

new/usr/src/cmd/cpio/cpio.c

1

```
*****
241505 Sun Aug 5 16:35:34 2012
new/usr/src/cmd/cpio/cpio.c
1154 cpio needs a quiet option
*****

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24 * Copyright (c) 2012 Gary Mills
25 */

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28 /*      All Rights Reserved                      */

30 /*
31 * Portions of this source code were derived from Berkeley 4.3 BSD
32 * under license from the Regents of the University of California.
33 */

35 #include <stdio.h>
36 #include <sys/types.h>
37 #include <errno.h>
38 #include <unistd.h>
39 #include <stdlib.h>
40 #include <fcntl.h>
41 #include <memory.h>
42 #include <string.h>
43 #include <stdarg.h>
44 #include <sys/stat.h>
45 #include <sys/statvfs.h>
46 #include <sys/mkdev.h>
47 #include <sys/param.h>
48 #include <utime.h>
49 #include <pwd.h>
50 #include <grp.h>
51 #include <signal.h>
52 #include <ctype.h>
53 #include <locale.h>
54 #include <sys/ioctl.h>
55 #include <sys/mtio.h>
56 #include <sys/fdio.h>
57 #include "cpio.h"
58 #include <sys/acl.h>
59 #include <sys/time.h>
60 #include <sys/resource.h>
61 #include <fnmatch.h>
```

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```
62 #include <libgen.h>
63 #include <libintl.h>
64 #include <dirent.h>
65 #include <limits.h>
66 #include <aclutils.h>
67 #if defined(_PC_SATTR_ENABLED)
68 #include <libnvpair.h>
69 #include <attr.h>
70 #include <libcmdutils.h>
71 #endif /* _PC_SATTR_ENABLED */
72 #ifdef SOLARIS_PRIVS
73 #include <priv.h>
74 #endif /* SOLARIS_PRIVS */

76 /*
77  * Special kludge for off_t being a signed quantity.
78  */
79 #if _FILE_OFFSET_BITS == 64
80 typedef u_longlong_t    u_off_t;
81 #else
82 typedef ulong_t          u_off_t;
83 #endif

85 #define SECMODE 0xe080

87 #define DEVNULL          "/dev/null"
88 #define XATTRHDR          ".hdr"

90 #define NAMELEN          32
91 #define TYPELEN          16
92 #define PERMLEN          4

94 #define FILE_COPIED      1
95 #define FILE_LINKED      2
96 #define FILE_PASS_ERR    -1

98 #define ARCHIVE_NORMAL    0
99 #define ARCHIVE_ACL       1
100 #define ARCHIVE_XATTR     2
101 #define ARCHIVE_SPARSE    3

103 #ifndef VIEW_READONLY
104 #define VIEW_READONLY      "SUNWattr_ro"
105 #endif

107 #ifndef VIEW_READWRITE
108 #define VIEW_READWRITE     "SUNWattr_rw"
109 #endif

112 #define LSTAT(dir, path, statbuf) fstatat(dir, \
113     get_component((Gen.g_attnam_p == NULL) ? \
114     path : Gen.g_attnam_p), statbuf, AT_SYMLINK_NOFOLLOW)
115 #define STAT(dir, path, statbuf) fstatat(dir, \
116     get_component((Gen.g_attnam_p == NULL) ? \
117     path : Gen.g_attnam_p), statbuf, 0)

119 /*
120  * These limits reflect the maximum size regular file that
121  * can be archived, depending on the archive type. For archives
122  * with character-format headers (odc, tar, ustar) we use
123  * CHAR_OFFSET_MAX. For archives with SVR4 ASCII headers (-c, -H crc)
124  * we store filesize in an 8-char hexadecimal string and use
125  * ASC_OFFSET_MAX. Otherwise, we are limited to the size that will
126  * fit in a signed long value.
127  */
```

```

128 #define CHAR_OFFSET_MAX 07777777777ULL /* 11 octal digits */
129 #define ASC_OFFSET_MAX 0xFFFFFFFF /* 8 hexadecimal digits */
130 #define BIN_OFFSET_MAX LONG_MAX /* signed long max value */

132 #define POSIXMODES 07777

134 static char acldata = ' ';

136 static struct Lnk *add_lnk(struct Lnk **);
137 static int bfill(void);
138 static void bflush(void);
139 static int chgreel(int dir);
140 static int ckname(int);
141 static void ckopts(long mask);
142 static long cksum(char hdr, int byt_cnt, int *err);
143 static int creat_hdr(void);
144 static int creat_lnk(int dirfd, char *name1_p, char *name2_p);
145 static int creat_spec(int dirfd);
146 static int creat_tmp(char *nam_p);
147 static void data_in(int proc_mode);
148 static void data_out(void);
149 static void data_pass(void);
150 static void file_in(void);
151 static int file_out(void);
152 static int file_pass(void);
153 static void flush_lnsks(void);
154 static int gethdr(void);
155 static int getname(void);
156 static void getpats(int largc, char **largv);
157 static void ioerror(int dir);
158 static int matched(void);
159 static int missdir(char *nam_p);
160 static long mklong(short v[]);
161 static void mkshort(short sval[], long v);
162 static int openout(int dirfd);
163 static int read_hdr(int hdr);
164 static void reclaim(struct Lnk *l_p);
165 static void rstbuf(void);
166 static void setpasswd(char *nam);
167 static void rstfiles(int over, int dirfd);
168 static void scan4trail(void);
169 static void setup(int largc, char **largv);
170 static void set_tym(int dirfd, char *nam_p, time_t atime, time_t mtime);
171 static void sigint(int sig);
172 static void swap(char *buf_p, int cnt);
173 static void usage(void);
174 static void verbose(char *nam_p);
175 static void write_hdr(int arcflag, off_t len);
176 static void write_trail(void);
177 static int ustar_dir(void);
178 static int ustar_spec(void);
179 static struct stat *convert_to_old_stat(struct stat *, char *, char *);
180 static void read_bar_vol_hdr(void);
181 static void read_bar_file_hdr(void);
182 static void setup_uncompress(FILE **);
183 static void skip_bar_volhdr(void);
184 static void bar_file_in(void);
185 static int g_init(int *devtype, int *fdes);
186 static int g_read(int, int, char *, unsigned);
187 static int g_write(int, int, char *, unsigned);
188 static int is_floppy(int);
189 static int is_tape(int);
190 static void write_ancillary(char *buf, size_t len, boolean_t padding);
191 static int remove_dir(char *);
192 static int save_cwd(void);
193 static void rest_cwd(int cwd);

```

```

195 static void xattrs_out(int (*func)());
196 static void get_parent(char *path, char *dir);
197 static void prepare_xattr_hdr(char **attrbuf, char *filename,
198     char *attrname, char typeflag, struct Lnk *linkinfo, int *rlen);
199 static char tartype(int type);
200 static int openfile(int omode);
201 static mode_t attrmode(char type);
202 static char *get_component(char *path);
203 static int open_dir(char *name);
204 static int open_dirfd();
205 static void close_dirfd();
206 static void write_xattr_hdr();
207 static char *skipslashes(char *string, char *start);
208 static int read_xattr_hdr();
209 static void chop_endslashes(char *path);

212 /* helpful types */

214 static
215 struct passwd *Curpw_p, /* Current password entry for -t option */
216 *Rpw_p, /* Password entry for -R option */
217 *dpasswd;

219 static
220 struct group *Curgr_p, /* Current group entry for -t option */
221 *dgroup;

223 /* Data structure for buffered I/O. */

225 static
226 struct buf_info {
227     char *b_base_p, /* Pointer to base of buffer */
228     *b_out_p, /* Position to take bytes from buffer at */
229     *b_in_p, /* Position to put bytes into buffer at */
230     *b_end_p; /* Pointer to end of buffer */
231     long b_cnt, /* Count of unprocessed bytes */
232     b_size; /* Size of buffer in bytes */
233 } Buffr;
234 #ifndef unchanged_portion_omitted
235 #endif

543 /*
544 *
545 * cpio has been changed to support extended attributes.
546 *
547 * As part of this change cpio has been changed to use the new *at() syscalls
548 * such as openat, fchownat(), unlinkat()...
549 *
550 * This was done so that attributes can be handled with as few code changes
551 * as possible.
552 *
553 * What this means is that cpio now opens the directory that a file or directory
554 * resides in and then performs *at() functions to manipulate the entry.
555 *
556 * For example a new file is now created like this:
557 *
558 * dfd = open(<some dir path>)
559 * fd = openat(dfd, <name>,....);
560 *
561 * or in the case of an extended attribute
562 *
563 * dfd = attropen(<pathname>, ".", ....)
564 *

```

```

565 * Once we have a directory file descriptor all of the *at() functions can
566 * be applied to it.
567 *
568 * unlinkat(dfd, <component name>,...)
569 * fchownat(dfd, <component name>,...)
570 *
571 * This works for both normal namespace files and extended attribute file
572 *
573 */

```

```

575 /*
576 * Extended attribute layout
577 *
578 * Extended attributes are stored in two pieces.
579 * 1. An attribute header which has information about
580 *    what file the attribute is for and what the attribute
581 *    is named.
582 * 2. The attribute record itself. Stored as a normal file type
583 *    of entry.
584 * Both the header and attribute record have special modes/typeflags
585 * associated with them.
586 *
587 * The names of the header in the archive look like:
588 * /dev/null/attr.hdr
589 *
590 * The name of the attribute looks like:
591 * /dev/null/attr.
592 *
593 * This is done so that an archiver that doesn't understand these formats
594 * can just dispose of the attribute records unless the user chooses to
595 * rename them via cpio -r or pax -i
596 *
597 * The format is composed of a fixed size header followed
598 * by a variable sized xattr_buf. If the attribute is a hard link
599 * to another attribute, then another xattr_buf section is included
600 * for the link.
601 *
602 * The xattr_buf is used to define the necessary "pathing" steps
603 * to get to the extended attribute. This is necessary to support
604 * a fully recursive attribute model where an attribute may itself
605 * have an attribute.
606 *
607 * The basic layout looks like this.

```

```

608 *
609 * -----
610 * |                                |
611 * |          xattr_hdr            |
612 * |                                |
613 * |-----|
614 * |                                |
615 * |          xattr_buf            |
616 * |                                |
617 * |-----|
618 * |                                |
619 * |                                |
620 * |                                |
621 * |      (optional link info)      |
622 * |                                |
623 * |-----|
624 * |                                |
625 * |                                |
626 * |      attribute itself          |
627 * |      stored as normal tar      |
628 * |      or cpio data with        |
629 * |      special mode or          |
630 * |      typeflag                  |

```

```

631 * |                                |
632 * |-----|
633 *
634 */

```

```

636 /*
637 * Extended attributes structures
638 *
639 * xattrhead is the complete extended attribute header, as read off
640 * disk/tape. It includes the variable xattr_buf portion.
641 *
642 * xattrp is basically an offset into xattrhead that points to the
643 * "pathing" section which defines how to get to the attribute.
644 *
645 * xattr_linkp is identical to xattrp except that it is used for linked
646 * attributes. It provides the pathing steps to get to the linked
647 * attribute.
648 *
649 * These structures are updated when an extended attribute header is read off
650 * of disk/tape.
651 */
652 static struct xattr_hdr *xattrhead;
653 static struct xattr_buf *xattrp;
654 static struct xattr_buf *xattr_linkp;
655 static int xattrbadhead; /* is extended attribute header bad? */

```

```

657 static int append_secattr(char **, int *, acl_t *);

```

```

659 /*
660 * Note regarding cpio and changes to ensure cpio doesn't try to second
661 * guess whether it runs with sufficient privileges or not:
662 *
663 * cpio has been changed so that it doesn't carry a second implementation of
664 * the kernel's policy with respect to privileges. Instead of attempting
665 * to restore uid and gid from an archive only if cpio is run as uid 0,
666 * cpio now *always* tries to restore the uid and gid from the archive
667 * except when the -R option is specified. When the -R is specified,
668 * the uid and gid of the restored file will be changed to those of the
669 * login id specified. In addition, chown(), set_tym(), and chmod() should
670 * only be executed once during archive extraction, and to ensure
671 * setuid/setgid bits are restored properly, chown() should always be
672 * executed before chmod().
673 *
674 * Note regarding debugging mechanism for cpio:
675 *
676 * The following mechanism is provided to allow us to debug cpio in complicated
677 * situations, like when it is part of a pipe. The idea is that you compile
678 * with -DWAITAROUND defined, and then add the "-z" command line option to the
679 * target cpio invocation. If stderr is available, it will tell you to which
680 * pid to attach the debugger; otherwise, use ps to find it. Attach to the
681 * process from the debugger, and, *PRESTO*, you are there!
682 *
683 * Simply assign "waitaround = 0" once you attach to the process, and then
684 * proceed from there as usual.
685 */

```

```

687 #ifdef WAITAROUND
688 int waitaround = 0; /* wait for rendezvous with the debugger */
689 #endif

```

```

691 #define EXIT_CODE (Error_cnt > 255 ? 255 : Error_cnt)

```

```

693 /*
694 * main: Call setup() to process options and perform initializations,
695 * and then select either copy in (-i), copy out (-o), or pass (-p) action.
696 */

```

```

698 int
699 main(int argc, char **argv)
700 {
701     int i;
702     int passret;

704     (void) setlocale(LC_ALL, "");
705 #if !defined(TEXT_DOMAIN) /* Should be defined by cc -D */
706 #define TEXT_DOMAIN "SYS_TEST" /* Use this only if it weren't */
707 #endif
708     (void) textdomain(TEXT_DOMAIN);

710     (void) memset(&Gen, 0, sizeof (Gen));
711     myname = e_strdup(E_EXIT, basename(argv[0]));
712     setup(argc, argv);

714     if (signal(SIGINT, sigint) == SIG_IGN)
715         (void) signal(SIGINT, SIG_IGN);
716     switch (Args & (OCi | OCo | OCp)) {
717     case OCi: /* COPY IN */
718         Hdr_type = NONE;
719         if (Atflag || SysAtflag) {
720             /*
721              * Save the current working directory, so
722              * we can change back here after cd'ing into
723              * the attribute directory when processing
724              * attributes.
725              */
726             if ((attr_baseparent_fd = save_cwd()) < 0) {
727                 msg(EXT, "Unable to open current directory.");
728             }
729         }
730         while ((i = gethdr()) != 0) {
731             Gen.g_dirfd = -1;
732             if (i == 1) {
733                 file_in();
734                 /*
735                  * Any ACL info for this file would or should
736                  * have been used after file_in(); clear out
737                  * aclp so it is not erroneously used on
738                  * the next file.
739                  */
740                 if (aclp != NULL) {
741                     acl_free(aclp);
742                     aclp = NULL;
743                 }
744                 acl_is_set = 0;
745             }
746             (void) memset(&Gen, 0, sizeof (Gen));
747         }
748         /* Do not count "extra" "read-ahead" buffered data */
749         if (Buffr.b_cnt > Bufsize)
750             Blocks -= (u_longlong_t)(Buffr.b_cnt / Bufsize);
751         break;
752     case OCo: /* COPY OUT */
753         if (Args & OCA) {
754             scan4trail();
755         }

757         Gen.g_dirfd = -1;
758         Gen.g_dirpath = NULL;
759         sl_preview_synonyms();

761         while ((i = getname()) != 0) {
762             if (i == 1) {

```

```

763             (void) file_out();
764             if (Atflag || SysAtflag) {
765                 if (Gen.g_dirfd != -1) {
766                     (void) close(Gen.g_dirfd);
767                 }
768                 Gen.g_dirfd = -1;
769                 xattrs_out(file_out);
770             }
771         }
772         if (aclp != NULL) {
773             acl_free(aclp);
774             aclp = NULL;
775             acl_is_set = 0;
776         }
777     }
778     write_trail();
779     break;
780 case OCp: /* PASS */
781     sl_preview_synonyms();

783     Gen.g_dirfd = -1;
784     Gen.g_passdirfd = -1;
785     Gen.g_dirpath = NULL;
786     Compress_sparse = 1;
787     while (getname()) {
788         /*
789          * If file is a fully qualified path then
790          * file_pass will strip off the leading '/'
791          * and we need to save off the unstripped
792          * name for attribute traversal.
793          */
794         if (Atflag || SysAtflag) {
795             (void) strcpy(Savenam_p, Gen.g_nam_p);
796         }
797         passret = file_pass();
798         if (aclp != NULL) {
799             acl_free(aclp);
800             aclp = NULL;
801             acl_is_set = 0;
802         }
803         if (Gen.g_passdirfd != -1)
804             (void) close(Gen.g_passdirfd);
805         Gen.g_passdirfd = -1;
806         if (Atflag || SysAtflag) {
807             if (Gen.g_dirfd != -1) {
808                 (void) close(Gen.g_dirfd);
809             }
810             Gen.g_dirfd = -1;
811             if (passret != FILE_LINKED) {
812                 Gen.g_nam_p = Savenam_p;
813                 xattrs_out(file_pass);
814             }
815         }
816     }
817     break;
818 default:
819     msg(EXT, "Impossible action.");
820 }
821 if (Ofile > 0) {
822     if (close(Ofile) != 0)
823         msg(EXTN, "close error");
824 }
825 if (Archive > 0) {
826     if (close(Archive) != 0)
827         msg(EXTN, "close error");
828 }

```

```

829     if ((Args & OCq) == 0) {
830         Blocks = (u_longlong_t)(Blocks * BuFSIZE + SBlocks +
831                                0x1FF) >> 9;
828     Blocks = (u_longlong_t)(Blocks * BuFSIZE + SBlocks + 0x1FF) >> 9;
832     msg(EPOST, "%lld blocks", Blocks);
833     }
834     if (Error_cnt)
835         msg(EPOST, "%d error(s)", Error_cnt);
836     return (EXIT_CODE);
837 }

```

unchanged portion omitted

```

6369 /*
6370  * setup: Perform setup and initialization functions. Parse the options
6371  * using getopt(3C), call kopts to check the options and initialize various
6372  * structures and pointers. Specifically, for the -i option, save any
6373  * patterns, for the -o option, check (via stat(2)) the archive, and for
6374  * the -p option, validate the destination directory.
6375  */

```

```

6377 static void
6378 setup(int largc, char **largv)
6379 {
6380     extern int optind;
6381     extern char *optarg;

```

```

6383 #if defined(O_XATTR)
6384 #if defined(_PC_SATTR_ENABLED)
6385 #ifdef WAITAROUND
6386     char *opts_p = "zabdfiklmopqrstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6387     char *opts_p = "zabdfiklmoprstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6388 #else
6389     char *opts_p = "abdfiklmopqrstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6390     char *opts_p = "abdfiklmoprstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6391 #endif

```

```

6392 #else /* _PC_SATTR_ENABLED */
6393 #ifdef WAITAROUND
6394     char *opts_p = "zabdfiklmopqrstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6395     char *opts_p = "zabdfiklmoprstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6396 #else
6397     char *opts_p = "abdfiklmopqrstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6398     char *opts_p = "abdfiklmoprstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6399 #endif

```

```

6400 #else /* O_XATTR */
6401 #ifdef WAITAROUND
6402     char *opts_p = "zabdfiklmopqrstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6403     char *opts_p = "zabdfiklmoprstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6404 #else
6405     char *opts_p = "abdfiklmopqrstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6406     char *opts_p = "abdfiklmoprstuvABC:DE:H:I:LM:O:PR:SV6@/";
6407 #endif

```

```

6407     char *dupl_p = "Only one occurrence of -%c allowed";
6408     int option;
6409     int blk_cnt, blk_cnt_max;
6410     struct rlimit rlim;

```

```

6412     /* Remember the native page size. */

```

```

6414     PageSize = sysconf(_SC_PAGESIZE);

```

```

6416     if (PageSize == -1) {

```

```

6417     /*
6418     * This sysconf call will almost certainly never fail. The
6419     * symbol PAGESIZE itself resolves to the above sysconf call,
6420     * so we should go ahead and define our own constant.
6421     */
6422     PageSize = 8192;
6423 }

```

```

6425     Hdr_type = BIN;
6426     Max_offset = (off_t)(BIN_OFFSET_MAX);
6427     Efil_p = Hdr_p = Own_p = Iofil_p = NULL;
6428     while ((option = getopt(largc, largv, opts_p)) != EOF) {
6429         switch (option) {
6430 #ifdef WAITAROUND
6431             case 'z':
6432                 /* rendezvous with the debugger */
6433                 waitaround = 1;
6434                 break;
6435 #endif
6436             case 'a': /* reset access time */
6437                 Args |= OCa;
6438                 break;
6439             case 'b': /* swap bytes and halfwords */
6440                 Args |= OCb;
6441                 break;
6442             case 'c': /* select character header */
6443                 Args |= OCc;
6444                 Hdr_type = ASC;
6445                 Max_namesz = APATH;
6446                 Onecopy = 1;
6447                 break;
6448             case 'd': /* create directories as needed */
6449                 Args |= Ocd;
6450                 break;
6451             case 'f': /* select files not in patterns */
6452                 Args |= OCf;
6453                 break;
6454             case 'i': /* "copy in" */
6455                 Args |= OCi;
6456                 Archive = 0;
6457                 break;
6458             case 'k': /* retry after I/O errors */
6459                 Args |= OCk;
6460                 break;
6461             case 'l': /* link files when possible */
6462                 Args |= Ocl;
6463                 break;
6464             case 'm': /* retain modification time */
6465                 Args |= OCm;
6466                 break;
6467             case 'o': /* "copy out" */
6468                 Args |= OCo;
6469                 Archive = 1;
6470                 break;
6471             case 'p': /* "pass" */
6472                 Max_namesz = APATH;
6473                 Args |= OCp;
6474                 break;
6475             case 'q': /* "quiet" */
6476                 Args |= OCq;
6477                 break;
6478             case 'r': /* rename files interactively */
6479                 Args |= OCr;
6480                 break;
6481             case 's': /* swap bytes */
6482                 Args |= OCs;

```

```

6483         break;
6484     case 't': /* table of contents */
6485         Args |= OCT;
6486         break;
6487     case 'u': /* copy unconditionally */
6488         Args |= OCu;
6489         break;
6490     case 'v': /* verbose - print file names */
6491         Args |= OCv;
6492         break;
6493     case 'A': /* append to existing archive */
6494         Args |= OCA;
6495         break;
6496     case 'B': /* set block size to 5120 bytes */
6497         Args |= OCB;
6498         Buftype = 5120;
6499         break;
6500     case 'C': /* set arbitrary block size */
6501         if (Args & OCC)
6502             msg(ERR, dupl_p, 'C');
6503         else {
6504             Args |= OCC;
6505             Buftype = atoi(optarg);
6506         }
6507         break;
6508     case 'D':
6509         Dflag = 1;
6510         break;
6511     case 'E': /* alternate file for pattern input */
6512         if (Args & OCE)
6513             msg(ERR, dupl_p, 'E');
6514         else {
6515             Args |= OCE;
6516             Efil_p = optarg;
6517         }
6518         break;
6519     case 'H': /* select header type */
6520         if (Args & OCH)
6521             msg(ERR, dupl_p, 'H');
6522         else {
6523             Args |= OCH;
6524             Hdr_p = optarg;
6525         }
6526         break;
6527     case 'I': /* alternate file for archive input */
6528         if (Args & OCI)
6529             msg(ERR, dupl_p, 'I');
6530         else {
6531             Args |= OCI;
6532             IOfil_p = optarg;
6533         }
6534         break;
6535     case 'L': /* follow symbolic links */
6536         Args |= OCL;
6537         break;
6538     case 'M': /* specify new end-of-media message */
6539         if (Args & OCM)
6540             msg(ERR, dupl_p, 'M');
6541         else {
6542             Args |= OCM;
6543             Eom_p = optarg;
6544         }
6545         break;
6546     case 'O': /* alternate file for archive output */
6547         if (Args & OCO)
6548             msg(ERR, dupl_p, 'O');

```

```

6549         else {
6550             Args |= OCO;
6551             IOfil_p = optarg;
6552         }
6553         break;
6554     case 'P': /* preserve acls */
6555         Args |= OCP;
6556         Pflag++;
6557         break;
6558     case 'R': /* change owner/group of files */
6559         if (Args & OCR)
6560             msg(ERR, dupl_p, 'R');
6561         else {
6562             Args |= OCR;
6563             Own_p = optarg;
6564         }
6565         break;
6566     case 'S': /* swap halfwords */
6567         Args |= OCS;
6568         break;
6569     case 'V': /* print a dot '.' for each file */
6570         Args |= OCV;
6571         break;
6572     case '6': /* for old, sixth-edition files */
6573         Args |= OC6;
6574         Ftype = SIXTH;
6575         break;
6576 #if defined(O_XATTR)
6577     case '@':
6578         Atflag++;
6579         break;
6580 #if defined(_PC_SATTR_ENABLED)
6581     case '/':
6582         SysAtflag++;
6583         break;
6584 #endif /* _PC_SATTR_ENABLED */
6585 #endif /* O_XATTR */
6586     default:
6587         Error_cnt++;
6588     } /* option */
6589 } /* (option = getopt(largc, largv, opts_p)) != EOF */

6591 #ifdef WAITAROUND
6592     if (waitaround) {
6593         (void) fprintf(stderr, gettext("Rendezvous with cpio on pid")
6594             " %d\n", getpid());
6595     }
6596     while (waitaround) {
6597         (void) sleep(10);
6598     }
6599 }
6600 #endif

6602     largc -= optind;
6603     largv += optind;
6604     ckopts(Args);
6605     if (!Error_cnt) {
6606         if (Args & OCr) {
6607             Renam_p = e_zalloc(E_EXIT, APATH + 1);
6608             Renametmp_p = e_zalloc(E_EXIT, APATH + 1);
6609 #if defined(_PC_SATTR_ENABLED)
6610             Renam_attr_p = e_zalloc(E_EXIT, APATH + 1);
6611 #endif
6612         }
6613         Symlnk_p = e_zalloc(E_EXIT, APATH);
6614         Over_p = e_zalloc(E_EXIT, APATH);

```

```

6615     Nam_p = e_zalloc(E_EXIT, APATH + 1);
6616     if (Args & OCp) {
6617         Savenam_p = e_zalloc(E_EXIT, APATH + 1);
6618     }
6619     Fullnam_p = e_zalloc(E_EXIT, APATH);
6620     Lnknam_p = e_zalloc(E_EXIT, APATH);
6621     Gen.g_nam_p = Nam_p;
6622     if ((Fullnam_p = getcwd(NULL, APATH)) == NULL)
6623         msg(EXT, "Unable to determine current directory.");
6624     if (Args & OCi) {
6625         if (largc > 0) /* save patterns for -i option, if any */
6626             Pat_pp = largv;
6627         if (Args & OCE)
6628             getpats(largc, largv);
6629     } else if (Args & OCo) {
6630         if (largc != 0) /* error if arguments left with -o */
6631             Error_cnt++;
6632         else if (fstat(Archive, &ArchSt) < 0)
6633             msg(ERRN, "Error during stat() of archive");
6634         switch (Hdr_type) {
6635             case BIN:
6636                 Hdrsz = HDRSZ;
6637                 Pad_val = HALFWD;
6638                 break;
6639             case CHR:
6640                 Hdrsz = CHRSZ;
6641                 Pad_val = 0;
6642                 Max_offset = (off_t)(CHAR_OFFSET_MAX);
6643                 break;
6644             case ASC:
6645             case CRC:
6646                 Hdrsz = ASCSZ;
6647                 Pad_val = FULLWD;
6648                 Max_offset = (off_t)(ASC_OFFSET_MAX);
6649                 break;
6650             case TAR:
6651                 /* FALLTHROUGH */
6652             case USTAR: /* TAR and USTAR */
6653                 Hdrsz = TARSZ;
6654                 Pad_val = FULLBK;
6655                 Max_offset = (off_t)(CHAR_OFFSET_MAX);
6656                 break;
6657             default:
6658                 msg(EXT, "Impossible header type.");
6659         }
6660     } else { /* directory must be specified */
6661         if (largc != 1)
6662             Error_cnt++;
6663         else if (access(*largv, 2) < 0 && (errno != EACCES))
6664             /*
6665              * EACCES is ignored here as it may occur
6666              * when any directory component of the path
6667              * does not have write permission, even though
6668              * the destination subdirectory has write
6669              * access. Writing to a read only directory
6670              * is handled later, as in "copy in" mode.
6671              */
6672             msg(ERRN,
6673                "Error during access() of \"%s\"", *largv);
6674     }
6675 }
6676 if (Error_cnt)
6677     usage(); /* exits! */
6678 if (Args & (OCi | OCo)) {
6679     if (!Dflag) {
6680         if (Args & (OCB | OCC)) {

```

```

6681         if (g_init(&Device, &Archive) < 0)
6682             msg(EXTN,
6683                "Error during initialization");
6684     } else {
6685         if ((Bufsize = g_init(&Device, &Archive)) < 0)
6686             msg(EXTN,
6687                "Error during initialization");
6688     }
6689 }
6690
6691 blk_cnt_max = _20K / Bufsize;
6692 if (blk_cnt_max < MX_BUFS) {
6693     blk_cnt_max = MX_BUFS;
6694 }
6695
6696 Buffr.b_base_p = NULL;
6697
6698 for (blk_cnt = blk_cnt_max; blk_cnt > 1; blk_cnt--) {
6699     Buffr.b_size = (size_t)(Bufsize * blk_cnt);
6700     Buffr.b_base_p = e_valloc(E_NORMAL, Buffr.b_size);
6701     if (Buffr.b_base_p != NULL) {
6702         break;
6703     }
6704 }
6705 if (Buffr.b_base_p == NULL || Buffr.b_size < (2 * CPIOBSZ)) {
6706     msg(EXT, "Out of memory");
6707 }
6708
6709 Buffr.b_out_p = Buffr.b_in_p = Buffr.b_base_p;
6710 Buffr.b_cnt = 0L;
6711 Buffr.b_end_p = Buffr.b_base_p + Buffr.b_size;
6712 }
6713
6714 /*
6715  * Now that Bufsize has stabilized, we can allocate our i/o buffer
6716  */
6717 Buf_p = e_valloc(E_EXIT, Bufsize);
6718
6719 if (Args & OCp) { /* get destination directory */
6720     (void) strcpy(Fullnam_p, *largv);
6721     if (stat(Fullnam_p, &DesSt) < 0)
6722         msg(EXTN, "Error during stat() of \"%s\"", Fullnam_p);
6723     if ((DesSt.st_mode & Ftype) != S_IFDIR)
6724         msg(EXT, "\"%s\" is not a directory", Fullnam_p);
6725 }
6726 Full_p = Fullnam_p + strlen(Fullnam_p) - 1;
6727 if (*Full_p != '/') {
6728     Full_p++;
6729     *Full_p = '/';
6730 }
6731 Full_p++;
6732 *Full_p = '\0';
6733 (void) strcpy(Lnknam_p, Fullnam_p);
6734 Lnkend_p = Lnknam_p + strlen(Lnknam_p);
6735 (void) getrlimit(RLIMIT_FSIZE, &rlim);
6736 Max_filesz = (off_t)rlim.rlim_cur;
6737 Lnk_hd.L_nxt_p = Lnk_hd.L_bck_p = &Lnk_hd;
6738 Lnk_hd.L_lnk_p = NULL;
6739 }
6740
6741 unchanged_portion_omitted
6742
6743 6866 /*
6744 6867  * usage: Print the usage message on stderr and exit.
6745 6868  */
6746
6747 6870 static void

```

```

6871 usage(void)
6872 {
6874     (void) fflush(stdout);
6875 #if defined(O_XATTR)
6876     (void) fprintf(stderr, gettext("USAGE:\n"
6877     "\tcpio -i[bcdfkqrstuv@BSV6] [-C size] "
6878     "\tcpio -i[bcdfkqrstuv@BSV6] [-C size] "
6879     "[-E file] [-H hdr] [-I file [-M msg]] "
6880     "[-R id] [patterns]\n"
6881     "\tcpio -o[acv@ABLV] [-C size] "
6882     "[-H hdr] [-O file [-M msg]]\n"
6883     "\tcpio -p[adlmuv@LV] [-R id] directory\n"));
6884 #else
6885     (void) fprintf(stderr, gettext("USAGE:\n"
6886     "\tcpio -i[bcdfkqrstuv@BSV6] [-C size] "
6887     "\tcpio -i[bcdfkqrstuv@BSV6] [-C size] "
6888     "[-E file] [-H hdr] [-I file [-M msg]] "
6889     "[-R id] [patterns]\n"
6890     "\tcpio -o[acv@ABLV] [-C size] "
6891     "[-H hdr] [-O file [-M msg]]\n"
6892     "\tcpio -p[adlmuv@LV] [-R id] directory\n"));
6893 #endif
6894     (void) fflush(stderr);
6895     exit(EXIT_CODE);
6896 }
_____unchanged_portion_omitted_____

```


new/usr/src/cmd/cpio/cpio.h

1

```
*****
9707 Sun Aug 5 16:35:35 2012
new/usr/src/cmd/cpio/cpio.h
1154 cpio needs a quiet option
*****

1 /*
2  * CDDL HEADER START
3  *
4  * The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the
5  * Common Development and Distribution License (the "License").
6  * You may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
7  *
8  * You can obtain a copy of the license at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE
9  * or http://www.opensolaris.org/os/licensing.
10 * See the License for the specific language governing permissions
11 * and limitations under the License.
12 *
13 * When distributing Covered Code, include this CDDL HEADER in each
14 * file and include the License file at usr/src/OPENSOLARIS.LICENSE.
15 * If applicable, add the following below this CDDL HEADER, with the
16 * fields enclosed by brackets "[]" replaced with your own identifying
17 * information: Portions Copyright [yyyy] [name of copyright owner]
18 *
19 * CDDL HEADER END
20 */
21 /*
22 * Copyright (c) 2012 Gary Mills
23 *
24 * Copyright 2009 Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.
25 * Use is subject to license terms.
26 */

28 /*      Copyright (c) 1984, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989 AT&T */
29 /*      All Rights Reserved */

31 #ifndef _CPIO_H
32 #define _CPIO_H

34 #ifdef __cplusplus
35 extern "C" {
36 #endif

38 #include <stdio.h>
39 #include <archives.h>

41 /* Option Character keys (OC#), where '#' is the option character specified. */

43 #define OCa 0x1
44 #define OCb 0x2
45 #define OCc 0x4
46 #define OCd 0x8
47 #define OCf 0x10
48 #define OCi 0x20
49 #define OCk 0x40
50 #define OCl 0x80
51 #define OCm 0x100
52 #define OCo 0x200
53 #define OCp 0x400
54 #define OCr 0x800
55 #define OCs 0x1000
56 #define OCt 0x2000
57 #define OCu 0x4000
58 #define OCv 0x8000
59 #define OCa 0x10000
60 #define OCB 0x20000
61 #define OCC 0x40000
```

new/usr/src/cmd/cpio/cpio.h

2

```
62 #define OCE 0x80000
63 #define OCH 0x100000
64 #define OCI 0x200000
65 #define OCL 0x400000
66 #define OCM 0x800000
67 #define OCO 0x1000000
68 #define OCR 0x2000000
69 #define OCS 0x4000000
70 #define OCV 0x8000000
71 #define OC6 0x10000000
72 #define BSM 0x20000000
73 #define OCP 0x40000000
74 #define OCq 0x80000000

76 /* Sparse file support */
77 #define C_ISSPARSE 0200000
78 #define S_IFSPARSE 0x10000
79 #define HIGH_ORD_MASK 0x30000
80 #define S_ISSPARSE(mode) \
81     (S_ISREG(mode) && (mode & HIGH_ORD_MASK) == S_IFSPARSE)

83 /* Invalid option masks for each action option (-i, -o or -p). */

85 #define INV_MSK4i (OCo | OCp | OCA | OCL | OCO)

87 #define INV_MSK4o (OCi | OCp | OCE | OCI | OCR)

89 #define INV_MSK4p (OCf | OCi | OCo | OCR | OCT | OCA \
90     | OCE | OCH | OCI | OCO)

92 /* Header types */

94 #define NONE 0 /* No header value verified */
95 #define BIN 1 /* Binary */
96 #define CHR 2 /* ASCII character (-c) */
97 #define ASC 3 /* ASCII with expanded maj/min numbers */
98 #define CRC 4 /* CRC with expanded maj/min numbers */
99 #define TARTYP 5 /* Tar or USTAR */
100 #define SECURE 6 /* Secure system */

102 /* Differentiate between TAR and USTAR */

104 #define TAR 7 /* Regular tar */
105 #define USTAR 8 /* IEEE data interchange standard */

107 #define ULL_MAX_SIZE 20
108 #define UL_MAX_SIZE 10

110 /* constants for bar, used for extracting bar archives */
111 #define BAR 9
112 #define BAR_VOLUME_MAGIC 'V'
113 #define BARTYP 7
114 #define BARSZ 512
115 #define BAR_TAPE_SIZE (126*BARSZ)
116 #define BAR_FLOPPY_SIZE (18*BARSZ)

118 /* the pathname lengths for the USTAR header */

120 #define MAXNAM 256 /* The maximum pathname length */
121 #define NAMSIZ 100 /* The maximum length of the name field */
122 #define PRESIZ 155 /* The maximum length of the prefix */

124 /* HDRSZ: header size minus filename field length */

126 #define HDRSZ (Hdr.h_name - (char *)&Hdr)
```

```

128 /*
129  * IDENT: Determine if two stat() structures represent identical files.
130  * Assumes that if the device and inode are the same the files are
131  * identical (prevents the archive file from appearing in the archive).
132  */
133
134 #define IDENT(a, b) ((a.st_ino == b.st_ino && a.st_dev == b.st_dev) ? 1 : 0)
135
136 /*
137  * FLUSH: Determine if enough space remains in the buffer to hold
138  * cnt bytes, if not, call bflush() to flush the buffer to the archive.
139  */
140
141 #define FLUSH(cnt) if ((Buffr.b_end_p - Buffr.b_in_p) < cnt) bflush()
142
143 /*
144  * FILL: Determine if enough bytes remain in the buffer to meet current needs,
145  * if not, call rstbuf() to reset and refill the buffer from the archive.
146  */
147
148 #define FILL(cnt) while (Buffr.b_cnt < cnt) rstbuf()
149
150 /*
151  * VERBOSE: If x is non-zero, call verbose().
152  */
153
154 #define VERBOSE(x, name) if (x) verbose(name)
155
156 /*
157  * FORMAT: Date time formats
158  * b - abbreviated month name
159  * e - day of month (1 - 31)
160  * H - hour (00 - 23)
161  * M - minute (00 - 59)
162  * Y - year as cyy
163  */
164
165 #define FORMAT "%b %e %H:%M %Y"
166
167 /* Extended system attributes */
168 #ifndef VIEW_READONLY
169 #define VIEW_READONLY "SUNWattr_ro"
170 #endif
171
172 #ifndef VIEW_READWRITE
173 #define VIEW_READWRITE "SUNWattr_rw"
174 #endif
175
176 #define min(a, b) ((a) < (b) ? (a) : (b))
177
178 /* Values used in typeflag field */
179 #define REGTYPE '0' /* Regular File */
180 #define LNKTYPE '1' /* Link */
181 #define SYMTYPE '2' /* Reserved */
182 #define CHRTYPE '3' /* Character Special File */
183 #define BLKTYPE '4' /* Block Special File */
184 #define DIRTYPE '5' /* Directory */
185 #define FIFOTYPE '6' /* FIFO */
186 #define CONTTYPE '7' /* Reserved */
187 #define XHDRTYPE 'X' /* Extended header */
188
189 #define INPUT 0 /* -i mode (used for chgreel()) */
190 #define OUTPUT 1 /* -o mode (used for chgreel()) */
191 #define APATH 1024 /* maximum ASC or CRC header path length */
192 #define CPATH 256 /* maximum -c and binary path length */
193 #define BUFSZ 512 /* default buffer size for archive I/O */

```

```

194 #define CPIOBSZ 8192 /* buffer size for file system I/O */
195 #define LNK_INC 500 /* link allocation increment */
196 #define MX_BUFS 10 /* max. number of buffers to allocate */
197
198 #define F_SKIP 0 /* an object did not match the patterns */
199 #define F_LINK 1 /* linked file */
200 #define F_EXTR 2 /* extract non-linked object that matched patterns */
201
202 #define MX_SEEKS 10 /* max. number of lseek attempts after error */
203 #define SEEK_ABS 0 /* lseek absolute */
204 #define SEEK_REL 1 /* lseek relative */
205
206 /*
207  * xxx_CNT represents the number of sscanf items that will be matched
208  * if the sscanf to read a header is successful. If sscanf returns a number
209  * that is not equal to this, an error occurred (which indicates that this
210  * is not a valid header of the type assumed.
211  */
212
213 #define ASC_CNT 14 /* ASC and CRC headers */
214 #define CHR_CNT 11 /* CHR header */
215
216 /* These defines determine the severity of the message sent to the user. */
217
218 #define ERR 1 /* Error message (warning) - not fatal */
219 #define EXT 2 /* Error message - fatal, causes exit */
220 #define ERRN 3 /* Error message with errno (warning) - not fatal */
221 #define EXTN 4 /* Error message with errno - fatal, causes exit */
222 #define POST 5 /* Information message, not an error */
223 #define EPOST 6 /* Information message to stderr */
224
225 #define SIXTH 060000 /* UNIX 6th edition files */
226
227 #define P_SKIP 0 /* File should be skipped */
228 #define P_PROC 1 /* File should be processed */
229
230 #define U_KEEP 0 /* Keep the existing version of a file (-u) */
231 #define U_OVER 1 /* Overwrite the existing version of a file (-u) */
232
233 /*
234  * _20K: Allocate the maximum of (20K or (MX_BUFS * BuFSIZE)) bytes
235  * for the main I/O buffer. Therefore if a user specifies a small buffer
236  * size, they still get decent performance due to the buffering strategy.
237  */
238
239 #define _20K 20480
240
241 #define HALFWD 1 /* Pad headers/data to halfword boundaries */
242 #define FULLWD 3 /* Pad headers/data to word boundaries */
243 #define FULLBK 511 /* Pad headers/data to 512 byte boundaries */
244
245 /* bar structure */
246 union b_block {
247     char dummy[TBLOCK];
248     struct bar_header {
249         char mode[8];
250         char uid[8];
251         char gid[8];
252         char size[12];
253         char mtime[12];
254         char chksum[8];
255         char rdev[8];
256         char linkflag;
257     };
258 };
259
260 /*
261  * The following fields are specific to the volume

```

new/usr/src/cmd/cpio/cpio.h

5

```
260          * header.  They are set to zero in all file headers
261          * in the archive.
262          */
263          char bar_magic[2];      /* magic number */
264          char volume_num[4];     /* volume number */
265          char compressed;        /* files compressed = 1 */
266          char date[12];          /* date of archive mmddhhmm */
267          char start_of_name;     /* start of the filename */
268      } dbuf;
269 };
unchanged_portion_omitted
```

25659 Sun Aug 5 16:35:35 2012

new/usr/src/man/man1/cpio.1

1154 cpio needs a quiet option

```

1  \" te
2  \" Copyright 1989 AT&T
3  \" Copyright (c) 2009, Sun Microsystems, Inc. All Rights Reserved
4  \" Copyright (c) 2012 Gary Mills
5  \" Portions Copyright (c) 1992, X/Open Company Limited All Rights Reserved
6  \" Sun Microsystems, Inc. gratefully acknowledges The Open Group for permission
7  \" The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers and The Open Group, ha
8  \" are reprinted and reproduced in electronic form in the Sun OS Reference Manu
9  \" and Electronics Engineers, Inc and The Open Group. In the event of any discr
10 \" This notice shall appear on any product containing this material.
11 \" The contents of this file are subject to the terms of the Common Development
12 \" See the License for the specific language governing permissions and limitat
13 \" the fields enclosed by brackets \"[]\" replaced with your own identifying info
14 .TH CPIO 1 \"Aug 3, 2009\"
15 .SH NAME
16 cpio \- copy file archives in and out
17 .SH SYNOPSIS
18 .LP
19 .nf
20 \fBcpio\fR \fB-i\fR [\fB-bBcdfkmpqrsStuvV6@\fR] [\fB-C\fR \fBIbufsize\fR] [\fB-E
19 \fBcpio\fR \fB-i\fR [\fB-bBcdfkmpPrsStuvV6@\fR] [\fB-C\fR \fBIbufsize\fR] [\fB-E
21 [\fB-H\fR \fIheader\fR] [\fB-I\fR \fIi\fR [\fB-M\fR \fIimage\fR]] [\fB-R\f
22 .fi

24 .LP
25 .nf
26 \fBcpio\fR \fB-o\fR [\fB-aABcLPqvV@\fR] [\fB-C\fR \fBIbufsize\fR] [\fB-H\fR \fIh
25 \fBcpio\fR \fB-o\fR [\fB-aABcLPvV@\fR] [\fB-C\fR \fBIbufsize\fR] [\fB-H\fR \fIh
27 [\fB-O\fR \fIfile\fR [\fB-M\fR \fIimage\fR]]
28 .fi

30 .LP
31 .nf
32 \fBcpio\fR \fB-p\fR [\fB-adlLmPquvV@\fR] [\fB-R\fR \fIid\fR] \fIdirectory\fR
31 \fBcpio\fR \fB-p\fR [\fB-adlLmPuvV@\fR] [\fB-R\fR \fIid\fR] \fIdirectory\fR
33 .fi

35 .SH DESCRIPTION
36 .sp
37 .LP
38 The \fBcpio\fR command copies files into and out of a \fBcpio\fR archive. The
39 \fBcpio\fR archive can span multiple volumes. The \fB-i\fR, \fB-o\fR, and
40 \fB-p\fR options select the action to be performed. The following list
41 describes each of the actions. These actions are mutually exclusive.
42 .SS \"Copy In Mode\"
43 .sp
44 .LP
45 \fBcpio\fR \fB-i\fR (copy in) extracts files from the standard input, which is
46 assumed to be the product of a previous \fBcpio\fR \fB-o\fR command. Only files
47 with names that match one of the \fIpattern\fRs are selected. See \fBsh\fR(1)
48 and OPERANDS for more information about \fIpattern\fR. Extracted files are
49 conditionally copied into the current directory tree, based on the options
50 described below. The permissions of the files are those of the previous \fBcpio
51 -o\fR command. The owner and group are the same as the current user, unless the
52 current user has the \fB{PRIV_FILE_CHOWN_SELF}\fR privilege. See
53 \fBchown\fR(2). If this is the case, owner and group are the same as those
54 resulting from the previous \fBcpio -o\fR command. Notice that if \fBcpio\fR
55 \fB-i\fR tries to create a file that already exists and the existing file is
56 the same age or younger (\fBnewer\fR), \fBcpio\fR outputs a warning message and
57 not replace the file. The \fB-u\fR option can be used to unconditionally
58 overwrite the existing file.

```

```

59 .SS \"Copy Out Mode\"
60 .sp
61 .LP
62 \fBcpio\fR \fB-o\fR (copy out) reads a list of file path names from the
63 standard input and copies those files to the standard output, together with
64 path name and status information in the form of a \fBcpio\fR archive. Output is
65 padded to an 8192-byte boundary by default or to the user-specified block size
66 (with the \fB-B\fR or \fB-C\fR options) or to some device-dependent block size
67 where necessary (as with the CTC tape).
68 .SS \"Pass Mode\"
69 .sp
70 .LP
71 \fBcpio\fR \fB-p\fR (pass) reads a list of file path names from the standard
72 input and conditionally copies those files into the destination directory tree,
73 based on the options described below.
74 .sp
75 .LP
76 If the underlying file system of the source file supports detection of holes as
77 reported by \fBpathconf\fR(2), the file is a sparse file, and the destination
78 file is seekable, then holes in sparse files are preserved in pass mode,
79 otherwise holes are filled with zeros.
80 .sp
81 .LP
82 \fBcpio\fR assumes four-byte words.
83 .sp
84 .LP
85 If, when writing to a character device (\fB-o\fR) or reading from a character
86 device (\fB-i\fR), \fBcpio\fR reaches the end of a medium (such as the end of a
87 diskette), and the \fB-O\fR and \fB-I\fR options are not used, \fBcpio\fR
88 prints the following message:
89 .sp
90 .in +2
91 .nf
92 To continue, type device/file name when ready.
93 .fi
94 .in -2
95 .sp

97 .sp
98 .LP
99 To continue, you must replace the medium and type the character special device
100 name (\fB/dev/rdiskette\fR for example) and press RETURN. You might want to
101 continue by directing \fBcpio\fR to use a different device. For example, if you
102 have two floppy drives you might want to switch between them so \fBcpio\fR can
103 proceed while you are changing the floppies. Press RETURN to cause the
104 \fBcpio\fR process to exit.
105 .SH OPTIONS
106 .sp
107 .LP
108 The following options are supported:
109 .sp
110 .ne 2
111 .na
112 \fB-i\fR Reads an archive from the standard input and conditionally extracts
113 the files contained in it and places them into the current directory tree.
114 .ad
115 .RS 6n
116 (copy in) Reads an archive from the standard input and conditionally extracts
117 the files contained in it and places them into the current directory tree.
118 .RE

119 .sp
120 .ne 2
121 .na
122 \fB-o\fR Reads an archive from the standard input and conditionally extracts
123 the files contained in it and places them into the current directory tree.
124 .ad
125 .RS 6n

```

```

125 (copy out) Reads a list of file path names from the standard input and copies
126 those files to the standard output in the form of a \fBcpio\fR archive.
127 .RE

129 .sp
130 .ne 2
131 .na
132 \fB\fB-p\fR\fR
133 .ad
134 .RS 6n
135 (pass) Reads a list of file path names from the standard input and
136 conditionally copies those files into the destination directory tree.
137 .RE

139 .sp
140 .LP
141 The following options can be appended in any sequence to the \fB-i\fR,
142 \fB-o\fR, or \fB-p\fR options:
143 .sp
144 .ne 2
145 .na
146 \fB\fB-a\fR\fR
147 .ad
148 .RS 14n
149 Resets access times of input files after they have been copied, making
150 \fBcpio\fR's access invisible. Access times are not reset for linked files when
151 \fBcpio\fR \fB-pla\fR is specified.
152 .RE

154 .sp
155 .ne 2
156 .na
157 \fB\fB-A\fR\fR
158 .ad
159 .RS 14n
160 Appends files to an archive. The \fB-A\fR option requires the \fB-O\fR option.
161 Valid only with archives that are files, or that are on floppy diskettes or
162 hard disk partitions. The effect on files that are linked in the existing
163 portion of the archive is unpredictable.
164 .RE

166 .sp
167 .ne 2
168 .na
169 \fB\fB-b\fR\fR
170 .ad
171 .RS 14n
172 Reverses the order of the bytes within each word. Use only with the \fB-i\fR
173 option.
174 .RE

176 .sp
177 .ne 2
178 .na
179 \fB\fB-B\fR\fR
180 .ad
181 .RS 14n
182 Blocks input/output 5120 bytes to the record. The default buffer size is 8192
183 bytes when this and the \fB-C\fR options are not used. \fB-B\fR does not apply
184 to the \fB-p\fR (pass) option.
185 .RE

187 .sp
188 .ne 2
189 .na
190 \fB\fB-c\fR\fR

```

```

191 .ad
192 .RS 14n
193 Reads or writes header information in \fBASCII\fR character form for
194 portability. There are no \fBUID\fR or \fBGID\fR restrictions associated with
195 this header format. Use this option between SVR4-based machines, or the
196 \fB-H\fR \fBodc\fR option between unknown machines. The \fB-c\fR option implies
197 the use of expanded device numbers, which are only supported on SVR4-based
198 systems. When transferring files between SunOS 4 or Interactive UNIX and the
199 Solaris 2.6 Operating environment or compatible versions, use \fB-H\fR
200 \fBodc\fR.
201 .RE

203 .sp
204 .ne 2
205 .na
206 \fB\fB-C\fR \fBfIbufsize\fR\fR
207 .ad
208 .RS 14n
209 Blocks input/output \fBfIbufsize\fR bytes to the record, where \fBfIbufsize\fR is
210 replaced by a positive integer. The default buffer size is 8192 bytes when this
211 and \fB-B\fR options are not used. \fB-C\fR does not apply to the \fB-p\fR
212 (pass) option.
213 .RE

215 .sp
216 .ne 2
217 .na
218 \fB\fB-d\fR\fR
219 .ad
220 .RS 14n
221 Creates directories as needed.
222 .RE

224 .sp
225 .ne 2
226 .na
227 \fB\fB-E\fR \fBfIfile\fR\fR
228 .ad
229 .RS 14n
230 Specifies an input file (\fBfIfile\fR) that contains a list of filenames to be
231 extracted from the archive (one filename per line).
232 .RE

234 .sp
235 .ne 2
236 .na
237 \fB\fB-f\fR\fR
238 .ad
239 .RS 14n
240 Copies in all files except those in \fBfIpattern\fRs. See OPERANDS for a
241 description of \fBfIpattern\fR.
242 .RE

244 .sp
245 .ne 2
246 .na
247 \fB\fB-H\fR \fBfIheader\fR\fR
248 .ad
249 .RS 14n
250 Reads or writes header information in \fBfIheader\fR format. Always use this
251 option or the \fB-c\fR option when the origin and the destination machines are
252 different types. This option is mutually exclusive with options \fB-c\fR and
253 \fB-6\fR.
254 .sp
255 Valid values for \fBfIheader\fR are:
256 .sp

```

```

257 .ne 2
258 .na
259 \fB\fBbar\fR\fR
260 .ad
261 .RS 17n
262 \fBbar\fR head and format. Used only with the \fB-i\fR option ( read only).
263 .RE

265 .sp
266 .ne 2
267 .na
268 \fB\fBcrc\fR | \fBCRC\fR\fR
269 .ad
270 .RS 17n
271 \fBASCII\fR header with expanded device numbers and an additional per-file
272 checksum. There are no \fBUID\fR or \fBGID\fR restrictions associated with this
273 header format.
274 .RE

276 .sp
277 .ne 2
278 .na
279 \fB\fBodc\fR\fR
280 .ad
281 .RS 17n
282 \fBASCII\fR header with small device numbers. This is the IEEE/P1003 Data
283 Interchange Standard cpio header and format. It has the widest range of
284 portability of any of the header formats. It is the official format for
285 transferring files between POSIX-conforming systems (see \fBstandards\fR(5)).
286 Use this format to communicate with SunOS 4 and Interactive UNIX. This header
287 format allows \fBUID\fRs and \fBGID\fRs up to 262143 to be stored in the
288 header.
289 .RE

291 .sp
292 .ne 2
293 .na
294 \fB\fBTar\fR | \fBTAR\fR\fR
295 .ad
296 .RS 17n
297 \fBTar\fR header and format. This is an older \fBTar\fR header format that
298 allows \fBUID\fRs and \fBGID\fRs up to 2097151 to be stored in the header. It
299 is provided for the reading of legacy archives only, that is, in conjunction
300 with option \fB-i\fR.
301 .sp
302 Specifying this archive format with option \fB-o\fR has the same effect as
303 specifying the "ustar" format: the output archive is in \fBustar\fR format, and
304 must be read using \fB-H\fR \fBustar\fR.
305 .RE

307 .sp
308 .ne 2
309 .na
310 \fB\fBustar\fR | \fBUSTAR\fR\fR
311 .ad
312 .RS 17n
313 IEEE/P1003 Data Interchange Standard tar header and format. This header format
314 allows \fBUID\fRs and \fBGID\fRs up to 2097151 to be stored in the header.
315 .RE

317 Files with \fBUID\fRs and \fBGID\fRs greater than the limit stated above are
318 archived with the \fBUID\fR and \fBGID\fR of \fB60001\fR. To transfer a large
319 file (8 Gb \fR(1 byte)\fR), the header format can be \fBTar\fR,
320 \fBustar\fR, or \fBodc\fR only.
321 .RE

```

```

323 .sp
324 .ne 2
325 .na
326 \fB\fB-I\fR \fIfile\fR\fR
327 .ad
328 .RS 14n
329 Reads the contents of \fIfile\fR as an input archive, instead of the standard
330 input. If \fIfile\fR is a character special device, and the current medium has
331 been completely read, replace the medium and press RETURN to continue to the
332 next medium. This option is used only with the \fB-i\fR option.
333 .RE

335 .sp
336 .ne 2
337 .na
338 \fB\fB-k\fR\fR
339 .ad
340 .RS 14n
341 Attempts to skip corrupted file headers and I/O errors that might be
342 encountered. If you want to copy files from a medium that is corrupted or out
343 of sequence, this option lets you read only those files with good headers. For
344 \fBcpio\fR archives that contain other \fBcpio\fR archives, if an error is
345 encountered, \fBcpio\fR can terminate prematurely. \fBcpio\fR finds the next
346 good header, which can be one for a smaller archive, and terminate when the
347 smaller archive's trailer is encountered. Use only with the \fB-i\fR option.
348 .RE

350 .sp
351 .ne 2
352 .na
353 \fB\fB-l\fR\fR
354 .ad
355 .RS 14n
356 In pass mode, makes hard links between the source and destination whenever
357 possible. If the \fB-L\fR option is also specified, the hard link is to the
358 file referred to by the symbolic link. Otherwise, the hard link is to the
359 symbolic link itself. Use only with the \fB-p\fR option.
360 .RE

362 .sp
363 .ne 2
364 .na
365 \fB\fB-L\fR\fR
366 .ad
367 .RS 14n
368 Follows symbolic links. If a symbolic link to a directory is encountered,
369 archives the directory referred to by the link, using the name of the link.
370 Otherwise, archives the file referred to by the link, using the name of the
371 link.
372 .RE

374 .sp
375 .ne 2
376 .na
377 \fB\fB-m\fR\fR
378 .ad
379 .RS 14n
380 Retains previous file modification time. This option is ineffective on
381 directories that are being copied.
382 .RE

384 .sp
385 .ne 2
386 .na
387 \fB\fB-M\fR \fImessage\fR\fR
388 .ad

```

```

389 .RS 14n
390 Defines a \fImessage\fR to use when switching media. When you use the \fB-O\fR
391 or \fB-I\fR options and specify a character special device, you can use this
392 option to define the message that is printed when you reach the end of the
393 medium. One \fB%d\fR can be placed in \fImessage\fR to print the sequence
394 number of the next medium needed to continue.
395 .RE

397 .sp
398 .ne 2
399 .na
400 \fB\fB-O\fR \fIfile\fR
401 .ad
402 .RS 14n
403 Directs the output of \fBcpio\fR to \fIfile\fR, instead of the standard output.
404 If \fIfile\fR is a character special device and the current medium is full,
405 replace the medium and type a carriage return to continue to the next medium.
406 Use only with the \fB-o\fR option.
407 .RE

409 .sp
410 .ne 2
411 .na
412 \fB\fB-P\fR \fR
413 .ad
414 .RS 14n
415 Preserves \fBACL\fRs. If the option is used for output, existing \fBACL\fRs are
416 written along with other attributes, except for extended attributes, to the
417 standard output. \fBACL\fRs are created as special files with a special file
418 type. If the option is used for input, existing \fBACL\fRs are extracted along
419 with other attributes from standard input. The option recognizes the special
420 file type. Notice that errors occurs if a \fBcpio\fR archive with \fBACL\fRs is
421 extracted by previous versions of \fBcpio\fR. This option should not be used
422 with the \fB-c\fR option, as \fBACL\fR support might not be present on all
423 systems, and hence is not portable. Use \fBASCII\fR headers for portability.
424 .RE

426 .sp
427 .ne 2
428 .na
429 \fB\fB-q\fR \fR
430 .ad
431 .RS 14n
432 Quiet. Suppresses the number of blocks message that normally is printed
433 after the copy is completed.
434 .RE

436 .sp
437 .ne 2
438 .na
439 \fB\fB-r\fR \fR
440 .ad
441 .RS 14n
442 Interactively renames files. If the user types a carriage return alone, the
443 file is skipped. If the user types a `.', the original pathname is retained.
444 Not available with \fBcpio\fR \fB-p\fR.
445 .RE

447 .sp
448 .ne 2
449 .na
450 \fB\fB-R\fR \fIid\fR
451 .ad
452 .RS 14n
453 Reassigns ownership and group information for each file to user ID. (ID must be
454 a valid login ID from the \fBpasswd\fR database.) This option is valid only

```

```

455 when id is the invoking user or the super-user. See \fBNOTES\fR.
456 .RE

458 .sp
459 .ne 2
460 .na
461 \fB\fB-s\fR \fR
462 .ad
463 .RS 14n
464 Swaps bytes within each half word.
465 .RE

467 .sp
468 .ne 2
469 .na
470 \fB\fB-S\fR \fR
471 .ad
472 .RS 14n
473 Swaps halfwords within each word.
474 .RE

476 .sp
477 .ne 2
478 .na
479 \fB\fB-t\fR \fR
480 .ad
481 .RS 14n
482 Prints a table of contents of the input. If any file in the table of contents
483 has extended attributes, these are also listed. No files are created. \fB-t\fR
484 and \fB-V\fR are mutually exclusive.
485 .RE

487 .sp
488 .ne 2
489 .na
490 \fB\fB-u\fR \fR
491 .ad
492 .RS 14n
493 Copies unconditionally. Normally, an older file is not replaced a newer file
494 with the same name, although an older directory updates a newer directory.
495 .RE

497 .sp
498 .ne 2
499 .na
500 \fB\fB-v\fR \fR
501 .ad
502 .RS 14n
503 Verbose. Prints a list of file and extended attribute names. When used with the
504 \fB-t\fR option, the table of contents looks like the output of an \fBls\fR
505 \fB-l\fR command (see \fBls\fR(1)).
506 .RE

508 .sp
509 .ne 2
510 .na
511 \fB\fB-V\fR \fR
512 .ad
513 .RS 14n
514 Special verbose. Prints a dot for each file read or written. Useful to assure
515 the user that \fBcpio\fR is working without printing out all file names.
516 .RE

518 .sp
519 .ne 2
520 .na

```

```

521 \fB\fB-6\fR\fR
522 .ad
523 .RS 14n
524 Processes a UNIX System Sixth Edition archive format file. Use only with the
525 \fB-i\fR option. This option is mutually exclusive with \fB-c\fR and \fB-H\fR.
526 .RE

```

```

528 .sp
529 .ne 2
530 .na
531 \fB\fB-@\fR\fR
532 .ad
533 .RS 14n
534 Includes extended attributes in archive. By default, \fBcpio\fR does not place
535 extended attributes in the archive. With this flag, \fBcpio\fR looks for
536 extended attributes on the files to be placed in the archive and add them, as
537 regular files, to the archive. The extended attribute files go in the archive
538 as special files with special file types. When the \fB-@\fR flag is used with
539 \fB-i\fR or \fB-p\fR, it instructs \fBcpio\fR to restore extended attribute
540 data along with the normal file data. Extended attribute files can only be
541 extracted from an archive as part of a normal file extract. Attempts to
542 explicitly extract attribute records are ignored.
543 .RE

```

```

545 .sp
546 .ne 2
547 .na
548 \fB\fB-/\fR\fR
549 .ad
550 .RS 14n
551 Includes extended system attributes in archive. By default, \fBcpio\fR does not
552 place extended system attributes in the archive. With this flag, \fBcpio\fR
553 looks for extended system attributes on the files to be placed in the archive
554 and add them, as regular files, to the archive. The extended attribute files go
555 in the archive as special files with special file types. When the \fB-/\fR flag
556 is used with \fB-i\fR or \fB-p\fR, it instructs \fBcpio\fR to restore extended
557 system attribute data along with the normal file data. Extended system
558 attribute files can only be extracted from an archive as part of a normal file
559 extract. Attempts to explicitly extract attribute records are ignored.
560 .RE

```

```

562 .SH OPERANDS
563 .sp
564 .LP
565 The following operands are supported:
566 .sp
567 .ne 2
568 .na
569 \fB\fBfIdirectory\fR\fR
570 .ad
571 .RS 13n
572 A path name of an existing directory to be used as the target of \fBcpio\fR
573 \fB-p\fR.
574 .RE

```

```

576 .sp
577 .ne 2
578 .na
579 \fB\fBfIpattern\fR\fR
580 .ad
581 .RS 13n
582 Expressions making use of a pattern-matching notation similar to that used by
583 the shell (see \fBsh\fR(1)) for filename pattern matching, and similar to
584 regular expressions. The following metacharacters are defined:
585 .sp
586 .ne 2

```

```

587 .na
588 \fB\fB*\fR\fR
589 .ad
590 .RS 9n
591 Matches any string, including the empty string.
592 .RE

```

```

594 .sp
595 .ne 2
596 .na
597 \fB\fB?\fR\fR
598 .ad
599 .RS 9n
600 Matches any single character.
601 .RE

```

```

603 .sp
604 .ne 2
605 .na
606 \fB\fB[\fR...\fR\fR
607 .ad
608 .RS 9n
609 Matches any one of the enclosed characters. A pair of characters separated by
610 '\(mi' matches any symbol between the pair (inclusive), as defined by the
611 system default collating sequence. If the first character following the opening
612 \fB'[\fR is a \fB'!\fR, the results are unspecified.
613 .RE

```

```

615 .sp
616 .ne 2
617 .na
618 \fB\fB!\fR\fR
619 .ad
620 .RS 9n
621 The ! (exclamation point) means \fB!\fR. For example, the \fB!abc*\fR pattern
622 would exclude all files that begin with \fBabc\fR.
623 .RE

```

```

625 In \fBfIpattern\fR, metacharacters \fB?\fR, \fB*\fR, and \fB[\fR\]\.\|\.\|\.\fB]\fR
626 match the slash (\fB/\fR) character, and backslash (\fB\e\fR) is an escape
627 character. Multiple cases of \fBfIpattern\fR can be specified and if no
628 \fBfIpattern\fR is specified, the default for \fBfIpattern\fR is \fB*\fR (that is,
629 select all files).

```

```

630 .sp
631 Each pattern must be enclosed in double quotes. Otherwise, the name of a file
632 in the current directory might be used.
633 .RE

```

```

635 .SH USAGE
636 .sp
637 .LP
638 See \fBfIargefile\fR(5) for the description of the behavior of \fBcpio\fR when
639 encountering files greater than or equal to 2 Gbyte ( 2^31 bytes).
640 .SH EXAMPLES

```

```

641 .sp
642 .LP
643 The following examples show three uses of \fBcpio\fR.
644 .LP
645 \fBfBExample 1 \fRUsing standard input
646 .sp
647 .in +2
648 .nf
649 example% \fBls | cpio -oc > ../newfile\fR
650 .fi
651 .in -2
652 .sp

```



```

654 .sp
655 .LP
656 When standard input is directed through a pipe to \fBcpio\fR \fB-o\fR, as in
657 the example above, it groups the files so they can be directed (>) to a single
658 file (\fB&../newfile\fR). The \fB-c\fR option insures that the file is
659 portable to other machines (as would the \fB-H\fR option). Instead of
660 \fBls\fR(1), you could use \fBfind\fR(1), \fBecho\fR(1), \fBcat\fR(1), and so
661 on, to pipe a list of names to \fBcpio\fR. You could direct the output to a
662 device instead of a file.

664 .LP
665 \fBExample 2 \fRExtracting files into directories
666 .sp
667 .in +2
668 .nf
669 example% \fBcat newfile | cpio -icd "memo/al" "memo/b*" \fR
670 .fi
671 .in -2
672 .sp

674 .sp
675 .LP
676 In this example, \fBcpio\fR \fB-i\fR uses the output file of \fBcpio\fR
677 \fB-o\fR (directed through a pipe with \fBcat\fR), extracts those files that
678 match the patterns (\fBmemo/al\fR, \fBmemo/b*\fR), creates directories below
679 the current directory as needed (\fB-d\fR option), and places the files in the
680 appropriate directories. The \fB-c\fR option is used if the input file was
681 created with a portable header. If no patterns were given, all files from
682 \fBnewfile\fR would be placed in the directory.

684 .LP
685 \fBExample 3 \fRCopying or linking files to another directory
686 .sp
687 .in +2
688 .nf
689 example% \fBfind . -depth -print | cpio -pdlmv newdir\fR
690 .fi
691 .in -2
692 .sp

694 .sp
695 .LP
696 In this example, \fBcpio\fR \fB-p\fR takes the file names piped to it and
697 copies or links (\fB-l\fR option) those files to another directory,
698 \fBnewdir\fR. The \fB-d\fR option says to create directories as needed. The
699 \fB-m\fR option says to retain the modification time. (It is important to use
700 the \fB-depth\fR option of \fBfind\fR(1) to generate path names for \fBcpio\fR.
701 This eliminates problems that \fBcpio\fR could have trying to create files
702 under read-only directories.) The destination directory, \fBnewdir\fR, must
703 exist.

705 .sp
706 .LP
707 Notice that when you use \fBcpio\fR in conjunction with \fBfind\fR, if you use
708 the \fB-L\fR option with \fBcpio\fR, you must use the \fB-follow\fR option with
709 \fBfind\fR and vice versa. Otherwise, there are undesirable results.
710 .sp
711 .LP
712 For multi-reel archives, dismount the old volume, mount the new one, and
713 continue to the next tape by typing the name of the next device (probably the
714 same as the first reel). To stop, type a RETURN and \fBcpio\fR ends.
715 .SH ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES
716 .sp
717 .LP
718 See \fBenvron\fR(5) for descriptions of the following environment variables

```

```

719 that affect the execution of \fBcpio\fR: \fBLC_COLLATE\fR, \fBLC_CTYPE\fR,
720 \fBLC_MESSAGES\fR, \fBLC_TIME\fR, \fBTZ\fR, and \fBNLSPATH\fR.
721 .sp
722 .ne 2
723 .na
724 \fB\fbTMPDIR\fR
725 .ad
726 .RS 10n
727 \fBcpio\fR creates its temporary file in \fB/var/tmp\fR by default. Otherwise,
728 it uses the directory specified by \fBTMPDIR\fR.
729 .RE

731 .SH EXIT STATUS
732 .sp
733 .LP
734 The following exit values are returned:
735 .sp
736 .ne 2
737 .na
738 \fB\fb0\fR
739 .ad
740 .RS 6n
741 Successful completion.
742 .RE

744 .sp
745 .ne 2
746 .na
747 \fB\fb>0\fR
748 .ad
749 .RS 6n
750 An error occurred.
751 .RE

753 .SH ATTRIBUTES
754 .sp
755 .LP
756 See \fBattributes\fR(5) for descriptions of the following attributes:
757 .sp

759 .sp
760 .TS
761 box;
762 c | c
763 l | l .
764 ATTRIBUTE TYPE    ATTRIBUTE VALUE
765 _
766 CSI              Enabled
767 _
768 Interface Stability    Committed
769 .TE

771 .SH SEE ALSO
772 .sp
773 .LP
774 \fBbar\fR(1), \fBcat\fR(1), \fBecho\fR(1), \fBfind\fR(1), \fBls\fR(1),
775 \fBbpax\fR(1), \fBsetfacl\fR(1), \fBsh\fR(1), \fBtar\fR(1), \fBchown\fR(2),
776 \fBarchives.h\fR(3HEAD), \fBattributes\fR(5), \fBenvron\fR(5),
777 \fBfsattr\fR(5), \fBlargefile\fR(5), \fBstandards\fR(5)
778 .SH NOTES
779 .sp
780 .LP
781 The maximum path name length allowed in a \fBcpio\fR archive is determined by
782 the header type involved. The following table shows the proper value for each
783 supported archive header type.
784 .sp

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```

786 .sp
787 .TS
788 c c c
789 l l l .
790 Header type      Command line options      Maximum path name length
791 BINARY   "\fb-o\fr"      256
792 POSIX    "\fb-oH\fr odc" 256
793 ASCII    "\fb-oc\fr"     1023
794 CRC      "\fb-oH\fr crc" 1023
795 USTAR    "\fb-oH\fr ustar"      255
796 .TE

798 .sp
799 .LP
800 When the command line options "\fb-o\fr \fb-H\fr \fbTar\fr" are specified, the
801 archive created is of type \fBUSTAR\fr. This means that it is an error to read
802 this same archive using the command line options "\fb-i\fr \fb-H\fr \fbTar\fr".
803 The archive should be read using the command line options "\fb-i\fr \fb-H\fr
804 \fbUstar\fr". The options "\fb-i\fr \fb-H\fr \fbTar\fr" refer to an older tar
805 archive format.
806 .sp
807 .LP
808 An error message is output for files whose \fBUID\fr or \fBGID\fr are too large
809 to fit in the selected header format. Use \fb-H\fr \fbCrc\fr or \fb-c\fr to
810 create archives that allow all \fBUID\fr or \fBGID\fr values.
811 .sp
812 .LP
813 Only the super-user can copy special files.
814 .sp
815 .LP
816 Blocks are reported in 512-byte quantities.
817 .sp
818 .LP
819 If a file has \fb000\fr permissions, contains more than 0 characters of data,
820 and the user is not root, the file is not saved or restored.
821 .sp
822 .LP
823 When cpio is invoked in \fbCopy In\fr or \fbPass Mode\fr by a user with
824 \fb{PRIV_FILE_CHOWN_SELF}\fr privilege, and in particular on a system where
825 \fb{_POSIX_CHOWN_RESTRICTED}\fr is not in effect (effectively granting this
826 privilege to all users where not overridden), extracted or copied files can end
827 up with owners and groups determined by those of the original archived files,
828 which can differ from the invoking user's. This might not be what the user
829 intended. The \fb-R\fr option can be used to retain file ownership, if desired,
830 if you specify the user's id.
831 .sp
832 .LP
833 The inode number stored in the header (\fb/usr/include/archives.h\fr) is an
834 unsigned short, which is 2 bytes. This limits the range of inode numbers from
835 \fb0\fr to \fb65535\fr. Files which are hard linked must fall in this inode
836 range. This could be a problem when moving \fbCpio\fr archives between
837 different vendors' machines.
838 .sp
839 .LP
840 You must use the same blocking factor when you retrieve or copy files from the
841 tape to the hard disk as you did when you copied files from the hard disk to
842 the tape. Therefore, you must specify the \fb-B\fr or \fb-C\fr option.
843 .sp
844 .LP
845 During \fb-p\fr and \fb-o\fr processing, \fbCpio\fr buffers the file list
846 presented on stdin in a temporary file.
847 .sp
848 .LP
849 The new \fbPax\fr(1) format, with a command that supports it (for example,
850 \fbTar\fr), should be used for large files. The \fbCpio\fr command is no longer

```

851 part of the current POSIX standard and is deprecated in favor of \fbPax\fr.