 AT&T
5 .\" The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the Common Development
6 .\" You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE or http:
7 .\" When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each file and in
8 .TH UTMPD 1M "Jan 01, 2015"
7 .TH UTMPD 1M "Jun 4, 2008"
9 .SH NAME
10 utmpd \- utmpx monitoring daemon
11 .SH SYNOPSIS
12 .LP
13 .nf
14 \fButmpd\fR [\fB-debug\fR]
15 .fi

17 .SH DESCRIPTION
17 .sp
18 .LP
19 The \fButmpd\fR daemon monitors the \fB/var/adm/utmpx\fR file. See
20 \fButmpx\fR(4) (and \fButmp\fR(4) for historical information).
21 .sp
22 .LP
23 \fButmpd\fR receives requests from \fBpututxline\fR(3C) by way of a named pipe.
24 It maintains a table of processes and uses \fBpoll\fR(2) on \fB/proc\fR files
25 to detect process termination. When \fButmpd\fR detects that a process has
26 terminated, it checks that the process has removed its \fButmpx\fR entry from
27 \fB/var/adm/utmpx\fR. If the process' \fButmpx\fR entry has not been removed,
28 \fButmpd\fR removes the entry. By periodically scanning the
29 \fB/var/adm/utmpx\fR file, \fButmpd\fR also monitors processes that are not in
30 its table.
31 .SH OPTIONS
32 .sp
32 .ne 2
33 .na
34 \fB\fB-debug\fR\fR
35 .ad
36 .sp .6
37 .RS 4n
38 Run in debug mode, leaving the process connected to the controlling terminal.
39 Write debugging information to standard output.
40 .RE

42 .SH EXIT STATUS
44 .sp
43 .LP
44 The following exit values are returned:
45 .sp
46 .ne 2
47 .na
48 \fB\fB0\fR\fR
49 .ad
50 .sp .6
51 .RS 4n
52 Successful completion.
53 .RE

55 .sp
56 .ne 2
57 .na
```

new/usr/src/man/man1m/utmpd.1m

2

```
58 \fB\fB>0\fR\fR
59 .ad
60 .sp .6
61 .RS 4n
62 An error occurred.
63 .RE

65 .SH FILES
66 .sp
66 .ne 2
67 .na
68 \fB\fB/etc/default/utmpd\fR\fR
69 .ad
70 .sp .6
71 .RS 4n
72 You can set default values for the flags listed below. For example:
73 \fBSCAN_PERIOD=600\fR
74 .sp
75 The values for these flags should be greater than 0. If values read
76 from the file are found to be less than or equal to 0, or containing
77 invalid characters, the default values mentioned below are retained.
78 .sp
79 .ne 2
80 .na
81 \fB\fBSCAN_PERIOD\fR\fR
82 .ad
83 .sp .6
84 .RS 4n
85 The number of seconds that \fButmpd\fR sleeps between checks of \fB/proc\fR to
86 see if monitored processes are still alive. The default is 300.
87 .RE

89 .sp
90 .ne 2
91 .na
92 \fB\fBMAX_FDS\fR\fR
93 .ad
94 .sp .6
95 .RS 4n
96 The maximum number of processes that \fButmpd\fR attempts to monitor. The
97 default value is 4096.
98 .RE

100 .sp
101 .ne 2
102 .na
103 \fB\fBW TMPX_UPDATE_FREQ\fR\fR
104 .ad
105 .sp .6
106 .RS 4n
107 The number of seconds that \fButmpd\fR sleeps between read accesses of the
108 \fBwtmpx\fR file. The \fBwtmpx\fR file's last access time is used by
109 \fBinit\fR(1M) on reboot to determine when the operating system became
110 unavailable. The default is 60.
111 .RE

113 .RE

115 .sp
116 .ne 2
117 .na
118 \fB\fB/var/adm/utmpx\fR\fR
119 .ad
120 .sp .6
121 .RS 4n
122 File containing user and accounting information for commands such as
```

```
123 \fBwho\fR(1), \fBwrite\fR(1), and \fBlogin\fR(1).
124 .RE

126 .sp
127 .ne 2
128 .na
129 \fB\fB/proc\fR\fR
130 .ad
131 .sp .6
132 .RS 4n
133 Directory containing files for processes whose \fButmpx\fR entries are being
134 monitored.
135 .RE

137 .SH SEE ALSO
137 .sp
138 .LP
139 \fBsvcs\fR(1), \fBinit\fR(1M), \fBsvcadm\fR(1M), \fBpoll\fR(2),
140 \fBpututxline\fR(3C), \fBproc\fR(4), \fButmp\fR(4), \fButmpx\fR(4),
141 \fBattributes\fR(5), \fBsmf\fR(5)
142 .SH NOTES
143 .sp
143 .LP
144 If the filesystem holding \fB/var/adm/wtmpx\fR is mounted with options which
145 inhibit or defer access time updates, an unknown amount of error will be
146 introduced into the \fButmp\fR \fBDOWN_TIME\fR record's timestamp in the event
147 of an uncontrolled shutdown (for example, a crash or loss of power).
148 Controlled shutdowns will update the modify time of \fB/var/adm/wtmpx\fR, which
149 will be used on the next boot to determine when the previous shutdown occurred,
150 regardless of access time deferral or inhibition.
151 .sp
152 .LP
153 The \fButmpd\fR service is managed by the service management facility,
154 \fBsmf\fR(5), under the service identifier:
155 .sp
156 .in +2
157 .nf
158 svc:/system/utmp:default
159 .fi
160 .in -2
161 .sp

163 .sp
164 .LP
165 Administrative actions on this service, such as enabling, disabling, or
166 requesting restart, can be performed using \fBsvcadm\fR(1M). The service's
167 status can be queried using the \fBsvcs\fR(1) command.
```