new/usr/src/common/smbios/smb info.c

```
******************
  43693 Thu Jul 11 07:10:46 2019
new/usr/src/common/smbios/smb_info.c
11416 smbios_info_slot_peers() gets NULL check wrong
  1 /*
  2 * CDDL HEADER START
  3 *
  4
     * The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
     * Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
     * You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
  7
  8 * You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
     * or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
 10 * See the License for the specific language governing permissions
 11 * and limitations under the License.
 12 *
 13 * When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
 14 * file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
 15 * If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
 16 * fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
 17 * information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
 18 *
 19 * CDDL HEADER END
 20 */
 22 /*
 23
     * Copyright 2015 OmniTI Computer Consulting, Inc. All rights reserved.
 24 * Copyright 2019 Joyent, Inc.
       Copyright (c) 2018, Joyent, Inc.
     * Copyright 2010 Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.
 26
     * Use is subject to license terms.
 27 */
 29 /*
 30 * SMBIOS Information Routines
 31 *
 32 * The routines in this file are used to convert from the SMBIOS data format to
 33
     * a more reasonable and stable set of structures offered as part of our ABI.
 34
     * These functions take the general form:
 35
            stp = smb_lookup_type(shp, foo);
 36
 37
            smb_foo_t foo;
 38 *
 39
            smb_info_bcopy(stp->smbst_hdr, &foo, sizeof (foo));
 40
            bzero(caller's struct);
 41
 42
            copy/convert foo members into caller's struct
 43 *
 44
     * We copy the internal structure on to an automatic variable so as to avoid
     * checks everywhere for structures that the BIOS has improperly truncated, and
 45
       also to automatically handle the case of a structure that has been extended.
     * When necessary, this code can use smb_gteq() to determine whether the SMBIOS
 47
 48
     * data is of a particular revision that is supposed to contain a new field.
 49
 50 * Note, when trying to bzero the caller's struct you have to be careful about
 51
     * versions. One can only bzero the initial version that existed in illumos. In
 52 * other words, if someone passes an older library handle that doesn't support a
 53 * version you cannot assume that their structures have those additional members
 * in them. Instead, a 'base' version is introduced for such types that have
     * differences and instead we only bzero out the base version and then handle
     * the additional members. In general, because all additional members will be
     * assigned, there's no reason to zero them out unless they are arrays that
 58
     * won't be entirely filled in.
 59
  60 * Due to history, anything added after the update from version 2.4, in other
```

```
61 * words additions from or after '5094 Update libsmbios with recent items'
 62 * (4e901881) is currently being used for this. While we don't allow software
 63 * compiling against this to get an older form, this was the first major update
 64 * and a good starting point for us to enforce this behavior which is useful for
 65 * moving forward to making this more public.
 68 #include <sys/smbios impl.h>
 69 #include <svs/bvteorder.h>
 70 #include <sys/debug.h>
 72 #ifdef KERNEL
 73 #include <sys/sunddi.h>
 74 #else
 75 #include <fcntl.h>
 76 #include <unistd.h>
 77 #include <string.h>
 78 #endif
 80 /*
 81 * A large number of SMBIOS structures contain a set of common strings used to
    * describe a h/w component's serial number, manufacturer, etc. These fields
 83 * helpfully have different names and offsets and sometimes aren't consistent.
 84 * To simplify life for our clients, we factor these common things out into
    * smbios_info_t, which can be retrieved for any structure. The following
 86 * table describes the mapping from a given structure to the smbios_info_t.
    * Multiple SMBIOS stuctures' contained objects are also handled here.
 88 */
 89 static const struct smb_infospec {
            uint8 t is type;
                                            /* structure type */
 9 0
 91
            uint8_t is_manu;
                                            /* manufacturer offset */
 92
            uint8_t is_product;
                                            /* product name offset */
                                            /* version offset */
 93
            uint8 t is version;
                                            /* serial number offset */
 94
            uint8 t is serial;
                                            /* asset tag offset */
 95
            uint8_t is_asset;
 96
            uint8 t is location;
                                            /* location string offset */
 97
            uint8_t is_part;
                                            /* part number offset */
            uint8 t is contc;
                                            /* contained count */
 99
                                            /* contained size */
            uint8_t is_contsz;
100
            uint8_t is_contv;
                                            /* contained objects */
101 } _smb_infospecs[] = {
     _unchanged_portion_omitted_
696 int.
697 smbios_info_slot_peers(smbios_hdl_t *shp, id_t id, uint_t *npeers,
        smbios_slot_peer_t **peerp)
698
699 {
700
            const smb_struct_t *stp = smb_lookup_id(shp, id);
701
            const smb_slot_t *slotp;
701
            const smb_slot_t *slotp = (const smb_slot_t *)stp->smbst_hdr;
702
            smbios_slot_peer_t *peer;
703
            size t minlen;
704
            uint t i;
706
            if (stp == NULL)
707
                    return (-1); /* errno is set for us */
709
            slotp = (const smb_slot_t *)stp->smbst_hdr;
711
            if (stp->smbst_hdr->smbh_type != SMB_TYPE_SLOT)
                    return (smb set errno(shp, ESMB TYPE));
712
714
            if (stp->smbst_hdr->smbh_len <= offsetof(smb_slot_t, smbsl_npeers) | |</pre>
715
                slotp->smbsl_npeers == 0) {
716
                    *npeers = 0;
717
                    *peerp = NULL;
```

```
new/usr/src/common/smbios/smb_info.c
```

```
718
                      return (0);
719
721
722
               \mbox{\scriptsize *} Make sure that the size of the structure makes sense for the number
               * of peers reported.
723
724
             minlen = slotp->smbsl_npeers * sizeof (smb_slot_peer_t) +
    offsetof(smb_slot_t, smbsl_npeers);
725
726
             if (stp->smbst_hdr->smbh_len < minlen) {
727
728
                      return (smb_set_errno(shp, ESMB_SHORT));
729
731
             if ((peer = smb_alloc(slotp->smbsl_npeers *
732
                  sizeof (smbios_slot_peer_t))) == NULL) {
733
                      return (smb_set_errno(shp, ESMB_NOMEM));
734
736
             for (i = 0; i < slotp->smbsl_npeers; i++) {
                      peer[i].smblp_group = slotp->smbsl_peers[i].smbspb_group_no;
peer[i].smblp_bus = slotp->smbsl_peers[i].smbspb_bus;
737
738
739
                      peer[i].smblp_device = slotp->smbsl_peers[i].smbspb_df >> 3;
740
                      peer[i].smblp_function = slotp->smbsl_peers[i].smbspb_df & 0x7;
                      peer[i].smblp_data_width = slotp->smbsl_peers[i].smbspb_width;
741
742
744
              *npeers = slotp->smbsl_npeers;
745
              *peerp = peer;
747
             return (0);
748 }
     unchanged_portion_omitted_
```

