

```

*****
18058 Sat Aug 17 17:56:51 2013
new/usr/src/cmd/dis/dis_main.c
4054 dis sometimes decides random symbols are functions
*****
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____

99 /*
100 * The main disassembly routine. Given a fixed-sized buffer and starting
101 * address, disassemble the data using the supplied target and libdisasm handle.
102 */
103 void
104 dis_data(dis_tgt_t *tgt, dis_handle_t *dhp, uint64_t addr, void *data,
105          size_t datalen)
106 {
107     dis_buffer_t db = { 0 };
108     char buf[BUFSIZE];
109     char symbuf[BUFSIZE];
110     const char *symbol;
111     const char *last_symbol;
112     off_t symoffset;
113     int i;
114     int bytesperline;
115     size_t symsize;
116     int isfunc = 0;
116     int isfunc;
117     size_t symwidth = 0;

119     db.db_tgt = tgt;
120     db.db_data = data;
121     db.db_addr = addr;
122     db.db_size = datalen;

124     dis_set_data(dhp, &db);

126     if ((bytesperline = dis_max_instrlen(dhp)) > 6)
127         bytesperline = 6;

129     symbol = NULL;

131     while (addr < db.db_addr + db.db_size) {
133         if (dis_disassemble(dhp, addr, buf, BUFSIZE) != 0) {
134 #if defined(__sparc)
135             /*
136              * Since sparc instructions are fixed size, we
137              * always know the address of the next instruction
138              */
139             (void) snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf),
140                            "**** invalid opcode ****");
141             db.db_nextaddr = addr + 4;
143 #else
144             off_t next;

146             (void) snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf),
147                            "**** invalid opcode ****");

149             /*
150              * On architectures with variable sized instructions
151              * we have no way to figure out where the next
152              * instruction starts if we encounter an invalid
153              * instruction. Instead we print the rest of the
154              * instruction stream as hex until we reach the
155              * next valid symbol in the section.
156              */

```

```

157         if ((next = dis_tgt_next_symbol(tgt, addr)) == 0) {
158             db.db_nextaddr = db.db_addr + db.db_size;
159         } else {
160             if (next > db.db_size)
161                 db.db_nextaddr = db.db_addr +
162                     db.db_size;
163             else
164                 db.db_nextaddr = addr + next;
165         }
166 #endif
167     }

169     /*
170     * Print out the line as:
171     *
172     * address:      bytes  text
173     *
174     * If there are more than 6 bytes in any given instruction,
175     * spread the bytes across two lines. We try to get symbolic
176     * information for the address, but if that fails we print out
177     * the numeric address instead.
178     *
179     * We try to keep the address portion of the text aligned at
180     * MINSYMWIDTH characters. If we are disassembling a function
181     * with a long name, this can be annoying. So we pick a width
182     * based on the maximum width that the current symbol can be.
183     * This at least produces text aligned within each function.
184     */
185     last_symbol = symbol;
186     symbol = dis_tgt_lookup(tgt, addr, &symoffset, 1, &symsize,
187                            &isfunc);
188     if (symbol == NULL) {
189         symbol = dis_find_section(tgt, addr, &symoffset);
190         symsize = symoffset;
191     }

193     if (symbol != last_symbol)
194         getsymname(addr, symbol, symsize, symbuf,
195                  sizeof(symbuf));

197     symwidth = MAX(symwidth, strlen(symbuf));
198     getsymname(addr, symbol, symoffset, symbuf, sizeof(symbuf));

200     /*
201     * If we've crossed a new function boundary, print out the
202     * function name on a blank line.
203     */
204     if (!g_quiet && symoffset == 0 && symbol != NULL && isfunc)
205         (void) printf("%s()\n", symbol);

207     (void) printf("    %s:%s ", symbuf,
208                  symwidth - strlen(symbuf), "");

210     /* print bytes */
211     for (i = 0; i < MIN(bytesperline, (db.db_nextaddr - addr));
212          i++) {
213         int byte = *((uchar_t *)data + (addr - db.db_addr) + i);
214         if (g_flags & DIS_OCTAL)
215             (void) printf("%03o ", byte);
216         else
217             (void) printf("%02x ", byte);
218     }

220     /* trailing spaces for missing bytes */
221     for (; i < bytesperline; i++) {
222         if (g_flags & DIS_OCTAL)

```

```
223             (void) printf(" ");
224         else
225             (void) printf(" ");
226     }
227
228     /* contents of disassembly */
229     (void) printf(" %s", buf);
230
231     /* excess bytes that spill over onto subsequent lines */
232     for (; i < db.db_nextaddr - addr; i++) {
233         int byte = *((uchar_t *)data + (addr - db.db_addr) + i);
234         if (i % bytesperline == 0)
235             (void) printf("\n   %*s ", symwidth, "");
236         if (g_flags & DIS_OCTAL)
237             (void) printf("%03o ", byte);
238         else
239             (void) printf("%02x ", byte);
240     }
241
242     (void) printf("\n");
243
244     addr = db.db_nextaddr;
245 }
246 }
unchanged_portion_omitted
```

```

*****
23135 Sat Aug 17 17:56:51 2013
new/usr/src/cmd/dis/dis_target.c
4054 dis sometimes decides random symbols are functions
*****
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____

624 /*
625  * Given an address, returns the name of the corresponding symbol, as well as
626  * the offset within that symbol.  If no matching symbol is found, then NULL is
627  * returned.
628  *
629  * If 'cache_result' is specified, then we keep track of the resulting symbol.
630  * This cached result is consulted first on subsequent lookups in order to avoid
631  * unnecessary lookups.  This flag should be used for resolving the current PC,
632  * as the majority of addresses stay within the current function.
633  */
634 const char *
635 dis_tgt_lookup(dis_tgt_t *tgt, uint64_t addr, off_t *offset, int cache_result,
636               size_t *size, int *isfunc)
637 {
638     int lo, hi, mid;
639     sym_entry_t *sym, *osym, *match;
640     int found;

642     if (tgt->dt_symcache != NULL &&
643         addr >= tgt->dt_symcache->se_sym.st_value &&
644         addr < tgt->dt_symcache->se_sym.st_value +
645         tgt->dt_symcache->se_sym.st_size) {
646         sym = tgt->dt_symcache;
647         *offset = addr - sym->se_sym.st_value;
648         *size = sym->se_sym.st_size;
649         if (isfunc != NULL)
650             *isfunc = (GELF_ST_TYPE(sym->se_sym.st_info) ==
651                       STT_FUNC);
652         return (sym->se_name);
646         *offset = addr - tgt->dt_symcache->se_sym.st_value;
647         *size = tgt->dt_symcache->se_sym.st_size;
648         return (tgt->dt_symcache->se_name);
653     }

655     lo = 0;
656     hi = (tgt->dt_symcount - 1);
657     found = 0;
658     match = osym = NULL;
659     while (lo <= hi) {
660         mid = (lo + hi) / 2;

662         sym = &tgt->dt_symtab[mid];

664         if (addr >= sym->se_sym.st_value &&
665             addr < sym->se_sym.st_value + sym->se_sym.st_size &&
666             (!found || sym->se_sym.st_value > osym->se_sym.st_value)) {
667             osym = sym;
668             found = 1;
669         } else if (addr == sym->se_sym.st_value) {
670             /*
671              * Particularly for .plt objects, it's possible to have
672              * a zero sized object.  We want to return this, but we
673              * want it to be a last resort.
674              */
675             match = sym;
676         }

678         if (addr < sym->se_sym.st_value)
679             hi = mid - 1;

```

```

680         else
681             lo = mid + 1;
682     }

684     if (!found) {
685         if (match)
686             osym = match;
687         else
688             return (NULL);
689     }

691     /*
692      * Walk backwards to find the best match.
693      */
694     do {
695         sym = osym;

697         if (osym == tgt->dt_symtab)
698             break;

700         osym = osym - 1;
701     } while ((sym->se_sym.st_value == osym->se_sym.st_value) &&
702             (addr >= osym->se_sym.st_value) &&
703             (addr < osym->se_sym.st_value + osym->se_sym.st_size));

705     if (cache_result)
706         tgt->dt_symcache = sym;

708     *offset = addr - sym->se_sym.st_value;
709     *size = sym->se_sym.st_size;
710     if (isfunc)
711         *isfunc = (GELF_ST_TYPE(sym->se_sym.st_info) == STT_FUNC);

713     return (sym->se_name);
714 }
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____

```