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6192 Sun Jun 7 12:35:50 2015
new/usr/src/man/man3c/fnmatch.3c
1209 fnmatch(3C) should mention FNM_IGNORECASE
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Reviewed by: Marcel Telka <marcel@telka.sk>
1 '\" te 
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            \" You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE or http:
    .TH FNMATCH 3C "Jun 6, 2015"
            .SH NAME
    12 fnmatch \- match filename or path name
    13 .SH SYNOPSIS
    14.LP
    16 #include <fnmatch.h>
    18 \fBint\fR \fBfnmatch\fR(\fBconst char *\fR\fIpattern\fR, \fBconst char *\fR\fIst
    19.fi
21 .SH DESCRIPTION
22.sp
24 The \fBfnmatch()\fR function matches patterns as described on the
25 \fBfnmatch\fR(5) manual page. It checks the \fIstring\fR argument to see if it
    matches the \fIpattern\fR argument.
    .sp
    9 The \fIflags\fR argument modifies the interpretation of \fIpattern\fR and
    \fIstring\fR. It is the bitwise inclusive \fBOR\fR of zero or more of the
    following flags defined in the header <\fBfnmatch.h\fR>.
    .sp
    .ne 2
    \fB\fBFNM_PATHNAME\fR \fR
    .ad
    37..RS 18n
```



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    39 by a slash in \fIpattern\fR; it will not be matched by either the asterisk
    39 by a slash in \fIpattern\fR; it will not be matched by either the asterisk
    (\fB[\\]\fR) expression.
    42.sp
    42 .sp not set, the slash character is treated as an ordinary character.
```



```
    .sp
    .ne 2
    \fB\fBFNM_IGNORECASE\fR\fR
    .ad
    .ad 18n
    If set, the \fIstring\fR will be transliterated to lower case before doing the
    actual match. This transliteration is done using \fBtowlower_l\fR(3C), using
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    5 is used instead.
    If not set, the match will use \fIstring\fR with no changes, making the match
    case-sensitive.
59 .RE
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    .ad
    .RE
```

$61 . \operatorname{sp}$
62 .ne
63 .na
64 .fB
65 .ad
67 If not set, a backslash character ( $\backslash f B \backslash e \backslash f R$ ) in \fIpattern $\backslash f R$ followed by an 68 other character will match that second character in \fistring \fR. In 69 particular, "\fB\e\e\fR" will match a backslash in \fIstring\fR.
70 .sp
71 If set, a backslash character will be treated as an ordinary character.
$74 . \mathrm{sp}$
75 .ne 2
76 .na
77 \fB $\mathrm{f} \backslash \mathrm{fBFNM}$ _PERIOD $\backslash f R \backslash f R$
78 .ad 18
80 If set, a leading period in \fIstring $\backslash f R$ will match a period in \fIpattern $\backslash f R$;
81 where the location of "leading" is indicated by the value of
82 \fBFNM_PATHNAME $\backslash f R$ :
83 . RS +4
84 .TP
85 .ie t \$bu
86 .el o
87 If \fBFNM_PATHNAME \(\backslash f R$ is set, a period is "leading" if it is the first
88 character in \fIstring \fR or if it immediately follows a slash.
89 .RE
90 .RS
$\begin{array}{ll}90 & \text {. RS +4 } \\ 91 & \text { TP }\end{array}$
92 .ie $t$ (bu
93 .el o
94 If \fBFNM_PATHNAME $\backslash f R$ is not set, a period is "leading" only if it is the first
95 character of \fistring $\backslash$ fR.
96
97
97
99 .sp
$\begin{aligned} & 90 . \mathrm{Sp} \\ & 100 \text { RS } \\ & 85\end{aligned}$
101 If not set, no special restrictions are placed on matching a period
102 .SH RETURN VALUES
103 .sp
105 If \fIstring $\backslash f R$ matches the pattern specified by \fIpattern\fR, then
106 \fBfnmatch() \fR returns $\backslash f B 0 \backslash f R$. If there is no match, $\backslash f B f n m a t c h() \backslash f R$ returns
$107 \backslash f B F N M \_N O M A T C H \backslash f R$, which is defined in the header $\langle\backslash f B f n m a t c h . h \backslash f R>$. If an
108 error occurs, \fBfnmatch() \fR returns another non-zero value.
109 . SH USAGE
110 . sp
112 The \fBfnmatch() \fR function has two major uses. It could be used by an
13 application or utility that needs to read a directory and apply a pattern
14 against each entry. The \fBfind $\backslash \mathrm{fR}(1)$ utility is an example of this. It can
115 also be used by the \fBpax\fR(1) utility to process its \fipattern\fR operands, 116 or by applications that need to match strings in a similar manner.
117 . sp
119 The name $\backslash f B f n m a t c h() \backslash f R$ is intended to imply $\backslash f I f i l e n a m e \backslash f R$ match, rather than
119 The name \fBfnmatch() \fR is intended to imply \fIfilename \fR match, rat
120 \fipathname $\backslash f R$ match. The default action of this function is to match
121 filenames, rather than path names, since it gives no special significance to
122 the slash character. With the \fBFNM_PATHNAME $\backslash f R$ flag, \fBfnmatch() \fR does
123 match path names, but without tilde expansion, parameter expansion, or special
124 treatment for period at the beginning of a filename.

127 The \fBfnmatch() \fR function can be used safely in multithreaded applications, 128 as long as $\backslash f B s e t l o c a l e \backslash f R(3 C)$ is not being called to change the locale.
129 . SH ATTRIBUTES
130 . Sp
132 See \fBattributes $\backslash f R(5)$ for descriptions of the following attributes:
135 .sp
136 .TS
137 box.
136 .TS
137 box;
138 c
138 c| c
$\begin{array}{ll}139 & 1 \\ 140 & \text { Attribute type Attribute value }\end{array}$
140 ATTRIBUTE TYPE
$141 \overline{\text { CTSI }} \quad$ Enabled
143 CSI Enabled
144 Interface Stability Standard
145 MT-Level MT-Safe with exceptions
147 .TE
149 . SH SEE ALSO
150 . Sp
$152 \backslash f B f i n d \backslash f R(1), \backslash f B p a x \backslash f R(1), \backslash f B g l o b \backslash f R(3 C), \backslash f B s e t l o c a l e \backslash f R(3 C)$,


